

# Web Based Stock Forecaster

Group 2

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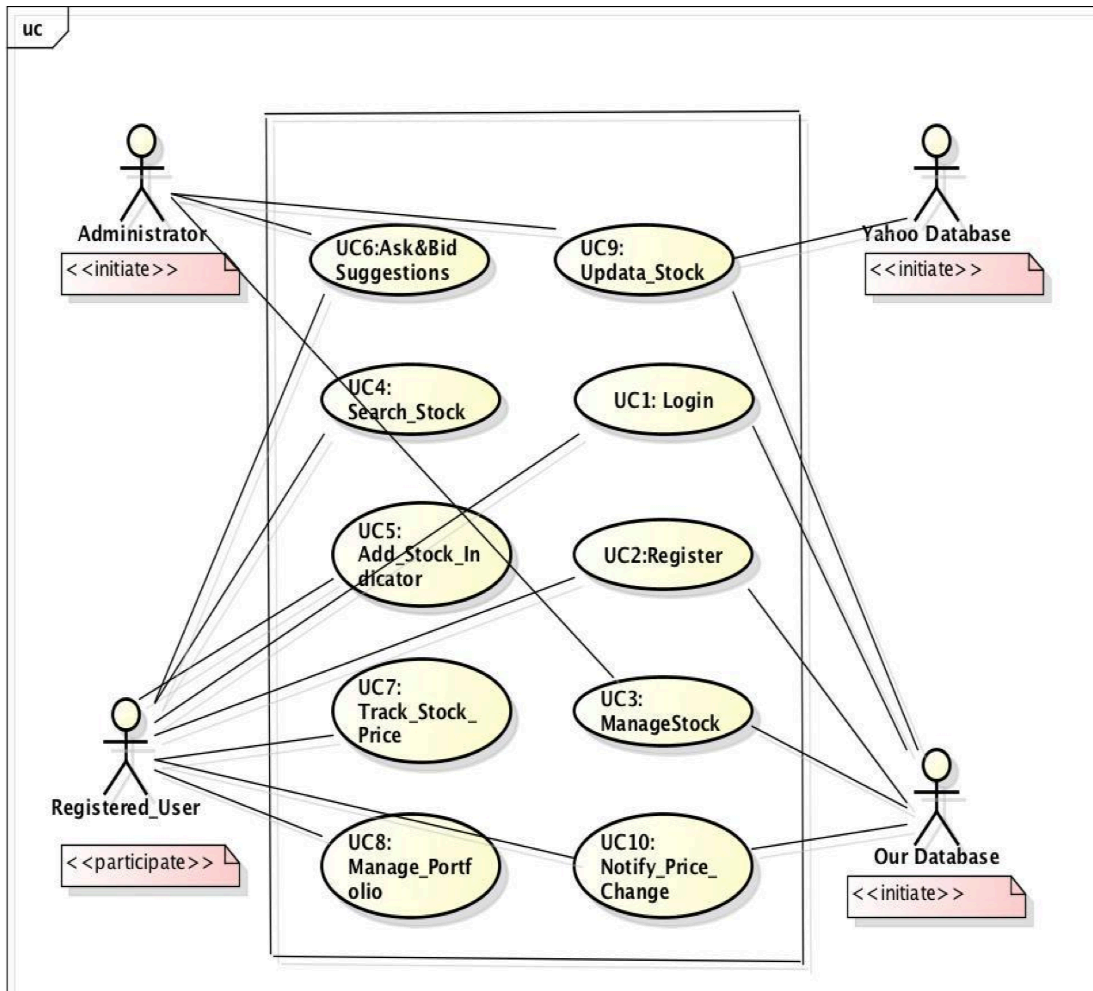
# Contribution Breakdown

	Chaoran Fu	Kai Kang	Yu Sun	Yue Wu	Wuyang Zhang
Extract Data	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Retrieve Data	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Build Database	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Short-term Predict	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Long-term Predict	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Algorithm Implementation	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Web Interface	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%

# General Background

- Yahoo finance is a pretty good tool to display the historical and real-time price for each targeted stock, but it cannot predict price.
- Our system can predict stock price and give the user advice of whether should buy, hold or sell the targeted stock.

