

MASTERS PROJECT

LeapMotion for Kids

Author:

Christopher DESCH

Supervisor:

Dr. Jerry FAILS

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LeapMotion for Kids

by

Christopher DESCH

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Project Sponsor: Dr. Jerry Alan Fails

Committee Member: Dr. Angel Gutierrez

Committee Member: Dr. John Jenq

MONTCLAIR STATE UNIVERSITY

Abstract

Department of Computer Science

Masters of Computer Science

LeapMotion for Kids

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The LeapMotion Technology presents a new way of interacting with a computer system alternative to the customary keyboard and mouse interface. The goal of the project was to discover whether or not an alternative, "hands off" interface has the possibility of being as successful and reliable as the keyboard and mouse interface. The purpose of this paper is to describe the development process of building an application for this new interface in order to highlight the capabilities of the new interface. The application was designed by KidsTeam through cooperative inquiry techniques for the LeapMotion.

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Abbreviations

API	Application Programming Interface
HUD	Heads Up Display
SDK	Software Developer Kit
RAD	Rapid Application Development
USB	Universal Serial Bus

Chapter 1

Overview

1.1 Introduction

For decades, the keyboard and mouse have been the standard interface mechanisms of input for computer systems. Their legacy is apparent in the applications that have been designed with the purpose of maximizing their efficiency and effectiveness. However, as technology advances, new mechanisms have been created in the hopes of making interactions with computer systems less rigid. While the keyboard and mouse interface are less physically demanding on the body in order to carry out commands, they do not allow for an expressive range of motion. The keyboard and mouse are only expressive in two dimensions as they are limited to up, down or right, left movements of the mouse across a computer screen. The keyboard is even less expressive than the mouse as the user must use key strokes to carry out commands, thus making the mouse slightly more fluid in motion than the keyboard but not by much. The interfaces have stayed relatively the same despite advances in computer software and hardware. With the advent of tablets and smart devices, the envelope had been pushed in terms of what could be considered "effective" means of input for a computer system. These devices allow for a user to carry out a command with a simple stroke of their finger directly on the screen of their computer system, thus making the command more expressive than the traditional keyboard and mouse interface. The devices with touchscreen capabilities



FIGURE 1.1: Interacting with the LeapMotion. [1]

have opened the door for opportunities to create a fresh interface. A new interface may have the ability to replace the use of a keyboard and mouse or augment the way we interact with digital information while offering an even greater, more expressive range of motion to the user in a more "hands-off" capacity. The term "hands-off" referring to the fact that the keyboard and mouse interface as well as the touchscreen interface both require the user to literally be touching a device of some sort in order to carry out a command. However, certain interface technologies were created with the intention of never having to place one's hands on a device.

With these ideas in mind, the project set out with the simple goal of developing an application for children by children using an interface with these specifications. The interface chosen was LeapMotion.

1.2 LeapMotion

The LeapMotion is a small device that can fit in the palm of your hand which sits in front of a monitor as seen in Figure 1.1 and captures motion in 3 cubic feet of space using a pair of cameras. The small cameras triangulate the positions of hands, fingers and tools in their relative space between the LeapMotion and the monitor relaying accurate position

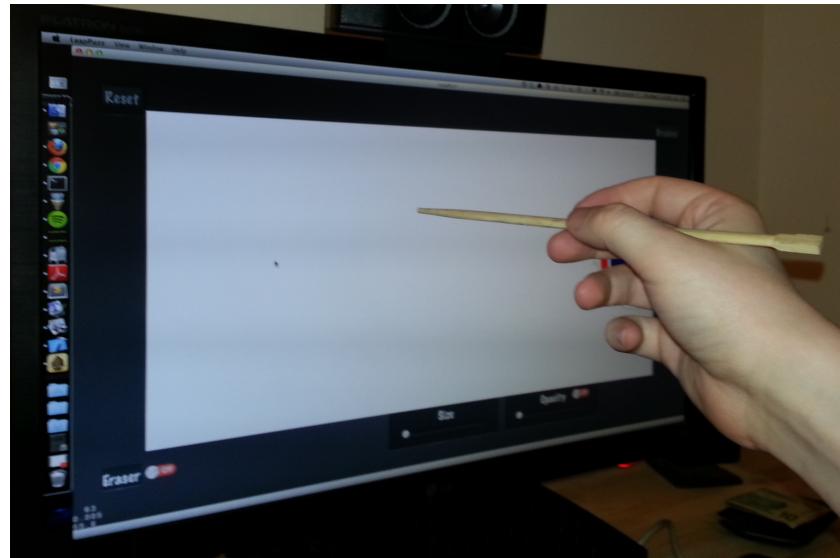


FIGURE 1.2: Using a chopstick as a pointer

and velocity data in real time. The data can then be used to control the application by driving the user interface of the system. [3]

This type of interaction with the computer system is different from the traditional keyboard and mouse because it does not require any physical contact with objects connected to the system and has the ability to sense a much wider range of input. The LeapMotion is also expressive in three dimensions as opposed to two.

In this paper and throughout the project we refer to a finger or tool interacting with LeapMotion as a "pointer¹." The tool can be any object is "stick-like" such as a pen, pencil or chopstick. Throughout this project a chopstick was mostly used as seen in Figure 1.2 as the preferable tool. Initially it was intended for the application to track fingers although through development and testing it was found that tracking fingers was not as reliable as rigid tool. Tracking was less reliable for the childrens smaller sporadically moved hands.

¹The documentation refers to this as a "pointable"

1.3 Project Scope

Although we wanted to test if the keyboard and mouse could be replaced by the LeapMotion, we recognized that there are some functions that would not be possible without such an interface as the keyboard and mouse. Tasks that require the user to type large amounts of information, such as data entry or word processing, are two such examples of exceptions we will not be focusing on in this project. The focus, therefore, would be on some of the other functions the keyboard may serve such as switching applications which can be performed by the keyboard shortcut ALT + TAB or with a mouse. The LeapMotion might be able to replace this functionality with a wave of a hand indicating to switch the applications automatically in carousel.

Chapter 2

Development Methodology

This project differed from traditional software development projects in that children participate in the process of designing the interactions and applications that were created. In pursuing and developing this research project, I worked with KidsTeam which is an intergenerational design team directed by Dr. Jerry Alan Fails where children and adult researchers work together as design partners in a collaborative and elaborative process. The children affiliated with this particular group participated in the application's design process. Because of this collaboration, the project's development process was different from the traditional projects in the way the phases were performed and required a very flexible model of development.

2.1 KidsTeam

The KidsTeam is a group of eight children ages 6 to 11, male and female, directed by Dr. Jerry Alan Fails at Montclair State University. The group meets twice a week for one and a half hour (4-5:30pm) sessions over the course of a semester. During that time, the KidsTeam worked on various projects which were facilitated by Dr. Fails along with several undergraduate and graduate students. The objective is to leverage the children's natural capacity for divergent thinking in a collaborative environment to develop an application for the LeapMotion. In order to achieve an optimal outcome, the professor



FIGURE 2.1: Reviewing the sticky notes using a spatial graph on a white board for easy comparison and analysis.

and students created a community of respect and rapport. The purpose is to create a safe space where the children felt free to explore and share their ideas. Therefore, it is imperative that the atmosphere remain relaxed. The atmosphere is purposefully not like school, and measures are taken to equalize the power structures that are generally inherent in adult-child relationships and instead build a relationship of mutual respect and trust, thus facilitating a fluid working relationship.

KidsTeam creates a dialog when designing and developing an application between the developers and the users by building off each others ideas. This intergenerational design team collaborates by exchanging ideas and giving opportunities to enhance every aspect of the application.

2.2 Collaboration Techniques

Several techniques were implemented in order to aid the development process. These techniques were chosen for their means to foster a community of cooperative inquiry where the children felt encouraged to contribute design ideas freely. [4][5]

2.2.1 Sticky Notes

Each child was given a pad of Post-It notes¹. During activities which required comment, as the children played with the cubes, the children would write comments on the PostIt notes². These comments were categorized into like, dislike, or design idea and then stuck to the white board. A facilitator would then organize the notes based on the category and

¹Small square of paper with adhesive on reverse side.

²One comment per sticky note.

the comment content to resemble a spatial graph where similar comments are grouped closer together, while outlying comments are spread farther apart. Comments relating to a specific function or component are arranged into the same row while the category of the comment will determine the column. At the end of the session the observer debriefs with the children about the session by reviewing the comments arranged on the white board and having the children comment about the session overall. This time allows for the observer and the children to summarize the session, gives the children extra time to comment and provide more specific feedback, and permits the observer to further clarify a child's reasoning for making certain comments. The result is a frequency analysis as seen in Figure 2.1 which feedback can be turned into specifications for the next design cycle. [6][7]

2.2.2 Bags of Stuff

Each child is given a Bag of Stuff that contains a variety of arts and crafts supplies such as Popsicle sticks, felt, construction paper, markers, etc. The children are then given a design concept by the observer and asked to use these materials to construct that concept. As the children build, they must explain in their own words how their concept works while the observer takes notes. [6][7]

2.2.3 Storyboarding

The children are split into groups. The groups were chosen at random and did not remain intact from session to session. Each group then receives one large piece of construction paper. They will use the paper, sticky notes, and markers to draw their particular game concept sequence of events. Any actions or changes in a scene must be drawn in the order that they occur. The children must use arrows to delineate the progression of events. In order to make sure their ideas are conveyed clearly, the children are asked to be as descriptive as possible while facilitators take notes as the children work. [6][7]

2.3 Development Model

Working with KidsTeam required a lot of flexibility in the development process and is why Rapid Application Development (RAD) model³ for software development was chosen as the best fit model for this project. The RAD model uses rapid prototyping⁴ and continuous iterative cycles which allowed for testing with KidsTeam on a weekly basis. Each session with the KidsTeam generated new requirements and fixes to be implemented within tight time constraints prior to the next session.

The model centered around five phases: Specification, Design, Code, Test and Review as seen in Figure 2.2 constituting a full cycle. Changes in the specification were then implemented and reflected in the application prototypes ready for the next session. Each session with KidsTeam marked the end of current cycle and start of the next in the development process. [8][9]

The children were most heavily involved in the specifications, design, test and review phases in each of the nine sessions. Some parts of the design and testing were done independently of the children but mostly consisted of elaborating on either their designs and ideas or were performed to ensure the application was stable enough for testing with the children.

2.3.1 Specification

The specification is the set of requirements for the application's functional components and use cases. This includes what the application must be able to do and defines the parameters the application must operate within.

³Iterative or incremental development process resembling an evolutionary pattern.

⁴Rapid Prototyping will produce a quick mockup for testing in each cycle.

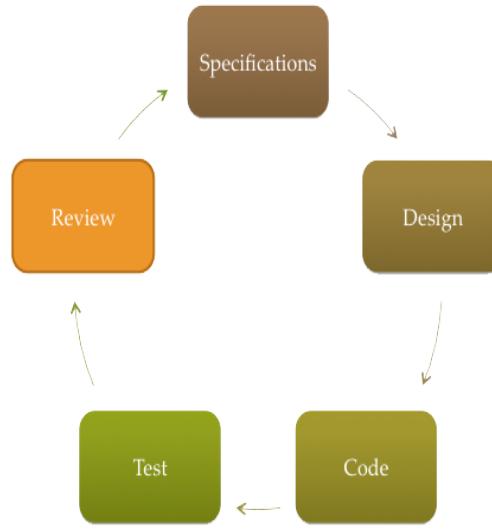


FIGURE 2.2: Rapid Application Development cycle [9]

2.3.2 Design

The design takes the specification and frames a way to implement them in the next phase of coding. Designing the application design includes the interface design and application architecture into components that will fulfill the specification requirements.

2.3.3 Code

Coding is the process of taking the design and implementing it into functional units of code that run the application.

2.3.4 Test

Includes writing test cases for the functional code and debugging issues within the code such that the application meets the requirements in the specification. This process was done by the developer.

KidsTeam performed fullstack testing. *[expand upon]*

2.3.5 Review

After testing was performed by KidsTeam, the children provided direct feedback via one of the collaboration techniques. [expand upon]

2.4 Progress Updates

Throughout the course of the project updates were posted on a wiki and on youtube. Each wiki update summarized the session with the children including goals, observations and new requirements taken from the session along with pictures of the session. Videos posted on youtube mostly described major changes within the application itself and intermediate project updates.

Source code was kept in a public github repository⁵ along with the project documentation. Any additional project documents were kept here.

⁵Due to the number of prototypes, the repositories were later consolidated into one repository.

Chapter 3

Design and Development

Throughout the project nine session were spent with KidsTeam. The initial sessions with the KidsTeam centered mostly around the introduction of the LeapMotion. The purpose was to help the children become comfortable with the technology through both brief explanation of how it works and independent exploration. It was important that the children spent time interacting with the technology as early on in the sessions as possible. The more comfortable the children were with using the LeapMotion, the more realistic their creations could be for the interface.

Later sessions focused on reviewing and improving the application. The application will not be able to make too many drastic design or architectural changes in these later phases.

3.1 Session 1: Introduction and Brainstorm

This first session with the children started with brainstorming ways to use a computer system or control an application without a keyboard and mouse and only using their hands. Using the Bags of Stuff [2.2.2](#) exercise the children explored designing applications that could only be controlled using gestures.

The children developed several application and game ideas including Pong, Fruit Ninja, Temple Run, Virtual Pet, Internet Explorer, Paint and Maps. The applications were accompanied by many controlling gestures such as a chopstick with button, waving, grabbing, pointing, dragging, pull and release¹, scratching and striking.

Afterward the children were allowed to play with a LeapMotion visualizer of the LeapMotion at the end of the session. The visualizer is 3d rendering of what the LeapMotion detects in realtime.

3.2 Session 2: Testing Breakout and Designing a Paint Application

The children tested a simple BreakOut game which allowed them to interact with the LeapMotion with an application and get a feeling of how it works. With that experience the children were then tasked with designing a painting application that can draw, choose colors and brushes only using gestures to control the interface of their application using the storyboarding [2.2.3](#) technique.

Along with the interface the children came up with several gestures in controlling a variety of user interface controls but most of the gesture controls relied on techniques similar to the way a mouse would function in picking up, dragging and dropping an icons on the screen. Other designs required an action to be performed while pointing at the targeted user interface control indicating a beginning action or ending action² instead of waving of a hand, drawing a figure eight in the air or a slashing motion.

3.3 Gesture Design Challenges

The immediate challenge that faced gestures requiring beginning and ending triggers is how to interpret when each trigger takes place to perform the action. In the mouse and touch screen interfaces the typical design paradigm consists of a beginning action,

¹Similar to the bird launching interface in Angry Birds

²begin and end actions

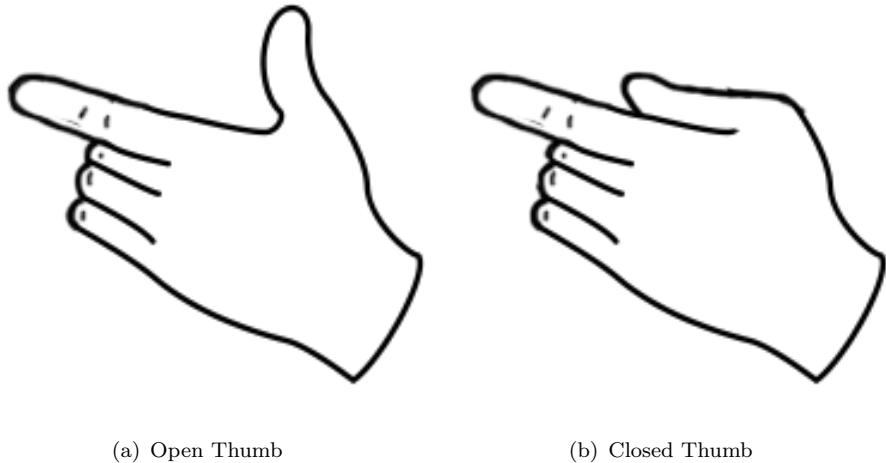


FIGURE 3.1: Hand triggering actions

intermediate action and ending action respectively representing the state in which the input is currently in.

TABLE 3.1: Apple Mac OS X and iOS Application Programming Interface for standard methods of input [2]

Action	OS X	iOS
Begin	MouseDown	TouchesBegan
Moved	MouseDragged	TouchesMoved
End	MouseUp	TouchesEnded
Alternate	–	TouchesCancelled

With the LeapMotion there was no standard way of detecting when each action is to be performed. With this challenge the children came up with the concept of using two fingers to indicate when an action would be performed. Using the thumb as the control mechanism to indicate the action state to be performed and the index finger to indicate the targeted interface control to act upon, the interface control could be triggered based on its functionality. The gesture consisted of pulling the thumb flush to the hand while pointing at the user interface control to begin the action and releasing the thumb to indicate the end of the action. With this simple system the a gesture could perform a BeginAction, MovedAction, and EndAction on user interface controls.

Use case include some of the following control operations

- Icon Movement pulling the thumb flush to the hand would trigger the BeginAction "pickup" the icon and start dragging it on the screen. The icon could then be placed anywhere on the screen until releasing icon and "dropping" at that position by moving the thumb to a relaxed position no longer flush with the hand performing the EndAction.
- Selecting a color. The BeginAction would present a popover that would remain open while the user pointed at the desired color until the EndAction. The EndAction would select the color that was pointed at when triggered.
- Radio Buttons. A quick BeginAction and EndAction trigger while pointing at the radio button would change the state of the selected item.

3.3.1 Implementation Challenges

In concept this idea seemed to be an ideal and natural way of interacting with the system but faced several challenges. When the thumb became flush with the hand the LeapMotion could no longer detect it as a finger. Additionally, there were several instances of occlusion occurring, for example when the hand was positioned with the thumb pointing upward the line of sight from the camera to the thumb was blocked. This unique challenge was difficult because the thumb could not be accounted for in all cases. An option might be to use the thumb's absence as a trigger although this is prone to many false positives³ when the user's hands were on the boarder line of the LeapMotions visibility range or has lost track of the thumb due to occlusion⁴. Reversing the actions and performing the opposite gesture did not feel natural. Holding the thumb closely to the rest of the hand is not relaxed state and also did not mimic the act of grasping something or triggering an action as people are more commonly used to.

³False positive indicates a given condition is present when it is not.

⁴Occlusion occurs when the a surface is hidden by blocking the line of sight.

3.3.2 Unity 3D Engine Testing

Touching two or more fingers together rendered them not recognizable by the LeapMotion and thus would not allow pinch gesture to be used. Alternatives might be calculating when two fingers are close to each other although the LeapMotion cannot differentiate the fingers into which is the index, middle, ring, pinky, and thumb fingers. The application would have to assume any two fingers were performing the gesture and would not allow for the natural separation between fingers unless all fingers were kept folded tight into the hand until needed.

To observe this behavior a separate project was setup using the Unity 3D Engine to track the different pointers and their interactions in 3D space.[\[10\]](#)

It was clear after some lengthy prototyping and testing that some of the gestures developed by the children would not be possible and also raised some preliminary speculations that the LeapMotion may only be supplemental in its role except when in application specific situations. Different methods of interacting with these types of controls would need to be developed or would rely on the keyboard and mouse for their functionality.

3.4 Session 3: Interface Controls

Common user interface controls were printed out and the children were tasked with brainstorming how they might use LeapMotion to control the widgets or design their own widget that can reproduce the functionality. The user interface controls that we focused on included performing the following tasks were: buttons, drop downs, color palettes, check boxes, radio, buttons, sliders, toggles, steppers, wheels, trees and tabs.

The children did not come up with many new ways of interacting with the user interface controls or developing their own. The main method of interaction focused on pointing to the interface control triggering it using a hand signal with their fingers. The wheel controls could be controlled with flicking motions and dialogs could be dismissed with a wave indicating that the user is finished with the form. Selecting from a list could be done with a list in a carousel view style [3.4\(a\)](#) where each of the items could be panned

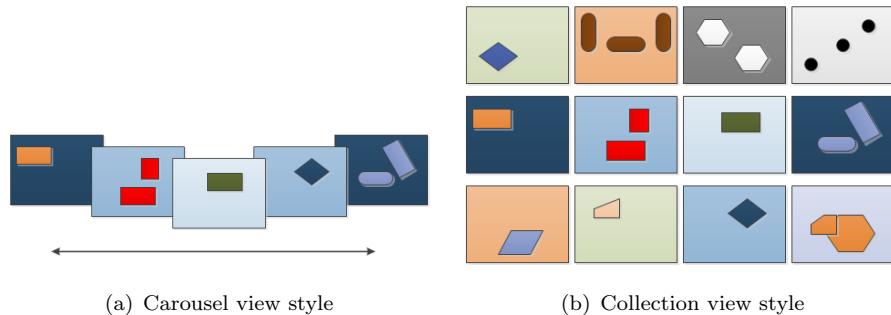


FIGURE 3.2: Carousel view style maybe zoomed out using a pinch and pull gesture to a collection view.

through by waving or zoomed out into a collection view style 3.4(b) of items using pinch and pull gestures.

Observation of this session reinforced the suspicion that the LeapMotion may not be able to take a role as a dedicated device but as a supplemental device to the mouse and keyboard. Interface controls would also require more space between each other and to be of a larger size allowing for a margin of error. Feasible options may include iOS style of modal dialogs which take primary focus until the user is completed with the control.

3.5 Session 4: Testing a drawing application

Demonstration and hands on testing of a prototype drawing application developed based on the specifications the children had designed in the previous. The children provided feedback using the sticky notes exercise 2.2.1 review technique.

The one requirement that stood out the most early on was the necessity for a Heads Up Display (HUD) which would track where the pointer is pointing on the screen and also display and interact with the pointer. Additional features might include motion streaks or gesture animations to provide visual confirmation of the action being performed or help the user track where the pointer has been.

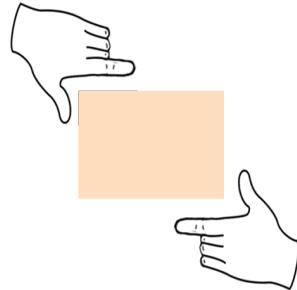


FIGURE 3.3: Indicating the size of a box by specifying two opposing corners with 'L' shape between the index and thumb fingers.

3.6 Session 5: Designing Gestures

The children were given some sample gestures and asked to design a way of using the gestures or generate their own for using Microsoft Paint application using the story-boarding 2.2.3 technique. The sample gestures were turning, tapping, swiping and hand wave. Gestures developed by the children were fairly consistent to previous session in pointing to a user interface control and selecting it to perform the action. In the group discussion an idea to use two fingers on two hands to draw the bounds of the box was generated. The finger tips could either represent each of the four corners of the box or two opposing corners by making an 'L' shape as seen in Figure 3.3.

This session reinforced the idea that the LeapMotion cannot be a dedicated device but a supplemental device.

3.7 Session 6: Testing

The children were tasked with testing the painting prototype application dubbed Leap-Paint using the sticky notes exercise 2.2.1 review technique. This early prototype focused on adding a HUD to display the cursor and did not have all of the features in the initial requirements. Testing was focused on the interactions with the cursor. While not testing they designed their own brushes, shapes and tools to be included in the next iteration of the tool. The overall consensus from this session was to implement better accuracy of the tool which required redesigning how the coordinate systems were translated from LeapMotion space into the application.

3.8 Session 7: Testing

The children were tasked with testing the painting application with the fixes based on the last session and providing feedback using the sticky notes [2.2.1](#) review technique. The new features focused on testing in the application were changing colors, erasing and an experimental method of triggering the drawing action.

The two different drawing actions were tested with one using the space bar to indicate when to begin drawing. The other used the Z axis of the LeapMotion to begin drawing when breaking a certain plane of depth toward the screen. Children could switch between the modes by pressing the '1' key for space bar mode and the '2' for depth mode and compare each of them.

After testing the children noted that it was difficult to determine where the plane was that would start and stop the drawing actions using the depth mode. The space bar mode seemed to be the preferable option of the two.

To help the children determine whether they were drawing or not a ring indicator would later be added to show when drawing and not drawing around the cursor by changing from green to red. Additionally the depth mode's flat plane along the Z and X axis would have to be calculated as a concave shape for better performance since painting near the edges of the drawing required moving the arm slightly further toward the screen than required in the center.

3.9 Session 8: Testing

The children were tasked with testing the painting application for the last time using the sticky notes [2.2.1](#) review technique. Testing for new features which included a depth opacity control. The opacity of the brush would become greater the closer the pointer was to the monitor simulating how a paintbrush or marker makes a darker line when pressed harder to paper.



FIGURE 3.4: Drawings done by hand (top left), in Microsoft Paint (top right), on the iPad (bottom left) and with the LeapMotion (bottom right)

The children preferred the method of using depth to control the opacity over performing the manual adjustments with the mouse.

3.10 Session 9: Usability Comparison

The last session compared the LeapPaint application with three different methods of drawing with different interfaces. The children were given the task of drawing the same picture of their choice on each system. Each child was given 10 minutes of time to attempt to reproduce a drawing by hand drawing using markers, Microsoft Paint using a mouse and keyboard, SimpleDraw on the iPad's touch interface and with LeapPaint using the LeapMotion.

The resulting drawings were mixed in comparison but showed that the drawing ability in the application may be related to the amount of time the child has had using the application. Drawing comparisons can be seen in Figure 3.4 by two different children.

Chapter 4

Application Architecture

The changing requirements caused architecture to change several times over the course of the project as components were first prototyped then tested.

4.1 Prototyping

The initial prototypes included HelloWorld¹ application and simple game of BreakOut. HelloWorld and Breakout were both prototyped with the Cocos2d game engine because of the game engines ability to allow quick control over game objects. [11]

4.1.1 HelloWorld

The HelloWorld application tracked blocks across the screen using input data from the LeapMotion animating the interface. This application served as starting point for working with the LeapMotion SDK and also as a way of testing input received from the LeapMotion and resolving it to the coordinate space within the application. This code became a boiler plate interface to working with LeapMotion SDK later on in the project.

¹HelloWorld is commonly a testbed to ensure the build environment and external libraries build correctly

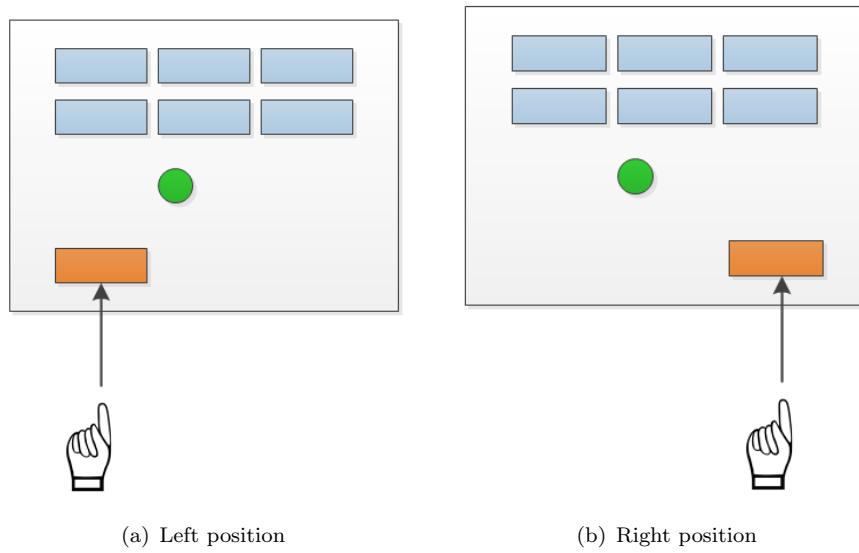


FIGURE 4.1: Left to right paddle control in breakout using the hand position relative to the screen

4.1.2 BreakOut

Furthering the HelloWorld application and testing the LeapMotion capabilities a simple game of BreakOut² was adapted for using the LeapMotion as the control mechanism for the paddle. This application was used in Session 2 3.2 with the children to show sample interactions of a complete system.

