

# MeteoCH.output

April 2, 2023

## 1 Meteoschweiz

### 1.1 Current meteorological observations

```
[1]: # 'Soft' reset: Only clears your namespace, leaving history intact.
%reset -sf
import pandas as pd
from datetime import datetime
import matplotlib.cbook
```

### 1.2 Available weather stations

```
[2]: url = 'https://data.geo.admin.ch'
path = 'ch.meteoschweiz.klima/nbcn-tageswerte'
wsurl = url + '/' + path + '/' + 'liste-download-nbcn-d.csv'
ws = pd.read_csv(wsurl, sep=";", header=0, encoding = "ISO-8859-1").dropna()
ws.drop(['URL Previous years (verified data)', 'URL Current year'], axis=1)
```

```
[2]:
```

	Station	station/location	WIGOS-ID	Data since	\
0	Altdorf	ALT	0-20000-0-06672	01.01.1864	
1	Andermatt	ANT	0-20000-0-06695	01.01.1864	
2	Basel / Binningen	BAS	0-20000-0-06601	01.01.1755	
3	Bern / Zollikofen	BER	0-20000-0-06631	01.01.1864	
4	La Chaux-de-Fonds	CDF	0-20000-0-06612	01.01.1900	
5	Château-d'Oex	CHD	0-20000-0-06627	01.01.1879	
6	Chaumont	CHM	0-20000-0-06608	01.01.1864	
7	Davos	DAV	0-20000-0-06784	01.01.1864	
8	Elm	ELM	0-20000-0-06682	01.02.1878	
9	Engelberg	ENG	0-20000-0-06655	01.01.1864	
10	Grächen	GRC	0-20000-0-06728	01.01.1864	
11	Grimsel Hospiz	GRH	0-20000-0-06744	01.01.1932	
12	Col du Grand St-Bernard	GSB	0-20000-0-06717	01.01.1818	
13	Genève / Cointrin	GVE	0-20000-0-06700	01.01.1753	
14	Jungfrauoch	JUN	0-20000-0-06730	01.01.1933	
15	Lugano	LUG	0-20000-0-06770	01.01.1864	
16	Luzern	LUZ	0-20000-0-06650	01.01.1864	
17	Meiringen	MER	0-20000-0-06637	01.07.1889	

18	Neuchâtel	NEU	0-20000-0-06604	01.01.1864
19	Locarno / Monti	OTL	0-20000-0-06760	01.12.1882
20	Payerne	PAY	0-20000-0-06610	01.08.1964
21	Bad Ragaz	RAG	0-20000-0-06686	01.06.1870
22	Säntis	SAE	0-20000-0-06680	01.01.1864
23	Samedan	SAM	0-20000-0-06792	01.01.1864
24	S. Bernardino	SBE	0-20000-0-06783	01.01.1864
25	Segl-Maria	SIA	0-20000-0-06779	01.12.1863
26	Sion	SIO	0-20000-0-06720	01.01.1864
27	Zürich / Fluntern	SMA	0-20000-0-06660	01.01.1864
28	St. Gallen	STG	0-20000-0-06681	01.01.1864

	Station height m. a. sea level	CoordinatesE	CoordinatesN	Latitude \
0	438.0	2690181.0	1193564.0	46.887069
1	1438.0	2687445.0	1165044.0	46.630914
2	316.0	2610909.0	1265612.0	47.541142
3	553.0	2601934.0	1204410.0	46.990744
4	1017.0	2550919.0	1214862.0	47.082947
5	1028.0	2577040.0	1147655.0	46.479819
6	1136.0	2565060.0	1211007.0	47.049169
7	1594.0	2783519.0	1187459.0	46.812969
8	958.0	2732266.0	1198425.0	46.923747
9	1036.0	2674162.0	1186069.0	46.821639
10	1605.0	2630738.0	1116062.0	46.195314
11	1980.0	2668583.0	1158215.0	46.571689
12	2472.0	2579191.0	1079754.0	45.869092
13	411.0	2498904.0	1122632.0	46.247519
14	3571.0	2641939.0	1155287.0	46.547556
15	273.0	2717874.0	1095883.0	46.004217
16	454.0	2665545.0	1209850.0	47.036439
17	589.0	2655844.0	1175930.0	46.732222
18	485.0	2563087.0	1205560.0	47.000067
19	367.0	2704167.0	1114316.0	46.172256
20	490.0	2562131.0	1184612.0	46.811581
21	497.0	2756911.0	1209351.0	47.016631
22	2501.0	2744188.0	1234920.0	47.249447
23	1709.0	2787251.0	1155685.0	46.526247
24	1639.0	2734116.0	1147294.0	46.463542
25	1804.0	2778576.0	1144976.0	46.432331
26	482.0	2591633.0	1118584.0	46.218650
27	556.0	2685118.0	1248066.0	47.377925
28	776.0	2747866.0	1254588.0	47.425475

