

MeteoCH.output

March 2, 2023

1 Meteoschweiz

1.1 Current meteorological observations

```
[1]: # 'Soft' reset: Only clears your namespace, leaving history intact.
%reset -sf
import pandas as pd
from datetime import datetime
import matplotlib.cbook
```

1.2 Available weather stations

```
[2]: url = 'https://data.geo.admin.ch'
path = 'ch.meteoschweiz.klima/nbcn-tageswerte'
wsurl = url + '/' + path + '/' + 'liste-download-nbcn-d.csv'
ws = pd.read_csv(wsurl, sep=";", header=0, encoding = "ISO-8859-1").dropna()
ws.drop(['URL Previous years (verified data)', 'URL Current year'], axis=1)
```

```
[2]:
```

| | Station | station/location | WIGOS-ID | Data since | \ |
|----|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|---|
| 0 | Altdorf | ALT | 0-20000-0-06672 | 01.01.1864 | |
| 1 | Andermatt | ANT | 0-20000-0-06695 | 01.01.1864 | |
| 2 | Basel / Binningen | BAS | 0-20000-0-06601 | 01.01.1755 | |
| 3 | Bern / Zollikofen | BER | 0-20000-0-06631 | 01.01.1864 | |
| 4 | La Chaux-de-Fonds | CDF | 0-20000-0-06612 | 01.01.1900 | |
| 5 | Château-d'Oex | CHD | 0-20000-0-06627 | 01.01.1879 | |
| 6 | Chaumont | CHM | 0-20000-0-06608 | 01.01.1864 | |
| 7 | Davos | DAV | 0-20000-0-06784 | 01.01.1864 | |
| 8 | Elm | ELM | 0-20000-0-06682 | 01.02.1878 | |
| 9 | Engelberg | ENG | 0-20000-0-06655 | 01.01.1864 | |
| 10 | Grächen | GRC | 0-20000-0-06728 | 01.01.1864 | |
| 11 | Grimsel Hospiz | GRH | 0-20000-0-06744 | 01.01.1932 | |
| 12 | Col du Grand St-Bernard | GSB | 0-20000-0-06717 | 01.01.1818 | |
| 13 | Genève / Cointrin | GVE | 0-20000-0-06700 | 01.01.1753 | |
| 14 | Jungfrauoch | JUN | 0-20000-0-06730 | 01.01.1933 | |
| 15 | Lugano | LUG | 0-20000-0-06770 | 01.01.1864 | |
| 16 | Luzern | LUZ | 0-20000-0-06650 | 01.01.1864 | |
| 17 | Meiringen | MER | 0-20000-0-06637 | 01.07.1889 | |

| | | | | |
|----|-------------------|-----|-----------------|------------|
| 18 | Neuchâtel | NEU | 0-20000-0-06604 | 01.01.1864 |
| 19 | Locarno / Monti | OTL | 0-20000-0-06760 | 01.12.1882 |
| 20 | Payerne | PAY | 0-20000-0-06610 | 01.08.1964 |
| 21 | Bad Ragaz | RAG | 0-20000-0-06686 | 01.06.1870 |
| 22 | Säntis | SAE | 0-20000-0-06680 | 01.01.1864 |
| 23 | Samedan | SAM | 0-20000-0-06792 | 01.01.1864 |
| 24 | S. Bernardino | SBE | 0-20000-0-06783 | 01.01.1864 |
| 25 | Segl-Maria | SIA | 0-20000-0-06779 | 01.12.1863 |
| 26 | Sion | SIO | 0-20000-0-06720 | 01.01.1864 |
| 27 | Zürich / Fluntern | SMA | 0-20000-0-06660 | 01.01.1864 |
| 28 | St. Gallen | STG | 0-20000-0-06681 | 01.01.1864 |

