



## **E-Valuer**

(An Intelligent tool to assist in making smarter property  
related decisions)

### **System Requirement Specification**

Project ID: 19-010

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**E-Valuer**  
**AN INTELLIGENT TOOL TO ASSIST IN MAKING SMARTER**  
**PROPERTY DECISIONS**

Project ID: 19-010

**System Requirement Specification**

(System requirement specification documentation submitted in partial fulfilment of the  
requirement for the Degree of Bachelor of Science Special (Honors)  
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Bachelor of Science (Honors) in Information Technology Specialized in  
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Sri Lanka

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## DECLARATION

We declare that this is our own work and dissertation does not incorporate without acknowledgment of any material previously submitted for a Degree or Diploma in SLIIT or any other university or institute of higher learning. To the best of our knowledge and belief the document does not contain any material previously published or written by another person except where the acknowledgment is made in the text

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# **1 INTRODUCTION**

Software requirements specification is the document which provides all of the information of the requirements of the system as expected by the end users and provides clarification of requirements for other stakeholders of the system. This is supposed to contain well detailed description of the functional and non-functional requirements of the proposed system, which will be used in the process of software development, quality assurance, and maintenance of the system.

## **1.1 Purpose**

The purpose of the software requirement specification (SRS) is to present a detailed description of the project 'E-Valuer', a web application that predicts the current and future value of a land and factors influencing the same to provide the users with accurate computerized prediction system along with a detailed report of the land selected. The SRS document gives a detailed description on the functional and non-functional requirements that required by the user. This document will demonstrate what the main requirements are and interfaces that the system will have after the implementation and the interconnections. The SRS is the basic document to refer when developing the system and help to understand how developers are going to develop the proposed system. If the project requirements match with system requirements documents that is a successful project.

## **1.2 Scope**

This document covers the requirements for release of E-Valuer a land value prediction system which will be assist the users in making smart property related decisions. Mention will be made throughout this document of selected probable features of future releases. The purpose of this is to guide developers in selecting a design that will be able to accommodate the full-scale application. It provides the clear overall design of the system which will provide the foundation for the development of the final end product.

- Functional requirements- specific functionalities, tasks or behaviors of the system
- Non-functional requirements - constraints, performance factors, etc...

The purpose of this application is to provide its users with accurate prediction of the value of the land which is similar to an estimation given by a professional valuer. Users can get the detailed report of the land with minimal effort needed which includes current value prediction based on the correct analyzing of the significance of the properties that can be computationally analyzed to help users for deciding the return of investment (ROI) and suitability of the land for their intended purposes. There are numerous factors which affect the value of a land such as physical factors , economic factors, and social factors. The details of the physical factors and economical factors along with recent valuation details will be considered in this application when deciding the terminal output , prediction of the current value. In this application, the effect of social factors will not be taken into consideration as much as above mentioned because of the unavailability of proper information infrastructure to analyze the same factors. But that will not affect the accuracy of the output since recent valuations are taken into consideration.

### **1.2.1 Main benefits of the system**

This project is aimed to develop a portable application which assists people by providing them with accurate valuation, facts about how the land is going to be affected by various means of development projects, ultimately to decide whether it would be useful for their expected purpose.

### **1.2.2 Objectives of the system**

- Identifying the most accurate algorithm from non-conventional time based approach of prediction for example Recurrent Neural networks (RNN) and non-conventional non-time based approach for such as Artificial Neural Networks (ANN) in the domain of prediction of values in the domain of current value prediction
- Identifying methods to optimize the values provided as current value prediction so that the procedure could be used as a reliable option.
- Identifying method to predict future value based on the fluctuation rates and records of weather conditions.
- Identifying the effect of proposed development plans on the future price of the selected land plot
- Creating a concise yet complete report based on the selected land plot which can be used to assist in making smarter property related decisions.



### 1.2.3 Main goal of the system

The main objective of our research is to develop a portable application which can provide instant report of a selected land parcel that gives the users an insight of the land with current value and future value.

### 1.3 Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations

<b>SRS</b>	<b>System Requirement Specification</b>
<b>ROI</b>	<b>Return of Investment</b>
<b>RNN</b>	<b>Recurrent Neural Networks</b>
<b>ANN</b>	<b>Artificial Neural Networks</b>
<b>AI</b>	<b>Artificial Intelligence</b>

Table 1.1 : Abbreviations

### 1.4 Overview

The document is intended to describe the requirements of developing a land value prediction system. It is a web application which is compatible to use with a desktop computer and a mobile device that help the users to get an accurate insight of the land they are going to buy.

Chapter 1: brief the purpose of preparing the SRS document. Scope consist of a description that clearly mention the tasks that the project team will do and will not do, it also describes the benefits, objectives, and goals of the particular software. Overview section explains how the SRS is organized and describes what the rest of this document contains in a brief manner.