This prototype also showed through observation with the children how different methods of calculating the coordinates on the screen might be accomplished. The first method takes the position of the pointer in its coordinate space and translates it the coordinate space in the application as shown in Figure 4.1 despite the orientation of the pointer. The second method uses a vector pointing from the tip of the pointer and finds where that vector intersects with the screen as seen in Figure 4.2. Between the two methods the second method of finding the intersection on the screen appeared to be most natural.

²The breakout game was pre-built sample code[12]

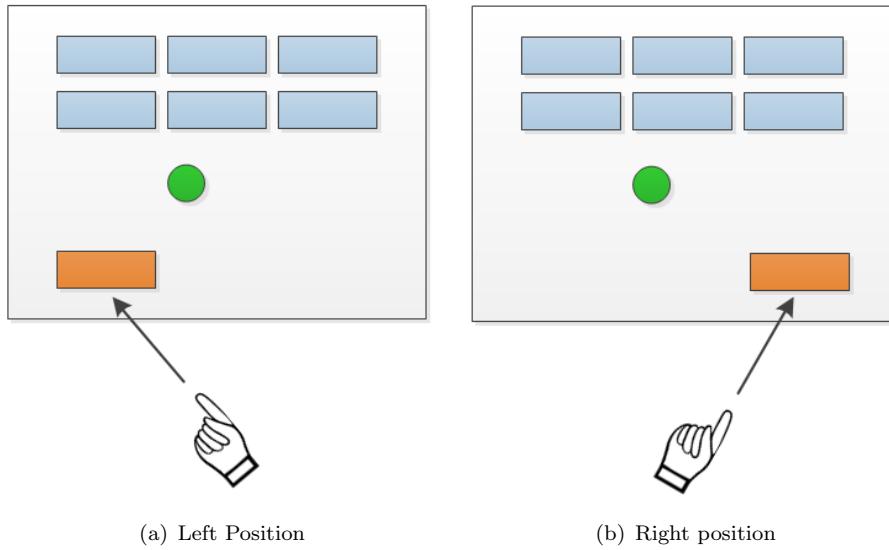


FIGURE 4.2: Left to right paddle control in Breakout using the pointer intersection with the screen

4.1.3 Unity

One of the main gestures in the requirements used fingers to indicate beginning and ending actions as part of the gesture. Attempting to model these gestures required a 3D environment that could show multiple pointer interactions with game objects which was not possible with Cocos2d. The LeapMotion SDK provided a API with Unity 3D Game Engine which could perform the modeling required to begin recognizing the gestures. It was through this prototype that it was found that the LeapMotion would not be able to detect fingers touching each other³. [10]

4.1.4 Quartz 2D

The Cocos2d engine is not designed particularly for drawing and rendering textures to images. Apples Quartz 2D and Cocoa libraries are well suited for this task providing a large array of built in functionalities. These libraries were used to create the prototype drawing application using some of the boilerplate code from the earlier Helloworld 4.1.1

³A later released visualizer in the LeapMotion SDK would show the same result.

and Breakout [4.1.2](#) prototypes. The boilerplate code formed into a standard interface and coordinate system for working with the LeapMotion. [\[2\]](#)

This prototype worked well in testing in Session 4 [3.5](#) and was generally well received by children although they had one major requirement of adding a cursor in addition to some minor features. The cursor would show where the pointer was on the screen at any given time so they could position it prior to painting. The minor features included selecting brushes, erasing, changing the brush size, changing the brush type and opacity.

4.1.4.1 Challenges

The cursor was very difficult to implement using the Quartz 2D and Cocoa because the libraries do not natively support layering and drawing simultaneously due to the way the rendering context functions as a single context. Creating independent views and transparent windows did not render correctly when attempting to simultaneously update each view. An alternative might be to put each functionality into separate applications running on different process threads although this was not possible because the LeapMotion can only be accessible from one process at a time. To create a cursor in HUD layer the application needed to access the LeapMotion, HUD and Drawing objects simultaneously. This was the defining factor in returning to the Cocos2d Game Library because it supports independent layering of views. [\[2\]](#)

4.1.5 LeapPaint

The prototype dubbed "LeapPaint" by the children consisted of a combination of components from the earlier Helloworld [4.1.1](#) and Breakout [4.1.2](#) prototypes managing input on a standard interface and output into different visible for drawing and the HUD. The layers were connected via a GameManager⁴ passing the delegate actions between layers and interfaces.

⁴GameManager takes the role of the ApplicationDelegate



FIGURE 4.3: Mock up compared to a screen shot of finished application with a drawing.

This prototype received the best reviews by the children in testing Session 6 3.7 despite lacking some of the features of available in the Quartz 2D 4.1.4. This architecture could be used going forward in adding features.

4.2 User Interface Layout

The interface layout of controls was based upon a combination of designs made by the children as seen in Figure 4.3 with the canvas to paint on centered and the user interface controls tucked to the sides of the canvas.

4.2.1 pointer Tracking

Initially a tracking system was designed to use the relative coordinates of a pointer in the LeapMotion coordinate space and translate them to coordinates within the application. Later with the an SDK update the LeapMotion could provide coordinates on the screen where a vector from the pointers tip would intersect. This required some screen calibration to be performed such that the LeapMotion would be able to track points on the screen.

4.2.2 Application Layers

The application was broken into component layers to manage and modularize different functionalities as seen in Figure 4.4. This allowed for some components to become

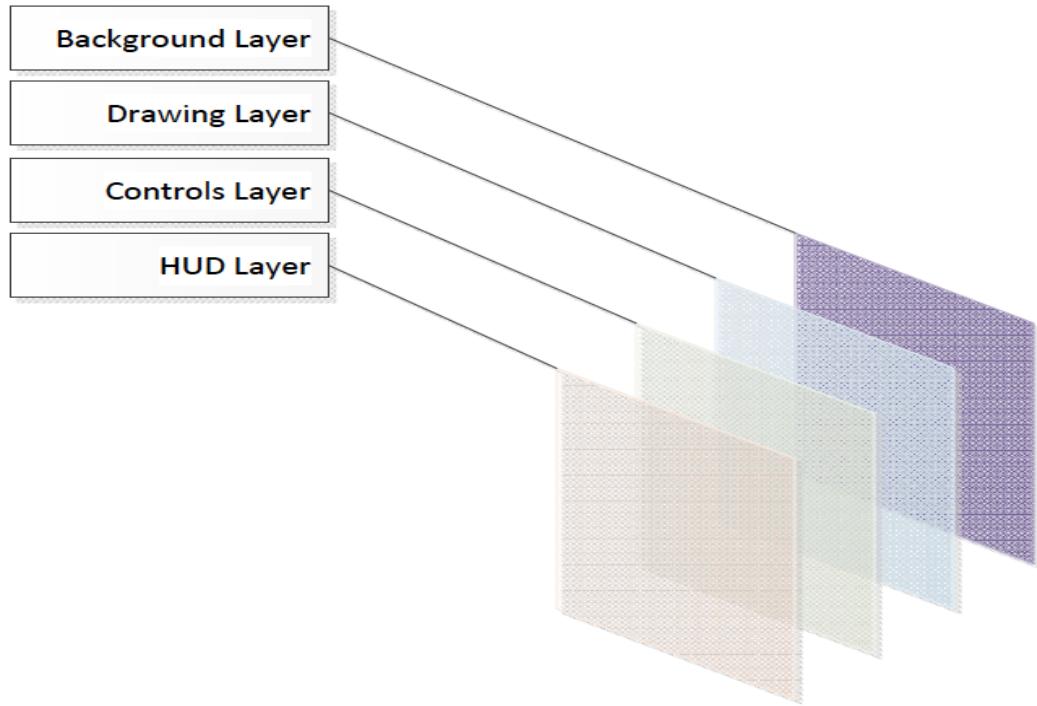


FIGURE 4.4: The ordered layers of visibility in the application.

reusable for other applications by providing a common application programming interface (API).

- Background Layer manages the background images and for the application. This practice is fairly standard and
- Drawing Layer is where the image will be edited and render.
- Controls Layer provides the user interface controls that for different aspects of the application.
- HUD Layer displays feedback information for the position of the pointer in relation to the screen and any different actions that might be taking place.

4.3 External Libraries

- LeapMotion SDK is the provided API for using with the LeapMotion.[\[3\]](#)

- Cocos2d is a game engine framework that allows simple animation and control of sprites and layers. [11]
- CCControlExtensions are user interface control elements built for the Cocos2d Engine. [13]
- Graphics Recognition Toolkit was used initially for doing gesture recognition with customized pipeline until a LeapMotion SDK update provided the same functionality. [14]

4.4 Testing

The project uses unit testing on all the class functions to verify their input and outputs correspond to their intended function. Using the simple methodology of making the test fail and then making the test pass with a variety of inputs and outputs helped modularize class functionality into smaller and more reusable sections. The testing framework OCUnit tests at class and bundle levels to produce full code test coverage. Performing this step on each function refined the design by directly questioning each sub components role and required functionality.[2]

Parts of the project unit testing could not cover were mostly involved at the interface level where the LeapMotion SDK provided data. Environmental factors effect the Leap-Motions performance when in a different lighting conditions. The different types and positions of lighting caused erratic effects that often had to be compensated for when noticed.

4.5 Documentation

Code documentation is done with in-line comments and then automatically generated with Doxygen. This was an essential tool due to the ever changing state of the project during each cycle that the project be able to automatically reflect changes in the design.

4.6 Experimental Features

Several experimental interface designs were added for the children to test with since there were often more than one design approach to a features in the application. The approached attempted to leverage the 3D space available to the LeapMotion that is not available to the keyboard and mouse.

4.6.1 Drawing Modes

Two different drawing modes were tested with the children in Session 7 [3.8](#). The first was a mode where the pointer would begin drawing when crossing a boundary on the Z axis toward the screen. The cursor could then be moved about the screen without interacting with the drawing by pulling the pointer back and then pushing forward when ready to begin drawing. A ring around the cursor icon would indicate weather or not the cursor would begin drawing based on the depth of pointer. The ring would change from red when not in not drawing state to green when beginning to draw. Further development might include a yellow color ring indicator when approaching the threshold to transition states.

The children did not like using the depth mode option of drawing compared to the spacebar mode bar of drawing as they had trouble becoming accustom to the threshold in which the application would begin and stop drawing. They did like that they could draw and change colors at the same time by using their free hand with the mouse to create continuous rainbow effects with the brush.

The second drawing mode was to begin drawing when pressing the space bar on the keyboard and disregarding the depth of the pointer. This proved to be the favorite method of input for the children to indicate their actions.

4.6.2 Depth Opacity

Another option explored was using the Z axis to control the opacity of the brush. The intent was to provide a pressure sensitive brush which would mimic drawing implements

in the real world where pressing harder on a paint brush or marker will draw a darker or thicker line.

The children did like this feature although and preferred it to manually adjusting the opacity with the mouse. This was Dependant on what they were drawing where it was preferable for background colors but not drawing lines. The feature could be improved with adding some brush stroke effects that vary based on the speed of the pointer when drawing.

Chapter 5

Summary

5.1 General Observations

The children would first sketch an outline of their drawing and then attempt to color in their outlines. This proved difficult in the case of the LeapMotion. Drawing the lines proved fairly easy for the children while shading in sections appeared more difficult. I found the opposite to be true of my own experience as the lines were harder to draw than shading in the areas.

5.2 Similar Applications

Comparison to industry competitors Corel's Painter Freestyle which will have many of the same features. In terms of interface design they chose a similar layout of control mechanisms. We haven't been able to see this all quiet yet since it has not been released to perform a full comparison although from the initial details given on their website seems to lead that their application could be similar to ours in many respects.

[?]

5.2.1 Google Earth

Examples of dedication are shown in some example applications where the LeapMotion has a specific purpose. Google Earth uses it for navigation only allowing the user to pan, rotate and elevated the camera in relation to the earth. Interpreting the hand motions as the path of airplane as the control mechanism with yaw, pitch, roll, bank and elevation.

The way of controlling the Google Earth is similar to the idea of controlling the Templerun game brainstormed in from Session 1 [3.1](#). This connection was not apparent when first considering the idea for controlling the game.

5.3 Conclusions

The LeapMotion is a great device for capturing the motions and positions of the hand in real time but is tough to consider as replacement for the keyboard and mouse. It is foreseeable that the main application for the LeapMotion will not be as a general use device but for specific applications which enable expressive movement. Games, drawing and music applications are good examples of where the LeapMotion can focus on specialized actions. Integration into general purpose applications will be difficult due to existing designs and interface paradigms.

Appendix A

Documentation

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1 Main Page

[Project Home & Wiki](#)

#Requirements Specification

Interface

- HUD Requirement to render a cursor where the pointable is intersecting with the screen. The cursor should show the color that will be painting on the screen
- Ring and round cursor to indicate drawing or not drawing.

#Features

- Change Colors
- Change Brushes
- Eraser
- Change size of brush
- Reset drawing
- Change Opacity of brushes

#Unit Tests

#Libraries & Sub Modules

- [Cocos2d 2.0](#)
- [CCControlExtension](#)
- [#Build Settings](#)
- Valid Architecture i386 x86_64
- Other Linker Flags -lz -ObjC
- C Language Dialect GNU99 -std=gnu99
- C ++ Language Dialect GNU++11 -std=gnu++11
- C ++ Standard Library libc++ (LLVM C++ standard lib)
- run script after build:

```
echo TARGET_BUILD_DIR=${TARGET_BUILD_DIR} echo TARGET_NAME=${TARGET_NAME} cd ${TARGET_BUILD_DIR}/${TARGET_NAME}.app/Contents/MacOS ls -la install_name_tool -change /libLeap.dylib ../../Resources/libLeap.dylib ${TARGET_NAME}
```

#Documentation

Documentation is done using [Doxygen](#)

2 Hierarchical Index

2.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

CCLayer	
BackgroundLayer	6
BrushSelectionLayer	7
ControlsLayer	8

HUDLayer	20
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CCScene	
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NSObject	
AppDelegate	5
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LPLinePoint	25
SimplePoint	30
SimplePointObject	32
Utility	34
<NSObject>	
<BrushSelectionLayerDelegate>	7
ControlsLayer	8
<ControlsLayerDelegate>	11
GameManager	13
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GameManager	13
SenTestCase	
GameManagerTests	15
GameSceneTests	17
GameSettingsTests	19
LeapPaintTests	23
LeapPuzzTests	24

LPLinePointTests	27
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3 Class Index

3.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

AppDelegate	5
BackgroundLayer	6
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GameSettings	17
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<HUDDelegate>	19
HUDLayer	20
LeapPaintTests	23
LeapPuzzTests	24
LPCCControlButtonVariableSize	24
LPLine	24
LPLinePoint	25
LPLinePointTests	27
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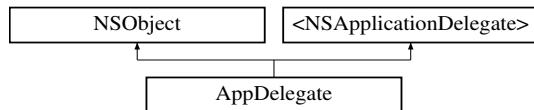
LPToolTests	29
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SimplePointTests	33
SketchRenderTextureScene	34
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4 Class Documentation

4.1 AppDelegate Class Reference

```
#import <AppDelegate.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for AppDelegate:



Instance Methods

- (void) - [runGameScene](#)
- (IBAction) - [toggleFullScreen:](#)

Protected Attributes

- `NSWindow * window_`
- `CCGLView * glView_`

Properties

- `IBOutlet NSWindow * window`
- `IBOutlet CCGLView * glView`

4.1.1 Detailed Description

Application Delegate Creates app instance and binds libraries to interface builder xibs

Serves as an application wide callback object for events that affects the whole application, such as low-memory, etc.

4.1.2 Method Documentation

4.1.2.1 - (void) runGameScene

RunGameScene sets up the Cocos2d environment and runs it in the application.

4.1.2.2 - (IBAction) toggleFullScreen: (id) sender

Toggles from a window to full screen view point

Parameters

<code>sender</code>	is the action sending the command
---------------------	-----------------------------------

Returns

IBAction binding to interface builder

4.1.3 Member Data Documentation

4.1.3.1 - (CCGLView*) glView_ [protected]

glView is the embedded view in which cocos2d will run inside the window

Referenced by runGameScene.

4.1.3.2 - (NSWindow*) window_ [protected]

window is the main window to be displayed

Referenced by runGameScene.

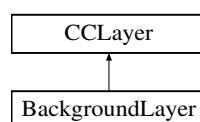
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LeapPaint/AppDelegate.h
- LeapPaint/AppDelegate.m

4.2 BackgroundLayer Class Reference

```
#import <BackgroundLayer.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for BackgroundLayer:



4.2.1 Detailed Description

Background Layer Displays a background image for the scene

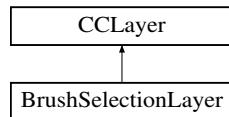
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaint/BackgroundLayer.h

4.3 BrushSelectionLayer Class Reference

```
#import <BrushSelectionLayer.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for BrushSelectionLayer:



Protected Attributes

- `NSMutableDictionary * imageNamesDictionary`

Properties

- `id<BrushSelectionLayerDelegate> delegate`
- `bool layerHidden`

4.3.1 Detailed Description

[BrushSelectionLayer](#) This user interface layer provides a collection view of all the available brushes that can be selected.

4.3.2 Member Data Documentation

4.3.2.1 - (NSMutableDictionary*) imageNamesDictionary [protected]

`imageNamesDictionary` is the list of brush names available for selection

4.3.3 Property Documentation

4.3.3.1 - (id<BrushSelectionLayerDelegate>) delegate [read], [write], [nonatomic], [weak]

`delegate` is the instance reference for triggering delegate call back functions

4.3.3.2 - (bool) layerHidden [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]

`layerHidden` tracks the visibility state of the layer

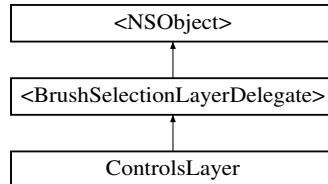
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `LeapPaint/BrushSelectionLayer.h`

4.4 <BrushSelectionLayerDelegate> Protocol Reference

```
#import <BrushSelectionLayer.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for <BrushSelectionLayerDelegate>:



Instance Methods

- (void) - [hidePanel](#)
- (void) - [brushSelected:](#)

4.4.1 Detailed Description

[BrushSelectionLayer Delegate](#) Provides a delegate interface for the layer to notify of actions

4.4.2 Method Documentation

4.4.2.1 - (void) brushSelected: (*NSString* *) *brushname*

Calls back to notify a new brushname has been selected

Parameters

brushname | is the name of the brush that has been selected.

4.4.2.2 - (void) hidePanel

Calls back to notify that the layer can be hidden

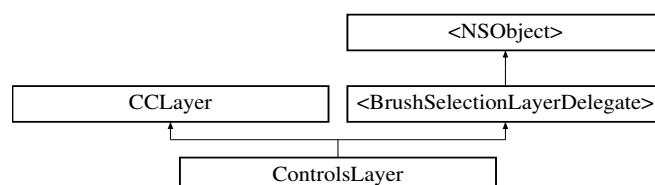
The documentation for this protocol was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaint/BrushSelectionLayer.h

4.5 ControlsLayer Class Reference

```
#import <ControlsLayer.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for ControlsLayer:



Instance Methods

- (void) - [valueChanged:](#)
- (void) - [opacitySliderChanged:](#)
- (void) - [expandPanel](#)
- (void) - [collapsePanel](#)
- (CCControlSwitch *) - [makeControlSwitch](#)
- (void) - [switchValueChanged:](#)
- (void) - [updateOpacitySlider:](#)

Protected Attributes

- CCLabelTTF * [colorLabel](#)
- GameSettings * [gameSettings](#)

Properties

- CCControlSlider * [slider](#)
- CCControlSlider * [opacitySlider](#)
- CCControlSwitch * [opacitySwitchControl](#)
- CCLabelTTF * [opacitydisplayValueLabel](#)
- id< [ControlsLayerDelegate](#) > [delegate](#)
- BrushSelectionLayer * [brushSelection](#)
- CCLabelTTF * [displayValueLabel](#)
- CCControlSwitch * [switchControl](#)

4.5.1 Detailed Description

Controls Layer User interface controls for operating buttons, switches, sliders

4.5.2 Method Documentation**4.5.2.1 - (void) collapsePanel**

Collapses Brushes Panel

4.5.2.2 - (void) expandPanel

Expands brushes panel

4.5.2.3 - (CCControlSwitch *) makeControlSwitch

Creates and returns a new CCControlSwitch.

Returns

a generate ControlSwitch

4.5.2.4 - (void) opacitySliderChanged: (CCControlSlider *) *sender*

Recieves opacitySliderControl delegate callbacks and updates values in the interface

Parameters

<i>sender</i>	is the object performing the callback
---------------	---------------------------------------

4.5.2.5 - (void) switchValueChanged: (CCControlSwitch *) *sender*

Callback for the change value.

Parameters

<i>sender</i>	is the object performing the callback
---------------	---------------------------------------

4.5.2.6 - (void) updateOpacitySlider: (float) *value*

Callback for opacity changing with the slider

Parameters

<i>sender</i>	is the object performing the callback
---------------	---------------------------------------

4.5.2.7 - (void) valueChanged: (CCControlSlider *) *sender*

Recieves brushSizeControl delegate callbacks and updates values in the interface

Parameters

<i>sender</i>	is the object performing the callback
---------------	---------------------------------------

4.5.3 Member Data Documentation

4.5.3.1 - (CCLabelTTF*) *colorLabel* [protected]

colorLabel displays name of color in hash value

4.5.3.2 - (GameSettings*) *gameSettings* [protected]

gameSettings global reference to shared settings instance

4.5.4 Property Documentation

4.5.4.1 - (BrushSelectionLayer*) *brushSelection* [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

brushSelection layer expands as a drawer to allow for brush selection

4.5.4.2 - (id<ControlsLayerDelegate>) *delegate* [read], [write], [nonatomic], [weak]

delegate is the instance reference for triggering delegate call back functions

Referenced by GameScene::scene.

4.5.4.3 - (CCLabelTTF *) displayValueLabel [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

displayValueLabel displays coordinate

displayValueLabel displays eraser toggle state

Referenced by switchValueChanged::

4.5.4.4 - (CCLabelTTF*) opacitydisplayValueLabel [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

opacitydisplayValueLabel shows the state of the opacitySwitchControl

4.5.4.5 - (CCControlSlider*) opacitySlider [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

opacitySlider is the opacity contro of the brush

Referenced by updateOpacitySlider::

4.5.4.6 - (CCControlSwitch*) opacitySwitchControl [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

opacitySwitchControl is the control for setting automatic or manual opacity control

4.5.4.7 - (CCControlSlider*) slider [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

slider is the thickness control of the brush

4.5.4.8 - (CCControlSwitch*) switchControl [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

switchControl is the eraser toggle

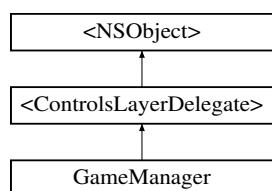
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LeapPaint/ControlsLayer.h
- LeapPaint/ControlsLayer.mm

4.6 <ControlsLayerDelegate> Protocol Reference

```
#import <ControlsLayer.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for <ControlsLayerDelegate>:



Instance Methods

- (void) - **changeColorControl**:
- (void) - **changeThicknessControl**:
- (void) - **changeBrushControl**:
- (void) - **changeOpacityControl**:

- (void) - `clearDrawing`
- (void) - `eraserMode:`

4.6.1 Detailed Description

Controls Layer Delegate Provides a delegate interface for the layer to notify of actions

4.6.2 Method Documentation

4.6.2.1 - (void) `changeBrushControl: (NSString *) brushname`

Callback with a change in brush texture

Parameters

<code>brushname</code>	is the new selected brush value
------------------------	---------------------------------

4.6.2.2 - (void) `changeColorControl: (ccColor3B) color`

Callback with a change in color of the brush

Parameters

<code>color</code>	is the new selected color value
--------------------	---------------------------------

4.6.2.3 - (void) `changeOpacityControl: (float) value`

Callback with a change in opacity

Parameters

<code>value</code>	is the new selected opacity value
--------------------	-----------------------------------

4.6.2.4 - (void) `changeThicknessControl: (float) value`

Callback with a change in thickness of the brush

Parameters

<code>value</code>	is the new selected color value
--------------------	---------------------------------

4.6.2.5 - (void) `clearDrawing`

Callback to notify to clear the drawing

4.6.2.6 - (void) `eraserMode: (bool) mode`

Callback with a change in color

Parameters

<code>mode</code>	is the toggled eraser mode TODO: Turn off eraser mode when new color is selected
-------------------	--

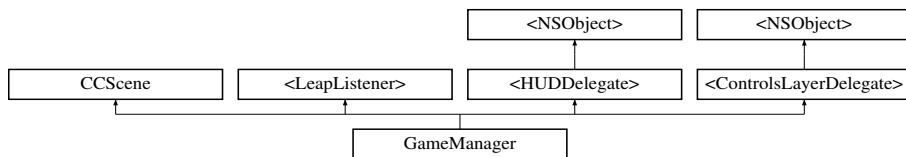
The documentation for this protocol was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaint/ControlsLayer.h