| | Station height m. a. sea level | CoordinatesE | CoordinatesN | Latitude \ |
|----|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|
| 0 | 438.0 | 2690181.0 | 1193564.0 | 46.887069 |
| 1 | 1438.0 | 2687445.0 | 1165044.0 | 46.630914 |
| 2 | 316.0 | 2610909.0 | 1265612.0 | 47.541142 |
| 3 | 553.0 | 2601934.0 | 1204410.0 | 46.990744 |
| 4 | 1017.0 | 2550919.0 | 1214862.0 | 47.082947 |
| 5 | 1028.0 | 2577040.0 | 1147655.0 | 46.479819 |
| 6 | 1136.0 | 2565060.0 | 1211007.0 | 47.049169 |
| 7 | 1594.0 | 2783519.0 | 1187459.0 | 46.812969 |
| 8 | 958.0 | 2732266.0 | 1198425.0 | 46.923747 |
| 9 | 1036.0 | 2674162.0 | 1186069.0 | 46.821639 |
| 10 | 1605.0 | 2630738.0 | 1116062.0 | 46.195314 |
| 11 | 1980.0 | 2668583.0 | 1158215.0 | 46.571689 |
| 12 | 2472.0 | 2579191.0 | 1079754.0 | 45.869092 |
| 13 | 411.0 | 2498904.0 | 1122632.0 | 46.247519 |
| 14 | 3571.0 | 2641939.0 | 1155287.0 | 46.547556 |
| 15 | 273.0 | 2717874.0 | 1095883.0 | 46.004217 |
| 16 | 454.0 | 2665545.0 | 1209850.0 | 47.036439 |
| 17 | 589.0 | 2655844.0 | 1175930.0 | 46.732222 |
| 18 | 485.0 | 2563087.0 | 1205560.0 | 47.000067 |
| 19 | 367.0 | 2704167.0 | 1114316.0 | 46.172256 |
| 20 | 490.0 | 2562131.0 | 1184612.0 | 46.811581 |
| 21 | 497.0 | 2756911.0 | 1209351.0 | 47.016631 |
| 22 | 2501.0 | 2744188.0 | 1234920.0 | 47.249447 |
| 23 | 1709.0 | 2787251.0 | 1155685.0 | 46.526247 |
| 24 | 1639.0 | 2734116.0 | 1147294.0 | 46.463542 |
| 25 | 1804.0 | 2778576.0 | 1144976.0 | 46.432331 |
| 26 | 482.0 | 2591633.0 | 1118584.0 | 46.218650 |
| 27 | 556.0 | 2685118.0 | 1248066.0 | 47.377925 |
| 28 | 776.0 | 2747866.0 | 1254588.0 | 47.425475 |

| | Longitude | Climate region | Canton |
|---|-----------|----------------------------|--------|
| 0 | 8.621894 | Central Alpine north slope | UR |
| 1 | 8.580553 | Central Alpine north slope | UR |
| 2 | 7.583525 | Eastern Jura | BL |

| | | | |
|----|----------|------------------------------|----|
| 3 | 7.464061 | Central plateau | BE |
| 4 | 6.792314 | Western Jura | NE |
| 5 | 7.139656 | Western Alpine north slope | VD |
| 6 | 6.978825 | Western Jura | NE |
| 7 | 9.843558 | Northern and central Grisons | GR |
| 8 | 9.175350 | Eastern Alpine north slope | GL |
| 9 | 8.410514 | Central Alpine north slope | OW |
| 10 | 7.836822 | Valais | VS |
| 11 | 8.333256 | Western Alpine north slope | BE |
| 12 | 7.170683 | Alpine south side | VS |
| 13 | 6.127742 | Western plateau | GE |
| 14 | 7.985444 | Western Alpine north slope | VS |
| 15 | 8.960322 | Alpine south side | TI |
| 16 | 8.301022 | Central plateau | LU |
| 17 | 8.169247 | Western Alpine north slope | BE |
| 18 | 6.953297 | Western plateau | NE |
| 19 | 8.787494 | Alpine south side | TI |
| 20 | 6.942469 | Western plateau | VD |
| 21 | 9.502594 | Northern and central Grisons | SG |
| 22 | 9.343469 | Eastern Alpine north slope | AI |
| 23 | 9.879469 | Engadine | GR |
| 24 | 9.184700 | Alpine south side | GR |
| 25 | 9.762325 | Engadine | GR |
| 26 | 7.330203 | Valais | VS |
| 27 | 8.565742 | North-eastern plateau | ZH |
| 28 | 9.398528 | North-eastern plateau | SG |

1.3 Select one weather station

```
[3]: # Define the default parameters and tag the cell accordingly
wsno = -1 # default -1 selects the last index, 2 sets BAS weather station
#
# Calling syntax from shell:
#
# time for i in {0..28}; do \
#   papermill MeteoCH.ipynb \
#   MeteoCH.output.ipynb \           # ...or /dev/null
#   -p wsno $i; done
#
# The time command at the beginning of the call may be omitted.
```

```
[4]: # Parameters
wsno = 7
```

```
[5]: wstation = ws['Station'].tolist()[wsno]
print(wsno)
ws[ws.Station==wstation]
```

```
label = ws[ws.Station==wstation]['station/location'].to_string()[::-1][0:3][::-1]
print(f"The label of weather station {wstation} is {label}.")
```

7

The label of weather station Davos is DAV.

