

RSA® Conference 2022

San Francisco & Digital | June 6 – 9

SESSION ID: HUM-R06

Transforming Security Through Design

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TRANSFORM



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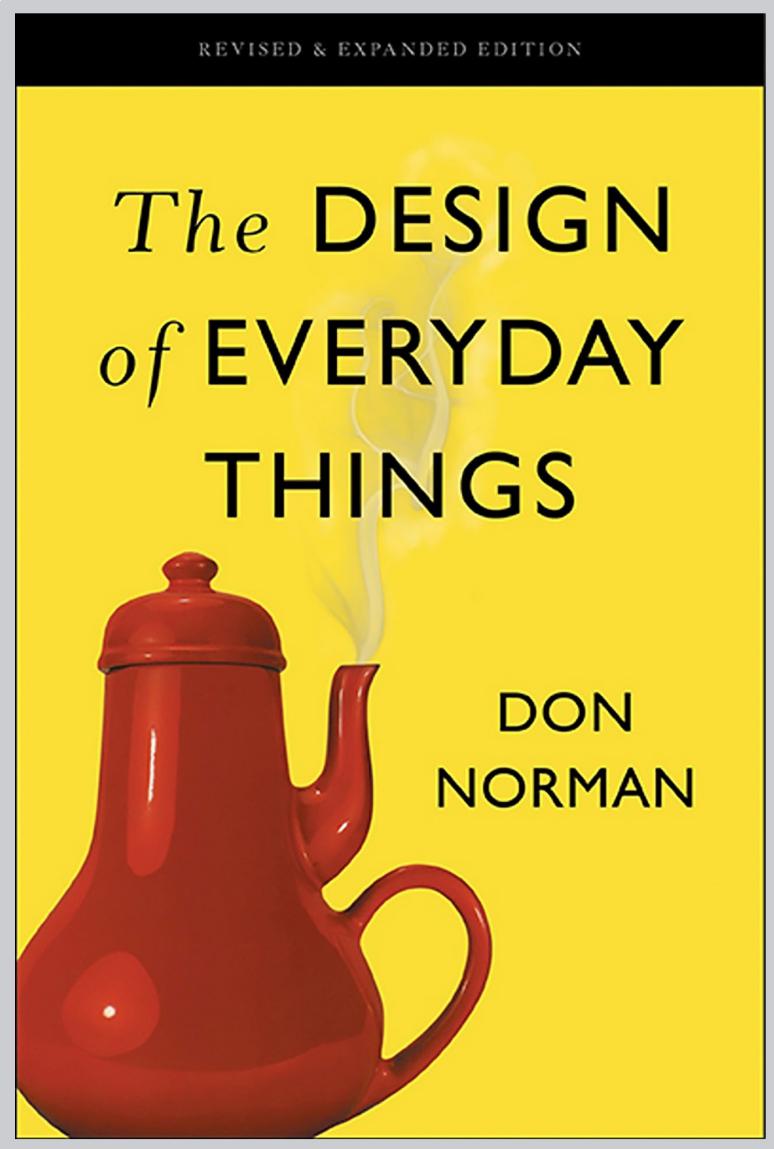
90%
of breaches are
caused by people



(not an actual statistic)

Most industrial accidents are caused by human error. Estimates range from **75 to 95%**.

How is it that so many people are incompetent?





“

Answer: They aren't. It's a design problem.