	Longitude	Climate region	Canton
0	8.621894	Central Alpine north slope	UR
1	8.580553	Central Alpine north slope	UR
2	7.583525	Eastern Jura	BL

3	7.464061	Central plateau	BE
4	6.792314	Western Jura	NE
5	7.139656	Western Alpine north slope	VD
6	6.978825	Western Jura	NE
7	9.843558	Northern and central Grisons	GR
8	9.175350	Eastern Alpine north slope	GL
9	8.410514	Central Alpine north slope	OW
10	7.836822	Valais	VS
11	8.333256	Western Alpine north slope	BE
12	7.170683	Alpine south side	VS
13	6.127742	Western plateau	GE
14	7.985444	Western Alpine north slope	VS
15	8.960322	Alpine south side	TI
16	8.301022	Central plateau	LU
17	8.169247	Western Alpine north slope	BE
18	6.953297	Western plateau	NE
19	8.787494	Alpine south side	TI
20	6.942469	Western plateau	VD
21	9.502594	Northern and central Grisons	SG
22	9.343469	Eastern Alpine north slope	AI
23	9.879469	Engadine	GR
24	9.184700	Alpine south side	GR
25	9.762325	Engadine	GR
26	7.330203	Valais	VS
27	8.565742	North-eastern plateau	ZH
28	9.398528	North-eastern plateau	SG

### 1.3 Select one weather station

```
[3]: # Define the default parameters and tag the cell accordingly
wsno = -1 # default -1 selects the last index, 2 sets BAS weather station
#
# Calling syntax from shell:
#
# time for i in {0..28}; do \
#   papermill MeteoCH.ipynb \
#   MeteoCH.output.ipynb \           # ...or /dev/null
#   -p wsno $i; done
#
# The time command at the beginning of the call may be omitted.
```

```
[4]: # Parameters
wsno = 23
```

```
[5]: wstation = ws['Station'].tolist()[wsno]
print(wsno)
ws[ws.Station==wstation]
```

```
label = ws[ws.Station==wstation]['station/location'].to_string()[::-1][0:3][::-1]
print(f"The label of weather station {wstation} is {label}.")
```

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The label of weather station Samedan is SAM.

## 1.4 Read online observations from selected weather station

```
[6]: maxrows = 400 # displayed number of past days
filenm = "nbcn-daily_"
ext="csv"
currurl = url + "/" + path + "/" + filenm + label + "_current." + ext
prevurl = url + "/" + path + "/" + filenm + label + "_previous." + ext
cf = pd.read_csv(currurl, sep=";", index_col='date', converters={'date':pd.
    to_datetime}).drop(['station/location'], axis=1) #, engine='pyarrow')
for col in cf.columns:
    cf[col] = pd.to_numeric(cf[col], errors='coerce')
pf = pd.read_csv(prevurl, sep=";", index_col='date', converters={'date':pd.
    to_datetime}).drop(['station/location'], axis=1) #, engine='pyarrow')
for col in pf.columns:
    pf[col] = pd.to_numeric(pf[col], errors='coerce')
df = pd.concat([pf, cf], axis=0).tail(maxrows)
```

