# 模式识别与机器学习大作业 PRML

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2025.6.3 - 2025.6.30

## 序言

本文为笔者模式识别与机器学习的大作业。望老师批评指正。

目录

### Chapter 1 神经网络部分

#### 1.1 神经网络简介

#### 1.1.1 关键要点

- 神经网络是一种模拟人类大脑的计算模型,用于模式识别和预测。
- 不同结构如 CNN、RNN、Transformer 各有专长,适合不同任务。
- 研究表明, 选择结构取决于数据类型和任务复杂性。

#### 1.1.2 神经网络简介

神经网络(Neural Networks)是一种受生物神经系统启发的机器学习模型,广泛用于分类、回归和生成任务。它由多个节点(神经元)组成,这些节点通过加权连接传递信息,通过训练调整权重以学习数据模式。训练过程包括前向传播、损失计算和反向传播。

#### 1.1.3 不同结构概述

神经网络的结构多样化,每种结构针对特定问题设计。以下是主要类型及其适用场景:

- 前向神经网络 (FNN):适合静态数据,如基本分类。
- 卷积神经网络 (CNN): 专为图像处理设计,擅长提取空间特征。
- 循环神经网络 (RNN) 和 LSTM: 处理序列数据, 如语言和时间序列。
- Transformer: 用于自然语言处理,处理长距离依赖。
- 生成对抗网络 (GAN): 生成新数据,如图像生成。

#### 1.1.4 结构差异

不同结构在数据处理方式和复杂性上存在显著差异。例如, CNN 通过卷积层提取图像特征, 而 RNN 通过循环捕捉时间依赖。Transformer 则依赖注意力机制, 适合并行计算。

#### 1.1.5 详细调研笔记

#### 神经网络的定义与基本原理

神经网络是一种计算模型,模仿人类大脑神经系统的结构和功能,由多个层组成,包括输入层、隐藏层和输出层。每个神经元通过加权连接接收输入,应用激活函数(如 ReLU、Sigmoid)引入非线性,并传递信号。训练过程通过前向传播计算输出,反向传播调整权重以最小化损失函数(如均方误差或交叉熵)。

根据 GeeksforGeeks 的《Neural Networks: A Beginner's Guide》(https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/neural-networks-a-beginners-guide/),神经网络的学习过程包括输入计算、输出生成和参数迭代优化,广泛应用于模式识别和复杂问题解决。

#### 不同神经网络结构的分类与差异

神经网络的结构多样化,以下是主要类型及其特点,基于 V7Labs 的《The Essential Guide to Neural Network Architectures》(https://www.v7labs.com/blog/neural-network-architectures-guide/)和 Wikipedia 的《Neural Network (Machine Learning)》(https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neural\_network\_(machine\_learning))的综合分析:

表 1.1: 神经网络结构对比

结构	描述	关键特点	局限性	适用场景
FNN	数据单向流动, 无循 环	无反馈机制,适合静态数 据	无法处理序列数据	基本分类、回归
MLP	FNN 扩展, 含隐藏层	处理非线性,学习复杂特 征	计算量较大	图像分类、语音识别
CNN	使用卷积和池化层	参数共享, 提取空间特征	池化丢失空间关系	图像分析、物体检 测、NLP
RNN	处理序列, 循环连接	记忆功能,捕捉时间依赖	梯度消失,训练慢	NLP、时间序列预 测
LSTM	RNN 增强,记忆单元	解决长序列梯度消失	训练速度慢	语音识别、机器翻 译
GAN	生成器与判别器对抗	生成新数据,如图像、文本	训练不稳定	图像生成、数据增强
Transformer	基于注意力机制	处理长距离依赖,适合并 行计算	计算复杂度高	NLP、机器翻译
ResNet	深层网络,跳跃连接	解决梯度消失, 深层训练	高计算资源	图像分类、目标检测
Hopfield 网络	基于 Hebbian 学习	能量函数驱动,模式检索	不适合训练	模式识别、记忆任 务
Boltzmann 机	无监督, 生成式模型	随机能量函数, 生成任务	训练复杂	深度生成模型
RBF 网络	功能近似, 2013 年引 入	最佳近似,非线性识别	结构与 MLP 不同	分类、非线性系统
Highway 网络	2015年, 开放门控	训练超深网络, 解决退化	与 ResNet 类似	深层网络训练
Capsule 网络	改进 CNN, 保留层次	本地胶囊,旋转鲁棒性	实现复杂	空间关系处理
MobileNet	轻量级,适合移动设 备	深度可分离卷积	性能受限	移动设备、机器人

#### 结构之间的关键差异

- 数据类型: CNN 适合空间数据(如图像), RNN/LSTM 适合序列数据(如文本、时间序列), Transformer 适合长文本, GAN 专注于生成数据。
- **处理方式**: FNN 和 MLP 是静态的, RNN/LSTM 有记忆, Transformer 使用自注意力机制, CNN 通过卷积提取特征。
- 复杂性: FNN 简单, ResNet 和 Transformer 更复杂, 适合更深的网络和复杂任务。
- 训练难度: RNN 存在梯度消失, LSTM 和 ResNet 通过设计解决此问题, Transformer 依赖大规模数据和计算资源。

根据 MyGreatLearning 的《Types of Neural Networks and Definition of Neural Network》(https://www.mygreatlearning.com/blog/types-of-neural-networks/), 不同结构的生物启发设计(如 ANN 模仿神经元)决定了其在复杂应用中的表现。

#### 应用场景与局限性

- CNN:如 V7Labs 的《Convolutional Neural Networks Guide》(链接)所示,广泛用于图像分类和物体检测,但池化可能丢失空间信息。
- RNN 和 LSTM: 如 V7Labs 的《Recurrent Neural Networks Guide》(链接) 所述,适合 NLP 和时间序列,但训练慢,LSTM 缓解了长序列问题。
- Transformer:如《Attention Is All You Need》(链接)所示,主导NLP领域,但计算成本高。
- GAN:如《Generative Adversarial Networks》(链接)所述,生成高质量图像,但训练不稳定。

#### 综合分析

神经网络的多样性使其能够适应各种任务,从简单的 FNN 到复杂的 Transformer,每种结构都有其独特优势。选择合适结构需考虑数据类型、任务复杂性和计算资源。根据 UpGrad 的《Neural Network Architecture: Types, Components & Key Algorithms》(链接),未来的研究可能进一步优化轻量级网络(如 MobileNet)以适应移动设备。

