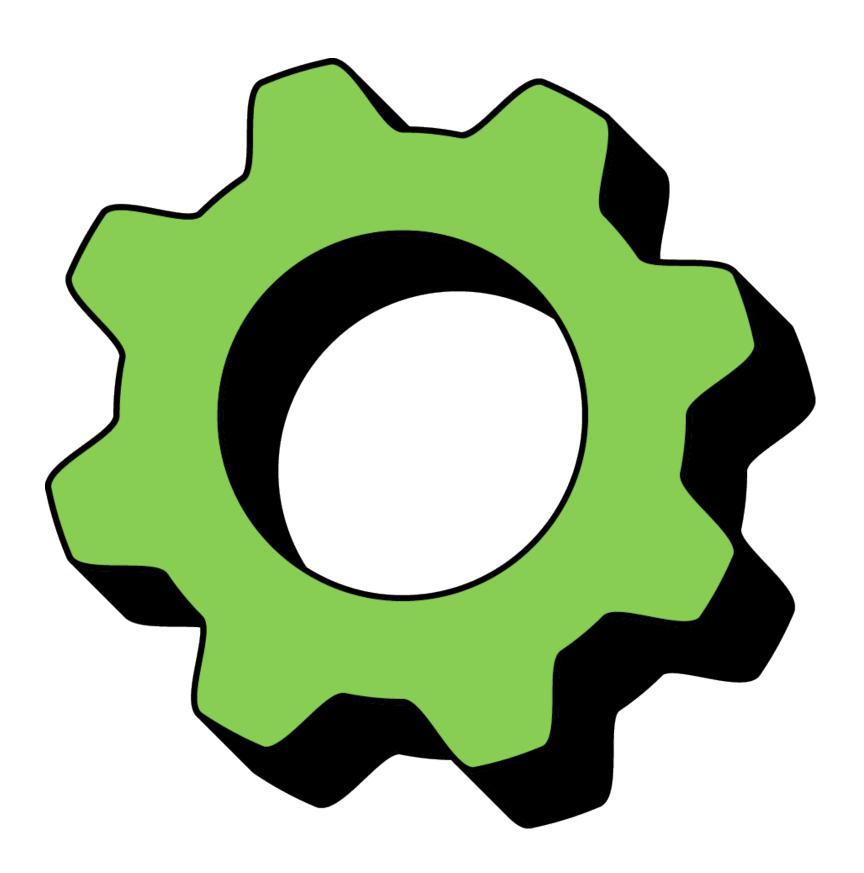
Essential Computing 1

Methods



Defining and calling methods

```
public class Main {
    public static void main( String[] args ){
        SayHello();
        SayWorld();
    private static void SayHello(){
        System.out.println( "Hello" );
    private static void SayWorld(){
        System.out.println( "World" );
```

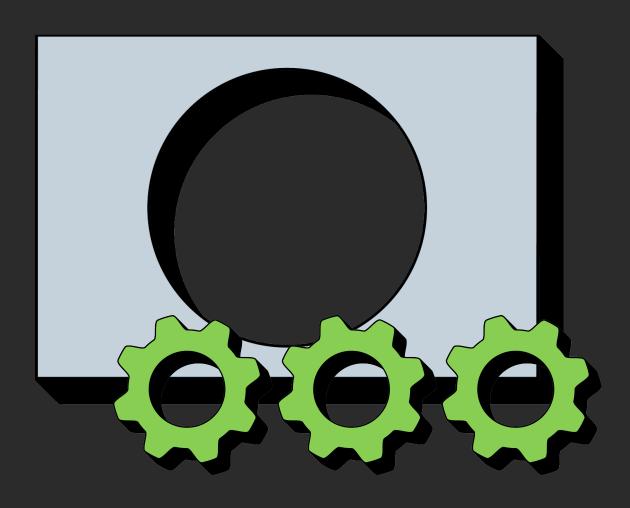
Access modifiers

Public methods are accessible from outside the class.

Private methods are only accessible from inside the class.

