

Applications of Rational Function Test Review

$$1) \frac{a^2}{8b^3} \cdot \frac{3b^5}{8a^3} = \frac{3a^2b^5}{64a^3b^3}$$

$$\frac{a \cdot a \cdot b \cdot b \cdot b \cdot b \cdot b}{b \cdot b \cdot b \cdot a \cdot a \cdot a} = \boxed{\frac{3b^2}{64a}}$$

$$\boxed{b^3=0} \text{ nest. } \boxed{a^3=0}$$

$$2) \frac{a^2}{a+3} \cdot \frac{a^2-2a-15}{a^2-1a}$$

Warmup
2/8/19

$$\frac{a(a-5)}{(a-1)}$$

$$\text{res. } \boxed{a \neq -3}$$

$$\boxed{a \neq 0}$$

$$\boxed{a \neq 1}$$

$$3) \frac{(x+2)(x-1)}{x^2+x-2} \cdot \frac{(x-10)(x+3)}{2x^2-x-1} = \boxed{\frac{(x+2)(x-10)}{(2x+1)(x-1)}}$$

Factor

$$\text{res. } \boxed{x+3=0} \quad \boxed{2x+1=0} \quad \boxed{x-1=0}$$

$$\boxed{x \neq -3} \quad \boxed{x \neq -\frac{1}{2}} \quad \boxed{x \neq 1}$$

$$4) \frac{w+2}{w+1} \div \frac{w-5}{w^2+3w+2}$$

mult by reciprocal

$$\frac{w+2}{w+1} \cdot \frac{(w+1)(w+2)}{(w-5)} = \frac{(w+2)(w+2)}{w-5}$$

$$\text{res. } \boxed{w+1=0} \quad \boxed{w-5=0}$$

$$\boxed{w \neq -1} \quad \boxed{w \neq 5}$$

$$(x+3)(x-3) \quad (x+5)(x-3)$$

$$5) \frac{x^2-9}{x^2+5x+6} \div \frac{x^2+2x-15}{x^2+x-20}$$

$$(x+3)(x+2) \quad (x+5)(x-4)$$

$$\frac{(x+3)(x-3)}{(x+3)(x+2)} \cdot \frac{(x+5)(x-4)}{(x+5)(x-3)} = \frac{(x-4)}{(x+2)}$$

$$\text{res. } \boxed{x+3=0} \quad \boxed{x+2=0} \quad \boxed{x+5=0} \quad \boxed{x-3=0}$$

$$\boxed{x \neq -3} \quad \boxed{x \neq -2} \quad \boxed{x \neq -5} \quad \boxed{x \neq 3}$$

6. $\frac{3}{x^2+x-12}$ and $\frac{x}{x^2+2x-15}$
 $(x+4)(x-3)$; $(x+5)(x-3)$

$\boxed{\text{LCD } (x+4)(x-3)(x+5)}$

7) $\frac{3x}{x^2-11x+30}$ and $\frac{-2}{x^2-10x+24}$
 $(x-6)(x-5)$; $(x-6)(x-4)$

$\boxed{\text{LCD} = (x-5)(x-4)(x-6)}$

8) $\frac{7(c-4)}{(c+4)(c-4)} + \frac{1}{(c+4)(c-4)}$ 1) Factor
 $(c+4)(c-4)$ 2) LCD
 $(c+4)(c-4)$

$\frac{7c-28}{(c+4)(c-4)} + \frac{1}{(c+4)(c-4)} = \frac{7c-28+1}{(c+4)(c-4)}$

$\boxed{\frac{7c-27}{(c+4)(c-4)}}$

9) $\frac{(w-8)(w-3)}{w^2-11w+24} - \frac{3(w-3)}{(w-4)(w-3)}$ 1) Factor
 $w^2-7w+12$ 2) LCD
 $(w-3)(w-4)$ $(w-4)(w-3)$

