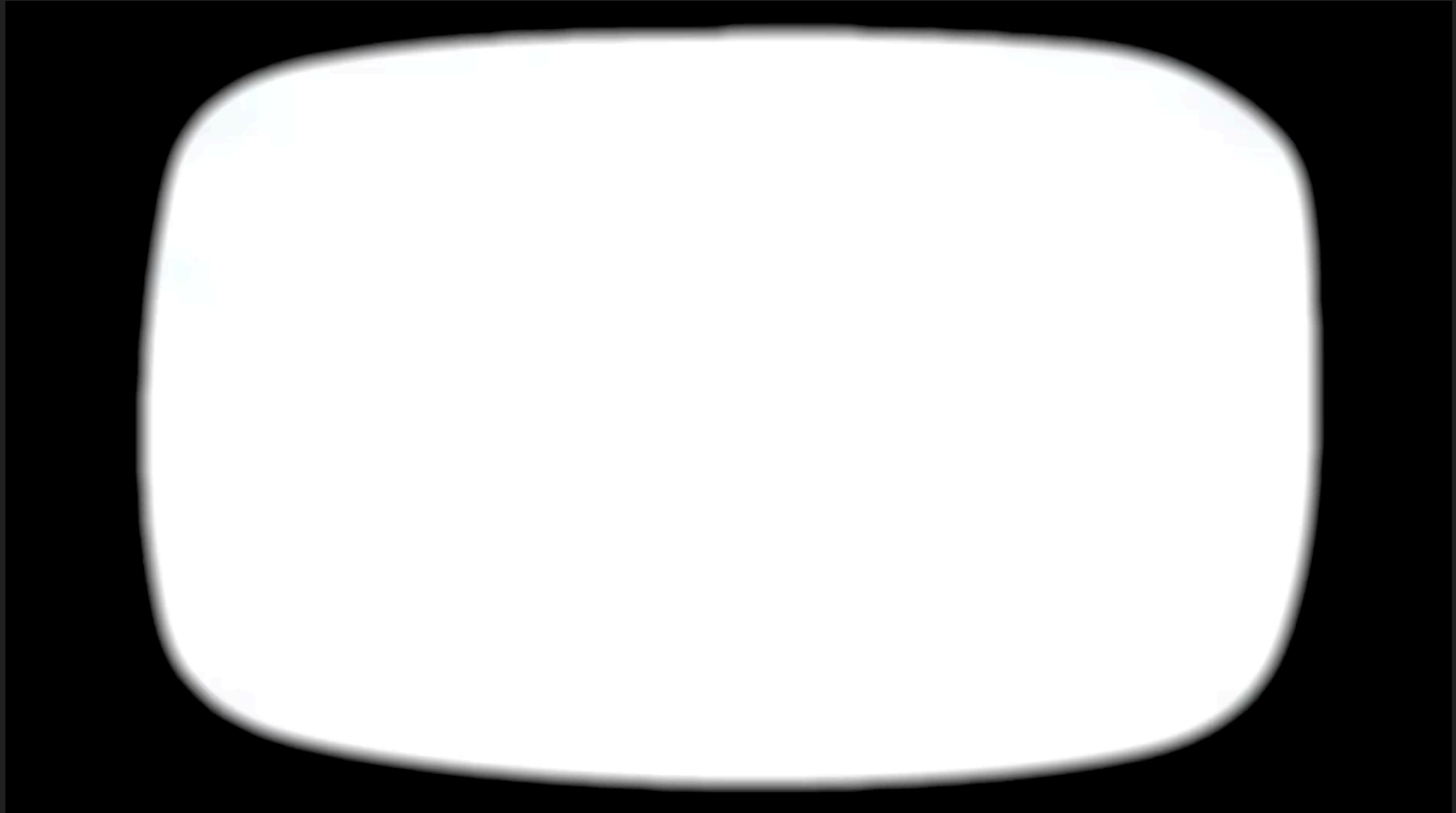


# Let's Turn on MongoDB



Beklager, nogle af  
jer har set den  
før.

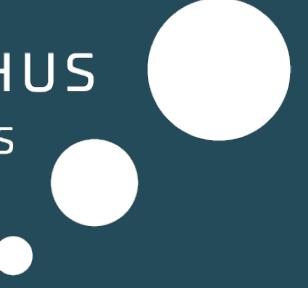
Men spot on på  
dagens emner ✨

ERHVERVSAKADEMI AARHUS  
BUSINESS ACADEMY AARHUS

# Databases, NoSQL & MongoDB

Web Development

RACE



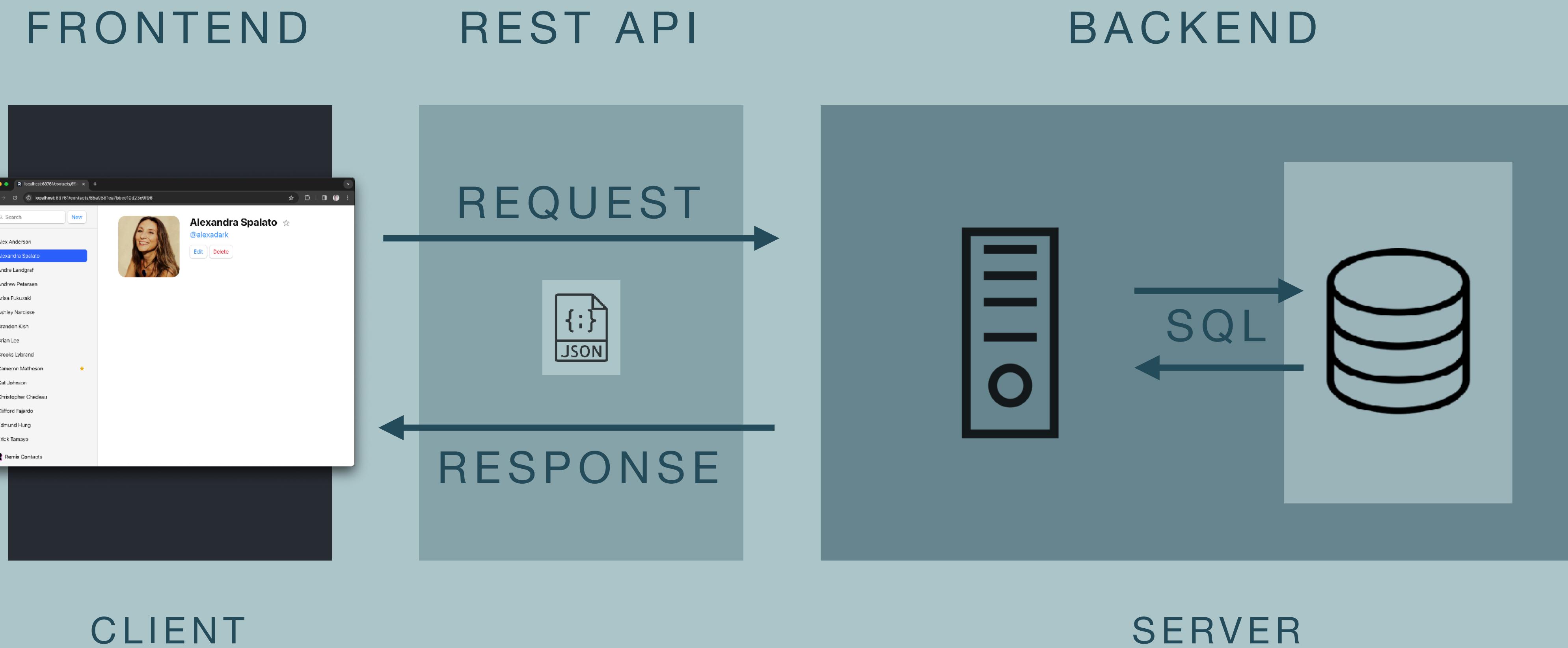
# Agenda

Databases, NoSQL & MongoDB

1. Opsamling: REST og Node Express REST API
2. NoSQL og MongoDB
3. Modellering og forespørgsler i MongoDB
4. MongoDB Atlas
5. REST API med MongoDB

RACE

# Web Dev Architecture



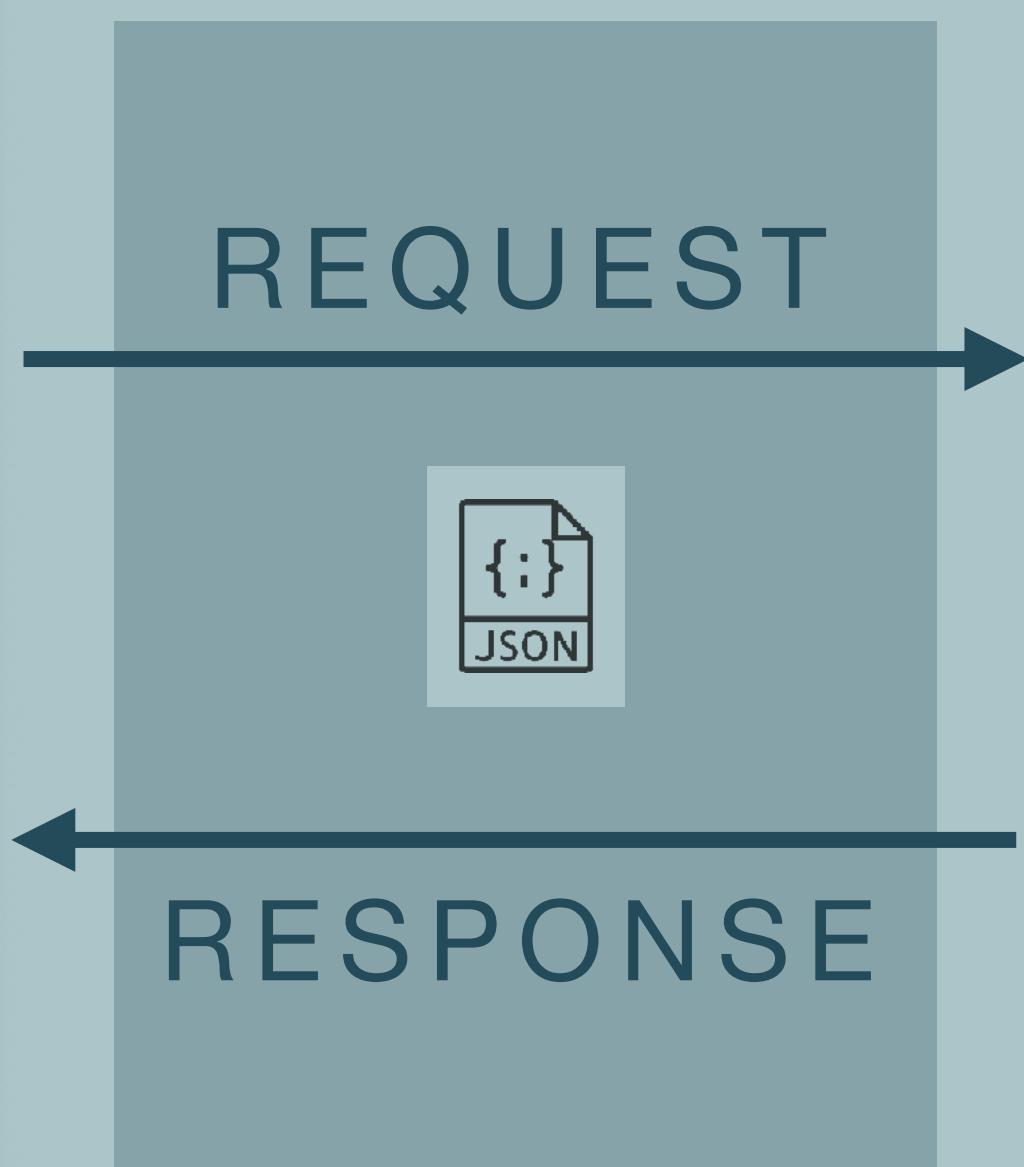
# BROWSER/ THUNDERCLIENT



```
localhost:3000/contacts
Raw Parsed

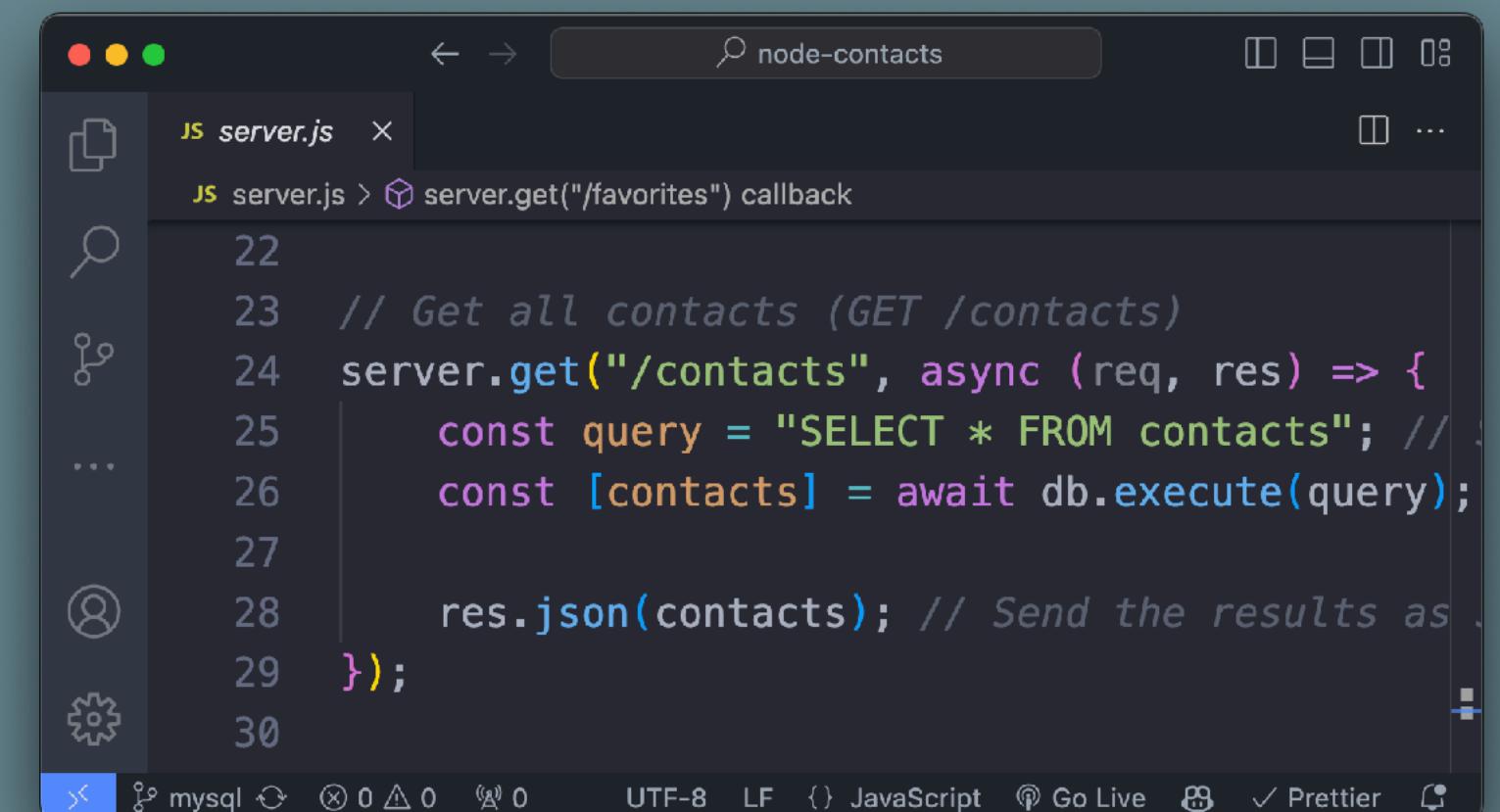
[{"_id": 1, "createdAt": "2024-01-23T07:11:44.000Z", "avatar": "https://sessionize.com/image/df38-400e0002-JwbChVUj6V7DwZMc9vJEHc.jpg", "first": "Alex", "last": "Anderson", "twitter": "@alex1993", "favorite": 0}, {"_id": 2, "createdAt": "2024-01-23T07:11:44.000Z", "avatar": "https://sessionize.com/image/c8c3-400e0002-PR5UsgApAVEADZRixV4H8e.jpeg", "first": "Alexandra", "last": "Spalato", "twitter": "@alexadark", "favorite": 0}, {"_id": 3, "createdAt": "2024-01-23T07:11:44.000Z", "avatar": "https://sessionize.com/image/eec1-400e0002-HkwWKLfqecmFxLwqR9KMRw.jpg", "first": "Andre", "last": "Landgraf", "twitter": "@AndreLandgraf94", "favorite": 0}, {"_id": 4, "createdAt": "2024-01-23T07:11:44.000Z", "avatar": "https://sessionize.com/image/2694-400e0002-MYTsnszbLKTzyqJV17w2q.png", "first": "Andrea", "last": "Landgraf", "twitter": "@AndreaLandgraf94", "favorite": 0}], sessionize.com/.../eec1-40...
```

# REST API



# BACKEND

## NODE/EXPRESS



```
server.get("/favorites", async (req, res) => {
  const query = "SELECT * FROM contacts";
  const [contacts] = await db.execute(query);

  res.json(contacts);
});
```

## MySQL

#	int	createdAt	timestamp	avatar	varchar(255)	first	last	twitter	varchar(50)
1	1	2024-01-23	08:11:44	https://sessionize.com/m/	Alex	Anderson	@alex1993		
2	2	2024-01-23	06:11:44	https://sessionize.com/m/	Alexandra	Spalato	@alexdark		
3	3	2024-01-23	06:11:44	https://sessionize.com/m/	Andre	Landgraf	@AndreLandgraf		
4	4	2024-01-23	06:11:44	https://sessionize.com/m/	Andrew	Petersen	(NULL)		
5	5	2024-01-23	08:11:44	https://sessionize.com/m/	Arisa	Fukuzaki	@arisa_dev		
6	6	2024-01-23	06:11:44	https://sessionize.com/m/	Ashley	Narcisse	@darkfadr		
7	7	2024-01-23	06:11:44	https://sessionize.com/m/	Brandon	Kish	(NULL)		
8	8	2024-01-23	06:11:44	https://sessionize.com/m/	Brian	Lee	@brian_dlee		
9	9	2024-01-23	08:11:44	https://sessionize.com/m/	Brooks	Lybrand	@crocksLybra		
10	10	2024-01-23	06:11:44	https://sessionize.com/m/	Cameron	Matheson	@cmatheson		
11	11	2024-01-23	06:11:44	https://sessionize.com/m/	Car	Johnson	(NULL)		
12	12	2024-01-23	06:11:44	https://sessionize.com/m/	Christopher	Chedieu	@vjeux		
13	13	2024-01-23	08:11:44	https://sessionize.com/m/	Clifford	Fajardo	@cliffordfejard		
14	14	2024-01-23	08:11:44	https://sessionize.com/m/	Edmund	Hung	@edmundhung		
15	15	2024-01-23	08:11:44	https://sessionize.com/m/	Erick	Tamayo	@ericklamayo		
16	16	2024-01-23	06:11:44	https://sessionize.com/m/	Giovanni	Benassi	@giovannibenassi		
17	17	2024-01-23	08:11:44	https://sessionize.com/m/	Glenn	Reyes	@glnry		
18	18	2024-01-23	08:11:44	https://sessionize.com/m/	Igor	Minar	@igorMinar		
19	19	2024-01-23	06:11:44	https://sessionize.com/m/	Jon	Jensen	(NULL)		
20	20	2024-01-23	06:11:44	https://sessionize.com/m/	Kent C.	Dodes	@kentcdodds		
21	21	2024-01-23	08:11:44	https://sessionize.com/m/	Michael	Jackson	(NULL)		