## 1.5 Compute summary statistics

```
[7]: df.describe()
```

```
[7]:
```

	gre000d0	hto000d0	nto000d0	prestad0	rre150d0	sre000d0	\
count	400.000000	400.000000	400.000000	400.000000	400.000000	400.000000	
mean	172.342500	8.310000	52.240000	829.295750	1.461500	326.725000	
std	91.128845	13.466152	28.855745	7.344359	3.971442	199.906944	
min	13.000000	0.000000	0.000000	800.200000	0.000000	0.000000	
25%	95.000000	0.000000	29.000000	825.275000	0.000000	161.750000	
50%	161.000000	0.000000	54.000000	830.500000	0.000000	346.000000	
75%	238.250000	14.250000	79.000000	834.400000	0.600000	492.250000	
max	367.000000	65.000000	100.000000	843.300000	30.400000	702.000000	

	tre200d0	tre200dn	tre200dx	ure200d0
count	400.000000	400.000000	400.000000	400.000000
mean	3.261000	-3.674250	10.278750	72.025750
std	8.116608	8.358554	8.559131	9.961362
min	-19.600000	-26.200000	-10.100000	46.900000
25%	-2.900000	-9.300000	3.000000	64.750000
50%	3.400000	-2.900000	9.750000	72.500000
75%	11.100000	3.300000	18.200000	79.800000
max	17.600000	10.900000	26.300000	94.100000

```
[8]: (rows, cols) = df.shape
print(f"{rows} observations from {min(df.index)} to {max(df.index)}.")
```

400 observations from 2022-02-25 00:00:00 to 2023-03-31 00:00:00.

## 1.6 Description of observed parameters

```
[9]: from urllib.request import urlopen
from io import BytesIO
from zipfile import ZipFile

zip_url = url + "/" + path + "/" + "data.zip"
plist = [] # parameter
ulist = [] # unit
dlist = [] # description

with urlopen(zip_url) as f:
    with BytesIO(f.read()) as b, ZipFile(b) as myzipfile:
        rf = myzipfile.open('1_how-to-download-nbcn-d.txt')
        blines = rf.readlines()
        rf.close()
        for i in range(14, 25):
            line = blines[i].decode('unicode-escape').rstrip('\r\n')
            plist.append(line[0:21].strip())
            ulist.append(line[21:38].strip())
            dlist.append(line[38:].strip('\n'))

# list of lists instead of list of tuples
##zipped = zip(plist[1:], ulist[1:], dlist[1:])
list_of_lists = [list(tup) for tup in zip(plist[1:], ulist[1:], dlist[1:])]
cols = [plist[0], ulist[0], dlist[0]]

par = pd.DataFrame(list_of_lists, columns = cols)
print(par)
```

	Parameter	Einheit	Beschreibung
0	gre000d0	W/m <sup>2</sup>	Globalstrahlung; Tagesmittel
1	hto000d0	cm	Gesamtschneehöhe; Morgenmessung von 6 UTC
2	nto000d0	%	Gesamtbewölkung; Tagesmittel
3	prestad0	hPa	Luftdruck auf Stationshöhe (QFE); Tagesmittel
4	rre150d0	mm	Niederschlag; Tagessumme 6 UTC - 6 UTC Folgetag
5	sre000d0	min	Sonnenscheindauer; Tagessumme
6	tre200d0	°C	Lufttemperatur 2 m über Boden; Tagesmittel
7	tre200dn	°C	Lufttemperatur 2 m über Boden; Tagesminimum
8	tre200dx	°C	Lufttemperatur 2 m über Boden; Tagesmaximum
9	ure200d0	%	Relative Luftfeuchtigkeit 2 m über Boden; Tage...