4.7 GameManager Class Reference

```
#import <GameManager.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for GameManager:



Instance Methods

- (float) - [findPercentageDifference:withMin:withValue:](#)
- (float) - [opacityPercentage:](#)

Protected Attributes

- InputMode [inputMode](#)
- LeapPointable * [currentPointable](#)
- CGPoint [currentPoint](#)
- BOOL [painting](#)
- GameSettings * [gameSettings](#)
- int [lastTag](#)
- SimplePoint * [lastPoint](#)
- int [framesSinceLastFound](#)

Properties

- HUDLayer * [hudLayer](#)
- SketchRenderTextureScene * [textureScene](#)
- BackgroundLayer * [backgroundLayer](#)
- ControlsLayer * [controlsLayer](#)
- LeapController * [controller](#)
- LeapScreen * [leapScreen](#)

4.7.1 Detailed Description

Core Application Management Provides interfaces and controls the various inputs, controls and outputs

4.7.2 Method Documentation

4.7.2.1 - (float) findPercentageDifference: (float) max withMin:(float) min withValue:(float) value

Finds the percentage of a number between two values If the number is greater or less than the range, that boundary of the range will be returned.

Parameters

<i>max</i>	is the top range value
<i>min</i>	is the bottom range value
<i>value</i>	is the number we are seeking the percentage from

Returns

the a percentage between 0 and 100%

Find the percentage between two numbers

Referenced by opacityPercentage:..

4.7.2.2 - (float) opacityPercentage: (float) value

Determines the opacity based upon the Z axis coordinate

Parameters

<i>value</i>	is the Z axis coordinate
--------------	--------------------------

Returns

the opacity value to set the brush at.

Return the Opacity value based on Z position

4.7.3 Member Data Documentation

4.7.3.1 - (CGPoint) currentPoint [protected]

colorLabel displays name of color in hash value

4.7.3.2 - (LeapPointable*) currentPointable [protected]

colorLabel displays name of color in hash value

4.7.3.3 - (int) framesSinceLastFound [protected]

framesSinceLastFound number of frames since last finding a LeapPointable

4.7.3.4 - (GameSettings*) gameSettings [protected]

gameSettings singleton to global settings

4.7.3.5 - (InputMode) inputMode [protected]

colorLabel displays name of color in hash value

4.7.3.6 - (SimplePoint*) lastPoint [protected]

lastPoint is the last known point on the screen of the LeapPointable

4.7.3.7 - (int) lastTag [protected]

lastTag is the last tag value tracked of a LeapPointable

4.7.3.8 - (BOOL) painting [protected]

painting indicates whether or not the application is painting at that moment

4.7.4 Property Documentation

4.7.4.1 - (BackgroundLayer*) backgroundLayer [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

backgroundLayer is the layer for setting up the background

Referenced by GameScene::scene.

4.7.4.2 - (LeapController*) controller [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

controller is the leapController

4.7.4.3 - (ControlsLayer*) controlsLayer [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

controlsLayer is the layer for managing interface controls

Referenced by GameScene::scene.

4.7.4.4 - (HUDLayer*) hudLayer [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

hudLayer displays the icons for tracking where a leapPointable is pointing

Referenced by GameScene::scene.

4.7.4.5 - (LeapScreen*) leapScreen [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

leapScreen references the screen being used on the system

4.7.4.6 - (SketchRenderTextureScene*) textureScene [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

textureScene is the drawing layer

Referenced by GameScene::scene.

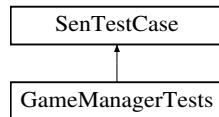
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LeapPaint/GameManager.h
- LeapPaint/GameManager.mm

4.8 GameManagerTests Class Reference

```
#import <GameManagerTests.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for GameManagerTests:



Protected Attributes

- NSString * [testName](#)
- [GameManager](#) * [node](#)

4.8.1 Detailed Description

Tests the [GameManager](#) object

4.8.2 Member Data Documentation

4.8.2.1 - (GameManager*) node [protected]

gameManager instance

4.8.2.2 - (NSString*) testName [protected]

testName is the name of the test

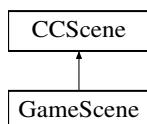
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaintTests/GameManagerTests.h

4.9 GameScene Class Reference

```
#import <GameScene.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for GameScene:



Class Methods

- (CCScene *) + [scene](#)

4.9.1 Detailed Description

[GameScene](#) Initializes and assembles all of the layers and gameobjects into the [GameManager](#)

4.9.2 Method Documentation

4.9.2.1 + (CCScene *) scene

Scene initializes each object and assigns interlinking pointers and delegates to each class

Returns

scene for CCDirector to begin running

Referenced by AppDelegate::runGameScene.

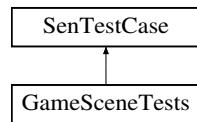
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LeapPaint/GameScene.h
- LeapPaint/GameScene.mm

4.10 GameSceneTests Class Reference

```
#import <GameSceneTests.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for GameSceneTests:



Protected Attributes

- NSString * **testName**

4.10.1 Detailed Description

Tests the [GameScene](#) object

4.10.2 Member Data Documentation

4.10.2.1 - (NSString*) **testName** [protected]

testName is the name of the test

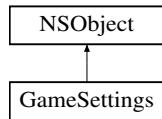
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaintTests/GameSceneTests.h

4.11 GameSettings Class Reference

```
#import <GameSettings.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for GameSettings:



Class Methods

- `(GameSettings *) + sharedInstance`

Properties

- `BOOL depthOpacityMode`
- `BOOL painting`
- `BOOL eraserMode`
- `InputMode inputMode`

4.11.1 Detailed Description

`GameSettings` is a globally shared class instance which tracks all the game settings.

This class can be accessed by any object in the game.

4.11.2 Method Documentation

4.11.2.1 `+ (GameSettings *) sharedInstance`

Singleton Intializes and Returns a shared instance of the class

Returns

`sharedInstance` of the class.

Singleton `SharedInstance` Intializes and Returns a shared instance of the class

4.11.3 Property Documentation

4.11.3.1 `- (BOOL) depthOpacityMode [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]`

`depthOpacityMode` controls use of z axis control of opacity

4.11.3.2 `- (BOOL) eraserMode [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]`

`eraserMode` controls erasing on drawing canvas

4.11.3.3 `- (InputMode) inputMode [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]`

`inputMode` controller input mode for leapmotion

4.11.3.4 - (BOOL) painting [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]

painting indicates whether or not the application is painting at that moment

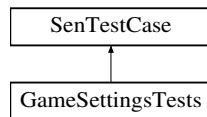
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LeapPaint/GameSettings.h
- LeapPaint/GameSettings.mm

4.12 GameSettingsTests Class Reference

```
#import <GameSettingsTests.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for GameSettingsTests:



Protected Attributes

- [GameSettings * gameSettings](#)

4.12.1 Detailed Description

Tests the [GameSettings](#) object

4.12.2 Member Data Documentation

4.12.2.1 - ([GameSettings*](#)) [gameSettings](#) [protected]

gameSettings singleton instance

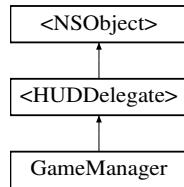
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaintTests/GameSettingsTests.h

4.13 <HUDDelegate> Protocol Reference

```
#import <HUDLayer.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for <HUDDelegate>:

**Instance Methods**

- (void) - `changeMode:`
- (void) - `painting:`

4.13.1 Detailed Description

HUD Delegate Protocol User interface controls for operating buttons, switches, sliders

4.13.2 Method Documentation**4.13.2.1 - (void) changeMode: (InputMode) mode**

Calls back to notify a new input mode has been selected by the keyboard interface

Parameters

<code>mode</code>	is the state of the input mode
-------------------	--------------------------------

4.13.2.2 - (void) painting: (BOOL) paintingState

Calls back to notify a new change in painting state

Parameters

<code>paintingState</code>

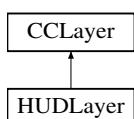
The documentation for this protocol was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaint/HUDLayer.h

4.14 HUDLayer Class Reference

```
#import <HUDLayer.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for HUDLayer:



Instance Methods

- (void) - `toolMoved:toolID:`
- (void) - `startTrackingTool:toolID:`
- (void) - `moveTrackingTool:toolID:`
- (void) - `endTrackingTool`
- (void) - `changeColor:`
- (void) - `changeBrush:`
- (void) - `changeScale:`
- (void) - `erasingMode:`

Protected Attributes

- NSString * `primaryToolID`
- LPTool * `primaryTool`
- InputMode `inputMode`
- ccColor3B `lastColor`
- ccColor3B `previousColor`
- NSString * `lastBrush`
- float `lastScale`
- CCSprite * `paintingIndicator`
- BOOL `eraseMode`
- GameSettings * `gameSettings`

Properties

- id< `HUDDelegate` > `delegate`
- CCLabelTTF * `xyzcoords`

4.14.1 Detailed Description

HUD Layer Tracks the position of the LeapCursor on the screen

4.14.2 Method Documentation

4.14.2.1 - (void) `endTrackingTool`

`EndTracking tool singles the end of the tool being tracked. The tool may be lost or no longer drawing`

4.14.2.2 - (void) `moveTrackingTool: (CGPoint) point toolID:(NSString*) toolid`

`MoveTrackingTool updates the position and path of a tool.`

Parameters

<code>point</code>	is the coordinate location on the screen in which pointable intersects
<code>toolid</code>	is LeapSDK provided tool id of the tool moving

Referenced by `toolMoved:toolID:`.

4.14.2.3 - (void) startTrackingTool: (CGPoint) point toolID:(NSString*) toolid

StartTrackingTool begins the process of tracking a tool starting with a new path

Parameters

<i>point</i>	is the coordinate location on the screen in which pointable intersects
<i>toolid</i>	is LeapSDK provided tool id of the tool moving

Referenced by toolMoved:toolID:.

4.14.2.4 - (void) toolMoved: (CGPoint) point toolID:(NSString*) toolid

ToolMoved updates the last known tracked position of the tool.

Parameters

<i>point</i>	is the coordinate location on the screen in which pointable intersects
<i>toolid</i>	is LeapSDK provided tool id of the tool moving

4.14.3 Member Data Documentation

4.14.3.1 - (BOOL) eraseMode [protected]

eraseMode determines weather the pointable is painting or erasing

4.14.3.2 - (GameSettings*) gameSettings [protected]

gameSettings singleton to global settings

4.14.3.3 - (InputMode) inputMode [protected]

inputMode is the current mode of input

4.14.3.4 - (NSString*) lastBrush [protected]

lastBrush is last brush to be selected

4.14.3.5 - (ccColor3B) lastColor [protected]

lastColor is the lastColor to be selected

4.14.3.6 - (float) lastScale [protected]

lastScale is last scale to be selected

4.14.3.7 - (CCSprite*) paintingIndicator [protected]

paintingIndicator shows the state at which the object is currently paintg

4.14.3.8 - (ccColor3B) previousColor [protected]

previousColor is the color before the lastcolor to be selected

4.14.3.9 - (LPTool*) primaryTool [protected]

primaryTool points to the current pointable object

Referenced by endTrackingTool, moveTrackingTool:toolID:, startTrackingTool:toolID:, and toolMoved:toolID:.

4.14.3.10 - (NSString*) primaryToolID [protected]

primaryToolID stores the id tag to the pointable in reference

4.14.4 Property Documentation

4.14.4.1 - (id<HUDDelegate>) delegate [read], [write], [nonatomic], [weak]

colorLabel displays name of color in hash value

Referenced by GameScene::scene.

4.14.4.2 - (CCLabelTTF*) xyzcoords [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

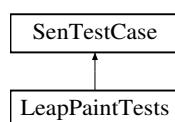
xyzcoords is the X,Y,Z coordinates in string form for displaying on the HUD in real-time for debugging

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LeapPaint/HUDLayer.h
- LeapPaint/HUDLayer.mm

4.15 LeapPaintTests Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for LeapPaintTests:



Protected Attributes

- NSString * **testName**

4.15.1 Member Data Documentation

4.15.1.1 - (NSString*) testName [protected]

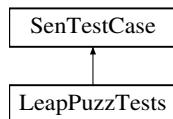
testName is the name of the test

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaintTests/LeapPaintTests.h

4.16 LeapPuzzTests Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for LeapPuzzTests:



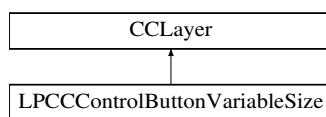
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaintTests/LeapPuzzTests.h

4.17 LPCCControlButtonVariableSize Class Reference

```
#import <LPCCControlButtonVariableSize.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for LPCCControlButtonVariableSize:



Instance Methods

- (CCControlButton *) - [standardButtonWithTitle:](#)

4.17.1 Detailed Description

[LPCCControlButtonVariableSize](#) Extends CCLayer to have a customizable control button interface

4.17.2 Method Documentation

4.17.2.1 - (CCControlButton *) standardButtonWithTitle: (NSString *) title

Creates and return a button with a default background and title color. Creates and return a button with a default background and title color.

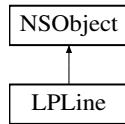
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LeapPaint/LPCCControlButtonVariableSize.h
- LeapPaint/LPCCControlButtonVariableSize.m

4.18 LPLine Class Reference

```
#import <LPLine.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for LPLine:



Properties

- NSMutableArray * **points**
- float **width**

4.18.1 Detailed Description

LPLine is tracks the points in one line from beginning to end

4.18.2 Property Documentation

4.18.2.1 - (NSMutableArray*) points [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

points is a an array of points for the line

4.18.2.2 - (float) width [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]

width is a constant width for the line

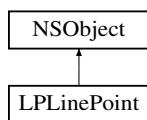
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaint/LPLine.h

4.19 LPLinePoint Class Reference

#import <LPLinePoint.h>

Inheritance diagram for LPLinePoint:



Instance Methods

- (id) - **initWithPosition:**
- (id) - **initWithX:withY:**
- (id) - **initWithPosition:withWidth:**
- (id) - **initWithX:withY:withWidth:**
- (CGPoint) - **point**

Properties

- float `x`
- float `y`
- float `width`

4.19.1 Detailed Description

`LPLinePoint` is a plotted point for drawing onto the canvas

4.19.2 Method Documentation**4.19.2.1 - (id) initWithPosition: (CGPoint) *p***

Init constructor with existing point to create with no width

Parameters

<code>p</code>	an point (x,y)
----------------	----------------

Returns

object instance

init 2d point with CGPoint

4.19.2.2 - (id) initWithPosition: (CGPoint) *p* withWidth:(float) *wVal*

Init constructor with existing point with width

Parameters

<code>p</code>	a point (x,y)
<code>wVal</code>	width of the point

Returns

object instance

Init point with CGPoint and width Value

4.19.2.3 - (id) initWithX: (float) *xVal* withY:(float) *yVal*

Init constructor with x and y values with no width

Parameters

<code>xVal</code>	coordinate value
<code>yVal</code>	coordinate value

Returns

object instance

Init Point with 2 separate values

4.19.2.4 - (id) initWithX: (float) *xVal* withY:(float) *yVal* withWidth:(float) *wVal*

Init constructor with x and y values with width

Parameters

<i>xVal</i>	coordinate value
<i>yVal</i>	coordinate value
<i>wVal</i>	width of the point

Returns

object instance

Init Point with x and y values with width

4.19.2.5 - (CGPoint) point

Returns point based on x and y

Returns

CGPoint

Return the CGPoint type from the object

4.19.3 Property Documentation

4.19.3.1 - (float) width [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]

width of the point

4.19.3.2 - (float) x [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]

x coordinate

Referenced by point.

4.19.3.3 - (float) y [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]

y coordinate

Referenced by point.

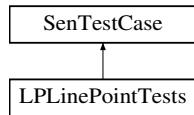
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LeapPaint/LPLinePoint.h
- LeapPaint/LPLinePoint.m

4.20 LPLinePointTests Class Reference

#import <LPLinePointTests.h>

Inheritance diagram for LPLinePointTests:



Protected Attributes

- NSString * `testName`
- LPLinePoint * `pointNoWidth`
- LPLinePoint * `pointWithWidth`

4.20.1 Detailed Description

Tests the `LPLinePointTests` object

4.20.2 Member Data Documentation

4.20.2.1 - (LPLinePoint*) pointNoWidth [protected]

`pointNoWidth` is a test point without width variable at init

4.20.2.2 - (LPLinePoint*) pointWithWidth [protected]

`pointNoWidth` is a test point width variable at init

4.20.2.3 - (NSString*) testName [protected]

`testName` is the name of the test

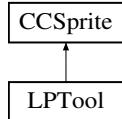
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaintTests/LPLinePointTests.h

4.21 LPTool Class Reference

```
#import <LPTool.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for LPTool:



Properties

- NSString * `toolID`
- BOOL `updated`

4.21.1 Detailed Description

Extends CCSprite object with two properties for tracking sprites with pointable objects

4.21.2 Property Documentation

4.21.2.1 - (NSString*) toolID [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

toolID is the ID number assigned by the LeapMotion SDK

Referenced by HUDLayer::moveTrackingTool:toolID::

4.21.2.2 - (BOOL) updated [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]

updated is if the sprite has been updated in that frame.

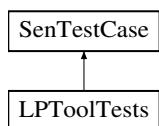
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaint/LPTool.h

4.22 LPToolTests Class Reference

```
#import <LPToolTests.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for LPToolTests:



Protected Attributes

- NSString * [testName](#)

4.22.1 Detailed Description

Tests the [GameSettings](#) object

4.22.2 Member Data Documentation

4.22.2.1 - (NSString*) [testName](#) [protected]

name of the test

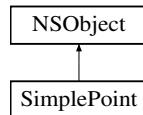
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaintTests/LPToolTests.h

4.23 SimplePoint Class Reference

```
#import <SimplePoint.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for SimplePoint:



Instance Methods

- (id) - [initWithPosition:](#)
- (id) - [initWithX:withY:](#)
- (id) - [initWithPosition:withZ:](#)
- (id) - [initWithX:withY:withZ:](#)
- (CGPoint) - [point](#)

Properties

- float [x](#)
- float [y](#)
- float [z](#)
- BOOL [is3d](#)

4.23.1 Detailed Description

2D or 3D space coordinate for temporarily manipulating points

4.23.2 Method Documentation

4.23.2.1 - (id) initWithPosition: (CGPoint) p

Init constructor with existing point to create a 2d Point

Parameters

<i>p</i>	an point (x,y)
----------	----------------

Returns

object instance

init 2d point with CGPoint

4.23.2.2 - (id) initWithPosition: (CGPoint) p withZ:(float) zVal

Init constructor with existing point to create a 3d Point

Parameters

<i>p</i>	a point (x,y)
<i>zVal</i>	coordinateValue

Returns

object instance

Init 3d point with CGPoint and z Value

4.23.2.3 - (id) initWithX: (float) *xVal* withY:(float) *yVal*

Init constructor with x and y values to create a 2d point

Parameters

<i>xVal</i>	coordinate value
<i>yVal</i>	coordinate value

Returns

object instance

Init 2d Point with 2 separate values

4.23.2.4 - (id) initWithX: (float) *xVal* withY:(float) *yVal* withZ:(float) *zVal*

Init constructor with x, y and z values to create 3D point

Parameters

<i>xVal</i>	coordinate value
<i>yVal</i>	coordinate value
<i>zval</i>	coordinate value

Returns

object instance

Init 3d Point with 3 separate values

4.23.2.5 - (CGPoint) point

Returns point based on x and y

Returns

CGPoint

Return the CGPoint type from the object

4.23.3 Property Documentation

4.23.3.1 - (BOOL) is3d [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]

is3d is 2d or 3d point type

4.23.3.2 - (float) x [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]

x coordinate

Referenced by point.

4.23.3.3 - (float) y [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]

y coordinate

Referenced by point.

4.23.3.4 - (float) z [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]

z coordinate

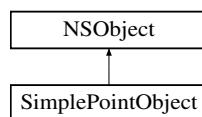
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LeapPaint/SimplePoint.h
- LeapPaint/SimplePoint.mm

4.24 SimplePointObject Class Reference

#import <SimplePointObject.h>

Inheritance diagram for SimplePointObject:



Instance Methods

- (id) - **initWithPosition:**
- (id) - **initWithX:withY:**

Properties

- CGPoint [point](#)

4.24.1 Detailed Description

2D space coordinate for temporarily maniulapting points

4.24.2 Property Documentation

4.24.2.1 - (CGPoint) point [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]

point is the X and Y coordinates

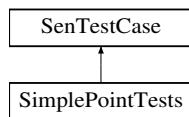
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LeapPaint/SimplePointObject.h
- LeapPaint/SimplePointObject.m

4.25 SimplePointTests Class Reference

#import <SimplePointTests.h>

Inheritance diagram for SimplePointTests:



Protected Attributes

- NSString * [testName](#)
- [SimplePoint](#) * [twoValuePoint](#)
- [SimplePoint](#) * [threeValuePoint](#)

4.25.1 Detailed Description

Tests the [SimplePoint](#) object

4.25.2 Member Data Documentation

4.25.2.1 - (NSString*) [testName](#) [protected]

name of the test

4.25.2.2 - ([SimplePoint](#)*) [threeValuePoint](#) [protected]

three coordinate point (x,y,z)

4.25.2.3 - ([SimplePoint](#)*) [twoValuePoint](#) [protected]

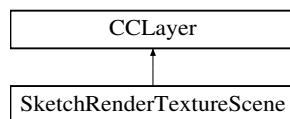
two coordinate point (x,y)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaintTests/SimplePointTests.h

4.26 SketchRenderTextureScene Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for SketchRenderTextureScene:



Instance Methods

- (void) - **beginDraw:withZ:**
- (void) - **updateDraw:withZ:**
- (void) - **endDraw:**
- (void) - **changeColor:**
- (void) - **changeBrush:**
- (void) - **changeScale:**
- (void) - **changeOpacity:**
- (void) - **erasingMode:**
- (void) - **clearDrawing**

Protected Attributes

- CCSprite * **brush**
- NSMutableArray * **touches**
- ccColor3B **lastColor**
- ccColor3B **previousColor**
- NSString * **lastBrush**
- float **lastScale**
- bool **eraseMode**

Properties

- float **opacity**

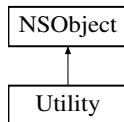
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LeapPaint/SketchRenderTextureScene.h
- LeapPaint/SketchRenderTextureScene.mm

4.27 Utility Class Reference

```
#import <Utility.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Utility:



Class Methods

- (int) + `getRandomNumberBetween:to:`
- (int) + `getRandomUniformNumberUnder:`
- (int) + `getRandomNumberUnder:`

4.27.1 Detailed Description

`Utility` class provides common usage function throughout the application.

4.27.2 Method Documentation

4.27.2.1 + (int) `getRandomNumberBetween: (int) from to:(int) to`

Generates a random number between two designated integers

Parameters

<code>from</code>	is the bottom of the range
<code>to</code>	is the top of the range

Returns

a random number between the from and to parameters

returns random number within a range with defined upper and lower bounds

4.27.2.2 + (int) `getRandomNumberUnder: (int) to`

Generates a random number between 0 designated integer

Parameters

<code>to</code>	is the top of the range
-----------------	-------------------------

Returns

a random number between 0 and to parameters

Returns a random number from 0 to an upper bound

4.27.2.3 + (int) `getRandomUniformNumberUnder: (int) to`

Generates a random number between 0 designated integer

Parameters

<i>to</i>	is the top of the range
-----------	-------------------------

Returns

a random number between 0 and to parameters

Returns a Uniform Random Number from 0 to an upper bound

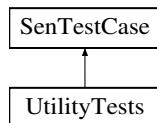
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LeapPaint/Utility.h
- LeapPaint/Utility.m

4.28 UtilityTests Class Reference

```
#import <UtilityTests.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for UtilityTests:

**Protected Attributes**

- NSString * **testName**

4.28.1 Detailed Description

Tests the [GameSettings](#) object

4.28.2 Member Data Documentation

4.28.2.1 - (NSString*) **testName** [protected]

testName is the name of the test

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaintTests/UtilityTests.h

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```
./AppDelegate.h      Wed May  8 13:36:39 2013      1

1: //  
2: //  AppDelegate.h  
3: //  LeapPaint  
4: //  
5: //  Created by cj on 5/7/13.  
6: //  Copyright (c) 2013 cjdesch. All rights reserved.  
7: //  
8:  
9: #import <Cocoa/Cocoa.h>  
10: #import "cocos2d.h"  
11:  
12: /** Application Delegate  
13: Creates app instance and binds libraries to interface builder xibs  
14:  
15: Serves as an application wide callback object for events that affects the whole application, such as  
low-memory, etc.  
16: */  
17: @interface AppDelegate : NSObject <NSApplicationDelegate>  
18: {  
19:  
20:     NSWindow      *window;  /**< window is the main window to be displayed */  
21:     CCGLView      *glView;  /**< glView is the embedded view in which cocos2d will run inside the windo  
w */  
22: }  
23: @property (strong) IBOutlet NSWindow *window;  
24: @property (strong) IBOutlet CCGLView *glView;  
25:  
26: /** RunGameScene sets up the Cocos2d environment and runs it in the application.  
27: */  
28: - (void)runGameScene;  
29:  
30: /** Toggles from a window to full screen view point  
31: @param sender is the action sending the command  
32: @return IBAction binding to interface builder  
33: */  
34: - (IBAction)toggleFullScreen:(id)sender;  
35:  
36: @end
```

```
1: //  
2: // AppDelegate.m  
3: // LeapPaint  
4: //  
5: // Created by cj on 5/7/13.  
6: // Copyright (c) 2013 cjdesch. All rights reserved.  
7: //  
8:  
9: #import "AppDelegate.h"  
10: #import "GameScene.h"  
11:  
12: @implementation AppDelegate  
13:  
14: @synthesize window=window_, glView=glView_;  
15:  
16: - (void)applicationDidFinishLaunching:(NSNotification *)aNotification  
17: {  
18:     // Insert code here to initialize your application  
19:     [self runGameScene];  
20: }  
21:  
22:  
23: - (void)runGameScene{  
24:  
25:     CCDirectorMac *director = (CCDirectorMac*) [CCDirector sharedDirector];  
26:  
27:     //NSRect screensFrame = [[NSScreen mainScreen] frame];  
28:     NSRect screensFrame = [[NSScreen mainScreen] visibleFrame];  
29:  
30:  
31:     [glView_ setFrameSize:NSMakeSize(screensFrame.size.width,screensFrame.size.height)];  
32:     // enable FPS and SPF  
33:     [director setDisplayStats:YES];  
34:  
35:     // connect the OpenGL view with the director  
36:     [director setView:glView_];  
37:  
38:     // EXPERIMENTAL stuff.  
39:     // 'Effects' don't work correctly when autoscale is turned on.  
40:     // Use kCCDirectorResize_NoScale if you don't want auto-scaling.  
41:     [director setResizeMode:kCCDirectorResize_AutoScale];  
42:  
43:     //[[glView_ setFrameSize:NSMakeSize(window_.frame.size.width,window_.frame.size.height-42)];  
44:     // Enable "moving" mouse event. Default no.  
45:     [window_ setAcceptsMouseMovedEvents:NO];  
46:  
47:     // Center main window  
48:     [window_ center];  
49:  
50:     //CCScene *scene = [GameScene node];  
51:  
52:     CCSprite* scene = [GameScene scene];  
53:     //[[scene addChild:[GameScene node]];  
54:  
55:  
56:     [director runWithScene:scene];  
57: }  
58:  
59: }  
60:  
61:  
62:  
63: #pragma mark AppDelegate - IBActions  
64:  
65: - (IBAction)toggleFullScreen: (id)sender  
66: {  
67:     CCDirectorMac *director = (CCDirectorMac*) [CCDirector sharedDirector];  
68:     [director setFullScreen: ! [director isFullScreen] ];  
69: }  
70:  
71:  
72:  
73:  
74: @end
```

```
./BackgroundLayer.h      Wed May  8 13:12:22 2013      1
1: //
2: //  BackgroundLayer.h
3: //  LeapPuzz
4: //
5: //  Created by cj on 4/9/13.
6: //
7: //
8:
9: #import <Foundation/Foundation.h>
10: #import "cocos2d.h"
11:
12:
13: /** Background Layer
14:    Displays a background image for the scene
15: */
16: @interface BackgroundLayer : CCLayer
17:
18: @end
```