$\frac{(w-8)(w-3)}{(w-3)(w-4)} - \frac{3w+9}{(w-3)(w-4)}$

$\boxed{\frac{(w-8)(w-3) - (3w+9)}{(w-3)(w-4)}}$

$\frac{w^2 - 11w + 24 - 3w + 9}{(w-3)(w-4)}$

$\boxed{\frac{w^2 - 14w + 33}{(w-3)(w-4)}}$

$-3(w-3)$
 $-3w + 9$

$$10) \frac{x \cdot 2}{9 \cdot 2} + \frac{3 \cdot 6}{3 \cdot 6} - \frac{2x \cdot 3}{6 \cdot 3} \quad \text{LCD } 18$$

$$\frac{2x}{18} + \frac{18y}{18} - \frac{6x}{18}$$

$$\frac{2x - 6x + 18y}{18} = \frac{-4x + 18y}{18}$$

	3	9	6
1	3	9	6
2	6	18	12
3	9	27	18
4	12		
5	15		
6	18		

$$11) \frac{1}{x+2} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{x+2} \div \frac{2}{x} - 5 \cdot \frac{x}{x}$$

$$\frac{1}{x+2} \div \frac{2}{x} - \frac{5x}{x} \quad \text{LCD} = 1x$$

$$\frac{1}{x+2} \div -\frac{5x+2}{x} \quad \text{comb like terms}$$

$$\text{mult recip} \quad \frac{1}{x+2} \cdot \frac{x}{-5x+2} = \boxed{\frac{x}{-5x^2+2x+4}}$$

$$(x+2)(-5x+2) = -5x^2 + 2x - 10x + 4 = -5x^2 - 8x + 4$$

$$12) \frac{d+5}{d^2+11d+24} \Rightarrow \frac{d+5}{(d+3)(d+8)} \div \frac{d+2}{d+3}$$

$$\text{mult by reciprocal} \quad \frac{d+5}{(d+3)(d+8)} \cdot \frac{(d+3)}{(d+2)} = \boxed{\frac{d+5}{(d+8)(d+2)}}$$

$$13) \frac{x+2}{x+1} \cdot \frac{(x+3)}{(x+3)} \cdot \frac{x+5}{x+3} \cdot \frac{(x+1)}{(x+1)} \quad \text{LCD } (x+1)(x+3)$$

$$\text{LCD} \cdot \frac{(x+2)(x+3)}{(x+1)(x+3)} = \frac{(x+5)(x+1)}{(x+3)(x+1)} \cdot \text{LCD}$$

$$(x+2)(x+3) = (x+5)(x+1)$$

$$x^2 + 3x + 2x + 6 = x^2 + x + 5x + 5$$

$$x^2 + 5x + 6 = x^2 + 6x + 5$$

$$-x^2 \quad -6x \quad -5 \quad -x^2 \quad -6x \quad -5$$

$$-x + 1 = 0$$

$$-1 \quad -1$$

$$x = -1$$

$$\frac{1+2}{1+1} = \frac{1+5}{1+3}$$

$$\frac{3}{2} = \frac{6}{4}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{3}{2} = \frac{3}{2}}$$

$x = 1$ solution

14) $\frac{2}{x+2} = \frac{-3}{x+3}$ LCD or Cross multiply

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x+6 = -3x-6 \\ -6 \qquad -6 \end{array}$$

$$2x = -3x - 12$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +3x \quad +3x \\ 5x = -12 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{-12}{5}$$

$$x = \frac{-12}{5}$$

solution

$$\frac{2}{-12+2} = \frac{-3}{-12+3}$$

$$-5 = -5$$

15) $\frac{x}{x^2-25} + \frac{4}{x-5} = \frac{1}{x+5}$ 1) Factor $(x+5)(x-5)$ 2) LCD $(x+5)(x-5)$

$$\frac{x \cdot LCD}{(x+5)(x-5)} + \frac{4x+20 \cdot LCD}{(x+5)(x-5)} = \frac{(x-5) \cdot LCD}{(x+5)(x-5)}$$

$$x + 4x + 20 = x - 5$$

Plug in

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x+20 = x-5 \\ -x \qquad -x \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x+20 = -5 \\ -20 \quad -20 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{-25}{4}$$

$$x = -\frac{25}{4}$$

solution

$$\frac{-\frac{25}{4}}{(-\frac{25}{4})^2-25} + \frac{4}{(-\frac{25}{4})-5} = \frac{1}{(-\frac{25}{4})+5}$$

$$\frac{-6.25}{39.0625-25} + \frac{4}{-11.25} = \frac{1}{-6.25}$$

$$\frac{-6.25}{14.0625} + \frac{4}{-11.25} = \frac{1}{-6.25}$$

$$-0.8 = -0.8$$

16) $\frac{1}{x-3} = \frac{3}{x^2+2x-9}$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^2+2x-9 = 3x-9 \\ +9 \qquad +9 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^2+2x = 3x \\ -3x \quad -3x \end{array}$$

$$\frac{x^2-x}{x} = 0$$

$$x(x-1) = 0$$

$$x=0$$

solution

$$x-1=0$$

$$x=1$$

plug in solution

$$\frac{1}{(0)-3} = \frac{3}{0^2+2(0)-9}$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{-9}$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{(1)-3} = \frac{3}{(1)^2+2(1)-9}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{1+2-9}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{-6}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

