Avoid Hard-Coding in Unit Tests



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Module Overview



- Use programming best practices
 - Constants
 - Settings file
 - Write output using TestContext property
 - Create a base test class

Best Practices

Don't hard code

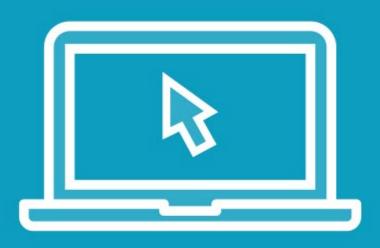
Use constants

Store data in setting files

Setup and tear down as close to each unit test as possible

Use comments

Use good variable and method names



Use constants

TestContext Property

TestContext Property

Create property
'TestContext' in all
your test classes

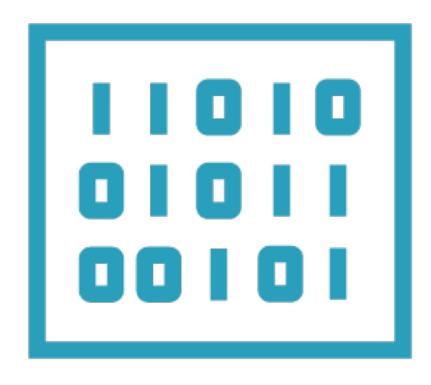
Automatically created by unit test framework

Property is set before each test is run

Useful in datadriven tests Useful for accessing test information

Useful for writing information into test

Properties



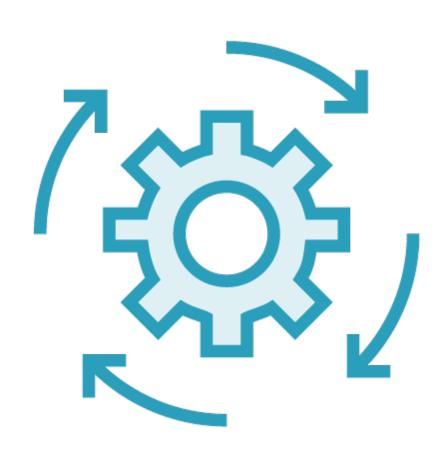
DataConnection

DataRow

DeploymentDirectory

TestName

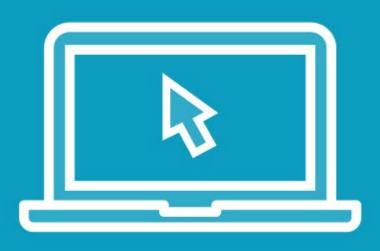
Methods



BeginTimer

EndTimer

WriteLine



TestContext property

Add Settings File

Add Settings File

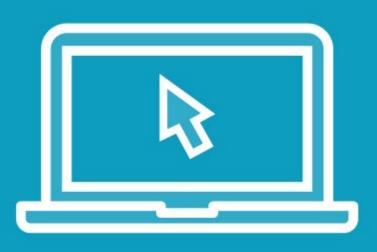
Add
MyClasses.runsettin
gs to unit test
project

Add <RunSettings> element

```
<Parameter name=
  "GoodFileName"
value=
"TestFile.txt" />
```

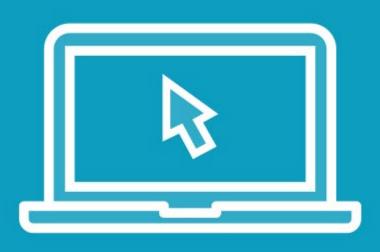
Set field in MyClassesTest class from config file

Use field in FileNameDoesExist test



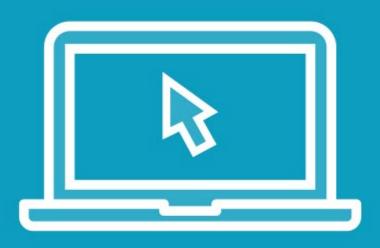
- Use a configuration file

Create/Delete File



- Create and delete file

Create Base Class



Create base test class

Module Summary



- Use good programming practices
- Use constants
- Create a TestContext property
- Use a settings file
- Setup and teardown in test
- Create a base test class
- Search for unit testing at www.pdsa.com/blog

Up Next: Initialization and Cleanup