#### 关键引用

• GeeksforGeeks Neural Networks Beginner's Guide:

https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/neural-networks-a-beginners-guide/

• V7Labs Essential Guide to Neural Network Architectures:

https://www.v7labs.com/blog/neural-network-architectures-guide/

• Wikipedia Neural Network Machine Learning:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neural\_network\_(machine\_learning)

• MyGreatLearning Types of Neural Networks Definition:

https://www.mygreatlearning.com/blog/types-of-neural-networks/

• UpGrad Neural Network Architecture Components Algorithms:

https://www.upgrad.com/blog/neural-network-architecture-components-algorithms/

• V7Labs Convolutional Neural Networks Guide:

https://www.v7labs.com/blog/convolutional-neural-networks-guide/

• V7Labs Recurrent Neural Networks Guide:

https://www.v7labs.com/blog/recurrent-neural-networks-guide/

• Attention Is All You Need Transformer Paper:

https://arxiv.org/abs/1706.03762

• Generative Adversarial Networks NIPS Paper:

https://papers.nips.cc/paper/5423-generative-adversarial-nets.pdf

#### 1.1.6 ResNet 与 Vision Transformer (ViT) 的结构对比

表 1.2: ResNet 与 Vision Transformer (ViT) 的详细结构对比

比较维度	ResNet	Vision Transformer (ViT)
架构类型	卷积神经网络 (CNN)	Transformer 架构
提出年份	2015	2020
提出机构	微软研究院	Google Brain
基本单元	卷积层 + 残差连接(Residual Block)	自注意力模块 (Multi-head Attention) + MLP
参数量 (Base 模型)	较少 (如 ResNet-50 约 25M)	较多 (如 ViT-B 约 86M)
计算复杂度	较低,主要是卷积操作	高,自注意力为 $O(n^2)$ 时间复杂度
输入处理	原始图像直接进入卷积网络	图像切成 Patch,再投影为序列
位置建模方式	隐式建模 (卷积天然包含位置信息)	显式位置编码(Positional Encoding)
空间建模能力	局部为主,靠堆叠层数扩大全局感受 野	全局建模能力强(自注意力机制)
可解释性	较强, 可通过卷积特征图分析	较弱,注意力机制不易解释
收敛速度	快速,适合从头训练	慢,对初始化敏感
是否需要预训练	可以从头训练,也支持预训练	强烈依赖预训练 (无预训练效果差)
数据规模依赖	中小规模数据也能表现良好	需要大规模数据(如 ImageNet-21k)
训练资源需求	普通 GPU 即可训练(如单卡)	需多卡/TPU,大内存显卡更佳
推理速度	快 (卷积并行度高)	慢 (序列操作限制并行度)
适合任务	图像分类、目标检测、语义分割等经 典视觉任务	大规模视觉任务、跨模态学习、多任 务联合建模
代表模型	ResNet-18/34/50/101/152	ViT-B/16, ViT-L/32, DeiT, Swin Transformer