Solution

$$17) \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r_1} + \frac{1}{r_2}$$

$$\frac{1}{65} = \frac{1}{r} + \frac{1}{90}$$

$$\frac{1}{90} \quad - \frac{1}{90}$$

$$\frac{1 \cdot 18}{65 \cdot 18} - \frac{1 \cdot 13}{90 \cdot 13} = \frac{1}{r} \quad \text{LCD } 1170$$

$$\frac{18}{1170} - \frac{13}{1170} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\frac{5}{1170} \times \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\frac{5r}{5} = \frac{1170}{5}$$

$$\boxed{r = 234} \text{ ohms}$$

$$18) \frac{1}{t_1} + \frac{1}{t_2} = \frac{1}{t_{\text{total}}}$$

$$\frac{1 \cdot 7}{3 \cdot 7} + \frac{1 \cdot 3}{7 \cdot 3} = \frac{1}{t} \quad \text{LCD} = 21$$

$$\frac{7}{21} + \frac{3}{21} = \frac{1}{t}$$

$$\frac{10}{21} \times \frac{1}{t}$$

$$\frac{10t}{10} = \frac{21}{10}$$

$$t = \frac{21}{10} = 2.1 \text{ hours}$$

126 min

2 hours 6 min

	65	90
1	65	90
2	130	180
↓		
13	845	1170
↓		
18	1170	1620

$$19) \frac{1}{t_1} + \frac{1}{t_2} = \frac{1}{t_{\text{total}}}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{t} = \frac{1}{3.5}$$

$$-\frac{1}{5} \quad -\frac{1}{5} \quad \text{LCD} = 35$$

$$\frac{1}{t} = \frac{1 \cdot 10}{3.5 \cdot 10} - \frac{1 \cdot 7}{5 \cdot 7}$$

$$\frac{1}{t} = \frac{10}{35} - \frac{7}{35}$$

$$\frac{1}{t} \times \frac{3}{3}$$

$$\frac{3t}{3} = \frac{35}{3}$$

$$t = 11.67 \text{ hours or } 700 \text{ min}$$

$$20) d = rt$$

	D	R	t
down	7	$r + 5$	same
up	3	$r = 3.75$	same

$$\frac{7}{r+5} \times \frac{3}{r}$$

$$8.75 \text{ down}$$

$$7r = 3r + 15$$

$$-3r \quad -3r$$

$$\frac{4r}{4} = \frac{15}{4}$$

$$r = 3.75 \text{ up}$$

$$21)$$

	distance	rate	time
You	8	$r + 15$	same
Friend	2	$r = 2.5$	same

$$\frac{8}{r+15} \times \frac{2}{r}$$

$$\frac{6r}{6} = \frac{15}{6}$$

$$r = 2.5$$

friend
you

$$8r = 2r + 15$$

$$-2r \quad -2r$$

$$r = 17.5$$

22) $L = 42/w$

23) $y = \frac{1}{x+6} + 2$

st. form of a rational function

24) $y = \frac{1}{x-5} + 0$

$y = \frac{a}{x-h} + k$

25) points of discontinuity (holes) & (asymptotes)

$y = \frac{x-8}{x^2-x-30}$
 $(x-6)(x+5)$

- 1) factor
- 2) cancel
- 3) rewrite

$x-6=0$
 $x \neq 6$

$x+5=0$
 $x \neq -5$

Vertical asymptotes

26) $\frac{(x-4)(x+3)}{(x+3)(x-5)}$
1) cancel (holes)
2) leftovers (asymptotes)