./BackgroundLayer.mm Wed Apr 24 14:06:38 2013 1

```
1: //  
2: // BackgroundLayer.m  
3: // LeapPuzz  
4: //  
5: // Created by cj on 4/9/13.  
6: //  
7: //  
8:  
9: #import "BackgroundLayer.h"  
10:  
11: @implementation BackgroundLayer  
12:  
13: /** init */  
14: - (id)init  
15: {  
16:     if ((self = [super init]))  
17:     {  
18:         // Get window size  
19:         CGSize size = [[CCDirector sharedDirector] winSize];  
20:  
21:         // Add a button which takes us back to HelloWorldScene  
22:  
23:         // Add the generated background  
24:         CCSprite *background = [CCSprite spriteWithFile:@"background-fullscreen.png"];  
25:         [background setPosition:ccp(size.width / 2, size.height / 2)];  
26:  
27:         [self addChild:background];  
28:  
29:     }  
30:     return self;  
31: }  
32:  
33: @end
```

```
./BrushSelectionLayer.h      Wed May  8 14:40:12 2013      1
1: /**
2: //  BrushSelectionLayer.h
3: //  LeapPuzz
4: //
5: //  Created by cj on 4/9/13.
6: //
7: //
8: //
9: 
10: #import "cocos2d.h"
11: #import "CCControlExtension.h"
12:
13:
14: /** BrushSelectionLayer Delegate
15: Provides a delegate interface for the layer to notify of actions
16: */
17: @protocol BrushSelectionLayerDelegate <NSObject>
18: /**
19: Calls back to notify that the layer can be hidden
20: */
21: - (void)hidePanel;
22: /**
23: Calls back to notify a new brushname has been selected
24: @param brushname is the name of the brush that has been selected.
25: */
26: - (void)brushSelected:(NSString*)brushname;
27: @end
28:
29: /** BrushSelectionLayer
30: This user interface layer provides a collection view of all the available brushes that can be selected.
31: */
32: @interface BrushSelectionLayer : CCLayer{
33:
34:     NSMutableDictionary* imageNamesDictionary; /*< imageNamesDictionary is the list of brush names available for selection */
35:
36: }
37:
38: @property (nonatomic, weak) id <BrushSelectionLayerDelegate> delegate; /*< delegate is the instance reference for triggering delegate call back functions */
39: @property (nonatomic, readonly) bool layerHidden; /*< layerHidden tracks the visibility state of the layer */
40:
41:
42: @end
```

```

./BrushSelectionLayer.mm      Sat Apr 20 09:25:54 2013      1

1: //
2: //  BrushSelectionLayer.m
3: //  LeapPuzz
4: //
5: //  Created by cj on 4/9/13.
6: //
7: //
8:
9: #import "BrushSelectionLayer.h"
10:
11: @implementation BrushSelectionLayer
12: @synthesize delegate;
13: @synthesize layerHidden;
14: - (id)init
15: {
16:     if ((self = [super init]))
17:     {
18:         // Get window size
19:         CGSize size = [[CCDirector sharedDirector] winSize];
20:
21:         // Add a button which takes us back to HelloWorldScene
22:         CCLabelTTF *titleButton = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:@"BrushSelectionLayer" fontName:@"Marker
Felt" fontSize:30];
23:         titleButton.position = ccp(size.width / 2.0f , 125);
24:
25:
26:         [self addChild:titleButton];
27:         // Add the generated background
28:         CCSprite *background = [CCSprite spriteWithFile:@"background-fullscreen.png"];
29:         [background setPosition:ccp(size.width / 2, size.height / 2)];
30:         self.layerHidden = true;
31:         [self addChild:background];
32:
33:         [self buttoninit];
34:
35:         int brushCount = 30;
36:         //NSMutableArray* menuItems = [[NSMutableArray alloc] init];
37:         imageNamesDictionary = [[NSMutableDictionary alloc] init];
38:         CCMenu *starMenu = [CCMenu menuWithItems:nil];
39:         for (int i =0; i < brushCount; i++)
40:         {
41:             NSString* imagename = [NSString stringWithFormat:@"brush_%d.png",i];
42:             CCMenuItem *starMenuItem = [CCMenuItemImage
43:                                         itemWithNormalImage:imagine selectedImage:imagine
44:                                         target:self selector:@selector(brushSelectedAction:)];
45:             starMenuItem.position = ccp(size.width / 2, size.height / 2);
46:             starMenuItem.tag = i;
47:             [imageNamesDictionary setObject:imagine forKey:[NSString stringWithFormat:@"%d",i]];
48:
49:
50:             [starMenu addChild:starMenuItem];
51:         }
52:
53:         //*[starMenu alignItemsHorizontally];
54:         NSNumber* itemsPerRow = [NSNumber numberWithInt:5];
55:         [starMenu alignItemsInColumns:itemsPerRow,itemsPerRow,itemsPerRow,itemsPerRow,itemsPerRow,items
PerRow, nil];
56:
57:
58:
59:
60:
61:         starMenu.position = ccp(size.width / 2, size.height / 2);
62:         [self addChild:starMenu];
63:
64:     }
65:     return self;
66: }
67:
68:
69:
70: - (void)buttoninit{
71:     CGSize screenSize = [[CCDirector sharedDirector] winSize];
72:     // Add the button
73:     CCScale9Sprite *backgroundButton = [CCScale9Sprite spriteWithFile:@"button.png"];
74:     CCScale9Sprite *backgroundHighlightedButton = [CCScale9Sprite spriteWithFile:@"buttonHighlighted.p
ng"];
75:
76: #ifdef __IPHONE_OS_VERSION_MAX_ALLOWED
77:     CCLabelTTF *titleButton = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:@"Touch Me!" fontName:@"HelveticaNeue-Bold"
```

```

./BrushSelectionLayer.mm      Sat Apr 20 09:25:54 2013      2

fontSize:30];
78: #elif __MAC_OS_X_VERSION_MAX_ALLOWED
79:     CCLabelTTF *titleButton = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:@"Hide" fontName:@"Marker Felt" fontSize:30]
;
80: #endif
81:     [titleButton setColor:ccc3(159, 168, 176)];
82:
83:     CCControlButton *controlButton = [CCControlButton buttonWithLabel:titleButton
84:                                         backgroundSprite:backgroundButton];
85:     [controlButton setBackgroundSprite:backgroundHighlightedButton forState:CCControlStateHighlighted]
;
86:     [controlButton setTitleColor:ccWHITE forState:CCControlStateHighlighted];
87:
88:     controlButton.anchorPoint = ccp(0.5f, 1);
89:     controlButton.position = ccp(screenSize.width / 2.0f, screenSize.height -100);
90:     [self addChild:controlButton z:1];
91:
92: // Add the black background
93: CCScale9Sprite *background = [CCScale9Sprite spriteWithFile:@"buttonBackground.png"];
94: [background setContentSize:CGSizeMake(300, 170)];
95: [background setPosition:ccp(screenSize.width / 2.0f, screenSize.height / 2.0f)];
96: //[[self addChild:background];
97:
98: // Sets up event handlers
99: [controlButton addTarget:self action:@selector(touchDownAction:) forControlEvents:UIControlEventTouchUpInside];
100: }
101:
102: - (void)touchDownAction:(CCControlButton *)sender
103: {
104:
105:
106:     [self.delegate hidePanel];
107: }
108:
109:
110: - (void)brushSelectedAction:(id)sender
111: {
112:     NSLog(@"%@",Selected Brush");
113:
114:     CCMenuItemImage* menuItem = (CCMenuItemImage*)sender;
115:     int i = menuItem.tag;
116:     NSString* imageName = [imageNamesDictionary objectForKey:[NSString stringWithFormat:@"%d",i]];
117:     [self.delegate brushSelected:imageName];
118:     [self.delegate hidePanel];
119:
120: }
121:
122:
123:
124: @end

```

```
1: //  
2: // ControlsLayer.h  
3: // LeapPuzz  
4: //  
5: // Created by cj on 4/9/13.  
6: //  
7: //  
8:  
9: #import <Foundation/Foundation.h>  
10: #import "cocos2d.h"  
11: #import "CCControlExtension.h"  
12: #import "BrushSelectionLayer.h"  
13: #import "GameSettings.h"  
14: /**  
15:  Controls Layer Delegate  
16: Provides a delegate interface for the layer to notify of actions  
17: */  
18: @protocol ControlsLayerDelegate <NSObject>  
19:  
20: /**  
21:  Callback with a change in color of the brush  
22:  @param color is the new selected color value  
23: */  
24: - (void)changeColorControl:(ccColor3B)color;  
25: /**  
26:  Callback with a change in thickness of the brush  
27:  @param value is the new selected color value  
28: */  
29: - (void)changeThicknessControl:(float)value;  
30: /**  
31:  Callback with a change in brush texture  
32:  @param brushname is the new selected brush value  
33: */  
34: - (void)changeBrushControl:(NSString*)brushname;  
35: /**  
36:  Callback with a change in opacity  
37:  @param value is the new selected opacity value  
38: */  
39: - (void)changeOpacityControl:(float)value;  
40: /**  
41:  Callback to notify to clear the drawing  
42: */  
43: - (void)clearDrawing;  
44: /**  
45:  Callback with a change in color  
46:  @param mode is the toggled eraser mode  
47: TODO: Turn off eraser mode when new color is selected  
48: */  
49: - (void)eraserMode:(BOOL)mode;  
50:  
51:  
52: @end  
53:  
54: /** Controls Layer  
55:  User interface controls for operating buttons, switches, sliders  
56: */  
57:  
58: @interface ControlsLayer : CCLayer <BrushSelectionLayerDelegate>{  
59:  
60:     CCLabelTTF *colorLabel;      /**< colorLabel displays name of color in hash value */  
61:     CCLabelTTF *displayValueLabel; /**< displayValueLabel displays coordinate */  
62:     GameSettings* gameSettings;  /**< gameSettings global reference to shared settings instance */  
63: }  
64: @property (nonatomic, strong) CCControlSlider    *slider;           /**< slider is the thickness control of the brush */  
65: @property (nonatomic, strong) CCControlSlider    *opacitySlider;        /**< opacitySlider is the opacity contro of the brush*/  
66: @property (nonatomic, strong) CCControlSwitch   *opacitySwitchControl; /**< opacitySwitchControl is the control for setting automatic or manual opacity control */  
67: @property (nonatomic, strong) CCLabelTTF         *opacitydisplayValueLabel; /**< opacitydisplayValueLabel shows the state of the opacitySwitchControl*/  
68: @property (nonatomic, weak) id <ControlsLayerDelegate> delegate;    /**< delegate is the instance reference for triggering delegate call back functions */  
69: @property (nonatomic,strong) BrushSelectionLayer *brushSelection;    /**< brushSelection layer expands as a drawer to allow for brush selection */  
70: @property (nonatomic, strong) CCLabelTTF          *displayValueLabel;   /**< displayValueLabel displays eraser toggle state */  
71: @property (nonatomic, strong) CCControlSwitch   *switchControl;       /**< switchControl is the eraser toggle */  
72:
```

```
73: /**
74:  Receives brushSizeControl delegate callbacks and updates values in the interface
75:  @param sender is the object performing the callback
76: */
77: - (void)valueChanged:(CCControlSlider *)sender;
78:
79: /**
80:  Receives opacitySliderControl delegate callbacks and updates values in the interface
81:  @param sender is the object performing the callback
82: */
83: - (void)opacitySliderChanged:(CCControlSlider *)sender;
84:
85: /** Expands brushes panel*/
86: - (void)expandPanel;
87: /** Collapses Brushes Panel */
88: - (void)collapsePanel;
89:
90: /** Creates and returns a new CCControlSwitch.
91:  @return a generate ControlSwitch
92: */
93: - (CCControlSwitch *)makeControlSwitch;
94: /** Callback for the change value.
95:  @param sender is the object performing the callback*/
96: - (void)switchValueChanged:(CCControlSwitch *)sender;
97: /** Callback for opacity changing with the slider
98:  @param sender is the object performing the callback
99: */
100: - (void)updateOpacitySlider:(float)value;
101:
102: @end
```

```

./ControlsLayer.mm      Sat Apr 27 14:17:08 2013      1

1: //
2: // ControlsLayer.m
3: // LeapPuzz
4: //
5: // Created by cj on 4/9/13.
6: //
7: //
8: 
9: #import "ControlsLayer.h"
10:
11: @implementation ControlsLayer
12: @synthesize slider;
13: @synthesize opacitySlider;
14: @synthesize opacitydisplayValueLabel;
15: @synthesize opacitySwitchControl;
16: @synthesize delegate;
17:
18: @synthesize displayValueLabel;
19: @synthesize switchControl;
20: @synthesize brushSelection;
21: - (id)init
22: {
23:     if ((self = [super init]))
24:     {
25:         // Get window size
26:         CGSize screenSize = [[CCDirector sharedDirector] winSize];
27:
28:         gameSettings = [GameSettings sharedInstance];
29:
30:         //LayerBackground
31:
32:
33:         [self sliderinit];
34:         //+[self buttoninit];
35:         //+[self initEraserButton];
36:         [self initEraserSwitch];
37:         [self colorpickerinit];
38:
39:         [self initResetButton];
40:
41:         //Open button
42:
43:         //Close Button
44:         self.brushSelection = [BrushSelectionLayer node];
45:         self.brushSelection.position = ccp(-screenSize.width,0);
46:
47:         self.brushSelection.delegate = self;
48:
49:         [self addChild:brushSelection z:10];
50:         [self initBrushSelectionButton];
51:         [self opacitySliderInit];
52:         [self initOpacitySwitch];
53:         //buttons
54:
55:         // Color picker
56:
57:         //
58:
59:
60:     }
61:     return self;
62: }
63:
64:
65: - (void)sliderinit{
66:
67:     //Slideer
68:     CGSize screenSize = [[CCDirector sharedDirector] winSize];
69:     // Add the slider
70:     self.slider = [CCControlSlider sliderWithBackgroundFile:@"sliderTrack.png"
71:                                         progressFile:@"sliderProgress.png"
72:                                         thumbFile:@"sliderThumb.png"];
73:     self.slider.anchorPoint = ccp(0.5f, 1.0f);
74:     self.slider.minimumValue = 0.0f; // Sets the min value of range
75:     self.slider.maximumValue = 5.0f; // Sets the max value of range
76:     self.slider.position = ccp(screenSize.width / 2.0f, 100);
77:
78:
79:     CCLabelTTF *titleButton = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:@"Size" fontName:@"Marker Felt" fontSize:30]
;

```

```

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80:     titleButton.position = ccp(screenSize.width / 2.0f , 125);
81:
82:     // Add the black background
83:     CCScale9Sprite *background = [CCScale9Sprite spriteWithFile:@"buttonBackground.png"];
84:     [background setContentSize:CGSizeMake(350,100)];
85:     [background setPosition:ccp(screenSize.width / 2.0f, 100)];
86:     [self addChild:background];
87:
88:     [self addChild:titleButton];
89:     // When the value of the slider will change, the given selector will be call
90:     [self.slider addTarget:self action:@selector(valueChanged:) forControlEvents:UIControlEventValueChanged];
91:
92:     [self addChild:self.slider z:0 tag:1];
93: }
94:
95: - (void)valueChanged:(CCControlSlider *)sender
96: {
97:     // Change value of label.
98:     NSLog(@"%@", [NSString stringWithFormat:@"Slider value = %.02f", sender.value]);
;
99:     [self.delegate changeThicknessControl:sender.value];
100: }
101:
102:
103: - (void)opacitySliderInit{
104:
105:     //Slider
106:     CGSize screenSize = [[CCDirector sharedDirector] winSize];
107:     CCNode *layer           = [CCNode node];
108:     layer.position          = ccp(screenSize.width / 2.0f + 200, 100);
109:     [self addChild:layer z:3];
110:
111:     double layer_width = 0;
112:
113:
114:     // Add the black background
115:     CCScale9Sprite *background = [CCScale9Sprite spriteWithFile:@"buttonBackground.png"];
116:     [background setContentSize:CGSizeMake(350,100)];
117:     [background setPosition:ccp(background.contentSize.width / 2.0f, 0)];
118:     [layer addChild:background];
119:     layer_width += background.contentSize.width;
120:
121:     CCLabelTTF *titleButton = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:@"Opacity" fontName:@"Marker Felt" fontSize:30];
122:     titleButton.position = ccp(layer_width / 2.0f , 25);
123:
124:
125:     [layer addChild:titleButton];
126:     // When the value of the slider will change, the given selector will be call
127:
128:     // Add the slider
129:     self.opacitySlider           = [CCControlSlider sliderWithBackgroundFile:@"sliderTrack.png"];
130:                                         progressFile:@"sliderProgress.png"];
131:                                         thumbFile:@"sliderThumb.png"];
132:     self.opacitySlider.anchorPoint = ccp(0.5f, 1.0f);
133:     self.opacitySlider.minimumValue = 0.0f; // Sets the min value of range
134:     self.opacitySlider.maximumValue = 100.0f; // Sets the max value of range
135:     self.opacitySlider.position    = ccp(layer_width / 2.0f, 0);
136:
137:     [self.opacitySlider addTarget:self action:@selector(opacitySliderChanged:) forControlEvents:UIControlEventValueChanged];
138:
139:     [layer addChild:self.opacitySlider z:0 tag:2];
140: }
141:
142: - (void)opacitySliderChanged:(CCControlSlider *)sender
143: {
144:
145:     // Change value of label.
146:     NSLog(@"%@", [NSString stringWithFormat:@"Slider value = %.02f", sender.value]);
;
147:     [self.delegate changeOpacityControl:sender.value];
148: }
149:
150: - (void)updateOpacitySlider:(float)value{
151:

```

```
152: //ensure the value is within its bounds
153: if(value > self.opacitySlider.maximumValue){
154:     //Max Value
155:     self.opacitySlider.value = self.opacitySlider.maximumValue;
156: }else if(value < self.opacitySlider.minimumValue){
157:     //Min Value
158:     self.opacitySlider.value = self.opacitySlider.minimumValue;
159: }else{
160:     self.opacitySlider.value = value;
161: }
162: }
163: }

164:
165:
166: - (void)initOpacitySwitch{
167:
168: CGSize screenSize = [[CCDirector sharedDirector] winSize];
169:
170: CCNode *layer           = [CCNode node];
171: //layer.position         = ccp (screenSize.width / 2, screenSize.height / 2);
172: layer.position = ccp(screenSize.width / 2.0f + 400, 125);
173: [self addChild:layer z:5];
174:
175: double layer_width = 0;
176:
177: // Add the black background for the text
178: CCScale9Sprite *background = [CCScale9Sprite spriteWithFile:@"buttonBackground.png"];
179: background.contentSize    = CGSizeMake(80, 50);
180: background.position      = ccp(layer_width + background.contentSize.width / 2.0f, 0);
181: //[layer addChild:background];
182:
183: layer_width += background.contentSize.width;
184:
185: #ifdef __IPHONE_OS_VERSION_MAX_ALLOWED
186: self.displayValueLabel   = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:@"on" fontName:@"HelveticaNeue-Bold" font
187: size:30];
187: #elif __MAC_OS_X_VERSION_MAX_ALLOWED
188: self.opacityDisplayValueLabel = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:@"Auto" fontName:@"Marker Felt" f
189: ontSize:30];
189: #endif
190: self.opacityDisplayValueLabel.position = background.position;
191: //[layer addChild:self.opacityDisplayValueLabel];
192:
193: // Create the switch
194: self.opacitySwitchControl = [self makeControlSwitch];
195: self.opacitySwitchControl.position = ccp (layer_width + 10 + self.opacitySwitchControl.con
196: tsize.width / 2, 0);
196: self.opacitySwitchControl.on      = NO;
197: [layer addChild:self.opacitySwitchControl];
198:
199: [self.opacitySwitchControl addTarget:self action:@selector(opacitySwitchValueChanged:) forControlEvents
200: events:CCControlEventValueChanged];
200:
201: // Set the layer size
202: layer.contentSize        = CGSizeMake(layer_width, 0);
203: layer.anchorPoint       = ccp (0.5f, 0.5f);
204:
205:
206: }
207:
208:
209:
210:
211: - (void)opacitySwitchValueChanged:(CCControlSwitch *)sender
212: {
213:     if ([sender isOn])
214:     {
215:         //displayValueLabel.string = @"Eraser";
216:
217:         gameSettings.depthOpacityMode = true;
218:     } else
219:     {
220:         //displayValueLabel.string = @"Eraser";
221:         gameSettings.depthOpacityMode = false;
222:     }
223: }
224:
225:
226:
227: #pragma mark - button
```

```

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228:
229: - (void)buttoninit{
230:     CGSize screenSize = [[CCDirector sharedDirector] winSize];
231:     // Add the button
232:     CCScale9Sprite *backgroundButton = [CCScale9Sprite spriteWithFile:@"button.png"];
233:     CCScale9Sprite *backgroundHighlightedButton = [CCScale9Sprite spriteWithFile:@"buttonHighlighted.p
ng"];
234:
235: #ifdef __IPHONE_OS_VERSION_MAX_ALLOWED
236:     CCLabelTTF *titleButton = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:@"Touch Me!" fontName:@"HelveticaNeue-Bold"
fontSize:30];
237: #elif __MAC_OS_X_VERSION_MAX_ALLOWED
238:     CCLabelTTF *titleButton = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:@"Touch Me!" fontName:@"Marker Felt" fontSize
e:30];
239: #endif
240:     [titleButton setColor:ccc3(159, 168, 176)];
241:
242:     CCControlButton *controlButton = [CCControlButton buttonWithLabel:titleButton
243:                                         backgroundSprite:backgroundButton];
244:     [controlButton setBackgroundSprite:backgroundHighlightedButton forState:CCControlStateHighlighted]
;
245:     [controlButton setTitleColor:ccWHITE forState:CCControlStateHighlighted];
246:
247:     controlButton.anchorPoint = ccp(0.5f, 1);
248:     controlButton.position = ccp(screenSize.width / 2.0f, screenSize.height / 2.0f);
249:     [self addChild:controlButton z:1];
250:
251:     // Add the black background
252:     CCScale9Sprite *background = [CCScale9Sprite spriteWithFile:@"buttonBackground.png"];
253:     [background setContentSize:CGSizeMake(300, 170)];
254:     [background setPosition:ccp(screenSize.width / 2.0f, screenSize.height / 2.0f)];
255:     [self addChild:background];
256:
257:     // Sets up event handlers
258:     [controlButton addTarget:self action:@selector(touchDownAction:) forControlEvents:CCControlEventTo
uchDown];
259: }
260:
261:
262:
263:
264:
265: - (void)touchDownAction:(CCControlButton *)sender
266: {
267:     NSLog(@"button value %@", [NSString stringWithFormat:@"Touch Down"]);
268: }
269:
270: - (void)initEraserButton{
271:
272:
273:     // Add the button
274:     CCScale9Sprite *backgroundButton = [CCScale9Sprite spriteWithFile:@"button.png"];
275:     CCScale9Sprite *backgroundHighlightedButton = [CCScale9Sprite spriteWithFile:@"buttonHighlighted.p
ng"];
276:
277: #ifdef __IPHONE_OS_VERSION_MAX_ALLOWED
278:     CCLabelTTF *titleButton = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:@"Touch Me!" fontName:@"HelveticaNeue-Bold"
fontSize:30];
279: #elif __MAC_OS_X_VERSION_MAX_ALLOWED
280:     CCLabelTTF *titleButton = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:@"Eraser" fontName:@"Marker Felt" fontSize:3
];
281: #endif
282:     [titleButton setColor:ccc3(159, 168, 176)];
283:
284:     CCControlButton *controlButton = [CCControlButton buttonWithLabel:titleButton
285:                                         backgroundSprite:backgroundButton];
286:     [controlButton setBackgroundSprite:backgroundHighlightedButton forState:CCControlStateHighlighted]
;
287:     [controlButton setTitleColor:ccWHITE forState:CCControlStateHighlighted];
288:
289:     controlButton.anchorPoint = ccp(0.5f, 1);
290:     controlButton.position = ccp(100, 100);
291:     [self addChild:controlButton z:1];
292:
293:     // Add the black background
294:     CCScale9Sprite *background = [CCScale9Sprite spriteWithFile:@"buttonBackground.png"];
295:     background.anchorPoint = ccp(0, 0);
296:     [background setContentSize:CGSizeMake(100, 75)];
297:     [background setPosition: ccp(50, 50)];
298:     [self addChild:background];

```

```

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299:
300: // Sets up event handlers
301: [controlButton addTarget:self action:@selector(eraserAction:) forControlEvents:CCControlEventTouch
302: Down];
303:
304: - (void)eraserAction:(CCControlButton *)sender
305: {
306:     [self.delegate changeColorControl:ccWHITE];
307:
308: }
309: - (void)initResetButton{
310:
311:     CGSize screenSize = [[CCDirector sharedDirector] winSize];
312:     // Add the button
313:     CCScale9Sprite *backgroundButton = [CCScale9Sprite spriteWithFile:@"button.png"];
314:     CCScale9Sprite *backgroundHighlightedButton = [CCScale9Sprite spriteWithFile:@"buttonHighlighted.p
ng"];
315:
316: #ifdef __IPHONE_OS_VERSION_MAX_ALLOWED
317:     CCLabelTTF *titleButton = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:@"Touch Me!" fontName:@"HelveticaNeue-Bold"
318:     fontSize:30];
319: #elif __MAC_OS_X_VERSION_MAX_ALLOWED
320:     CCLabelTTF *titleButton = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:@"Reset" fontName:@"Marker Felt" fontSize:30
];
321: #endif
322:     [titleButton setColor:ccc3(159, 168, 176)];
323:
324:     CCControlButton *controlButton = [CCControlButton buttonWithType:titleButton
325:                                         backgroundSprite:backgroundButton];
326:     [controlButton setBackgroundSprite:backgroundHighlightedButton forState:CCControlStateHighlighted]
;
327:
328:     controlButton.anchorPoint = ccp(0.5f, 1);
329:     controlButton.position = ccp(100, screenSize.height - 100);
330:     [self addChild:controlButton z:1];
331:
332:     // Add the black background
333:     CCScale9Sprite *background = [CCScale9Sprite spriteWithFile:@"buttonBackground.png"];
334:     [background setContentSize:CGSizeMake(100, 75)];
335:     [background setPosition:ccp(100, screenSize.height - 125)];
336:     [self addChild:background];
337:
338: // Sets up event handlers
339: [controlButton addTarget:self action:@selector(resetAction:) forControlEvents:CCControlEventTouchD
own];
340: }
341:
342:
343: - (void)resetAction:(CCControlButton*)sender{
344:     [self.delegate clearDrawing];
345: }
346:
347:
348: - (CCControlButton *)standardButtonWithTitle:(NSString *)title
349: {
350:     /** Creates and return a button with a default background and title color. */
351:     CCScale9Sprite *backgroundButton = [CCScale9Sprite spriteWithFile:@"button.png"];
352:     CCScale9Sprite *backgroundHighlightedButton = [CCScale9Sprite spriteWithFile:@"buttonHighlighted.p
ng"];
353:
354: #ifdef __IPHONE_OS_VERSION_MAX_ALLOWED
355:     CCLabelTTF *titleButton = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:title fontName:@"HelveticaNeue-Bold" fontSiz
e:30];
356: #elif __MAC_OS_X_VERSION_MAX_ALLOWED
357:     CCLabelTTF *titleButton = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:title fontName:@"Marker Felt" fontSize:30];
358: #endif
359:     [titleButton setColor:ccc3(159, 168, 176)];
360:
361:     CCControlButton *button = [CCControlButton buttonWithType:titleButton backgroundSprite:background
Button];
362:     [button setBackgroundSprite:backgroundHighlightedButton forState:CCControlStateHighlighted];
363:     [button setTitleColor:ccWHITE forState:CCControlStateHighlighted];
364:
365:     return button;
366: }
367:
368:
369: #pragma mark - ColorPicker