1.4 Read online observations from selected weather station

```
[6]: maxrows = 400 # displayed number of past days
filenm = "nbcn-daily_"
ext="csv"
currurl = url + "/" + path + "/" + filenm + label + "_current." + ext
prevurl = url + "/" + path + "/" + filenm + label + "_previous." + ext
cf = pd.read_csv(currurl, sep=";", index_col='date', converters={'date':pd.
    to_datetime}).drop(['station/location'], axis=1) #, engine='pyarrow')
for col in cf.columns:
    cf[col] = pd.to_numeric(cf[col], errors='coerce')
pf = pd.read_csv(prevurl, sep=";", index_col='date', converters={'date':pd.
    to_datetime}).drop(['station/location'], axis=1) #, engine='pyarrow')
for col in pf.columns:
    pf[col] = pd.to_numeric(pf[col], errors='coerce')
df = pd.concat([pf, cf], axis=0).tail(maxrows)
```

1.5 Compute summary statistics

```
[7]: df.describe()
```

```
[7]:
```

| | gre000d0 | hto000d0 | nto000d0 | prestad0 | rre150d0 | sre000d0 | \ |
|-------|-----------|------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---|
| count | 400.00000 | 400.00000 | 0.0 | 400.00000 | 400.00000 | 400.00000 | |
| mean | 161.78750 | 20.332500 | NaN | 841.47975 | 2.143500 | 315.73000 | |
| std | 93.40379 | 30.891547 | NaN | 7.02271 | 4.877708 | 216.34652 | |
| min | 8.00000 | 0.000000 | NaN | 811.30000 | 0.000000 | 0.00000 | |
| 25% | 85.00000 | 0.000000 | NaN | 838.05000 | 0.000000 | 116.50000 | |
| 50% | 141.50000 | 0.000000 | NaN | 842.65000 | 0.000000 | 321.50000 | |
| 75% | 230.50000 | 29.000000 | NaN | 846.50000 | 1.825000 | 494.25000 | |
| max | 362.00000 | 104.000000 | NaN | 854.60000 | 37.100000 | 698.00000 | |

| | tre200d0 | tre200dn | tre200dx | ure200d0 |
|-------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| count | 400.000000 | 400.000000 | 400.000000 | 400.000000 |
| mean | 4.660500 | -0.183250 | 10.295250 | 70.623000 |
| std | 7.602176 | 7.397225 | 8.427093 | 13.286446 |
| min | -12.600000 | -17.100000 | -9.100000 | 37.500000 |
| 25% | -1.525000 | -5.525000 | 3.450000 | 61.000000 |
| 50% | 4.000000 | -0.150000 | 10.250000 | 71.650000 |
| 75% | 11.700000 | 6.125000 | 17.550000 | 81.025000 |
| max | 19.700000 | 14.200000 | 27.800000 | 95.000000 |

```
[8]: (rows, cols) = df.shape
print(f"{rows} observations from {min(df.index)} to {max(df.index)}.")
```

400 observations from 2022-01-25 00:00:00 to 2023-02-28 00:00:00.

1.6 Description of observed parameters

```
[9]: from urllib.request import urlopen
from io import BytesIO
from zipfile import ZipFile

zip_url = url + "/" + path + "/" + "data.zip"
plist = [] # parameter
ulist = [] # unit
dlist = [] # description

with urlopen(zip_url) as f:
    with BytesIO(f.read()) as b, ZipFile(b) as myzipfile:
        rf = myzipfile.open('1_how-to-download-nbcn-d.txt')
        blines = rf.readlines()
        rf.close()
        for i in range(14, 25):
            line = blines[i].decode('unicode-escape').rstrip('\r\n')
            plist.append(line[0:21].strip())
            ulist.append(line[21:38].strip())
            dlist.append(line[38:].strip('\n'))

# list of lists instead of list of tuples
##zipped = zip(plist[1:], ulist[1:], dlist[1:])
list_of_lists = [list(tup) for tup in zip(plist[1:], ulist[1:], dlist[1:])]
cols = [plist[0], ulist[0], dlist[0]]

par = pd.DataFrame(list_of_lists, columns = cols)
print(par)
```

| | Parameter | Einheit | Beschreibung |
|---|-----------|------------------|---|
| 0 | gre000d0 | W/m ² | Globalstrahlung; Tagesmittel |
| 1 | hto000d0 | cm | Gesamtschneehöhe; Morgenmessung von 6 UTC |
| 2 | nto000d0 | % | Gesamtbewölkung; Tagesmittel |
| 3 | prestad0 | hPa | Luftdruck auf Stationshöhe (QFE); Tagesmittel |
| 4 | rre150d0 | mm | Niederschlag; Tagessumme 6 UTC - 6 UTC Folgetag |
| 5 | sre000d0 | min | Sonnenscheindauer; Tagessumme |
| 6 | tre200d0 | °C | Lufttemperatur 2 m über Boden; Tagesmittel |
| 7 | tre200dn | °C | Lufttemperatur 2 m über Boden; Tagesminimum |
| 8 | tre200dx | °C | Lufttemperatur 2 m über Boden; Tagesmaximum |
| 9 | ure200d0 | % | Relative Luftfeuchtigkeit 2 m über Boden; Tage... |

