

# Cambridge International AS & A Level

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#### **FURTHER MATHEMATICS**

9231/33

Paper 3 Further Mechanics

October/November 2021

1 hour 30 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: List of formulae (MF19)

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.
- Where a numerical value for the acceleration due to gravity (g) is needed, use  $10 \,\mathrm{m\,s^{-2}}$ .

#### **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

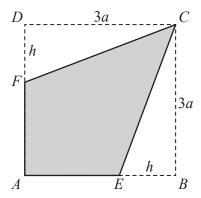
This document has 16 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

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| One end of a light elastic string, of natural length $a$ and modulus of elastic point $O$ on a smooth horizontal plane. A particle $P$ of mass $m$ is attached and moves in a horizontal circle with centre $O$ . The speed of $P$ is $\sqrt{\frac{4}{3}ga}$ . | d to the other end of the string |
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| Find the extension of the string.  | [4                               |
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|     | $a = \frac{v(1-2t^2)}{t},$   |                  |
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| whe | ere $v \mathrm{ms^{-1}}$ is the velocity of $P$ at time $t \mathrm{s}$ .                           |                  |
| (a) | Find an expression for $v$ in terms of $t$ and an arbitrary constant.                              | [3]              |
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| (b) | Given that $a = 5$ when $t = 1$ , find an expression, in terms of $m$ and $t$ , for the horizontal |                  |
|     | on $P$ at time $t$ .   | force acting [3] |
|     |  | [3]              |
|     | on P at time t.  | [3]              |
|     | on P at time t.  | [3]              |
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|     | on P at time t.  | [3]              |
|     | on P at time t.  | [3]              |

| A light elastic string has natural length $a$ and modulus of elasticity attached to a fixed point $O$ . The other end of the string is attached to a hangs in equilibrium vertically below $O$ . The particle is pulled vertic with the extension of the string equal to $e$ , where $e > \frac{1}{3}a$ . In the su | a particle of mass $m$ . The particle ally down and released from re- |
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| speed $\sqrt{2ga}$ when it has ascended a distance $\frac{1}{3}a$ .   |   |
| Find $e$ in terms of $a$ .  | [   |
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A uniform lamina AECF is formed by removing two identical triangles BCE and CDF from a square lamina ABCD. The square has side 3a and EB = DF = h (see diagram).

| Find the distance of the centre of mass of answers in terms of $a$ and $h$ . |       |       |       |
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The lamina AECF is placed vertically on its edge AE on a horizontal plane.

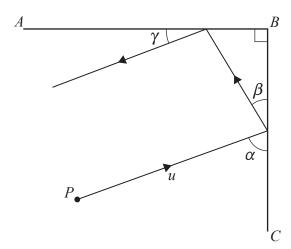
|       | , in terms |       |   |   |       |   |       |       |           |   |       |   |
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| Find the value of $u$ . | [7 |
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A particle P, of mass m, is attached to one end of a light inextensible string of length a. The other end of the string is attached to a fixed point O. The particle P moves in complete vertical circles about O with the string taut. The points A and B are on the path of P with AB a diameter of the circle. OA makes an angle  $\theta$  with the downward vertical through O and OB makes an angle  $\theta$  with the upward vertical through O. The speed of P when it is at A is  $\sqrt{5ag}$ .

The ratio of the tension in the string when P is at A to the tension in the string when P is at B is 9:5. (a) Find the value of  $\cos \theta$ . [6]

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The smooth vertical walls AB and CB are at right angles to each other. A particle P is moving with speed u on a smooth horizontal floor and strikes the wall CB at an angle  $\alpha$ . It rebounds at an angle  $\beta$  to the wall CB. The particle then strikes the wall AB and rebounds at an angle  $\gamma$  to that wall (see diagram). The coefficient of restitution between each wall and P is e.

|                        | $B = e \tan \alpha$ .                                    | [3                                     |
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| Express $\gamma$ in te | rms of $\alpha$ and explain what this result means about | out the final direction of motion of I |
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| Express γ in te        | rms of α and explain what this result means abo          |  |

| As a result of the two impacts the particle loses $\frac{8}{9}$ of its initial kinetic energy.  (c) Given that $\alpha + \beta = 90^{\circ}$ , find the value of $e$ and the value of $\tan \alpha$ . | ••••• |
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| (c) Given that $\alpha + \beta = 90^{\circ}$ , find the value of $e$ and the value of $\tan \alpha$ .   |       |
| (c) Given that $\alpha + \beta = 90^{\circ}$ , find the value of $e$ and the value of $\tan \alpha$ .   |       |
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| (c) Given that $\alpha + \beta = 90^\circ$ , find the value of $e$ and the value of $\tan \alpha$ .   |       |
| (c) Given that $\alpha + \beta = 90^{\circ}$ , find the value of $e$ and the value of $\tan \alpha$ .   |       |
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# **Additional Page**

| If you use the following lined page to complete the answer(s) to any question(s), the question number(s) must be clearly shown. |
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