```

```

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370:
371: - (void)colorpickerinit{
372:     CCSprite *background = [CCSprite spriteWithFile:@"buttonBackground.png"];
373:     CCNode *layer           = [CCNode node];
374:     layer.position          = ccp (screenSize.width -300 , screenSize.height / 2);
375:     [self addChild:layer z:1];
376:
377:     double layer_width = 0;
378:
379:     // Add the black background for the text
380:     CCSprite *background = [CCSprite spriteWithFile:@"buttonBackground.png"];
381:     [background setContentSize:CGSizeMake(150, 50)];
382:     [background setPosition:ccp(layer_width + background.contentSize.width / 2.0f, 0)];
383:     //[[layer addChild:background];
384:
385:     layer_width += background.contentSize.width;
386:
387: #ifdef __IPHONE_OS_VERSION_MAX_ALLOWED
388:     colorLabel = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:@">#color" fontName:@"HelveticaNeue-Bold" fontSize:30];
389: #elif __MAC_OS_X_VERSION_MAX_ALLOWED
390:     colorLabel = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:@">#color" fontName:@"Marker Felt" fontSize:30];
391: #endif
392:     colorLabel.position = background.position;
393:     //[[layer addChild:colorLabel];
394:
395:     // Create the colour picker
396:     CCControlColourPicker *colourPicker = [CCControlColourPicker colourPickerWithHueFile:@"hueBackgroun
nd.png"
397:                                         tintBackgroundFile:@"tintBackground.png"
398:                                         tintOverlayFile:@"tintOverlay.png"
399:                                         pickerFile:@"picker.png"
400:                                         arrowFile:@"arrow.png"];
401:
402:     colourPicker.color           = ccc3(37, 46, 252);
403:     colourPicker.position        = ccp (layer_width + colourPicker.contentSize.width / 2, 0);
404:     colourPicker.arrowDirection = CCControlColourPickerArrowDirectionLeft;
405:
406:     // Add it to the layer
407:     [layer addChild:colourPicker];
408:
409: #if NS_BLOCKS_AVAILABLE
410:     // Add block for value changed event
411:     [colourPicker setBlock:^(id sender, CCCControlEvent event)
412:     {
413:         [self colourValueChanged:sender];
414:         forControlEvents:CCControlEventValueChanged];
415:     }#else
416:     // Add the target-action pair
417:     [colourPicker addTarget:self action:@selector(colourValueChanged:) forControlEvents:CCControlEvent
ValueChanged];
418: #endif
419:
420:     layer_width += colourPicker.contentSize.width;
421:
422:     // Set the layer size
423:     layer.contentSize           = CGSizeMake(layer_width, 0);
424:     layer.anchorPoint          = ccp (0.5f, 0.5f);
425:
426:     // Update the color text
427:     [self colourValueChanged:colourPicker];
428: }
429:
430: - (void)colourValueChanged:(CCControlColourPicker *)sender
431: {
432:     colorLabel.string = [NSString stringWithFormat:@"%@%02X%02X%02X", sender.color.r, sender.color.g,
sender.color.b];
433:
434:     [self.delegate changeColorControl:sender.color];
435: }
436:
437:
438: #pragma mark - Window Controls
439:
440: - (void)expandPanel{
441:
442:
443: }

```

```
444:  
445: - (void)collapsePanel{  
446:  
447: }  
448:  
449: - (void)initEraserSwitch{  
450:  
451:  
452:  
453: CCNode *layer           = [CCNode node];  
454: //layer.position          = ccp (screenSize.width / 2, screenSize.height / 2);  
455: layer.position = ccp(100, 100);  
456: [self addChild:layer z:1];  
457:  
458: double layer_width = 0;  
459:  
460: // Add the black background for the text  
461: CCScale9Sprite *background = [CCSScale9Sprite spriteWithFile:@"buttonBackground.png"];  
462: background.contentSize    = CGSizeMake(80, 50);  
463: background.position       = ccp(layer_width + background.contentSize.width / 2.0f, 0);  
464: [layer addChild:background];  
465:  
466: layer_width += background.contentSize.width;  
467:  
468: #ifdef __IPHONE_OS_VERSION_MAX_ALLOWED  
469:     self.displayValueLabel = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:@"on" fontName:@"HelveticaNeue-Bold" fontSi  
tSize:30];  
470: #elif __MAC_OS_X_VERSION_MAX_ALLOWED  
471:     self.displayValueLabel = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:@"Eraser" fontName:@"Marker Felt" fontSi  
ze:30];  
472: #endif  
473: displayValueLabel.position = background.position;  
474: [layer addChild:displayValueLabel];  
475:  
476: // Create the switch  
477: self.switchControl      = [self makeControlSwitch];  
478: switchControl.position  = ccp (layer_width + 10 + switchControl.contentSize.width / 2, 0);  
479: switchControl.on        = NO;  
480: [layer addChild:switchControl];  
481:  
482: [switchControl addTarget:self action:@selector(switchValueChanged:) forControlEvents:CCControlEvents::  
tValueChanged];  
483:  
484: // Set the layer size  
485: layer.contentSize       = CGSizeMake(layer_width, 0);  
486: layer.anchorPoint       = ccp (0.5f, 0.5f);  
487:  
488:  
489: }  
490:  
491:  
492: - (CCControlSwitch *)makeControlSwitch  
493: {  
494:     return [CCControlSwitch switchWithMaskSprite:[CCSprite spriteWithFile:@"switch-mask.png"]  
495:                 onSprite:[CCSprite spriteWithFile:@"switch-on.png"]  
496:                 offSprite:[CCSprite spriteWithFile:@"switch-off.png"]  
497:                 thumbSprite:[CCSprite spriteWithFile:@"switch-thumb.png"]  
498:                 onLabel:[CCLabelTTF labelWithString:@"On" fontName:@"Arial-Bo  
ldMT" fontSize:16]  
499:                 offLabel:[CCLabelTTF labelWithString:@"Off" fontName:@"Arial-B  
oldMT" fontSize:16]];  
500: }  
501:  
502:  
503: - (void)switchValueChanged:(CCControlSwitch *)sender  
504: {  
505:     if ([sender isOn])  
506:     {  
507:         displayValueLabel.string = @"Eraser";  
508:  
509:         [self.delegate eraserMode:true];  
510:     } else  
511:     {  
512:         displayValueLabel.string = @"Eraser";  
513:         [self.delegate eraserMode:false];  
514:     }  
515: }  
516:  
517:  
518: #pragma mark- Brush Selection Delegate
```

```

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519:
520: - (void)initBrushSelectionButton{
521:
522:     CGSize screenSize = [[CCDirector sharedDirector] winSize];
523:     // Add the button
524:     CCScale9Sprite *backgroundButton = [CCScale9Sprite spriteWithFile:@"button.png"];
525:     CCScale9Sprite *backgroundHighlightedButton = [CCScale9Sprite spriteWithFile:@"buttonHighlighted.p
ng"];
526:
527: #ifdef __IPHONE_OS_VERSION_MAX_ALLOWED
528:     CCLabelTTF *titleButton = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:@"Touch Me!" fontName:@"HelveticaNeue-Bold"
fontSize:30];
529: #elif __MAC_OS_X_VERSION_MAX_ALLOWED
530:     CCLabelTTF *titleButton = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:@"Brushes" fontName:@"Marker Felt" fontSize:
30];
531: #endif
532:     [titleButton setColor:ccc3(159, 168, 176)];
533:
534:     CCControlButton *controlButton = [CCControlButton buttonWithLabel:titleButton
535:                                         backgroundSprite:backgroundButton];
536:     [controlButton setBackgroundSprite:backgroundHighlightedButton forState:CCControlStateHighlighted]
;
537:     [controlButton setTitleColor:ccWHITE forState:CCControlStateHighlighted];
538:
539:     controlButton.anchorPoint = ccp(0.5f, 1);
540:     controlButton.position = ccp(screenSize.width -100, screenSize.height -100);
541:     [self addChild:controlButton z:1];
542:
543:     // Add the black background
544:     CCScale9Sprite *background = [CCScale9Sprite spriteWithFile:@"buttonBackground.png"];
545:     [background setContentSize:CGSizeMake(100, 75)];
546:     [background setPosition:ccp(screenSize.width -100, screenSize.height -125)];
547:     [self addChild:background];
548:
549:     // Sets up event handlers
550:     [controlButton addTarget:self action:@selector(buttonAction:) forControlEvents:CCControlEvent
TouchUpInside];
551: }
552:
553:
554: - (void)brushButtonAction:(CCControlButton*)sender{
555:     if (self.brushSelection.layerHidden) {
556:         [self showBrushSelectionPanel];
557:     }else{
558:         [self hideBrushSelectionPanel];
559:     }
560:
561: }
562:
563:
564: - (void)showBrushSelectionPanel{
565:
566:     self.brushSelection.layerHidden = false;
567:     // [sprite runAction: [CCMoveBy actionWithDuration:2 position:ccp(50,10)]];
568:     [self.brushSelection runAction:[CCMoveTo actionWithDuration:2 position:ccp(0,0)]];
569: }
570:
571: - (void)hideBrushSelectionPanel{
572:     // Get window size
573:     CGSize screenSize = [[CCDirector sharedDirector] winSize];
574:
575:     self.brushSelection.layerHidden = true;
576:     [self.brushSelection runAction:[CCMoveTo actionWithDuration:2 position:ccp(-screenSize.width,0)]];
577:
578: }
579:
580: - (void)hidePanel{
581:
582:     [self hideBrushSelectionPanel];
583: }
584:
585:
586: - (void)brushSelected:(NSString *)brushname{
587:     [self.delegate changeBrushControl:brushname];
588: }
589:
590:
591: @end

```

```

./GameManager.h      Wed May 08 14:34:03 2013      1

1: //
2: //  GameManager.h
3: //  LeapPuzz
4: //
5: //  Created by cj on 4/2/13.
6: //
7: //
8:
9: #import <Foundation/Foundation.h>
10: #import "cocos2d.h"
11: #import "LeapObjectiveC.h"
12: #import "HUDLayer.h"
13:
14:
15: #import "SketchRenderTextureScene.h"
16: #import "BackgroundLayer.h"
17: #import "ControlsLayer.h"
18: #import "GameSettings.h"
19: #import "SimplePoint.h"
20:
21: /**
22:  Core Application Management
23:  Provides interfaces and controls the various inputs, controls and outputs
24:
25: */
26: @interface GameManager : CCScene <LeapListener, HUDDelegate, ControlsLayerDelegate>
27: {
28:     InputMode inputMode;    /**< colorLabel displays name of color in hash value */
29:     LeapPointable* currentPointable; /**< colorLabel displays name of color in hash value */
30:     CGPoint currentPoint;    /**< colorLabel displays name of color in hash value */
31:     //Settings
32:     BOOL painting;    /**< painting indicates wether or not the application is painting at that mom
nt*/
33:
34:     GameSettings* gameSettings; /**< gameSettings singleton to global seetings*/
35:
36:
37:     int lastTag;        /**< lastTag is the last tag value tracked of a LeapPointable */
38:     SimplePoint* lastPoint;    /**< lastPoint is the last known point on the screen of the LeapPointa
ble */
39:     int framesSinceLastFound;   /**< framesSinceLastFound number of frames since last finding a LeapPo
intable */
40:
41:
42: }
43:
44: @property (nonatomic,strong) HUDLayer* hudLayer;           /**< hudLayer displays the icons f
or tracking where a leapPointable is pointing */
45: @property (nonatomic,strong) SketchRenderTextureScene* textureScene;/**< textureScene is the drawing l
ayer */
46: @property (nonatomic,strong) BackgroundLayer* backgroundLayer;    /**< backgroundLayer is the layer
for setting up the background */
47: @property (nonatomic,strong) ControlsLayer* controlsLayer;    /**< controlsLayer is the layer fo
r managing interface controls */
48:
49: @property (nonatomic,strong) LeapController* controller;    /**< controller is the leapControl
ler */
50: @property (nonatomic,strong) LeapScreen* leapScreen;        /**< leapScreen references the scr
een being used on the system */
51:
52: /**
53: Finds the percentage of a number between two values
54: If the number is greater or less than the range, that boundry of the range will be returned.
55: @param max is the top range value
56: @param min is the bottom range value
57: @param value is the number we are seeking the percentage from
58: @return the a percentage between 0 and 100%
59: */
60: - (float)findPercentageDifference:(float)max withMin:(float)min withValue:(float)value;
61:
62: /**
63: Determines the opacity based upon the Z axis coordinate
64: @param value is the Z axis coordinate
65: @return the opacity value to set the brush at.
66: */
67: - (float)opacityPercentage:(float)value;
68:
69: @end

```

```

./GameManager.mm      Wed May  8 14:33:43 2013      1

1: //
2: //  GameManager.m
3: //  LeapPuzz
4: //
5: //  Created by cj on 4/2/13.
6: //
7: //
8:
9: #import "GameManager.h"
10:
11: @implementation GameManager
12:
13: @synthesize hudLayer;
14: @synthesize textureScene;
15: @synthesize backgroundLayer;
16: @synthesize controlsLayer;
17: @synthesize controller;
18: @synthesize leapScreen;
19:
20:
21: // On "init" you need to initialize your instance
22: -(id) init
23: {
24:     // always call "super" init
25:     // Apple recommends to re-assign "self" with the "super" return value
26:     if( (self=[super init])) {
27:
28:
29:         // create and initialize a Label
30:         CCLabelTTF *label = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:@"Leap Paint" fontName:@"Marker Felt"
fontSize:64];
31:
32:         // ask director the the window size
33:         CGSize size = [[CCDirector sharedDirector] winSize];
34:
35:         NSLog(@"%@",Window size (pixels)-- Width: %0.0f Height: %0.0f",size.width, size.height);
36:
37:         // position the label on the center of the screen
38:         label.position = ccp( size.width /2 , size.height - 25 );
39:         // add the label as a child to this Layer
40:
41:         [self addChild: label];
42:     [self run];
43:
44:     inputMode = kPressKeyMode;
45:     painting = false;
46:
47:     gameSettings = [GameSettings sharedInstance];
48:
49:     lastTag = -1;
50:     lastPoint = [[SimplePoint alloc] initWithX:0.0f withY:0.0f withZ:0.0f];
51:     framesSinceLastFound = 0;
52:
53: }
54: return self;
55: }
56:
57: #pragma mark - SampleDelegate Callbacks
58:
59: /**
60:  LeapMotion SDK Delegate Callback
61:  Init's a LeapMotion instance to initiate connection and tracking with the LeapMotion and assigns the
delegate or listener for the controller
62: */
63: - (void)run
64: {
65:     controller = [[LeapController alloc] init];
66:     [controller addListener:self];
67:
68: }
69: /**
70:  LeapMotion SDK Delegate Callback
71:  Initialize
72:  Verifies the LeapMotion has been initialized and any additional steps for setup can continue.
73: */
74:
75: - (void)onInit:(NSNotification *)notification{
76:     NSLog(@"%@",Leap: Initialized");
77: }
78: /**

```

```

./GameManager.mm      Wed May  8 14:33:43 2013      2

79: LeapMotion SDK Delegate Callback
80: Connect
81: Verifies the LeapMotion is connected and additional steps for setup can continue.
82:
83: Sets up the screens to be track intersecting vectors from pointables.
84: */
85:
86: - (void)onConnect:(NSNotification *)notification;
87: {
88:     NSLog(@"Leap: Connected");
89:
90:
91:     //NSArray* screens = controller.calibratedScreens;
92:     NSArray* screens = controller.locatedScreens;
93:
94:
95:     if ([screens count] > 0){
96:         leapScreen = [screens objectAtIndex:0];
97:         NSLog(@"%@", Screens: %0.0ld", (unsigned long)[screens count]);
98:
99:
100:    }else{
101:        NSLog(@"No Screens");
102:    }
103:
104:    NSLog(@"running");
105:
106: }
107: /**
108: LeapMotion SDK Delegate Callback
109: Disconnect
110: Notifies the application that the LeapMotion has been disconnected and hold or release any processes
in regard to the LeapMotion
111: */
112:
113: - (void)onDisconnect:(NSNotification *)notification{
114:     NSLog(@"Leap: Disconnected");
115: }
116:
117: /**
118: LeapMotion SDK Delegate Callback
119: Exits
120: Releases memory and sets object instances to nil (null)
121: */
122: - (void)onExit:(NSNotification *)notification{
123:     NSLog(@"Leap: Exited");
124: }
125: /**
126: LeapMotion SDK Delegate Callback
127: OnFrame Event notifies the application that an incoming frame has been processed and the data can be
used to control the application
128: */
129:
130: - (void)onFrame:(NSNotification *)notification{
131:     //NSLog(@"OnFrame");
132:     LeapController *aController = (LeapController *)[notification object];
133:     // Get the most recent frame and report some basic information
134:     LeapFrame *frame = [aController frame:0];
135:
136:     //Try and find the same one as last time.
137:     if ([frame pointables] count] != 0) {
138:         NSArray* leapPointables = [frame pointables];
139:
140:         LeapPointable* tool;
141:         if (lastTag != -1){
142:             for (LeapPointable* pointable in leapPointables){
143:
144:                 if (lastTag == pointable.id){
145:
146:                     tool = pointable;
147:                     lastTag = pointable.id;
148:                     break;
149:                 }
150:             }
151:         }
152:
153:         //Find a new point able
154:         if (tool == nil){
155:
156:             tool = [self pointableClosestToScreen:leapPointables];

```

```

./GameManager.mm      Wed May  8 14:33:43 2013      3

157:         lastTag = tool.id;
158:
159:     }
160:
161:
162: }else{
163:     //Find a new pointable
164:     tool = [self pointableClosestToScreen:leapPointables];
165:     lastTag = tool.id;
166:
167: }
168:
169: //Get the screen
170: LeapVector* normalized = [leapScreen intersect:tool normalize:YES clampRatio:2.0];
171:
172: if ([leapScreen isValid]){
173:     double x = normalized.x * [leapScreen widthPixels];
174:     double y = normalized.y * [leapScreen heightPixels];
175:
176:     CGPoint pointer = CGPointMake(x, y);
177:
178:     //Convert to Local coordinates from Screen Coordinates
179:     CCDirector* director = [CCDirector sharedDirector];
180:     NSPoint var = [director.view.window convertScreenToBase:pointer];
181:
182:     //Logging
183:     //NSLog(@"%@", var);
184:     //SimplePoint* simplePoint = [[SimplePoint alloc] initWithPosition:var withZ:tool.tipPosition.z];
185:     //[[NSNotificationCenter defaultCenter] postNotificationName:@"CoordHUDUpdate" object:simp
lePoint];
186:
187:     if (gameSettings.depthOpacityMode){
188:
189:         float opacity = [self opacityPercentage:tool.tipPosition.z];
190:
191:         //Update the controls
192:         [controlsLayer updateOpacitySlider:opacity];
193:
194:     }
195:
196:     if (inputMode == kDepthMode){
197:
198:         if (tool.tipPosition.z > 0){
199:             painting = FALSE;
200:
201:         }else{
202:             painting = TRUE;
203:         }
204:
205:     }
206:
207:
208:     //Update the HUD View
209:     [self hudLayer toolMoved:var toolID:[NSString stringWithFormat:@"%@", tool.id]];
210:     if (painting){
211:         [self movedToolTexture:var tool:tool];
212:     }else{
213:         // NSLog(@"Not Painting");
214:     }
215:
216: }else{
217:     NSLog(@"Leap Screen is invalid");
218:
219: }
220: }else{
221:
222:
223: NSLog(@"No frame");
224: //Remove the marker from the HUD view
225: if (currentPointable != nil) {
226:
227:     [self endLineDrawingTexture:currentPoint tool:currentPointable];
228:     [self hudLayer endTrackingTool];
229:
230:
231:     lastTag = -1;
232:
233:     framesSinceLastFound++;