$\frac{(x-4)}{(x-5)}$

$x+3=0$
 $x \neq -3$

$x-5=0$
 $x \neq 5$
V.A

$(x+1)(x+1)$ hole

27) $\frac{x^2+2x+1}{x^2+x-6}$
 $(x+3)(x-2)$

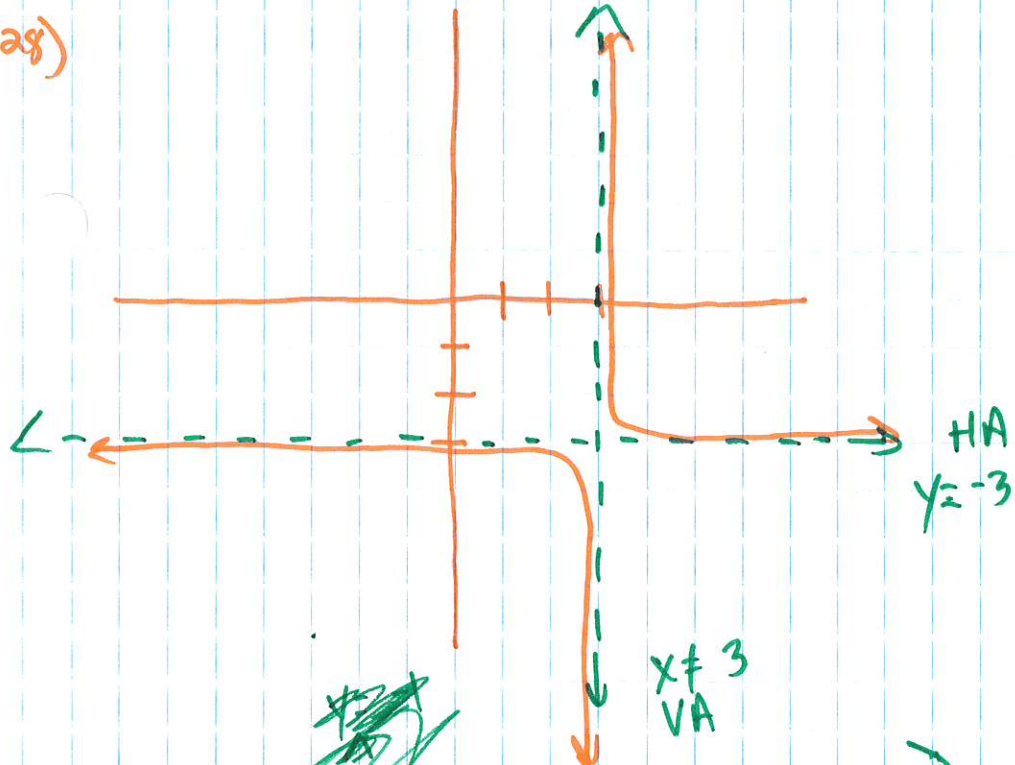
- 1) Factor
- 2) Cancel
- 3) rewrite

No holes - nothing cancelled

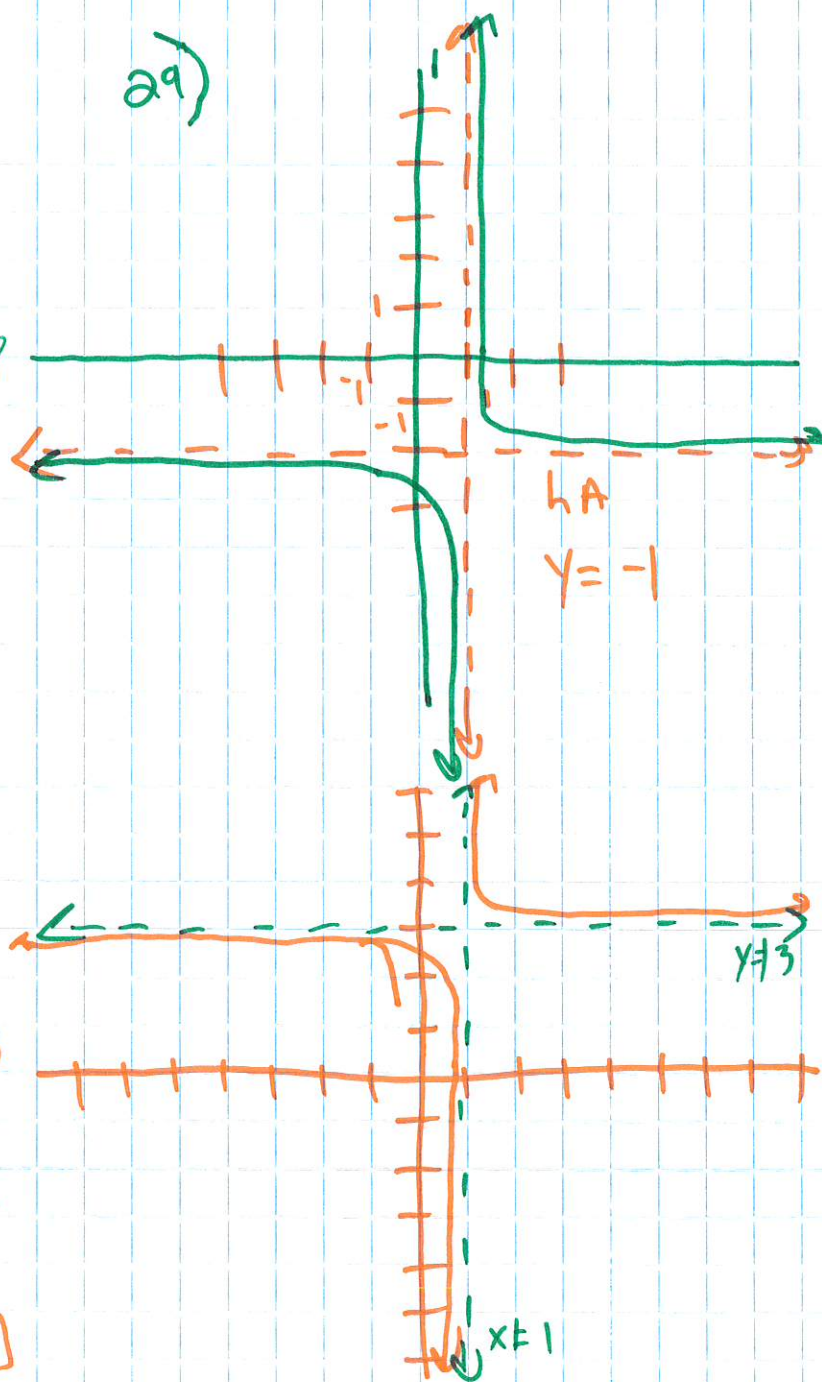
VA's $x+3=0$
 $x \neq -3$

$x-2=0$
 $x \neq 2$

28)



29)



30) $g(x) = \frac{2}{x-1} + 3$ from $\frac{1}{x}$

a) Vertical stretch 2
shift up 3
shift right 1

b) VA $x-1=0$
 $x \neq 1$

c) HA $y \neq 3$

d) domain $R \neq 1$
Range $R \neq 3$

e) y-int

$$g(x) = \frac{2}{(0)-1} + 3$$

$$g(x) = \frac{2}{-1} + 3$$

$$g(x) = -2 + 3$$

$$\boxed{g(x) = 1}$$

$$31) X = (X+2)^4 (X-9)^3$$

$$\begin{array}{l} X+2=0 \\ X=-2 \\ \text{mult} \\ 4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} X-9=0 \\ X=9 \\ \text{mult} \\ 3 \end{array}$$