## 1.7 Scatter plot air temperature

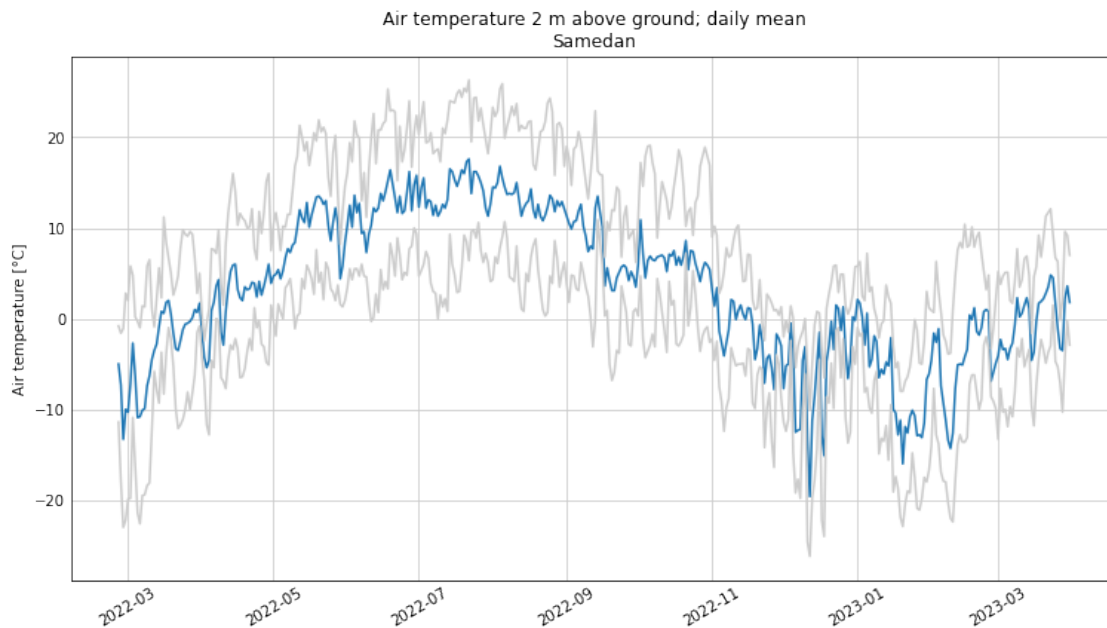
```
[10]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.style.use('_mpl-gallery')
fswidth = 10
fsheight = 5
```

```
[11]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(fswidth, fsheight))

axs.plot(df.index, df.tre200d0)
axs.plot(df.index, df.tre200dn, color='0.8')
axs.plot(df.index, df.tre200dx, color='0.8')
axs.grid(visible='visible', which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='-')
#axs.grid(which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='-')

plt.xlabel('')
plt.ylabel('Air temperature [°C]')
plt.title('Air temperature 2 m above ground; daily mean\n' + wstation)
plt.xticks(rotation=30)

plt.show()
```



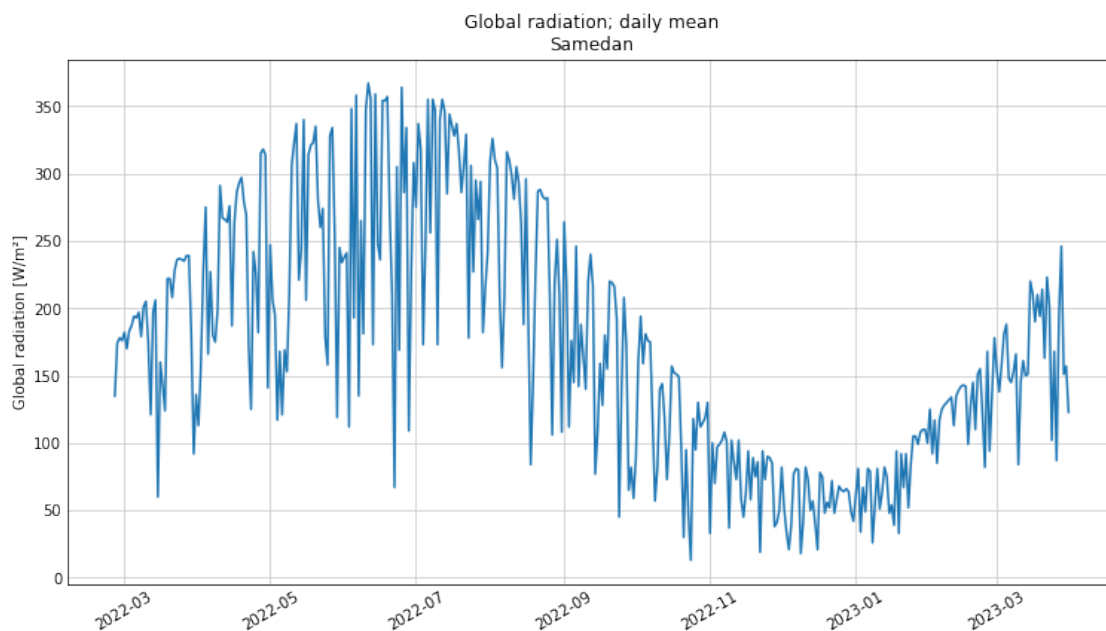
## 1.8 Scatter plot global radiation

```
[12]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(fswidth, fsheight))

axs.plot(df.index, df.gre000d0)
axs.grid(visible='visible', which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='-')

plt.xlabel('')
plt.ylabel('Global radiation [W/m²]')
plt.title('Global radiation; daily mean\n' + wstation)
plt.xticks(rotation=30)

plt.show()
```