Chapter 2: Contains overall description of SRS in user's point of view that is, it is described in non-technical terms which can be understood by the users. It includes Product perspective, Product functions, User Characteristics, Constraints, Assumptions and Dependencies and Apportioning of requirements. Main target of Product perspective is to compare its similarity and differences to other systems in the marketplace and find whether the existing system is available in regard for the developing application. Product functions are mentioned by summarizing major functions of the application. In User Characteristics, it Indicate what kind of people the typical user is likely to be. In Constraints sub section describes all conditions that may limit developer's options they can be originating from many sources. Assumptions and dependencies sub section describes any assumptions being made during the development of the application.

Chapter 3: This section describes developer's point of view of the system. Use technical words/phases understand by the software engineers, developers, and testers. External interface requirements, performance requirements, design constraints, application attributes and other requirements also explained in advance. The following are the goals that would be achieved in the end of this research and development

## 2 OVERALL DESCRIPTIONS

Real Property are the most valuable possession of most of the common people. Getting the proper valuation for these real properties is very much important. This system is an innovative solution proposed to facilitate land valuation based on recent sales, prediction of future price and the effect of proposed development work on the land, so that real-estate customers and owners of real estate companies can be benefitted and make smarter property related decisions.

This intelligent tool can help people to identify the land they are willing to buy. This current value predictor component is responsible for providing accurate current valuation of the land since it is difficult to find out the reliable average prices of the land around manually, especially if the area is unfamiliar. We can get the service of a professional valuer, but that process is known to be subjective to the person and time

Land valuation is the process of assessing the characteristics of a given piece of land based on experience and judgment.[1] The determination of a land parcel value depends on a number of physical and economic characteristics which must be taken into consideration very carefully in a land valuation procedure.[1] These values can be affected by various social factors too. For example, if there is a crime happened in that land, it can cause a negative effect on the value..

Hence, real estate appraisal it is a challenging multidimensional problem that involves estimating many facets of a property, its neighborhood, and its city.[2]

Since, Sri Lanka is lacking a good data platform to gather all these data, considering all these factors can take ages to do proper valuation considering all these factors.

The manual process is a time-consuming slow task which needs to be done by an experienced professional valuer. The valuation approaches used by those professionals are limited due to the lack of digital data in Sri Lanka. Also, it is a known fact that the valuation process can be so subjective to the person.

All above mentioned problems can be solved with the implementation of the system which will save time, cost, and with improved fairness of the predictions which will be done.

## 2.1 Product perspective

### Existing solutions

The use of AI for residential value forecasting has been suggested in the literature from 1990s. [4]. Although Sri Lanka is lacking an automated land valuation system, many up and running, reliable solutions have been implemented in developed countries like New Zealand, England and Wales, USA etc. It is obvious with the well-structured digital data infrastructure of those countries, they can implement very accurate systems. Our intention is to identify the ways to use their underlying methodology in a suitable manner in Sri Lankan context.

#### 1.Zillow Zestimate

Zillow is an online real estate database company that was founded in 2006, and was created by Rich Barton and Lloyd Frink, former Microsoft executives and founders of Microsoft spin-off Expedia. [5] Zillow.com supports United States of America (USA) and Canadian property listing. Zillow compliments that Zestimate provides forecast for 12 months with below accuracy rates.

Model	Average Absolute % Error	Improvement over Naïve
Naïve Forecast	7.35%	0%
County Forecast	6.47%	11.9%
Zestimate Forecast	5.84%	20.5%

Table 2.1 : Average absolute percentage error of the 12-month forecast.

Source: <https://www.zillow.com/research/zestimate-forecast-methodology/>

Features :

- Estimates for 12 months

Zestimate determines an estimation for 12 months for a house based on neighbourhood comparable houses. Accuracy of zestimate depends on the amount of data used as the underlying approach is Hedonic regression analysis based proprietary algorithm [6] which analyses of several features of the house. The forecasted value is interpolated using cubic spline to connect to current value. [6]

## 2. Trulia

Trulia is also a product offered in USA, which offers a range of services for real estate sector. The price estimates are based on publicly available information the home's physical characteristics (e.g. location, number of bedrooms, etc.), Property tax information, Recent sales of similar nearby homes.

It involves more community interaction, for example, Trulia Neighbourhoods provide photographs, drone footage, etc. so that who are interested about the neighbourhood can refer. Trulia provides price using public data which shows the price fluctuation of a house, comparative to the other homes with same ZIP code.

Below is the accuracy report of Trulia estimates.