-- Don Norman, *The Design of Everyday Things*

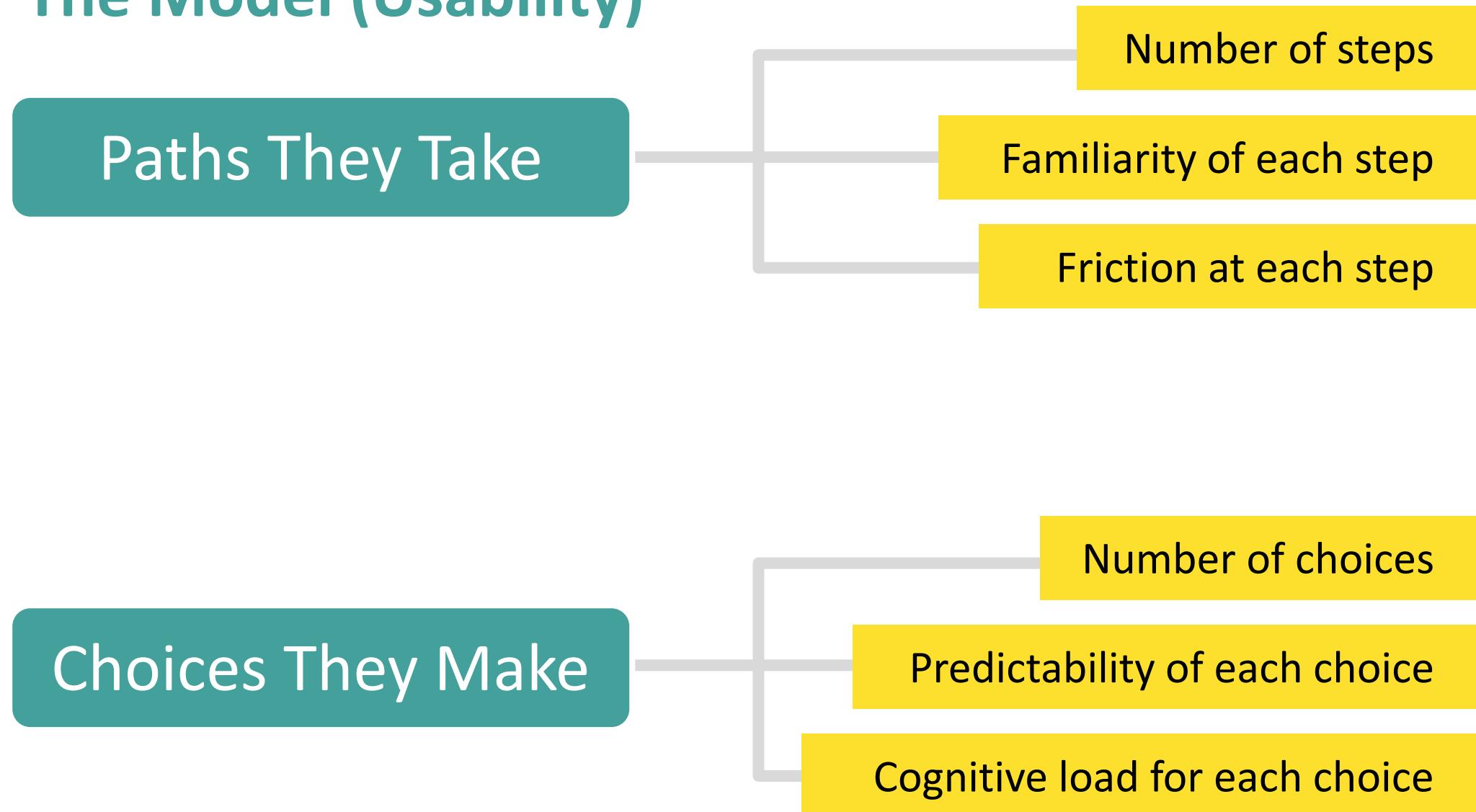
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A Design Approach



The Model (Usability)



Usability

- Behavior or journey maps
- Control Frameworks (CSC)
- Reduce steps
- Reduce choices
- Simplify
- Clarify



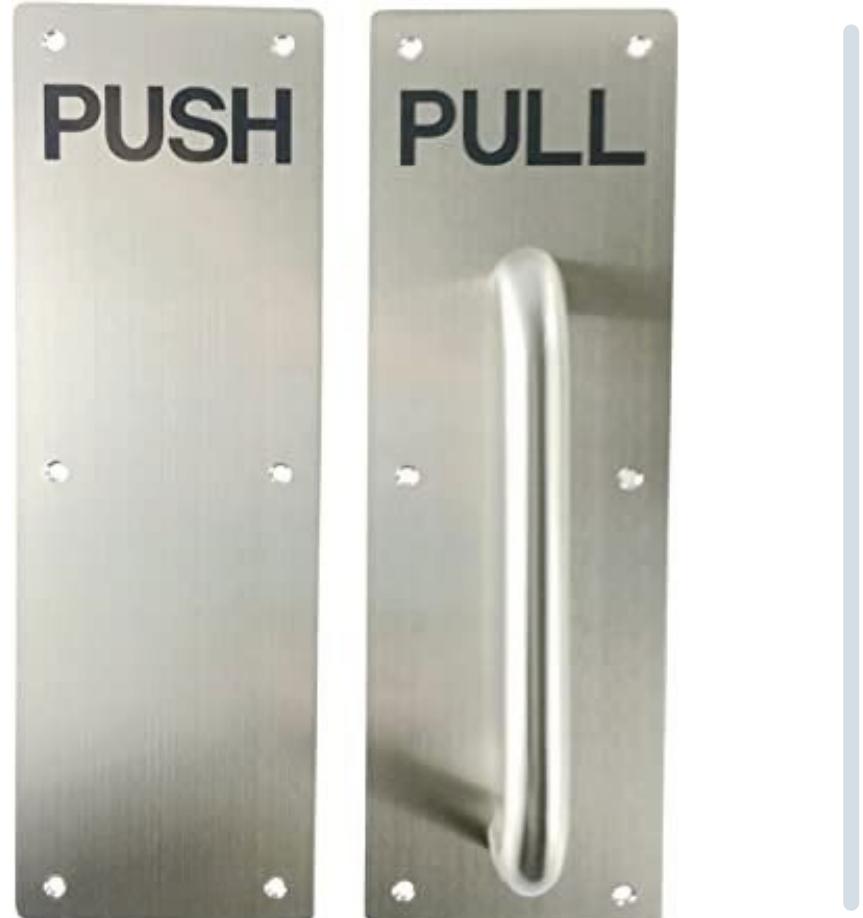
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Affordance is what the environment offers the individual.