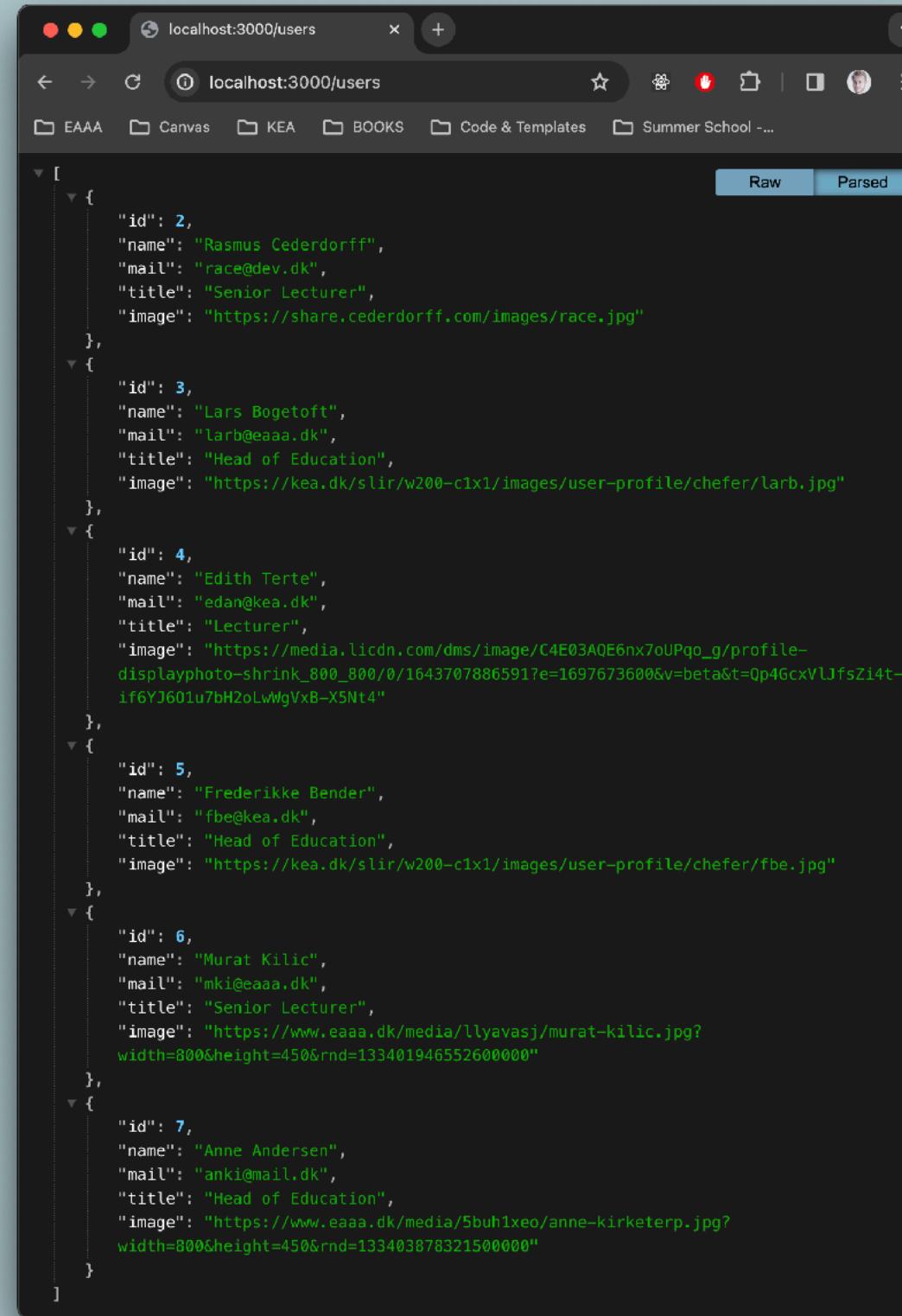
CLIENT

SERVER

# BROWSER/ THUNDERCLIENT

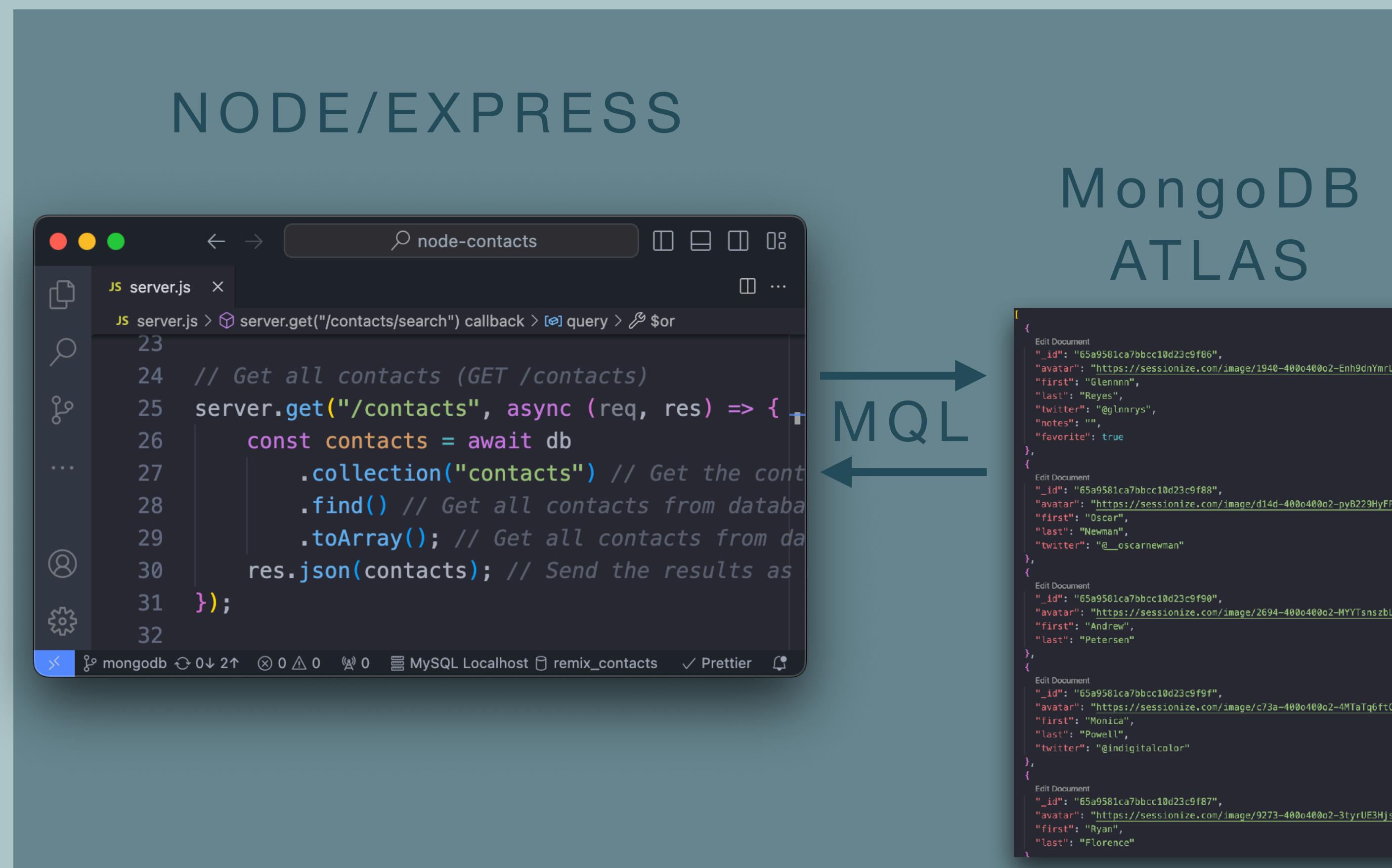
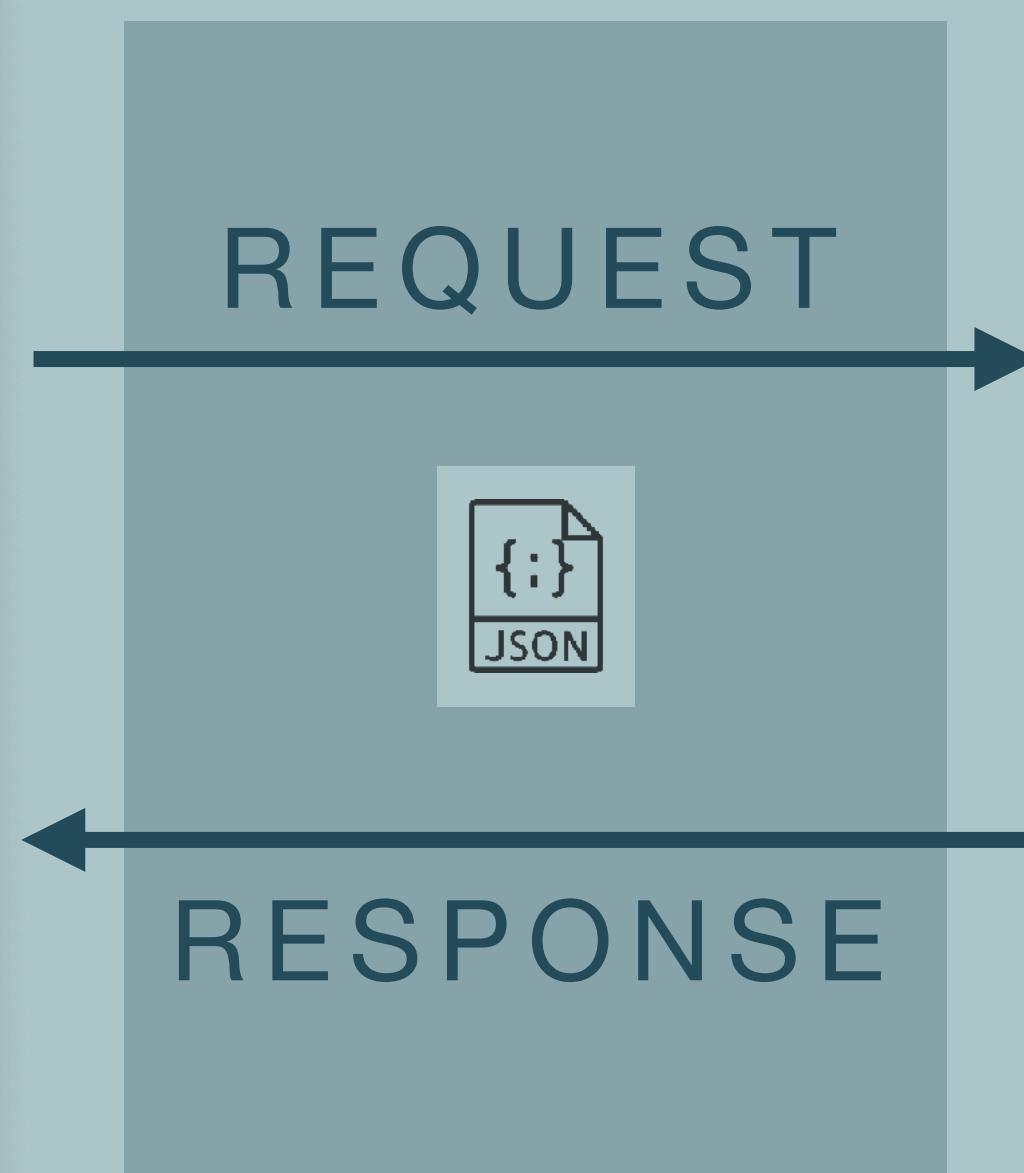
# REST API

# BACKEND



A screenshot of a web browser window showing a JSON response. The URL is `localhost:3000/users`. The response is a list of user objects:

```
[{"id": 2, "name": "Rasmus Cederdorff", "mail": "racede@de.dk", "title": "Senior Lecturer", "image": "https://share.cederdorff.com/images/race.jpg"}, {"id": 3, "name": "Lars Bogetoft", "mail": "larb@eaaa.dk", "title": "Head of Education", "image": "https://kea.dk/sli/rw200-c1x1/images/user-profile/chefer/larb.jpg"}, {"id": 4, "name": "Edith Terte", "mail": "edang@ke.dk", "title": "Lecture", "image": "https://media.linkedin.com/dms/image/C4E03AQE6nx7oUPqo_g/profile-displayphoto-shrink_800_800/0/1643707886591?e=1697673600&v=beta&t=0p46cxVJfzZiat-If6YJ60iu7bh2oLwWgVxB-X5Nt4"}, {"id": 5, "name": "Frederikke Bender", "mail": "fbe@kea.dk", "title": "Head of Education", "image": "https://kea.dk/sli/rw200-c1x1/images/user-profile/chefer/fbe.jpg"}, {"id": 6, "name": "Murat Kılıç", "mail": "mki@eaaa.dk", "title": "Senior Lecturer", "image": "https://www.eaaa.dk/media/llyavasj/murat-kilic.jpg?width=800&height=450&rnd=133401946552600000"}, {"id": 7, "name": "Anne Andersen", "mail": "anki@mail.dk", "title": "Head of Education", "image": "https://www.eaaa.dk/media/5buhiexo/anne-kirketerp.jpg?width=800&height=450&rnd=133403878321500000"}]
```



CLIENT

SERVER

# Types

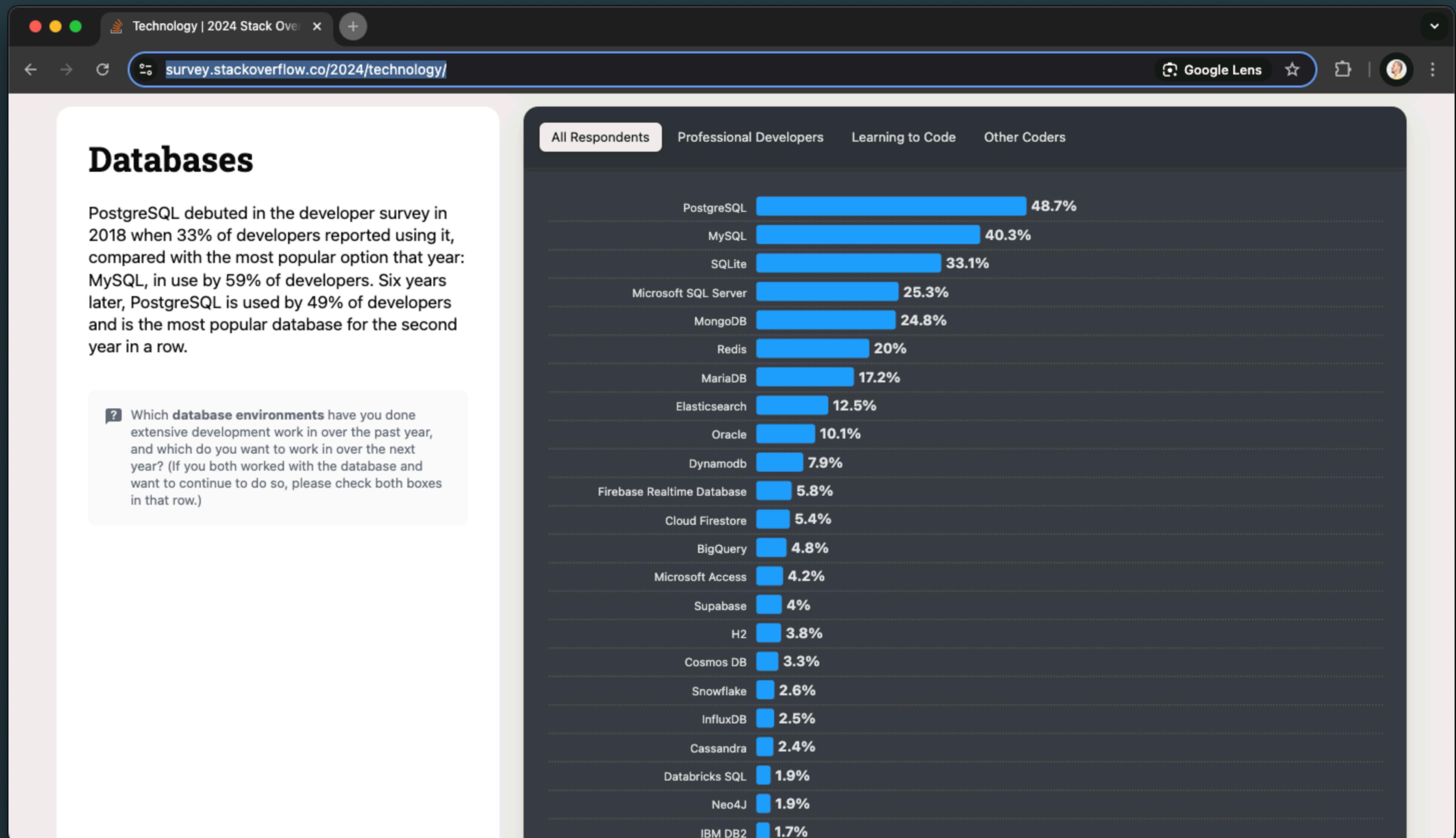
There are various types of databases, including relational databases (such as MySQL, PostgreSQL, and Oracle), NoSQL databases (like MongoDB and Cassandra), and other specialized databases tailored to specific use cases.



ORACLE





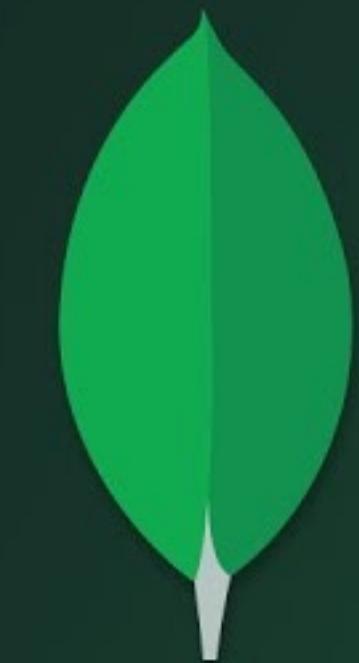


# NoSQL and MongoDB



**100 *SECONDS OF***

---



**mongoDB**

[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-bt\\_y4Loofg](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-bt_y4Loofg)

# Terminology

## Database

A container for collections. This is the same as a database in SQL and usually each project will have its own database full of different collections.

## Collection

A grouping of documents inside of a database. This is the same as a table in SQL and usually each type of data (users, posts, products) will have its own collection.

## Document

A record inside of a collection. This is the same as a row in SQL and usually there will be one document per object in the collection. A document is also essentially just a JSON object.

## Field

A key value pair within a document. This is the same as a column in SQL. Each document will have some number of fields that contain information such as name, address, hobbies, etc. An important difference between SQL and MongoDB is that a field can contain values such as JSON objects, and arrays instead of just strings, number, booleans, etc.

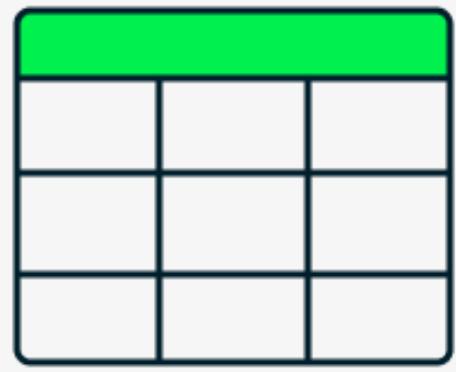


# Why Non-Relational Databases?



# Where it Began: Relational

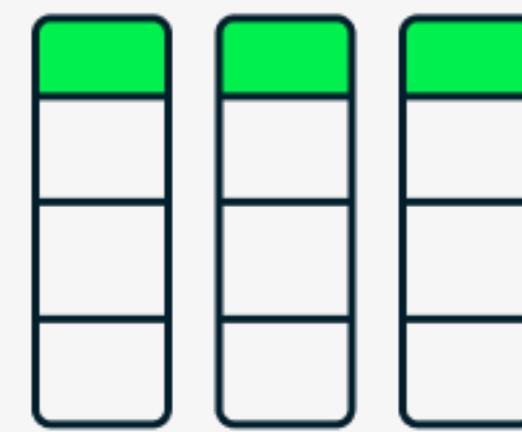
Key features of relational databases



Related data is stored in rows and columns in one table.



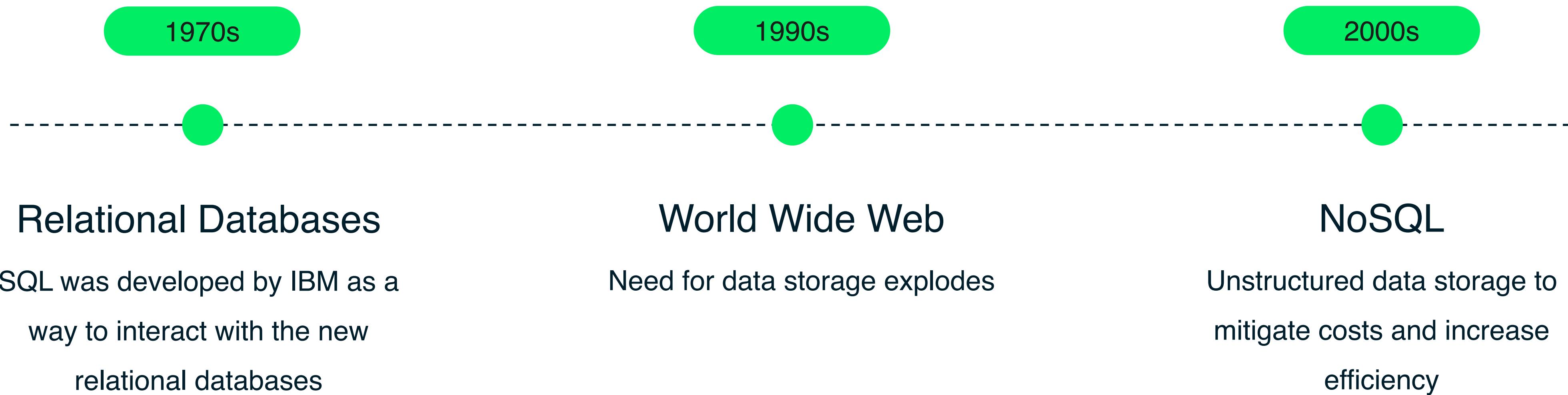
SQL (Structured Query Language)



A table uses columns to define the information being stored and rows for the actual data.



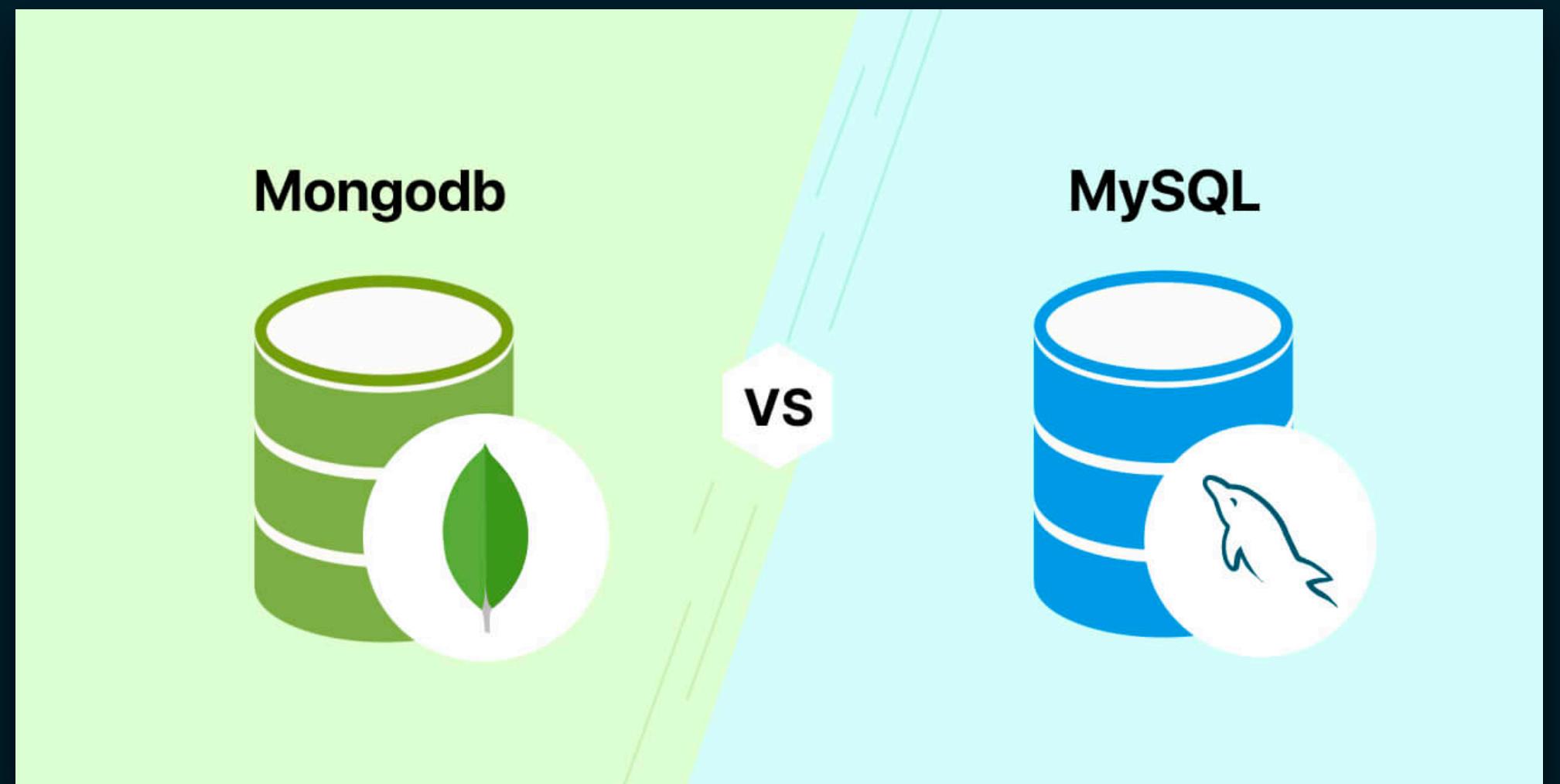
# Filling in the Gap





# Relational Model: Challenges

- Issues with scalability and flexibility
- Not all data is structured
- Object-oriented, tables and columns?





```
const user = {  
  id: 6,  
  name: "Murat Kilic",  
  mail: "mki@eaaa.dk",  
  title: "Senior Lecturer",  
  image: "https://www.eaaa.dk/media/llyavasj/murat-kilic.jpg"  
};
```

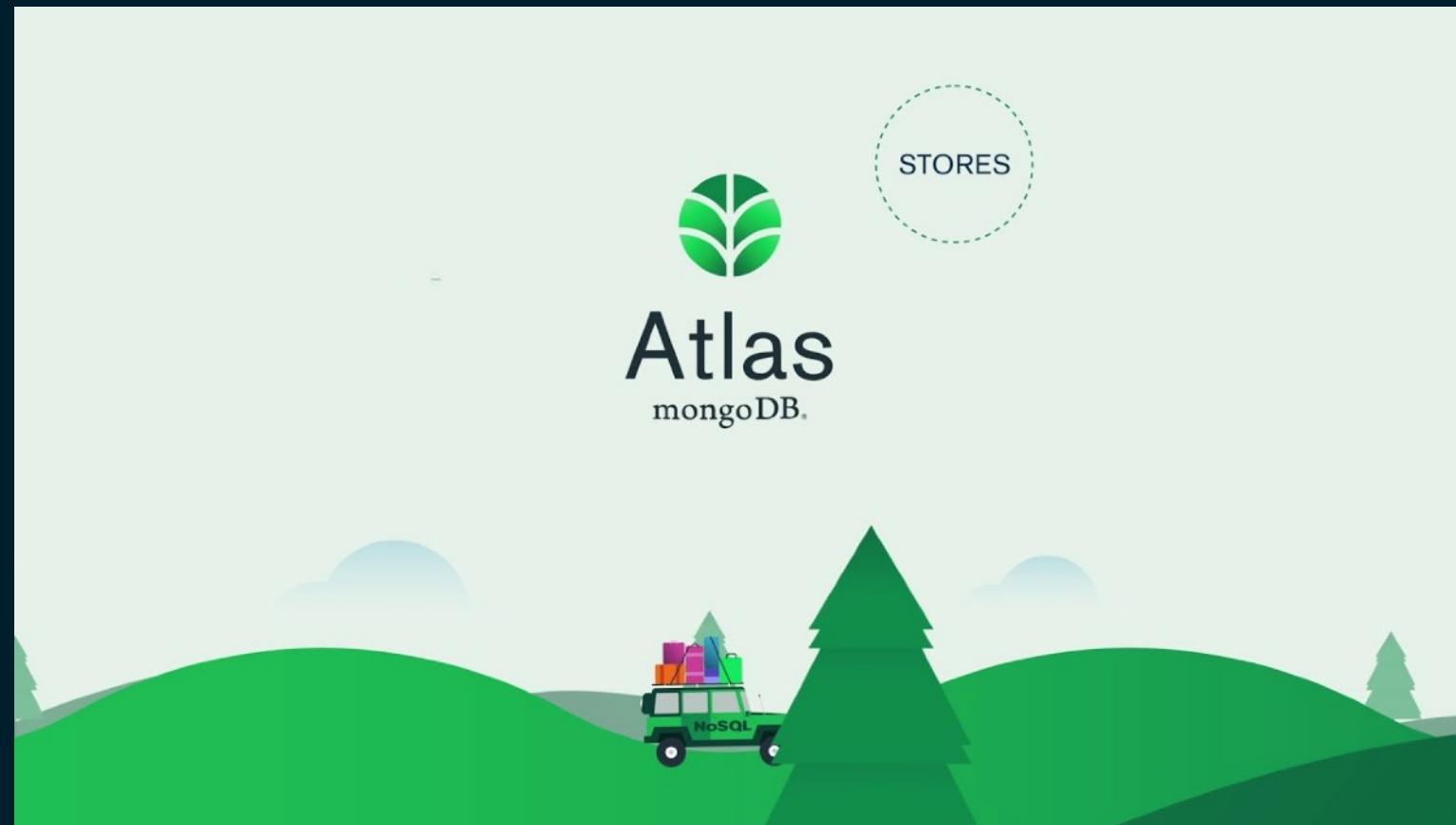
id	name	mail	title	image
1	Peter Lind	petl@kea.dk	Senior Lecturer	<a href="https://share.cederdorff.com/i">https://share.cederdorff.com/i</a>
2	Rasmus Cederdorff	race@dev.dk	Senior Lecturer	<a href="https://share.cederdorff.com/i">https://share.cederdorff.com/i</a>
3	Lars Bogetoft	larb@eaaa.dk	Head of Education	<a href="https://kea.dk/slir/w200-c1x1/">https://kea.dk/slir/w200-c1x1/</a>
4	Edith Terte	edan@kea.dk	Lecturer	<a href="https://media.licdn.com/dms/">https://media.licdn.com/dms/</a>
5	Frederikke Bender	fbe@kea.dk	Head of Education	<a href="https://kea.dk/slir/w200-c1x1/">https://kea.dk/slir/w200-c1x1/</a>
6	Murat Kilic	mki@eaaa.dk	Senior Lecturer	<a href="https://www.eaaa.dk/media/llyavasj/murat-kilic.jpg">https://www.eaaa.dk/media/llyavasj/murat-kilic.jpg</a>
7	Anne Kirketerp	anki@eaaa.dk	Head of Education	<a href="https://www.eaaa.dk/media/5buhs">https://www.eaaa.dk/media/5buhs</a>



From object to database table? WTF!1!



