

# MeteoCH.output

August 4, 2023

## 1 Meteoschweiz

### 1.1 Cleanup and required imports

```
[1]: # conda install -c conda-forge pandas matplotlib jupyter pyyaml papermill
      ↪nbconvert pandoc ipynbname
      # 'Soft' reset: Only clears your namespace, leaving history intact.
      %reset -sf
      import pandas as pd
      from datetime import datetime
      import matplotlib.cbook
```

### 1.2 Available weather stations

```
[2]: url = 'https://data.geo.admin.ch'
      path = 'ch.meteoschweiz.klima/nbcn-tageswerte'
      wsurl = url + '/' + path + '/' + 'liste-download-nbcn-d.csv'
      ws = pd.read_csv(wsurl, sep=";", header=0, encoding = "ISO-8859-1").dropna()
      ws.drop(['WIGOS-ID', 'CoordinatesE', 'CoordinatesN', 'URL Previous years',
              ↪(verified data)',
              'URL Current year'], axis=1)
```

```
[2]:
```

|    | Station                 | station/location | Data since | \ |
|----|-------------------------|------------------|------------|---|
| 0  | Altdorf                 | ALT              | 01.01.1864 |   |
| 1  | Andermatt               | ANT              | 01.01.1864 |   |
| 2  | Basel / Binningen       | BAS              | 01.01.1755 |   |
| 3  | Bern / Zollikofen       | BER              | 01.01.1864 |   |
| 4  | La Chaux-de-Fonds       | CDF              | 01.01.1900 |   |
| 5  | Château-d'Oex           | CHD              | 01.01.1879 |   |
| 6  | Chaumont                | CHM              | 01.01.1864 |   |
| 7  | Davos                   | DAV              | 01.01.1864 |   |
| 8  | Elm                     | ELM              | 01.02.1878 |   |
| 9  | Engelberg               | ENG              | 01.01.1864 |   |
| 10 | Grächen                 | GRC              | 01.01.1864 |   |
| 11 | Grimsel Hospiz          | GRH              | 01.01.1932 |   |
| 12 | Col du Grand St-Bernard | GSB              | 01.01.1818 |   |
| 13 | Genève / Cointrin       | GVE              | 01.01.1753 |   |
| 14 | Jungfrauoch             | JUN              | 01.01.1933 |   |

|    |                   |     |            |
|----|-------------------|-----|------------|
| 15 | Lugano            | LUG | 01.01.1864 |
| 16 | Luzern            | LUZ | 01.01.1864 |
| 17 | Meiringen         | MER | 01.07.1889 |
| 18 | Neuchâtel         | NEU | 01.01.1864 |
| 19 | Locarno / Monti   | OTL | 01.12.1882 |
| 20 | Payerne           | PAY | 01.08.1964 |
| 21 | Bad Ragaz         | RAG | 01.06.1870 |
| 22 | Säntis            | SAE | 01.01.1864 |
| 23 | Samedan           | SAM | 01.01.1864 |
| 24 | S. Bernardino     | SBE | 01.01.1864 |
| 25 | Segl-Maria        | SIA | 01.12.1863 |
| 26 | Sion              | SIO | 01.01.1864 |
| 27 | Zürich / Fluntern | SMA | 01.01.1864 |
| 28 | St. Gallen        | STG | 01.01.1864 |

|    | Station height m. a. sea level | Latitude  | Longitude \ |
|----|--------------------------------|-----------|-------------|
| 0  | 438.0                          | 46.887069 | 8.621894    |
| 1  | 1438.0                         | 46.630914 | 8.580553    |
| 2  | 316.0                          | 47.541142 | 7.583525    |
| 3  | 553.0                          | 46.990744 | 7.464061    |
| 4  | 1017.0                         | 47.082947 | 6.792314    |
| 5  | 1028.0                         | 46.479819 | 7.139656    |
| 6  | 1136.0                         | 47.049169 | 6.978825    |
| 7  | 1594.0                         | 46.812969 | 9.843558    |
| 8  | 958.0                          | 46.923747 | 9.175350    |
| 9  | 1036.0                         | 46.821639 | 8.410514    |
| 10 | 1605.0                         | 46.195314 | 7.836822    |
| 11 | 1980.0                         | 46.571689 | 8.333256    |
| 12 | 2472.0                         | 45.869092 | 7.170683    |
| 13 | 411.0                          | 46.247519 | 6.127742    |
| 14 | 3571.0                         | 46.547556 | 7.985444    |
| 15 | 273.0                          | 46.004217 | 8.960322    |
| 16 | 454.0                          | 47.036439 | 8.301022    |
| 17 | 589.0                          | 46.732222 | 8.169247    |
| 18 | 485.0                          | 47.000067 | 6.953297    |
| 19 | 367.0                          | 46.172256 | 8.787494    |
| 20 | 490.0                          | 46.811581 | 6.942469    |
| 21 | 497.0                          | 47.016631 | 9.502594    |
| 22 | 2501.0                         | 47.249447 | 9.343469    |
| 23 | 1709.0                         | 46.526247 | 9.879469    |
| 24 | 1639.0                         | 46.463542 | 9.184700    |
| 25 | 1804.0                         | 46.432331 | 9.762325    |
| 26 | 482.0                          | 46.218650 | 7.330203    |
| 27 | 556.0                          | 47.377925 | 8.565742    |
| 28 | 776.0                          | 47.425475 | 9.398528    |

