### 1.a

Find the matrix Df of partial derivatives for the following function:

$$f(x,y) = \langle e^x, e^y, e^{\cos x} \rangle$$

# 1.b

Find the matrix Df of partial derivatives for the following function:

$$f(x,y,z) = \left\langle x^2 e^{x+y}, \cos(x-y) \right\rangle$$

## **1.c**

Find the matrix *Df* of partial derivatives for the following function:

$$f(x,y,z) = \left\langle xy, \frac{x}{1+y^2}, e^{x^y} \right\rangle$$

#### 2.a

Find  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial s}$  and  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial t}$  for the following function in two ways: first use substitution, then use the chain rule:

$$f(x,y) = \sin(xy)$$
 where  $x = s + t$  and  $y = s^2 + t^2$ 

#### 2 h

Find  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial s}$  and  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial t}$  for the following function in two ways: first use substitution, then use the chain rule:

$$f(x,y) = e^{xy}$$
 where  $x = \sin t$  and  $y = e^{st}$ 

2.0

Find  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial s}$  and  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial t}$  for the following function in two ways: first use substitution, then use the chain rule:

$$f(x,y,z) = \cos(xyz)$$
 where  $x = st$ ,  $y = st^2$  and  $z = st^3$ 

3.a

Calculate  $D(f \circ g)$  in two ways: first use substitution, then use the chain rule:

$$f(x,y) = x^2 - 7y^2$$
 and  $g(s,t) = \langle st^2, se^t \rangle$ 

3.b

Calculate  $D(f \circ g)$  in two ways: first use substitution, then use the chain rule:

$$f(x,y) = \left\langle xy - y^2, \cos x \right\rangle$$
 and  $g(s,t) = \left\langle \frac{s}{t}, st \right\rangle$ 

3 (

Calculate  $D(f \circ g)$  in two ways: first use substitution, then use the chain rule:

$$f(x,y,z) = \langle e^x, e^{x+y}, e^{x+y+z} \rangle$$
 and  $g(s,t) = \langle e^s, e^t, e^{s-t} \rangle$ 

4

Suppose an insect flies along a helical curve  $x = 2\cos t$ ,  $y = 2\sin t$ , z = 3t. If the barometric pressure is varying from point to point as  $P(x,y,z) = 6x^2z/y$  atm, then use the chain rule to determine how the pressure is changing at the insects location when  $t = \pi/4$  min.

5

Suppose  $w = f\left(\frac{x-y}{xy}, \frac{z-x}{xz}\right)$  is a differentiable function of  $u = \frac{y-x}{xy}$  and  $v = \frac{z-x}{xz}$ . Show that

$$x^{2}\frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + y^{2}\frac{\partial w}{\partial y} + z^{2}\frac{\partial w}{\partial z} = 0.$$