#### 1.2 神经网络 CNN 训练 (纯手写第一版)

#### 1.2.1 CNN 训练代码一

```
import torch
2
    import torch.nn as nn
    import torch.optim as optim
    import torchvision
    import torchvision.transforms as transforms
    from torch.utils.data import DataLoader, SubsetRandomSampler
6
    import numpy as np
8
    #数据预处理 - 增强数据增强
9
10
    transform_train = transforms.Compose([
11
        transforms.RandomCrop(32, padding=4),
12
        transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(),
13
        transforms.ToTensor(),
```

```
14
        transforms.Normalize((0.4914, 0.4822, 0.4465), (0.2470, 0.2435, 0.2616))
15
    ])
16
17
    transform_test = transforms.Compose([
18
        transforms.ToTensor(),
        transforms.Normalize((0.4914, 0.4822, 0.4465), (0.2470, 0.2435, 0.2616))
19
20
    ])
21
22
    # 加载 CIFAR-10 数据集
23
    trainset = torchvision.datasets.CIFAR10(root='./data', train=True, download=True,
        transform=transform_train)
24
    testset = torchvision.datasets.CIFAR10(root='./data', train=False, download=True,
        transform=transform_test)
25
    # 划分训练集和验证集
26
27
    validation_split = 0.2 # 20% 用于验证集
28
    dataset_size = len(trainset)
29
    indices = list(range(dataset_size))
30
    np.random.seed(42) # 固定随机种子以确保可重复性
31
    np.random.shuffle(indices)
32
    split = int(np.floor(validation_split * dataset_size))
33
    train_indices, val_indices = indices[split:], indices[:split]
34
    # 创建 DataLoader
35
    train_sampler = SubsetRandomSampler(train_indices)
36
37
    val_sampler = SubsetRandomSampler(val_indices)
38
39
    trainloader = DataLoader(trainset, batch_size=128, sampler=train_sampler, num_workers
        =2)
40
    valloader = DataLoader(trainset, batch_size=128, sampler=val_sampler, num_workers=2)
41
    testloader = DataLoader(testset, batch_size=128, shuffle=False, num_workers=2)
42
43
    # 定义改进的 CNN 模型
44
    class ImprovedCNN(nn.Module):
45
        def __init__(self):
            super(ImprovedCNN, self).__init__()
46
47
            # 第一个卷积块
48
49
            self.conv1 = nn.Sequential(
50
                nn.Conv2d(3, 64, 3, padding=1),
51
                nn.BatchNorm2d(64),
52
                nn.ReLU(inplace=True),
                nn.Conv2d(64, 64, 3, padding=1),
53
54
                nn.BatchNorm2d(64),
55
                nn.ReLU(inplace=True),
                nn.MaxPool2d(2, 2)
56
57
            )
58
59
            # 第二个卷积块
```

```
60
             self.conv2 = nn.Sequential(
61
                 nn.Conv2d(64, 128, 3, padding=1),
                 nn.BatchNorm2d(128),
62
63
                 nn.ReLU(inplace=True),
                 nn.Conv2d(128, 128, 3, padding=1),
64
65
                 nn.BatchNorm2d(128),
                 nn.ReLU(inplace=True),
66
67
                 nn.MaxPool2d(2, 2)
68
             )
69
             # 第三个卷积块
 70
 71
             self.conv3 = nn.Sequential(
 72
                 nn.Conv2d(128, 256, 3, padding=1),
 73
                 nn.BatchNorm2d(256),
 74
                 nn.ReLU(inplace=True),
                 nn.Conv2d(256, 256, 3, padding=1),
 75
                 nn.BatchNorm2d(256),
 76
 77
                 nn.ReLU(inplace=True),
 78
                 nn.MaxPool2d(2, 2)
 79
             )
80
             # 全连接层
81
             self.fc = nn.Sequential(
82
83
                 nn.Dropout(0.5),
                 nn.Linear(256 * 4 * 4, 512),
84
85
                 nn.BatchNorm1d(512),
                 nn.ReLU(inplace=True),
86
87
                 nn.Dropout(0.5),
88
                 nn.Linear(512, 10)
89
             )
90
91
         def forward(self, x):
92
             x = self.conv1(x)
93
             x = self.conv2(x)
94
             x = self.conv3(x)
95
             x = x.view(x.size(0), -1)
96
             x = self.fc(x)
97
             return x
98
     # 主程序
99
100
     if __name__ == '__main__':
         # 实例化模型
102
         model = ImprovedCNN()
         # 定义损失函数和优化器
         criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
         optimizer = optim.SGD(model.parameters(), lr=0.01, momentum=0.9, weight_decay=5e-4)
106
         # 学习率调度器
108
         scheduler = optim.lr_scheduler.ReduceLROnPlateau(optimizer, 'min', factor=0.1,
```

```
patience=5, verbose=True)
         # 如果有 GPU,将模型移动到 GPU
         device = torch.device('cuda' if torch.cuda.is_available() else 'cpu')
112
         model.to(device)
         print(f"使用设备: {device}")
113
114
         # 训练模型
115
116
         best_val_acc = 0.0
117
         for epoch in range(100):
118
             model.train()
119
             running_loss = 0.0
120
             correct = 0
121
             total = 0
123
             for i, (inputs, labels) in enumerate(trainloader):
124
                 inputs, labels = inputs.to(device), labels.to(device)
125
                 optimizer.zero_grad()
126
127
                 outputs = model(inputs)
                 loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
128
129
                 loss.backward()
                 optimizer.step()
                 running_loss += loss.item()
133
                 _, predicted = outputs.max(1)
134
                 total += labels.size(0)
135
                 correct += predicted.eq(labels).sum().item()
136
137
                 if i % 100 == 99:
138
                     print(f'[{epoch + 1}, {i + 1}] loss: {running_loss / 100:.3f} | acc:
         {100.*correct/total:.2f}%')
139
                     running_loss = 0.0
140
141
             # 每个epoch结束后验证
142
             model.eval()
143
             val_loss = 0
144
             correct = 0
145
             total = 0
146
             with torch.no_grad():
147
                 for data in valloader:
148
                     images, labels = data
149
                     images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
                     outputs = model(images)
                     loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
151
152
                     val_loss += loss.item()
                     _, predicted = torch.max(outputs.data, 1)
154
                     total += labels.size(0)
155
                     correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
```

```
156
157
             val_acc = 100. * correct / total
158
             print(f'Epoch {epoch+1}: 验证准确率: {val_acc:.2f}%')
159
             # 更新学习率
161
             scheduler.step(val_loss)
162
            # 保存验证集上最佳模型
163
164
             if val_acc > best_val_acc:
165
                best_val_acc = val_acc
                torch.save(model.state_dict(), 'best_cifar10_model.pth')
166
167
                print(f'保存最佳模型, 验证准确率: {best_val_acc:.2f}%')
168
169
         print('训练完成')
         # 加载最佳模型进行测试
171
172
         model.load_state_dict(torch.load('best_cifar10_model.pth'))
173
         model.eval()
174
         correct = 0
         total = 0
175
         with torch.no_grad():
176
177
             for data in testloader:
                 images, labels = data
178
179
                images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
                outputs = model(images)
180
181
                 _, predicted = torch.max(outputs.data, 1)
                total += labels.size(0)
182
183
                correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
184
185
         print(f'最佳模型在测试集上的准确率: {100 * correct / total:.2f}%')
```

Listing 1.1: 神经网络 CNN 训练 (纯手写第一版)