# Why NoSQL?



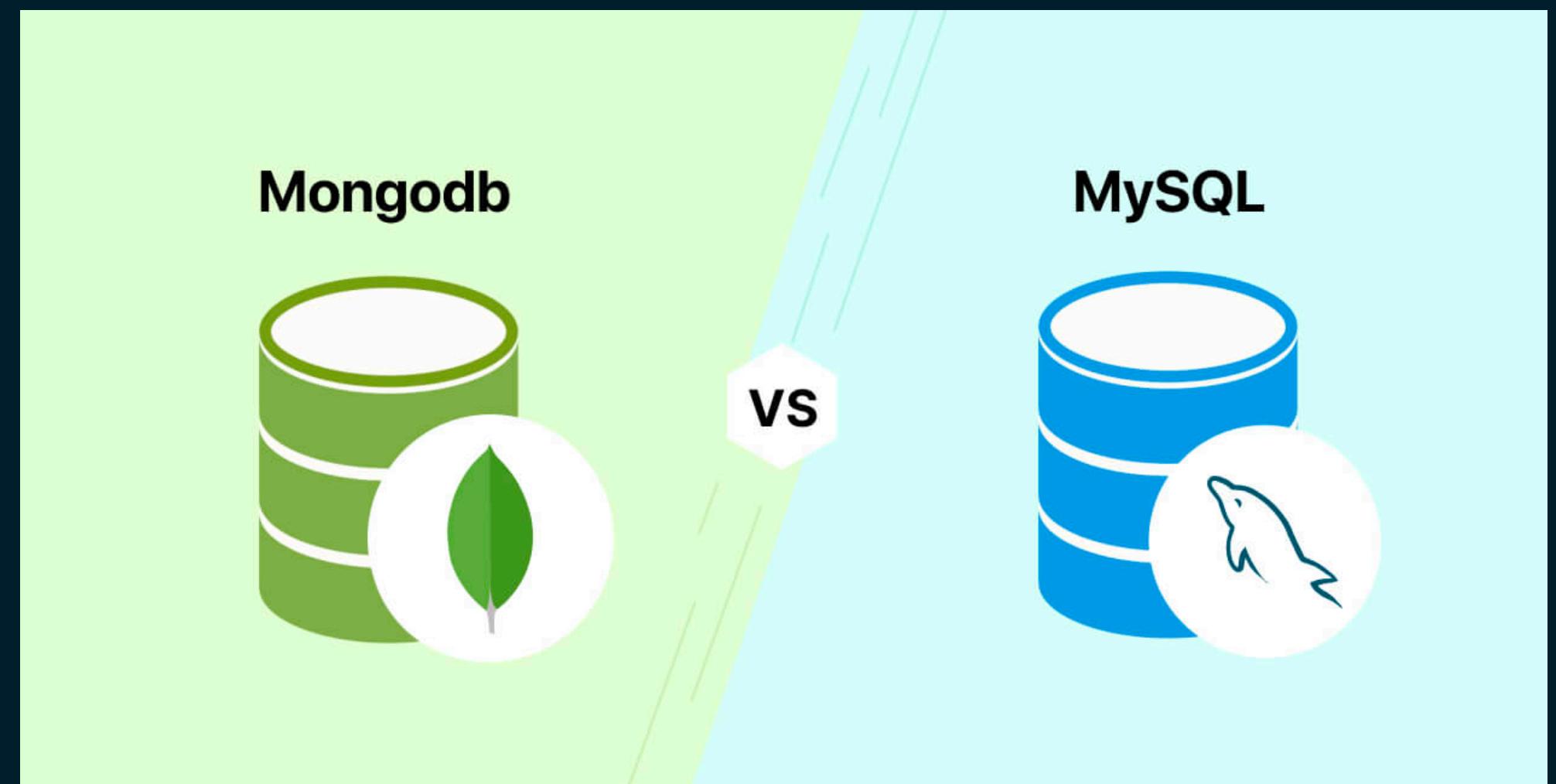
[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0X43QfCfyk0&t=35s&ab\\_channel=MongoDB](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0X43QfCfyk0&t=35s&ab_channel=MongoDB)

- **Flexibility:** NoSQL databases do not require a predefined schema, which means that the data structure can be easily changed as the application evolves. This makes them well-suited for applications that handle unstructured or semi-structured data.
- **Scalability:** NoSQL databases are typically horizontally scalable, which means that they can be easily added to more servers to handle increasing data and workloads. This makes them ideal for applications that need to support large amounts of data or that experience sudden spikes in traffic.
- **Performance:** NoSQL databases can often outperform SQL databases for certain types of workloads, such as read-heavy applications or applications that require low latency. This is because they are designed to store and retrieve data efficiently, without the overhead of maintaining a rigid schema.
- **Ease of use:** NoSQL databases can be easier to use than SQL databases, especially for developers who are not familiar with traditional relational databases. They often have simpler APIs and data models, which can make it easier to develop and maintain applications.



# But Why MongoDB?

- **Data Flexibility:** MongoDB handles unstructured data well, while MySQL is structured.
- **Schema:** MongoDB is schema-less, allowing for dynamic data, while MySQL requires a predefined schema.
- **Scalability:** MongoDB is horizontally scalable, beneficial for large datasets and high traffic. MySQL may face challenges with horizontal scalability.
- **Use Cases:** MongoDB suits document-oriented and complex data structures. MySQL is often preferred for traditional relational data.
- **Development Speed:** MongoDB's flexibility can accelerate development for evolving applications.
- **Specific Application Needs:** Choose based on project requirements, considering data complexity and scalability.



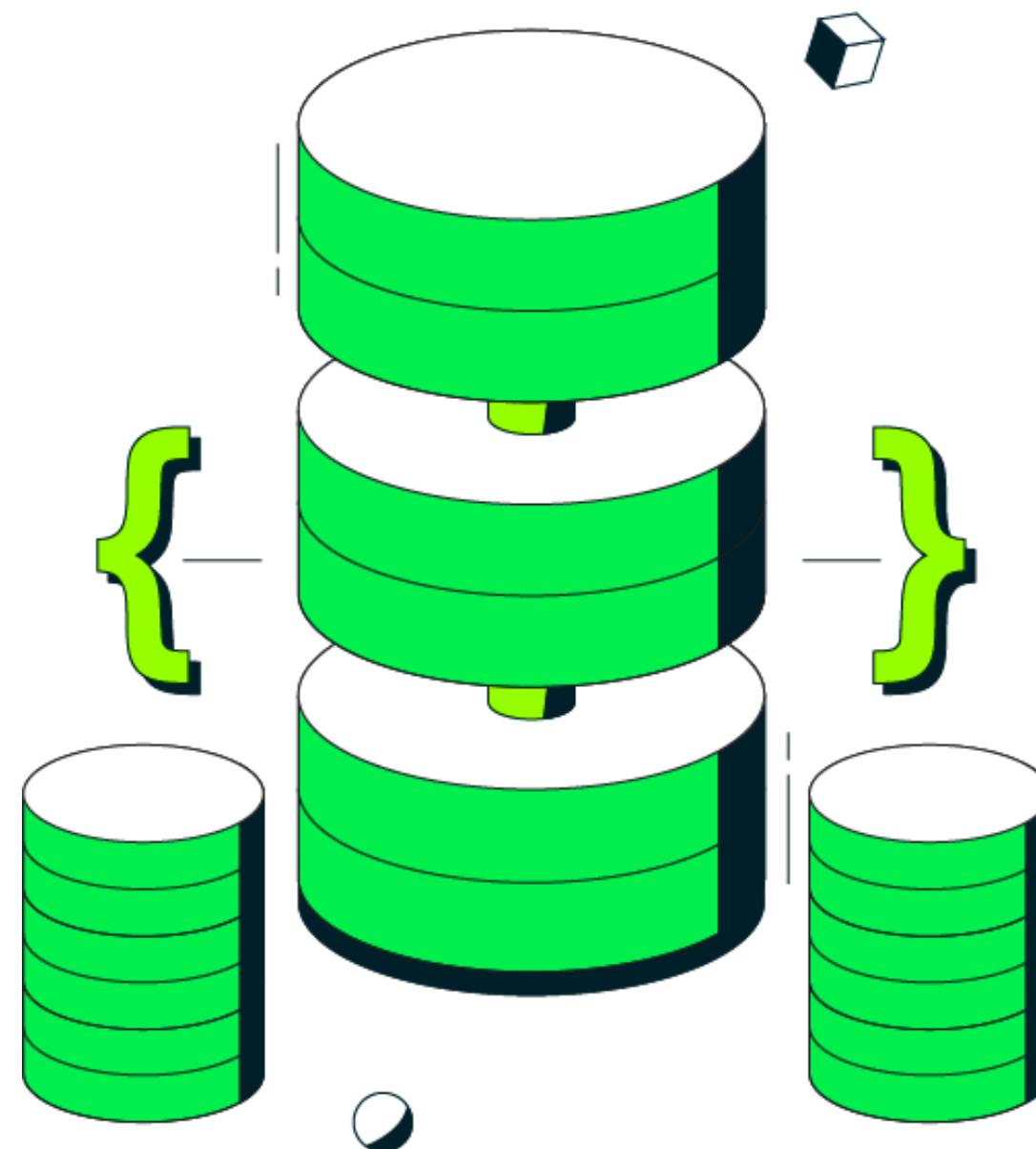


To fix the problem, various technology and software companies introduced new databases referred to as **NoSQL** or **non-relational**.



- Polymorphic data structures
- Flexible schemas
- Easy to scale large workloads

What is a non-relational database?

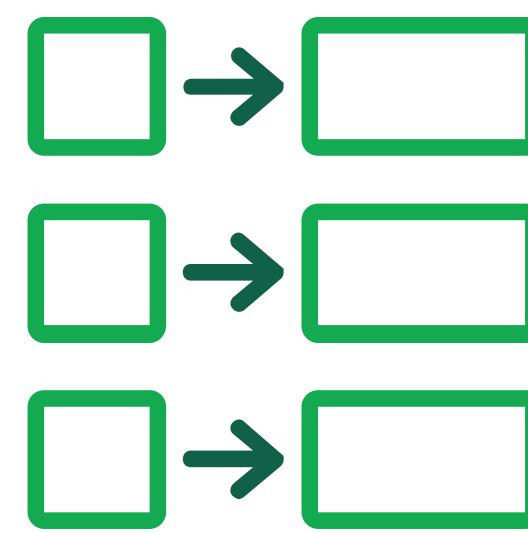


# Non-Relational Database Types





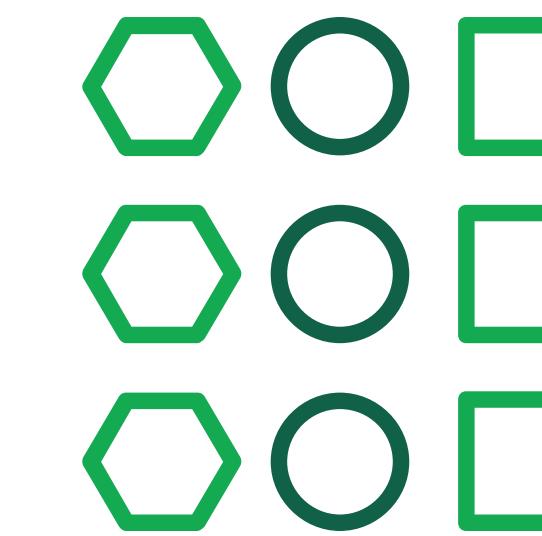
# Non-Relational Database Types



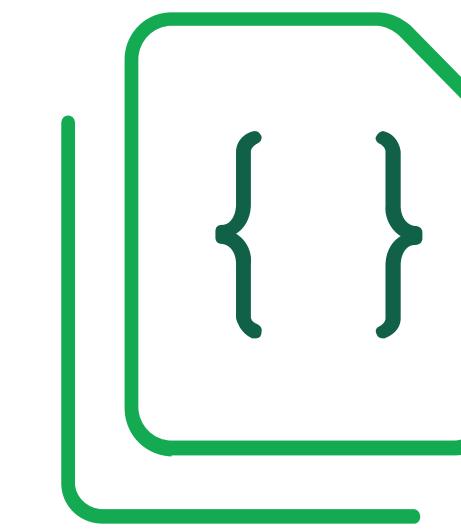
Key/Value



Graph



Column

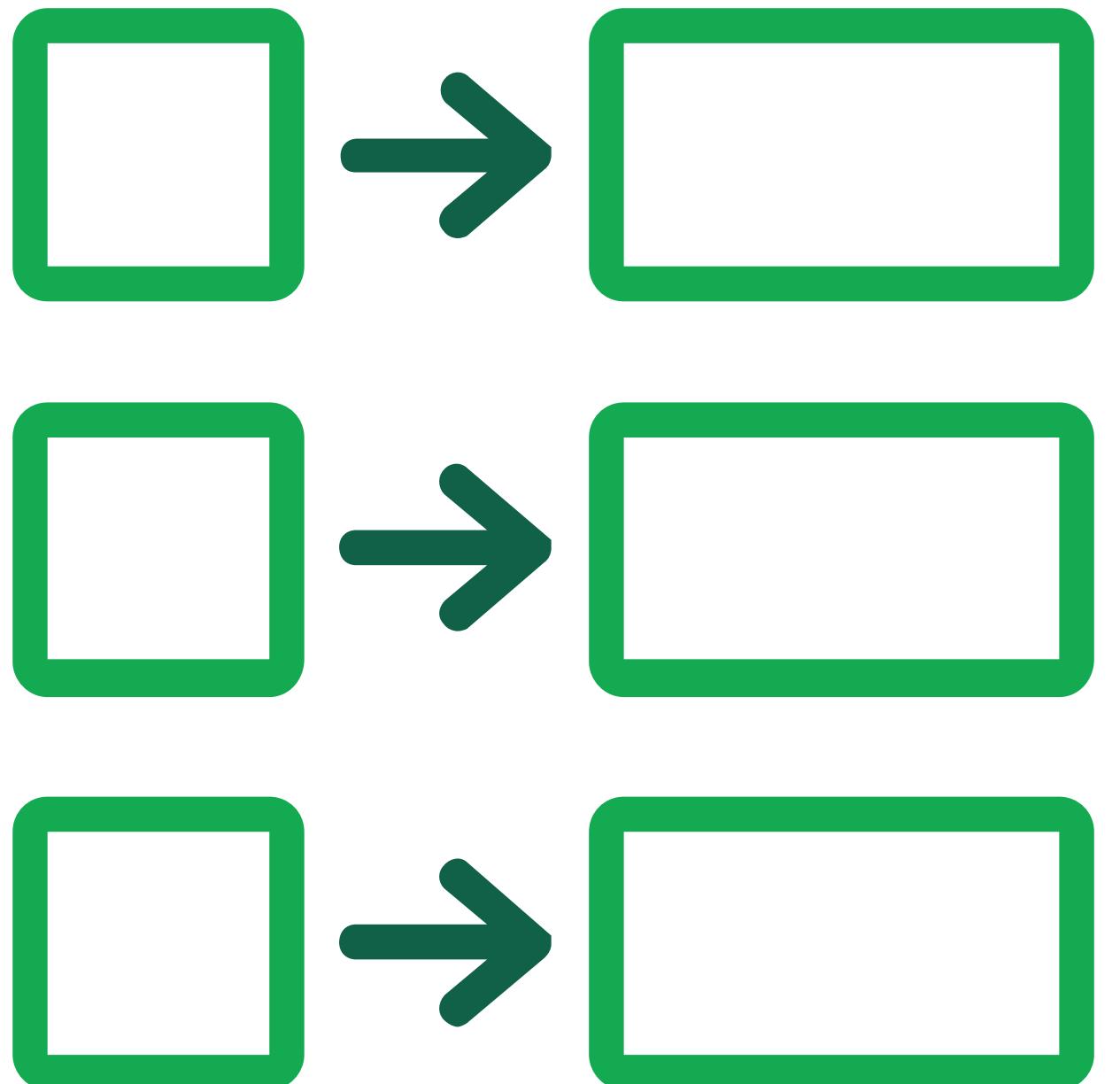


Document



## Structure

- A unique key is paired with a collection of values, where the values can be anything from a string to a large binary object



## Strength

- Simple data model

# Key/Value Database

# Key/Value: Example

Key	Value
Name	Sherlock Holmes
Age	40
Address	221B Baker Street



## Structure

- Captures connected data
- Each element is stored as a node
- Connections between nodes are called links or relationships

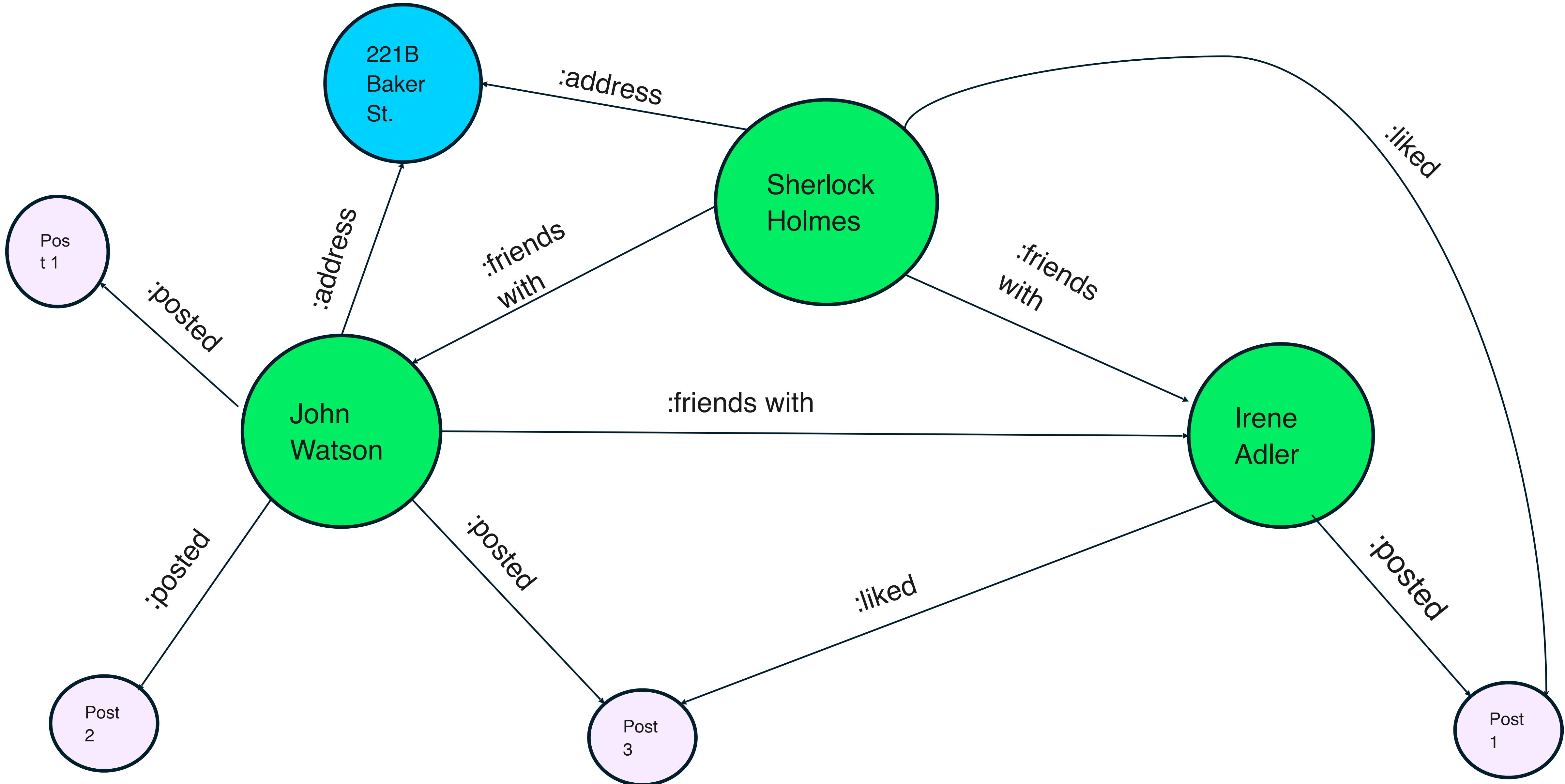
## Strength

- Traverses the connections between data rapidly



Graph Database

# Graph: Example



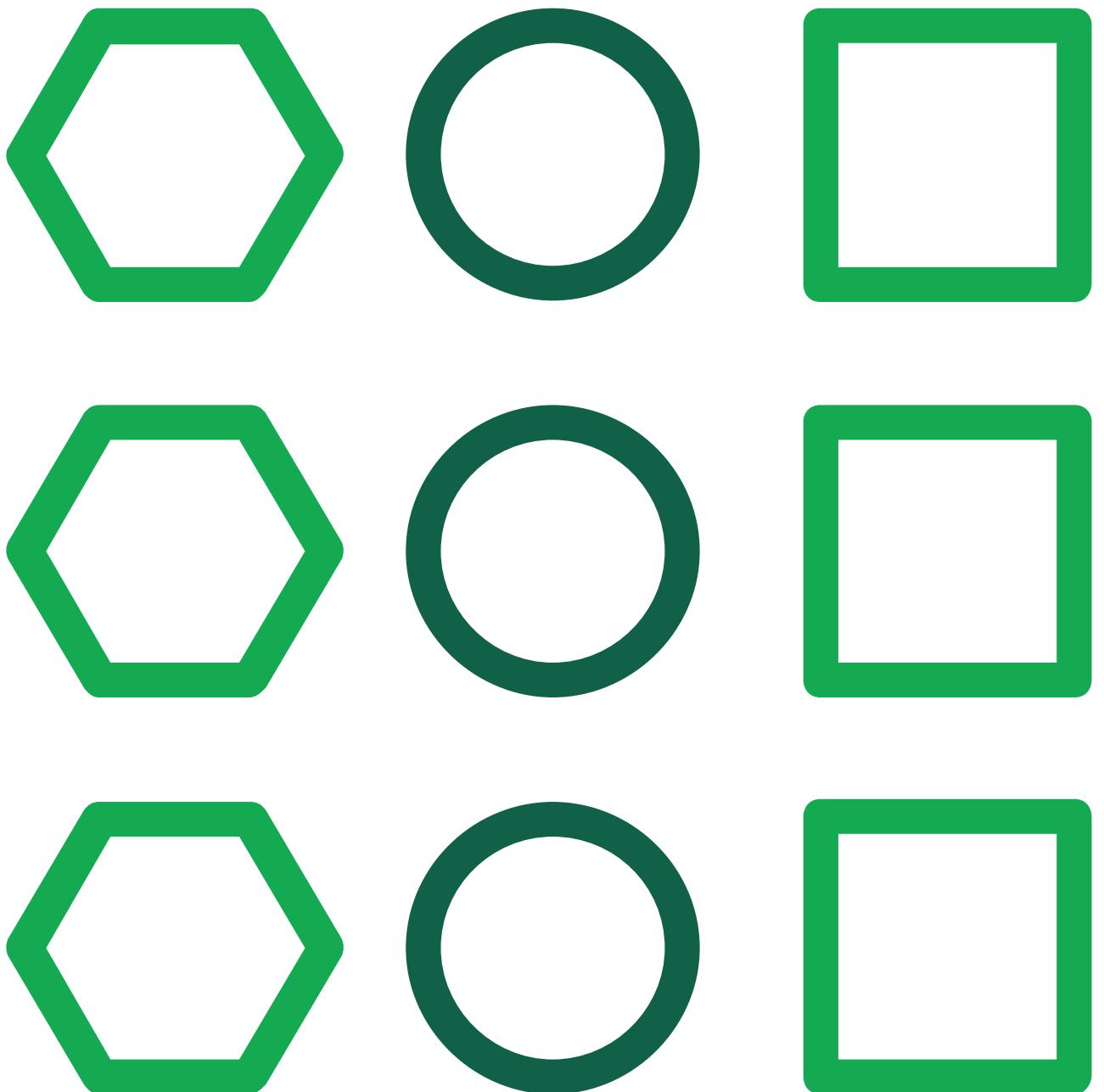


## Structure

- Data is stored using key rows that can be associated with one or more dynamic columns

