Intro to Java Week 3 Coding Assignment

Points possible: 70

Category	Criteria	% of Grade
Functionality	Does the code work?	25
Organization	Is the code clean and organized? Proper use of white space, syntax, and consistency are utilized. Names and comments are concise and clear.	25
Creativity	Student solved the problems presented in the assignment using creativity and out of the box thinking.	25
Completeness	All requirements of the assignment are complete.	25

Instructions: In Eclipse, or an IDE of your choice, write the code that accomplishes the objectives listed below. Ensure that the code compiles and runs as directed. Take screenshots of the code and of the running program (make sure to get screenshots of all required functionality) and paste them in this document where instructed below. Create a new repository on GitHub for this week's assignments and push this document, with your Java project code, to the repository. Add the URL for this week's repository to this document where instructed and submit this document to your instructor when complete.

Coding Steps:

- 1. Create an array of int called **ages** that contains the following values: 3, 9, 23, 64, 2, 8, 28, 93.
 - 1. Programmatically subtract the value of the first element in the array from the value in the last element of the array (i.e. do not use ages[7] in your code). Print the result to the console.
 - 2. Add a new age to your array and repeat the step above to ensure it is dynamic (works for arrays of different lengths).
 - 3. Use a loop to iterate through the array and calculate the average age. Print the result to the console.
- 2. Create an array of String called names that contains the following values: "Sam", "Tommy", "Tim", "Sally", "Buck", "Bob".
 - 1. Use a loop to iterate through the array and calculate the average number of letters per name. Print the result to the console.
 - 2. Use a loop to iterate through the array again and concatenate all the names together, separated by spaces, and print the result to the console.
- 3. How do you access the last element of any array?
- 4. How do you access the first element of any array?

- 5. Create a new array of int called nameLengths. Write a loop to iterate over the previously created names array and add the length of each name to the nameLengths array.
- 6. Write a loop to iterate over the nameLengths array and calculate the sum of all the elements in the array. Print the result to the console.
- 7. Write a method that takes a String, word, and an int, n, as arguments and returns the word concatenated to itself n number of times. (i.e. if I pass in "Hello" and 3, I would expect the method to return "HelloHelloHello").f I could not get this answer.
- 8. Write a method that takes two Strings, firstName and lastName, and returns a full name (the full name should be the first and the last name as a String separated by a space).
- 9. **Write a method** that takes an array of int and returns true if the sum of all the ints in the array is greater than 100. I definitely do not know how to complete this one.
- 10. Write a method that takes an array of double and returns the average of all the elements in the array. I was unable to figure out this one.
- 11. Write a method that takes two arrays of double and returns true if the average of the elements in the first array is greater than the average of the elements in the second array. I am very lost.
- 12. Write a method called willBuyDrink that takes a boolean isHotOutside, and a double moneyInPocket, and returns true if it is hot outside and if moneyInPocket is greater than 10.50. Did not attempt.
- 13. Create a method of your own that solves a problem. In comments, write what the method does and why you created it. Did not attempt

Screenshots

of

Code:

```
public class coding_assignment {
          public static woid main(String[] args) {
System.out.println(* intil apes = new i
          System.out.println("The first element in this array is " + ages[0]);
System.out.println("The last element in this array is " + ages[ages.length - 1]);
               int subtractAges = ages[ages.length-1] = ages[8];
          System.out.println("The last array minus the first array is " + subtractAges);
              int sumOfAges = 0;
|
for(int i = 0; i < ages.length; i++) {</pre>
                    sumOfAges += eges[i];
          System.eat.println("The average age in this array is " + (surOfAges/ages.length));
          System.cat.println(* ----String Array---- ");
               String[] mames = new String[6];
               double letterTotal = 0;
               for(int i = 0; i < names.length; i++) {
    letterTotal += names[i].length();</pre>
          System.cat.println("The average arount of letters in each case is " + (letterFotal/6));
          System.out.println(rates[0].concat(", " + rames[1].concat(", " + names [2].concat(", "
               int[] nameLengths = new int[names.length];
               for (int i = 0; i < nameLengths.length; i++) {</pre>
```

```
int[] nameLengths = new int[names.length];
             for (int i = 0; i < nameLengths.length; i++) {</pre>
                 nameLengths[i] = names[i].length();
                 System.out.print(nameLengths[i] + " ");
         System.out.println(" ");
             int sumOfLengths = 0;
             for (int i = 0; i < nameLengths.length; i++) {</pre>
 71
                 sumOfLengths += nameLengths[i];
             }
         System.out.println(surOfLengths);
         System.out.println(" -----Nethods Section-----
                                                                "]:
 79
         //public static void repeatedWord (Word and x amount of times)
         String firstName = "Caleb":
         int repeatWord = 3;
         String repeatedWord = repeatThisWord (firstName, repeatWord);
         System.out.println(repeatedWord);
         String lastName = "Gendron";
 90
91
         String fullName = createFullName(firstName, lastName);
         System.out.println(fullName);
 94
95
         System.out.println(ages.length):
 96
97
         int someNumber = 3;
         int anotherNumber = 4;
 98
99
         int exponents = toThePowerOf(someNumber, anotherNumber);
100
         System.out.println(exponents);
103-
         public static String repeatThisWord(String word, int number) {
             for (int i=0; i<number; i++) {
104
             word+=word;
106
             return word;
         }
1160
         public static int toThePowerOf (int x, int y) {
             int num =1;
             for (int i = 0; i < y; i++) {
    num *= x;
114
             return num;
         }
116
1180
         public static boolean isOverOneHundred(Object[] objects) {
             int sumOfObjects = 0;
             for(int i = 0; i < objects.length; i++) {</pre>
```

```
96
97
           int someNumber = 3;
int anotherNumber = 4;
           int exponents = toThePowerOf(someNumber, anotherNumber);
 100
           System.out.println(exponents);
 101
102
103⊕
           public static String repeatThisWord(String word, int number) {
   for (int i=0; i<number; i++) {</pre>
                word+-word;
                return word;
           }
109
1100
           public static int toThePowerOf (int x, int y) {
                int num =1;
for (int i = N; i < y; i++) {
111
                    nun *= X;
                return num:
           }
11B0
           public static boolean isOverOneHundred(Object[] objects] {
                int sumOfObjects = 0;
121
122
                for(int 1 = 0; 1 < objects.length; 1++) {
123
                sumOfObjects += objects[i];
           }
126
                if (sumOfObjects > 100) {
                return true;
}else {
128
           }
}
           public static String createFullName (String x, String y) {
    return x + " " + y;
 1340
           }
138 //
139 //
140 //
 145
```

Screenshots of Running Application:

```
## Problems  
## Javadoc  
## Console  
##
```

URL to GitHub Repository: https://github.com/cdgendron/WeekThree.git