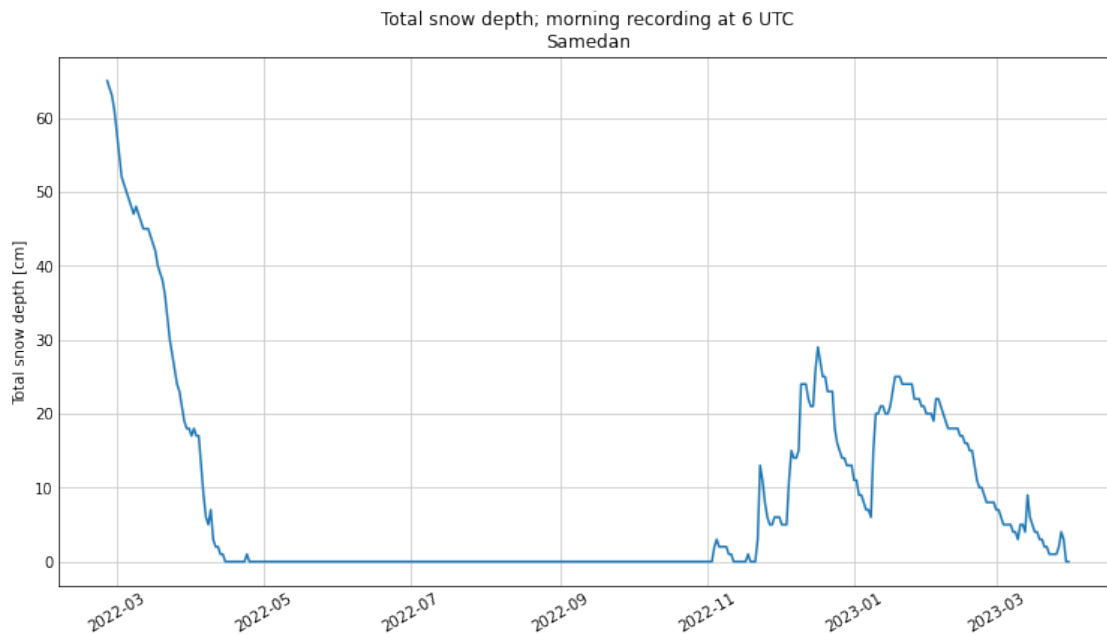
## 1.9 Scatter plot total snow depth

```
[13]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(fswidth, fsheight))

axs.plot(df.index, df.hto000d0)
axs.grid(visible='visible', which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='-')

plt.xlabel('')
plt.ylabel('Total snow depth [cm]')
plt.title('Total snow depth; morning recording at 6 UTC\n' + wstation)
plt.xticks(rotation=30)
```

```
plt.show()
```