National	Within 5% of Sale Price	Within 10% of Sale Price	Within 20% of Sale Price	Median Error
United States	48.2%	67.7%	82.3%	5.3%

Table 2.2: Trulia accuracy report

Source: [www.trulia.com/info/trulia-estimates/](http://www.trulia.com/info/trulia-estimates/)

Features -

- Crime map - Crime map data is sourced from CrimeReports.com and SpotCrime.com, which aggregate crime data from law enforcement agencies and news reports.
- Local schools with schools rating - Data of the schools around the premises with details such as Grades taught, GreatSchool Score.
- Commute times at a glance - Using data from OpenStreetMaps and General Transit Feed Specification (GTFS) feeds, the user can get an idea of commute times at a glance.[7]

### **3. QV.co.nz - QV homeguide**

Quotable Value (QV) provides independent and authoritative information on any home in New Zealand on or off the market [8] QV.co.nz and their mobile App QV homeguide is known to be providing more accurate values of real estate property and key details to assist people to make instant decisions regarding property. QV with CoreLogic, a company which analyzes information assets and data to provide clients with analytics and customized data services provide a range of reports valuable to the user.

Features - QV homeguide app

- Online Value Estimation - Provides the likely selling price of a property during that particular time
- Sales activity - Sales activity specific property found on the app
- Suburb Demographics - Median price data, Demographic data, Current listings, and latest auction results [9]
- E-Valuer Report - Subjected to a fee complete valuation report of the property can be downloaded.

### **4. HousePrice.ai**

Creating a methodology that would bring more sophisticated information, greater accuracy and analytical rigor to the United Kingdom (UK) residential property market is the motivation behind HousePrice.ai. Their proprietary model provides a combination of multi-disciplinary experiences of AI and Big Data to provide most accurate estimations. HousePrice.ai has Horizon app, which calculates capital, rental and gross development values for a single property or an entire portfolio. [10]

Features-

- Current and Future value prediction - Produces accurate property valuations both in the present time and can offer future predictions. Valuations are based on objective measurable values, creating a fact-based result as opposed to a subjective one [11]. This tool allows the user to adjust, add and remove factors within the surrounding areas to determine how external changes will affect property prices

- Distance to Schools, commutes etc.

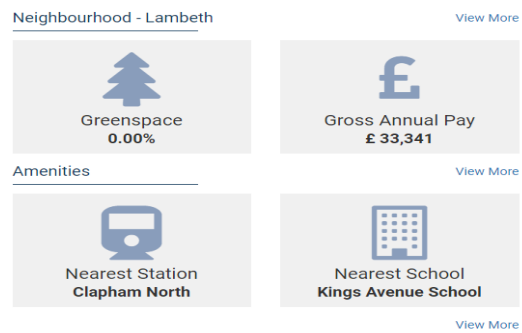


Figure 2.1 : Brief Neighbourhood analysis

Source : *Sample Valuation Report - HousePrice.ai* , *Horizon*, <https://myhorizon.io/valueReport>

- Historical data relevant to location

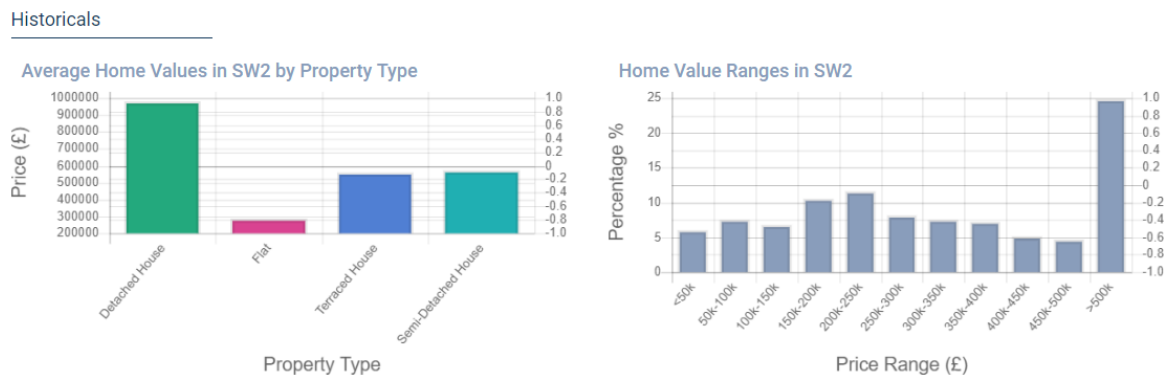


Figure 2.2: Historical Sales analysis

Source : *Sample Valuation Report - HousePrice.ai* , *Horizon* <https://myhorizon.io/valueReport>

### Comparison of Existing Systems for the features of Current Value predictor module

	Zillow	Trulia	QV- CoreLogic	HousePrice.ai	Our Product
Current Value Prediction	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Use of AI/ Machine Learning	Yes	Unknown	No	Yes	Yes
Future Value forecasting	For 12 months	No	Yes, with E-Valuer report	For 3 years	For 5 years
Future Development effects prediction	No	No	Yes	No	Yes
Available for Sri Lanka	No	No	No	No	Yes

Table 2.3: Comparison of existing systems



### 2.1.1 System interfaces

- The Application

The application must be hosted to be accessible by public. Users might access the system via desktop computer or a mobile device. Web application commonly use a combination of server-side script (python) and client-side script (Angular 6) to develop the application. Accessible for a range of devices, Adaptable to increased workload are some benefits of using web application.