1.7 Scatter plot air temperature

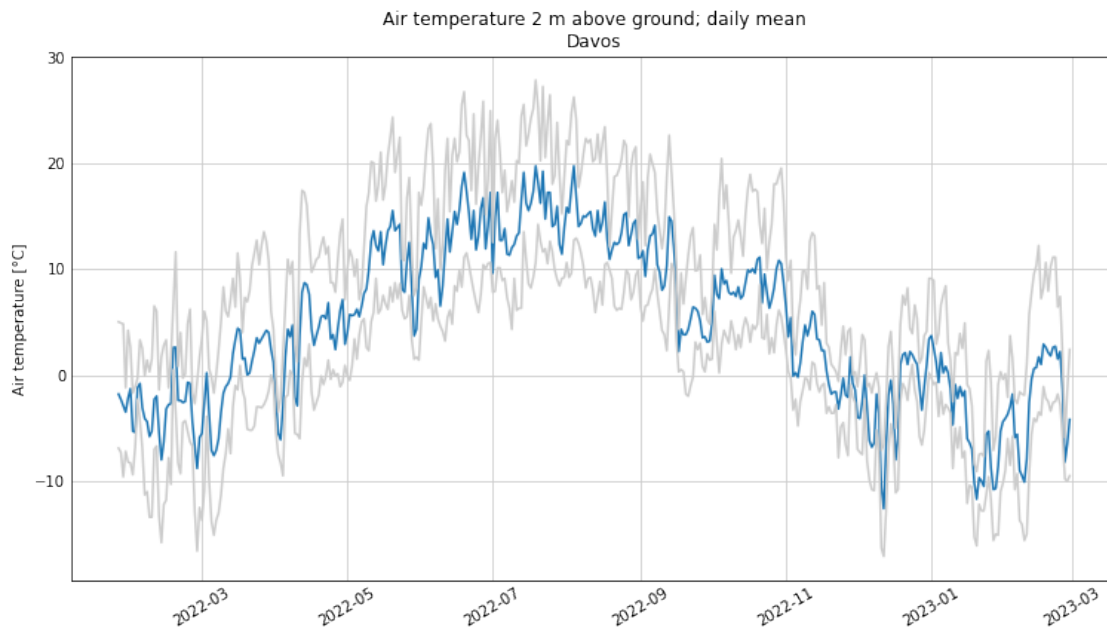
```
[10]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.style.use('_mpl-gallery')
fswidth = 10
fsheight = 5
```

```
[11]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(fswidth, fsheight))

axs.plot(df.index, df.tre200d0)
axs.plot(df.index, df.tre200dn, color='0.8')
axs.plot(df.index, df.tre200dx, color='0.8')
axs.grid(visible='visible', which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='-')
#axs.grid(which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='-')

plt.xlabel('')
plt.ylabel('Air temperature [°C]')
plt.title('Air temperature 2 m above ground; daily mean\n' + wstation)
plt.xticks(rotation=30)

plt.show()
```



