# Polytech - Deep Learning - TP 2-3

## Introduction aux réseaux de neurones **Notes additionnelles**

Les batch seront stockés dans des matrices avec 1 exemple par ligne. Par exemple pour l'entrée on a une matrice X de taille  $N \times n_x$  pour N exemples chacun de dimension  $n_x$ . Chaque exemple x sera donc un vecteur ligne (dimension  $1 \times n_x$ ). On fera de même pour les résultats intermédiaires. Ainsi, la matrice de poids  $\mathbf{W}^h$  sera par exemple de taille  $n_h \times n_x$ . Le vecteur de bias  $\mathbf{b}^h$  sera un vecteur ligne (dimension  $1 \times n_h$ ).

 $\odot$  designe le produit terme-à-terme  $\operatorname{sum}_{\mathsf{line}}(\mathbf{X})$  avec X de taille  $N \times n_x$  fait une somme par ligne et retourne un vecteur colonne de taille N. rep $mat_{N \text{ lines}}(\mathbf{b})$  répète le vecteur-ligne  $\mathbf{b}$  (dimension  $1 \times p$ ) N fois en ligne pour produire une matrice de taille  $N \times p$ .

#### **Forward**

Elementwise

$$\begin{cases} \tilde{h}_{i} = \sum_{j=1}^{n_{x}} W_{i,j}^{h} \ x_{j} + b_{i}^{h} \\ h_{i} = \tanh(\tilde{h}_{i}) \\ \tilde{y}_{i} = \sum_{j=1}^{n_{h}} W_{i,j}^{y} \ h_{j} + b_{i}^{y} \\ \hat{y}_{i} = \operatorname{SoftMax}(\tilde{y}_{i}) = \frac{e^{\tilde{y}_{i}}}{\sum_{j=1}^{n_{y}} e^{\tilde{y}_{j}}} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \tilde{\mathbf{h}} = \mathbf{x} \mathbf{W}^{h^{\top}} + \mathbf{b}^{h} \\ \mathbf{h} = \tanh(\tilde{\mathbf{h}}) \\ \tilde{\mathbf{y}} = \mathbf{h} \mathbf{W}^{y^{\top}} + \mathbf{b}^{y} \\ \hat{\mathbf{y}} = \operatorname{SoftMax}(\tilde{\mathbf{y}}) \end{cases}$$

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Vectoriel

$$\begin{cases} \tilde{\mathbf{h}} = \mathbf{x} \mathbf{W}^{h^{\top}} + \mathbf{b}^{h} \\ \mathbf{h} = \tanh(\tilde{\mathbf{h}}) \\ \tilde{\mathbf{y}} = \mathbf{h} \mathbf{W}^{y^{\top}} + \mathbf{b}^{y} \\ \hat{\mathbf{y}} = \operatorname{SoftMax}(\tilde{\mathbf{y}}) \end{cases}$$

Vectoriel par batch

$$\begin{cases} \tilde{\mathbf{H}} = \mathbf{X} \mathbf{W}^{h^{\top}} + \operatorname{repmat}_{N \text{ lines}}(\mathbf{b}_h) \\ \mathbf{H} = \operatorname{tanh}(\tilde{\mathbf{H}}) \\ \tilde{\mathbf{Y}} = \mathbf{H} \mathbf{W}^{y^{\top}} + \operatorname{repmat}_{N \text{ lines}}(\mathbf{b}_y) \\ \hat{\mathbf{Y}} = \operatorname{SoftMax}_{\mathsf{line}}(\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}) \end{cases}$$

#### Loss

$$\begin{cases} \ell(\mathbf{y}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}) = -\sum_{i=1}^{n_y} y_i \log \hat{y}_i = -\sum_{i=1}^{n_y} y_i \tilde{y}_i + \log \sum_{j=1}^{n_y} e^{\tilde{y}_j} \\ \mathcal{L}(\mathbf{Y}, \hat{\mathbf{Y}}) = -\frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=1}^{N} \sum_{i=1}^{n_y} Y_{k,i} \log \hat{Y}_{k,i} = -\operatorname{mean}_{\mathsf{col}}(\operatorname{sum}_{\mathsf{line}}(\mathbf{Y} \odot \log \hat{\mathbf{Y}})) \end{cases}$$