- Database Access

Proposed database is intended to store , retrieve , update and manipulate information to system which includes,

- o Store historical data relevant to predictions provided by valuers
- o Retrieve data and feed the Artificial intelligence model

- GPS access

Acquire the current location

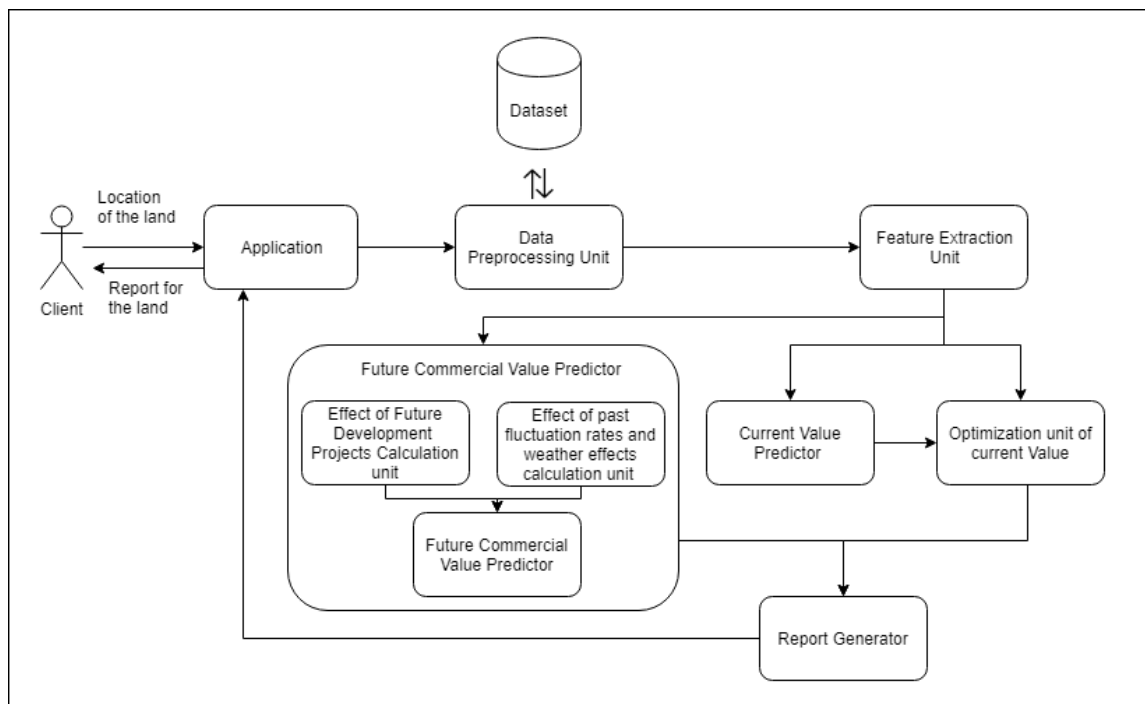


Figure 2.3: Architecture Diagram

## 2.1.2 User interfaces

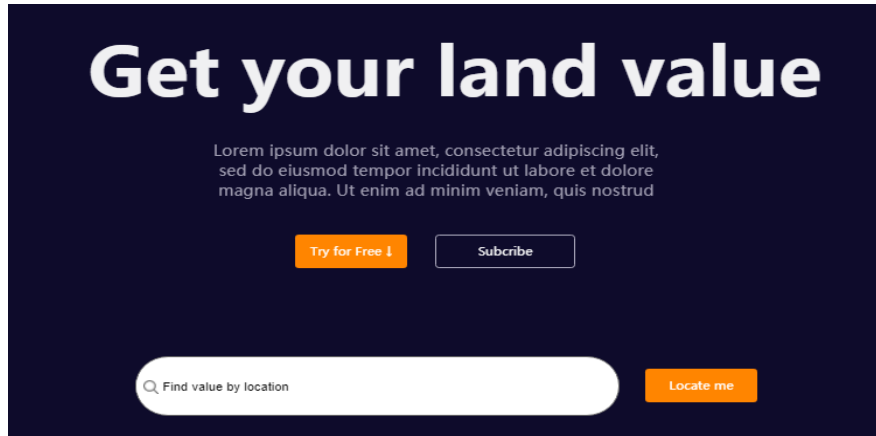


Figure 2.4 : Location input screen

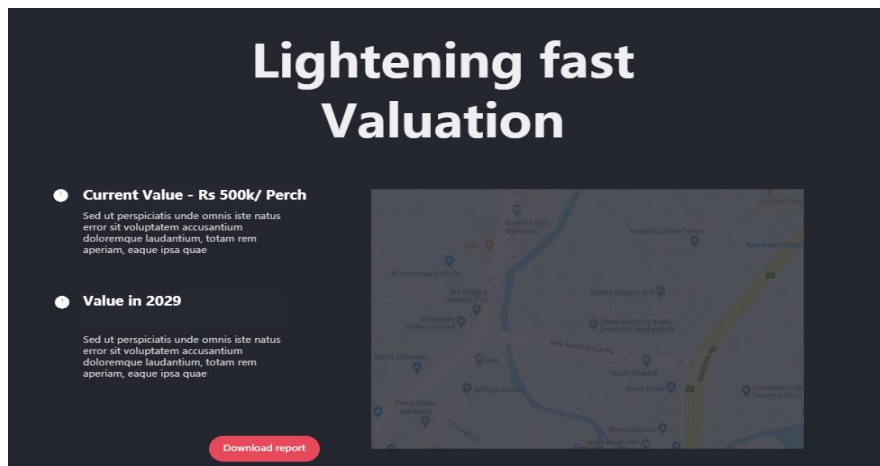


Figure 2.5 : Basic valuation output and download option

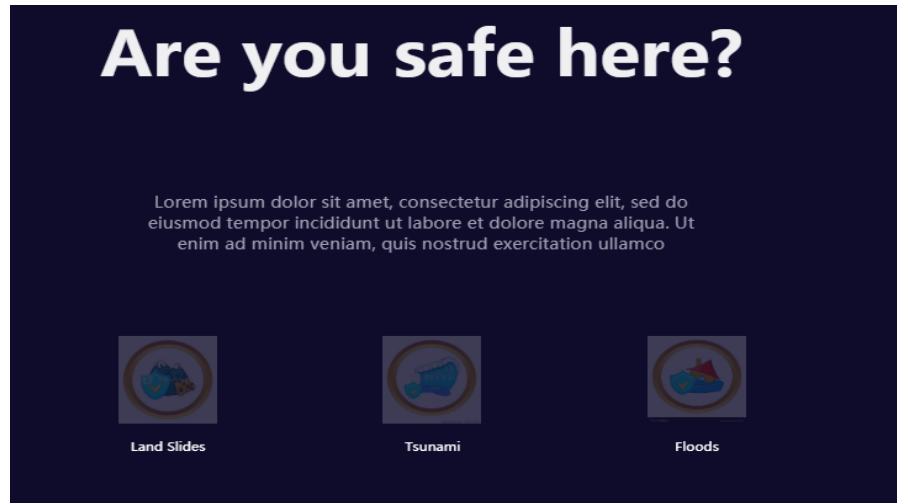


Figure 2.6: Information about possible natural hazards

### New Record

Extent of the land  
Total Value  
Boundary - North  
Boundary -South  
Boundary - East  
Boundary -West  
Nearest high-tension line  
Nearest air-plate

Location

Figure 2.7 : Input screen for data collection

About\*
Home
Services
Contact

Current value  
Apartment 15%  
Hospital 35%  
School 15%  
Transport 25%  
Shopping mall 10%

Keselwatta, colombo

☒ Hospital
☐ Apartment
☒ School
☐ Transport
☒ Shopping mall

☒
☐
☐
☐
☐

Figure 2.8 : Future value prediction

### **2.1.3 Hardware interfaces**

For clients we expect a smart mobile phone / tablet / laptop / desktop computer with minimum RAM of 2GB with web browser

For the developer end, we expect a computer with

- CPU: Quadcore Processor
- RAM: At least 8 GB
- Storage: 1 TB

### **2.1.4 Software interfaces**

- Application Tool

We use Android studio for develop our mobile application

- Database

For create our application we use MongoDB.

- Anaconda Navigator

We use Anaconda Navigator as the application launcher. It allows us to launch applications and easily manage conda packages, environments and channels without the need to use command line commands.

- Jupyter

Jupyter is an IDE we have used to develop our machine learning models and it is powerful interactive development environment for the Python language with advanced editing, interactive testing, debugging and introspection features.

### **2.1.5 Communication interfaces**

Internet connectivity is important, other than that this system does not use any communicational interfaces.

To create an internet connection between the client and server the device needs SIM card used for accessing the broad band network works using

- 3G standards like CDMA, HSPA
- 4G, 4G LTE, WCDMA are available with data transmission rate around 144 KB/per second and above.

### **2.1.6 Memory constraints**

The application will not be needed internal or external memory space in device to install application since it is web hosted. But, it will need some memory space for cache data and other data. Hence, it is expected to use no more than 16 MB of Ram and 20 MB of external storage.

### **2.1.7 Operations**

- Predict the current price of the selected land parcel.

This component is responsible for developing an AI model which predicts the current price of a land parcel upon submission of the location based on data gathered by analyzing those submitted by valuers and other key factors identified as significant to the area, following a non time-series based algorithm. One of our specific objectives is to test the accuracy of time-series algorithms and vice versa in the domain of land value prediction. Here the performance of ANN and RNN will be evaluated to analyze data and most accurate one will be used to make predictions.