## 1.10 Scatter plot cloud cover

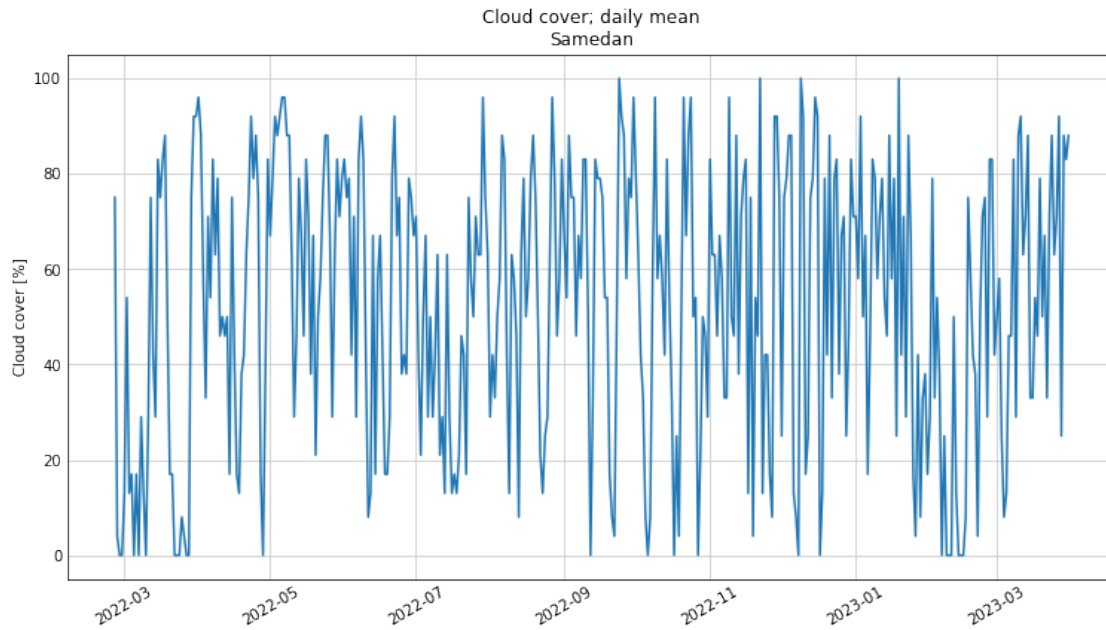
```
[14]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(fswidth, fsheight))

axs.plot(df.index, df.nts000d0)
axs.grid(visible='visible', which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='-')

plt.xlabel('')
plt.ylabel('Cloud cover [%]')
plt.title('Cloud cover; daily mean\n' + wstation)
plt.xticks(rotation=30)

plt.show()
```





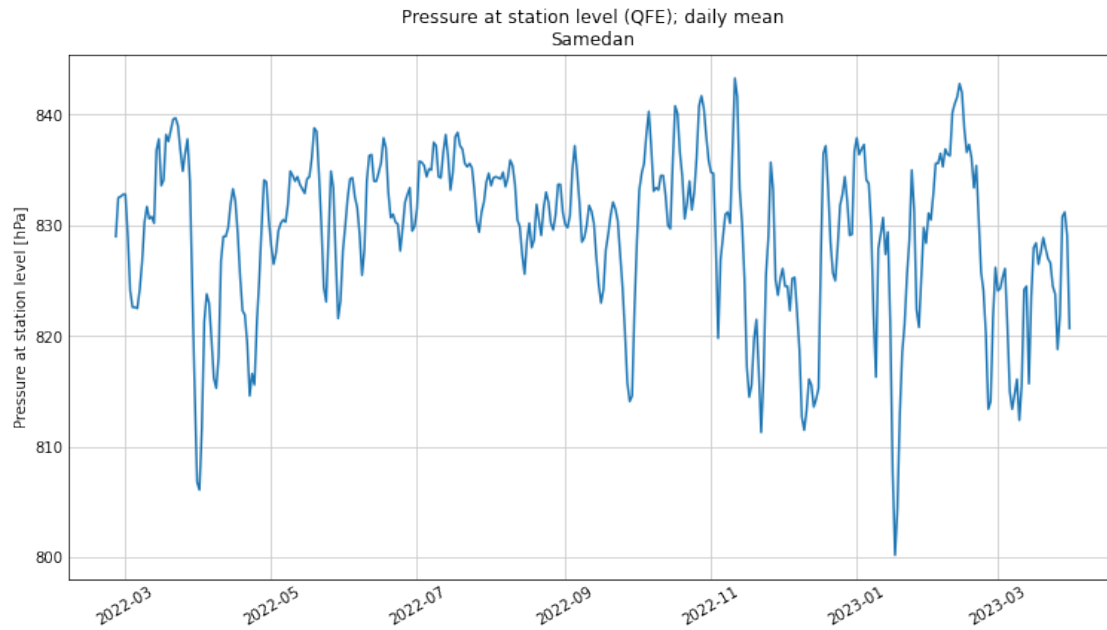
### 1.11 Scatter plot pressure at station level

```
[15]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(fswidth, fsheight))

axs.plot(df.index, df.prestad0)
axs.grid(visible='visible', which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='-')

plt.xlabel('')
plt.ylabel('Pressure at station level [hPa]')
plt.title('Pressure at station level (QFE); daily mean\n' + wstation)
plt.xticks(rotation=30)

plt.show()
```