# Use Case



UC-1: Login

UC-2: Register

UC-3: Manage Stock

UC-4: Search Stock

UC-5: Add Stock Indicator

UC-6: Suggest Ask or Bid

UC-7: Track Stock Price

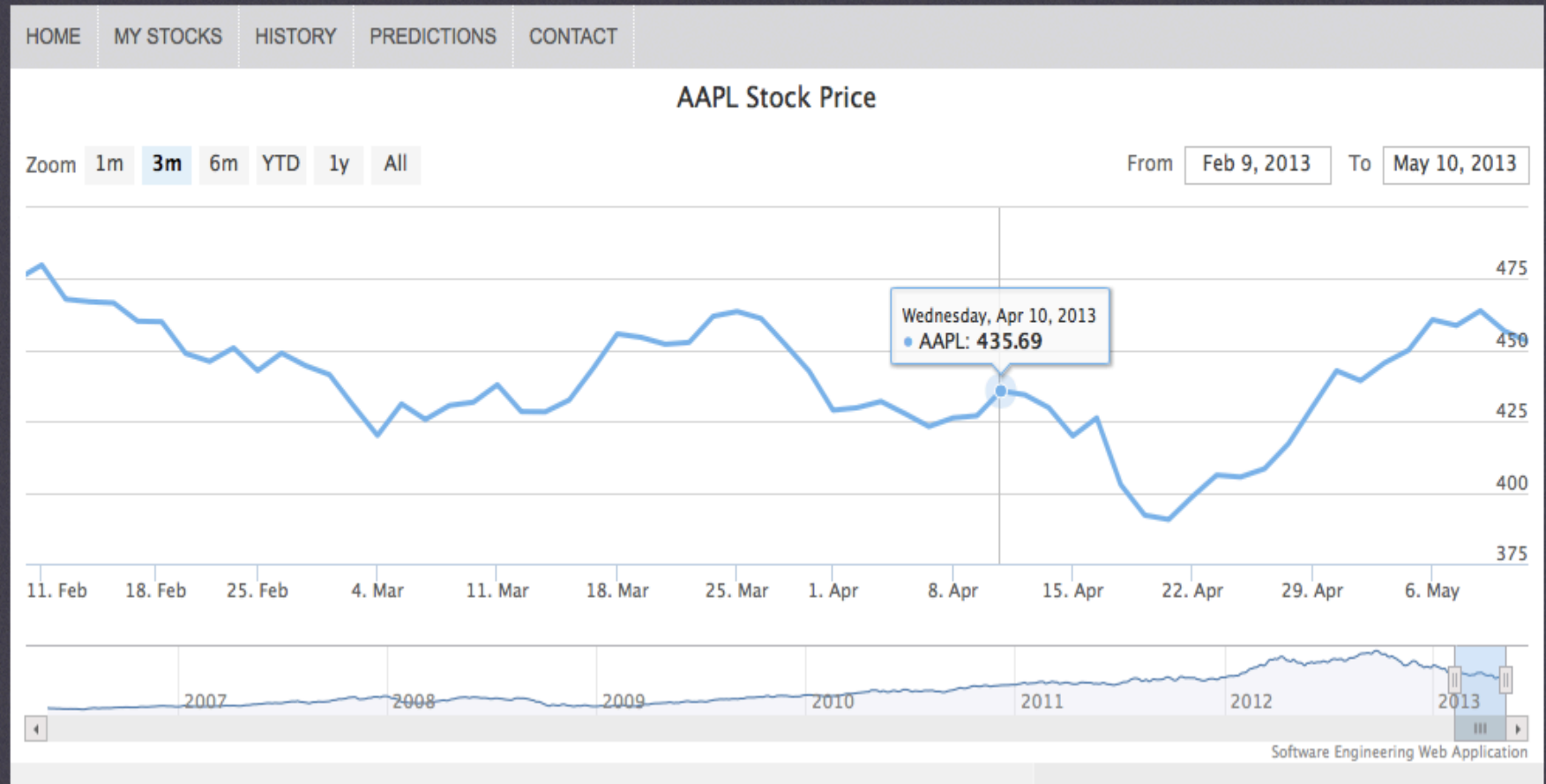
UC-8: Manage Portfolio

UC-9: Update Stock Price

UC-10: Notify Price Change

# Web Service Interface

## Stock Forecasting



# Web Service Interface

## System Design

The key point for the stock forecasting system design is to receive user's order, retrieving and processing data, and then send the processed data back to user. In this case, we need to design eight parts to complete the task. First, we decide to design two end points application, one for the web and one for the phone app. This is because stock market is changing at every moment, one minute may result in a huge turnover, therefore, to make the market information accessible for our customers in every place and every time is important, so design another mobile application is necessary.

Both endpoints may have the capability to display basic stock information, and let the user to register and log in to view some particular stock and information he or she may interested in. Besides, the application should have the ability to remember user's preference, so every time user log in, the application will display the most important information that the user want to see.

## Services



Long term and short term predictions.



Investment portfolio.

## News & Events

Nutritionists warn diners to be wary of Warren Buffett's 'junk-food' portfolio.

Oil prices surge after Saudi air strikes in Yemen.

Republicans need new economic ideas if they want to win in 2016.

IPO market shrivels as tech companies stay private.

Move aside payday lenders — we found an even worse way to borrow money.

Social Security will barely cover your health costs.

# Web Service Interface

Sign Up-It's free.