```

```
234:     if (framesSinceLastFound > kMaxFrames){
235:         framesSinceLastFound = 0;
236:     }
237: }
238:
239: }
240: }
241:
242: #pragma mark - TextureScene
243:
244: /** Moves the tool on the screen when painting */
245: - (void)movedToolTexture:(CGPoint)point tool:(LeapPointable*)pointable{
246:
247:     if (currentPointable != nil){
248:
249:         [self moveLineDrawingTexture:point tool:pointable];
250:         currentPointable = pointable;
251:     }else{
252:         [self beginLineDrawingTexture:point tool:pointable];
253:         currentPointable = pointable;
254:     }
255: }
256:
257: /** Begin drawing to the canvas
258:  @param point is the current coordinate the LeapPointable is interescting with the screen
259:  @param pointable is a reference to the pointable currently drawing
260: */
261:
262: - (void)beginLineDrawingTexture:(CGPoint)point tool:(LeapPointable*)pointable{
263:
264:     [self.textureScene beginDraw:point withZ:pointable.tipPosition.z];
265:     currentPoint = point;
266: }
267: /** Update drawing with a moved image on the canvas
268:  @param point is the current coordinate the LeapPointable is interescting with the screen
269:  @param pointable is a reference to the pointable currently drawing
270: */
271: - (void)moveLineDrawingTexture:(CGPoint)point tool:(LeapPointable*)pointable{
272:
273:     [self.textureScene updateDraw:point withZ:pointable.tipPosition.z];
274:     currentPoint = point;
275:
276: }
277:
278: /** End the drawing
279:  @param point is the current coordinate the LeapPointable is interescting with the screen
280:  @param pointable is a reference to the pointable currently drawing
281: */
282: - (void)endLineDrawingTexture:(CGPoint)point tool:(LeapPointable*)pointable{
283:     [self.textureScene endDraw:point];
284:     currentPointable = nil;
285: }
286:
287: #pragma mark - Keyboard Events
288:
289: /** Change Input Mode */
290: - (void)changeMode:(InputMode)mode{
291:     //NSLog(@"%@", @"Changemode");
292:     inputMode = mode;
293:     gameSettings.inputMode = mode;
294: }
295:
296:
297: /** Change Painting state
298:  @param paintState changes the painting state
299: */
300: - (void)painting:(BOOL)paintingState{
301:     painting = paintingState;
302:     gameSettings.painting = paintingState;
303: }
304:
305:
306: #pragma mark - ControlsDelegate
307:
308: /** Change the color of the brush
309:  Updates the HUD Layer and the Texture Layer
310:  @param color is the color to be changed
311: */
312:
313: - (void)changeColorControl:(ccColor3B)color{
```

```
314:     [self.hudLayer changeColor:color];
315:     [self.textureScene changeColor:color];
316:
317:
318: }
319: /** Change the thickness of the brush
320: Updates the HUD Layer and the Texture Layer
321: @param value is the thinkness(width) value
322: */
323: - (void)changeThicknessControl:(float)value{
324:
325:     [self.hudLayer changeScale:value];
326:     [self.textureScene changeScale:value];
327: }
328: /** Change the brush type
329: Updates the HUD Layer and the Texture Layer
330: @param brushname is the name of the brush to be changed
331: */
332: - (void)changeBrushControl:(NSString *)brushname{
333:
334:     [self.hudLayer changeBrush:brushname];
335:     [self.textureScene changeBrush:brushname];
336: }
337: /** Change the opacity of the brush
338: Updates the HUD Layer and the Texture Layer
339: @param value is the opacity value
340: */
341: - (void)changeOpacityControl:(float)value{
342:     [self.textureScene changeOpacity:value];
343: }
344:
345: /** Clears the drawing */
346: - (void)clearDrawing{
347:
348:     [self.textureScene clearDrawing];
349:
350:     //**Turns off eraser mode if it is on
351:     if (gameSettings.eraseMode){
352:         gameSettings.eraseMode = false;
353:
354:         //Update texture mode and update Controls layer
355:     }
356: }
357: /** Update the eraser mode
358: Updates the HUD Layer and the Texture Layer
359: @param mode is the current state of the eraser
360: */
361: - (void)eraserMode:(bool)mode{
362:
363:     [self.hudLayer erasingMode:mode];
364:     [self.textureScene erasingMode:mode];
365:
366: }
367:
368: /** Return the Opacity value based on Z position */
369: - (float)opacityPercentage:(float)value{
370:     //NSLog(@"%@", value);
371:     if (value < kOpMinRange){
372:         return kOpMax;
373:     }else if(value > kOpMaxRange){
374:         return kOpMin;
375:     }else {
376:
377:         float percentage = [self findPercentageDifference:kOpMaxRange withMin:kOpMinRange withValue:value];
378:         //NSLog(@"%@", percentage);
379:
380:         percentage = 100 - percentage;
381:
382:         return percentage;
383:
384:     }
385:
386: }
387:
388:
389: /** Find the percentage between two numbers */
390: - (float)findPercentageDifference:(float)max withMin:(float)min withValue:(float)value{
391:     return (value - min)/(max - min)*100;
392: }
```

```
393:  
394:  
395: /**  
396: Using all the pointables, gets the closest one to the screen  
397: @param pointables is an array of pointables currently observed by the LeapMotion  
398: @return pointable that is closest by the screen  
399: */  
400: - (LeapPointable*)pointableClosestToScreen:(NSArray*)pointables{  
401:  
402:     LeapPointable* closestPointable;  
403:     for (LeapPointable*pointable in pointables){  
404:  
405:         //Check for the first iteration that the closest is not equal to nil  
406:         if (closestPointable != nil){  
407:  
408:             if (closestPointable.tipPosition.z > pointable.tipPosition.z){  
409:                 closestPointable = pointable;  
410:             }  
411:  
412:         }else{  
413:             closestPointable = pointable;  
414:         }  
415:  
416:     }  
417:  
418:     return closestPointable;  
419: }  
420:  
421: /**  
422: Find the closest LeapPointable to the current last vector  
423: @param leapVector is the position of the last pointbale  
424: @param pointables is an array of pointables currently observed by the LeapMotion  
425: @return LeapPointable closest to a leapVector  
426: */  
427: - (LeapPointable*)pointableClosestToVector:(LeapVector*)leapVector withPointables:(NSArray*)pointables  
{  
428:  
429:  
430:     LeapPointable* closestPointable;  
431:     //Check to make sure there is atleast one object in the array  
432:  
433:     //if the array is empty, throw an exception  
434:     if ([pointables count] == 0){  
435:         NSLog(@"%@",@"Cannot pass item 0 array");  
436:         return nil;  
437:     }  
438:     //If there is only one object in the array, return it  
439:     else if ([pointables count] == 1){  
440:         return [pointables objectAtIndex:0];  
441:     }else{  
442:  
443:         //Get the distance for the first point  
444:         float minDistance = 0;  
445:         closestPointable = [pointables objectAtIndex:0];  
446:         minDistance = [leapVector distanceTo:closestPointable.tipPosition];  
447:  
448:  
449:         for (int i = 1; i < [pointables count]; i++){  
450:  
451:             LeapPointable* point = [pointables objectAtIndex:i];  
452:             float distance = [leapVector distanceTo:point.tipPosition];  
453:             if ( distance < minDistance){  
454:                 minDistance = distance;  
455:                 closestPointable = point;  
456:             }  
457:         }  
458:     }  
459:  
460:     return closestPointable;  
461: }  
462:  
463:  
464: @end
```

```
1: //  
2: // GameScene.h  
3: // LeapPuzz  
4: //  
5: // Created by cj on 4/1/13.  
6: //  
7: //  
8:  
9: #import <Foundation/Foundation.h>  
10: #import "cocos2d.h"  
11: #import "HUDLayer.h"  
12: #import "GameManager.h"  
13: #import "LeapObjectiveC.h"  
14: #import "SketchRenderTextureScene.h"  
15: #import "BackgroundLayer.h"  
16: #import "ControlsLayer.h"  
17:  
18: /**  
19:  GameScene  
20:  Initializes and assembles all of the layers and gameobjects into the GameManager  
21:  
22: */  
23: @interface GameScene : CCScene {  
24:  
25: }  
26: /**  
27:  Scene initializes each object and assigns interlinking pointers and delegates to each class  
28:  @return scene for CCDirector to begin running  
29: */  
30: +(CCScene *) scene;  
31:  
32: @end
```

```
./GameScene.mm      Wed May 08 15:04:52 2013      1

1: //
2: //  GameScene.m
3: //  LeapPuzz
4: //
5: //  Created by cj on 4/1/13.
6: //
7: //
8:
9: #import "GameScene.h"
10:
11: @implementation GameScene
12:
13: +(CCScene *) scene
14: {
15:     // 'scene' is an autorelease object.
16:     GameManager*scene = [GameManager node];
17:
18:     HUDLayer* hudLayer = [HUDLayer node];
19:     BackgroundLayer* backgroundLayer = [BackgroundLayer node];
20:     ControlsLayer* controlsLayer = [ControlsLayer node];
21:
22:     //setup delegates
23:     hudLayer.delegate = scene;
24:     controlsLayer.delegate = scene;
25:
26:
27:     SketchRenderTextureScene* textureScene = [SketchRenderTextureScene node];
28:     [scene addChild:backgroundLayer z:0];
29:     [scene addChild:controlsLayer z:3];
30:     // add layer as a child to scene
31:     [scene addChild:hudLayer z:5];
32:
33:
34:     [scene addChild:textureScene z:2];
35:
36:
37:     scene.hudLayer = hudLayer;
38:     scene.backgroundLayer = backgroundLayer;
39:     scene.controlsLayer = controlsLayer;
40:
41:     scene.textureScene = textureScene;
42:
43:     // return the scene
44:     return scene;
45: }
46: @end
```

```
./GameSettings.h      Wed May  8 13:48:32 2013      1

1: //
2: //  GameSettings.h
3: //  LeapPuzz
4: //
5: //  Created by cj on 4/16/13.
6: //
7: //
8:
9: #import <Foundation/Foundation.h>
10:
11:
12: #define kVelMax 1000
13: #define kVelMin 0
14:
15: #define kOpMinRange -80
16: #define kOpMaxRange 120
17:
18: #define kOpMin 0
19: #define kOpMax 100
20:
21: #define kNormalizedVelMax 15
22: #define kNormalizedVelMin 0
23:
24: #define kMaxFrames 1000
25:
26: extern int const BLOCK_SIZE;
27:
28:
29: typedef enum {
30:     kPressKeyMode,
31:     kDepthMode,
32: } InputMode;
33:
34: /**
35:  GameSettings is a globally shared class instance which tracks all the game settings.
36:
37:  This class can be accessed by any object in the game.
38: */
39: @interface GameSettings : NSObject{
40:
41:
42: }
43: @property (nonatomic,readonly) BOOL depthOpacityMode;    /**< depthOpacityMode controls use of z axis control of opacity */
44: @property (nonatomic,readonly) BOOL painting;           /**< painting indicates whether or not the application is painting at that moment*/
45: @property (nonatomic,readonly) BOOL eraserMode;          /**< eraserMode controls erasing on drawing canvas */
46: @property (nonatomic,readonly) InputMode inputMode;      /**< inputMode controller input mode for leapmotion */
47: /** Singleton
48:  Initializes and Returns a shared instance of the class
49:  @return sharedInstance of the class.
50: */
51: + (GameSettings *)sharedInstance;
52:
53: @end
```

```
./GameSettings.mm      Wed May  8 13:49:14 2013      1

1: //
2: //  GameSettings.m
3: //  LeapPuzz
4: //
5: //  Created by cj on 4/16/13.
6: //
7: //
8:
9: #import "GameSettings.h"
10:
11: //Constants
12: int const BLOCK_SIZE = 128;
13:
14: @implementation GameSettings
15: @synthesize depthOpacityMode;
16: @synthesize eraserMode;
17: @synthesize inputMode;
18: @synthesize painting;
19:
20: /** Singleton SharedInstance
21:  *  Initializes and Returns a shared instance of the class
22:  */
23: + (GameSettings *)sharedInstance
24: {
25:     static GameSettings *sharedInstance;
26:
27:     @synchronized(self)
28:     {
29:         if (!sharedInstance)
30:             sharedInstance = [[GameSettings alloc] init];
31:         return sharedInstance;
32:     }
33: }
34:
35: /**
36:  * Initialize the class and sets the default values
37:  */
38: - (id)init
39: {
40:     if (self = [super init]) {
41:         // Init Defaults
42:         self.depthOpacityMode = false;
43:         self.painting = false;
44:     }
45:     return self;
46: }
47: @end
```

```
1: //  
2: //  HUDLayer.h  
3: //  LeapPuzz  
4: //  
5: //  Created by cj on 4/1/13.  
6: //  
7: //  
8:  
9: #import <Foundation/Foundation.h>  
10: #import "cocos2d.h"  
11: #import "LPTool.h"  
12: #import "LeapObjectiveC.h"  
13: #import "SimplePoint.h"  
14: #import "GameSettings.h"  
15:  
16:  
17: /** HUD Delegate Protocol  
18: User interface controls for operating buttons, switches, sliders  
19: */  
20: @protocol HUDDelegate <NSObject>  
21: /**  
22: Calls back to notify a new input mode has been selected by the keyboard interface  
23: @param mode is the state of the input mode  
24: */  
25: - (void)changeMode:(InputMode)mode;  
26: /**  
27: Calls back to notify a new change in painting state  
28: @param paintingState  
29: */  
30: - (void)painting:(BOOL)paintingState;  
31:  
32: @end  
33:  
34: /** HUD Layer  
35: Tracks the position of the LeapCursor on the screen  
36: */  
37: @interface HUDLayer : CCLayer {  
38:     NSString* primaryToolID;    /**< primaryToolID stores the id tag to the pointable in reference*/  
39:     LPTool* primaryTool;        /**< primaryTool points to the current pointable object*/  
40:  
41:     InputMode inputMode;       /**< inputMode is the current mode of input*/  
42:  
43:     ccColor3B lastColor;      /**< lastColor is the lastColor to be selected */  
44:     ccColor3B previousColor;   /**< previousColor is the color before the lastcolor to be selected */  
45:     NSString* lastBrush;       /**< lastBrush is last brush to be selected */  
46:     float lastScale;          /**< lastScale is last scale to be selected */  
47:  
48:  
49:  
50:     CCSprite* paintingIndicator; /**< paintingIndicator shows the state at which the object is current  
ly paintng */  
51:     BOOL eraseMode;           /**< eraseMode determines weather the pointable is painting or erasing  
*/  
52:  
53:  
54:     GameSettings* gameSettings; /**< gameSettings singleton to global seetings*/  
55:  
56:  
57: }  
58:  
59: @property (nonatomic, weak) id <HUDDelegate> delegate; /**< colorLabel displays name of color in hash  
value */  
60: @property (nonatomic, strong) CCLabelTTF* xyzcoords; /**< xyzcoords is the X,Y,Z coordinates in string  
form for displaying on the HUD in real-time for debugging */  
61:  
62:  
63: /**  
64: ToolMoved updates the last known tracked position of the tool.  
65: @param point is the coordinate location on the screen in which pointable interesects  
66: @param toolid is LeapSDK provided tool id of the tool moving  
67: */  
68: - (void)toolMoved:(CGPoint)point toolID:(NSString*)toolid;  
69: /**  
70: StartTrackingTool begins the process of tracking a tool starting with a new path  
71: @param point is the coordinate location on the screen in which pointable interesects  
72: @param toolid is LeapSDK provided tool id of the tool moving  
73: */  
74: - (void)startTrackingTool:(CGPoint)point toolID:(NSString*)toolid;  
75: /**  
76: MoveTrackingTool updates the position and path of a tool.
```

```
./HUDLayer.h      Wed May  8 15:01:51 2013      2
77:  @param point is the coordinate location on the screen in which pointable intersects
78:  @param toolid is LeapSDK provided tool id of the tool moving
79:  */
80: - (void)moveTrackingTool:(CGPoint)point toolID:(NSString*)toolid;
81: /**
82: EndTracking tool singles the end of the tool being tracked.
83: The tool may be lost or no longer drawing
84: */
85: - (void)endTrackingTool;
86:
87:
88: - (void)changeColor:(ccColor3B)color;
89: - (void)changeBrush:(NSString*)brushname;
90: - (void)changeScale:(float)size;
91: - (void)erasingMode:(BOOL)mode;
92:
93: @end
```

```
1: //  
2: //  HUDLayer.m  
3: //  LeapPuzz  
4: //  
5: //  Created by cj on 4/1/13.  
6: //  
7: //  
8:  
9: #import "HUDLayer.h"  
10:  
11: @implementation HUDLayer  
12: @synthesize delegate;  
13: @synthesize xyzcoords;  
14: - (id)init  
15: {  
16:     if ((self = [super init]))  
17:     {  
18:         // Get window size  
19:         CGSize size = [[CCDirector sharedDirector] winSize];  
20:  
21:         // Add a button which takes us back to HelloWorldScene  
22:  
23:         // Create a label with the text we want on the button  
24:         CCLabelTTF *label = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:@"Tap Here" fontName:@"Helvetica" font  
Size:32.0];  
25:  
26:         // Create a button out of the label, and tell it to run the "switchScene" method  
27:         CCMenuItem *button = [CCMenuItemLabel itemWithLabel:label target:self selector:@select  
or:testing:]);  
28:  
29:         // Add the button to a menu - "nil" terminates the list of items to add  
30:         CCMenu *menu = [CCMenu menuWithItems:button, nil];  
31:  
32:         // Place the menu in center of screen  
33:         [menu setPosition:ccp(size.width / 2, size.height / 2)];  
34:  
35:         lastColor = ccWHITE;  
36:         lastBrush = @"roundbrush.png";  
37:         lastScale = 1.0;  
38:  
39:         eraseMode = false;  
40:  
41:         // Finally add the menu to the layer  
42:         //[[self addChild:menu];  
43: #ifdef __IPHONE_OS_VERSION_MAX_ALLOWED  
44:         self.userInteractionEnabled = YES;  
45:         self.isAccelerometerEnabled = YES;  
46: #elif defined(__MAC_OS_X_VERSION_MAX_ALLOWED)  
47:         self.isMouseEnabled = YES;  
48:         self.isKeyboardEnabled = YES;  
49: #endif  
50:         inputMode = kDepthMode;  
51:  
52:         /*  
53:         self.xyzcoords = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:@"Coords" fontName:@"Helvetica" fontSize:16.0];  
54:         self.xyzcoords.position = ccp(size.width / 2, 50);  
55:         [self addChild:self.xyzcoords];  
56:  
57:         [[NSNotificationCenter defaultCenter] addObserver:self  
58:                                         selector:@selector(handleHUDCoordUpdate:)  
59:                                         name:@"CoordHUDUpdate"  
60:                                         object:nil];  
61:  
62:         */  
63:  
64:     }  
65:     return self;  
66: }  
67:  
68:  
69: //Add the sprite hud  
70: - (LPTool*)addLPTool:(CGPoint)p objectID:(NSString*)objectID withBrushName:(NSString*)brushname{  
71:  
72:     LPTool *sprite = [LPTool spriteWithFile:brushname];  
73:  
74:     [self addChild:sprite];  
75:  
76:     sprite.updated = TRUE;  
77:     sprite.toolID = objectID;  
78:     [sprite setScale:lastScale];
```

```
79:     sprite.position = ccp( p.x, p.y);
80:     sprite.color = lastColor;
81:
82:     return sprite;
83: }
84:
85: /* Tool Moved */
86: - (void)toolMoved:(CGPoint)point toolID:(NSString*)toolid{
87:
88:     if (primaryTool == nil){
89:         [self startTrackingTool:point toolID:toolid];
90:     }else{
91:         [self moveTrackingTool:point toolID:toolid];
92:     }
93: }
94:
95: /* Start Tracking Tool */
96: - (void)startTrackingTool:(CGPoint)point toolID:(NSString*)toolid{
97:     if (primaryTool == nil){
98:         primaryTool = [self addLPTool:point objectID:toolid withBrushName:lastBrush];
99:     }
100: }
101:
102: /* Move Tracking Tool*/
103: - (void)moveTrackingTool:(CGPoint)point toolID:(NSString*)toolid{
104:
105:     //Create tool if it does not exist
106:     if (primaryTool == nil){
107:         primaryTool = [self addLPTool:point objectID:toolid withBrushName:lastBrush];
108:     }else{
109:         //Update since it does exist
110:         primaryTool.position = point;
111:         if ([toolid isEqualToString:primaryTool.toolID]){
112:             primaryTool.toolID = toolid;
113:         }
114:     }
115: }
116:
117: /* End Tracking Tool */
118: - (void)endTrackingTool{
119:     if (primaryTool != nil){
120:         [self removeChild:primaryTool cleanup:YES];
121:         primaryTool = nil;
122:     }
123: }
124:
125:
126: //Key up event
127: -(BOOL) ccKeyUp:(NSEvent*)event{
128:
129:     unichar ch = [event keyCode];
130:
131:     if (inputMode == kPressKeyMode){
132:         if ( ch == 49){
133:             [self.delegate painting:FALSE];
134:         }
135:     }
136:
137:     if ( ch == 18){
138:         //change to space bar press mode
139:         inputMode = kPressKeyMode;
140:         [self.delegate changeMode:inputMode];
141:     }else if(ch == 19){
142:         //Change to depth mode
143:         inputMode = kDepthMode;
144:         [self.delegate changeMode:inputMode];
145:     }
146:
147:     return YES;
148: }
149: //Key down event
150: -(BOOL) ccKeyDown:(NSEvent*)event{
151:     unichar ch = [event keyCode];
152:
153:     if (inputMode == kPressKeyMode){
154:         if ( ch == 49){
155:             [self.delegate painting:TRUE];
156:         }
157:     }
158:     return YES;
```

```
159: }
160:
161: - (void)changeColor:(ccColor3B)color{
162:
163:
164:
165:     if(primaryTool != nil){
166:
167:         [primaryTool setColor:color];
168:
169:     }
170:     lastColor = color;
171: }
172:
173: - (void)changeBrush:(NSString*)brushname{
174:
175:     lastBrush = brushname;
176:     if (primaryTool != nil){
177:         //Save important data
178:         CGPoint lastlocation = primaryTool.position;
179:         NSString* toolid = [primaryTool.toolID copy];
180:
181:         //Remove Tool
182:         [self removeChild:primaryTool cleanup:YES];
183:
184:         //Add it back
185:         primaryTool = [self addLPTool:lastlocation objectID:toolid withBrushName:lastBrush];
186:     }
187:
188: }
189:
190:
191: - (void)changeScale:(float)size{
192:
193:     lastScale = size;
194:     if(primaryTool != nil){
195:
196:         [primaryTool setScale:size];
197:     }
198: }
199:
200:
201: - (void)erasingMode:(BOOL)mode{
202:
203:     eraseMode = mode;
204:
205:     //turn Erasing Mode on
206:     if (mode){
207:         previousColor = lastColor;
208:         lastColor = ccRED;
209:         [primaryTool setColor:ccRED];
210:     }else{
211:         //Turn erasing mode off
212:         lastColor = previousColor;
213:         [primaryTool setColor:lastColor];
214:     }
215:
216: }
217:
218: - (void)updateCoordsHUDWithX:(float)x withY:(float)y withZ:(float)z{
219:
220:     self.xyzcoords.string = [NSString stringWithFormat:@"Coords x: %0.0f, y %0.0f, z %0.0f",x,y,z];
221:
222: }
223:
224: - (void)handleHUDCoordUpdate:(id)sender{
225:
226:     NSNotification* note = sender;
227:     //LEDColor* ledColor = note.object;
228:
229:     SimplePoint* point = note.object;
230:
231:     [self updateCoordsHUDWithX:point.x withY:point.y withZ:point.z];
232:
233:
234: }
235:
236:
237: @end
```

```
./LPCCControlButtonVariableSize.h      Wed May  8 13:54:37 2013      1
1: //////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
2: // LPCCControlButtonVariableSize.h
3: // LeapPuzz
4: //
5: // Created by cj on 4/9/13.
6: //
7: //
8: #import "cocos2d.h"
9: #import "CCControlExtension.h"
10: /**
11:  LPCCControlButtonVariableSize Extends CCLayer to have a customizable control button interface
12: */
13: @interface LPCCControlButtonVariableSize : CCLayer
14:
15: /** Creates and return a button with a default background and title color. */
16: - (CCControlButton *)standardButtonWithTitle:(NSString *)title;
17: @end
```

```
1: //  
2: // LPCCControlButtonVariableSize.m  
3: // LeapPuzz  
4: //  
5: // Created by cj on 4/9/13.  
6: //  
7: //  
8:  
9: #import "LPCCControlButtonVariableSize.h"  
10:  
11: @implementation LPCCControlButtonVariableSize  
12: - (id)init  
13: {  
14:     if ((self = [super init]))  
15:     {  
16:         CGSize screenSize = [[CCDirector sharedDirector] winSize];  
17:  
18:         // Defines an array of title to create buttons dynamically  
19:         NSArray *stringArray = [NSArray arrayWithObjects:@"Hello",@"Variable",@"Size",@"!", nil];  
20:  
21:         CCNode *layer = [CCNode node];  
22:         [self addChild:layer z:1];  
23:  
24:         double total_width = 0, height = 0;  
25:  
26:         // For each title in the array  
27:         for (NSString *title in stringArray)  
28:         {  
29:             // Creates a button with this string as title  
30:             CCControlButton *button = [self standardButtonWithTitle:title];  
31:             [button setPosition:ccp (total_width + button.contentSize.width / 2, button.contentSize.height / 2)];  
32:             [layer addChild:button];  
33:  
34:             // Compute the size of the layer  
35:             height = button.contentSize.height;  
36:             total_width += button.contentSize.width;  
37:         }  
38:  
39:         [layer setAnchorPoint:ccp (0.5, 0.5)];  
40:         [layer setContentSize:CGSizeMake(total_width, height)];  
41:         [layer setPosition:ccp(screenSize.width / 2.0f, screenSize.height / 2.0f)];  
42:  
43:         // Add the black background  
44:         CCScale9Sprite *background = [CCScale9Sprite spriteWithFile:@"buttonBackground.png"];  
45:         [background setContentSize:CGSizeMake(total_width + 14, height + 14)];  
46:         [background setPosition:ccp(screenSize.width / 2.0f, screenSize.height / 2.0f)];  
47:         [self addChild:background];  
48:     }  
49:     return self;  
50: }  
51:  
52: #pragma mark -  
53: #pragma CCControlButtonTest_HelloVariableSize Public Methods  
54:  
55: #pragma CCControlButtonTest_HelloVariableSize Private Methods  
56:  
57: - (CCControlButton *)standardButtonWithTitle:(NSString *)title  
58: {  
59:     /** Creates and return a button with a default background and title color. */  
60:     CCScale9Sprite *backgroundButton = [CCScale9Sprite spriteWithFile:@"button.png"];  
61:     CCScale9Sprite *backgroundHighlightedButton = [CCScale9Sprite spriteWithFile:@"buttonHighlighted.p  
ng"];  
62:     CCLabelTTF *titleButton = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:title fontName:@"Marker Felt" fontSize:30];  
63:     [titleButton setColor:ccc3(159, 168, 176)];  
64:     CCControlButton *button = [CCControlButton buttonWithType:titleButton backgroundSprite:background  
Button];  
65:     [button setBackgroundSprite:backgroundHighlightedButton forState:CCControlStateHighlighted];  
66:     [button setTitleColor:ccWHITE forState:CCControlStateHighlighted];  
67:  
68:     return button;  
69: }  
70:  
71:  
72: @end
```

```
./LPLine.h      Wed May  8 13:54:37 2013      1
1: //
2: //  LPLine.h
3: //  LeapPuzz
4: //
5: //  Created by cj on 4/2/13.
6: //
7: //
8:
9: #import <Foundation/Foundation.h>
10: /**
11:  LPLine is tracks the points in one line from beginning to end
12: */
13: @interface LPLine : NSObject {
14:
15: }
16:
17: @property (nonatomic, strong) NSMutableArray* points;  /**< points is a an array of points for the lin
e */
18: @property (nonatomic, readwrite) float width;    /**< width is a constant width for the line */
19:
20: @end
```

```
./LPLine.m      Wed May  8 13:52:56 2013      1
1: //
2: //  LPLine.m
3: //  LeapPuzz
4: //
5: //  Created by cj on 4/2/13.
6: //
7: //
8:
9: #import "LPLine.h"
10:
11: @implementation LPLine
12:
13: @synthesize points;
14: @synthesize width;
15:
16: - (id)init
17: {
18:     if ((self = [super init]) == nil) {
19:         self.points = [[NSMutableArray alloc] init];
20:         self.width = 1.0f;
21:     }
22:     return self;
23: }
24:
25: @end
```

```
./LPLinePoint.h      Wed May  8 14:02:35 2013      1
1: /**
2: //  LPPoint.h
3: //  LeapPaint
4: //
5: //  Created by cj on 5/8/13.
6: //  Copyright (c) 2013 cjdesch. All rights reserved.
7: //
8:
9: #import <Foundation/Foundation.h>
10:
11:
12:
13: /**
14:  LPLinePoint is a plotted point for drawing onto the canvas
15: */
16: @interface LPLinePoint : NSObject{
17:
18:
19: }
20:
21: @property (nonatomic, readwrite) float x; /**< x coordinate */
22: @property (nonatomic, readwrite) float y; /**< y coordinate */
23: @property (nonatomic, readwrite) float width; /**< width of the point */
24:
25: /**
26: * Init constructor with existing point to create with no width
27: * @param p an point (x,y)
28: * @return object instance
29: */
30: - (id)initWithPosition:(CGPoint)p;
31: /**
32: * Init constructor with x and y values with no width
33: * @param xVal coordinate value
34: * @param yVal coordinate value
35: * @return object instance
36: */
37: - (id)initWithX:(float)xVal withY:(float)yVal;
38: /**
39: * Init constructor with existing point with width
40: * @param p a point (x,y)
41: * @param wVal width of the point
42: * @return object instance
43: */
44: - (id)initWithPosition:(CGPoint)p withWidth:(float)wVal;
45: /**
46: * Init constructor with x and y values with width
47: * @param xVal coordinate value
48: * @param yVal coordinate value
49: * @param wVal width of the point
50: * @return object instance
51: */
52: - (id)initWithX:(float)xVal withY:(float)yVal withWidth:(float)wVal;
53:
54: /**
55: * Returns point based on x and y
56: * @return CGPoint
57: */
58: - (CGPoint)point;
59: @end
```

```
1: //  
2: // LPPoint.m  
3: // LeapPaint  
4: //  
5: // Created by cj on 5/8/13.  
6: // Copyright (c) 2013 cjdensch. All rights reserved.  
7: //  
8:  
9: #import "LPLLinePoint.h"  
10:  
11: @implementation LPLLinePoint  
12: @synthesize x;  
13: @synthesize y;  
14: @synthesize width;  
15:  
16: /** init 2d point with CGPoint */  
17: - (id)initWithPosition:(CGPoint)p{  
18:     if (self = [super init]) {  
19:  
20:         self.x = p.x;  
21:         self.y = p.y;  
22:         self.width = 0.0f;  
23:  
24:    }  
25:    return self;  
26: }  
27:  
28:  
29: /** Init Point with 2 separate values */  
30: - (id)initWithX:(float)xVal withY:(float)yVal{  
31:  
32:     if (self = [super init]) {  
33:  
34:         self.x = xVal;  
35:         self.y = yVal;  
36:         self.width = 0.0f;  
37:  
38:  
39:    }  
40:    return self;  
41: }  
42:  
43:  
44: /** Init point with CGPoint and width Value */  
45: - (id)initWithPosition:(CGPoint)p withWidth:(float)wVal{  
46:     if (self = [super init]) {  
47:  
48:         self.x = p.x;  
49:         self.y = p.y;  
50:         self.width = wVal;  
51:  
52:  
53:    }  
54:    return self;  
55: }  
56:  
57:  
58: /** Init Point with x and y values with width*/  
59: - (id)initWithX:(float)xVal withY:(float)yVal withWidth:(float)wVal{  
60:  
61:     if (self = [super init]) {  
62:  
63:         self.x = xVal;  
64:         self.y = yVal;  
65:         self.width = wVal;  
66:  
67:  
68:    }  
69:    return self;  
70: }  
71:  
72: /** Return the CGPoint type from the object */  
73: - (CGPoint)point{  
74:     return CGPointMake(self.x, self.y);  
75: }  
76:  
77:  
78:  
79: @end
```

```
./LPTool.h      Wed May  8 13:35:45 2013      1
1: /**
2: //  LPTool.h
3: //  LeapPuzz
4: //
5: //  Created by cj on 3/29/13.
6: //
7: //
8:
9: #import <Foundation/Foundation.h>
10: #import "cocos2d.h"
11:
12: /**
13:  Extends CCSprite object with two properties for tracking sprites with pointable objects
14: */
15:
16: @interface LPTool : CCSprite
17:
18: @property (nonatomic, strong) NSString* toolID; /**< toolID is the ID number assigned by the LeapMotio
n SDK */
19: @property (nonatomic, readonly) BOOL updated; /**< updated is if the sprite has been updated in that
frame.*/
20:
21:
22:
23:
24: @end
```

```
./LPTool.mm      Wed May  8 13:35:52 2013      1
```

```
1: //  
2: // LPTool.m  
3: // LeapPuzz  
4: //  
5: // Created by cj on 3/29/13.  
6: //  
7: //  
8:  
9: #import "LPTool.h"  
10:  
11: @implementation LPTool  
12:  
13:  
14: @end
```

```
./main.m      Tue May  7 22:20:30 2013      1
1: //  
2: // main.m  
3: // LeapPaint  
4: //  
5: // Created by cj on 5/7/13.  
6: // Copyright (c) 2013 cjdesch. All rights reserved.  
7: //  
8:  
9: #import <Cocoa/Cocoa.h>  
10:  
11: int main(int argc, char *argv[]){  
12: {  
13:     return NSApplicationMain(argc, (const char **)argv);  
14: }
```

```
1: /**
2: // SimplePoint.h
3: // LeapPuzz
4: //
5: // Created by cj on 2/19/13.
6: //
7: //
8:
9: #import <Foundation/Foundation.h>
10: #import "cocos2d.h"
11:
12:
13: /**
14: * 2D or 3D space coordinate for temporarily manipulating points
15: *
16: */
17:
18: @interface SimplePoint : NSObject {
19:
20: }
21:
22: @property (nonatomic, readwrite) float x; /*< x coordinate */
23: @property (nonatomic, readwrite) float y; /*< y coordinate */
24: @property (nonatomic, readwrite) float z; /*< z coordinate */
25: @property (nonatomic, readwrite) BOOL is3d; /*< is3d is 2d or 3d point type */
26:
27:
28: /**
29: * Init constructor with existing point to create a 2d Point
30: * @param p an point (x,y)
31: * @return object instance
32: */
33: - (id)initWithPosition:(CGPoint)p;
34: /**
35: * Init constructor with x and y values to create a 2d point
36: * @param xVal coordinate value
37: * @param yVal coordinate value
38: * @return object instance
39: */
40: - (id)initWithX:(float)xVal withY:(float)yVal;
41: /**
42: * Init constructor with existing point to create a 3d Point
43: * @param p a point (x,y)
44: * @param zVal coordinateValue
45: * @return object instance
46: */
47: - (id)initWithPosition:(CGPoint)p withZ:(float)zVal;
48: /**
49: * Init constructor with x, y and z values to create 3D point
50: * @param xVal coordinate value
51: * @param yVal coordinate value
52: * @param zval coordinate value
53: * @return object instance
54: */
55: - (id)initWithX:(float)xVal withY:(float)yVal withZ:(float)zVal;
56:
57: /**
58: * Returns point based on x and y
59: * @return CGPoint
60: */
61: - (CGPoint)point;
62: @end
```

```
1: //  
2: // SimplePoint.m  
3: // LeapPuzz  
4: //  
5: // Created by cj on 2/19/13.  
6: //  
7: //  
8:  
9: #import "SimplePoint.h"  
10:  
11: @implementation SimplePoint  
12:  
13: @synthesize x,y,z;  
14: @synthesize is3d;  
15:  
16:  
17: /** init 2d point with CGPoint */  
18: - (id)initWithPosition:(CGPoint)p{  
19:     if (self = [super init]) {  
20:  
21:         self.x = p.x;  
22:         self.y = p.y;  
23:         self.z = 0.0f;  
24:         self.is3d = false;  
25:  
26:     }  
27:     return self;  
28: }  
29:  
30: /** Init 2d Point with 2 separate values */  
31: - (id)initWithX:(float)xVal withY:(float)yVal{  
32:  
33:     if (self = [super init]) {  
34:  
35:         self.x = xVal;  
36:         self.y = yVal;  
37:         self.z = 0.0f;  
38:         self.is3d = false;  
39:  
40:     }  
41:     return self;  
42: }  
43:  
44:  
45: /** Init 3d point with CGPoint and z Value */  
46: - (id)initWithPosition:(CGPoint)p withZ:(float)zVal{  
47:     if (self = [super init]) {  
48:  
49:         self.x = p.x;  
50:         self.y = p.y;  
51:         self.z = zVal;  
52:         self.is3d = true;  
53:  
54:     }  
55:     return self;  
56: }  
57:  
58:  
59: /** Init 3d Point with 3 separate values */  
60: - (id)initWithX:(float)xVal withY:(float)yVal withZ:(float)zVal{  
61:  
62:     if (self = [super init]) {  
63:  
64:         self.x = xVal;  
65:         self.y = yVal;  
66:         self.z = zVal;  
67:         self.is3d = true;  
68:  
69:     }  
70:     return self;  
71: }  
72:  
73: /** Return the CGPoint type from the object */  
74: - (CGPoint)point{  
75:     return CGPointMake(self.x, self.y);  
76: }  
77:  
78:  
79: @end
```