-- James J. Gibson

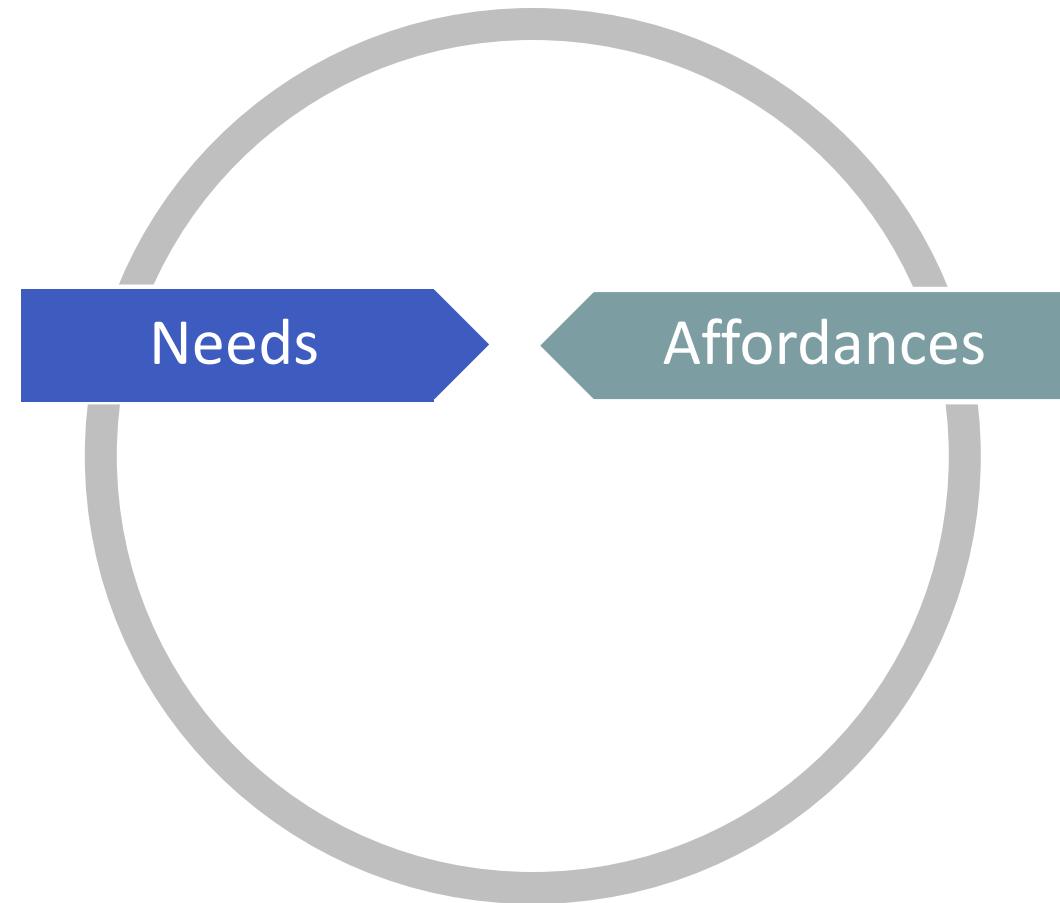
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Classic affordances