- Predict the future price of the selected land parcel

### **2.1.8 Site adaptation requirements**

We consider that the content displayed under natural hazards to be customized according to the location since it is a significant factor which can give user an impression of the accuracy of the system at a glance.

## 2.2 Product functions

### 2.2.1 Use Case Diagram

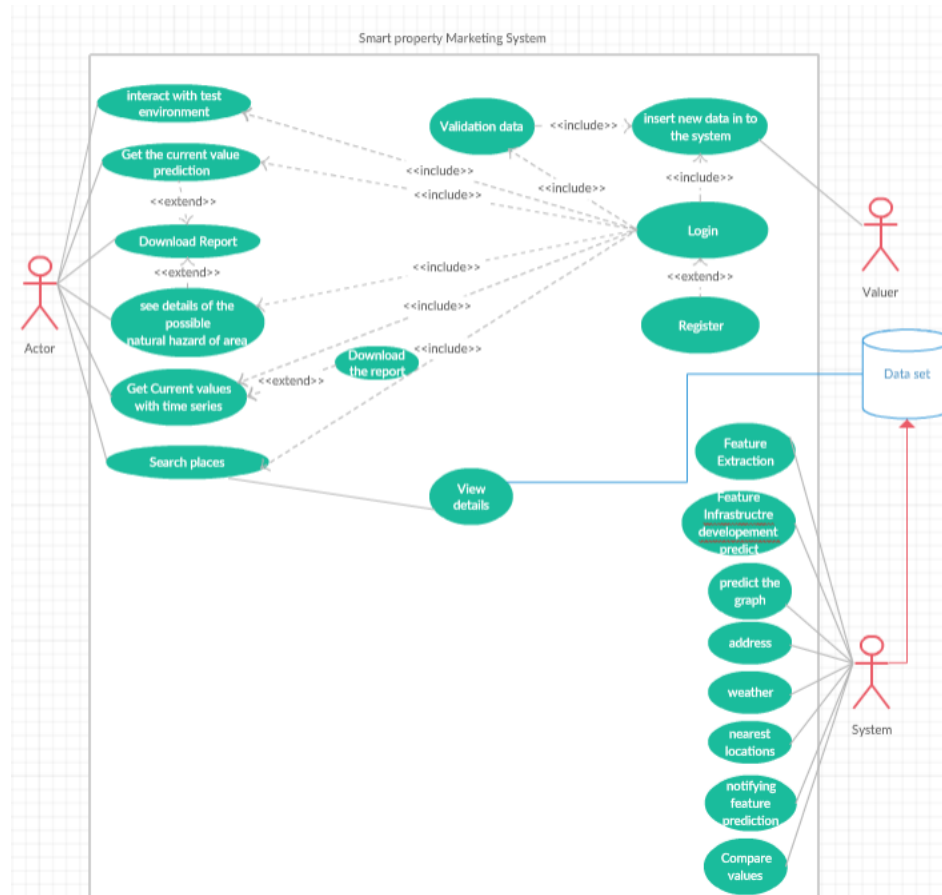


Figure 2.9 : Use case diagram

### 2.2.2 Use Case Scenarios

Use case name	Predicting current price using machine learning model
Actor	User (Buyer/ Land sale owner)
Precondition	User must be logged in
Flow of events	1.User input the location of the land by manually searching for landmarks of google map or locate me option to input current location 2. Get the valuations provided by the system 3. Download the report
Exceptions	If the user cannot log on to the application, user cannot see the predicted prices.
Post Condition	-

Use case name	Predicting possible natural hazards
Actor	User (Buyer/ Land sale owner)
Precondition	User must be logged in
Flow of events	1.User input the location of the land by manually searching for landmarks of google map or locate me option to input current location 2. Get the information of the possible natural hazards details provided by the system 3. Download the report
Exceptions	If the user cannot log on to the application, user cannot see the predictions
Post Condition	-

## **2.3 User characteristics**

Our application is mainly targeted for real-estate customers and owners of real estate companies. But any person can use this application. This intelligent tool can help people to identify the land they are willing to buy.

The forecast of the current value is the first service offered to the customer to decide if this plot of land is suitable for their needs. The terrain, because it is difficult to know manually the reliable average prices of the land that surrounds it, especially if the region is unknown.

Our second customer service provides forecasts of the future value of the land, as well as a report that indicates the effect of the development projects proposed in the area.

This proposed system would be of great help in making better property decisions, which is a huge investment and a very important decision in everyone's life.

