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after to be born, he, and shall be, Denizens and Lieges of Us, our Heirs and Successors, of our Kingdoms of England and Ireland, and be in all Things well treated, regulated and governed, as the liege faithful People of Us, our Heirs and Successors, born within our Kingdom of England, and likewise any Lands, Tenements, Revenues, Services, and other Hereditaments whatsoever, within our Kingdom of England, and of our Dominions, may inherit, or otherwise purchase, receive, take, have, hold, buy and possess, and then may occupy and enjoy, give, sell, alien, and bequeath; as likewise, all Liberties, Franchises, and Privileges, of this our Kingdom of England, freely, quietly and peaceably have and possess, occupy and enjoy, as our liege People, born, or to be born, within our said Kingdom of England, without the Let, Molestation, vexation, Trouble, or Grievance of Us, our Heirs and Successors; any Statute, Act, Ordinance, or Provision, to the Contrary ther of, notwithstanding.

And further, our Pleasure is, and by these Presents, for Us, our Heirs and Successors, We do covenant and grant, to and with the said new Lord Baltimore, his Heirs and Assigns, that We, our Heirs and Successors, shall at no Time hereafter, sit or make, or Cause to be set, any Imposition, Custom, or other Taxation, Rate or contribution whatsoever, in or upon the Dwellers and Inhabitants of the aforesaid Province, for their Lands, Tenements, Goods or Chattels, within the said Province, or in or upon any Goods or Merchandizes, within the said Province, or to be laden or unladen within any Ports or Harbours of the said Province: And our Pleasure is, and for Us, our Heirs and Successors, We charge and command, that this our Declaration shall be benevolent, from Time to Time, received and allowed in all our Courts, and before all the Judges of Us, our Heirs and Successors, for a sufficient and lawful Discharge, Payment and Acquittance: Commanding all and singular our Officers and Ministers of Us, our Heirs and Successors, and enjoining them, upon Pain of our high Displeasure, that they do not presume, at any Time, to attempt any Thing to the Contrary of the Premises, or that they do, in any Sort, withstand the same; but that they be, at all Times, aiding and assisting, as is fitting, unto the said new Lord Baltimore, and his Heirs, and to the Inhabitants and Merchants of Maryland aforesaid, their Servants, Ministers, Factors and Assigns, in the full Use and Fruition of the Benefit of this Charter.

IV. Resolved, That it is the unanimous Opinion of this House, That the said Charter is declaratory of the constitutional Rights and Privileges of the Freemen of this Province.

V. Resolved unanimously, That Trials by Juries is the grand Bulwark of LIBERTY, the undoubted Birthright of Englishmen, and consequently of every British Subject in America: And that erecting other Jurisdictions for the Trial of Matters of Fact, is unconstitutional, and renders the Subject insecure in his Liberty and Property.

VI. Resolved, That it is the unanimous Opinion of this House, That it cannot, with any Truth or Propriety, be said, That the Freemen of this Province of Maryland, are represented in the British Parliament.

VII. Resolved unanimously, That his Majesty's liege People of this ancient Province, have always enjoyed the Right of being governed by Laws, to which they themselves have consented in the Articles of Taxes and internal Policy; and that the same hath never been forfeited, or any other way yielded up, but hath been constantly recognized by the King and People of Great Britain.

VIII. Resolved, That it is the unanimous Opinion of this House, That the Representatives of the Freemen of this Province, in their Legislative Capacity, together with the other Part of the Legislature, have the sole Right to lay Taxes and Impositions on the Inhabitants of this Province, or their Property and Effects. And that the laying, imposing, levying or collecting, any Tax on or from the Inhabitants of Maryland, under Colour of any other Authority, is unconstitutional, and a direct Violation of the Rights of the Freemen of this Province.