./SimplePointObject.h

Tue May 07 14:48:55 2013

1

```
1: //  
2: // Point.h  
3: // LeapPuzz  
4: //  
5: // Created by cj on 2/19/13.  
6: //  
7: //  
8:  
9: #import <Foundation/Foundation.h>  
10:  
11: /**  
12: * 2D space coordinate for temporarily maniulapting points  
13: *  
14: */  
15:  
16: @interface SimplePointObject : NSObject {  
17:  
18:  
19: }  
20:  
21: @property (nonatomic, readwrite) CGPoint point; /*< point is the X and Y coordinates */  
22:  
23: - (id)initWithPosition:(CGPoint)p;  
24: - (id)initWithX:(float)x withY:(float)y;  
25:  
26: @end
```

```
./SimplePointObject.m      Tue Feb 19 11:39:18 2013      1
1: //
2: //  Point.m
3: //  LeapPuzz
4: //
5: //  Created by cj on 2/19/13.
6: //
7: //
8:
9: #import "SimplePointObject.h"
10:
11: @implementation SimplePointObject
12:
13:
14: - (id)initWithPosition:(CGPoint)p{
15:     if (self = [super init]) {
16:
17:         self.point = p;
18:
19:     }
20:     return self;
21: }
22:
23: - (id)initWithX:(float)x withY:(float)y{
24:
25:     if (self = [super init]) {
26:
27:         self.point = CGPointMake(x, y);
28:
29:     }
30:     return self;
31: }
32: @end
```

```
./SketchRenderTextureScene.h      Sat Apr 20 09:25:54 2013      1
1: //
2: // SketchRenderTextureScene.h
3: // Cocos2D-CCRenderTexture-Demo
4: //
5: // Copyright (c) 2011 Steffen Itterheim.
6: // Distributed under MIT License.
7: //
8:
9: #import "cocos2d.h"
10: #import "SimplePoint.h"
11: #import "GameSettings.h"
12: @interface SketchRenderTextureScene : CCLayer
13: {
14:     CCSprite* brush;
15:     NSMutableArray* touches;
16:
17:
18:     ccColor3B lastColor;
19:     ccColor3B previousColor;
20:     NSString* lastBrush;
21:     float lastScale;
22:     bool eraseMode;
23:
24:
25:
26: }
27:
28: @property (nonatomic,readonly) float opacity;
29:
30: - (void)beginDraw:(CGPoint)point withZ:(float)z;
31: - (void)updateDraw:(CGPoint)point withZ:(float)z;
32: - (void)endDraw:(CGPoint)point;
33:
34: - (void)changeColor:(ccColor3B)color;
35: - (void)changeBrush:(NSString*)brushname;
36: - (void)changeScale:(float)size;
37: - (void)changeOpacity:(float)o;
38: - (void)erasingMode:(BOOL)mode;
39:
40: - (void)clearDrawing;
41: @end
```

```
1: //  
2: // SketchRenderTextureScene.m  
3: // Cocos2D-CCRenderTexture-Demo  
4: //  
5: // Copyright (c) 2011 Steffen Itterheim.  
6: // Distributed under MIT License.  
7: //  
8:  
9: #import "SketchRenderTextureScene.h"  
10:  
11:  
12: @implementation SketchRenderTextureScene  
13: @synthesize opacity;  
14:  
15: -(id) init  
16: {  
17:     if ((self = [super init]))  
18:     {  
19:         // create a simple rendertexture node and clear it with the color white  
20:  
21:         //target = [CCRenderTexture renderTextureWithWidth:s.width height: s.height pixelFormat:kCCTex  
ture2DPixelFormat_RGBA8888];  
22:         CGSize s = [CCDirector sharedDirector].winSize;  
23:  
24:         CCDirector* sharedDirector =[CCDirector sharedDirector];  
25:         CGSize frameSize = sharedDirector.view.frame.size;  
26:  
27:  
28:  
29:         float topbottombar = 300;  
30:         float sidebars = 300;  
31:  
32:  
33:  
34:  
35:         CCSprite* imageBackground = [CCSprite spriteWithFile:@"squarebrush.png"] ;  
36:         //imageBackground set  
37:  
38:  
39:         CCRenderTexture* rtx = [CCRenderTexture renderTextureWithWidth:frameSize.width-sidebars height  
:frameSize.height-topbottombar];  
40:             rtx clear:1.0f  
41:             g:1.0f  
42:             b:1.0f  
43:             a:1.0f];  
44:  
45:             rtx.position = CGPointMake(s.width/2, s.height/2);  
46:             [self addChild:rtx z:0 tag:1];  
47:  
48:  
49:  
50:  
51:             //CCLabelTTF* label = [CCLabelTTF labelWithString:@"Drawing onto CCRenderTexture witho  
ut clear" fontName:@"Arial" fontSize:16];  
52:             //label.position = CGPointMake(240, 15);  
53:             //label.color = ccGRAY;  
54:             //[[self addChild:label];  
55:  
56:             // create and retain the brush sprite, but don't add it as child  
57:  
58:             lastColor = ccWHITE;  
59:             lastBrush = @"roundbrush.png";  
60:             lastScale = 1.0;  
61:  
62:             eraseMode = false;  
63:             self.opacity = 10;  
64:  
65:             [self addBrush:lastBrush];  
66:  
67:  
68:  
69:             //brush.scale = 0.5f;  
70:  
71:             // create the array holding the touches  
72:             touches = [[NSMutableArray alloc] init];  
73:  
74:             //[[CCTouchDispatcher sharedDispatcher] addTargetedDelegate:self priority:0 swallowsTou  
ches:NO];  
75:  
76:             [self scheduleUpdate];
```

```
77:
78:         }
79:     return self;
80: }
81:
82: - (void)addBrush:(NSString*)brushName{
83:
84:     brush = [CCSprite spriteWithFile:brushName] ;
85:     [brush setScale:lastScale];
86:
87:
88:     if(eraseMode){
89:         //if[brush setBlendFunc:(ccBlendFunc) { GL_ZERO,GL_ONE_MINUS_SRC_ALPHA }];
90:         [brush setBlendFunc:(ccBlendFunc) { GL_ONE,GL_ONE }];
91:
92:
93:
94:         [brush setOpacity:80];
95:     }else{
96:         brush.color = lastColor;
97:         brush.opacity = opacity;
98:     }
99: }
100:
101: -(void) cleanup
102: {
103:     brush = nil;
104:     touches = nil;
105:
106:     [super cleanup];
107: }
108:
109: - (void)beginDraw:(CGPoint)point withZ:(float)z{
110: //NSLog(@"Begin Draw");
111: SimplePoint* simplePoint = [[SimplePoint alloc] initWithPosition:point withZ:z];
112: [touches addObject:simplePoint];
113:
114: }
115: - (void)updateDraw:(CGPoint)point withZ:(float)z{
116:
117: // NSLog(@"update Draw");
118: SimplePoint* simplePoint = [[SimplePoint alloc] initWithPosition:point withZ:z];
119: [touches addObject:simplePoint];
120:
121: }
122: - (void)endDraw:(CGPoint)point {
123:     [touches removeAllObjects];
124: }
125:
126:
127: /*
128: -(BOOL) ccTouchBegan:(UITouch *)touch withEvent:(UIEvent *)event
129: {
130:     // add new touches to the array as they come in
131:     [touches addObject:touch];
132:     return YES;
133: }
134:
135: -(void) ccTouchEnded:(UITouch *)touch withEvent:(UIEvent *)event
136: {
137:     // must remove the touches that have ended or where cancelled
138:     [touches removeObject:touch];
139: }
140:
141: -(void) ccTouchCancelled:(UITouch *)touch withEvent:(UIEvent *)event
142: {
143:     [self ccTouchEnded:touch withEvent:event];
144: }
145:
146: */
147: -(void) setBrushColor:(int)color
148: {
149:     switch (color)
150:     {
151:         default:
152:             case 0:
153:                 brush.color = ccWHITE;
154:                 break;
155:             case 1:
156:                 brush.color = ccGREEN;
```

```

./SketchRenderTextureScene.mm      Sat Apr 20 09:25:54 2013      3

157:         break;
158:     case 2:
159:         brush.color = ccRED;
160:         break;
161:     case 3:
162:         brush.color = ccc3(0, 255, 255);
163:         break;
164:     case 4:
165:         brush.color = ccBLUE;
166:         break;
167:     }
168: }
169:
170: -(void) update:(ccTime)delta
171: {
172:
173:     CCRenderTexture* rtx = (CCRenderTexture*)[self getChildByTag:1];
174:
175:     // explicitly don't clear the rendertexture
176:     [rtx begin];
177:
178:     //int color = 0;
179:
180:     // Since we store all current touches in an array, we can render a sprite at each touch location
181:     // even if the touch isn't moving. That way a continued press will increase the opacity of the
182:     // sprite
183:     // simply because the sprite is drawn repeatedly with low opacity at the same location.
184:     NSMutableArray* tempTouches = [[NSMutableArray alloc] initWithArray:touches];
185:     for (SimplePoint* touch in tempTouches)
186:     {
187:         //CGPoint touchLocation = [director convertToGL:[touch locationInView:director.openGLView]];
188:         CGPoint touchLocation = [touch point];
189:
190:         // the location must be converted to the rendertexture sprite's node space
191:         touchLocation = [rtx.sprite convertToNodeSpace:touchLocation];
192:
193:         // because the rendertexture sprite is flipped along its Y axis the Y coordinate must
194:         // be flipped:
195:         touchLocation.y = rtx.sprite.contentSize.height - touchLocation.y;
196:
197:         // set the brush at that location and render it
198:         brush.position = touchLocation;
199:         //[[self setBrushColor;color++];
200:         [brush visit];
201:     }
202:
203:
204:
205:     [rtx end];
206:
207:     [touches removeAllObjects];
208: }
209:
210: -(void)changeColor:(ccColor3B)color{
211:
212:
213:     if(brush != nil){
214:
215:         brush.color = color;
216:
217:     }
218:     lastColor = color;
219:
220: }
221: -(void)changeBrush:(NSString*)brushname{
222:
223:     lastBrush = brushname;
224:     if (brush != nil){
225:         //Save important data
226:         CGPoint lastlocation = brush.position;
227:         [self addBrush:lastBrush];
228:         brush.position = lastlocation;
229:     }
230:
231: }
232:

```

```
./SketchRenderTextureScene.mm      Sat Apr 20 09:25:54 2013      4
233: - (void)changeScale:(float)size{
234:
235:     lastScale = size;
236:     if(brush != nil){
237:
238:         [brush setScale:size];
239:
240:     }
241: }
242:
243: - (void)changeOpacity:(float)o{
244:
245:     self.opacity = o;
246:     if (brush != nil){
247:
248:         brush.opacity = self.opacity;
249:     }
250:
251: }
252:
253: - (void)clearDrawing{
254:
255:     CCRenderTexture* rtx = (CCRenderTexture*)[self getChildByTag:1];
256:
257:     // explicitly don't clear the rendertexture
258:     // [rtx begin];
259:     // glClearColor(r, g, b, a);
260:     // glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT | GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT);
261:     //get rid of the mask
262:     // glColorMask(TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, FALSE);
263:     // [rtx end];
264:
265:     [rtx clear:1 g:1 b:1 a:0];
266:
267: }
268:
269:
270:
271: - (void)erasingMode:(BOOL)mode{
272:
273:     eraseMode = mode;
274:
275:     //turn Erasing Mode on
276:     if (mode){
277:         previousColor = lastColor;
278:         lastColor = ccRED;
279:
280:         CGPoint lastlocation = brush.position;
281:         [self addBrush:lastBrush];
282:         brush.position = lastlocation;
283:
284:     }else{
285:         //Turn erasing mode off
286:         lastColor = previousColor;
287:         CGPoint lastlocation = brush.position;
288:         [self addBrush:lastBrush];
289:         brush.position = lastlocation;
290:
291:     }
292:
293: }
294:
295:
296:
297:
298:
299: @end
```

./Utility.h Tue May 07 14:22:45 2013 1

```
1: //  
2: // Utility.h  
3: // LeapPuzz  
4: //  
5: // Created by cj on 4/24/13.  
6: //  
7: //  
8:  
9: #import <Foundation/Foundation.h>  
10:  
11:  
12:  
13: /**  
14: Utility class provides common usage function throughout the application.  
15: */  
16:  
17: @interface Utility : NSObject {  
18: }  
19:  
20: /**  
21: Generates a random number between two designated integers  
22: @param from is the bottom of the range  
23: @param to is the top of the range  
24: @return a random number between the from and to parameters  
25: */  
26: + (int)getRandomNumberBetween:(int)from to:(int)to;  
27: /**  
28: Generates a random number between 0 designated integer  
29: @param to is the top of the range  
30: @return a random number between 0 and to parameters  
31: */  
32: + (int)getRandomUniformNumberUnder:(int)to;  
33: /**  
34: Generates a random number between 0 designated integer  
35: @param to is the top of the range  
36: @return a random number between 0 and to parameters  
37: */  
38: + (int)getRandomNumberUnder:(int)to;  
39: //-(void) initRandomSeed(long firstSeed);  
40: //float nextRandomFloat();  
41: @end
```

./Utility.m Tue May 07 14:20:44 2013 1

```
1: //  
2: // Utility.m  
3: // LeapPuzz  
4: //  
5: // Created by cj on 4/24/13.  
6: //  
7: //  
8:  
9: #import "Utility.h"  
10:  
11: @implementation Utility  
12:  
13: /** returns random number within a range with defined upper and lower bounds */  
14: + (int)getRandomNumberBetween:(int)from to:(int)to {  
15:  
16:     //Check that one isn't greater than the other  
17:     //if so, flip them  
18:  
19:     return (int)from + arc4random() % (to-from+1);  
20: }  
21:  
22: /** Returns a random number from 0 to an upper bound */  
23: + (int)getRandomNumberUnder:(int)to{  
24:     return (arc4random() % to);  
25: }  
26:  
27:  
28: /** Returns a Uniform Random Number from 0 to an upper bound */  
29: + (int)getRandomUniformNumberUnder:(int)to{  
30:     //Check if uniform available  
31:     if (arc4random_uniform != NULL)  
32:         return arc4random_uniform (to);  
33:     else  
34:         return (arc4random() % to);  
35: }  
36:  
37:  
38:  
39:  
40:  
41: /*  
42: static unsigned long seed;  
43:  
44: void initRandomSeed(long firstSeed)  
45: {  
46:     seed = firstSeed;  
47: }  
48:  
49: float nextRandomFloat()  
50: {  
51:     return (((seed= 1664525*seed + 1013904223)>>16) / (float)0x10000);  
52: }*/  
53:  
54:  
55:  
56: @end
```

Appendix B

Specification

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1 Main Page

[Project Home & Wiki](#)

#Requirements Specification

Interface

- HUD Requirement to render a cursor where the pointable is intersecting with the screen. The cursor should show the color that will be painting on the screen
- Ring and round cursor to indicate drawing or not drawing.

#Features

- Change Colors
- Change Brushes
- Eraser
- Change size of brush
- Reset drawing
- Change Opacity of brushes

#Unit Tests

#Libraries & Sub Modules

- [Cocos2d 2.0](#)
- [CCControlExtension](#)
- [#Build Settings](#)
- Valid Architecture i386 x86_64
- Other Linker Flags -lz -ObjC
- C Language Dialect GNU99 -std=gnu99
- C ++ Language Dialect GNU++11 -std=gnu++11
- C ++ Standard Library libc++ (LLVM C++ standard lib)
- run script after build:

```
echo TARGET_BUILD_DIR=${TARGET_BUILD_DIR} echo TARGET_NAME=${TARGET_NAME} cd ${TARGET_BUILD_DIR}/${TARGET_NAME}.app/Contents/MacOS ls -la install_name_tool -change /libLeap.dylib ../../Resources/libLeap.dylib ${TARGET_NAME}
```

#Documentation

Documentation is done using [Doxygen](#)

2 Hierarchical Index

2.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

CCLayer	
BackgroundLayer	6
BrushSelectionLayer	7
ControlsLayer	8

HUDLayer	20
LPCCControlButtonVariableSize	24
SketchRenderTextureScene	34
CCScene	
GameManager	13
GameScene	16
CCSprite	
LPTool	28
<LeapListener>	
GameManager	13
<NSApplicationDelegate>	
AppDelegate	5
NSObject	
AppDelegate	5
GameSettings	17
LPLine	24
LPLinePoint	25
SimplePoint	30
SimplePointObject	32
Utility	34
<NSObject>	
<BrushSelectionLayerDelegate>	7
ControlsLayer	8
<ControlsLayerDelegate>	11
GameManager	13
<HUDDelegate>	19
GameManager	13
SenTestCase	
GameManagerTests	15
GameSceneTests	17
GameSettingsTests	19
LeapPaintTests	23
LeapPuzzTests	24

LPLinePointTests	27
LPToolTests	29
SimplePointTests	33
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3 Class Index

3.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

AppDelegate	5
BackgroundLayer	6
BrushSelectionLayer	7
<BrushSelectionLayerDelegate>	7
ControlsLayer	8
<ControlsLayerDelegate>	11
GameManager	13
GameManagerTests	15
GameScene	16
GameSceneTests	17
GameSettings	17
GameSettingsTests	19
<HUDDelegate>	19
HUDLayer	20
LeapPaintTests	23
LeapPuzzTests	24
LPCCControlButtonVariableSize	24
LPLine	24
LPLinePoint	25
LPLinePointTests	27
LPTool	28

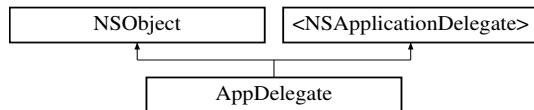
LPToolTests	29
SimplePoint	30
SimplePointObject	32
SimplePointTests	33
SketchRenderTextureScene	34
Utility	34
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4 Class Documentation

4.1 AppDelegate Class Reference

```
#import <AppDelegate.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for AppDelegate:



Instance Methods

- (void) - [runGameScene](#)
- (IBAction) - [toggleFullScreen:](#)

Protected Attributes

- `NSWindow * window_`
- `CCGLView * glView_`

Properties

- `IBOutlet NSWindow * window`
- `IBOutlet CCGLView * glView`

4.1.1 Detailed Description

Application Delegate Creates app instance and binds libraries to interface builder xibs

Serves as an application wide callback object for events that affects the whole application, such as low-memory, etc.

4.1.2 Method Documentation

4.1.2.1 - (void) runGameScene

RunGameScene sets up the Cocos2d environment and runs it in the application.

4.1.2.2 - (IBAction) toggleFullScreen: (id) sender

Toggles from a window to full screen view point

Parameters

sender	is the action sending the command
--------	-----------------------------------

Returns

IBAction binding to interface builder

4.1.3 Member Data Documentation

4.1.3.1 - (CCGLView*) glView_ [protected]

glView is the embedded view in which cocos2d will run inside the window

Referenced by runGameScene.

4.1.3.2 - (NSWindow*) window_ [protected]

window is the main window to be displayed

Referenced by runGameScene.

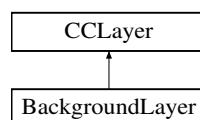
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LeapPaint/AppDelegate.h
- LeapPaint/AppDelegate.m

4.2 BackgroundLayer Class Reference

```
#import <BackgroundLayer.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for BackgroundLayer:



4.2.1 Detailed Description

Background Layer Displays a background image for the scene

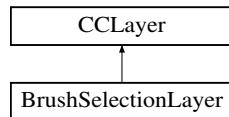
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaint/BackgroundLayer.h

4.3 BrushSelectionLayer Class Reference

```
#import <BrushSelectionLayer.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for BrushSelectionLayer:



Protected Attributes

- `NSMutableDictionary * imageNamesDictionary`

Properties

- `id<BrushSelectionLayerDelegate> delegate`
- `bool layerHidden`

4.3.1 Detailed Description

[BrushSelectionLayer](#) This user interface layer provides a collection view of all the available brushes that can be selected.

4.3.2 Member Data Documentation

4.3.2.1 - (NSMutableDictionary*) imageNamesDictionary [protected]

`imageNamesDictionary` is the list of brush names available for selection

4.3.3 Property Documentation

4.3.3.1 - (id<BrushSelectionLayerDelegate>) delegate [read], [write], [nonatomic], [weak]

`delegate` is the instance reference for triggering delegate call back functions

4.3.3.2 - (bool) layerHidden [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]

`layerHidden` tracks the visibility state of the layer

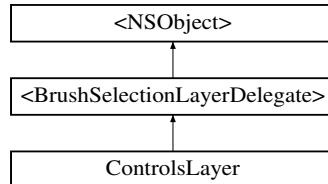
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `LeapPaint/BrushSelectionLayer.h`

4.4 <BrushSelectionLayerDelegate> Protocol Reference

```
#import <BrushSelectionLayer.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for <BrushSelectionLayerDelegate>:



Instance Methods

- (void) - [hidePanel](#)
- (void) - [brushSelected:](#)

4.4.1 Detailed Description

BrushSelectionLayer Delegate Provides a delegate interface for the layer to notify of actions

4.4.2 Method Documentation

4.4.2.1 - (void) brushSelected: (*NSString* *) *brushname*

Calls back to notify a new brushname has been selected

Parameters

brushname | is the name of the brush that has been selected.