## Strengths

- Highly performant queries
- Designed for analytics



**Column Oriented  
or Wide Column**



# Column Oriented Example

Name	ID
Sherlock	001
John	002
Irene	003

Age	ID
40	001
45	002
43	003

Height	ID
6'2	001
5'9	002
5'7	003

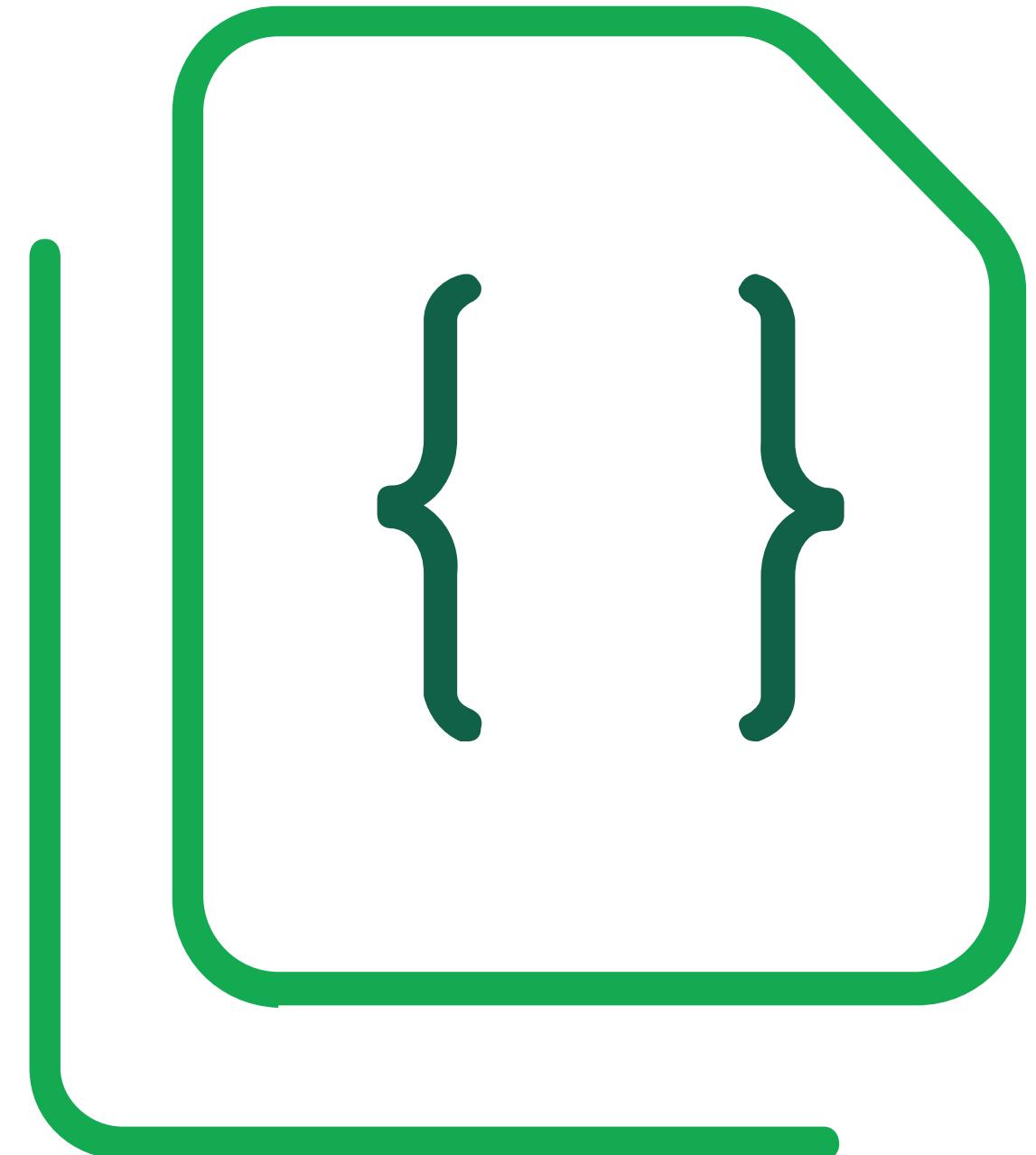


## Structure

- Polymorphic data models
- Each document contains markup that identifies fields and values

## Strengths

- Obvious relationships using embedded arrays and documents
- No complex mapping



**Document  
Database**

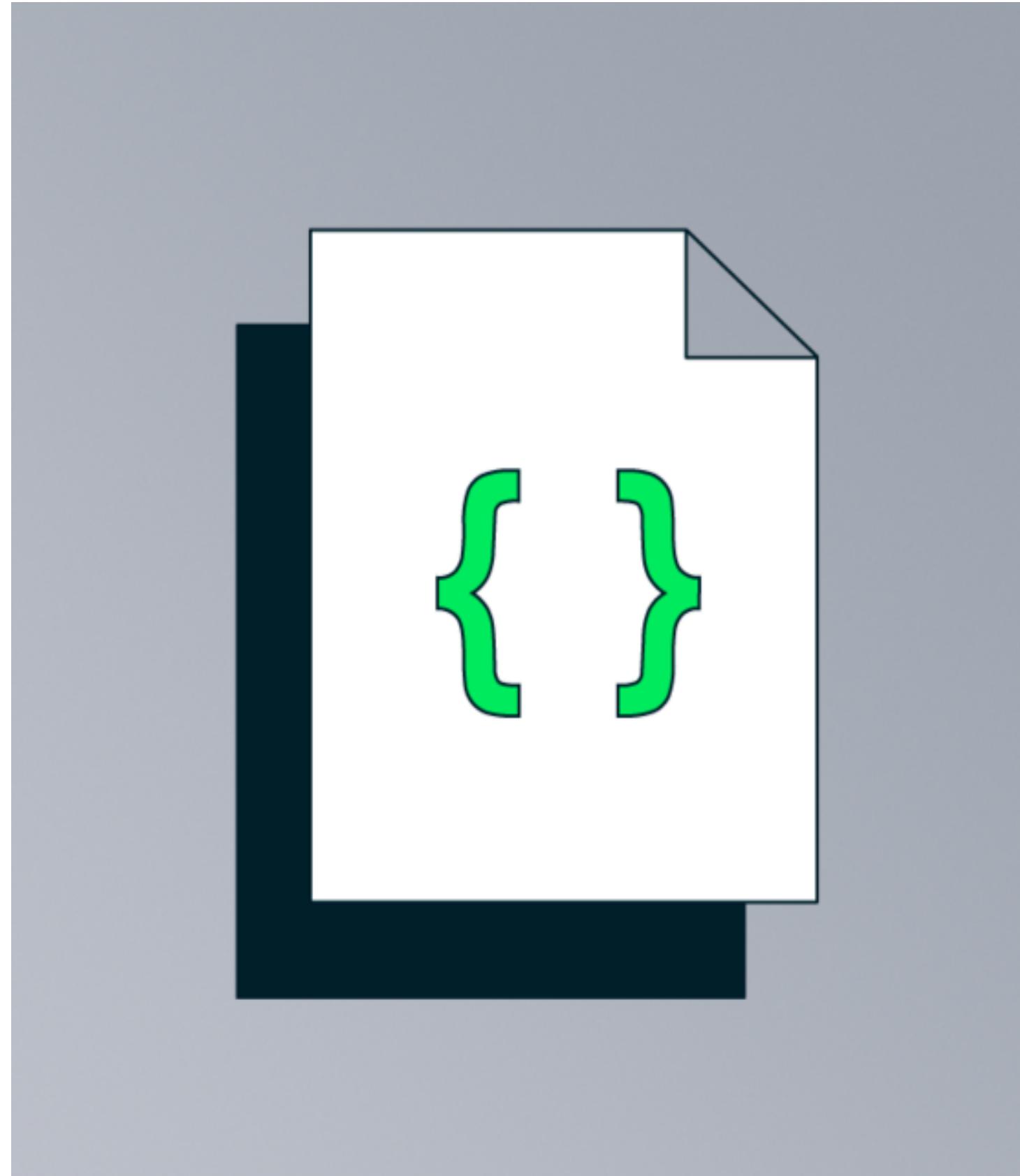
# Document Model Example



```
{  
    "_id":  
        ObjectId("5ef2d4b45b7f11b6d7a"),  
    "user_id": "Sherlock  
Holmes",  
    "age": 40,  
    "address":  
        {  
            "Country": "England"  
            "City": "London",  
            "Street": "221B Baker St."  
        },  
    "Hobbies": [ violin, crime-  
solving ]  
},  
  
,  
{  
    "_id":  
        ObjectId("6ef8d4b32c9f12b6d4a"),  
    "user_id": "John Watson",  
    "age": 45,  
    "address":  
        {  
            "Country": "England"  
            "City": "London",  
            "Street": "221B Baker St."  
        },  
    "Medical license": "Active"  
}
```



# The Document Model



For general purpose use, the document model prevails as the preferred model by developers and database administrators.



The screenshot shows a code editor window with a dark theme. The title bar says "node-contacts". The left sidebar has various icons for file operations like copy, paste, search, and refresh. The main area displays a JSON file with 34 numbered lines. Lines 1-10 show one contact document, lines 11-18 show another, lines 19-28 show a third, and lines 29-34 show a fourth. Each document contains fields such as \_id, avatar (a URL), first name, last name, and a Twitter handle. The "Edit Document" button is visible next to each document entry.

```
1 [  
2 {  
3   Edit Document  
4     "_id": "65a9581ca7bbcc10d23c9f86",  
5     "avatar": "https://sessionize.com/image/1940-400o400o2-Enh9dnYmrLYI",  
6     "first": "Glennnn",  
7     "last": "Reyes",  
8     "twitter": "@glnnrys",  
9     "notes": "",  
10    "favorite": true  
11 },  
12 {  
13   Edit Document  
14     "_id": "65a9581ca7bbcc10d23c9f88",  
15     "avatar": "https://sessionize.com/image/d14d-400o400o2-pyB229HyFPCr",  
16     "first": "Oscar",  
17     "last": "Newman",  
18     "twitter": "@oscarnewman"  
19 },  
20 {  
21   Edit Document  
22     "_id": "65a9581ca7bbcc10d23c9f90",  
23     "avatar": "https://sessionize.com/image/2694-400o400o2-MYYTsnszbLK",  
24     "first": "Andrew",  
25     "last": "Petersen"  
26 },  
27 {  
28   Edit Document  
29     "_id": "65a9581ca7bbcc10d23c9f9f",  
30     "avatar": "https://sessionize.com/image/c73a-400o400o2-4MTaTq6ftC1",  
31     "first": "Monica",  
32     "last": "Powell",  
33     "twitter": "@indigitalcolor"  
34 },
```

# It's just JSON

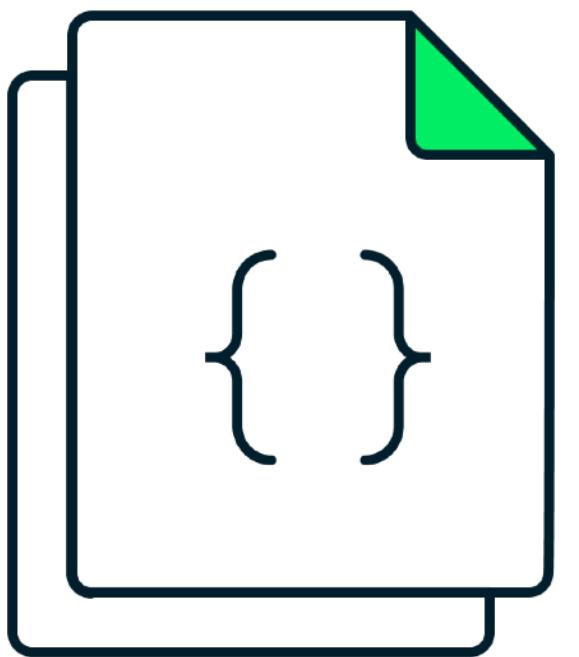
- Or in fact, BSON.
- BSON stands for Binary JSON.
- It is a binary-encoded serialization format.
- Designed for efficiency in space and processing compared to plain text JSON.
- Associated with MongoDB as the primary data storage format.
- Includes additional data types like binary data and a richer set of numeric types.
- Suitable for representing complex data structures in a binary form.

# Collections and Documents

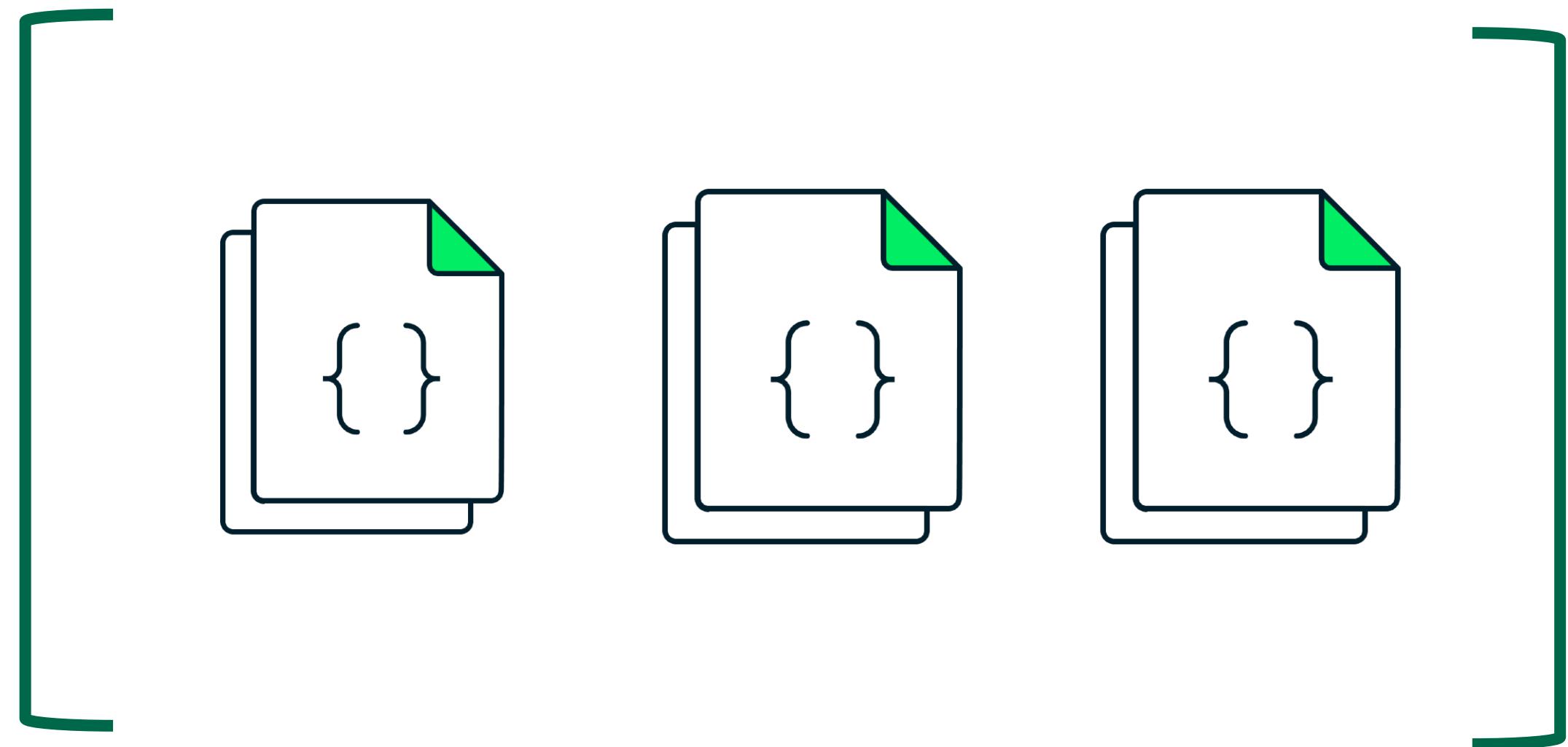




# Document



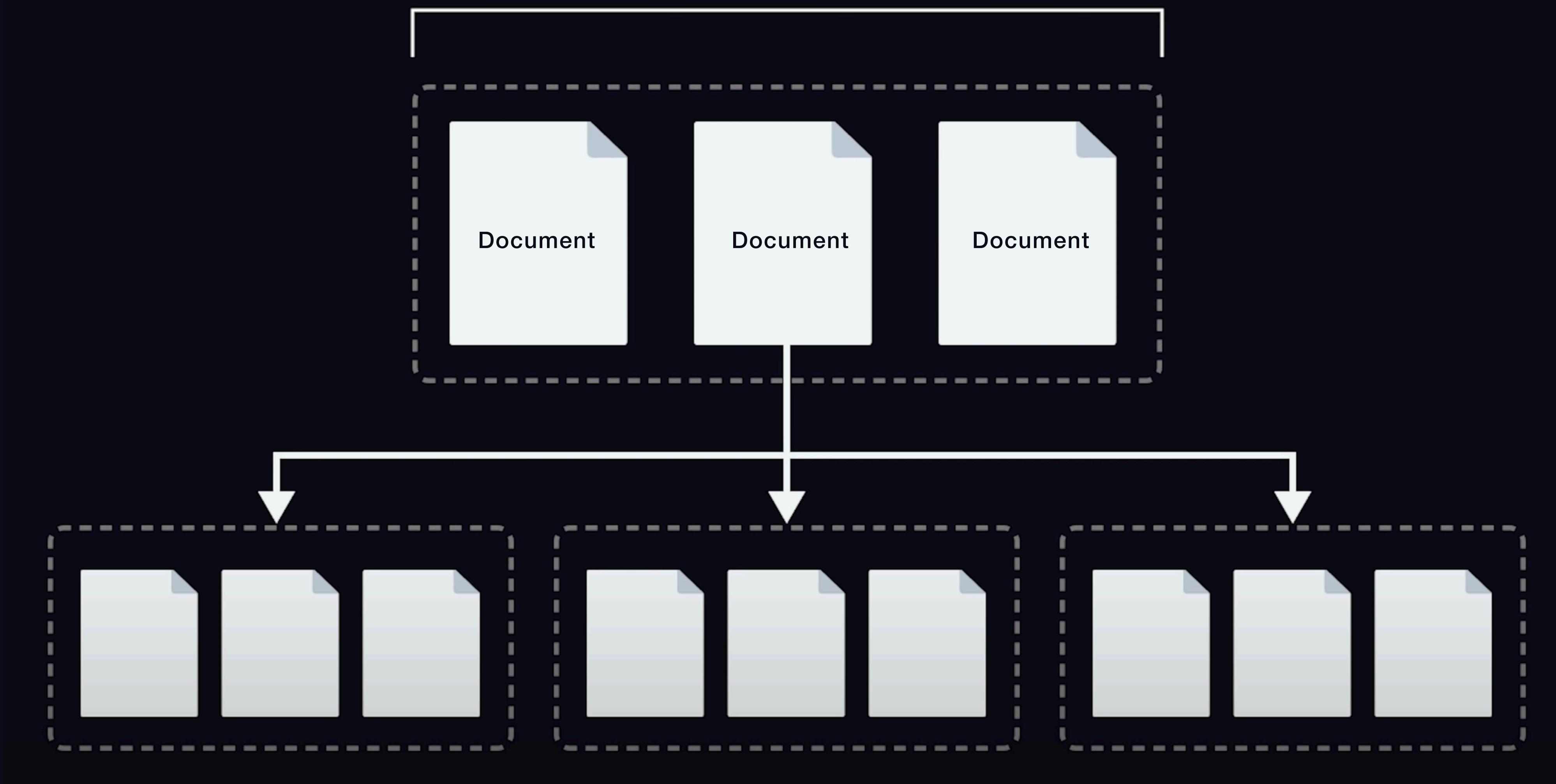
# Collection



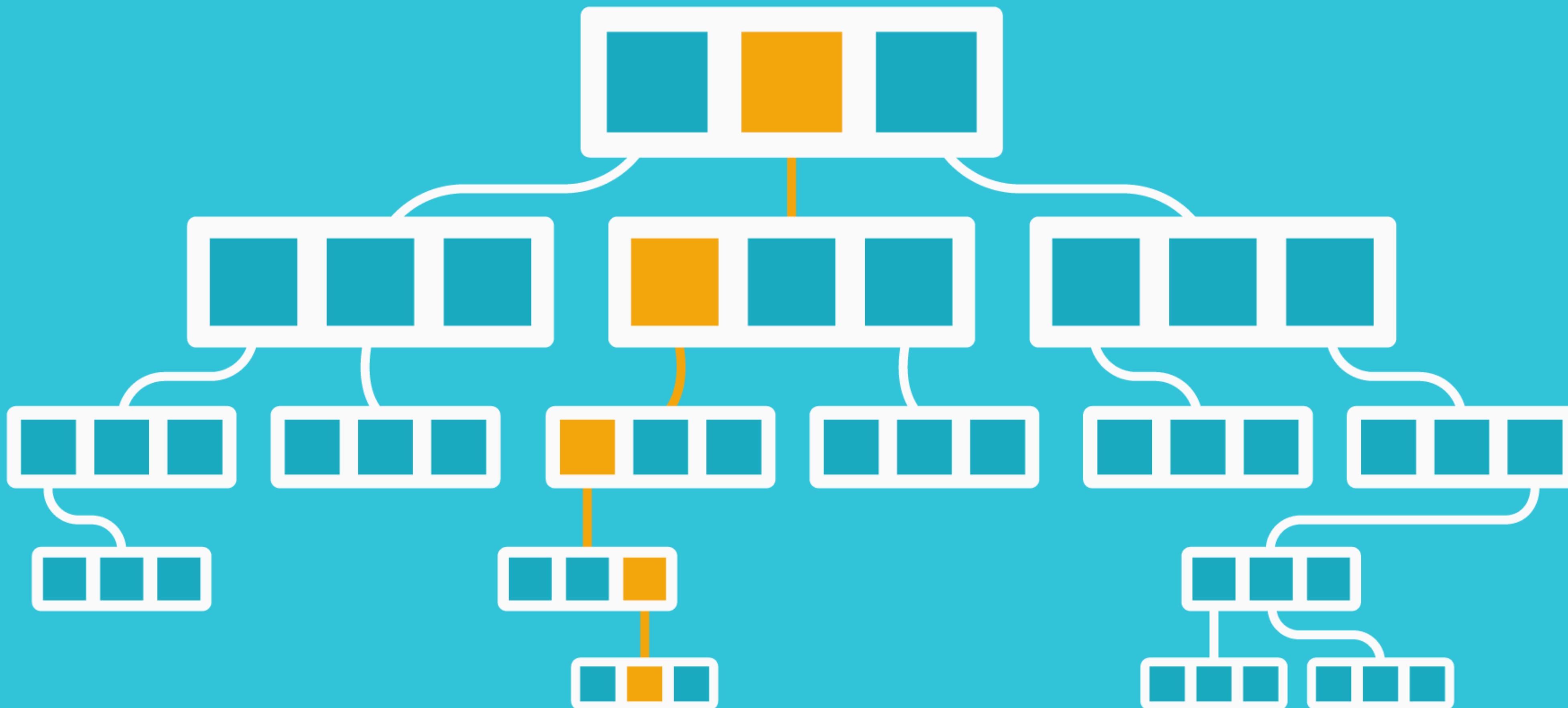
A way to organize and store data as a set of field-value pairs in MongoDB.

