Math 40

Spanning Sets, Linear Independence, and Matrix Operations Tuesday, February 2, 2016

2.3.8 Determine if the vector \mathbf{b} is in the span of the columns of the matrix A.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 \\ 9 & 10 & 11 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 8 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

1

2.3.12

Show that $\mathbb{R}^3 = \text{span}\left(\begin{bmatrix}1\\1\\0\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}1\\2\\3\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}2\\1\\-1\end{bmatrix}\right)$.

2.3.24

Use the method of Example 2.23 and Theorem 2.6 to determine if the sets of vectors are linearly independent. If the answer can be determined by inspection (i.e., without calculation), state why. For any sets that are linearly dependent, find a dependence relationship among the vectors.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -5 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

2.2.28

Use the method of Example 2.23 and Theorem 2.6 to determine if the sets of vectors are linearly independent. If the answer can be determined by inspection (i.e., without calculation), state why. For any sets that are linearly dependent, find a dependence relationship among the vectors.

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1\\1\\2\\1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3\\2\\2\\4 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2\\3\\1\\-1 \end{bmatrix}$$

2.3.42

- (a) If the columnist of an $n \times n$ matrix A are linearly independent as vectors in \mathbb{R}^n , what is the rank of A? Explain.
- (b) If the rows of an $n \times n$ matrix A are linearly independent as vectors in \mathbb{R}^n , what is the rank of A? Explain.

5

3.1.26

Use the matrix-column representation of the product to write each row of BA as a linear combination of the columns of B.

6

3.1.38 Let
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$$
.

(a) Show that
$$A^2 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos 2\theta & -\sin 2\theta \\ \sin 2\theta & \cos 2\theta \end{bmatrix}$$
.

(b) Prove, by mathematical induction, that

$$A^{n} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos n\theta & -\sin n\theta \\ \sin n\theta & \cos n\theta \end{bmatrix} \text{ for } n \ge 1$$