### **Backward**

Elementwise

$$\begin{cases} \delta_{i}^{y} = \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial \tilde{y}_{i}} = \hat{y}_{i} - y_{i} \\ \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial W_{i,j}^{y}} = \delta_{i}^{y} h_{j} \\ \delta_{i}^{h} = \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial \tilde{h}_{i}} = (1 - h_{i}^{2}) \sum_{j=1}^{n_{y}} \delta_{j}^{y} W_{j,i}^{y} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}} = \hat{\mathbf{y}} - \mathbf{y} \\ \nabla_{\mathbf{w}^{y}} = \nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}}^{\top} \mathbf{h} \\ \nabla_{\mathbf{b}^{y}} = \nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}}^{\top} \mathbf{h} \\ \nabla_{\mathbf{b}^{y}} = \nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}}^{\top} \mathbf{H} \\ \nabla_{\mathbf{b}^{y}} = \sup_{\text{ligne}} (\nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}})^{\top} \\ \nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}} = (\nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}} \mathbf{W}^{y}) \odot (1 - \mathbf{h}^{2}) \\ \nabla_{\mathbf{W}^{h}} = \nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}}^{\top} \mathbf{x} \\ \nabla_{\mathbf{b}^{h}} = \nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}}^{\top} \mathbf{X} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}} = \hat{\mathbf{y}} - \mathbf{y} \\ \nabla_{\mathbf{w}^{y}} = \nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}}^{\top} \mathbf{H} \\ \nabla_{\mathbf{b}^{y}} = \sup_{\text{ligne}} (\nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}})^{\top} \\ \nabla_{\mathbf{b}^{y}} = \sup_{\text{ligne}} (\nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}})^{\top} \mathbf{X} \\ \nabla_{\mathbf{b}^{h}} = \nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}}^{\top} \mathbf{X} \end{cases}$$

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$$\begin{cases} \nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{w}}^{y}} = \nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}}^{\top} \mathbf{H} \\ \nabla_{\mathbf{b}^{y}} = \sup_{\text{ligne}} (\nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}})^{\top} \mathbf{X} \\ \nabla_{\mathbf{b}^{h}} = \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}^{h}} \mathbf{X} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \partial_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}} = \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}}^{h} \mathbf{x}_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}} \\ \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial b_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}}^{h}} = \delta_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}}^{h} \end{cases}$$

Vectoriel

$$\begin{cases} \nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}} = \hat{\mathbf{y}} - \mathbf{y} \\ \nabla_{\mathbf{W}^y} = \nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}}^{\top} \mathbf{h} \\ \nabla_{\mathbf{b}^y} = \nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}}^{\top} \end{cases} \\ \nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}} = (\nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}} \mathbf{W}^y) \odot (1 - \mathbf{h}^2) \\ \nabla_{\mathbf{W}^h} = \nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}}^{\top} \mathbf{x} \\ \nabla_{\mathbf{b}^h} = \nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}}^{\top} \end{cases}$$

Vectoriel par batch

$$\begin{cases} \nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}} = \mathbf{Y} - \mathbf{Y} \\ \nabla_{\mathbf{W}^y} = \nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}}^{\top} \mathbf{H} \\ \nabla_{\mathbf{b}^y} = \operatorname{sum}_{\mathsf{ligne}} (\nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}})^{\top} \\ \nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{H}}} = (\nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}} \mathbf{W}^y) \odot (1 - \mathbf{H}^2) \\ \nabla_{\mathbf{W}^h} = \nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{H}}}^{\top} \mathbf{X} \\ \nabla_{\mathbf{b}^h} = \operatorname{sum}_{\mathsf{ligne}} (\nabla_{\tilde{\mathbf{H}}})^{\top} \end{cases}$$