Climate region Canton

|    |                              |    |
|----|------------------------------|----|
| 0  | Central Alpine north slope   | UR |
| 1  | Central Alpine north slope   | UR |
| 2  | Eastern Jura                 | BL |
| 3  | Central plateau              | BE |
| 4  | Western Jura                 | NE |
| 5  | Western Alpine north slope   | VD |
| 6  | Western Jura                 | NE |
| 7  | Northern and central Grisons | GR |
| 8  | Eastern Alpine north slope   | GL |
| 9  | Central Alpine north slope   | OW |
| 10 | Valais                       | VS |
| 11 | Western Alpine north slope   | BE |
| 12 | Alpine south side            | VS |
| 13 | Western plateau              | GE |
| 14 | Western Alpine north slope   | VS |
| 15 | Alpine south side            | TI |
| 16 | Central plateau              | LU |
| 17 | Western Alpine north slope   | BE |
| 18 | Western plateau              | NE |
| 19 | Alpine south side            | TI |
| 20 | Western plateau              | VD |
| 21 | Northern and central Grisons | SG |
| 22 | Eastern Alpine north slope   | AI |
| 23 | Engadine                     | GR |
| 24 | Alpine south side            | GR |
| 25 | Engadine                     | GR |
| 26 | Valais                       | VS |
| 27 | North-eastern plateau        | ZH |
| 28 | North-eastern plateau        | SG |

### 1.3 Specific weather station

```
[3]: # Define the default parameters and tag the cell accordingly
wsno = -1 # default -1 selects the last index, 2 sets BAS weather station
#
# Calling syntax from shell:
#
# time for i in {0..28}; do \
#   papermill MeteoCH.ipynb \
#   MeteoCH.output.ipynb \
#   -p wsno $i; done
#
# The time command at the beginning of the call may be omitted.
```

```
[4]: # Parameters
wsno = 15
```

```
[5]: wstation = ws['Station'].tolist()[wsno]
print(wsno)
ws[ws.Station==wstation]
label = ws[ws.Station==wstation]['station/location'].to_string()[::-1][0:3][::-1]
print(f"The label of weather station {wstation} is {label}.")
```

15

The label of weather station Lugano is LUG.

## 1.4 Current online observations

```
[6]: maxrows = 400 # displayed number of past days
filenm = "nbcn-daily_"
ext="csv"
currurl = url + "/" + path + "/" + filenm + label + "_current." + ext
prevurl = url + "/" + path + "/" + filenm + label + "_previous." + ext
cf = pd.read_csv(currurl, sep=";", index_col='date', converters={'date':pd.
    to_datetime}).drop(['station/location'], axis=1) #, engine='pyarrow')
for col in cf.columns:
    cf[col] = pd.to_numeric(cf[col], errors='coerce')
pf = pd.read_csv(prevurl, sep=";", index_col='date', converters={'date':pd.
    to_datetime}).drop(['station/location'], axis=1) #, engine='pyarrow')
for col in pf.columns:
    pf[col] = pd.to_numeric(pf[col], errors='coerce')
df = pd.concat([pf, cf], axis=0).tail(maxrows)
```