End Users

- Functional
- Emotional
- Cognitive
- Physical
- Sensory

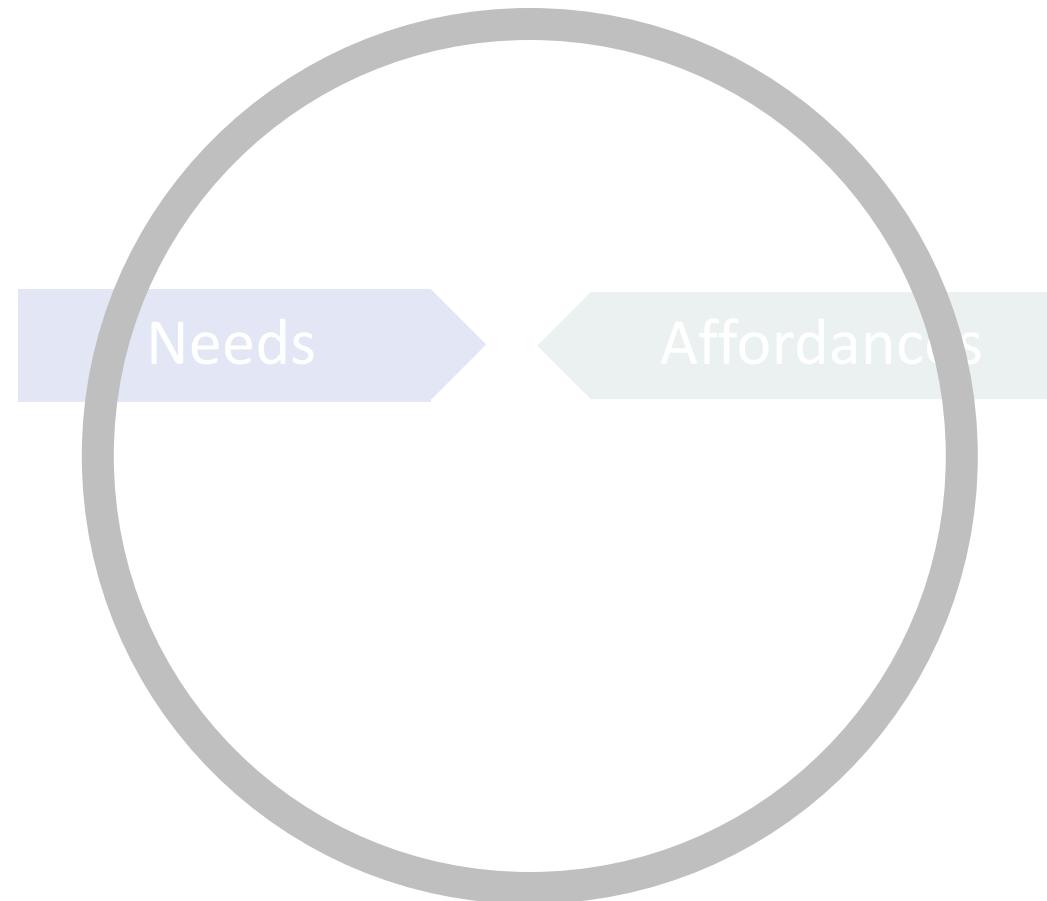


Security Design

- Functional
- Emotional
- Cognitive
- Physical
- Sensory

End Users

- Functional
- Emotional
- Cognitive
- Physical
- Sensory



Security Design

- Functional
- Emotional
- Cognitive
- Physical
- Sensory

- Security depends upon how well the needs of people are met by the affordances of the security controls.
- If they don't meet, people will creatively satisfy their own needs with their own affordances.



INSIGHT

Constrained users are creative, and
creative users are dangerous.

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Feedback



“

Nudge was written as an alternative to rules and mandates.

-- Richard Thaler

”





“

Sludge: friction and bad intentions.

-- Richard Thaler

”

Look at the paths they take

- Process analysis
- Journey mapping
- Behavior mapping
- Wayfinding



No. Really look.

- Expected path: IT operations
- Exception handling: Security
- Is it the path? Choices?
- What can be learned?





Bad friction along the path encourages users to bypass or avoid security.







Good friction is the natural consequence
of poor security behaviors.