An organized store of documents in MongoDB, usually with common fields between documents

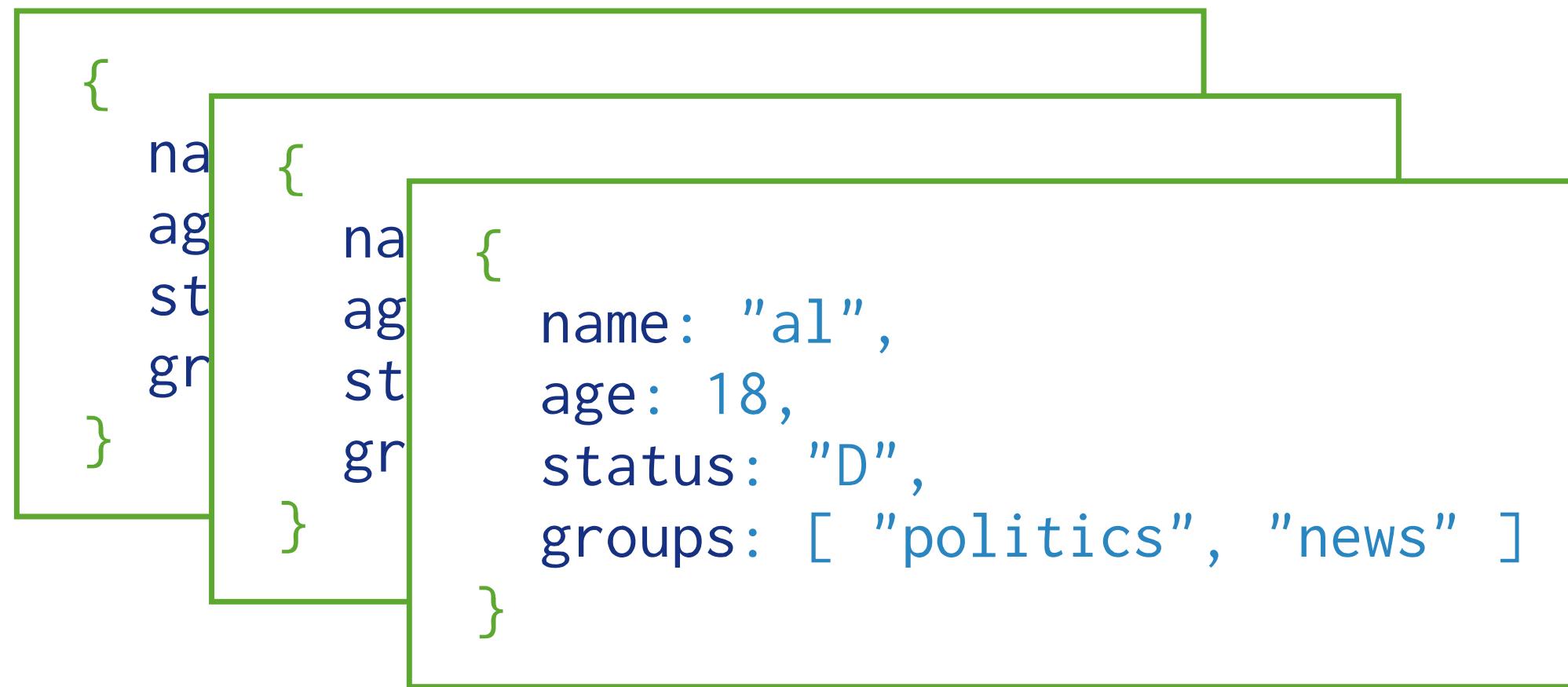
## Collection



# Collections and Documents



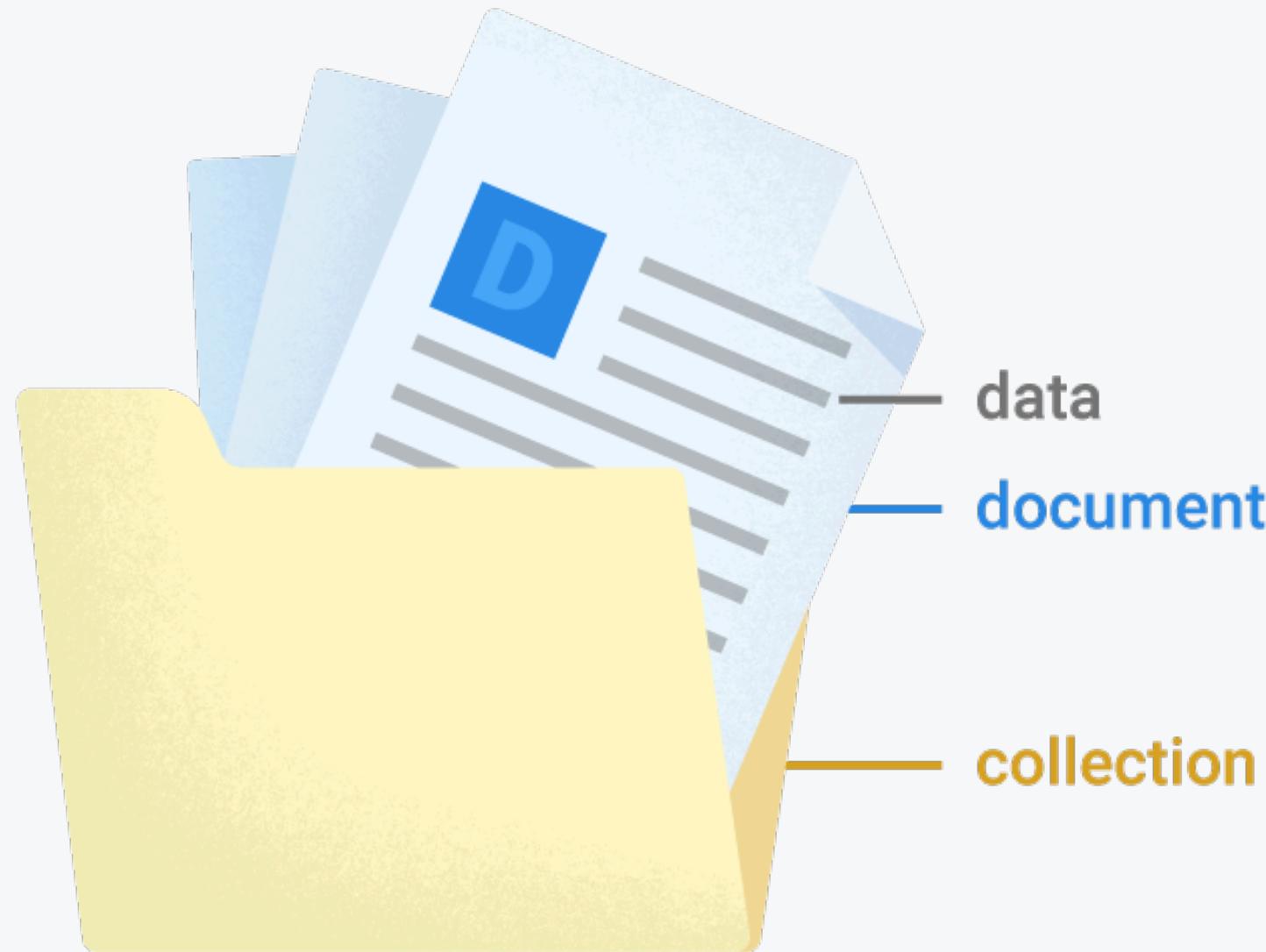
# Collections and Documents



Collection

```
{  
  name: "sue",  
  age: 26,  
  status: "A",  
  groups: [ "news", "sports" ]  
} ← field:value  
      ← field:value  
      ← field:value  
      ← field:value
```

Document



Home > users > seme0qoWIzQh...

mdu-e18front	users	seme0qoWIzQhZDfI1m0L
+ Start collection	+ Add document	+ Start collection
users >	IS35ivFQ0BBYr0bwZX7k cNzvoH8XSRib6XXiUYuX seme0qoWIzQhZDfI1m0L >	+ Add field  mail: "bki@eaaa.dk" name: "Birgitte"

# Collection & document vs array & object



Properties  
Object

field

document

collection

Array

```
const users = [  
  {  
    id: 1,  
    name: "Rasmus Cederdorff",  
    title: "Senior Lecturer",  
    mail: "race@eaaa.dk",  
    image: "https://share.cederdorff.com/images/race.jpg"  
  },  
  {  
    id: 2,  
    name: "Anne Kirketerp",  
    title: "Head of Department",  
    mail: "anki@eaaa.dk",  
    image: "https://www.eaaa.dk/media/5buh1xeo/anne-kirke"  
  },  
  {  
    id: 3,  
    name: "Murat Kilic",  
    title: "Senior Lecturer",  
    mail: "mki@eaaa.dk",  
    image: "https://www.eaaa.dk/media/llyavasj/murat-kili"  
  }  
];
```

```
1  {
2      "first_name": "Paul",
3      "surname": "Miller",
4      "cell": "447557505611",
5      "city": "London",
6      "location": [45.123, 47.232],
7      "profession": ["banking", "finance", "trader"],
8      "cars": [
9          {
10             "model": "Bentley",
11             "year": 1973
12         },
13         {
14             "model": "Rolls Royce",
15             "year": 1965
16         }
17     ]
18 }
```

# The Document Model and MongoDB





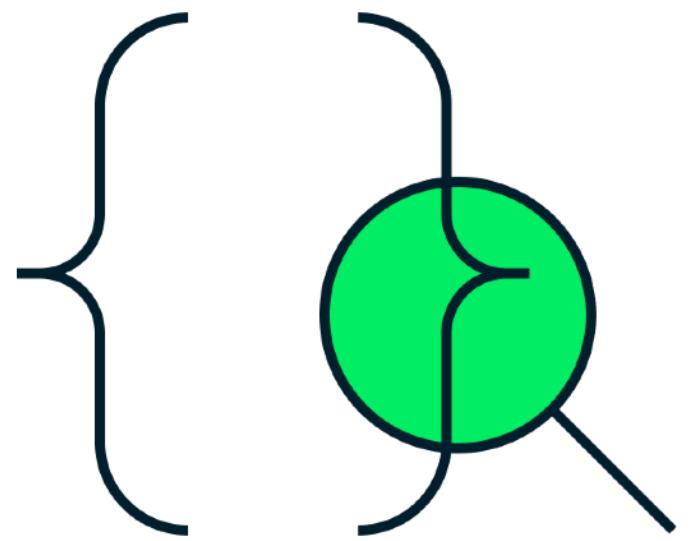
# What is MongoDB in 5 Minutes



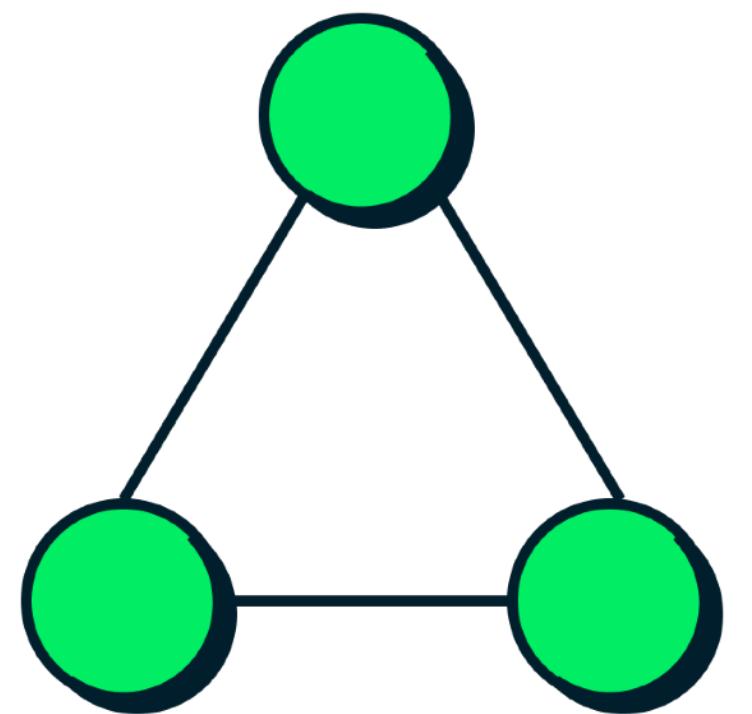
[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EE8ZTQxa0AM&ab\\_channel=MongoDB](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EE8ZTQxa0AM&ab_channel=MongoDB)



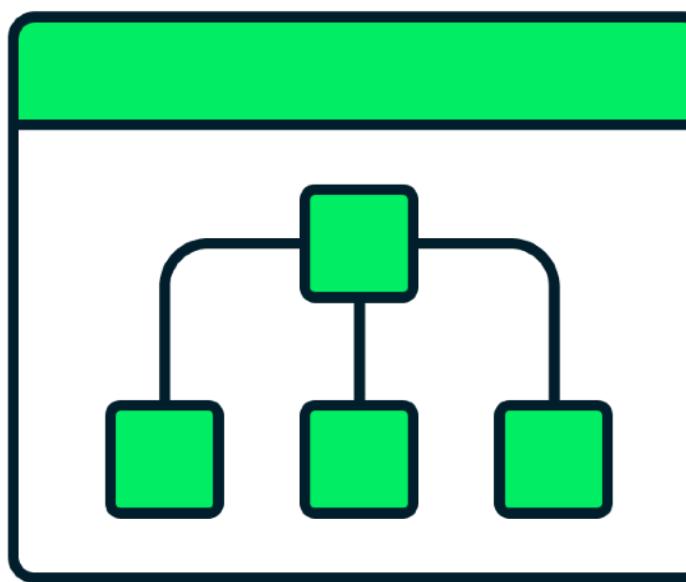
# Key Features



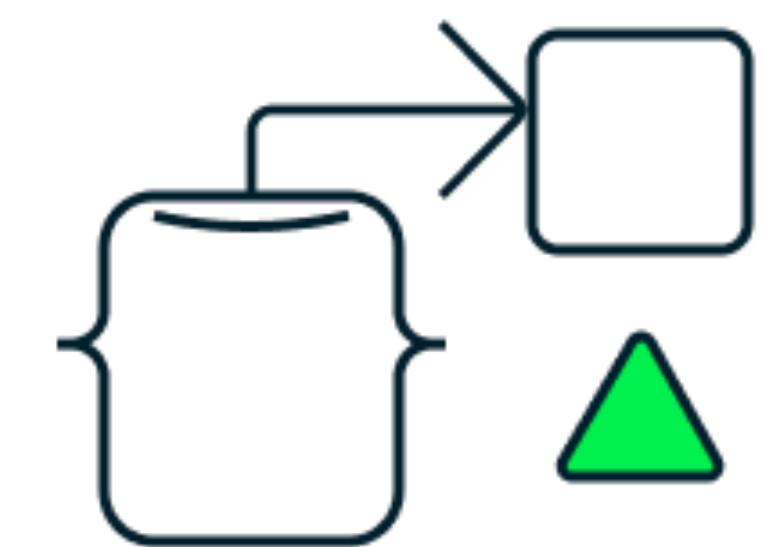
API query or query language



Distributed and resilient



Flexible schema



Object mapping



```
{  
  "_id": ObjectId(  
    "5f4f7fef2d4b45b7f11b6d7a") ,  
  "user_id": "Sean",  
  "age": 29,  
  "Status": "A"  
}
```

## The Document Model: Structure and Syntax

- To the left is an example of a document representing a user details including `user_id`, `age`, and a status `category`.



```
{  
  "_id": ObjectId(  
    "5f4f7fef2d4b45b7f11b6d7a") ,  
  "user_id": "Sean",  
  "age": 29,  
  "Status": "A"  
}
```

## The Document Model: Structure and Syntax

- A document in MongoDB uses the JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) format.
- This format uses curly brackets to mark the start and the end of the document.



```
{  
  "_id": ObjectId(  
    "5f4f7fef2d4b45b7f11b6d7a" ),  
  "user_id": "Sean",  
  "age": 29,  
  "Status": "A"  
}
```

# The Document Model: Structure and Syntax

- MongoDB refers to keys as fields.
- The field-values within a pair in a document are separated by colons (:).



```
{  
  "_id": ObjectId(  
    "5f4f7fef2d4b45b7f11b6d7a" ),  
  "user_id": "Sean",  
  "age": 29,  
  "Status": "A"  
}
```

## The Document Model: Structure and Syntax

- Each field must be enclosed within quotation marks. String values are often quoted as good practice.



```
{  
  "_id": ObjectId(  
    "5f4f7fef2d4b45b7f11b6d7a" ),  
  "user_id": "Sean",  
  "age": 29,  
  "Status": "A"  
}
```

# The Document Model: Structure and Syntax

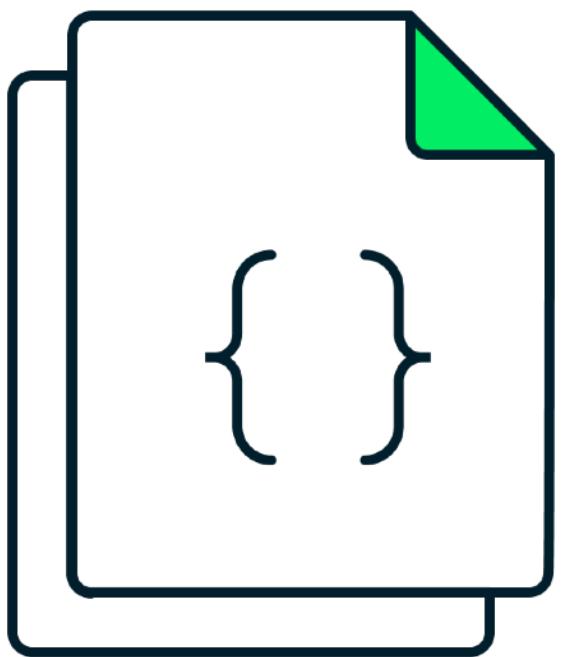
- Each field-value pair is separated within the document by commas.



# Collections in the Document Model



# Document



# Collection



A way to organize and store data as a set of field-value pairs in MongoDB.

An organized store of documents in MongoDB, usually with common fields between documents



# Example

Two documents in the same collection  
but with different fields...

```
{  
  "_id": ObjectId(  
    "5f4f7fef2d4b45b7f11b6d7a") ,  
  "user_id": "Sean",  
  "age": 29,  
  "Status": "A"  
}
```

```
{  
  "_id": ObjectId(  
    "5f4f7fef2d4b45b7f11b6d7a") ,  
  "user_id": "Daniel",  
  "age": 25,  

```

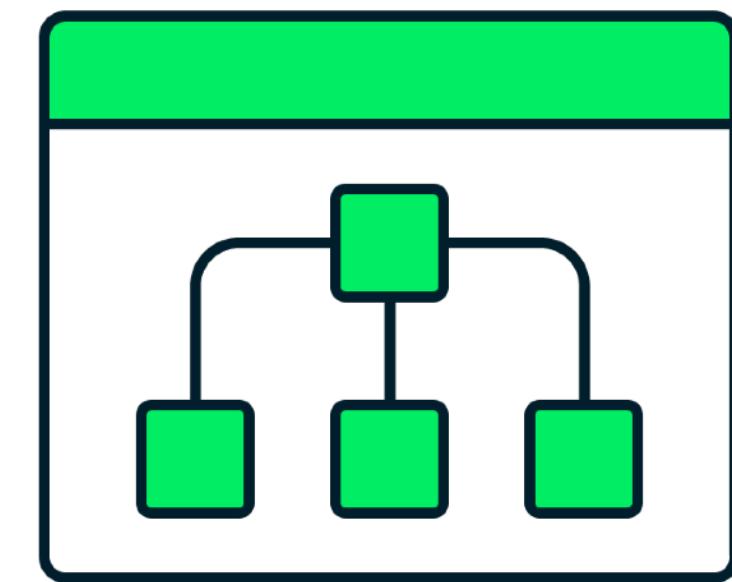


# Collections and Schema Validation

The document model used by MongoDB can enforce a schema if required, the recommended approach is to do so using JSON Schema.

JSON Schema:

- Allows a prescribed document structure to be configured on a per collection basis.
- Can tune schema validation according to use case.
- Can be used by any query to inspect document structure and content.



# Schema Validation

This example creates a users collection with validation rules:

- The document must be an object.
- It must have the required fields: `image`, `mail`, `name`, and `title`.
- The `_id` must be a unique `objectId`.
- The `image` must be a string.
- The `mail` must be a string and follow the pattern of a valid email address.
- The `name` and `title` must be strings.