#### 1.2.2 CNN 训练结果一

```
1
    PS C:\Users\78003\Desktop\prml_re> conda activate yclearning
2
   PS C:\Users\78003\Desktop\prml_re> python cifar10_classifier.py
3
    使用设备: cuda
4
   [1, 100] loss: 1.809 | acc: 33.21%
5
6
    [1, 200] loss: 1.504 | acc: 38.73%
7
   [1, 300] loss: 1.352 | acc: 42.79%
    Epoch 1: 验证准确率: 56.47%
   保存最佳模型,验证准确率:56.47%
   [2, 100] loss: 1.199 | acc: 56.58%
10
11
   [2, 200] loss: 1.103 | acc: 58.38%
   [2, 300] loss: 1.011 | acc: 60.15%
12
13
   Epoch 2: 验证准确率: 64.90%
   保存最佳模型,验证准确率:64.90%
14
```

```
[3, 100] loss: 0.954 | acc: 66.12%
15
    [3, 200] loss: 0.917 | acc: 66.95%
16
    [3, 300] loss: 0.871 | acc: 67.58%
17
    Epoch 3: 验证准确率: 70.78%
18
    保存最佳模型,验证准确率:70.78%
19
    [4, 100] loss: 0.831 | acc: 70.93%
20
    [4, 200] loss: 0.798 | acc: 71.69%
21
22
    [4, 300] loss: 0.782 | acc: 71.95%
23
    Epoch 4: 验证准确率: 73.30%
    保存最佳模型,验证准确率:73.30%
24
    [5, 100] loss: 0.739 | acc: 73.97%
25
26
    [5, 200] loss: 0.731 | acc: 74.01%
27
    [5, 300] loss: 0.714 | acc: 74.43%
    Epoch 5: 验证准确率: 76.20%
28
    保存最佳模型,验证准确率:76.20%
29
    [6, 100] loss: 0.680 | acc: 76.30%
30
31
    [6, 200] loss: 0.683 | acc: 76.29%
32
    [6, 300] loss: 0.668 | acc: 76.58%
    Epoch 6: 验证准确率: 77.85%
33
    保存最佳模型,验证准确率:77.85%
34
35
    [7, 100] loss: 0.635 | acc: 77.83%
36
    [7, 200] loss: 0.629 | acc: 78.08%
    [7, 300] loss: 0.614 | acc: 78.16%
37
    Epoch 7: 验证准确率: 77.90%
38
39
    保存最佳模型,验证准确率:77.90%
40
    [8, 100] loss: 0.570 | acc: 80.14%
41
    [8, 200] loss: 0.592 | acc: 79.82%
42
    [8, 300] loss: 0.578 | acc: 79.85%
43
    Epoch 8: 验证准确率: 74.53%
44
    [9, 100] loss: 0.560 | acc: 80.34%
45
    [9, 200] loss: 0.539 | acc: 80.91%
46
    [9, 300] loss: 0.563 | acc: 80.74%
47
    Epoch 9: 验证准确率: 79.64%
48
    保存最佳模型,验证准确率:79.64%
49
    [10, 100] loss: 0.531 | acc: 81.48%
50
    [10, 200] loss: 0.518 | acc: 81.74%
51
    [10, 300] loss: 0.520 | acc: 81.86%
52
    Epoch 10: 验证准确率: 79.66%
    保存最佳模型,验证准确率:79.66%
53
54
    [11, 100] loss: 0.496 | acc: 82.55%
55
    [11, 200] loss: 0.489 | acc: 82.66%
56
    [11, 300] loss: 0.508 | acc: 82.54%
57
    Epoch 11: 验证准确率: 81.02%
58
    保存最佳模型,验证准确率:81.02%
59
    [12, 100] loss: 0.476 | acc: 83.37%
60
    [12, 200] loss: 0.473 | acc: 83.50%
    [12, 300] loss: 0.481 | acc: 83.46%
61
    Epoch 12: 验证准确率: 81.05%
62
63
    保存最佳模型,验证准确率:81.05%
```

```
[13, 100] loss: 0.444 | acc: 84.39%
64
    [13, 200] loss: 0.450 | acc: 84.26%
65
     [13, 300] loss: 0.462 | acc: 84.24%
66
    Epoch 13: 验证准确率: 82.22%
67
     保存最佳模型,验证准确率:82.22%
68
    [14, 100] loss: 0.439 | acc: 85.30%
69
     [14, 200] loss: 0.439 | acc: 84.95%
70
71
    [14, 300] loss: 0.431 | acc: 85.12%
72
    Epoch 14: 验证准确率: 82.90%
     保存最佳模型,验证准确率:82.90%
73
     [15, 100] loss: 0.404 | acc: 86.21%
74
75
    [15, 200] loss: 0.430 | acc: 85.62%
76
    [15, 300] loss: 0.428 | acc: 85.62%
    Epoch 15: 验证准确率: 82.29%
77
     [16, 100] loss: 0.404 | acc: 86.64%
78
    [16, 200] loss: 0.399 | acc: 86.36%
80
    [16, 300] loss: 0.410 | acc: 86.12%
    Epoch 16: 验证准确率: 81.61%
81
82
     [17, 100] loss: 0.367 | acc: 87.30%
83
    [17, 200] loss: 0.396 | acc: 86.84%
84
    [17, 300] loss: 0.394 | acc: 86.74%
    Epoch 17: 验证准确率: 84.65%
85
     保存最佳模型,验证准确率:84.65%
86
87
    [18, 100] loss: 0.378 | acc: 86.97%
88
    [18, 200] loss: 0.361 | acc: 87.34%
89
    [18, 300] loss: 0.385 | acc: 87.26%
90
    Epoch 18: 验证准确率: 84.91%
91
     保存最佳模型,验证准确率:84.91%
92
    [19, 100] loss: 0.355 | acc: 88.05%
93
    [19, 200] loss: 0.356 | acc: 87.84%
94
     [19, 300] loss: 0.356 | acc: 87.79%
    Epoch 19: 验证准确率: 84.83%
95
96
    [20, 100] loss: 0.349 | acc: 87.92%
97
    [20, 200] loss: 0.351 | acc: 87.86%
98
     [20, 300] loss: 0.345 | acc: 87.98%
99
    Epoch 20: 验证准确率: 83.97%
100
     [21, 100] loss: 0.327 | acc: 88.64%
    [21, 200] loss: 0.334 | acc: 88.61%
102
     [21, 300] loss: 0.350 | acc: 88.48%
    Epoch 21: 验证准确率: 85.73%
104
     保存最佳模型,验证准确率:85.73%
105
    [22, 100] loss: 0.314 | acc: 89.00%
106
     [22, 200] loss: 0.327 | acc: 88.87%
107
    [22, 300] loss: 0.329 | acc: 88.83%
108
    Epoch 22: 验证准确率: 86.06%
109
     保存最佳模型,验证准确率:86.06%
110
    [23, 100] loss: 0.303 | acc: 89.61%
111
    [23, 200] loss: 0.317 | acc: 89.28%
112
    [23, 300] loss: 0.313 | acc: 89.32%
```

```
Epoch 23: 验证准确率: 84.69%
113
114
     [24, 100] loss: 0.296 | acc: 89.80%
115
     [24, 200] loss: 0.296 | acc: 89.88%
116
     [24, 300] loss: 0.305 | acc: 89.72%
     Epoch 24: 验证准确率: 86.34%
117
     保存最佳模型,验证准确率:86.34%
118
119
     [25, 100] loss: 0.276 | acc: 90.61%
     [25, 200] loss: 0.299 | acc: 90.16%
121
     [25, 300] loss: 0.295 | acc: 90.01%
     Epoch 25: 验证准确率: 85.66%
122
123
     [26, 100] loss: 0.279 | acc: 90.29%
124
     [26, 200] loss: 0.284 | acc: 90.25%
125
     [26, 300] loss: 0.290 | acc: 90.18%
     Epoch 26: 验证准确率: 85.39%
126
127
     [27, 100] loss: 0.264 | acc: 90.84%
128
     [27, 200] loss: 0.276 | acc: 90.66%
129
     [27, 300] loss: 0.285 | acc: 90.42%
     Epoch 27: 验证准确率: 86.06%
     [28, 100] loss: 0.259 | acc: 91.16%
132
     [28, 200] loss: 0.274 | acc: 90.86%
133
     [28, 300] loss: 0.273 | acc: 90.73%
     Epoch 28: 验证准确率: 87.06%
134
     保存最佳模型,验证准确率:87.06%
135
136
     [29, 100] loss: 0.252 | acc: 91.41%
137
     [29, 200] loss: 0.251 | acc: 91.33%
138
     [29, 300] loss: 0.276 | acc: 91.04%
139
     Epoch 29: 验证准确率: 85.27%
140
     [30, 100] loss: 0.247 | acc: 91.32%
141
     [30, 200] loss: 0.248 | acc: 91.41%
142
     [30, 300] loss: 0.254 | acc: 91.36%
     Epoch 30: 验证准确率: 85.89%
143
144
     [31, 100] loss: 0.231 | acc: 91.73%
145
     [31, 200] loss: 0.241 | acc: 91.70%
146
     [31, 300] loss: 0.260 | acc: 91.41%
     Epoch 31: 验证准确率: 86.26%
147
148
     [32, 100] loss: 0.225 | acc: 92.10%
149
     [32, 200] loss: 0.241 | acc: 91.93%
     [32, 300] loss: 0.239 | acc: 91.88%
151
     Epoch 32: 验证准确率: 85.79%
152
     [33, 100] loss: 0.223 | acc: 92.39%
153
     [33, 200] loss: 0.227 | acc: 92.32%
154
     [33, 300] loss: 0.240 | acc: 92.12%
155
     Epoch 33: 验证准确率: 86.09%
156
     [34, 100] loss: 0.216 | acc: 92.52%
157
     [34, 200] loss: 0.224 | acc: 92.39%
158
     [34, 300] loss: 0.224 | acc: 92.26%
159
     Epoch 34: 验证准确率: 86.81%
160
     [35, 100] loss: 0.174 | acc: 94.02%
161
    [35, 200] loss: 0.163 | acc: 94.31%
```

