Lecture 1

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3 Apr 2015

What is R? Why R?

Wiki:

R is a programming language and software environment for statistical computing and graphics.

- Widespread among statisticans
- A bunch of libraries
- Easy to learn
- ▶ A little overhead for doing statistics

Installing R

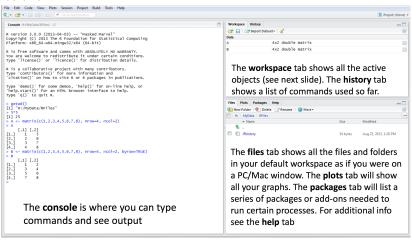
R: http://www.r-project.org

R Studio: http://www.rstudio.com

Literature

- R Quickguide: http://cran.r-project.org/doc/ contrib/Torfs+Brauer-Short-R-Intro.pdf
- Stowell. Using R for Statistics, 2014
- Alain F. Zuur. A beginner's guide to R
- ► Eric D. Kolaczyk. Statistical analysis of Network Data with R

R Studio



Different approaches

- Create full listing of code
- Type command-by-command in console

Installing libraries

▶ igraph

Something easy

```
10^2 + 36

## [1] 136

a = 4
a * 5

## [1] 20
```

Vectors

```
b = c(3,4,5)
b * 2
## [1] 6 8 10
d = c(6,7,8)
b + d
## [1] 9 11 13
```

Functions

```
(3+4+5)/3
## [1] 4
or
mean(x=b)
## [1] 4
```

Help!

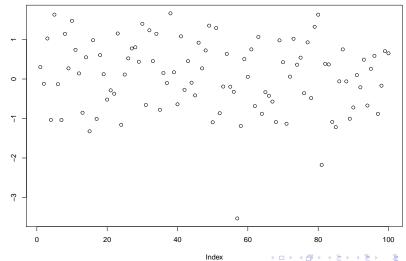
If you are stoned by what is doing this word in your code, try to write:

- ▶ help(mean)
- ▶ ?mean

and look at the bottom right window.

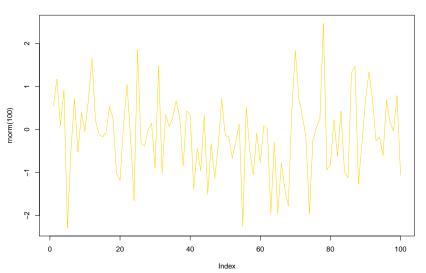
Plot

```
x = rnorm(100)
plot(x)
```



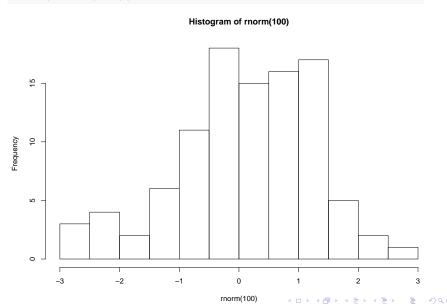
Graphics

```
plot(rnorm(100), type="l", col="gold")
```



Graphics

hist(rnorm(100))



Matricies

mat=matrix(data=c(9,2,3,4,5,6),ncol=3)

Loading data

You can move to the directory with your data

```
getwd()
setwd('./path/to/your/data/')
iris = read.csv(file = 'iris.data',header = 0) # that give.
```