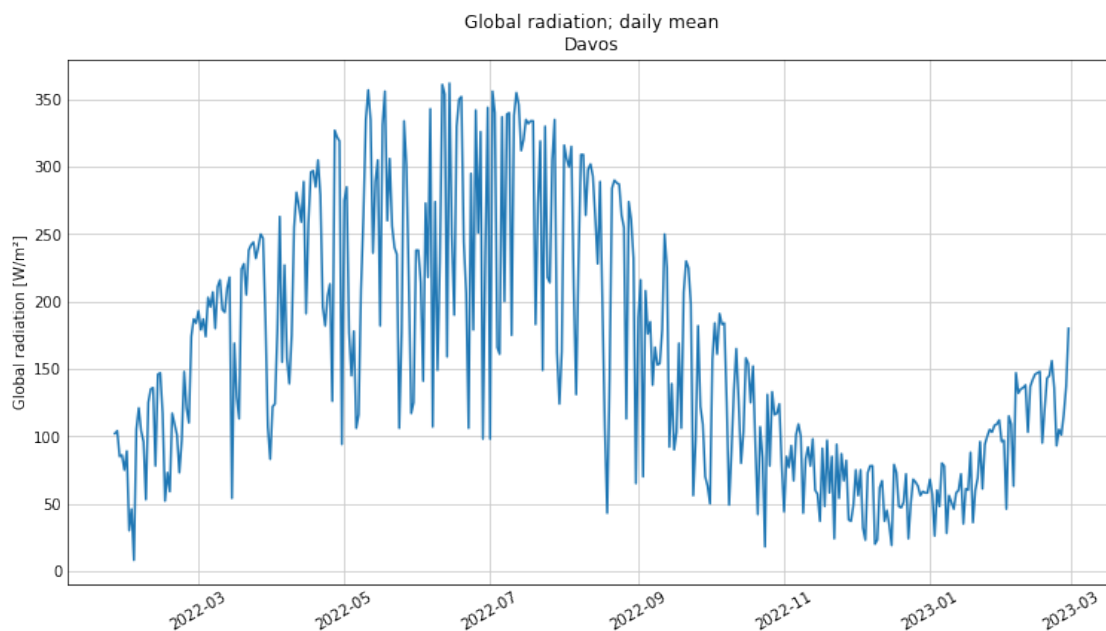
1.8 Scatter plot global radiation

```
[12]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(fswidth, fsheight))

axs.plot(df.index, df.gre000d0)
axs.grid(visible='visible', which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='-')

plt.xlabel('')
plt.ylabel('Global radiation [W/m²]')
plt.title('Global radiation; daily mean\n' + wstation)
plt.xticks(rotation=30)

plt.show()
```



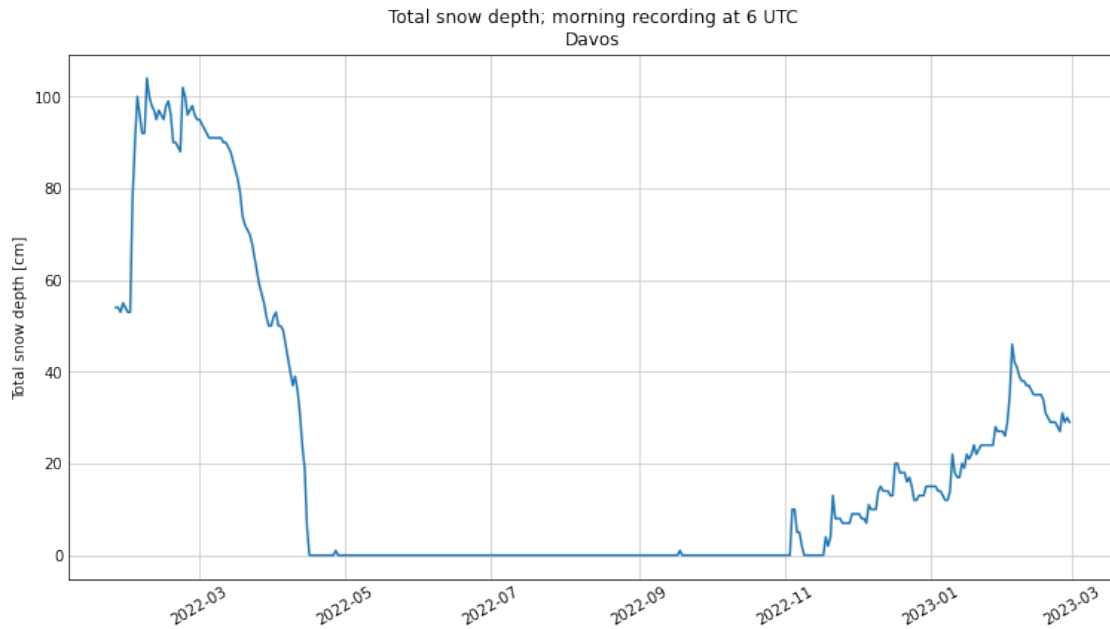
1.9 Scatter plot total snow depth

```
[13]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(fswidth, fsheight))

axs.plot(df.index, df.hto000d0)
axs.grid(visible='visible', which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='-')

plt.xlabel('')
plt.ylabel('Total snow depth [cm]')
plt.title('Total snow depth; morning recording at 6 UTC\n' + wstation)
plt.xticks(rotation=30)
```

```
plt.show()
```