## **2.4 Constraints**

1. The application is to be developed for the Colombo district at its initial stage. The scalability of the same to other districts of Sri Lanka is dependent on the availability of data.
2. Internet connectivity is needed to use the application
3. Data collected from professional valuers should be stored securely
4. System should be able to handle data traffic properly

## **2.5 Assumptions and dependencies**

- Wi-Fi or mobile data available in the device used all the time with sufficient bandwidth.
- Stakeholders have knowledge on using our application and familiar with English language.
- Data and information will be limited to Colombo district at this release

## **2.6 Apportioning of requirements**

The requirements described in sections 1 and 2 of this document are referred to as primary specifications; those in section 3 are referred to as requirements (or functional) specifications. The two levels of requirements are intended to be consistent. Inconsistencies are to be logged as



defects. In the event that a requirement is stated within both primary and functional specifications, the application will be built from functional specification since it is more detailed.

'Essential requirements' (referred to in section 3) are to be implemented for this version of E valuer.

'Desirable requirements' are to be implemented in this release if possible, but are not committed to by the developers. It is anticipated that they will be part of future release. 'Optional requirements' will be implemented at the discretion of developers.

## **3 SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS**

### **3.1 External interface requirements**

#### **3.1.1 User interfaces**

Previous section presents information oriented to the customer/user while section 3 is oriented to the developer.

It contains both content and format as follows:

- Name of item
- Description of purpose
- Source of input or destination of output
- Valid range, accuracy and/or tolerance
- Units of measure
- Timing
- Relationships to other inputs/outputs
- Screen formats/organization
- Window formats/organization
- Data formats

#### Login page

This page is the identification and authentication level of the developing mobile application. Here have to consider very sophisticated technology to login the page to identify which user is login and he can have rights to login the web application. This page has two fields which are username and password. Those fields should be match with database particular user column upon authentication or otherwise should display proper message to alert the user. If a user attempt to login is failed for three times that user should to wait some time to login next time.

## Main page

After a successful user login that user will be see the main page with our main input screen in order to input the location, the sole input we expect from the user to give the predictions. In the main page mainly a client oriented one where client does not need to wander through the application to get to the main functionality. Also, the administrator can access all features in the web application. These user interfaces might be subjected to changes depending on the customer requirements and developer concerns.

## View predictions and natural hazards components

Once the user input location , the above-mentioned components would appear in the same main page enabling section navigation. There should be an option to download the reports if user needed. Content of the report would be a collection of all the outputs of the systems arranged as expected by the client.

## Login page for valuers

This page is the identification and authentication level of the developing mobile application. Here have to consider very sophisticated technology to login the page to identify that user is using a valid valuer login and he can have rights to login the web application. This page has two fields which are username and password. Those fields should be match with database particular user column upon authentication or otherwise should display proper message to alert the user. If a user attempt to login is failed for three times that user should to wait some time to login next time.

## Insert new values

Once the logged in as a valuer , the above-mentioned link would appear in the same main page. There should be an option to view previous data provided by the user.

## View user profile

Once the logged in as a valuer , the above-mentioned link would appear in the same main page. User would be able to view and download complete report of the data fed to the system as the first step.

### **3.1.2 Hardware interfaces**

For the developer end, we expect a computer with

- CPU: Quadcore Processor
- RAM: At least 8 GB
- Storage: 1 TB

### **3.1.3 Software interfaces**

Developer End:

- Python (Numpy, Pandas, Matplotlib, scikit-learn)
- Anaconda distribution,
- Angular 6
- Google API
- Elasticsearch (Optional)

### **3.1.4 Communication interfaces**

Internet connectivity is important, other than that this system does not use any communicational interfaces.

To create an internet connection between the client and server the device needs SIM card used for accessing the broad band network works using

- 3G standards like CDMA, HSPA
- 4G, 4G LTE, WCDMA are available with data transmission rate around 144 KB/per second and above

