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Abstract

This is the template for L^AT_EX users; we also have a Word template available, so feel free to use that if you're not into L^AT_EX. All submissions to PiHP should aim to follow the formatting set out in this template precisely, as there is no separate typesetting phase. Most styles in this template have been set up to insert the necessary white space where needed. You should use the styles that are provided in this template consistently to ensure that your submission is quickly processed. Do not change the margins or header/footer properties, including the material on this first page (such as volume, page numbers and DOI), which we will update when your submission is ready. Make sure to look at the user customization part of the preamble to this `.tex` source to change titles, running headers, bibliography etc. All the packages used here should be available in a recent version of T_EXLive. All articles should include an abstract in this position, of no more than 200 words.

1 Heading level 1

The first paragraph under all headings will not be indented.¹ The font for everything is Cambria — use XeL^AT_EX to compile the document to achieve this. Cambria should hopefully have all the transcription symbols that you will need, but if you have any problems using symbols, get in touch (pihph@mlist.ed.ac.uk). Use normal phonological conventions when transcribing: [skwe] brackets for surface/narrow transcriptions

¹ This is a footnote example

and /slant d/ brackets for underlying/broad transcriptions. It's fine to use either IPA conventions (e.g., /t , , j, y/) or Americanist conventions (e.g., /č, , y, ü/), but if there is any possibility of ambiguity or if you need to use a non-conventional symbol, you should explain what it stands for.

All paragraphs other than the first in a section will be indented by 0.7cm. Make sure that you use the shaftless arrow '→' for diachronic correspondences. The shafted arrow '→' (or `\rightarrow`) should be used for synchronic derivations. Use 'smart quotation marks', not 'straight quotation marks' (we recommend the csquotes package, as in this template). Either British or American English spelling is fine, as long as you are consistent. It is crucial that you spellcheck and carefully proofread your piece before submission. Use a hyphen '-' only to join together two parts of a compound (as in 'affrico-palatalisation'). For number ranges (as in '1999–2002'), use an en dash '—'. For all other purposes, use an em dash '—'.

1.1 Heading level 2

Quotations of under 25 words should be included in the running text 'as a wise person once said' (with an associated full reference, including page numbers). All references should follow the normal Author (date, page number) system. Longer quotations should be set out as follows.

This is the format for a quotation of 25 words or more, with indentation of 0.7 cm throughout the quotation on both sides and a font size of 10 points (this is set up in the template) and a reference in the text above it, unless there is a good reason to give the reference elsewhere.

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(1) / zámpl/ [zámpl] 'example'

(2) a. /tu e/ [t e] 'two a'
b. /tu bi/ [t bi] 'two b'



Figure 1: Caption

If you need to include translations for examples, use single quotation marks. Do not use bold or underlining anywhere in an article (apart from where required by the template in headings and the like). Use italics for linguistic examples in the running text, for the titles of publications and for any kind of emphasis. If you encounter any problems with setting out your examples and similar things, contact us for advice (pihph@mlist.is.ed.ac.uk).

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2 Bibliography and citations

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To cite a reference, you can use the standard pandoc syntax @blust2009 for a citation without parentheses, as in Blust (2009), and [@blust2009] with parenthesis (Blust 2009).

These are other examples: Ramsammy & Strycharczuk (2016: p. 287), (but see Sen 2016; Bermúdez-Otero 2015). Goldsmith is a relevant reference (1990), although we should not forget Hyman (1975).

3 Conclusion

The following sections show the kinds of things that you might include at the end of your paper. Use the `\section*` to produce unnumbered sections.

Comments invited

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Acknowledgements

Include any acknowledgements in an unnumbered section here, rather than in a footnote early in the paper.

Associated material

If you would like to post any data sets, statistical data, scripts or similar material that links to your article, you can include a description of it all at the end of the paper.

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