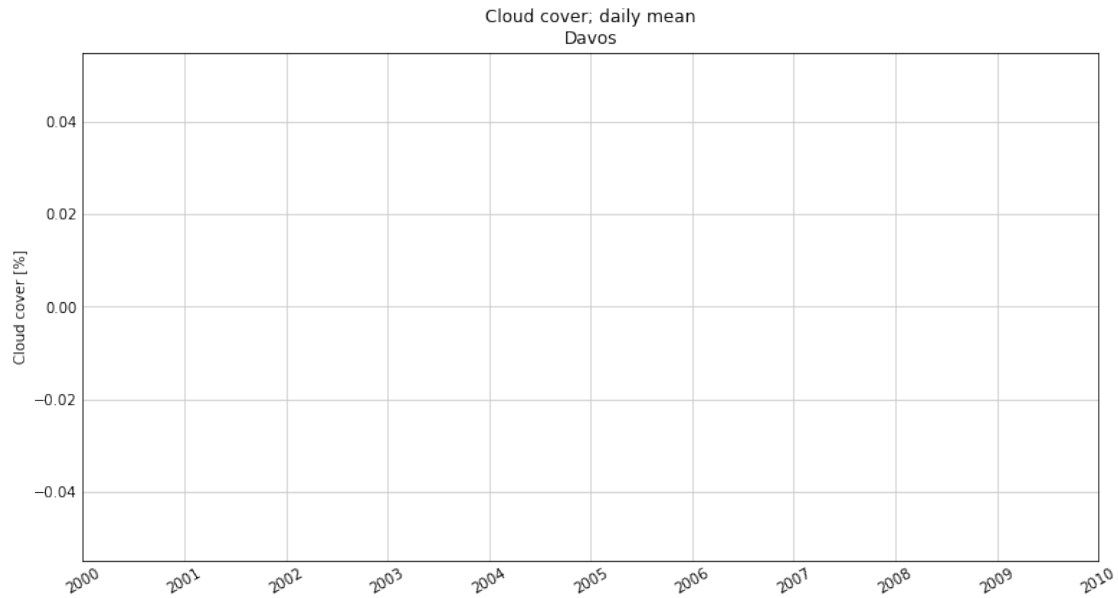
1.10 Scatter plot cloud cover

```
[14]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(fswidth, fsheight))

axs.plot(df.index, df.nton000d0)
axs.grid(visible='visible', which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='--')

plt.xlabel('')
plt.ylabel('Cloud cover [%]')
plt.title('Cloud cover; daily mean\n' + wstation)
plt.xticks(rotation=30)

plt.show()
```

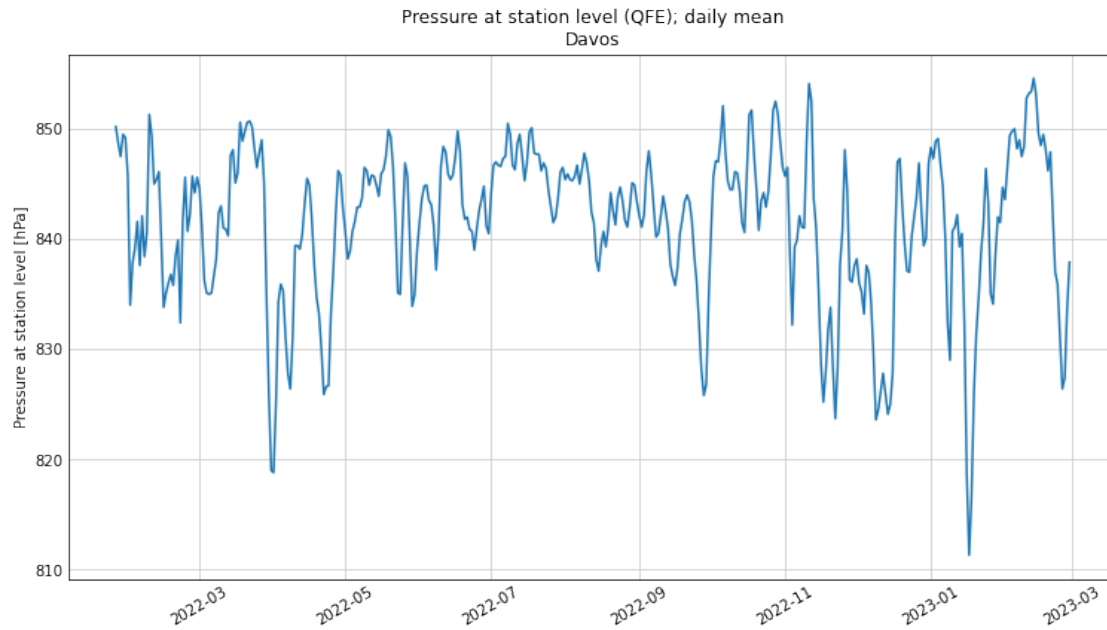
1.11 Scatter plot pressure at station level

```
[15]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(fswidth, fsheight))

axs.plot(df.index, df.prestad0)
axs.grid(visible='visible', which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='-')

plt.xlabel('')
plt.ylabel('Pressure at station level [hPa]')
plt.title('Pressure at station level (QFE); daily mean\n' + wstation)
plt.xticks(rotation=30)

plt.show()
```



