



Version Control Workshop: Git and GitHub

Cyrus Vandrevalla¹

Nicolás Guarín-Zapata²

¹ Physics Department

² Civil Engineering Department

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git

Overview

- 1 Introduction to Version Control
- 2 Workflow in Computational Science
- 3 Learning Git
 - Setting Up Git On Your Machine
 - Basic Git Cycle
 - Git Branches
 - Git Delete Commands
- 4 Git and GitHub
- 5 Collaborated Summary

What is Version Control?

Version control is a system that records changes to a file or set of files over time so that you can recall specific versions later.

Why is Version Control Important?

- 1 Keep Track of Code History
- 2 Concurrent Teamwork
- 3 Coordinate Coding Environments
- 4 Due Diligence Checks
- 5 Share Code

Everybody Should Use Version Control!

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What Options Are Available?

Option #1: Client-Server Version Control Systems

Advantages

- ➊ A Single Admin Keeps Track of the Project
- ➋ There is a Single Master Version of the Code
- ➌ It is Relatively Easy to Learn

Disadvantages

- ➊ There Is Only One Admin/Server
- ➋ You Need a Network Connection to Work
- ➌ Operations Can Be Slow

Examples include Concurrent Versions System (CVS) and Subversion (SVN).

What Options Are Available?

Option #2: Distributed Version Control Systems

Advantages

- 1 You Don't Need a Network Connection
- 2 Multiple Coding Environments
- 3 It Encourages Collaboration and Modularity

Disadvantages

- 1 Can Be Difficult to Learn
- 2 Teams Need to Talk About Conventions
- 3 It is Really Easy To Create Unorganized Code

Examples include Git/GitHub and Bazaar.

Why Git and GitHub?

- ❶ It Keeps Track of Detailed Metadata (More Than Others)
- ❷ Branching is Encouraged (Which Modularizes Development)
- ❸ GitHub Has a Great Social Community

Why Git and GitHub?

Full Disclosure...

- ❶ It Isn't the Best for Binary Files
- ❷ GitHub Distinguishes Between Public and Private Repos

Version Control in Academia

- ❶ It Creates Reproducible Research
- ❷ It Helps Train New Group Members
- ❸ It Encourages Collaboration
- ❹ It Encourages Good Code Practices

Version Control in Academia

Some Useful Skills That You Should Learn Are:

- 1 Bash
- 2 Markdown

Setting Up Git - Linux

You can use the package management tool that comes with your distribution (use sudo):

- 1 `yum install git`
- 2 `apt-get install git`

Setting Up Git - Mac

There are three main ways to install Git:

- ❶ Install the Xcode Command Line Tools and Type "git" Into the Terminal
- ❷ Binary Installer: <http://git-scm.com/download/mac>
- ❸ Git/GitHub GUI: <https://mac.github.com/>

Setting Up Git - Windows

There are three main ways to install Git:

- ❶ Binary Installer: <http://git-scm.com/download/win>
- ❷ msysGit: <http://msysgit.github.io/>
- ❸ Git/GitHub GUI: <https://windows.github.com/>

Thank you for your attention.