1. Data Tables

DATA TABLE 1-1 (purpose: to measure the wavelength of He-Ne laser)

N	0 50		100	150	200	250
d (mm)						
<i>∆d</i> (mm)	$\Delta d_I = d_{150} $	$-d_0 =$	$\Delta d_2 = d_{20} $	$_{0}- d_{50} =$	$\Delta d_3 = d_{250} $	$- d_{100} =$
$\Delta \overline{d} = \frac{\Delta d_{1+} \Delta d_{2+} \Delta d_3}{3} \text{ (mm)}$						
$\bar{\lambda} = \frac{2\Delta \bar{d}}{\Delta m} = \frac{2\Delta \bar{d}}{3 \times 50} \text{ (nm)}$						

DATA TABLE 1-2 (purpose: to measure the index of refraction of air)

Room temperature T=_____°C; Atmospheric pressure $p=1.01325\times10^5$ Pa; L=95.0 mm; $\lambda_0=633.0$ nm; m=60.

Trial	1	2	3
<i>p</i> ₁ (MPa)			
<i>p</i> ₂ (MPa)			
$\Delta p_{=} p_2-p_1 \text{ (MPa)}$			
$\Delta \bar{p} = \frac{\Delta p_{1+} \Delta p_{2+} \Delta p_3}{3} (MPa)$			
$n = 1 + \frac{\lambda_0}{2L} \frac{60}{\Delta \bar{p}} p$			

1. Data Tables

DATA TABLE 2-1 (purpose: to measure the apex angle of a prism)

Instrument	error:
mon union	CITOI.

Position of telescope	Left side (position 1)	Right side (position 2)			
	Vernier 1	Vernier 2	Vernier 1	Vernier 2		
Trial	θ_1 (°, ')	$\theta_{ m l}$ '(°, ')	$\theta_2(^\circ, ^\prime)$	θ_2 '(°, ')		
1						
2						
3						
Averaged						

DATA TABLE 2-2 (*purpose*: to measure the wavelengths of lines in the spectra of mercury)

Diffraction order	<i>k</i> =−1(left side)						<i>k</i> =+1(right side)					
Lines	Yellow 2		2 Yellow 1		Green		Green		Yellow 1		Yellow 2	
Trial	φ _{Y-L21}	φ _{Y-L22}	φ Υ-L11	φ _{Y-L12}	φ _{G-L1}	$arphi_{ ext{G-L2}}$	$arphi_{ ext{G-R1}}$	$arphi_{ ext{G-R2}}$	φ Υ-R11	φ _{Y-R12}	φ Υ-R21	φ _{Y-R22}
1												
2												
Averaged												

Instructor's	Initial:	
Instructor's	Initial:	

1. Data Tables

DATA TABLE 3-1 (Measured by manual mode. *purpose*: to determine the first excitation potential of argon atom)

 $V_1 =$ _____; $V_2 =$ _____; $V_3 =$ _____;

(The unit of the current in the following table is _____)

	(1110)	ullit OI	tiie	o arreir	111 (1	10 1011	0 111115	taore			
	0.0	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6.0	7.0	8.0	9.0	
0											
10											
20											
30											
40											
50											
60											
70											

Instructor's	Initial.

DATA TABLE 3-2 (Measured by computer. purpose: to determine the first excitation potential of argon atom)

V_1	_i=	· 1	$V_2 =$		V	$r_3 =$	
,	_	, <i>r</i>	2—	•	r	.5 —	•

((The ı	ınit of	the o	current	t in tl	ne foll	owing	table	is)
	0.0	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6.0	7.0	8.0	9.0	
0											
10											
20											
30											
40											
50											
60											
70											

Instructor's Initial:_____

DATA TABLE 3-3 (Measured by computer. purpose: to determine the first excitation potential of argon atom)

V_1 =	$; V_2 =$; $V_3 =$	
<i>v</i> 1 –	, <i>v</i> ₂ -	, <i>v</i> 3—	

((The ı	ınit of	the o	curren	t in tl	ne foll	owing	table	is)
	0.0	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6.0	7.0	8.0	9.0	
0											
10											
20											
30											
40											
50											
60											
70											

Instructor's	Initial	
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1. **DATA TABLE 4-1** (*purpose*: to measure the electric charges carried by an oil droplet)

	Balance vo	oltage	Fall time			
Oil droplets	$V(\mathbf{v})$		t(s)			
	Measurement	Averaged	Measurement	Averaged		
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
		_				
6		=				
		_				
7		_				
8						
		_				
9		_				
		_				
10		1				

Instructor's	Initial	
monucioi s	miniai.	

1. Data Tables

DATA TABLE 7-1 (*purpose*: to measure the stopping potentials for different lights)

Wavelength	Frequency	Stopping potential
(nm)	(Hz)	(V)
365		
405		
436		
546		
577		

DATA TABLE 7-2 (*purpose*: to measure current-voltage characteristics of the photoelectric tube)

$\Delta V/V$	-2.0	0.0	2.0	4.0	6.0	8.0	10.0	12.0
<i>d</i> =30cm, <i>I</i> /10 ⁻¹¹ A								
<i>d</i> =40cm, <i>I</i> / 10 ⁻¹¹ A								
$\Delta V/V$	14.0	16.0	18.0	20.0	22.0	24.0	28.0	30.0
<i>d</i> =30cm, <i>I</i> /10 ⁻¹¹ A								
<i>d</i> =40cm, <i>I</i> / 10 ⁻¹¹ A								
$\Delta V/V$	32.0	34.0	36.0	38.0	40.0	43.0	46.0	50.0
d=30cm, I/10 ⁻¹¹ A								
<i>d</i> =40cm, <i>I</i> / 10 ⁻¹¹ A								

Instructor's Initial:

1. Data Tables

DATA TABLE 8-1 (purpose: to measure the emf produced by a thermocouple)

Room temperature _____ Multiple of the potentiometer_____

Temperature, $T(^{\circ}\mathbb{C})$	35	45	55	65	75	85
Thermal emf, E_x (mV)						

nstructor's	Initial	
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