## 1.5 Summary statistics

```
[7]: df.describe()
```

```
[7]:
```

|       | gre000d0  | hto000d0 | nto000d0  | prestad0    | rre150d0   | sre000d0   | \ |
|-------|-----------|----------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|---|
| count | 400.00000 | 400.00   | 400.00000 | 400.000000  | 400.000000 | 400.000000 |   |
| mean  | 175.60750 | 0.01     | 54.19250  | 981.200000  | 3.755750   | 394.417500 |   |
| std   | 103.33913 | 0.20     | 30.32622  | 6.963374    | 11.694845  | 247.264955 |   |
| min   | 8.00000   | 0.00     | 0.00000   | 954.900000  | 0.000000   | 0.000000   |   |
| 25%   | 86.00000  | 0.00     | 29.00000  | 977.700000  | 0.000000   | 182.250000 |   |
| 50%   | 164.50000 | 0.00     | 54.00000  | 981.350000  | 0.000000   | 431.000000 |   |
| 75%   | 272.50000 | 0.00     | 83.00000  | 984.900000  | 0.825000   | 599.500000 |   |
| max   | 359.00000 | 4.00     | 100.00000 | 1000.900000 | 156.100000 | 778.000000 |   |

|       | tre200d0   | tre200dn   | tre200dx   | ure200d0   |
|-------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| count | 400.000000 | 400.000000 | 400.000000 | 400.000000 |
| mean  | 15.093750  | 11.315250  | 19.364250  | 69.56675   |
| std   | 7.268019   | 6.598355   | 8.050934   | 15.38702   |
| min   | 0.900000   | -2.100000  | 4.000000   | 24.40000   |
| 25%   | 8.575000   | 5.500000   | 12.975000  | 59.80000   |

|     |           |           |           |          |
|-----|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| 50% | 15.000000 | 11.700000 | 19.100000 | 71.35000 |
| 75% | 21.725000 | 17.125000 | 26.500000 | 81.20000 |
| max | 28.300000 | 23.700000 | 34.200000 | 99.20000 |

```
[8]: (rows, cols) = df.shape
print(f"{rows} observations from {min(df.index)} to {max(df.index)}.")
```

400 observations from 2022-06-29 00:00:00 to 2023-08-02 00:00:00.

## 1.6 Description of observed parameters

```
[9]: from urllib.request import urlopen
from io import BytesIO
from zipfile import ZipFile

zip_url = url + "/" + path + "/" + "data.zip"
plist = [] # parameter
ulist = [] # unit
dlist = [] # description

with urlopen(zip_url) as f:
    with BytesIO(f.read()) as b, ZipFile(b) as myzipfile:
        rf = myzipfile.open('1_how-to-download-nbcn-d.txt')
        blines = rf.readlines()
        rf.close()
        for i in range(14, 25):
            line = blines[i].decode('unicode-escape').rstrip('\r\n')
            plist.append(line[0:21].strip())
            ulist.append(line[21:38].strip())
            dlist.append(line[38:].strip('\n'))

# list of lists instead of list of tuples
##zipped = zip(plist[1:], ulist[1:], dlist[1:])
list_of_lists = [list(tup) for tup in zip(plist[1:], ulist[1:], dlist[1:])]
cols = [plist[0], ulist[0], dlist[0]]

par = pd.DataFrame(list_of_lists, columns = cols)
print(par)
```

|   | Parameter | Einheit          | Beschreibung                                    |
|---|-----------|------------------|---|
| 0 | gre000d0  | W/m <sup>2</sup> | Globalstrahlung; Tagesmittel                    |
| 1 | hto000d0  | cm               | Gesamtschneehöhe; Morgenmessung von 6 UTC       |
| 2 | nto000d0  | %                | Gesamtbewölkung; Tagesmittel                    |
| 3 | prestad0  | hPa              | Luftdruck auf Stationshöhe (QFE); Tagesmittel   |
| 4 | rre150d0  | mm               | Niederschlag; Tagessumme 6 UTC - 6 UTC Folgetag |
| 5 | sre000d0  | min              | Sonnenscheindauer; Tagessumme                   |
| 6 | tre200d0  | °C               | Lufttemperatur 2 m über Boden; Tagesmittel      |
| 7 | tre200dn  | °C               | Lufttemperatur 2 m über Boden; Tagesminimum     |

```

8 tre200dx      °C      Lufttemperatur 2 m über Boden; Tagesmaximum
9 ure200d0      %      Relative Luftfeuchtigkeit 2 m über Boden; Tage...