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162
     [35, 300] loss: 0.153 | acc: 94.62%
163
     Epoch 35: 验证准确率: 89.76%
     保存最佳模型,验证准确率:89.76%
164
165
    [36, 100] loss: 0.137 | acc: 95.43%
     [36, 200] loss: 0.143 | acc: 95.30%
166
167
    [36, 300] loss: 0.147 | acc: 95.28%
    Epoch 36: 验证准确率: 90.03%
168
     保存最佳模型,验证准确率:90.03%
169
170
     [37, 100] loss: 0.127 | acc: 95.79%
171
    [37, 200] loss: 0.133 | acc: 95.71%
172
     [37, 300] loss: 0.134 | acc: 95.64%
    Epoch 37: 验证准确率: 89.60%
173
174
     [38, 100] loss: 0.128 | acc: 95.79%
175
    [38, 200] loss: 0.130 | acc: 95.79%
176
     [38, 300] loss: 0.127 | acc: 95.82%
    Epoch 38: 验证准确率: 90.13%
177
178
     保存最佳模型,验证准确率:90.13%
179
    [39, 100] loss: 0.116 | acc: 96.22%
180
     [39, 200] loss: 0.121 | acc: 96.20%
181
    [39, 300] loss: 0.125 | acc: 96.17%
182
    Epoch 39: 验证准确率: 90.29%
183
     保存最佳模型,验证准确率:90.29%
     [40, 100] loss: 0.113 | acc: 96.48%
184
185
    [40, 200] loss: 0.115 | acc: 96.36%
186
     [40, 300] loss: 0.120 | acc: 96.22%
187
    Epoch 40: 验证准确率: 90.32%
188
     保存最佳模型,验证准确率:90.32%
189
    [41, 100] loss: 0.113 | acc: 96.33%
190
     [41, 200] loss: 0.112 | acc: 96.38%
191
    [41, 300] loss: 0.110 | acc: 96.39%
    Epoch 41: 验证准确率: 90.15%
192
193
     [42, 100] loss: 0.108 | acc: 96.53%
194
     [42, 200] loss: 0.119 | acc: 96.36%
195
    [42, 300] loss: 0.111 | acc: 96.41%
    Epoch 42: 验证准确率: 90.12%
196
197
     [43, 100] loss: 0.103 | acc: 96.80%
198
    [43, 200] loss: 0.113 | acc: 96.61%
199
    [43, 300] loss: 0.114 | acc: 96.49%
200
    Epoch 43: 验证准确率: 90.38%
201
     保存最佳模型,验证准确率:90.38%
202
    [44, 100] loss: 0.108 | acc: 96.48%
203
     [44, 200] loss: 0.102 | acc: 96.60%
204
     [44, 300] loss: 0.111 | acc: 96.54%
205
    Epoch 44: 验证准确率: 90.61%
206
     保存最佳模型,验证准确率:90.61%
207
    [45, 100] loss: 0.100 | acc: 96.78%
208
     [45, 200] loss: 0.106 | acc: 96.77%
209
    [45, 300] loss: 0.101 | acc: 96.79%
210
    Epoch 45: 验证准确率: 90.46%
```