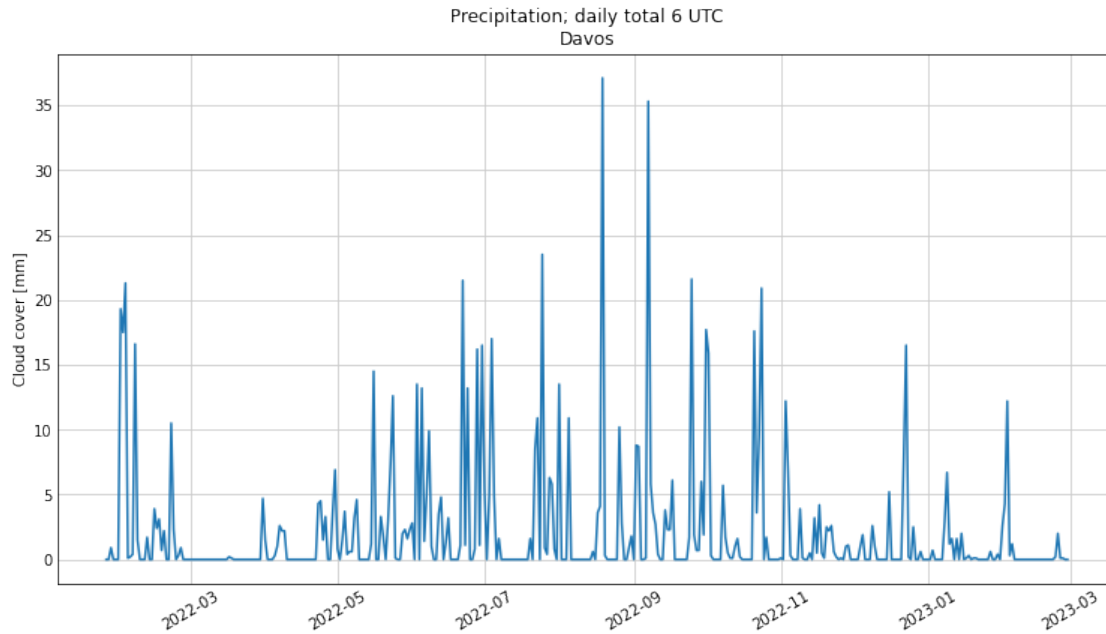
```
[16]: ## Scatter plot cloud cover
```

```
[17]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(fswidth, fsheight))

axs.plot(df.index, df.rre150d0)
axs.grid(visible='visible', which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='-')

plt.xlabel('')
plt.ylabel('Cloud cover [mm]')
plt.title('Precipitation; daily total 6 UTC\n' + wstation)
plt.xticks(rotation=30)

plt.show()
```



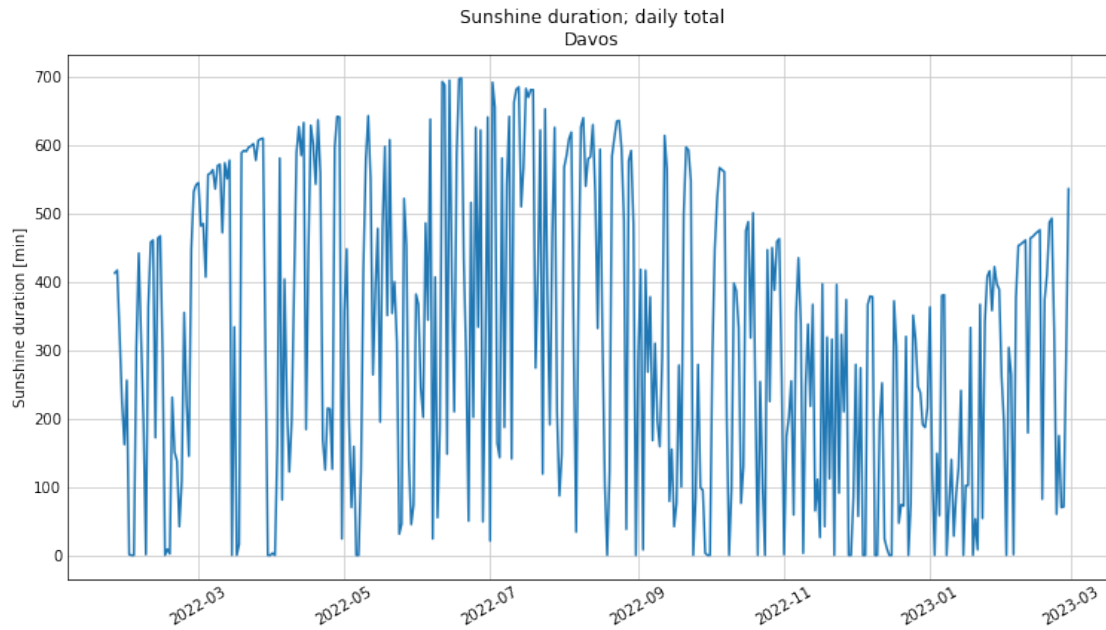
1.12 Scatter plot sunshine duration

```
[18]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(fswidth, fsheight))

axs.plot(df.index, df.sre000d0)
axs.grid(visible='visible', which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='-')

plt.xlabel('')
plt.ylabel('Sunshine duration [min]')
plt.title('Sunshine duration; daily total\n' + wstation)
plt.xticks(rotation=30)

plt.show()
```