```

## 1.7 Air temperature

```

[10]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.style.use('_mpl-gallery')
fswidth = 10
fsheight = 5

```

```

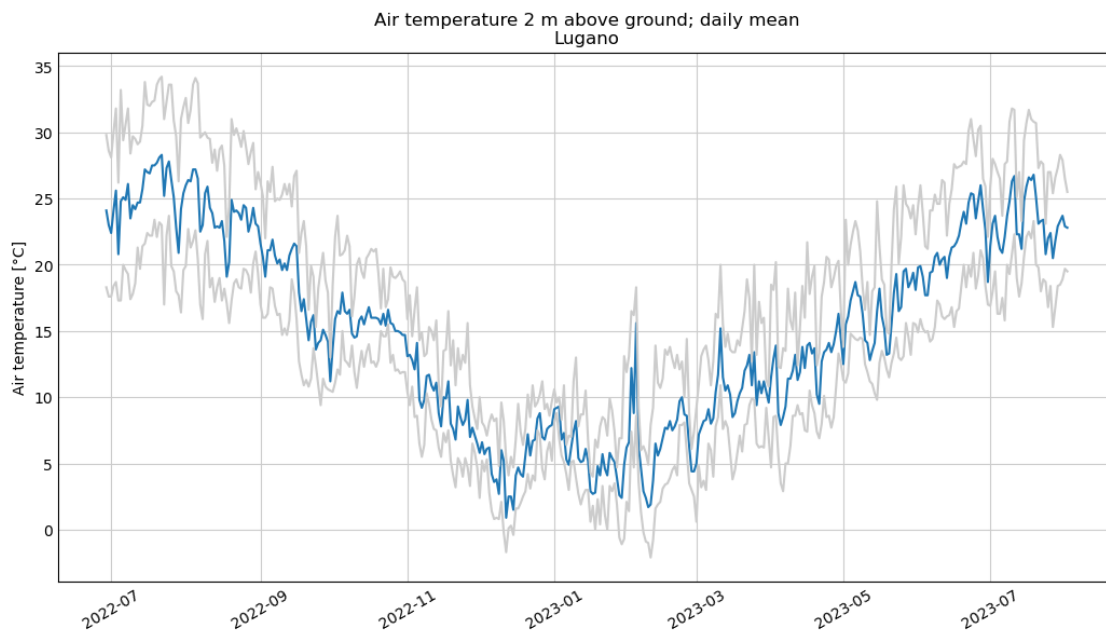
[11]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(fswidth, fsheight))

axs.plot(df.index, df.tre200d0)
axs.plot(df.index, df.tre200dn, color='0.8')
axs.plot(df.index, df.tre200dx, color='0.8')
axs.grid(visible='visible', which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='-')
#axs.grid(which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='-')

plt.xlabel('')
plt.ylabel('Air temperature [°C]')
plt.title('Air temperature 2 m above ground; daily mean\n' + wstation)
plt.xticks(rotation=30)

plt.show()

```



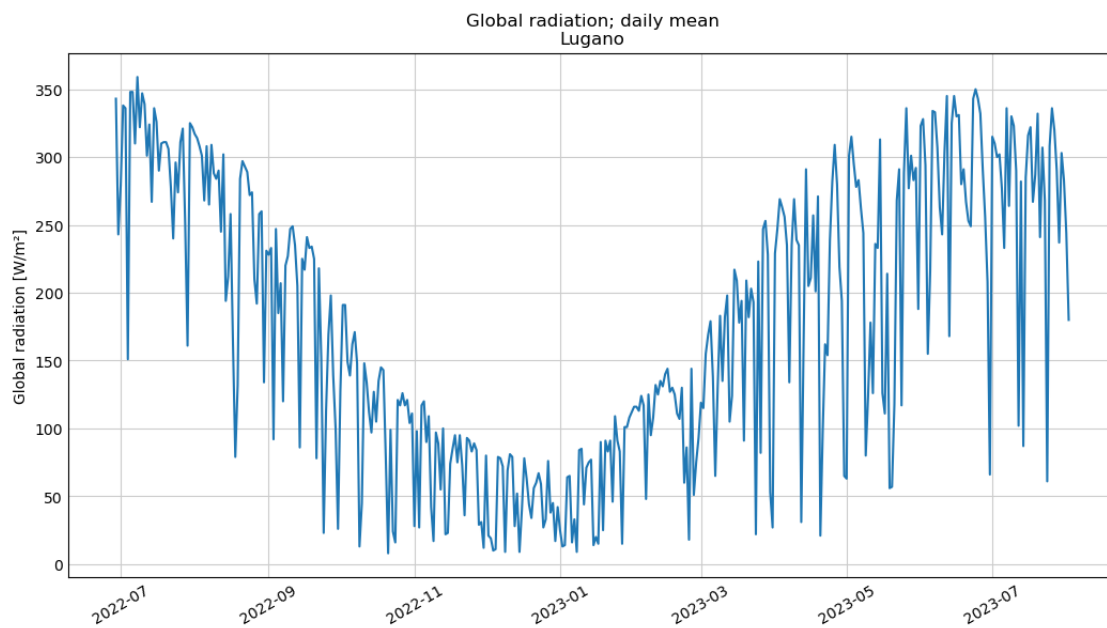
## 1.8 Global radiation

```
[12]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(fswidth, fsheight))

axs.plot(df.index, df.gre000d0)
axs.grid(visible='visible', which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='-')

plt.xlabel('')
plt.ylabel('Global radiation [W/m²]')
plt.title('Global radiation; daily mean\n' + wstation)
plt.xticks(rotation=30)

plt.show()
```