You can customize the validation rules based on your specific requirements. Adjust the properties, types, and patterns as needed.

```
db.createCollection("users", {  
    validator: {  
        $jsonSchema: {  
            bsonType: "object",  
            required: ["image", "mail", "name", "title"],  
            properties: {  
                _id: {  
                    bsonType: "objectId",  
                    description: "must be a unique ObjectId"  
                },  
                image: {  
                    bsonType: "string",  
                    description: "must be a string and is required"  
                },  
                mail: {  
                    bsonType: "string",  
                    pattern: "^[a-zA-Z0-9._%+-]+@[a-zA-Z0-9.-]+\\". [a-zA-Z]{2,}$$",  
                    description: "must be a valid email address and is required"  
                },  
                name: {  
                    bsonType: "string",  
                    description: "must be a string and is required"  
                },  
                title: {  
                    bsonType: "string",  
                    description: "must be a string and is required"  
                }  
            }  
        }  
    }  
});
```



# MQL MongoDB Cheat Sheet

MongoDB Cheat Sheet | MongoDB Developer Center

mongodb.com/developer/products/mongodb/cheat-sheet/

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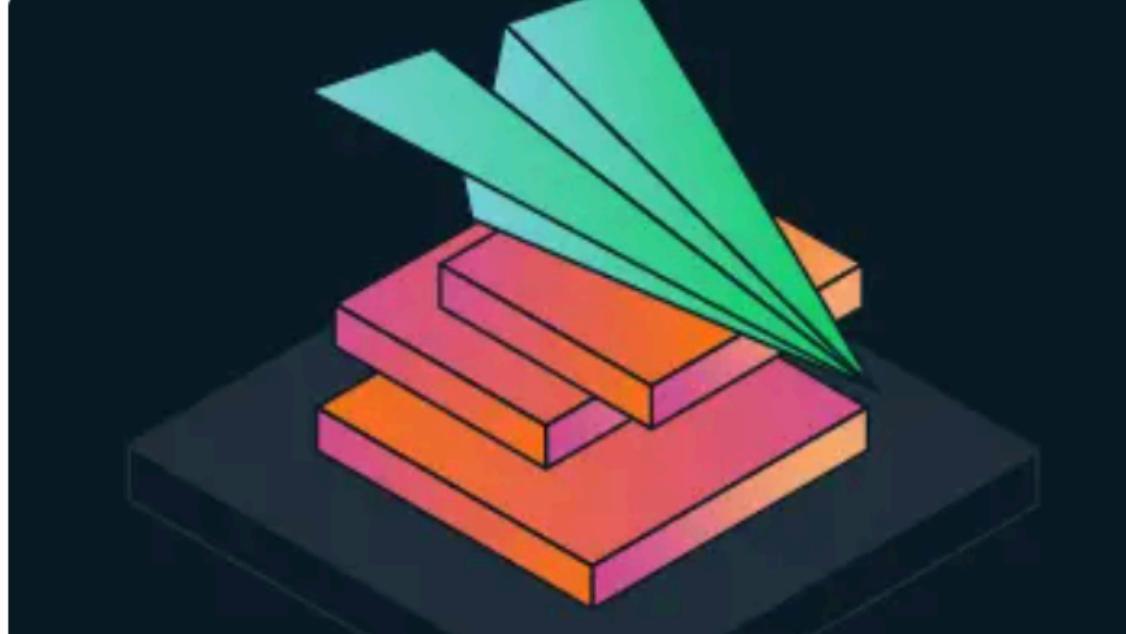
Videos

MONGODB DEVELOPER CENTER > DEVELOPER TOPICS > PRODUCTS > MONGODB > QUICKSTARTS

# MongoDB Cheat Sheet

Maxime Beugnet 5 min read • Published Jan 31, 2022 • Updated Sep 29, 2023

MongoDB



Rate this quickstart ★ ★ ★ ★ ★

First steps in the MongoDB World? This cheat sheet is filled with some handy tips, commands, and quick references to get you connected and CRUD'ing in no time!

- Get a free MongoDB cluster in MongoDB Atlas.
- Follow a course in MongoDB University.

Table of Contents

- Updates
- Table of Contents
- Connect via mongosh
- Helpers
- CRUD
- Databases and Collections
- Indexes
- Handy commands
- Change Streams
- Replica Set
- Sharded Cluster
- Wrap-up

<https://www.mongodb.com/developer/products/mongodb/cheat-sheet/>



# MQL

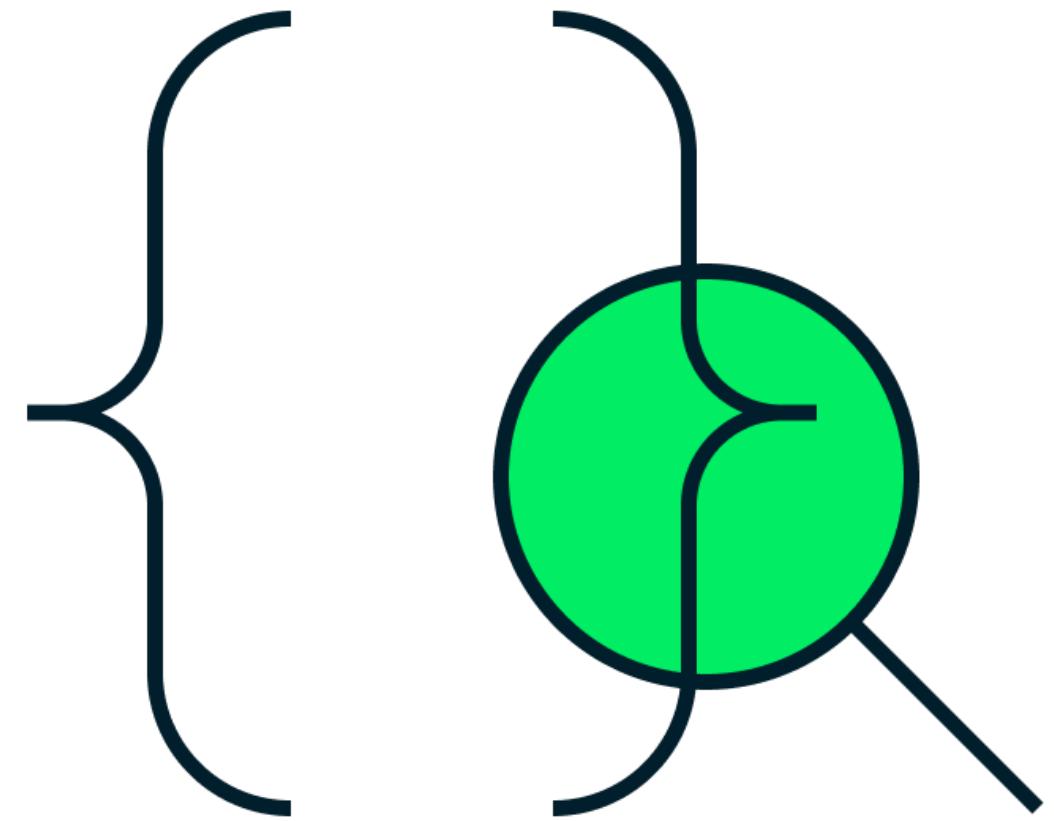
# MongoDB Query Language



Simple syntax

Designed to query  
documents

Only queries a single  
collection



MongoDB Query Language



# MongoDB Query Language

MQL is designed for single collection queries and it is typically used for creating, reading, updating, or deletion (CRUD) operations.

MQL query operators:

- Comparison
- Logical
- Element
- Array
- Evaluation
- Bitwise
- Comment
- Geospatial
- Projection, Update and Update  
Modifiers



# MQL Find()





# MQL Find()

db.<collection>.find()

Query filter document

db.collection.find({ <field1>: <value1>, ... })

Specifying query operators

db.<collection>.find({ <field1>: { <operator1>: <value1> }, ... })



# MQL Find()

db.<collection>.find()

Query filter document

db.collection.find({ <field1>: <value1>, ... })

Specifying query operators

db.<collection>.find({ <field1>: { <operator1>: <value1> }, ... })



# MQL Find()

db.<collection>.find()

Query filter document

db.collection.find({ <field1>: <value1>, ... })

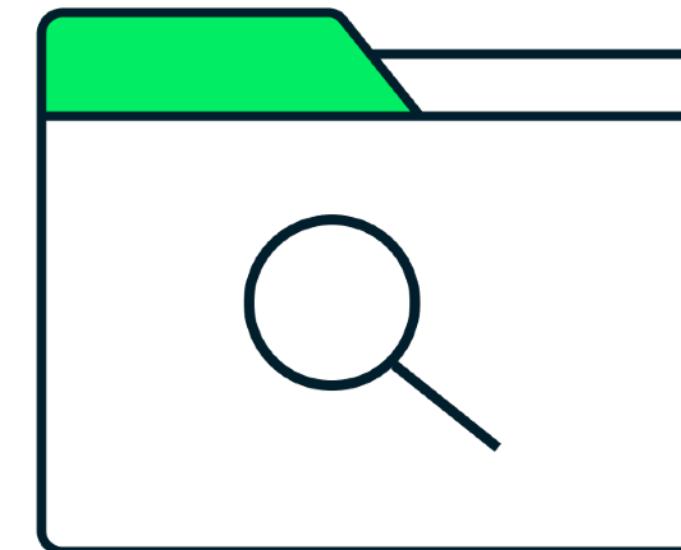
Specifying query operators

db.<collection>.find({ <field1>: { <operator1>: <value1> }, ... })



# MQL Find(): Important Note

The collection is implicit in MQL based on  
the query's criteria.



# Querying with Mongoose

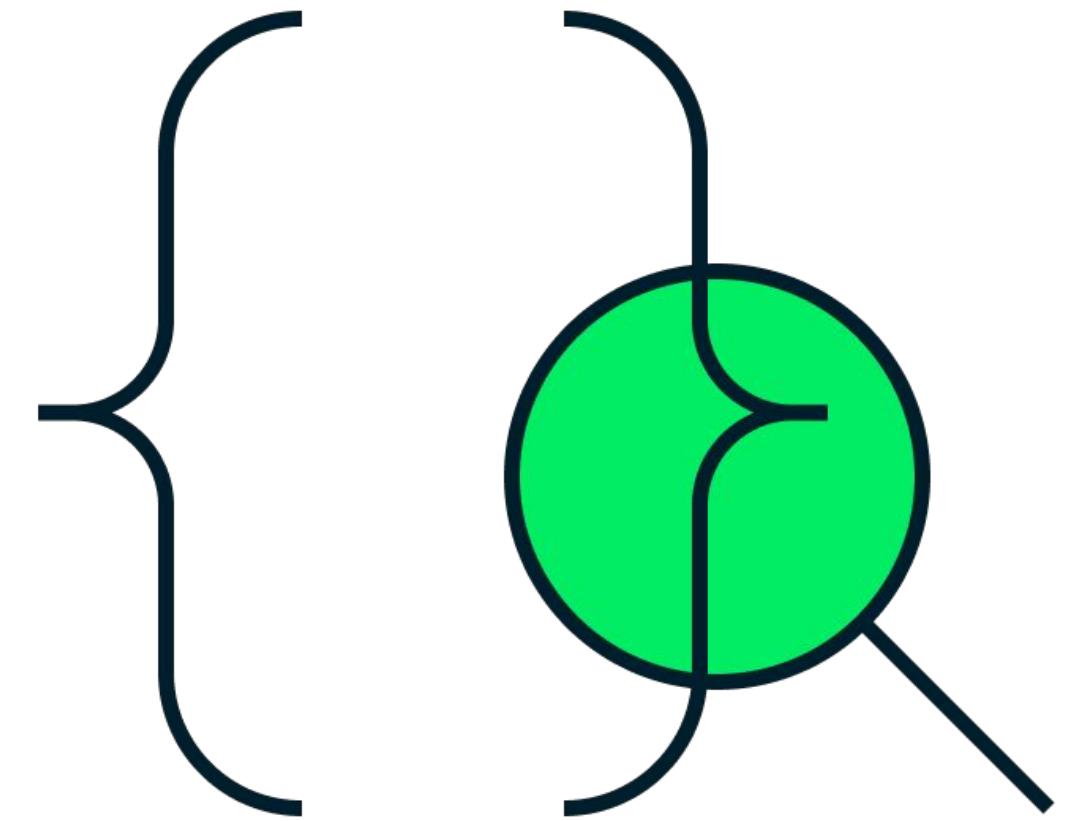




Simple syntax

Designed to query  
documents

Only queries a single  
collection



MongoDB Query  
Language



`$lt`: Exists and less than

`$lte`: Exists and less than or equal to

`$gt`: Exists and greater than

`$gte`: Exists and greater than or equal to

`$ne`: Does not exist or does but not equal to

`$eq`: Exists and equal to

`$in`: Exists and in a set

`$nin`: Does not exist or not in a set

## MQL Query Operators: Comparison



```
db.people.find(  
  {  
    "age": { $lt: 30 }  
  }  
)
```

With the age field  
value being \$lt (less  
than) 30

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the title bar "MongoDB Query Operators". The address bar displays the URL "w3schools.com/mongod...". The page content is from w3schools.com and discusses MongoDB query operators. It includes sections on Logical operators and Evaluation operators, each with a list of operators and their descriptions.

## Logical

The following operators can logically compare multiple queries.

- **\$and** : Returns documents where both queries match
- **\$or** : Returns documents where either query matches
- **\$nor** : Returns documents where both queries fail to match
- **\$not** : Returns documents where the query does not match

## Evaluation

The following operators assist in evaluating documents.

- **\$regex** : Allows the use of regular expressions when evaluating field values
- **\$text** : Performs a text search
- **\$where** : Uses a JavaScript expression to match documents

[https://www.w3schools.com/mongodb/mongodb\\_query\\_operators.php](https://www.w3schools.com/mongodb/mongodb_query_operators.php)

# Query Users

## 1. Find all users:

javascript

 Copy code

```
const allUsers = await User.find();
console.log(allUsers);
```

## 2. Find a specific user by ID:

javascript

 Copy code

```
const specificUser = await User.findById("user_id_here");
console.log(specificUser);
```

## 3. Find users with a specific title:

javascript

 Copy code

```
const usersWithTitle = await User.find({ title: "Senior Lecturer" });
console.log(usersWithTitle);
```

## Query Posts

### 1. Find all posts:

javascript

 Copy code

```
const allPosts = await Post.find();
console.log(allPosts);
```

### 2. Find posts with a specific tag:

javascript

 Copy code

```
const postsWithTag = await Post.find({ tags: "tag_name_here" });
console.log(postsWithTag);
```

### 3. Find posts with multiple tags:

javascript

 Copy code

```
const postsWithTags = await Post.find({ tags: { $in: ["tag1", "tag2"] } });
console.log(postsWithTags);
```

#### 4. Find posts by a specific user:

javascript

 Copy code

```
const userPosts = await Post.find({ user: "user_id_here" });
console.log(userPosts);
```

#### 5. Find posts with a minimum number of likes:

javascript

 Copy code

```
const popularPosts = await Post.find({ likes: { $gte: 100 } });
console.log(popularPosts);
```

## Greater Than and Less Than Queries

1. Find posts with more than 100 likes:

javascript

 Copy code

```
const postsWithMoreThan100Likes = await Post.find({ likes: { $gt: 100 } });
console.log(postsWithMoreThan100Likes);
```

2. Find posts with less than 50 likes:

javascript

 Copy code

```
const postsWithLessThan50Likes = await Post.find({ likes: { $lt: 50 } });
console.log(postsWithLessThan50Likes);
```

3. Find posts with likes between 50 and 100 (inclusive):

javascript

 Copy code

```
const postsWithLikesBetween50And100 = await Post.find({ likes: { $gte: 50, $lte: 100 } });
console.log(postsWithLikesBetween50And100);
```

# One tag

```
export async function loader() {
  const posts = await mongoose.models.Post.find({ tags: "Aarhus" })
    .sort({ createdAt: -1 })
    .populate("user");

  return json({ posts });
}
```

# Multiple tags

```
export async function loader() {
  const posts = await mongoose.models.Post.find({ tags: { $in: ["tag1", "tag2"] } });

  return json({ posts });
}
```

# Multiple tags

```
export async function loader() {
  const posts = await mongoose.models.Post.find({
    tags: { $in: ["Aarhus", "city"] },
  })
    .sort({ createdAt: -1 })
    .populate("user");

  return json({ posts });
}
```

# Post by specific user

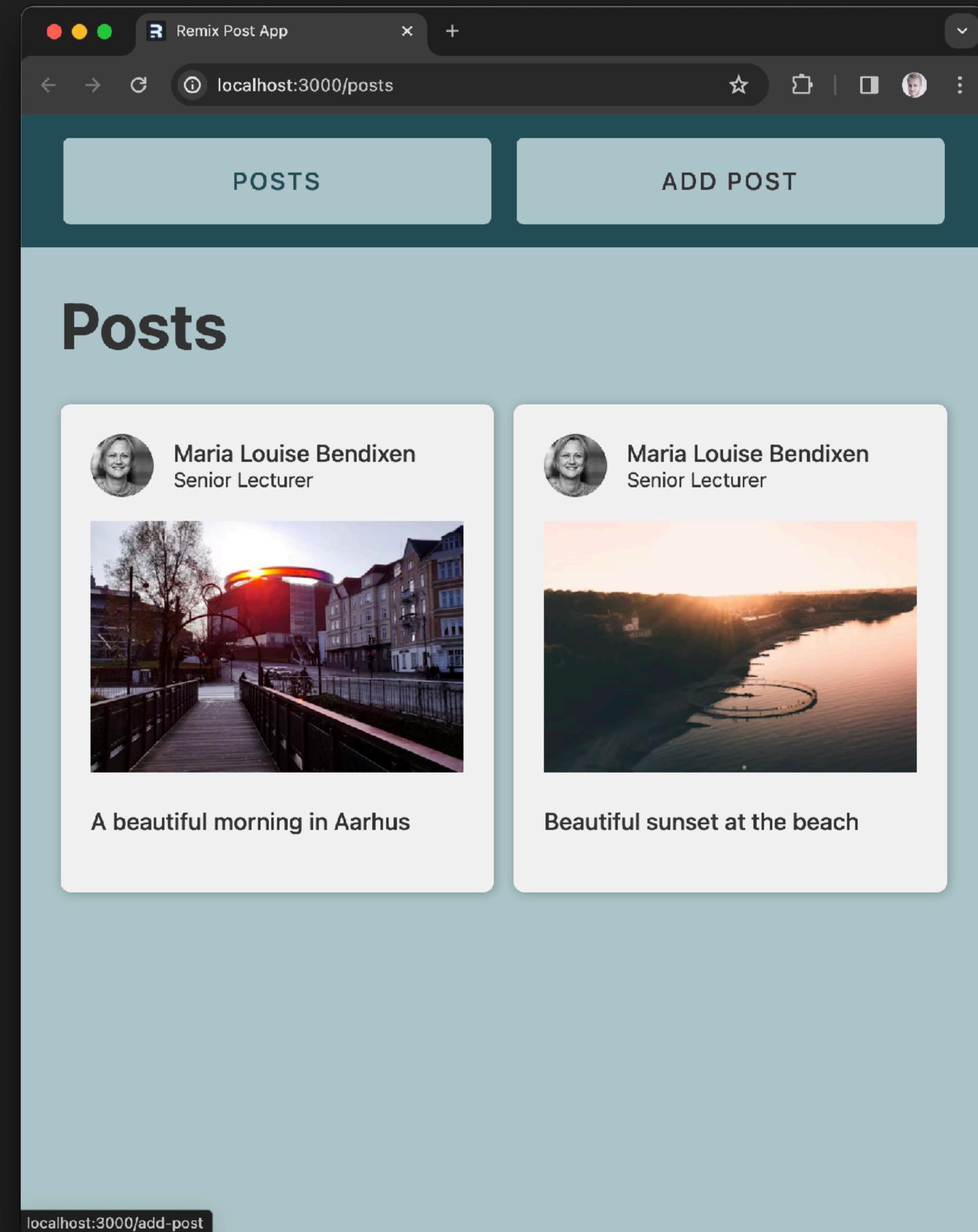
```
export async function loader() {
  const posts = await mongoose.models.Post.find({ user: "65cde4cb0d09cb615a23db17" });

  return json({ posts });
}
```

# Search - caption: “beautiful”

```
export async function loader() {
  const posts = await mongoose.models.Post.find({
    caption: { $regex: "beautiful", $options: "i" }
  })
    .sort({ createdAt: -1 })
    .populate("user");

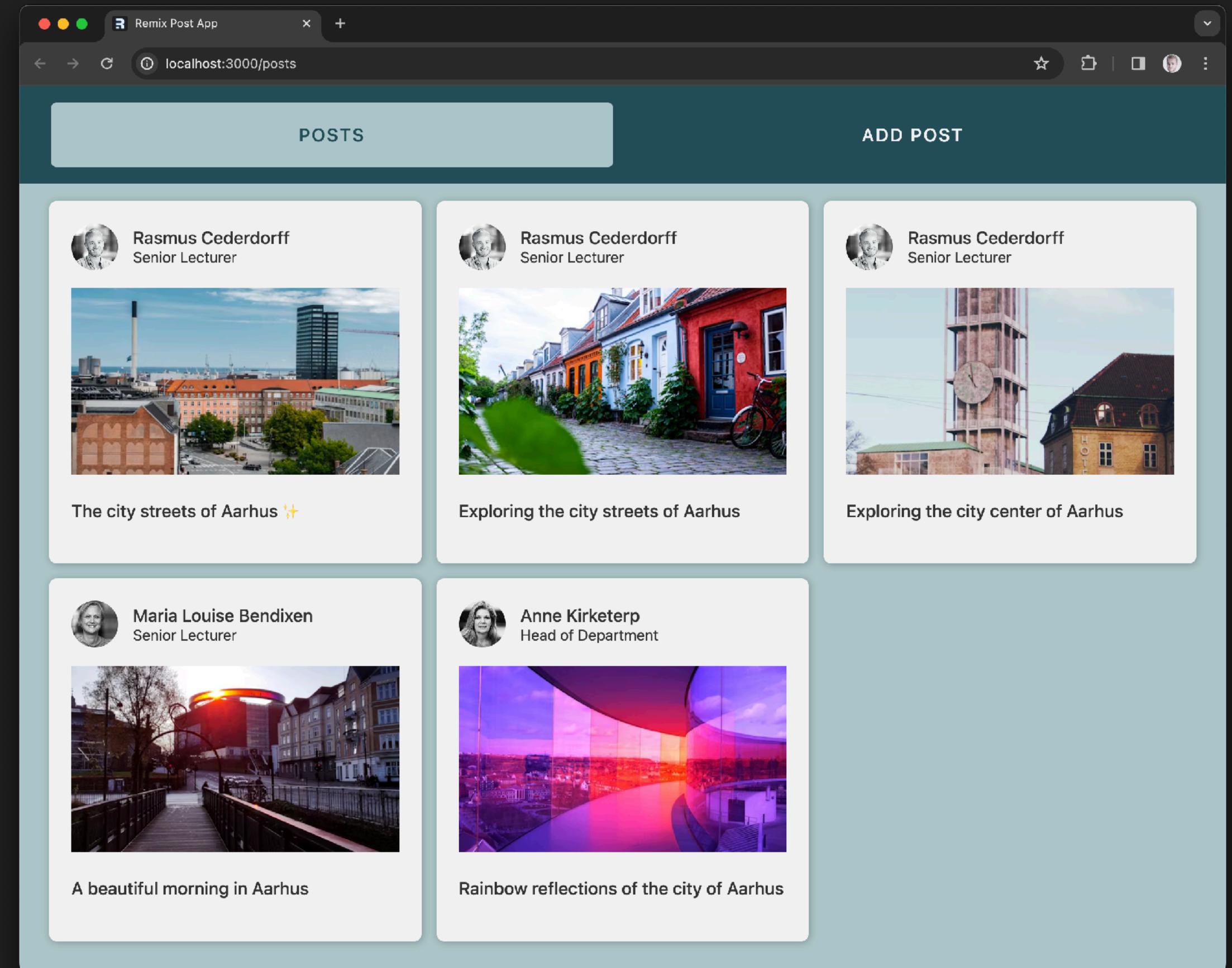
  return json({ posts });
}
```



# Search - caption: “aarh”

```
export async function loader() {
  const posts = await mongoose.models.Post.find({
    caption: { $regex: "aarh", $options: "i" }
  })
    .sort({ createdAt: -1 })
    .populate("user");

  return json({ posts });
}
```



# SQL vs MQL



The following table presents the various SQL terminology and concepts and the corresponding MongoDB terminology and concepts.

SQL Terms/Concepts	MongoDB Terms/Concepts
database	database
table	collection
row	document or BSON document
column	field
index	index
table joins	<code>\$lookup</code> , embedded documents
primary key	primary key
Specify any unique column or column combination as primary key.	In MongoDB, the primary key is automatically set to the <code>_id</code> field.

