

Source: C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\CMC\ms1_email_ingestion\core\polling_service.py

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"""
Polling Service - Updated
Fetch emails và enqueue vào queue thay vì xử lý trực tiếp
"""

import time
import threading
import requests
from typing import List, Dict, Optional
from datetime import datetime, timezone
from utils.config import MAX_POLL_PAGES as max_pages
from core.session_manager import session_manager, SessionState, TriggerMode
from core.queue_manager import get_email_queue
from core.token_manager import get_token

class PollingService:
    """
    Polling service - optimized with queue
    Chỉ fetch và enqueue, không xử lý
    """

    GRAPH_URL = "https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0"

    def __init__(self):
        self.active = False
        self.mode = TriggerMode.MANUAL
        self.interval = 300
        self.thread: Optional[threading.Thread] = None
        self.queue = get_email_queue()
        self._stop_event = threading.Event()

    def start(self, mode: TriggerMode = TriggerMode.SCHEDULED, interval: int = 300):
        """Khởi động polling service"""
        if self.active:
            print(f"[PollingService] Already active in {self.mode.value} mode")
            return False

        self.mode = mode
        self.interval = interval
        self.active = True
        self._stop_event.clear()

        print(f"[PollingService] Starting in {mode.value} mode")
        print(f"[PollingService] Interval: {interval}s ({interval/60:.1f}min)")

        if mode == TriggerMode.SCHEDULED or mode == TriggerMode.FALLBACK:
            self.thread = threading.Thread(target=self._polling_loop, daemon=True)
            self.thread.start()

        return True

    def stop(self):
        """Đóng polling service"""
        if not self.active:
            return

        print(f"[PollingService] Stopping...")
        self.active = False
        self._stop_event.set()

        if (self.thread and self.thread.is_alive() and
            threading.current_thread() != self.thread):
            self.thread.join(timeout=5)

        print(f"[PollingService] Stopped")

    def poll_once(self) -> Dict:
        """
        Fetch emails và enqueue (không xử lý)
        Processing sẽ do BatchProcessor đảm nhận
        """
        try:
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print(f"[PollingService] Fetching unread emails...")
start_time = time.time()

# Fetch emails
messages = self._fetch_unread_emails()
fetch_time = time.time() - start_time

if not messages:
    print(f"[PollingService] No unread emails found")
    return {
        "status": "success",
        "emails_found": 0,
        "enqueued": 0,
        "skipped": 0,
        "fetch_time": fetch_time
    }

print(f"[PollingService] Found {len(messages)} unread emails (took {fetch_time:.2f}s)")

# Batch enqueue
enqueue_start = time.time()
emails_to_enqueue = [
    (msg.get("id"), msg, None) # (id, data, priority)
    for msg in messages
]

enqueued_ids = self.queue.enqueue_batch(emails_to_enqueue)
enqueue_time = time.time() - enqueue_start

enqueued = len(enqueued_ids)
skipped = len(messages) - enqueued

print(f"[PollingService] Enqueued {enqueued} emails (took {enqueue_time:.2f}s)")
if skipped > 0:
    print(f"[PollingService] Skipped {skipped} emails (already processed/queued)")

# Mark enqueued emails as read immediately
if enqueued_ids:
    self._batch_mark_as_read(enqueued_ids)

# Update session stats
for msg in messages:
    msg_id = msg.get("id")
    if not session_manager.is_email_processed(msg_id):
        session_manager.register_pending_email(msg_id)

return {
    "status": "success",
    "emails_found": len(messages),
    "enqueued": enqueued,
    "skipped": skipped,
    "fetch_time": fetch_time,
    "enqueue_time": enqueue_time,
    "total_time": time.time() - start_time
}

except Exception as e:
    print(f"[PollingService] Poll error: {e}")
    session_manager.increment_polling_errors()
    return {
        "status": "error",
        "error": str(e),
        "emails_found": 0,
        "enqueued": 0,
        "skipped": 0
    }

def _polling_loop(self):
    """Background loop cho scheduled/fallback polling"""
    print(f"[PollingService] Background polling started")

    while self.active and not self._stop_event.is_set():
        try:
            session_status = session_manager.get_session_status()
            current_state = SessionState(session_status["state"])