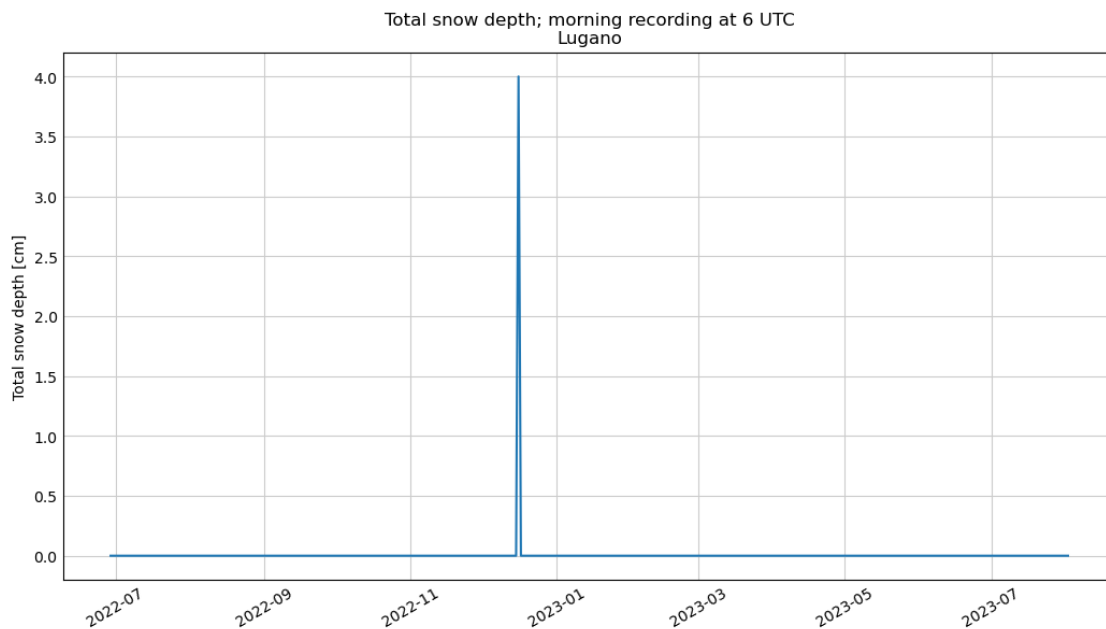
## 1.9 Total snow depth

```
[13]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(fswidth, fsheight))

axs.plot(df.index, df.hto000d0)
axs.grid(visible='visible', which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='--')

plt.xlabel('')
plt.ylabel('Total snow depth [cm]')
plt.title('Total snow depth; morning recording at 6 UTC\n' + wstation)
plt.xticks(rotation=30)

plt.show()
```