```
211
     [46, 100] loss: 0.099 | acc: 96.74%
     [46, 200] loss: 0.105 | acc: 96.65%
212
213
     [46, 300] loss: 0.101 | acc: 96.71%
214
     Epoch 46: 验证准确率: 90.20%
215
     [47, 100] loss: 0.096 | acc: 96.93%
216
     [47, 200] loss: 0.102 | acc: 96.77%
217
     [47, 300] loss: 0.100 | acc: 96.77%
218
     Epoch 47: 验证准确率: 90.17%
219
     [48, 100] loss: 0.101 | acc: 96.80%
220
     [48, 200] loss: 0.097 | acc: 96.82%
221
     [48, 300] loss: 0.099 | acc: 96.81%
222
     Epoch 48: 验证准确率: 90.44%
223
     [49, 100] loss: 0.094 | acc: 96.95%
224
     [49, 200] loss: 0.090 | acc: 97.04%
225
     [49, 300] loss: 0.091 | acc: 97.10%
     Epoch 49: 验证准确率: 90.40%
226
227
     [50, 100] loss: 0.089 | acc: 97.23%
228
     [50, 200] loss: 0.092 | acc: 97.12%
229
     [50, 300] loss: 0.090 | acc: 97.15%
230
     Epoch 50: 验证准确率: 90.52%
231
     [51, 100] loss: 0.087 | acc: 97.48%
232
     [51, 200] loss: 0.087 | acc: 97.37%
233
     [51, 300] loss: 0.093 | acc: 97.24%
234
     Epoch 51: 验证准确率: 90.48%
235
     [52, 100] loss: 0.088 | acc: 97.29%
236
     [52, 200] loss: 0.089 | acc: 97.29%
237
     [52, 300] loss: 0.086 | acc: 97.26%
238
     Epoch 52: 验证准确率: 90.55%
239
     [53, 100] loss: 0.090 | acc: 97.21%
240
     [53, 200] loss: 0.089 | acc: 97.25%
241
     [53, 300] loss: 0.087 | acc: 97.23%
242
     Epoch 53: 验证准确率: 90.48%
243
     [54, 100] loss: 0.091 | acc: 97.01%
244
     [54, 200] loss: 0.088 | acc: 97.12%
245
     [54, 300] loss: 0.087 | acc: 97.20%
246
     Epoch 54: 验证准确率: 90.57%
247
     [55, 100] loss: 0.088 | acc: 97.13%
248
     [55, 200] loss: 0.088 | acc: 97.15%
249
     [55, 300] loss: 0.087 | acc: 97.16%
250
     Epoch 55: 验证准确率: 90.77%
251
     保存最佳模型,验证准确率:90.77%
252
     [56, 100] loss: 0.086 | acc: 97.30%
253
     [56, 200] loss: 0.084 | acc: 97.47%
254
     [56, 300] loss: 0.083 | acc: 97.46%
255
     Epoch 56: 验证准确率: 90.63%
256
     [57, 100] loss: 0.089 | acc: 97.21%
257
     [57, 200] loss: 0.086 | acc: 97.24%
258
     [57, 300] loss: 0.087 | acc: 97.18%
259
     Epoch 57: 验证准确率: 90.71%
```

```
260
     [58, 100] loss: 0.086 | acc: 97.09%
     [58, 200] loss: 0.083 | acc: 97.28%
261
262
     [58, 300] loss: 0.085 | acc: 97.27%
263
     Epoch 58: 验证准确率: 90.69%
264
     [59, 100] loss: 0.083 | acc: 97.47%
265
     [59, 200] loss: 0.077 | acc: 97.57%
266
     [59, 300] loss: 0.089 | acc: 97.42%
267
     Epoch 59: 验证准确率: 90.40%
268
     [60, 100] loss: 0.081 | acc: 97.55%
269
     [60, 200] loss: 0.085 | acc: 97.43%
270
     [60, 300] loss: 0.084 | acc: 97.40%
271
     Epoch 60: 验证准确率: 90.52%
272
     [61, 100] loss: 0.084 | acc: 97.29%
273
     [61, 200] loss: 0.080 | acc: 97.38%
274
     [61, 300] loss: 0.082 | acc: 97.40%
     Epoch 61: 验证准确率: 90.67%
275
276
     [62, 100] loss: 0.084 | acc: 97.35%
277
     [62, 200] loss: 0.084 | acc: 97.37%
278
     [62, 300] loss: 0.088 | acc: 97.34%
279
     Epoch 62: 验证准确率: 90.44%
280
     [63, 100] loss: 0.090 | acc: 97.15%
281
     [63, 200] loss: 0.079 | acc: 97.42%
282
     [63, 300] loss: 0.085 | acc: 97.39%
283
     Epoch 63: 验证准确率: 90.39%
284
     [64, 100] loss: 0.083 | acc: 97.39%
285
     [64, 200] loss: 0.086 | acc: 97.25%
286
     [64, 300] loss: 0.084 | acc: 97.24%
287
     Epoch 64: 验证准确率: 90.70%
288
     [65, 100] loss: 0.093 | acc: 97.04%
289
     [65, 200] loss: 0.086 | acc: 97.08%
290
     [65, 300] loss: 0.081 | acc: 97.21%
291
     Epoch 65: 验证准确率: 90.24%
292
     [66, 100] loss: 0.088 | acc: 97.16%
293
     [66, 200] loss: 0.082 | acc: 97.29%
294
     [66, 300] loss: 0.083 | acc: 97.32%
295
     Epoch 66: 验证准确率: 90.48%
296
     [67, 100] loss: 0.084 | acc: 97.45%
297
     [67, 200] loss: 0.086 | acc: 97.33%
298
     [67, 300] loss: 0.078 | acc: 97.41%
299
     Epoch 67:验证准确率:90.39%
300
     [68, 100] loss: 0.083 | acc: 97.55%
301
     [68, 200] loss: 0.085 | acc: 97.44%
302
     [68, 300] loss: 0.079 | acc: 97.50%
303
     Epoch 68: 验证准确率: 90.56%
304
     [69, 100] loss: 0.082 | acc: 97.55%
305
     [69, 200] loss: 0.085 | acc: 97.42%
     [69, 300] loss: 0.083 | acc: 97.43%
306
307
     Epoch 69: 验证准确率: 90.32%
308
     [70, 100] loss: 0.084 | acc: 97.33%
```