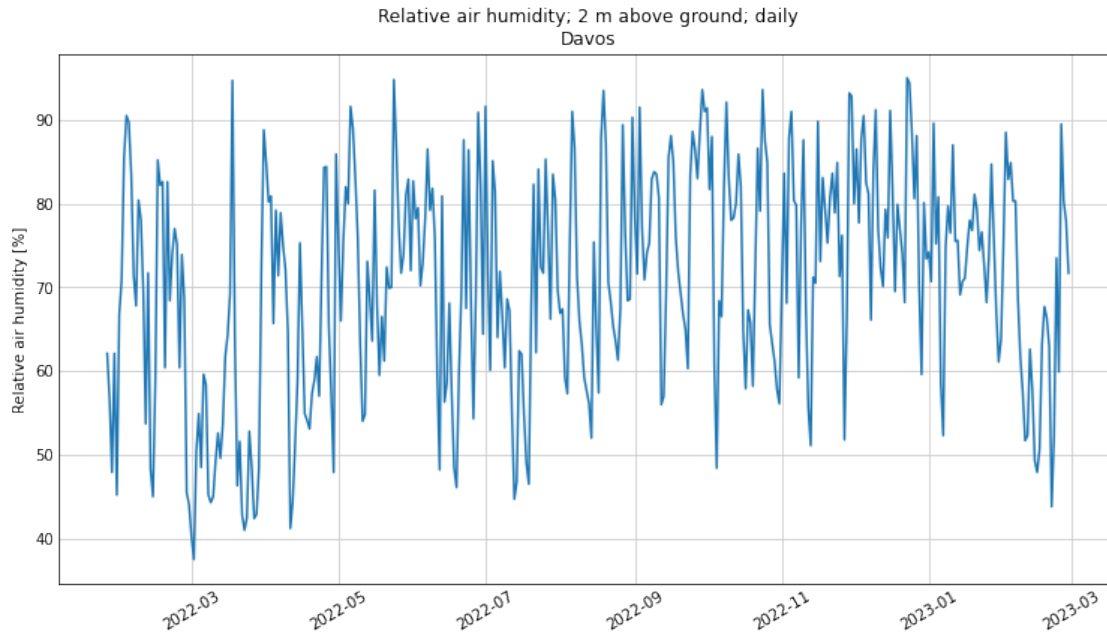
1.13 Scatter plot relative air humidity

```
[19]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(fswidth, fsheight))

axs.plot(df.index, df.ure200d0)
axs.grid(visible='visible', which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='-')

plt.xlabel('')
plt.ylabel('Relative air humidity [%]')
plt.title('Relative air humidity; 2 m above ground; daily\n' + wstation)
plt.xticks(rotation=30)

plt.show()
```



1.14 Export as HTML Report

```
[ ]: import os
      #import ipynbname
      #nb_fname = ipynbname.name()
      nb_fname = 'MeteoCH' # hard-coded: import ipynbname raises an exception...
      #nb_path = ipynbname.path()
      #print(f"{nb_fname=}")
      #print(f"{nb_path=}")

      out_fname = nb_fname + ".output"
      static_format = 'pdf' # pdf or html, etc.
      os.system(f'jupyter nbconvert --to {static_format} {out_fname}.ipynb')
      os.system(f'mv {out_fname}.{static_format} {label}.{static_format}')
```

```
[ ]:
```