### 1.10 Cloud cover

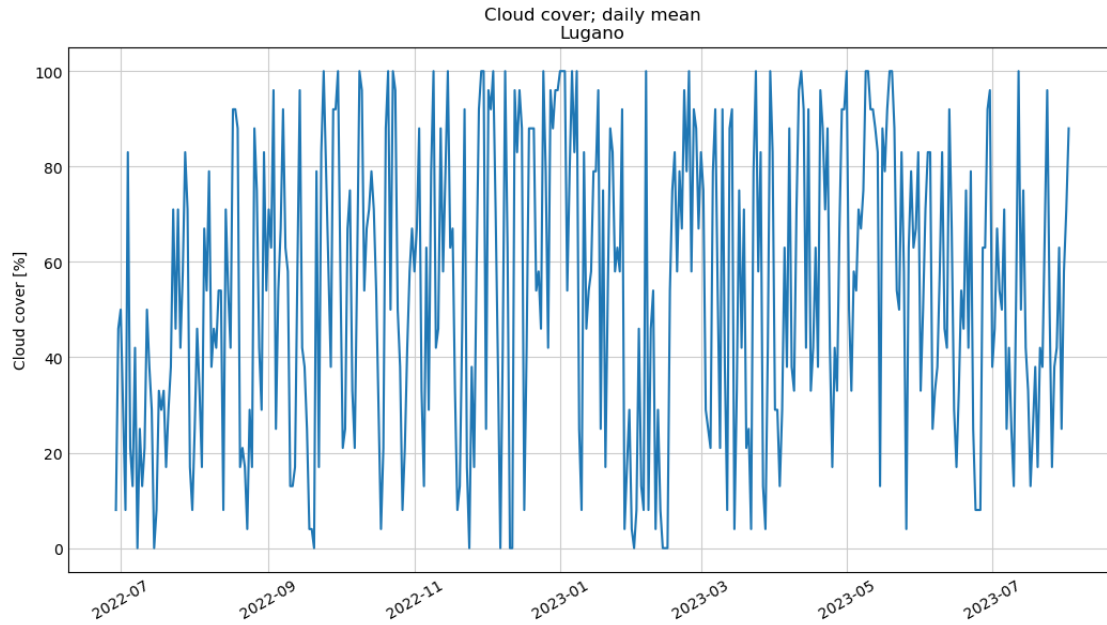
```
[14]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(fswidth, fsheight))

axs.plot(df.index, df.nton000d0)
axs.grid(visible='visible', which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='--')

plt.xlabel('')
plt.ylabel('Cloud cover [%]')
plt.title('Cloud cover; daily mean\n' + wstation)
plt.xticks(rotation=30)

plt.show()
```





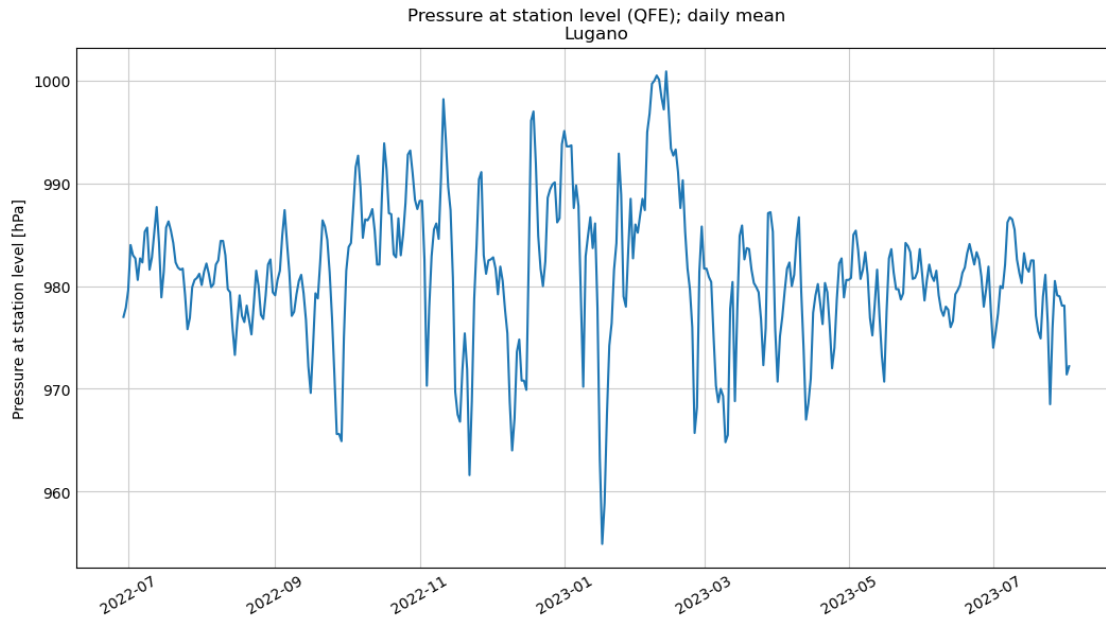
### 1.11 Pressure at station level

```
[15]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(fswidth, fsheight))

axs.plot(df.index, df.prestad0)
axs.grid(visible='visible', which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='-')

plt.xlabel('')
plt.ylabel('Pressure at station level [hPa]')
plt.title('Pressure at station level (QFE); daily mean\n' + wstation)
plt.xticks(rotation=30)

plt.show()
```