<https://www.mongodb.com/docs/manual/reference/sql-comparison/>

## SQL Schema Statements

```
CREATE TABLE people (
    id MEDIUMINT NOT NULL
        AUTO_INCREMENT,
    user_id Varchar(30),
    age Number,
    status char(1),
    PRIMARY KEY (id)
)
```

## MongoDB Schema Statements

Implicitly created on first `insertOne()` or `insertMany()` operation. The primary key `_id` is automatically added if `_id` field is not specified.

```
db.people.insertOne( {
    user_id: "abc123",
    age: 55,
    status: "A"
} )
```

## SQL INSERT Statements

```
INSERT INTO people(user_id,  
                  age,  
                  status)  
VALUES ("bcd001",  
       45,  
      "A")
```

## MongoDB insertOne() Statements

```
db.people.insertOne(  
  { user_id: "bcd001", age: 45, status: "A" })
```

## SQL SELECT Statements

```
SELECT *  
FROM people
```

```
SELECT id,  
       user_id,  
       status  
FROM people
```

```
SELECT user_id, status  
FROM people
```

```
SELECT *  
FROM people  
WHERE status = "A"
```

## MongoDB find() Statements

```
db.people.find()
```

```
db.people.find(  
    { },  
    { user_id: 1, status: 1 }  
)
```

```
db.people.find(  
    { },  
    { user_id: 1, status: 1, _id: 0 }  
)
```

```
db.people.find(  
    { status: "A" }  
)
```

## SQL Update Statements

```
UPDATE people  
SET status = "C"  
WHERE age > 25
```

```
UPDATE people  
SET age = age + 3  
WHERE status = "A"
```

## MongoDB updateMany() Statements

```
db.people.updateMany(  
  { age: { $gt: 25 } },  
  { $set: { status: "C" } }  
)
```

```
db.people.updateMany(  
  { status: "A" } ,  
  { $inc: { age: 3 } }  
)
```

# MySQL

TABLE  
1995  
SCHEMA  
RIGID



# MongoDB

DOCUMENT  
2007  
JSON  
FLEXIBLE

# Differences between SQL and NoSQL

	SQL Databases	NoSQL Databases
<b>Data Storage Model</b>	Tables with fixed rows and columns	Document: JSON documents, Key-value: key-value pairs, Wide-column: tables with rows and dynamic columns, Graph: nodes and edges
<b>Development History</b>	Developed in the 1970s with a focus on reducing data duplication	Developed in the late 2000s with a focus on scaling and allowing for rapid application change driven by agile and DevOps practices.
<b>Examples</b>	Oracle, MySQL, Microsoft SQL Server, and PostgreSQL	Document: MongoDB and CouchDB, Key-value: Redis and DynamoDB, Wide-column: Cassandra and HBase, Graph: Neo4j and Amazon Neptune
<b>Primary Purpose</b>	General purpose	Document: general purpose, Key-value: large amounts of data with simple lookup queries, Wide-column: large amounts of data with predictable query patterns, Graph: analyzing and traversing relationships between connected data
<b>Schemas</b>	Rigid	Flexible
<b>Scaling</b>	Vertical (scale-up with a larger server)	Horizontal (scale-out across commodity servers)
<b>Multi-Record ACID Transactions</b>	Supported	Most do not support multi-record ACID transactions. However, some – like MongoDB – do.
<b>Joins</b>	Typically required	Typically not required
<b>Data to Object Mapping</b>	Requires ORM (object-relational mapping)	Many do not require ORMs. MongoDB documents map directly to data structures in most popular programming languages.

<https://www.mongodb.com/nosql-explained/nosql-vs-sql>

# Features: SQL vs NoSQL

Feature	SQL Databases	NoSQL Databases
Data Structure	Structured	Flexible (Document, Key-Value, Graph, Wide-Column)
Data Types	Structured	Structured, Semi-structured, Unstructured
Scalability	Vertical (increasing resources on a single server)	Horizontal (adding more servers to a cluster)
ACID Compliance	Yes	No (may support eventual consistency)
Query Language	Structured Query Language (SQL)	Less structured query languages or no specific query language
Applications	E-commerce, Financial Systems, Enterprise Applications	Web Applications, Social Media Platforms, Mobile Apps
Strengths	Data organization, Complex queries, ACID compliance	Flexibility, Scalability, Handling unstructured data
Weaknesses	Rigid schema, Slow performance for large data	Less mature technology, Less standardized query syntax

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<https://g.co/bard/share/9a4c7d0aa722>

# Features: MySQL vs MongoDB

Feature	MySQL	MongoDB
Data Structure	Relational (tables, rows, columns)	Document (JSON-like documents)
Schema	Rigid, requires predefined schema	No schema, flexible data structure
Data Types	Structured	Structured, Semi-structured, Unstructured (JSON, XML, binary data)
Scalability	Vertical (increasing resources on a single server)	Horizontal (adding more servers to a cluster)
ACID Compliance	Yes	Eventual consistency
Query Language	Structured Query Language (SQL)	MongoDB Query Language (MongoDBQL)
Applications	E-commerce, Financial Systems, Enterprise Applications	Web Applications, Social Media Platforms, Mobile Apps, Real-time applications
Strengths	Data organization, Complex queries, ACID compliance, Mature technology	Flexibility, Scalability, Handling unstructured data, Real-time data handling
Weaknesses	Rigid schema, Slow performance for large data	Less mature technology, Less standardized query syntax, May not support complex queries

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# Best For: MySQL vs MongoDB

Feature	MySQL	MongoDB
Best for	Applications with structured data, complex queries, and strict data integrity	Applications with unstructured or evolving data, high scalability, and real-time data handling

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# MongoDB CRUD Operations



MongoDB CRUD Operations - x +

mongodb.com/docs/manual/crud/

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← Back To Develop Applications

MongoDB Manual

7.0 (current)

- ▶ Introduction
- ▶ Installation
- MongoDB Shell (mongosh)
- ▼ MongoDB CRUD Operations
  - ▶ Insert Documents
  - ▶ Query Documents
  - ▶ Update Documents
  - ▶ Delete Documents
  - Bulk Write Operations
  - Retryable Writes
  - Retryable Reads
  - SQL to MongoDB Mapping Chart

[https://www.mongodb.com/pricing](#)

## MongoDB CRUD Operations

CRUD operations *create, read, update, and delete* documents.

You can connect with driver methods and perform CRUD operations for deployments hosted in the following environments:

 You can perform CRUD operations in the UI for deployments hosted in MongoDB Atlas.

### Create Operations

Create or insert operations add new [documents](#) to a [collection](#). If the collection does not currently exist, insert operations will create the collection.

MongoDB provides the following methods to insert documents into a collection:

- `db.collection.insertOne()` New in version 3.2
- `db.collection.insertMany()` New in version 3.2

Share Feedback

On this page

- Create Operations
- Read Operations
- Update Operations
- Delete Operations
- Bulk Write

when you ask Rasmus for help and he says "Read documentation"



<https://www.mongodb.com/docs/manual/crud/>

# The Docs and Articles

- MongoDB, Inc. 2023. Introduction to MongoDB: <https://www.mongodb.com/docs/manual/introduction/>
- MongoDB, Inc. 2023. Databases and Collections: <https://www.mongodb.com/docs/manual/core/databases-and-collections/>
- MongoDB, Inc. 2023. MongoDB CRUD Operations: <https://www.mongodb.com/docs/manual/crud/>
- MongoDB, Inc. 2023. Data Modeling Introduction: <https://www.mongodb.com/docs/manual/core/data-modeling-introduction/>
- MongoDB, Inc. 2023. Indexes: <https://www.mongodb.com/docs/manual/indexes/>
- Beugnet, M. 2023. MongoDB Cheat Sheet: <https://www.mongodb.com/developer/products/mongodb/cheat-sheet/>
- Karlsson, j. 2023. MongoDB Schema Design Best Practices: <https://www.mongodb.com/developer/products/mongodb/mongodb-schema-design-best-practices/>



# Create

```
db.users.insertOne(← collection
{
  name: "sue", ← field: value
  age: 26, ← field: value
  status: "pending" ← field: value } document
})
```

```
db.createCollection("posts")

db.posts.insertOne(
{
  caption: "Beautiful sunset at the beach",
  createdAt: new Date("2023-04-05T15:27:14Z"),
  image: "https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1566241832378-917a0f30db2c?ixlib=rb-4.0.3",
  uid: ObjectId("ZfPTVEMQKf9v")
}

db.posts.insertMany([
  {
    caption: "Beautiful sunset at the beach",
    createdAt: new Date("2023-04-05T15:27:14Z"),
    image: "https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1566241832378-917a0f30db2c?ixlib=rb-4.0.3",
    uid: ObjectId("ZfPTVEMQKf9v")
  },
  {
    caption: "Exploring the city streets of Aarhus",
    createdAt: new Date("2023-04-06T10:45:30Z"),
    image: "https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1559070169-a3077159ee16?ixlib=rb-4.0.3",
    uid: ObjectId("fTs84KRoYw5p")
  },
  {
    caption: "Delicious food at the restaurant",
    createdAt: new Date("2023-04-04T20:57:24Z"),
    image: "https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1548940740-204726a19be3?ixlib=rb-4.0.3",
    uid: ObjectId("fjpRTTjZHwr")
  },
  //...
])
```

# Read

```
db.users.find(  
  { age: { $gt: 18 } },  
  { name: 1, address: 1 }  
).limit(5)
```

← collection  
← query criteria  
← projection  
← cursor modifier

```
// find all  
db.posts.find()  
  // find all - to array  
  db.posts.find().toArray()  
  
// posts with specific user  
db.posts.find({uid: ObjectId("ZfPTVEMQKf9v")})  
// all users with title: "Senior Lecturer"  
db.users.find({title:"Senior Lecturer"})  
  
// find and then sort  
// 1 for ascending or -1 for descending  
db.users.find().sort({name:1})  
db.posts.find().sort({createdAt:1})  
  
db.posts.find().count() // count docs
```

# Update

```
db.users.updateMany(  
  { age: { $lt: 18 } },  
  { $set: { status: "reject" } } )
```

← collection  
← update filter  
← update action

```
db.users.updateOne(  
  // Specify the user you want to update  
  { _id: ObjectId("ZfPTVEMQKf9v") },  
  {  
    $set: {  
      // Update the name field with the new value  
      name: "New Name",  
      // Update the title field with the new value  
      title: "New Title"  
      // Add more fields to update as needed  
    }  
  }  
);  
  
db.users.updateMany(  
  // Specify the criteria for the documents you want to update  
  { title: "Senior Lecturer" },  
  {  
    $set: {  
      // Update the title field with the new value  
      title: "Updated Title",  
      // Add more fields to update as needed  
    }  
  }  
);
```

# Update

- If you want to completely replace a document

```
db.users.replaceOne(  
    // Specify the user you want to replace  
    { _id: ObjectId("ZfPTVEMQKf9v") },  
    {  
        _id: ObjectId("ZfPTVEMQKf9v"),  
        image: "https://new-image-url.com",  
        mail: "new-email@example.com",  
        // Add more fields as needed  
    }  
);
```

# Delete

```
db.users.deleteMany(  
  { status: "reject" }  
)
```



collection  
delete filter

```
db.users.deleteOne(  
  // Specify the user you want to delete  
  { _id: ObjectId("ZfPTVEMQKf9v") }  
);  
  
db.users.deleteMany(  
  // Specify the criteria for the  
  // documents you want to delete  
  { title: "Senior Lecturer" }  
);
```

# MySQL: Schema Design



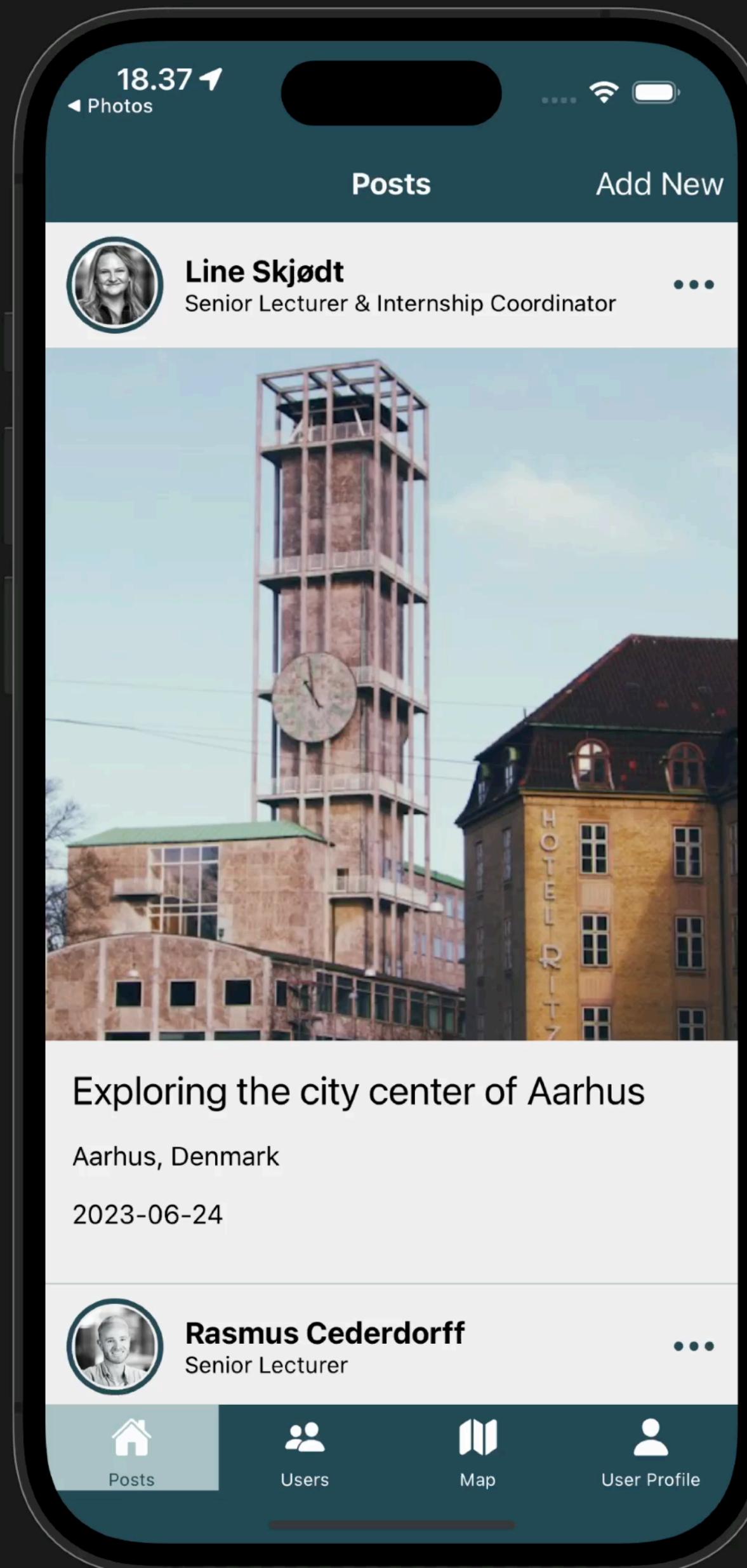


# Features: MySQL vs MongoDB

Feature	MySQL	MongoDB
Data Structure	Relational (tables, rows, columns)	Document (JSON-like documents)
Schema	Rigid, requires predefined schema	No schema, flexible data structure
Data Types	Structured	Structured, Semi-structured, Unstructured (JSON, XML, binary data)
Scalability	Vertical (increasing resources on a single server)	Horizontal (adding more servers to a cluster)
ACID Compliance	Yes	Eventual consistency
Query Language	Structured Query Language (SQL)	MongoDB Query Language (MongoDBQL)
Applications	E-commerce, Financial Systems, Enterprise Applications	Web Applications, Social Media Platforms, Mobile Apps, Real-time applications
Strengths	Data organization, Complex queries, ACID compliance, Mature technology	Flexibility, Scalability, Handling unstructured data, Real-time data handling
Weaknesses	Rigid schema, Slow performance for large data	Less mature technology, Less standardized query syntax, May not support complex queries

[!\[\]\(4d158168e51f0b33a8860b35809d0dc4\_img.jpg\) Export to Sheets](#)

# Posts & Users



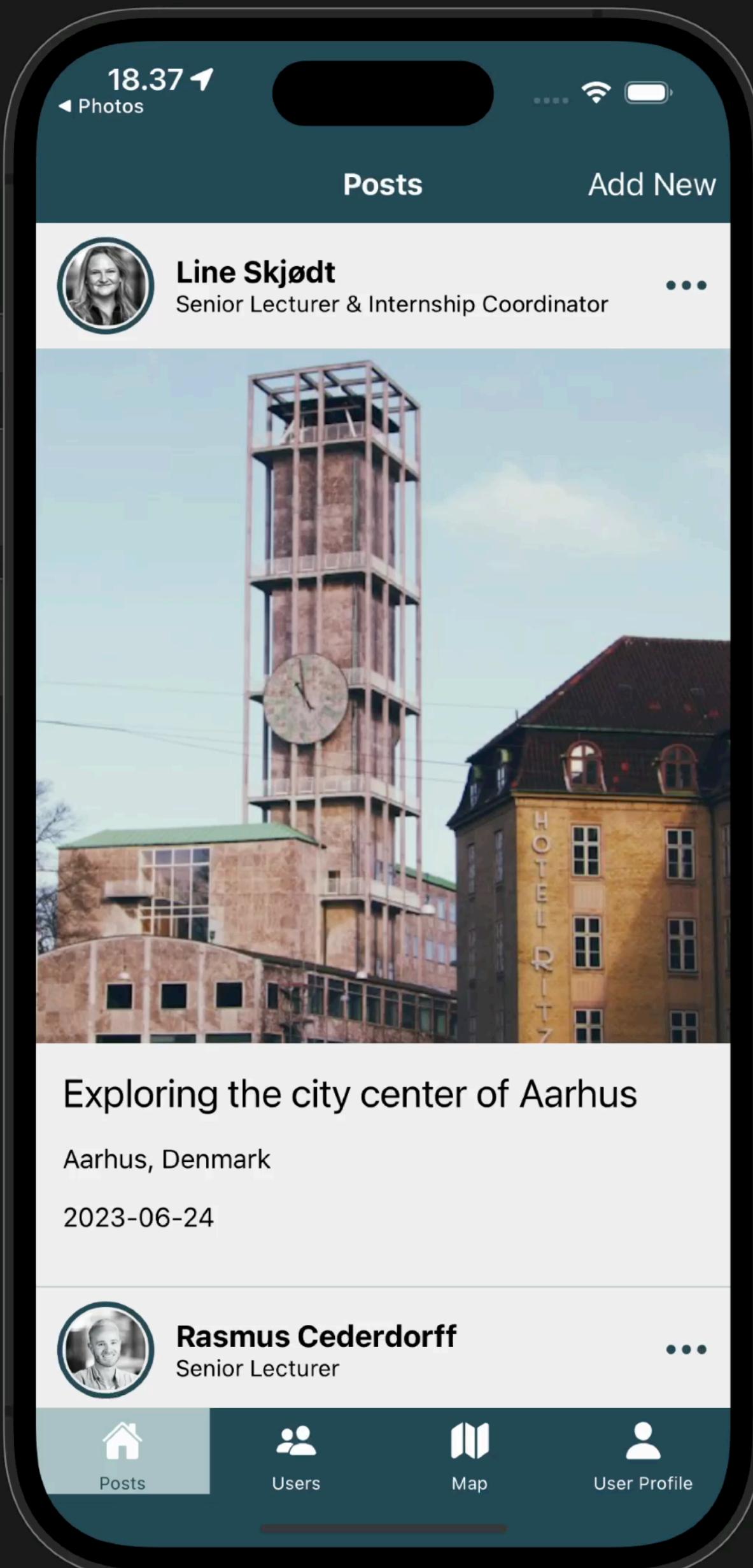
A screenshot of a web browser window titled 'React Firebase REST Post App' with the URL 'https://race-rest.web.app'. The browser has a standard OS X-style interface with red, yellow, and green window control buttons. The main content area shows a grid of six posts, each with a user profile picture, name, title, and a short description. The posts are arranged in two rows of three. The first row contains posts for Morten Algy Bonderup, Dan Okkels Brendstrup, and Kim Elkjær Marcher-Jepsen. The second row contains posts for Birgitte Kirk Iversen, Jes Arbov, and Maria Louise Bendixen. Each post includes a small thumbnail image below the profile picture.

User	Title	Description
Morten Algy Bonderup Senior Lecturer	Qui est esse	Est rerum tempore vitae sequi sint nihil reprehenderit dolor beatae ea dolores neque fugiat blanditiis voluptate porro vel nihil molestiae ut reiciendis qui aperiam non debitis possimus qui neque nisi nulla
Dan Okkels Brendstrup Lecturer	Consequuntur deleniti eos quia temporibus ab aliquid at	Voluptatem cumque tenetur consequatur expedita ipsum nemo quia explicabo aut eum minima consequatur tempore cumque quae est et et in consequuntur voluptatem voluptates aut
Kim Elkjær Marcher-Jepsen Senior Lecturer	At nam consequatur ea labore ea harum	Cupiditate quo est a modi nesciunt soluta ipsa voluptas error itaque dicta in autem qui minus magnam et distinctio eum accusamus ratione error aut
Birgitte Kirk Iversen Senior Lecturer		
Jes Arbov Lecturer		
Maria Louise Bendixen Senior Lecturer		

posts

users

# Data from tables



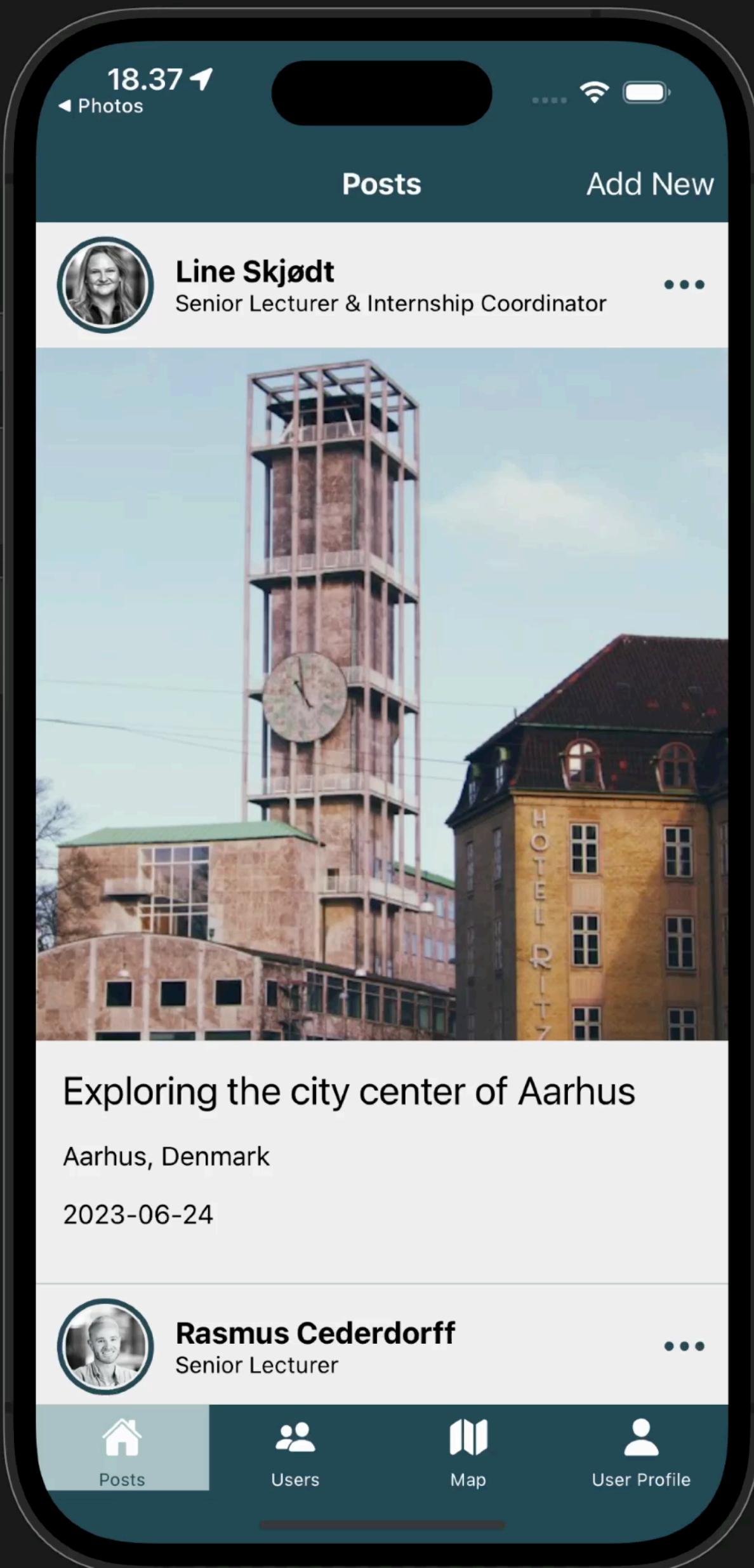
## Posts

#	id	caption	image	createdAt
1	1	Beautiful sunset at the beach	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1566241832378-917a0f30db2c?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1566241832378-917a0f30db2c?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=</a>	2023-09-13 16:51:07
2	2	Exploring the city streets of Aarhus	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1559070169-a3077159ee16?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1559070169-a3077159ee16?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=</a>	2023-09-13 16:51:07
3	3	Delicious food at the restaurant	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1548940740-204726a19be3?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1548940740-204726a19be3?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=</a>	2023-09-13 16:51:07
4	4	Exploring the city center of Aarhus	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1612624629424-ddde915d3dc5?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1612624629424-ddde915d3dc5?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=</a>	2023-09-13 16:51:07
5	5	A cozy morning with coffee	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1545319261-f3760f9dd64d?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1545319261-f3760f9dd64d?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=</a>	2023-09-13 16:51:07
6	6	Serenity of the forest	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1661505216710-32316e7b5bb3?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1661505216710-32316e7b5bb3?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=</a>	2023-09-13 16:51:07
7	7	A beautiful morning in Aarhus	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1573997953524-efed43db70a0?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1573997953524-efed43db70a0?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=</a>	2023-09-13 16:51:07
8	8	Rainbow reflections of the city of Aarhus	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1558443336-dbb3de50b8b2?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1558443336-dbb3de50b8b2?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=</a>	2023-09-13 16:51:07