## 3.2 Classes/Objects

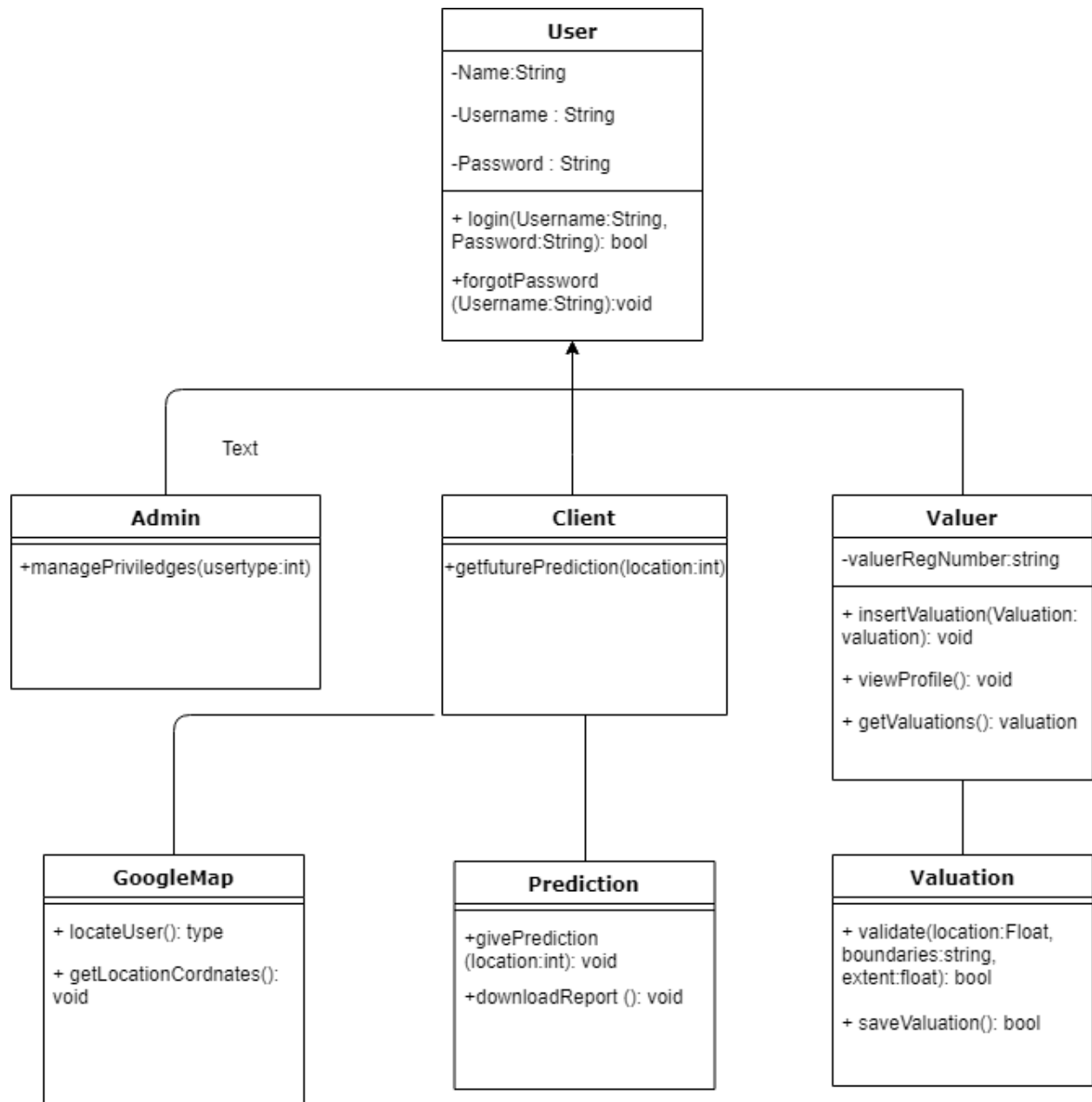


Figure 3.1 : Class diagram

### **3.3 Performance requirements**

This is used client-server architecture. Therefore, one or more than one person can use this application at the same time. System initially aimed to work with more concurrent users.

Performance requirements define acceptable response times for system functionality.

It takes no more than two seconds for the user interface screens to load.

Login information will be verified within five seconds.

Consultations should return results within five seconds.

The system consumes very little primary memory.

### **3.4 Design constraints**

Designers are free to create any (good) design that satisfies the requirements as well as to enhance the user experience considering the below mentioned facts.

- More than half of the people leave if the application doesn't load in three seconds
- Prepare your content before the design
- Knowing your target audience can help you decide
- Responsiveness of the design is the most important factor to be concerned regarding E-valuer

### **3.5 Software system attributes**

#### **3.5.1 Reliability**

System shall fail not more than once in 60 days since it is expected to have higher number of users once launched and constant failures can create unreliable opinion among users.

Two algorithms of two different approaches are tested to ensure the accuracy and reliability of the output provided. Data is not allowed to be false and corrupted.

#### **3.5.2 Availability**

This system we can use 24 hours. The server should be available 98% of the time. The web service should do parallel tasks without crashing 98% of the time.

### **3.5.3 Security**

System shall ask for user-name and password at the beginning. Passwords will be encrypted before saving. Session timeouts might be implemented.

Data provided by professionals will be stored in a private database with strict security measures preventing possible breaches.

### **3.5.4 Maintainability**

Prediction models are expected to change the weights and other factors considered as constant with the development of additional features.

All code shall be fully documented. Each function shall be commented with pre- and post-conditions. All program files shall include comments concerning authorship and date of last change.

The code should be modular, to permit future modifications.

## **3.6 Other requirements**

### **3.6.1 User-friendly**

Software interface that is easy to use. It is "friendly" to the user, meaning it is not difficult to learn or understand. Interface is not overly complex, but instead is straightforward, providing quick access to common features or commands.

### **3.6.2 Simplicity**

All the user's interfaces are designed in a simple manner to use the system without any confusion for visually impaired and other users.

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