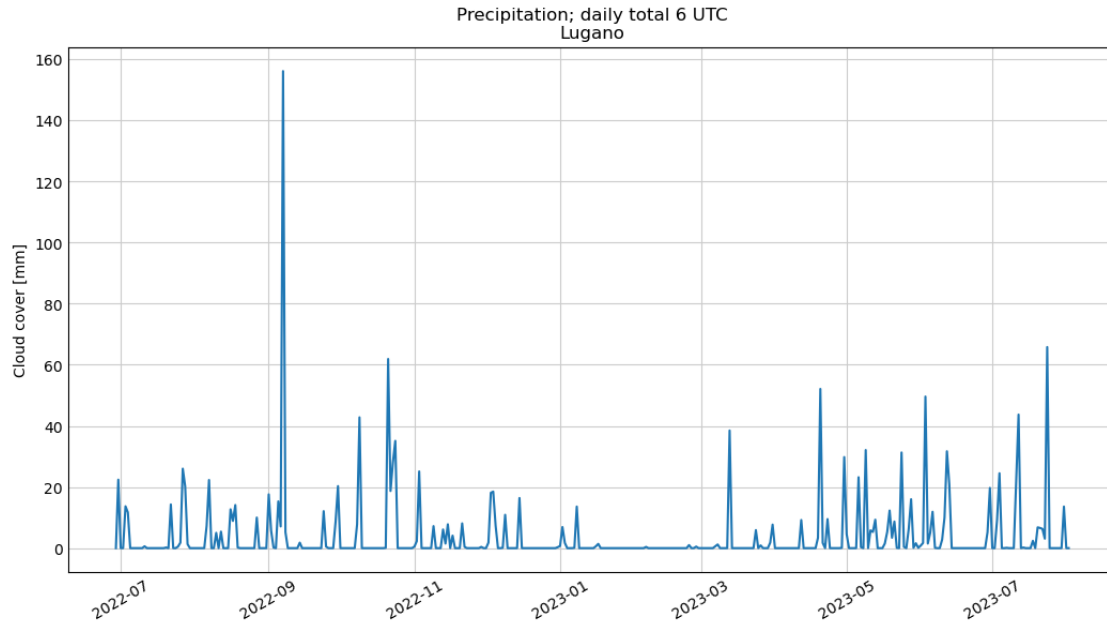
## 1.12 Precipitation

```
[16]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(fswidth, fsheight))

axs.plot(df.index, df.rre150d0)
axs.grid(visible='visible', which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='-')

plt.xlabel('')
plt.ylabel('Cloud cover [mm]')
plt.title('Precipitation; daily total 6 UTC\n' + wstation)
plt.xticks(rotation=30)

plt.show()
```



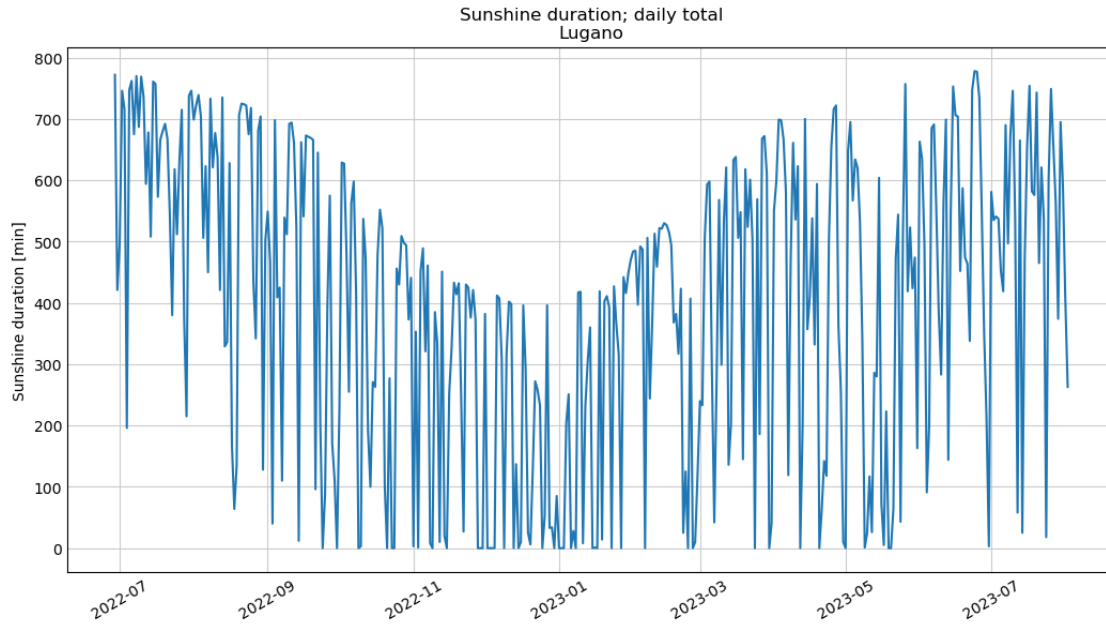
### 1.13 Sunshine duration

```
[17]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(fswidth, fsheight))

axs.plot(df.index, df.sre000d0)
axs.grid(visible='visible', which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='-')

plt.xlabel('')
plt.ylabel('Sunshine duration [min]')
plt.title('Sunshine duration; daily total\n' + wstation)
plt.xticks(rotation=30)

plt.show()
```



