# Version Control Workshop: Git and GitHub (Day 1)

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#### Overview

Intro

- Introduction to Version Control
- 2 Work Flow in Computational Science

Setting Up Git

- Setting Up Git On Your Machine
- Basic Git Work Flow
- 6 Git Branches
- 6 Git Delete Commands
- Combining Git With GitHub



# We Encourage Participation!

Post Questions That You Might Have in the Repo

Setting Up Git

- Recommend Other Sources That You Found Useful
- Remember, We Do Not Know Everything!



**Branching** 

GitHub

## What is Version Control?

Version control is a system that records changes to a file or set of files over time so that you can recall specific versions later.



Delete

GitHub

- Keep Track of Code History
- 2 Concurrent Teamwork
- 3 Coordinate Coding Environments
- Oue Diligence Checks
- Share Code



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GitHub

# Why is Version Control Important?

- Keep Track of Code History
- Concurrent Teamwork
- 3 Coordinate Coding Environments
- Oue Diligence Checks
- Share Code

Everybody Should Use Version Control!



# What Options Are Available?

#### Option #1: Client-Server Version Control Systems

#### Advantages

Intro

- A Single Admin Keeps Track of the Project
- There is a Single Master Version of the Code
- It is Relatively Easy to Learn

#### Disadvantages

- There Is Only One Admin/Server
- You Need a Network Connection to Work
- Operations Can Be Slow

Examples include Concurrent Versions System (CVS) and Subversion (SVN).



# What Options Are Available?

#### Option #2: Distributed Version Control Systems

#### Advantages

- You Don't Need a Network Connection
- Multiple Coding Environments
- It Encourages Collaboration and Modularity

### Disadvantages

- Can Be Difficult to Learn
- Teams Need to Talk About Conventions
- 1 It is Really Easy To Create Unorganized Code

Examples include Git/GitHub and Bazaar.



Delete

Intro

- It Keeps Track of Detailed Metadata (More Than Others)
- Pranching is Encouraged (Which Modularizes Development)
- GitHub Has a Great Social Community



Delete

# Why Git and GitHub?

Intro

Full Disclosure...

- 1 It Isn't the Best for Binary Files
- GitHub Distinguishes Between Public and Private Repos



- 1 It Creates Reproducible Research
- 2 It Helps Train New Group Members

Setting Up Git

- It Encourages Collaboration
- 4 It Encourages Good Code Practices



#### Version Control in Academia

Some Useful Skills That You Should Learn Are:

- Bash
- Markdown



Setting Up Git

GitHub

Delete

Intro

You can use the package management tool that comes with your distribution (use sudo):

- yum install git
- apt-get install git



Branching

### Setting Up Git - Mac

Intro

There are three main ways to install Git:

- Install the Xcode Command Line Tools and Type "git" Into the Terminal
- Binary Installer: http://git-scm.com/download/mac
- Git/GitHub GUI: https://mac.github.com/



There are three main ways to install Git:

- Binary Installer: http://git-scm.com/download/win
- msysGit: http://msysgit.github.io/
- Git/GitHub GUI: https://windows.github.com/

Setting Up Git



Intro

- Create a New Directory (mkdir my-awesome-directory)
- Navigate Into the Directory (cd my-awesome-directory)
- Initialize the Directory (git init)

The git init command creates a hidden directory called .git that contains all of the metadata for the project. You should never change anything in .git directly!



Intro

- Synchronize Your Repo (git pull)
- Make Changes to Your Code
- 3 Stage Changes for Commit (git add)
- Ommit Changes Locally (git commit)
- O Push Changes to Origin (git push)



### What is Branching?

- Pretty much every version control system has some form of branching. This means that you diverge from the main line of development and continue to do work without changing the main line.
- Usually this is an expensive process because you have to copy
- However, branching is where git truly shines. The git branch



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- However, branching is where git truly shines. The git branch is extremely lightweight. This encourages branching in order to add new features.



Setting Up Git

Delete

GitHub

Delete a File (rm vs. git rm)

Public vs. Private Repositories

Bitbucket and GitHub

# Thank you for your attention.