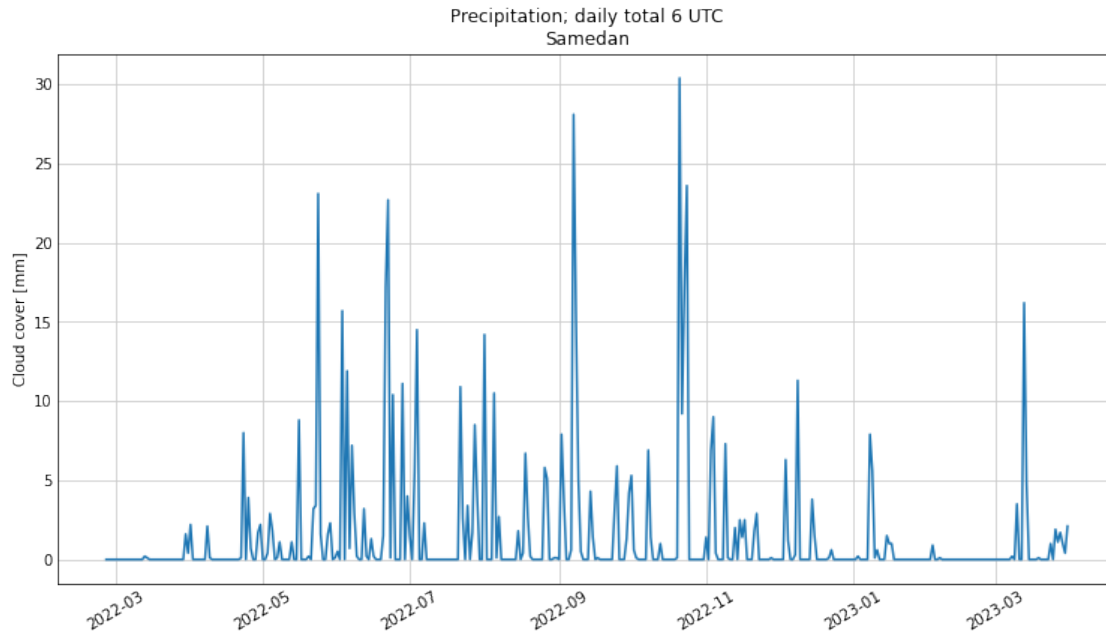
```
[16]: ## Scatter plot cloud cover
```

```
[17]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(fswidth, fsheight))

axs.plot(df.index, df.rre150d0)
axs.grid(visible='visible', which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='-')

plt.xlabel('')
plt.ylabel('Cloud cover [mm]')
plt.title('Precipitation; daily total 6 UTC\n' + wstation)
plt.xticks(rotation=30)

plt.show()
```



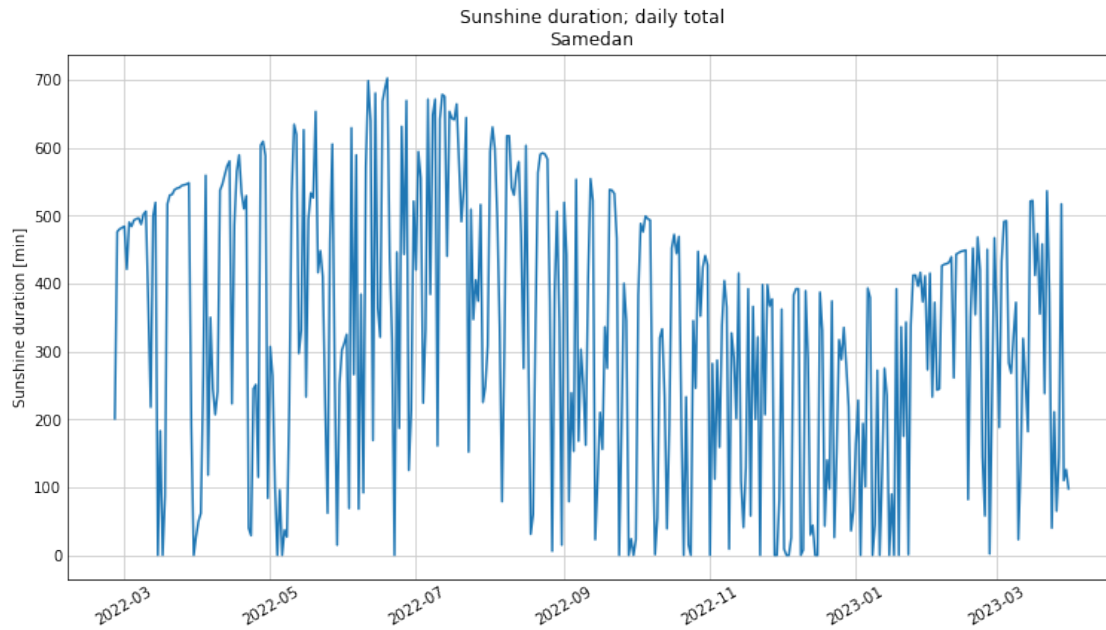
## 1.12 Scatter plot sunshine duration

```
[18]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(fswidth, fsheight))

axs.plot(df.index, df.sre000d0)
axs.grid(visible='visible', which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='-')

plt.xlabel('')
plt.ylabel('Sunshine duration [min]')
plt.title('Sunshine duration; daily total\n' + wstation)
plt.xticks(rotation=30)

plt.show()
```