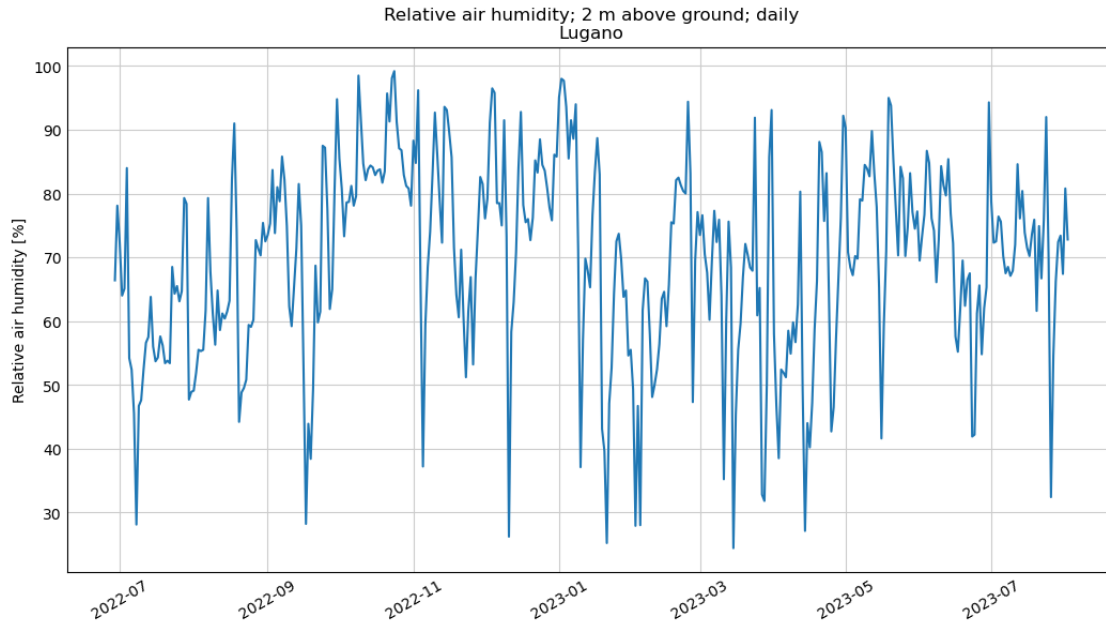
### 1.14 Relative air humidity

```
[18]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(fswidth, fsheight))

axs.plot(df.index, df.ure200d0)
axs.grid(visible='visible', which='major', color='0.8', linestyle='--')

plt.xlabel('')
plt.ylabel('Relative air humidity [%]')
plt.title('Relative air humidity; 2 m above ground; daily\n' + wstation)
plt.xticks(rotation=30)

plt.show()
```



## 1.15 Export as HTML Report

```
[ ]: import os

# Note that this only reliably works when running a notebook in a browser.
# So it does not currently work for things like nbconvert or papermill.
#import ipynbname
nb_fname = 'MeteoCH' # hard-coded: import ipynbname raises an exception...

out_fname = nb_fname + ".output"
#out_fname = nb_fname
#label = "FOOBAR"

static_format = 'pdf' # pdf or html, etc.
os.system(f'jupyter nbconvert --to {static_format} {out_fname}.ipynb')
#os.system(f'mv {out_fname}.{static_format} {label}.{static_format}')
#os.system(f'echo {label} {out_fname}.{static_format} {label}.{static_format}')
os.system(f'del {label}.{static_format}')
os.system(f'ren {out_fname}.{static_format} {label}.{static_format}')
```