Problem: our typical metrics

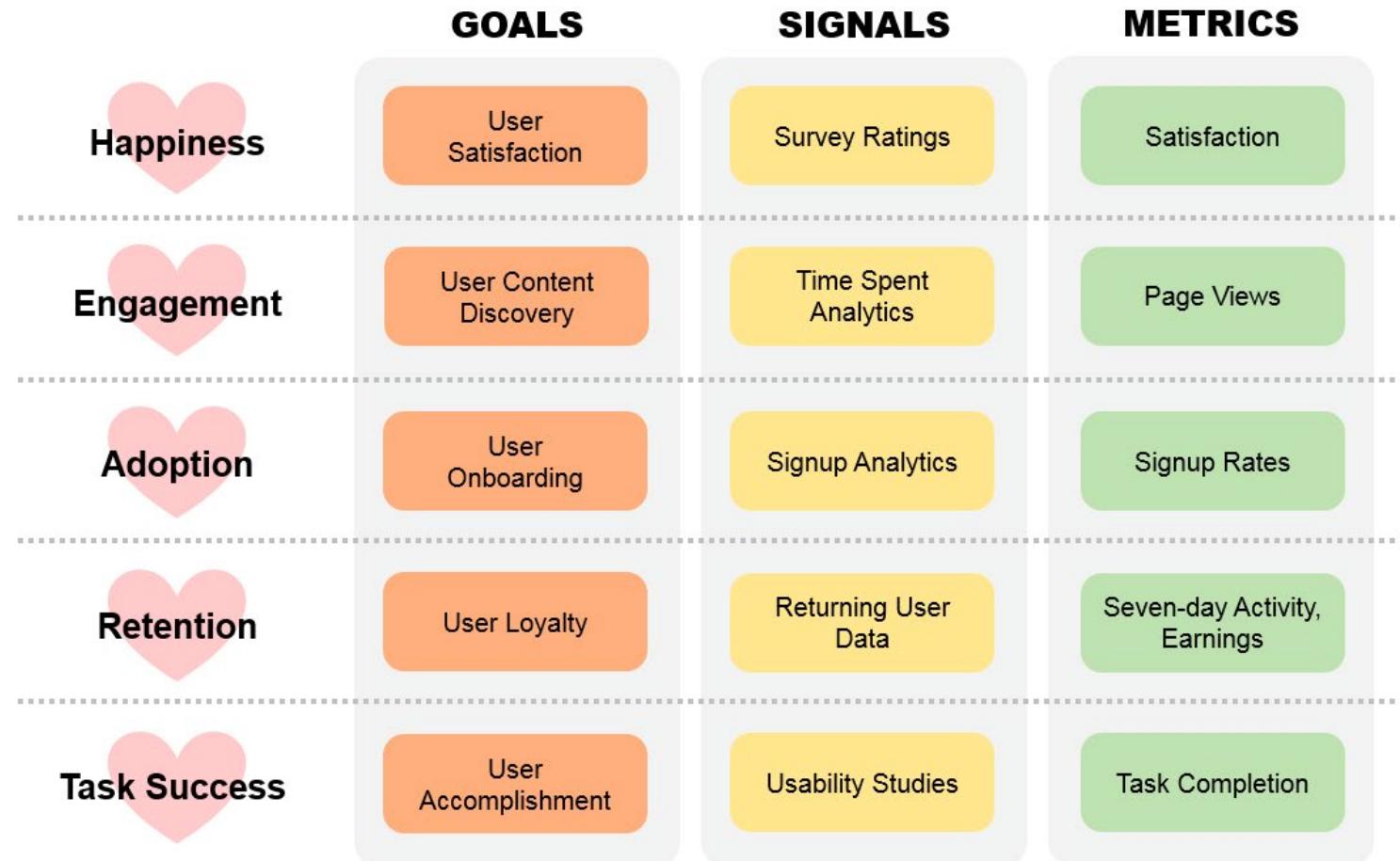
“What percentage of the organization's identified vulnerabilities have not been remediated in a timely manner?”

“What percentage of the organization's hardware assets have not recently been scanned to identify unauthorized network boundaries?”

“What percentage of the organization's network devices are not located on dedicated Virtual Local Area Networks (VLANs)?”

“What percentage of the organization's accounts are not included in the organization's inventory?”

Measuring Tool: HEART



Metrics

- Measure compliance rates, **BUT ALSO**
- Measure process and communication sludge

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Exception Handling



Again, look at the paths they take

- Why do users follow the path?
- When do they forge their own?
- Expected path: IT operations
- Exception handling: Security



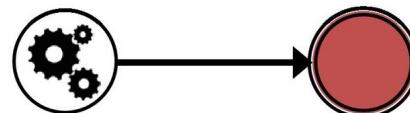


People breaking the rules are people
communicating to us our design problems.

