

Version Control Workshop: Git and GitHub

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Overview

- Introduction to Version Control
- Workflow in Computational Science
- Learning Git
 - Setting Up Git On Your Machine
 - Basic Git Cycle
 - Git Branches
 - Git Delete Commands
- Git and GitHub
- Collaborated Summary



What is Version Control?

Version control is a system that records changes to a file or set of files over time so that you can recall specific versions later.



- Keep Track of Code History
- 2 Concurrent Teamwork
- Ocordinate Coding Environments
- ① Due Diligence Checks
- Share Code

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What Options Are Available?

Option #1: Client-Server Version Control Systems

Advantages

- A Single Admin Keeps Track of the Project
- 2 There is a Single Master Version of the Code
- 3 It is Relatively Easy to Learn

Disadvantages

- There Is Only One Admin/Server
- You Need a Network Connection to Work
- Operations Can Be Slow

Examples include Concurrent Versions System (CVS) and Subversion (SVN).



What Options Are Available?

Option #2: Distributed Version Control Systems

Advantages

- You Don't Need a Network Connection
- Multiple Coding Environments
- It Encourages Collaboration and Modularity

Disadvantages

- Can Be Difficult to Learn
- 2 Teams Need to Talk About Conventions
- It is Really Easy To Create Unorganized Code

Examples include Git/GitHub and Bazaar.



Why Git and GitHub?

- It Keeps Track of Detailed Metadata (More Than Others)
- Branching is Encouraged (Which Modularizes Development)
- GitHub Has a Great Social Community

Why Git and GitHub?

Full Disclosure...

- 1 It Isn't the Best for Binary Files
- @ GitHub Distinguishes Between Public and Private Repos



Thank you for your attention.