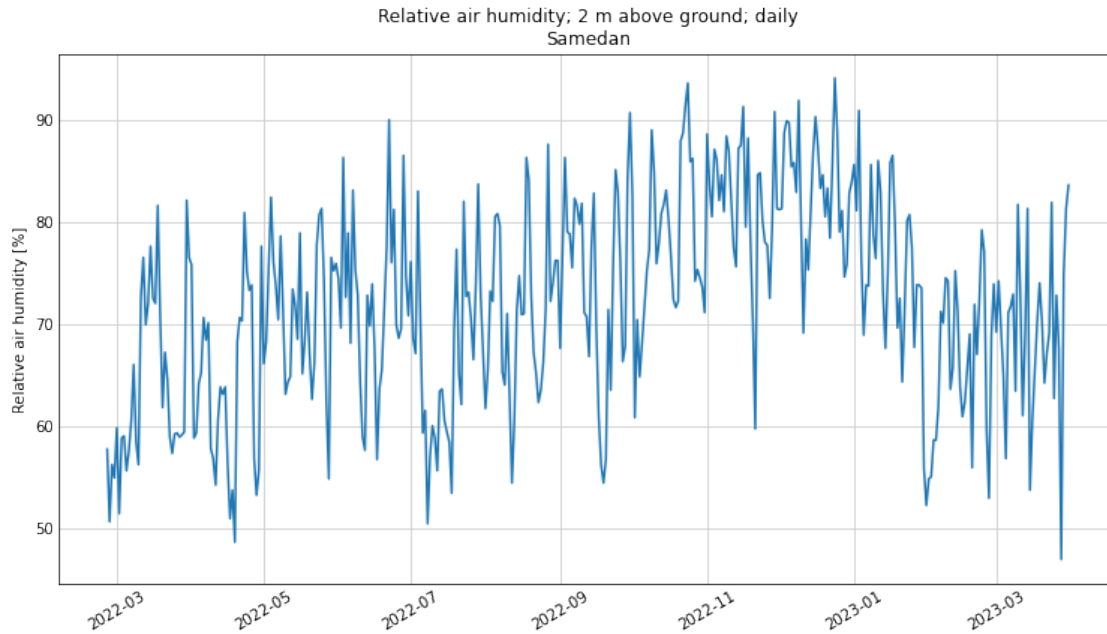
### 1.13 Scatter plot relative air humidity

```
[19]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(fswidth, fsheight))

axs.plot(df.index, df.ure200d0)
axs.grid(visible='visible', which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='-')

plt.xlabel('')
plt.ylabel('Relative air humidity [%]')
plt.title('Relative air humidity; 2 m above ground; daily\n' + wstation)
plt.xticks(rotation=30)

plt.show()
```



## 1.14 Export as HTML Report

```
[ ]: import os
      #import ipynbname
      #nb_fname = ipynbname.name()
      nb_fname = 'MeteoCH' # hard-coded: import ipynbname raises an exception...
      #nb_path = ipynbname.path()
      #print(f"{nb_fname=}")
      #print(f"{nb_path=}")

      out_fname = nb_fname + ".output"
      static_format = 'pdf' # pdf or html, etc.
      os.system(f'jupyter nbconvert --to {static_format} {out_fname}.ipynb')
      os.system(f'mv {out_fname}.{static_format} {label}.{static_format}')
```

```
[ ]:
```