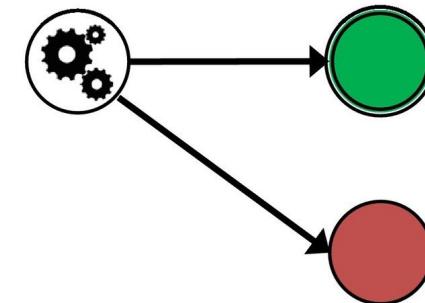
(A) No treatment effect



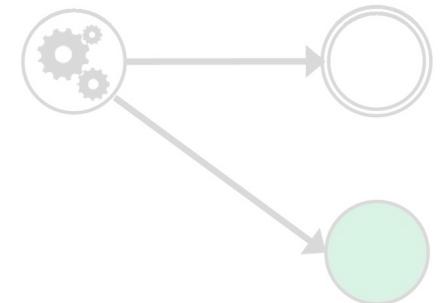
(B) Backfiring



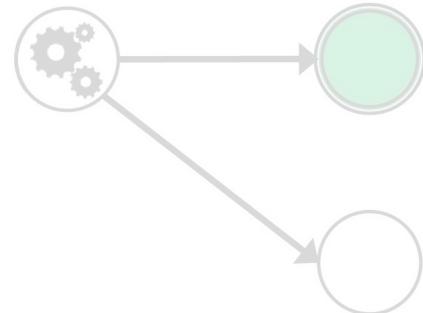
(C) Treatment offset by negative side effect



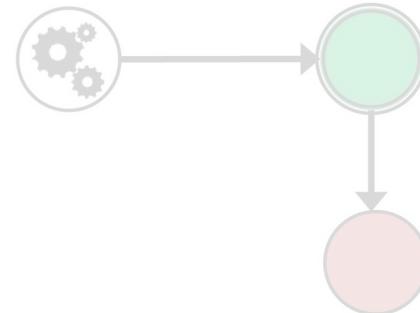
(D) No treatment effect, but positive side effect



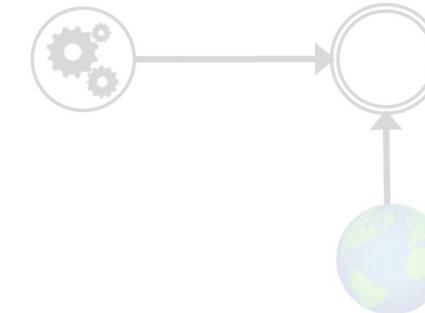
(E) Only proxy changes, not actual criterion



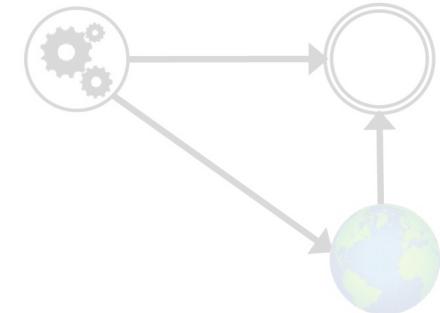
(F) Treatment offset by later behaviour



(G) Environment does not support change



(H) Intervention triggers counteracting forces

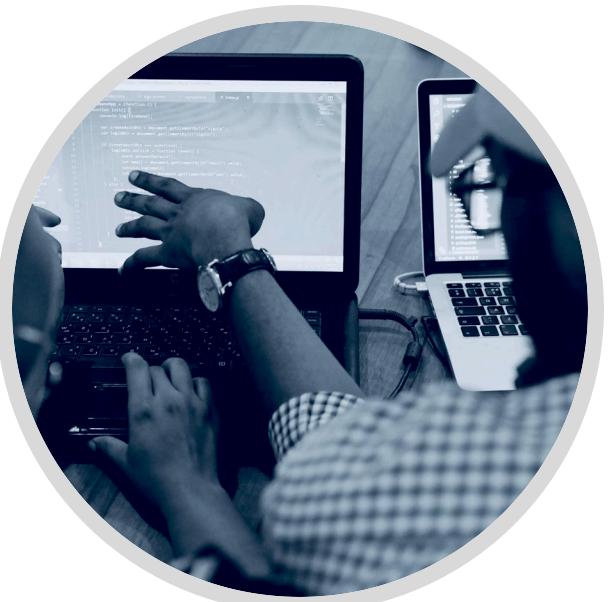




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Culture Change





Security Champion

A security champion is a member of the business itself, who collaborates with the security team on best practices.

- Share and contextualize security knowledge
- Plan to turn action to behavior
- Provide peer support



Security Advocate

A security advocate is a member of the security team who focuses on getting practices into the hands of the workforce.

