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第二章作业
  2019年8月13日 星期二
          上午5:17
 2.1
 #lang racket
  (define (make-rat n d)
  (let ((g (gcd n d))
    (if (< d 0) (make-rat (* -1 n) (* -1 d))
 (cons (/ n g) (/ d g
    )))))
  (define numer car)
  (define denom cdr)
  (define (print-rat x)
   (newline)
   (display (numer x))
   (display "/")
   (display (denom x)))
 2.2 and 2.3
 #lang racket
  (define (make-segment first-point second-point)
   (cons first-point second-point))
  (define (make-point x y)
   (cons x y)
  (define (x-point point)
   (car point))
  (define (y-point point)
   (cdr point))
  (define (start-segment segment)
   (car segment))
  (define (end-segment segment)
   (cdr segment))
  (define (print-point p)
   (newline)
   (display "(")
   (display (x-point p))
   (display ",")
   (display (y-point p))
   (display ")"))
  (define (square x) (* x x))
  (define (length segment)
   (sqrt (+ (square (- (x-point (start-segment segment)) (x-point
  (end-segment segment)))) (square (- (y-point (start-segment
 segment)) (y-point (end-segment segment))))))
  (define (midpoint-segment segment)
   (let ((s1 (start-segment segment))
      (s2 (end-segment segment)))
      (let ((x1 (x-point s1))
      (y1 (y-point s1))
      (x2 (x-point s2))
      (y2 (y-point s2)))
   (make-point (/ (+ x1 x2) 2) (/ (+ y1 y2) 2)))))
  (define (area rect)
   (* (width-size rect) (long-size rect)))
  (define (perimeter rect)
   (* (+ (width-size rect) (long-size rect)) 2))
  (define (make-rect long-segment width-segment)
   (cons long-segment width-segment))
  (define (long rect)
   (car rect))
  (define (width rect)
   (cdr rect))
  (define (width-size rect)
   (length (width rect)))
  (define (long-size rect)
   (length (long rect)))
 2.4
 #lang racket
  (define (conss x y)
   (lambda (m) (m x y))
  (define (carr z)
   (z (lambda (pq) p)))
  (define (cdrr z)
   (z (lambda (p q) q)))
 2.5
 #lang racket
  (define (cons a b)
   (* (expt 2 a) (expt 3 b)))
  (define (devide-count total num)
   (if (not (= (remainder total num) 0)) 0 (+ 1 (devide-count (/ total num) num))))
  (define (car x)
   (devide-count x 2))
  (define (cdr x)
   (devide-count x 3))
 2.6
  (define one (lambda (f)
  (lambda (x) (f x)))
  (define two (lambda (f)
  (lambda(x)(f(fx))))
 2.7 2.8 2.9
 #lang racket
  (define (add-interval x y)
   (make-interval (+ (lower-bound x) (lower-bound y))
           (+ (upper-bound x) (upper-bound y))
  (define (sub-interval x y)
   (add-interval x (make-interval (* -1 (lower-bound y)) (* -1 (upper-
 bound y)))))
  (define (mul-interval x y)
   (let ((p1 (* (lower-bound x) (lower-bound y)))
    (p2 (* (lower-bound x) (upper-bound y)))
    (p3 (* (upper-bound x) (lower-bound y)))
    (p4 (* (upper-bound x) (upper-bound y))))
   (make-interval (min p1 p2 p3 p4) (max p1 p2 p3 p4))))
  (define (div-interval x y)
   (div-interval x
           (make-interval (/ 1.0 (upper-bound y))
                   (/ 1.0 (lower-bound y)))))
  (define (make-interval a b) (cons a b))
  (define (upper-bound interval) (cdr interval))
  (define (lower-bound interval) (car interval))
  (define (width interval)
  (/ (+ (upper-bound interval) (lower-bound interval)) 2))
Cwidth (add-interval X)
        (make-interval (+ (lower-bound x)
(with
                  (lower-bound y))
(t (upper-bound x) (upper-bound
y))
 (# (+ (lover-bond x) (lover-bond y))
      (t (uppe bond x) (capre-bond y) 2)
(+(width x) (with y))
     (t_1 + k_1)(t_1 - k_1) = 0
    · (t2+k2) (t2-k2)
  (t, tk1)(t2+k2) = tit2+k1 k2+k,t2
  (t,-k,)(tr-k2)=t,t2+k1k2-k1t2
   m width = titz+kikz
      \frac{t_1 + t_2 + k_1 k_1 - k_1 t_1 - k_2 t_1}{t_1 + t_2 + k_1 k_2} = 1 - \frac{k_1 + t_2 + k_2 t_1}{t_1 + t_2 + k_1 k_2}
        titztkikz
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