7 total

$$32) \text{ end behavior} \\ f(x) = x^5 - x^3 + x = 4$$

Left, down right, up

$$f(x) \rightarrow \infty, \text{ as } x \rightarrow \infty$$

$$f(x) \rightarrow -\infty, \text{ as } x \rightarrow -\infty$$

$$33) \begin{array}{l} x^4 - 25x^2 + 144 \\ (x^2 - 16)(x^2 - 9) \\ (x+4)(x-4)(x+3)(x-3) \end{array}$$

$$x+4=0$$

$$-4 -4$$

$$x=-4$$

$$x-4=0$$

$$x=4$$

$$x+3=0$$

$$x=-3$$

$$x-3=0$$

$$x=3$$

$$34) x^4 - 2x^3 - x^2 - 4x - 6 \div (x+2)$$

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrrr} -2 & 1 & -2 & -1 & -4 & -6 \\ & & +2 & +8 & +14 & +36 \\ \hline & 1 & 0 & 7 & 10 & 30 \\ & x^3 & & 7x^2 & 10x & 30 \text{ rem} \end{array}$$

$$x^3 - 4x^2 + 7x - 18 \text{ rem } 30$$

since there is a remainder
it is not a factor

35) $x^3 + 5x^2 + 11x + 10 \div x + 2$

x^3
 x^2

$x^2 + 3x + 5$

Cont factor