# **Tutorial 1 Microfluidics**

Please prepare the answers for the following questions for our tutorial on 15.5.2025

## **Claus-Dieter Ohl**

$$u = a x$$
  
 $v = -ay$  where  $a = const > 0$ .

#### 1. Streamlines

Given the following flow field:

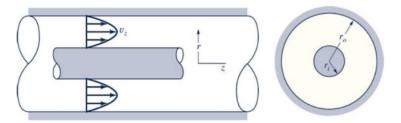
$$u = a x$$
  
 $v = -ay$  where  $a = const > 0$ 

- A. Find an equation for the streamline that passes through a point  $(x_0, y_0)$ . In which direction moves a fluid particle? If it originates from a location  $y_0 > 0$  does the particle pass through the horizontal line y = 0. Where is the stagnation point? What kind of flow could that be?
- B. Plot the flow field (arrow or plt.quiver plot for  $x \ge 0$ ). For  $x_0 = 1$  and  $y_0 = 1$ , plot a streamline passing through this point. Then, plot through nearby points a few more streamlines to illustrate the flow field.
- 2. Index Notation Use the index notation and show that these are equalities:

A. 
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x_i}(p\,\delta_{ij}) = (\nabla p)_j$$
 B. 
$$\nabla \cdot (\rho \vec{u}) = (\nabla \rho) \cdot \vec{u} + \rho \,\nabla \cdot \vec{u}$$

### 3. Navier Stokes Equation

Repeat the Navier Stokes derivation for a tube now for 2 concentric tubes with radii  $r_i$  and  $r_o$ .



Show that the flow velocity in z-direction is

$$u_z(r) = \frac{1}{4\mu} \frac{\mathrm{d}p}{\mathrm{d}z} \left( r^2 - r_o^2 + \frac{r_i^2 - r_o^2}{\ln\frac{r_o}{r_i}} \ln\left[\frac{r}{r_i}\right] \right)$$

### 4. Flow Simulations

- A. Write down the boundary conditions (b.c.) for the velocity  $\vec{u}$  and pressure for a flow in a 2d-tube driven by a pressure gradient. You need one b.c. for each boundary, i.e. the walls and the inlet/outlet, and component of the velocity. The pressure at the walls are determined by the incompressibility condition. For help, look into the code.
- B. Do the same for a flow in a 2-tube driven by the upper wall. Again, check your answer with the boundary conditions stated in the code.
- C. Conduct simulations for pressure driven and wall driven flows. Try to obtain a parabolic profile for the pressure driven flow and a linear profile for the wall driven flow. Discuss the results. What is the effect of the time step "dt" of integration.