User Name	✓	Password	✗
Email		Re-confirm email	

Personal Details

First Name	Last Name
Your Email	Re-enter Email
City	Province
Address1	Address2

Country

Sign up

Member Login

User Name	✓
Password	✗

Forgot password?

Login

# Prediction Strategy/ Indicator -- SMA

What we have achieved:

Formula:  $SMA = (C1 + C2 + C3.... + Cn) / n$

Reason: Short-term averages respond quickly to changes in the price of the underlying

Selecting successfully  
the size of sma is: 265

79.246

79.432

79.234

78.664

78.094

77.474

76.74

76.158

75.854

75.622

75.368

75.244

75.068

75.11

75.22

75.508

75.986

76.108

76.184

76.686



# Indicator-- EMA

What we have achieved:

Selecting successfully

Formula:  $EMA_{Today} = \alpha * Price_{Today} + (1 - \alpha) * EMA_{yesterday}$

Reason: EMAs are used as signals of long-term trends

68.641399176955  
68.927818930041  
68.895555555556  
68.008024691358  
67.095061728395  
66.515967078189  
66.24670781893  
66.181604938272  
65.817160493827  
65.3729218107  
65.080617283951  
65.244238683128  
65.347695473251  
65.397942386831  
65.327695473251  
65.58621399177  
66.405185185185  
66.363621399177  
66.192674897119  
66.670041152263

# Indicator -- MFI

## Formula:

1. Typical Price = (High + Low + Close)/3
2. Raw Money Flow = Typical Price x Volume
3. Money Flow Ratio = (14-period Positive Money Flow)/(14-period Negative Money Flow)
4. Money Flow Index =  $100 - 100/(1 + \text{Money Flow Ratio})$

## Reason:

The Money Flow Index (MFI) is best suited to identify reversals and price extremes with a variety of signals

Unit Name

## What we have achieved:

Selecting successfully

64.31545566563  
62.368360020832  
55.349788888113  
62.231763586982  
71.268093943037  
71.613041009612  
72.733301427473  
74.883338332811  
75.855487463949  
70.895576826899  
70.930269040186  
71.11820957492  
71.817891272528  
76.181804728907  
70.973384833011  
64.371805177224  
69.524792180858  
63.546977498305  
56.846890838561  
48.893767510399

# Indicator -- MACD

Formula:

$DIF = EMA(close, 12) - EMA(close, 26)$

Signal line:  $DIF = EMA(close, 9)$

Reason:

When the MACD falls below the signal line, it is a bearish signal, which indicates that it may be time to sell.

Unit Name

What we have achieved:

Selecting successfully

-1.1610290249484  
-0.82481936150351  
-0.53909942172899  
-0.28563451442599  
0.13444547354439  
0.53306526538711  
0.5619011372403  
0.68757969640453  
0.83256640238933  
0.67940242379754  
0.47937466373345  
0.31026436149861  
0.18412835551847  
0.068592439988848  
0.15841018592272  
0.58923833367896  
0.71498459886574  
0.8256721478341  
0.88671416846466  
0.87710482459295

# Indicator – Relative Strength Index (RSI)

Formula:

$$RSI = 100 - 100/(1+RS)$$

RS = average of x days' up close / average of x days' down closes

Function:

RSI compares the magnitude of recent gains to recent losses in an attempt to determine overbought and oversold conditions.

# Indicator – Stochastic

Formula:

$$\%K = 100[(C-L)/(H-L)]$$

C = the most recent closing price

L = the lowest price during given period

H = the highest price during given period

Function

This indicator compares a security's closing price to its price range over a given period in an attempt to determine overbought and oversold conditions.

# Indicator – Bollinger bands

## Formula:

Middle Band = 20-day simple moving average (SMA)

Upper Band = 20-day SMA + (20-day standard deviation of price x 2)

Lower Band = 20-day SMA - (20-day standard deviation of price x 2)

## Function:

This indicator calculates deviation range. When the markets become more unstable the bands widen (move further away from the average) and during less unstable periods, the bands contract(move closer to the average).

## Web Sources



Current Price:

<http://download.finance.yahoo.com/d/quotes.csv?s=>

History Price:

<http://ichart.yahoo.com/table.csv?s=>

# Archived Tasks

- Extract data from Yahoo finance
- Store into our database
- Calculate 4 indicators and plot them by chart
- Set up a web interface frame



# Plan of Work

Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Feb			Mar				Apr		
				Feb 8	Feb 15	Feb 22	Mar 1	Mar 8	Mar 15	Mar 22	Mar 29	Apr 5	Apr 12
				⚙️ 🔍 ⊕									
Query Stock Information	20	02/16/15	03/13/15										
Build Database	15	02/16/15	03/06/15										
Comparing Different Indicators	20	03/09/15	04/03/15										
Implement Prediction Algorithms	20	03/16/15	04/10/15										
Build Website and Mobile Application	25	03/16/15	04/17/15										