- Share and contextualize business knowledge
- Fight sludge and security fatigue
- Connect champions to wider community



Security Advocate



Security
SME

Security Champion

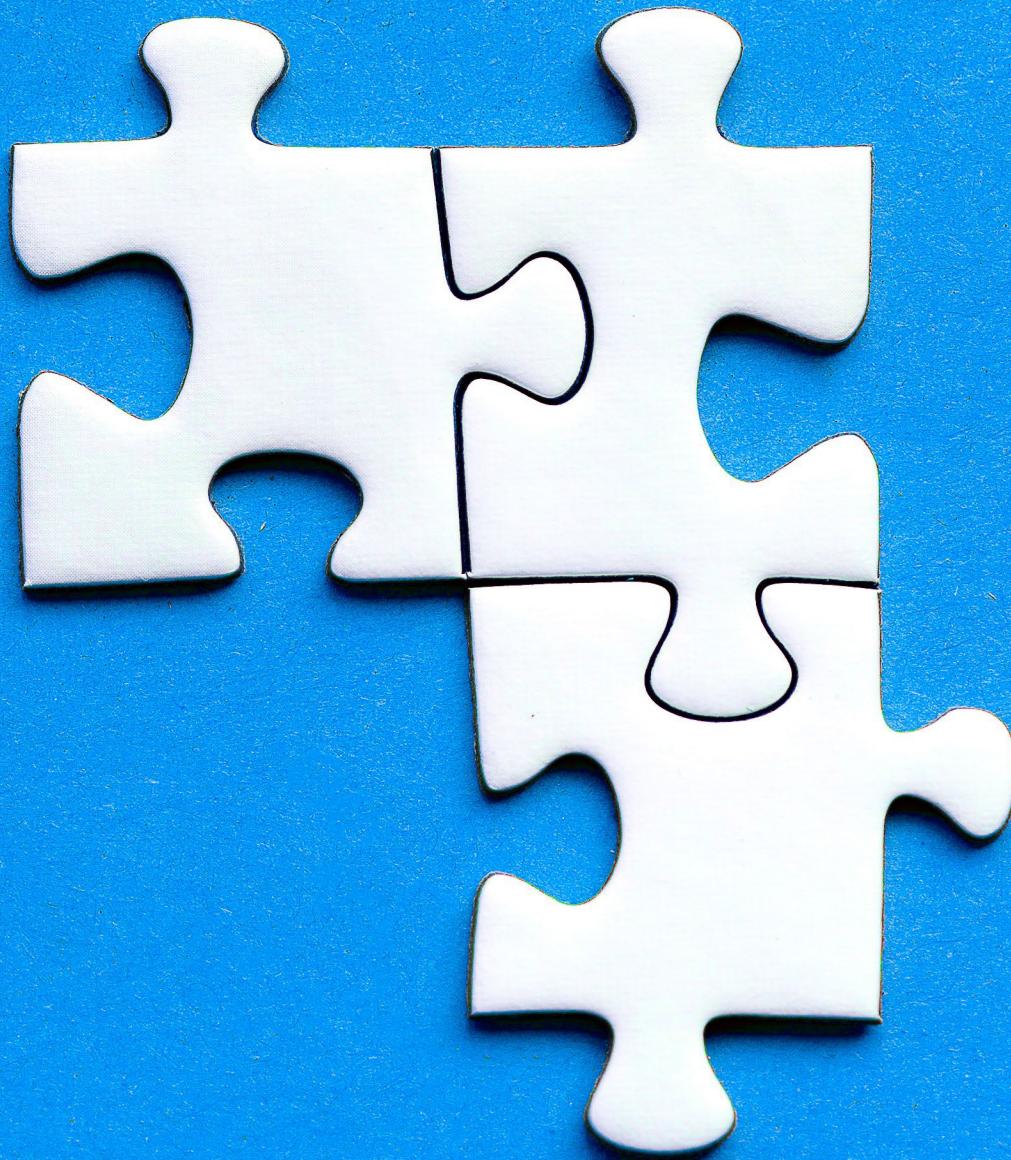


Business
SME



INSIGHT

Advocate/champion programs are for making informed decisions, not simply carrying out things already decided.



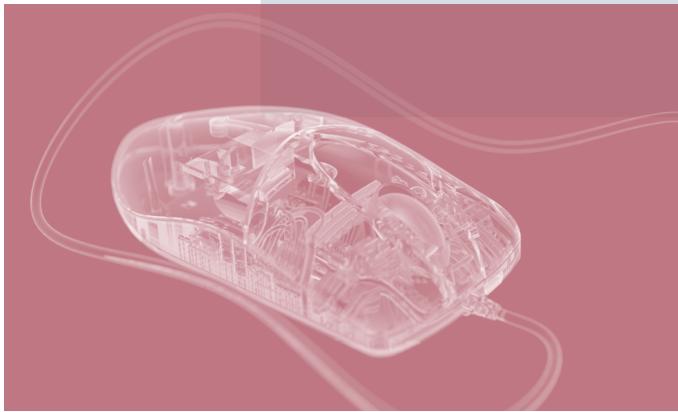
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Defend