            # Vòng lặp này chỉ dành cho Fallback mode

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        if self.mode != TriggerMode.FALLBACK:
            print(f"[PollingService] Loop paused (mode: {self.mode.value}). Only runs in FALLBACK mode")
            time.sleep(self.interval)
            continue

        # Poll
        print(f"[PollingService] Fallback poll running...")
        self._poll_once()

        # Wait before next poll
        print(f"[PollingService] Waiting {self.interval}s until next poll...")
        self._stop_event.wait(timeout=self.interval)

    except Exception as e:
        print(f"[PollingService] Loop error: {e}")
        time.sleep(30)

    print(f"[PollingService] Background polling stopped")

def _fetch_unread_emails(self, max_results: int = 100) -> List[Dict]:
    """
    Fetch unread emails from Graph API

    This method now supports full pagination to retrieve all unread emails,
    respecting the `MAX_POLL_PAGES` environment variable as a safeguard.
    """
    token = get_token()
    headers = {"Authorization": f"Bearer {token}"}
    all_messages = []
    page_count = 0

    # Initial URL and parameters
    url = f"{self.GRAPH_URL}/me/messages"
    params = {
        "$filter": "isRead eq false",
        "$top": max_results,
        "$orderby": "receivedDateTime desc"
    }

    while url and page_count < max_pages:
        try:
            resp = requests.get(url, headers=headers, params=params, timeout=30)
            # Params are only needed for the first request. Subsequent requests use the full next link
            if params:
                params = None

            if resp.status_code != 200:
                print(f"[PollingService] API error during pagination: {resp.status_code} - {resp.text}")
                break # Exit loop on API error

            data = resp.json()
            messages = data.get("value", [])
            all_messages.extend(messages)

            page_count += 1
            url = data.get("@odata.nextLink") # Get the next page link

            if url:
                print(f"[PollingService] Fetched page {page_count}, more emails available...")
            else:
                print(f"[PollingService] Fetched final page ({page_count}). No more pages.")

        except requests.exceptions.RequestException as e:
            print(f"[PollingService] Network error during pagination: {e}")
            break # Exit loop on network error

    if page_count >= max_pages and url:
        print(f"[PollingService] WARN: Reached max poll pages limit ({max_pages}). More emails may be pending.")

    return all_messages

def _batch_mark_as_read(self, email_ids: List[str]):
    """
    Mark a batch of emails as read using Microsoft Graph batching.
    This is more efficient than sending individual requests.
    """
    if not email_ids:
        return

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print(f"[PollingService] Marking {len(email_ids)} emails as read...")
token = get_token()
headers = {
    "Authorization": f"Bearer {token}",
    "Content-Type": "application/json"
}

batch_payload = {
    "requests": [
        {
            "id": str(i + 1),
            "method": "PATCH",
            "url": f"/me/messages/{email_id}",
            "body": {"isRead": True},
            "headers": {"Content-Type": "application/json"}
        } for i, email_id in enumerate(email_ids)
    ]
}

try:
    response = requests.post(
        f"{self.GRAPH_URL}/$batch",
        headers=headers,
        json=batch_payload,
        timeout=60
    )
    response.raise_for_status()
    print(f"[PollingService] ✓ Successfully marked {len(email_ids)} as read.")
except requests.exceptions.RequestException as e:
    print(f"[PollingService] ERROR: Failed to batch mark as read: {e}")

def get_status(self) -> Dict:
    """Lấy thông tin hiện tại"""
    queue_stats = self.queue.get_stats()

    return {
        "active": self.active,
        "mode": self.mode.value if self.mode else None,
        "interval": self.interval,
        "thread_alive": self.thread.is_alive() if self.thread else False,
        "queue_size": queue_stats["queue_size"]
    }

# Singleton instance
polling_service = PollingService()

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