```
[70, 200] loss: 0.087 | acc: 97.27%
309
     [70, 300] loss: 0.088 | acc: 97.21%
310
     Epoch 70: 验证准确率: 90.07%
311
312
     [71, 100] loss: 0.089 | acc: 97.13%
313
     [71, 200] loss: 0.085 | acc: 97.19%
314
     [71, 300] loss: 0.089 | acc: 97.18%
     Epoch 71: 验证准确率: 90.63%
315
316
     [72, 100] loss: 0.085 | acc: 97.14%
317
     [72, 200] loss: 0.082 | acc: 97.31%
318
     [72, 300] loss: 0.084 | acc: 97.33%
     Epoch 72: 验证准确率: 90.39%
319
     [73, 100] loss: 0.082 | acc: 97.50%
321
     [73, 200] loss: 0.085 | acc: 97.50%
322
     [73, 300] loss: 0.086 | acc: 97.45%
     Epoch 73: 验证准确率: 90.45%
324
     [74, 100] loss: 0.083 | acc: 97.33%
325
     [74, 200] loss: 0.086 | acc: 97.33%
326
     [74, 300] loss: 0.082 | acc: 97.33%
327
     Epoch 74: 验证准确率: 90.37%
328
     [75, 100] loss: 0.083 | acc: 97.50%
329
     [75, 200] loss: 0.085 | acc: 97.44%
     [75, 300] loss: 0.086 | acc: 97.33%
331
     Epoch 75: 验证准确率: 90.35%
332
     [76, 100] loss: 0.083 | acc: 97.48%
333
     [76, 200] loss: 0.080 | acc: 97.46%
334
     [76, 300] loss: 0.089 | acc: 97.41%
335
     Epoch 76: 验证准确率: 90.45%
336
     [77, 100] loss: 0.079 | acc: 97.59%
337
     [77, 200] loss: 0.085 | acc: 97.39%
338
     [77, 300] loss: 0.088 | acc: 97.33%
339
     Epoch 77: 验证准确率: 90.40%
340
     [78, 100] loss: 0.079 | acc: 97.53%
341
     [78, 200] loss: 0.082 | acc: 97.51%
342
     [78, 300] loss: 0.091 | acc: 97.34%
343
     Epoch 78: 验证准确率: 90.32%
344
     [79, 100] loss: 0.084 | acc: 97.15%
345
     [79, 200] loss: 0.084 | acc: 97.23%
346
     [79, 300] loss: 0.081 | acc: 97.31%
347
     Epoch 79: 验证准确率: 90.33%
348
     [80, 100] loss: 0.088 | acc: 97.33%
349
     [80, 200] loss: 0.083 | acc: 97.33%
350
     [80, 300] loss: 0.080 | acc: 97.46%
351
     Epoch 80: 验证准确率: 90.48%
352
     [81, 100] loss: 0.085 | acc: 97.38%
353
     [81, 200] loss: 0.084 | acc: 97.32%
354
     [81, 300] loss: 0.085 | acc: 97.24%
355
     Epoch 81: 验证准确率: 90.67%
356
     [82, 100] loss: 0.081 | acc: 97.54%
357
    [82, 200] loss: 0.082 | acc: 97.45%
```

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358
     [82, 300] loss: 0.082 | acc: 97.48%
359
     Epoch 82: 验证准确率: 90.43%
360
     [83, 100] loss: 0.079 | acc: 97.72%
361
     [83, 200] loss: 0.082 | acc: 97.52%
     [83, 300] loss: 0.087 | acc: 97.45%
362
     Epoch 83: 验证准确率: 90.40%
363
     [84, 100] loss: 0.083 | acc: 97.50%
364
365
     [84, 200] loss: 0.082 | acc: 97.45%
366
     [84, 300] loss: 0.084 | acc: 97.41%
     Epoch 84: 验证准确率: 90.07%
367
368
     [85, 100] loss: 0.083 | acc: 97.30%
369
     [85, 200] loss: 0.084 | acc: 97.27%
370
     [85, 300] loss: 0.085 | acc: 97.25%
371
     Epoch 85: 验证准确率: 90.24%
372
     [86, 100] loss: 0.085 | acc: 97.32%
373
     [86, 200] loss: 0.081 | acc: 97.38%
374
     [86, 300] loss: 0.083 | acc: 97.38%
     Epoch 86: 验证准确率: 90.34%
375
376
     [87, 100] loss: 0.087 | acc: 97.26%
377
     [87, 200] loss: 0.085 | acc: 97.33%
378
     [87, 300] loss: 0.088 | acc: 97.31%
     Epoch 87: 验证准确率: 90.45%
379
380
     [88, 100] loss: 0.085 | acc: 97.38%
381
     [88, 200] loss: 0.084 | acc: 97.32%
382
     [88, 300] loss: 0.085 | acc: 97.33%
383
     Epoch 88: 验证准确率: 90.38%
384
     [89, 100] loss: 0.084 | acc: 97.45%
385
     [89, 200] loss: 0.080 | acc: 97.48%
386
     [89, 300] loss: 0.085 | acc: 97.39%
387
     Epoch 89: 验证准确率: 90.62%
388
     [90, 100] loss: 0.087 | acc: 97.17%
389
     [90, 200] loss: 0.085 | acc: 97.19%
390
     [90, 300] loss: 0.082 | acc: 97.32%
391
     Epoch 90: 验证准确率: 90.41%
392
     [91, 100] loss: 0.085 | acc: 97.27%
393
     [91, 200] loss: 0.086 | acc: 97.31%
394
     [91, 300] loss: 0.086 | acc: 97.30%
395
     Epoch 91: 验证准确率: 90.59%
396
     [92, 100] loss: 0.085 | acc: 97.30%
397
     [92, 200] loss: 0.087 | acc: 97.32%
398
     [92, 300] loss: 0.082 | acc: 97.39%
399
     Epoch 92: 验证准确率: 90.71%
400
     [93, 100] loss: 0.089 | acc: 97.17%
401
     [93, 200] loss: 0.085 | acc: 97.23%
402
     [93, 300] loss: 0.086 | acc: 97.25%
403
     Epoch 93: 验证准确率: 90.59%
404
     [94, 100] loss: 0.084 | acc: 97.45%
405
     [94, 200] loss: 0.088 | acc: 97.39%
406
     [94, 300] loss: 0.087 | acc: 97.31%
```

```
407
     Epoch 94: 验证准确率: 90.52%
408
     [95, 100] loss: 0.089 | acc: 97.12%
     [95, 200] loss: 0.083 | acc: 97.21%
409
     [95, 300] loss: 0.083 | acc: 97.21%
410
     Epoch 95: 验证准确率: 90.66%
411
     [96, 100] loss: 0.085 | acc: 97.41%
412
413
     [96, 200] loss: 0.082 | acc: 97.48%
     [96, 300] loss: 0.080 | acc: 97.49%
414
415
     Epoch 96: 验证准确率: 90.63%
     [97, 100] loss: 0.086 | acc: 97.29%
416
     [97, 200] loss: 0.081 | acc: 97.41%
417
418
     [97, 300] loss: 0.088 | acc: 97.37%
419
     Epoch 97: 验证准确率: 90.34%
     [98, 100] loss: 0.083 | acc: 97.54%
420
     [98, 200] loss: 0.086 | acc: 97.45%
421
422
     [98, 300] loss: 0.079 | acc: 97.49%
423
     Epoch 98: 验证准确率: 90.28%
424
     [99, 100] loss: 0.081 | acc: 97.44%
     [99, 200] loss: 0.087 | acc: 97.30%
425
     [99, 300] loss: 0.084 | acc: 97.33%
426
427
     Epoch 99: 验证准确率: 90.43%
     [100, 100] loss: 0.083 | acc: 97.47%
428
     [100, 200] loss: 0.084 | acc: 97.43%
429
     [100, 300] loss: 0.085 | acc: 97.39%
430
431
     Epoch 100: 验证准确率: 90.59%
     训练完成
432
     最佳模型在测试集上的准确率: 90.60%
433
```