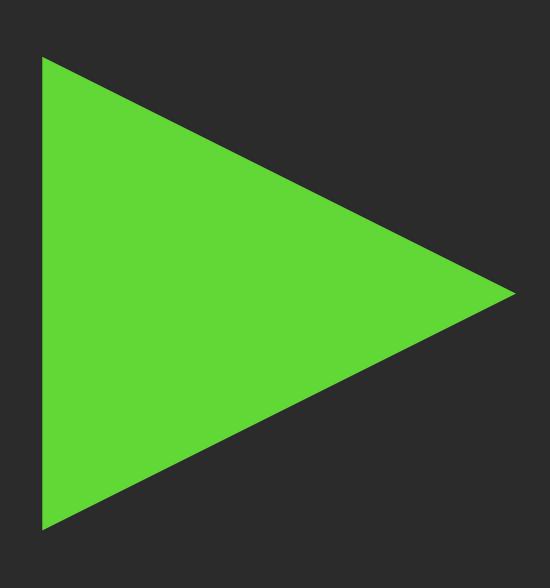
```
public class Main {
    public static void main( String[] args ){
        SayHello();
        SayWorld();
    private static void SayHello(){
        System.out.println( "Hello" );
    private static void SayWorld(){
        System.out.println( "World" );
```

The static modifier signifies that these methods belong to the class (Main).



```
public class Main {
    public static void main( String[] args ){
        SayHello();
        SayWorld();
    private static void SayHello(){
        System.out.println( "Hello" );
    private static void SayWorld(){
        System.out.println( "World" );
```

We run the program



```
public class Main {
    public static void main( String[] args ){
        SayHello();
        SayWorld();
    private static void SayHello(){
        System.out.println( "Hello" );
    private static void SayWorld(){
        System.out.println( "World" );
```

The first method being called is the main method

```
public class Main {
    public static void main( String[] args ){
        SayHello();
        SayWorld();
    private static void SayHello(){
        System.out.println( "Hello" );
    private static void SayWorld(){
        System.out.println( "World" );
```

The first line of code is is executed.

Call the method SayHello

```
public class Main {
    public static void main( String[] args ){
        SayHello();
        SayWorld();
    private static void SayHello(){
        System.out.println( "Hello" );
    private static void SayWorld(){
        System.out.println( "World" );
```

We go to SayHello

```
public class Main {
    public static void main( String[] args ){
       SayHello();
        SayWorld();
    private static void SayHello(){
        System.out.println( "Hello" );
    private static void SayWorld(){
        System.out.println( "World" );
```

The method println inside the object out, inside the class

System is called.

```
public class Main {
    public static void main( String[] args ){
       SayHello();
        SayWorld();
    private static void SayHello(){
        System.out.println( "Hello" );
    private static void SayWorld(){
        System.out.println( "World" );
```

The method println inside the object out, inside the class

System is called.

```
public class Main {
    public static void main( String[] args ){
       SayHello();
        SayWorld();
    private static void SayHello(){
        System.out.println( "Hello" );
    private static void SayWorld(){
        System.out.println( "World" );
```

We reach the end of the method ...

```
public class Main {
    public static void main( String[] args ){
     SayHello();
        SayWorld();
    private static void SayHello(){
        System.out.println( "Hello" );
    private static void SayWorld(){
        System.out.println( "World" );
```

... so we **return** to where we came from ...

```
public class Main {
    public static void main( String[] args ){
        SayHello();
        SayWorld();
    private static void SayHello(){
        System.out.println( "Hello" );
    private static void SayWorld(){
        System.out.println( "World" );
```

... and move to next line.

```
public class Main {
    public static void main( String[] args ){
        SayHello();
        SayWorld();
    private static void SayHello(){
        System.out.println( "Hello" );
    private static void SayWorld(){
        System.out.println( "World" );
```

Go to the **SayWorld** method.

```
public class Main {
    public static void main( String[] args ){
        SayHello();
        SayWorld();
    private static void SayHello(){
        System.out.println( "Hello" );
    private static void SayWorld(){
        System.out.println( "World" );
```

Execute first line.

```
public class Main {
    public static void main( String[] args ){
        SayHello();
     SayWorld();
    private static void SayHello(){
        System.out.println( "Hello" );
    private static void SayWorld(){
        System.out.println( "World" );
```

Execute first line.

```
public class Main {
    public static void main( String[] args ){
        SayHello();
     SayWorld();
    private static void SayHello(){
        System.out.println( "Hello" );
    private static void SayWorld(){
        System.out.println( "World" );
```

We reached the end of SayWorld so we return to where we came from

```
public class Main {
    public static void main( String[] args ){
        SayHello();
        SayWorld();
    private static void SayHello(){
        System.out.println( "Hello" );
    private static void SayWorld(){
        System.out.println( "World" );
```

Next line. End of main method.

```
public class Main {
    public static void main( String[] args ){
        SayHello();
        SayWorld();
    private static void SayHello(){
        System.out.println( "Hello" );
    private static void SayWorld(){
        System.out.println( "World" );
```

Program exits

```
public class Main {
    public static void main( String[] args ){
        SayHello();
        SayWorld();
    private static void SayHello(){
        System.out.println( "Hello" );
    private static void SayWorld(){
        System.out.println( "World" );
```