## 1. Assumed values:

$$V_{
m tn,\,short} pprox 0.35 {
m V}$$
 
$$\lambda_{
m n,\,short} pprox 0.75 rac{1}{{
m V}}$$
 
$$C_{
m ox} \nu_{
m max,\,n} pprox 1300 rac{\mu {
m A}}{{
m V} \cdot \mu {
m m}}$$

2. 4.30b

$$\frac{V_{DS2}}{L} = \frac{0.8 \text{V}}{0.065 \mu \text{m}}$$
$$\approx 12.3 \frac{\text{V}}{\mu \text{m}} > 5 \frac{\text{V}}{\mu \text{m}}$$

 $M_2$  is velocity saturated

$$I_{D2} = W_2 V_{ov2} C_{ox} v_{max} (1 + \lambda V_{DS2})$$

$$10 \mu A = (0.65 \mu m) (V_{GS2} - 0.35 V) \left(1300 \frac{\mu A}{V \cdot \mu m}\right) (1 + 0.75(0.8))$$

$$V_{GS2} \approx 0.357 V$$

$$\frac{V_{DS1}}{L} = \frac{0.357 \text{V}}{.065 \mu \text{m}}$$
$$\approx 6.26 \frac{\text{V}}{\mu \text{m}} > 5 \frac{\text{V}}{\mu \text{m}}$$

 $M_1$  is velocity saturated

$$\begin{split} I_{D1} &= W_1 V_{ov1} C_{\text{ox}} v_{\text{max}} (1 + \lambda V_{DS1}) \\ &= (0.65 \mu\text{m}) \left(1300 \frac{\mu\text{A}}{\text{V} \cdot \mu\text{m}}\right) (0.007\text{V}) (1 + (0.75)(0.357)) \\ &\approx 7.5 \mu\text{A} \\ R &= \frac{V_{DD} - V_{D1}}{I_{D1}} \\ &\approx \frac{1.6 - 0.357}{7.5 \mu} \Longleftrightarrow \text{Why is this consistent with } 1.6?? \\ &\approx 170 \text{k}\Omega \end{split}$$

## 3. 4.36b

We don't want  $V_{S2}$  to be so low that  $T_1$  falls out of a predictable operating region, so we know that it has to be at least  $V_{In}$  (0.35V). Similarly, we don't want it to be too high because then  $I_{D1}$  will be high and  $V_G2$  will likely be too low and  $T_2$  will fall out of a predictable operating region. Start with a safe number:

$$V_{S2} = 0.4 \text{V}$$

From this, we know

 $T_2$  is velocity saturated

Working from this point:

$$R_2 = \frac{V_{S2}}{I_{OUT}}$$

$$\approx \frac{0.4}{10\mu}$$

$$= 40k\Omega$$

$$I_{OUT} = W_2 V_{ov2} C_{ox} v_{max} (1 + \lambda V_{DS2})$$

$$V_{ov2} \approx 0.01V$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{GS2} \approx 0.36V$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{G2} \approx 0.76V$$

The gate of  $T_2$  is tied to the drain of  $T_1$ , and from the above,

 $T_1$  is velocity saturated

$$I_{D1} = rac{V_{DD} - V_{D1}}{R_1}$$
 $W_1 V_{ov1} C_{ox} v_{max} (1 + \lambda V_{D1}) = rac{V_{DD} - V_{D1}}{R_1}$ 
 $R_1 pprox rac{V_{DD} - 0.76}{66.3 \mu}$ 
 $pprox 2k\Omega$