Listing 1.2: CNN 训练结果一

## 附录 A. 中英文对照表

### A.1 中英文对照表

表 A.3: 中英文对照表

英文中文Bayes classification decision rule minimum error rate minimum risk rejection option最小错误率 最小风险 拒识选项 高斯分布 covariance matrix discriminant function decision boundary协方差矩阵 判別函数 决策边界 Hidden Markov Model hidden state observation sequence maximum likelihood estimation k-Nearest Neighbor Parzen window中文Bayesian estimation k-Nearest Neighbor Parzen window中文 是以 以 以 中本区 以 中本区 经 经 中期估计 以 中国 不可 是 不可 是 大似然估计 见 中斯估计 以 中国 不可 是 大似然估计 见 中国 不可 是 不可 表 是 不可 表 中国 不可 表 是 不可 表 是 不可 表 是 不可 表 是 不可 表 是 不可 表 是 不可 表 是 不可 表 是 不可 表 是 不可 表 是 不可 表 是 不可 表 是 不可 表 是 不可 表 表 是 不可 表 是 不可 表 是 不可 表 表 是 不可 表 中 不可 表 中 不可 表 中 不可 表 中 不可 表 中 不可 表 中 不可 表 中 不可 表 中 不可 表 中 不可 表 中 不可 表 中 不可 表 中 不可 表 中 不可 不可 表 中 不可 不可 不可 不可 表 中 不可 表 中 不可 不可 表 中 不可 不可 表 中 不可 <b< th=""><th></th><th></th></b<>		
decision rule minimum error rate minimum risk rejection option Gaussian distribution covariance matrix discriminant function decision boundary Hidden Markov Model hidden state observation sequence maximum likelihood estimation Bayesian estimation k-Nearest Neighbor Parzen window	英文	中文
minimum error rate minimum risk rejection option Gaussian distribution covariance matrix discriminant function decision boundary Hidden Markov Model hidden state observation sequence maximum likelihood estimation Bayesian estimation k-Nearest Neighbor Parzen window  最小风险 指识选项 高斯分布 位对 为差矩阵 判别函数 决策边界 隐马尔可夫模型 隐状态 观测序列 maximum likelihood estimation 最大似然估计 见叶斯估计 k-近邻 Parzen 窗	Bayes classification	贝叶斯分类
minimum risk rejection option Gaussian distribution covariance matrix discriminant function decision boundary Hidden Markov Model hidden state observation sequence maximum likelihood estimation Bayesian estimation k-Nearest Neighbor Parzen window   ### ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	decision rule	决策规则
rejection option Gaussian distribution covariance matrix discriminant function decision boundary Hidden Markov Model hidden state observation sequence maximum likelihood estimation Bayesian estimation k-Nearest Neighbor Parzen window  ###################################	minimum error rate	最小错误率
Gaussian distribution covariance matrix discriminant function decision boundary Hidden Markov Model hidden state observation sequence maximum likelihood estimation Bayesian estimation k-Nearest Neighbor Parzen window  高斯分布 协方差矩阵 判別函数 决策边界 隐马尔可夫模型 隐状态 观测序列 最大似然估计 贝叶斯估计 k-近邻	minimum risk	最小风险
covariance matrix 协方差矩阵 划别函数 decision boundary 决策边界 Hidden Markov Model 隐马尔可夫模型 hidden state 隐状态 observation sequence 观测序列 maximum likelihood estimation 最大似然估计 Bayesian estimation 从中斯估计 k-Nearest Neighbor k 近邻 Parzen window Parzen 窗	rejection option	拒识选项
discriminant function decision boundary Hidden Markov Model hidden state observation sequence maximum likelihood estimation Bayesian estimation k-Nearest Neighbor Parzen window  料別函数 决策边界 隐马尔可夫模型 隐状态 观测序列 最大似然估计 见叶斯估计 k-近邻	Gaussian distribution	高斯分布
decision boundary 决策边界 Hidden Markov Model 隐马尔可夫模型 hidden state 隐状态 observation sequence 观测序列 maximum likelihood estimation 最大似然估计 Bayesian estimation 贝叶斯估计 k-Nearest Neighbor k 近邻 Parzen window Parzen 窗	covariance matrix	协方差矩阵
Hidden Markov Model 隐马尔可夫模型 hidden state 隐状态 observation sequence 观测序列 maximum likelihood estimation 最大似然估计 Bayesian estimation 从叶斯估计 k-Nearest Neighbor k 近邻 Parzen window Parzen 窗	discriminant function	判别函数
hidden state隐状态observation sequence观测序列maximum likelihood estimation最大似然估计Bayesian estimation贝叶斯估计k-Nearest Neighbork 近邻Parzen windowParzen 窗	decision boundary	决策边界
observation sequence 观测序列 maximum likelihood estimation 最大似然估计 Bayesian estimation 贝叶斯估计 k-Nearest Neighbor k 近邻 Parzen window Parzen 窗	Hidden Markov Model	隐马尔可夫模型
maximum likelihood estimation 最大似然估计 Bayesian estimation 贝叶斯估计 k-Nearest Neighbor k 近邻 Parzen window Parzen 窗	hidden state	隐状态
Bayesian estimation 贝叶斯估计 k-Nearest Neighbor k 近邻 Parzen window Parzen 窗	observation sequence	观测序列
k-Nearest Neighbor k 近邻 Parzen window Parzen 窗	maximum likelihood estimation	最大似然估计
Parzen window Parzen 窗	Bayesian estimation	贝叶斯估计
•	k-Nearest Neighbor	k 近邻
linear discriminant 线性判别	Parzen window	Parzen 窗
	linear discriminant	线性判别
quadratic discriminant 二次判别	quadratic discriminant	二次判别
prior probability 先验概率	prior probability	先验概率
posterior probability 后验概率	posterior probability	后验概率