Usability



Manageability



Defensibility



Auditability

Fifth Ability: Marketability (out of scope)

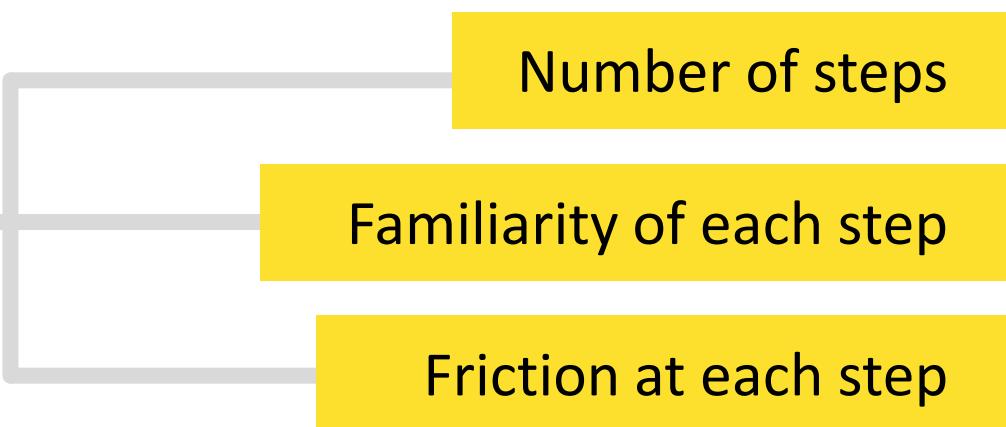


Business case

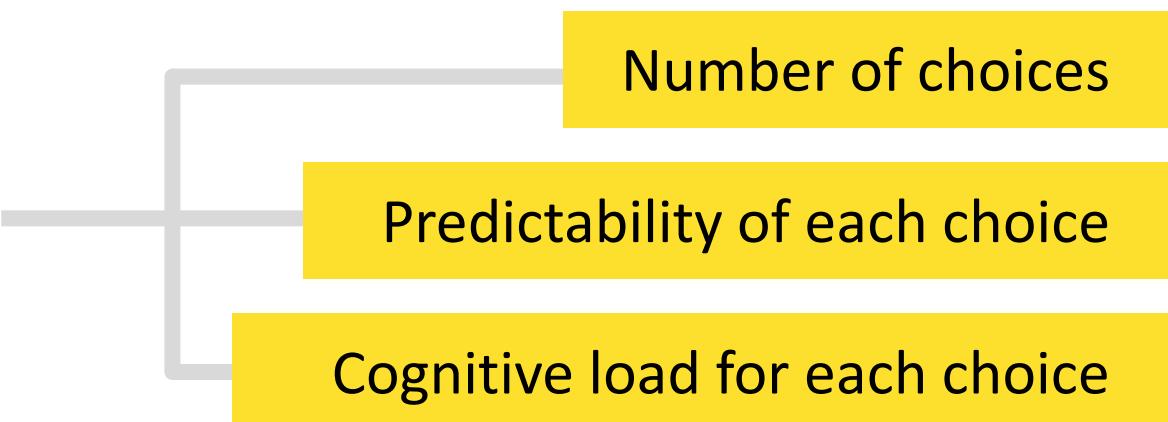
- What does the capability enable?
- What does the capability prevent?
- How easier will it be to run?
- How compliant will it make us?

The Model (Defensibility)

Paths They Take



Choices They Make



Defensibility

- Threat model or attack path
- Mitre ATT&CK
- Increase steps
- Increase choices
- Complicate
- Confound



INSIGHT

Good security gets out of the way of users
while getting in the way of **adversaries**.

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Final Thoughts



Roadmap depends on where we are

- Before: using this design approach for security architecture and planning
- During: using this design approach as part of an active security initiative
(example: building an IAM program)
- After: using this design approach to troubleshoot and address security problems in an ongoing business area
(example: securing DevOps)

Introducing design into security programs

- Next week you should:
 - Identify an area that would benefit from a human-centric design approach
- In the first three months following this presentation you should:
 - Map out the processes (usability)
 - Map out the attack paths (defensibility)
 - Evaluate controls and establish metrics
- Within six months you should:
 - Map out manageability and audit
 - Implement the controls and establish feedback
 - Tune the controls and policy to reduce impact on users while increase impact on adversaries

Thank you!