4.4.2.2 - (void) hidePanel

Calls back to notify that the layer can be hidden

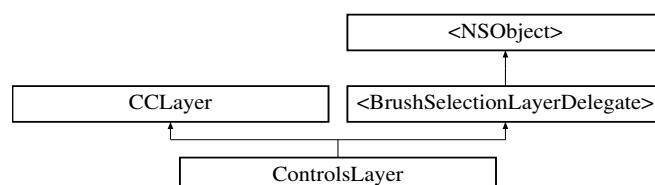
The documentation for this protocol was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaint/BrushSelectionLayer.h

4.5 ControlsLayer Class Reference

```
#import <ControlsLayer.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for ControlsLayer:



Instance Methods

- (void) - [valueChanged:](#)
- (void) - [opacitySliderChanged:](#)
- (void) - [expandPanel](#)
- (void) - [collapsePanel](#)
- (CCControlSwitch *) - [makeControlSwitch](#)
- (void) - [switchValueChanged:](#)
- (void) - [updateOpacitySlider:](#)

Protected Attributes

- CCLabelTTF * [colorLabel](#)
- GameSettings * [gameSettings](#)

Properties

- CCControlSlider * [slider](#)
- CCControlSlider * [opacitySlider](#)
- CCControlSwitch * [opacitySwitchControl](#)
- CCLabelTTF * [opacitydisplayValueLabel](#)
- id< [ControlsLayerDelegate](#) > [delegate](#)
- BrushSelectionLayer * [brushSelection](#)
- CCLabelTTF * [displayValueLabel](#)
- CCControlSwitch * [switchControl](#)

4.5.1 Detailed Description

Controls Layer User interface controls for operating buttons, switches, sliders

4.5.2 Method Documentation**4.5.2.1 - (void) collapsePanel**

Collapses Brushes Panel

4.5.2.2 - (void) expandPanel

Expands brushes panel

4.5.2.3 - (CCControlSwitch *) makeControlSwitch

Creates and returns a new CCControlSwitch.

Returns

a generate ControlSwitch

4.5.2.4 - (void) opacitySliderChanged: (CCControlSlider *) *sender*

Recieves opacitySliderControl delegate callbacks and updates values in the interface

Parameters

sender | is the object performing the callback

4.5.2.5 - (void) switchValueChanged: (CCControlSwitch *) *sender*

Callback for the change value.

Parameters

sender | is the object performing the callback

4.5.2.6 - (void) updateOpacitySlider: (float) *value*

Callback for opacity changing with the slider

Parameters

sender | is the object performing the callback

4.5.2.7 - (void) valueChanged: (CCControlSlider *) *sender*

Recieves brushSizeControl delegate callbacks and updates values in the interface

Parameters

sender | is the object performing the callback

4.5.3 Member Data Documentation

4.5.3.1 - (CCLabelTTF*) *colorLabel* [protected]

colorLabel displays name of color in hash value

4.5.3.2 - (GameSettings*) *gameSettings* [protected]

gameSettings global reference to shared settings instance

4.5.4 Property Documentation

4.5.4.1 - (BrushSelectionLayer*) *brushSelection* [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

brushSelection layer expands as a drawer to allow for brush selection

4.5.4.2 - (id<ControlsLayerDelegate>) *delegate* [read], [write], [nonatomic], [weak]

delegate is the instance reference for triggering delegate call back functions

Referenced by GameScene::scene.

4.5.4.3 - (CCLabelTTF *) displayValueLabel [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

displayValueLabel displays coordinate

displayValueLabel displays eraser toggle state

Referenced by switchValueChanged::

4.5.4.4 - (CCLabelTTF*) opacitydisplayValueLabel [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

opacitydisplayValueLabel shows the state of the opacitySwitchControl

4.5.4.5 - (CCControlSlider*) opacitySlider [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

opacitySlider is the opacity contro of the brush

Referenced by updateOpacitySlider::

4.5.4.6 - (CCControlSwitch*) opacitySwitchControl [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

opacitySwitchControl is the control for setting automatic or manual opacity control

4.5.4.7 - (CCControlSlider*) slider [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

slider is the thickness control of the brush

4.5.4.8 - (CCControlSwitch*) switchControl [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

switchControl is the eraser toggle

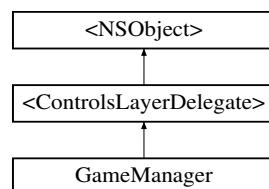
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LeapPaint/ControlsLayer.h
- LeapPaint/ControlsLayer.mm

4.6 <ControlsLayerDelegate> Protocol Reference

```
#import <ControlsLayer.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for <ControlsLayerDelegate>:



Instance Methods

- (void) - **changeColorControl**:
- (void) - **changeThicknessControl**:
- (void) - **changeBrushControl**:
- (void) - **changeOpacityControl**:

- (void) - `clearDrawing`
- (void) - `eraserMode:`

4.6.1 Detailed Description

Controls Layer Delegate Provides a delegate interface for the layer to notify of actions

4.6.2 Method Documentation

4.6.2.1 - (void) `changeBrushControl: (NSString *) brushname`

Callback with a change in brush texture

Parameters

<code>brushname</code>	is the new selected brush value
------------------------	---------------------------------

4.6.2.2 - (void) `changeColorControl: (ccColor3B) color`

Callback with a change in color of the brush

Parameters

<code>color</code>	is the new selected color value
--------------------	---------------------------------

4.6.2.3 - (void) `changeOpacityControl: (float) value`

Callback with a change in opacity

Parameters

<code>value</code>	is the new selected opacity value
--------------------	-----------------------------------

4.6.2.4 - (void) `changeThicknessControl: (float) value`

Callback with a change in thickness of the brush

Parameters

<code>value</code>	is the new selected color value
--------------------	---------------------------------

4.6.2.5 - (void) `clearDrawing`

Callback to notify to clear the drawing

4.6.2.6 - (void) `eraserMode: (bool) mode`

Callback with a change in color

Parameters

<code>mode</code>	is the toggled eraser mode TODO: Turn off eraser mode when new color is selected
-------------------	--

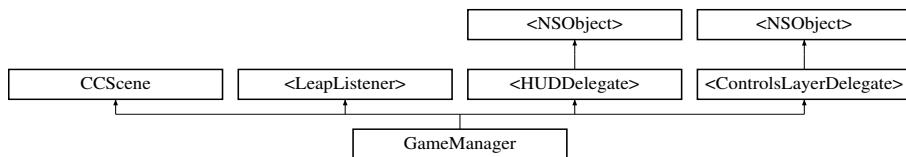
The documentation for this protocol was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaint/ControlsLayer.h

4.7 GameManager Class Reference

```
#import <GameManager.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for GameManager:



Instance Methods

- (float) - [findPercentageDifference:withMin:withValue:](#)
- (float) - [opacityPercentage:](#)

Protected Attributes

- InputMode [inputMode](#)
- LeapPointable * [currentPointable](#)
- CGPoint [currentPoint](#)
- BOOL [painting](#)
- GameSettings * [gameSettings](#)
- int [lastTag](#)
- SimplePoint * [lastPoint](#)
- int [framesSinceLastFound](#)

Properties

- HUDLayer * [hudLayer](#)
- SketchRenderTextureScene * [textureScene](#)
- BackgroundLayer * [backgroundLayer](#)
- ControlsLayer * [controlsLayer](#)
- LeapController * [controller](#)
- LeapScreen * [leapScreen](#)

4.7.1 Detailed Description

Core Application Management Provides interfaces and controls the various inputs, controls and outputs

4.7.2 Method Documentation

4.7.2.1 - (float) findPercentageDifference: (float) max withMin:(float) min withValue:(float) value

Finds the percentage of a number between two values If the number is greater or less than the range, that boundary of the range will be returned.

Parameters

<i>max</i>	is the top range value
<i>min</i>	is the bottom range value
<i>value</i>	is the number we are seeking the percentage from

Returns

the a percentage between 0 and 100%

Find the percentage between two numbers

Referenced by opacityPercentage:..

4.7.2.2 - (float) opacityPercentage: (float) value

Determines the opacity based upon the Z axis coordinate

Parameters

<i>value</i>	is the Z axis coordinate
--------------	--------------------------

Returns

the opacity value to set the brush at.

Return the Opacity value based on Z position

4.7.3 Member Data Documentation

4.7.3.1 - (CGPoint) currentPoint [protected]

colorLabel displays name of color in hash value

4.7.3.2 - (LeapPointable*) currentPointable [protected]

colorLabel displays name of color in hash value

4.7.3.3 - (int) framesSinceLastFound [protected]

framesSinceLastFound number of frames since last finding a LeapPointable

4.7.3.4 - (GameSettings*) gameSettings [protected]

gameSettings singleton to global settings

4.7.3.5 - (InputMode) inputMode [protected]

colorLabel displays name of color in hash value

4.7.3.6 - (SimplePoint*) lastPoint [protected]

lastPoint is the last known point on the screen of the LeapPointable

4.7.3.7 - (int) lastTag [protected]

lastTag is the last tag value tracked of a LeapPointable

4.7.3.8 - (BOOL) painting [protected]

painting indicates whether or not the application is painting at that moment

4.7.4 Property Documentation

4.7.4.1 - (BackgroundLayer*) backgroundLayer [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

backgroundLayer is the layer for setting up the background

Referenced by GameScene::scene.

4.7.4.2 - (LeapController*) controller [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

controller is the leapController

4.7.4.3 - (ControlsLayer*) controlsLayer [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

controlsLayer is the layer for managing interface controls

Referenced by GameScene::scene.

4.7.4.4 - (HUDLayer*) hudLayer [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

hudLayer displays the icons for tracking where a leapPointable is pointing

Referenced by GameScene::scene.

4.7.4.5 - (LeapScreen*) leapScreen [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

leapScreen references the screen being used on the system

4.7.4.6 - (SketchRenderTextureScene*) textureScene [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

textureScene is the drawing layer

Referenced by GameScene::scene.

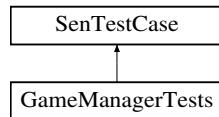
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LeapPaint/GameManager.h
- LeapPaint/GameManager.mm

4.8 GameManagerTests Class Reference

```
#import <GameManagerTests.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for GameManagerTests:



Protected Attributes

- NSString * [testName](#)
- [GameManager](#) * [node](#)

4.8.1 Detailed Description

Tests the [GameManager](#) object

4.8.2 Member Data Documentation

4.8.2.1 - (GameManager*) node [protected]

gameManager instance

4.8.2.2 - (NSString*) testName [protected]

testName is the name of the test

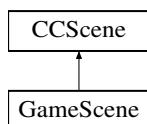
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaintTests/GameManagerTests.h

4.9 GameScene Class Reference

```
#import <GameScene.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for GameScene:



Class Methods

- (CCScene *) + [scene](#)

4.9.1 Detailed Description

[GameScene](#) Initializes and assembles all of the layers and gameobjects into the [GameManager](#)

4.9.2 Method Documentation

4.9.2.1 + (CCScene *) scene

Scene initializes each object and assigns interlinking pointers and delegates to each class

Returns

scene for CCDirector to begin running

Referenced by AppDelegate::runGameScene.

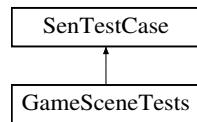
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LeapPaint/GameScene.h
- LeapPaint/GameScene.mm

4.10 GameSceneTests Class Reference

```
#import <GameSceneTests.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for GameSceneTests:



Protected Attributes

- NSString * **testName**

4.10.1 Detailed Description

Tests the [GameScene](#) object

4.10.2 Member Data Documentation

4.10.2.1 - (NSString*) **testName** [protected]

testName is the name of the test

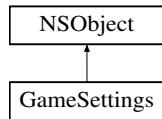
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaintTests/GameSceneTests.h

4.11 GameSettings Class Reference

```
#import <GameSettings.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for GameSettings:



Class Methods

- `(GameSettings *) + sharedInstance`

Properties

- `BOOL depthOpacityMode`
- `BOOL painting`
- `BOOL eraserMode`
- `InputMode inputMode`

4.11.1 Detailed Description

`GameSettings` is a globally shared class instance which tracks all the game settings.

This class can be accessed by any object in the game.

4.11.2 Method Documentation

4.11.2.1 `+ (GameSettings *) sharedInstance`

Singleton Intializes and Returns a shared instance of the class

Returns

`sharedInstance` of the class.

Singleton `SharedInstance` Intializes and Returns a shared instance of the class

4.11.3 Property Documentation

4.11.3.1 `- (BOOL) depthOpacityMode [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]`

`depthOpacityMode` controls use of z axis control of opacity

4.11.3.2 `- (BOOL) eraserMode [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]`

`eraserMode` controls erasing on drawing canvas

4.11.3.3 `- (InputMode) inputMode [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]`

`inputMode` controller input mode for leapmotion

4.11.3.4 - (BOOL) painting [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]

painting indicates whether or not the application is painting at that moment

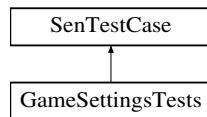
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LeapPaint/GameSettings.h
- LeapPaint/GameSettings.mm

4.12 GameSettingsTests Class Reference

```
#import <GameSettingsTests.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for GameSettingsTests:



Protected Attributes

- [GameSettings * gameSettings](#)

4.12.1 Detailed Description

Tests the [GameSettings](#) object

4.12.2 Member Data Documentation

4.12.2.1 - ([GameSettings*](#)) [gameSettings](#) [protected]

gameSettings singleton instance

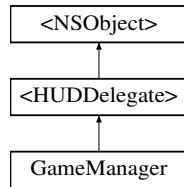
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaintTests/GameSettingsTests.h

4.13 <HUDDelegate> Protocol Reference

```
#import <HUDLayer.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for <HUDDelegate>:

**Instance Methods**

- (void) - `changeMode:`
- (void) - `painting:`

4.13.1 Detailed Description

HUD Delegate Protocol User interface controls for operating buttons, switches, sliders

4.13.2 Method Documentation**4.13.2.1 - (void) changeMode: (InputMode) mode**

Calls back to notify a new input mode has been selected by the keyboard interface

Parameters

<code>mode</code>	is the state of the input mode
-------------------	--------------------------------

4.13.2.2 - (void) painting: (BOOL) paintingState

Calls back to notify a new change in painting state

Parameters

<code>paintingState</code>

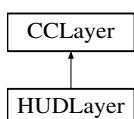
The documentation for this protocol was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaint/HUDLayer.h

4.14 HUDLayer Class Reference

```
#import <HUDLayer.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for HUDLayer:



Instance Methods

- (void) - **toolMoved:toolID:**
- (void) - **startTrackingTool:toolID:**
- (void) - **moveTrackingTool:toolID:**
- (void) - **endTrackingTool**
- (void) - **changeColor:**
- (void) - **changeBrush:**
- (void) - **changeScale:**
- (void) - **erasingMode:**

Protected Attributes

- NSString * **primaryToolID**
- LPTool * **primaryTool**
- InputMode **inputMode**
- ccColor3B **lastColor**
- ccColor3B **previousColor**
- NSString * **lastBrush**
- float **lastScale**
- CCSprite * **paintingIndicator**
- BOOL **eraseMode**
- GameSettings * **gameSettings**

Properties

- id< **HUDDelegate** > **delegate**
- CCLabelTTF * **xyzcoords**

4.14.1 Detailed Description

HUD Layer Tracks the position of the LeapCursor on the screen

4.14.2 Method Documentation**4.14.2.1 - (void) endTrackingTool**

EndTracking tool singles the end of the tool being tracked. The tool may be lost or no longer drawing

4.14.2.2 - (void) moveTrackingTool: (CGPoint) point toolID:(NSString*) toolid

MoveTrackingTool updates the position and path of a tool.

Parameters

<i>point</i>	is the coordinate location on the screen in which pointable intersects
<i>toolid</i>	is LeapSDK provided tool id of the tool moving

Referenced by **toolMoved:toolID:**.

4.14.2.3 - (void) startTrackingTool: (CGPoint) point toolID:(NSString*) toolid

StartTrackingTool begins the process of tracking a tool starting with a new path

Parameters

<i>point</i>	is the coordinate location on the screen in which pointable intersects
<i>toolid</i>	is LeapSDK provided tool id of the tool moving

Referenced by toolMoved:toolID:.

4.14.2.4 - (void) toolMoved: (CGPoint) point toolID:(NSString*) toolid

ToolMoved updates the last known tracked position of the tool.

Parameters

<i>point</i>	is the coordinate location on the screen in which pointable intersects
<i>toolid</i>	is LeapSDK provided tool id of the tool moving

4.14.3 Member Data Documentation

4.14.3.1 - (BOOL) eraseMode [protected]

eraseMode determines weather the pointable is painting or erasing

4.14.3.2 - (GameSettings*) gameSettings [protected]

gameSettings singleton to global settings

4.14.3.3 - (InputMode) inputMode [protected]

inputMode is the current mode of input

4.14.3.4 - (NSString*) lastBrush [protected]

lastBrush is last brush to be selected

4.14.3.5 - (ccColor3B) lastColor [protected]

lastColor is the lastColor to be selected

4.14.3.6 - (float) lastScale [protected]

lastScale is last scale to be selected

4.14.3.7 - (CCSprite*) paintingIndicator [protected]

paintingIndicator shows the state at which the object is currently paintg

4.14.3.8 - (ccColor3B) previousColor [protected]

previousColor is the color before the lastcolor to be selected

4.14.3.9 - **(LPTool*) primaryTool** [protected]

primaryTool points to the current pointable object

Referenced by endTrackingTool, moveTrackingTool:toolID:, startTrackingTool:toolID:, and toolMoved:toolID:.

4.14.3.10 - **(NSString*) primaryToolID** [protected]

primaryToolID stores the id tag to the pointable in reference

4.14.4 Property Documentation

4.14.4.1 - **(id<HUDDelegate>) delegate** [read], [write], [nonatomic], [weak]

colorLabel displays name of color in hash value

Referenced by GameScene::scene.

4.14.4.2 - **(CCLabelTTF*) xyzcoords** [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

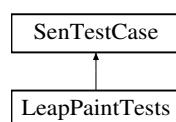
xyzcoords is the X,Y,Z coordinates in string form for displaying on the HUD in real-time for debugging

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LeapPaint/HUDLayer.h
- LeapPaint/HUDLayer.mm

4.15 LeapPaintTests Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for LeapPaintTests:



Protected Attributes

- NSString * **testName**

4.15.1 Member Data Documentation

4.15.1.1 - **(NSString*) testName** [protected]

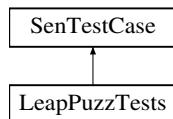
testName is the name of the test

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaintTests/LeapPaintTests.h

4.16 LeapPuzzTests Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for LeapPuzzTests:



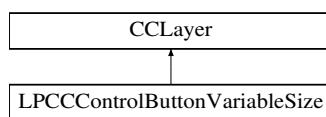
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaintTests/LeapPuzzTests.h

4.17 LPCCControlButtonVariableSize Class Reference

```
#import <LPCCControlButtonVariableSize.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for LPCCControlButtonVariableSize:



Instance Methods

- (CCControlButton *) - [standardButtonWithTitle:](#)

4.17.1 Detailed Description

[LPCCControlButtonVariableSize](#) Extends CCLayer to have a customizable control button interface

4.17.2 Method Documentation

4.17.2.1 - (CCControlButton *) standardButtonWithTitle: (NSString *) title

Creates and return a button with a default background and title color. Creates and return a button with a default background and title color.

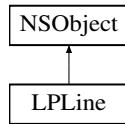
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LeapPaint/LPCCControlButtonVariableSize.h
- LeapPaint/LPCCControlButtonVariableSize.m

4.18 LPLine Class Reference

```
#import <LPLine.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for LPLine:



Properties

- NSMutableArray * **points**
- float **width**

4.18.1 Detailed Description

LPLine is tracks the points in one line from beginning to end

4.18.2 Property Documentation

4.18.2.1 - (NSMutableArray*) points [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

points is a an array of points for the line

4.18.2.2 - (float) width [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]

width is a constant width for the line

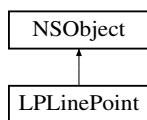
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaint/LPLine.h

4.19 LPLinePoint Class Reference

#import <LPLinePoint.h>

Inheritance diagram for LPLinePoint:



Instance Methods

- (id) - **initWithPosition:**
- (id) - **initWithX:withY:**
- (id) - **initWithPosition:withWidth:**
- (id) - **initWithX:withY:withWidth:**
- (CGPoint) - **point**

Properties

- float `x`
- float `y`
- float `width`

4.19.1 Detailed Description

`LPLinePoint` is a plotted point for drawing onto the canvas

4.19.2 Method Documentation**4.19.2.1 - (id) initWithPosition: (CGPoint) *p***

Init constructor with existing point to create with no width

Parameters

<code>p</code>	an point (x,y)
----------------	----------------

Returns

object instance

init 2d point with CGPoint

4.19.2.2 - (id) initWithPosition: (CGPoint) *p* withWidth:(float) *wVal*

Init constructor with existing point with width

Parameters

<code>p</code>	a point (x,y)
<code>wVal</code>	width of the point

Returns

object instance

Init point with CGPoint and width Value

4.19.2.3 - (id) initWithX: (float) *xVal* withY:(float) *yVal*

Init constructor with x and y values with no width

Parameters

<code>xVal</code>	coordinate value
<code>yVal</code>	coordinate value

Returns

object instance

Init Point with 2 separate values

4.19.2.4 - (id) initWithX: (float) *xVal* withY:(float) *yVal* withWidth:(float) *wVal*

Init constructor with x and y values with width

Parameters

<i>xVal</i>	coordinate value
<i>yVal</i>	coordinate value
<i>wVal</i>	width of the point

Returns

object instance

Init Point with x and y values with width

4.19.2.5 - (CGPoint) point

Returns point based on x and y

Returns

CGPoint

Return the CGPoint type from the object

4.19.3 Property Documentation

4.19.3.1 - (float) width [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]

width of the point

4.19.3.2 - (float) x [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]

x coordinate

Referenced by point.

4.19.3.3 - (float) y [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]

y coordinate

Referenced by point.

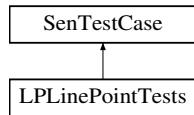
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LeapPaint/LPLinePoint.h
- LeapPaint/LPLinePoint.m

4.20 LPLinePointTests Class Reference

#import <LPLinePointTests.h>

Inheritance diagram for LPLinePointTests:



Protected Attributes

- NSString * `testName`
- LPLinePoint * `pointNoWidth`
- LPLinePoint * `pointWithWidth`

4.20.1 Detailed Description

Tests the `LPLinePointTests` object

4.20.2 Member Data Documentation

4.20.2.1 - (LPLinePoint*) pointNoWidth [protected]

`pointNoWidth` is a test point without width variable at init

4.20.2.2 - (LPLinePoint*) pointWithWidth [protected]

`pointNoWidth` is a test point width variable at init

4.20.2.3 - (NSString*) testName [protected]

`testName` is the name of the test

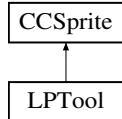
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaintTests/LPLinePointTests.h

4.21 LPTool Class Reference

```
#import <LPTool.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for LPTool:



Properties

- NSString * `toolID`
- BOOL `updated`

4.21.1 Detailed Description

Extends CCSprite object with two properties for tracking sprites with pointable objects

4.21.2 Property Documentation

4.21.2.1 - (NSString*) toolID [read], [write], [nonatomic], [strong]

toolID is the ID number assigned by the LeapMotion SDK

Referenced by HUDLayer::moveTrackingTool:toolID::

4.21.2.2 - (BOOL) updated [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]

updated is if the sprite has been updated in that frame.

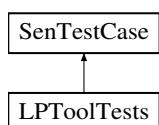
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaint/LPTool.h

4.22 LPToolTests Class Reference

```
#import <LPToolTests.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for LPToolTests:



Protected Attributes

- NSString * [testName](#)

4.22.1 Detailed Description

Tests the [GameSettings](#) object

4.22.2 Member Data Documentation

4.22.2.1 - (NSString*) [testName](#) [protected]

name of the test

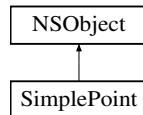
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaintTests/LPToolTests.h

4.23 SimplePoint Class Reference

```
#import <SimplePoint.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for SimplePoint:



Instance Methods

- (id) - [initWithPosition:](#)
- (id) - [initWithX:withY:](#)
- (id) - [initWithPosition:withZ:](#)
- (id) - [initWithX:withY:withZ:](#)
- (CGPoint) - [point](#)

Properties

- float [x](#)
- float [y](#)
- float [z](#)
- BOOL [is3d](#)

4.23.1 Detailed Description

2D or 3D space coordinate for temporarily manipulating points

4.23.2 Method Documentation

4.23.2.1 - (id) initWithPosition: (CGPoint) p

Init constructor with existing point to create a 2d Point

Parameters

<i>p</i>	an point (x,y)
----------	----------------

Returns

object instance

init 2d point with CGPoint

4.23.2.2 - (id) initWithPosition: (CGPoint) p withZ:(float) zVal

Init constructor with existing point to create a 3d Point

Parameters

<i>p</i>	a point (x,y)
<i>zVal</i>	coordinateValue

Returns

object instance

Init 3d point with CGPoint and z Value

4.23.2.3 - (id) initWithX: (float) *xVal* withY:(float) *yVal*

Init constructor with x and y values to create a 2d point

Parameters

<i>xVal</i>	coordinate value
<i>yVal</i>	coordinate value

Returns

object instance

Init 2d Point with 2 separate values

4.23.2.4 - (id) initWithX: (float) *xVal* withY:(float) *yVal* withZ:(float) *zVal*

Init constructor with x, y and z values to create 3D point

Parameters

<i>xVal</i>	coordinate value
<i>yVal</i>	coordinate value
<i>zval</i>	coordinate value

Returns

object instance

Init 3d Point with 3 separate values

4.23.2.5 - (CGPoint) point

Returns point based on x and y

Returns

CGPoint

Return the CGPoint type from the object

4.23.3 Property Documentation

4.23.3.1 - (BOOL) is3d [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]

is3d is 2d or 3d point type

4.23.3.2 - (float) x [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]

x coordinate

Referenced by point.

4.23.3.3 - (float) y [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]

y coordinate

Referenced by point.

4.23.3.4 - (float) z [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]

z coordinate

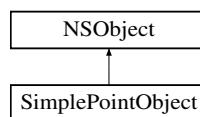
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LeapPaint/SimplePoint.h
- LeapPaint/SimplePoint.mm

4.24 SimplePointObject Class Reference

#import <SimplePointObject.h>

Inheritance diagram for SimplePointObject:



Instance Methods

- (id) - **initWithPosition:**
- (id) - **initWithX:withY:**

Properties

- CGPoint [point](#)

4.24.1 Detailed Description

2D space coordinate for temporarily maniulapting points

4.24.2 Property Documentation

4.24.2.1 - (CGPoint) point [read], [write], [nonatomic], [assign]

point is the X and Y coordinates

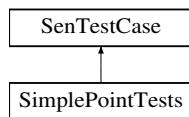
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LeapPaint/SimplePointObject.h
- LeapPaint/SimplePointObject.m

4.25 SimplePointTests Class Reference

#import <SimplePointTests.h>

Inheritance diagram for SimplePointTests:



Protected Attributes

- NSString * [testName](#)
- [SimplePoint](#) * [twoValuePoint](#)
- [SimplePoint](#) * [threeValuePoint](#)

4.25.1 Detailed Description

Tests the [SimplePoint](#) object

4.25.2 Member Data Documentation

4.25.2.1 - (NSString*) [testName](#) [protected]

name of the test

4.25.2.2 - ([SimplePoint](#)*) [threeValuePoint](#) [protected]

three coordinate point (x,y,z)

4.25.2.3 - ([SimplePoint](#)*) [twoValuePoint](#) [protected]

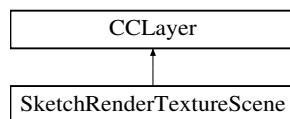
two coordinate point (x,y)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaintTests/SimplePointTests.h

4.26 SketchRenderTextureScene Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for SketchRenderTextureScene:



Instance Methods

- (void) - **beginDraw:withZ:**
- (void) - **updateDraw:withZ:**
- (void) - **endDraw:**
- (void) - **changeColor:**
- (void) - **changeBrush:**
- (void) - **changeScale:**
- (void) - **changeOpacity:**
- (void) - **erasingMode:**
- (void) - **clearDrawing**

Protected Attributes

- CCSprite * **brush**
- NSMutableArray * **touches**
- ccColor3B **lastColor**
- ccColor3B **previousColor**
- NSString * **lastBrush**
- float **lastScale**
- bool **eraseMode**

Properties

- float **opacity**

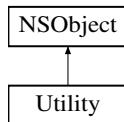
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LeapPaint/SketchRenderTextureScene.h
- LeapPaint/SketchRenderTextureScene.mm

4.27 Utility Class Reference

```
#import <Utility.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Utility:



Class Methods

- (int) + `getRandomNumberBetween:to:`
- (int) + `getRandomUniformNumberUnder:`
- (int) + `getRandomNumberUnder:`

4.27.1 Detailed Description

`Utility` class provides common usage function throughout the application.

4.27.2 Method Documentation

4.27.2.1 + (int) `getRandomNumberBetween: (int) from to:(int) to`

Generates a random number between two designated integers

Parameters

<code>from</code>	is the bottom of the range
<code>to</code>	is the top of the range

Returns

a random number between the from and to parameters

returns random number within a range with defined upper and lower bounds

4.27.2.2 + (int) `getRandomNumberUnder: (int) to`

Generates a random number between 0 designated integer

Parameters

<code>to</code>	is the top of the range
-----------------	-------------------------

Returns

a random number between 0 and to parameters

Returns a random number from 0 to an upper bound

4.27.2.3 + (int) `getRandomUniformNumberUnder: (int) to`

Generates a random number between 0 designated integer

Parameters

<i>to</i>	is the top of the range
-----------	-------------------------

Returns

a random number between 0 and to parameters

Returns a Uniform Random Number from 0 to an upper bound

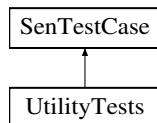
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LeapPaint/Utility.h
- LeapPaint/Utility.m

4.28 UtilityTests Class Reference

```
#import <UtilityTests.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for UtilityTests:

**Protected Attributes**

- NSString * **testName**

4.28.1 Detailed Description

Tests the [GameSettings](#) object

4.28.2 Member Data Documentation

4.28.2.1 - (NSString*) **testName** [protected]

testName is the name of the test

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- LeapPaintTests/UtilityTests.h

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