## Users

#	id	name	mail	title	image
1	1	Maria Louise Bendixen	mlbe@eaaa.dk	Senior Lecturer	<a href="https://www.baaa.dk/media/b5ahrlra/maria-loui...">https://www.baaa.dk/media/b5ahrlra/maria-loui...</a>
2	2	Rasmus Cederdorff	race@eaaa.dk	Senior Lecturer	<a href="https://share.cederdorff.com/images/race.jpg">https://share.cederdorff.com/images/race.jpg</a>
3	3	Anne Kirketerp	anki@eaaa.dk	Head of Department	<a href="https://www.baaa.dk/media/5buh1xeo/anne-kirke...">https://www.baaa.dk/media/5buh1xeo/anne-kirke...</a>
4	4	Line Skjødt	lskj@eaaa.dk	Senior Lecturer & Internship Coord...	<a href="https://www.eaaa.dk/media/14qpfeq4/line-skjod...">https://www.eaaa.dk/media/14qpfeq4/line-skjod...</a>
5	5	Dan Okkels Brendstrup	dob@eaaa.dk	Lecturer	<a href="https://www.eaaa.dk/media/bdojel41/dan-okkels...">https://www.eaaa.dk/media/bdojel41/dan-okkels...</a>

# How are they related?



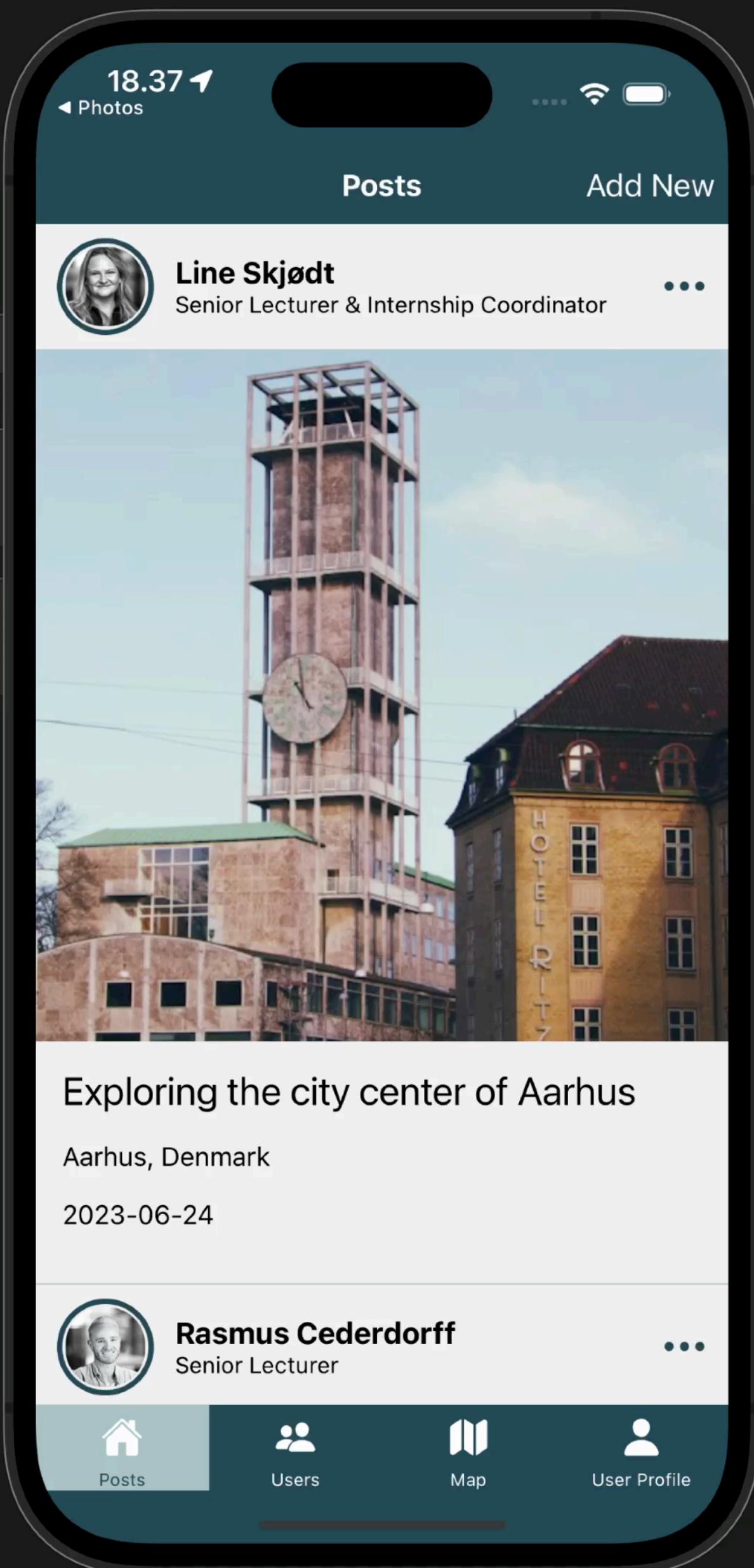
## Posts

#	id	caption	image	createdAt
1	1	Beautiful sunset at the beach	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1566241832378-917a0f30db2c?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1566241832378-917a0f30db2c?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=</a>	2023-09-13 16:51:07
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5	5	A cozy morning with coffee	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1545319261-f3760f9dd64d?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1545319261-f3760f9dd64d?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=</a>	2023-09-13 16:51:07
6	6	Serenity of the forest	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1661505216710-32316e7b5bb3?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1661505216710-32316e7b5bb3?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=</a>	2023-09-13 16:51:07
7	7	A beautiful morning in Aarhus	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1573997953524-efed43db70a0?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1573997953524-efed43db70a0?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=</a>	2023-09-13 16:51:07
8	8	Rainbow reflections of the city of Aarhus	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1558443336-dbb3de50b8b2?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1558443336-dbb3de50b8b2?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=</a>	2023-09-13 16:51:07

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#	id	name	mail	title	image
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2	2	Rasmus Cederdorff	race@eaaa.dk	Senior Lecturer	<a href="https://share.cederdorff.com/images/race.jpg">https://share.cederdorff.com/images/race.jpg</a>
3	3	Anne Kirketerp	anki@eaaa.dk	Head of Department	<a href="https://www.baaa.dk/media/5buh1xeo/anne-kirke...">https://www.baaa.dk/media/5buh1xeo/anne-kirke...</a>
4	4	Line Skjødt	lskj@eaaa.dk	Senior Lecturer & Internship Coord...	<a href="https://www.eaaa.dk/media/14qpfeq4/line-skjod...">https://www.eaaa.dk/media/14qpfeq4/line-skjod...</a>
5	5	Dan Okkels Brendstrup	dob@eaaa.dk	Lecturer	<a href="https://www.eaaa.dk/media/bdojel41/dan-okkels...">https://www.eaaa.dk/media/bdojel41/dan-okkels...</a>

# How are they related?



## Posts

	<input type="checkbox"/> id	<input type="checkbox"/> caption	<input type="checkbox"/> image	<input type="checkbox"/> createdAt	<input type="checkbox"/> createdBy
1	1	Beautiful sunset at the beach	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1566241832378-917a0f30db2c?ixlib=rb-4.0.3">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1566241832378-917a0f30db2c?ixlib=rb-4.0.3</a>	2023-09-13 17:08:22	2
2	2	Exploring the city streets of Aarhus	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1559070169-a3077159ee16?ixlib=rb-4.0.3">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1559070169-a3077159ee16?ixlib=rb-4.0.3</a>	2023-09-13 17:08:22	4
3	3	Delicious food at the restaurant	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1548940740-204726a19be3?ixlib=rb-4.0.3">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1548940740-204726a19be3?ixlib=rb-4.0.3</a>	2023-09-13 17:08:22	1
4	4	Exploring the city center of Aarhus	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1612624629424-ddde915d3dc5?ixlib=rb-4.0.3">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1612624629424-ddde915d3dc5?ixlib=rb-4.0.3</a>	2023-09-13 17:08:22	2
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6	6	Serenity of the forest	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1661505216710-32316e7b5bb3?ixlib=rb-4.0.3">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1661505216710-32316e7b5bb3?ixlib=rb-4.0.3</a>	2023-09-13 17:08:22	5
7	7	A beautiful morning in Aarhus	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1573997953524-efed43db70a0?ixlib=rb-4.0.3">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1573997953524-efed43db70a0?ixlib=rb-4.0.3</a>	2023-09-13 17:08:22	5
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## Users

	<input type="checkbox"/> id	<input type="checkbox"/> name	<input type="checkbox"/> mail	<input type="checkbox"/> title	<input type="checkbox"/> image
1	1	Maria Louise Bendixen	mlbe@eaaa.dk	Senior Lecturer	<a href="https://www.baaa.dk/media/b5ahrlra/maria-loui...">https://www.baaa.dk/media/b5ahrlra/maria-loui...</a>
2	2	Rasmus Cederdorff	race@eaaa.dk	Senior Lecturer	<a href="https://share.cederdorff.com/images/race.jpg">https://share.cederdorff.com/images/race.jpg</a>
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5	5	Dan Okkels Brendstrup	dob@eaaa.dk	Lecturer	<a href="https://www.eaaa.dk/media/bdojel41/dan-okkels...">https://www.eaaa.dk/media/bdojel41/dan-okkels...</a>

# Entity Relationships

## Posts

	id	caption	image	createdAt	createdBy
1	1	Beautiful sunset at the beach	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1566241832378-917a0f30db2c?ixlib=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1566241832378-917a0f30db2c?ixlib=</a>	2023-09-13 17:08:22	2
2	2	Exploring the city streets of Aarhus	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1559070169-a3077159ee16?ixlib=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1559070169-a3077159ee16?ixlib=</a>	2023-09-13 17:08:22	4
3	3	Delicious food at the restaurant	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1548940740-204726a19be3?ixlib=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1548940740-204726a19be3?ixlib=</a>	2023-09-13 17:08:22	1
4	4	Exploring the city center of Aarhus	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1612624629424-ddde915d3dc5?ixlib=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1612624629424-ddde915d3dc5?ixlib=</a>	2023-09-13 17:08:22	2
5	5	A cozy morning with coffee	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1545319261-f3760f9dd64d?ixlib=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1545319261-f3760f9dd64d?ixlib=</a>	2023-09-13 17:08:22	2
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## Foreign key

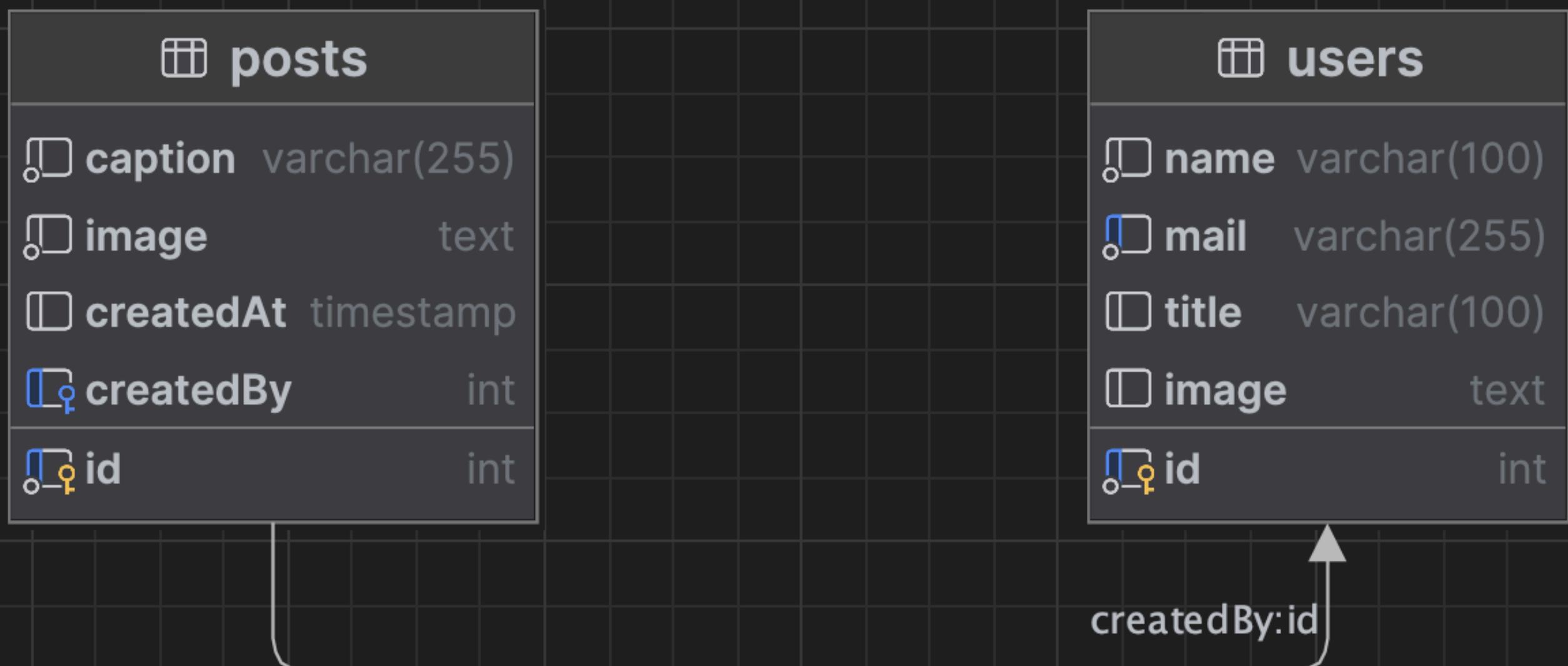
- The foreign links posts createdBy column to users table's primary key.
- It establishes a relationship between posts and users

## Users

	id	name	mail	title	image
1	1	Maria Louise Bendixen	mlbe@eaaa.dk	Senior Lecturer	<a href="https://www.baaa.dk/media/b5ahrlra/maria-loui...">https://www.baaa.dk/media/b5ahrlra/maria-loui...</a>
2	2	Rasmus Cederdorff	race@eaaa.dk	Senior Lecturer	<a href="https://share.cederdorff.com/images/race.jpg">https://share.cederdorff.com/images/race.jpg</a>
3	3	Anne Kirketerp	anki@eaaa.dk	Head of Department	<a href="https://www.baaa.dk/media/5buh1xeo/anne-kirke...">https://www.baaa.dk/media/5buh1xeo/anne-kirke...</a>
4	4	Line Skjødt	lskj@eaaa.dk	Senior Lecturer & Internship Coord...	<a href="https://www.eaaa.dk/media/14qpfeq4/line-skjod...">https://www.eaaa.dk/media/14qpfeq4/line-skjod...</a>
5	5	Dan Okkels Brendstrup	dob@eaaa.dk	Lecturer	<a href="https://www.eaaa.dk/media/bdojel41/dan-okkels...">https://www.eaaa.dk/media/bdojel41/dan-okkels...</a>

# Entity Relationships

One to many



# One to many

Posts

	id	caption	image	createdAt	createdBy
1	1	Beautiful sunset at the beach	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1566241832378-917a0f30db2c?ixlib=rb-4.0.3">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1566241832378-917a0f30db2c?ixlib=rb-4.0.3</a>	2023-09-13 17:08:22	2
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3	3	Delicious food at the restaurant	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1548940740-204726a19be3?ixlib=rb-4.0.3">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1548940740-204726a19be3?ixlib=rb-4.0.3</a>	2023-09-13 17:08:22	1
4	4	Exploring the city center of Aarhus	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1612624629424-ddde915d3dc5?ixlib=rb-4.0.3">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1612624629424-ddde915d3dc5?ixlib=rb-4.0.3</a>	2023-09-13 17:08:22	2
5	5	A cozy morning with coffee	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1545319261-f3760f9dd64d?ixlib=rb-4.0.3">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1545319261-f3760f9dd64d?ixlib=rb-4.0.3</a>	2023-09-13 17:08:22	2
6	6	Serenity of the forest	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1661505216710-32316e7b5bb3?ixlib=rb-4.0.3">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1661505216710-32316e7b5bb3?ixlib=rb-4.0.3</a>	2023-09-13 17:08:22	5
7	7	A beautiful morning in Aarhus	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1573997953524-efed43db70a0?ixlib=rb-4.0.3">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1573997953524-efed43db70a0?ixlib=rb-4.0.3</a>	2023-09-13 17:08:22	5
8	8	Rainbow reflections of the city of Aarhus	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1558443336-db3de50b8b2?ixlib=rb-4.0.3">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1558443336-db3de50b8b2?ixlib=rb-4.0.3</a>	2023-09-13 17:08:22	3

Users

	id	name	mail	title	image
1	1	Maria Louise Bendixen	mlbe@aaaa.dk	Senior Lecturer	<a href="https://www.baaa.dk/media/b5ahr1ra/maria-loui...">https://www.baaa.dk/media/b5ahr1ra/maria-loui...</a>
2	2	Rasmus Cederdorff	race@aaaa.dk	Senior Lecturer	<a href="https://share.cederdorff.com/images/race.jpg">https://share.cederdorff.com/images/race.jpg</a>
3	3	Anne Kirketerp	anki@aaaa.dk	Head of Department	<a href="https://www.baaa.dk/media/5buh1xeo/anne-kirke...">https://www.baaa.dk/media/5buh1xeo/anne-kirke...</a>
4	4	Line Skjødt	lskj@aaaa.dk	Senior Lecturer & Internship Coord.	<a href="https://www.eaaa.dk/media/14qpfeq4/line-skjod...">https://www.eaaa.dk/media/14qpfeq4/line-skjod...</a>
5	5	Dan Okkels Brendstrup	dob@aaaa.dk	Lecturer	<a href="https://www.eaaa.dk/media/bdoje141/dan-okkels...">https://www.eaaa.dk/media/bdoje141/dan-okkels...</a>

```
CREATE TABLE users (
```

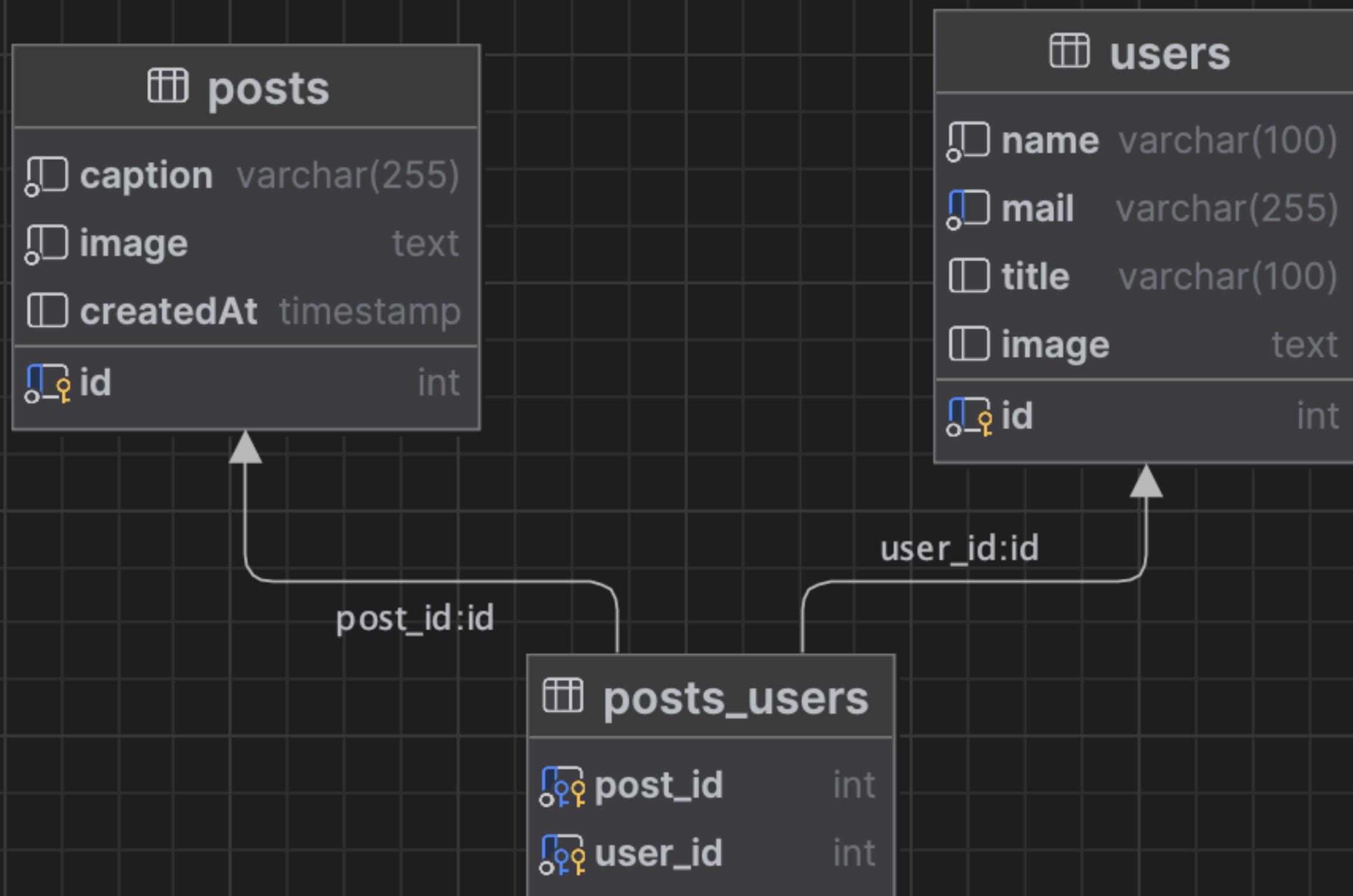
```
    id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,  
    name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,  
    mail VARCHAR(255) UNIQUE NOT NULL,  
    title VARCHAR(100),  
    image TEXT  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE posts(
```

```
    id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,  
    caption VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,  
    image TEXT NOT NULL,  
    createdAt TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,  
    createdBy INT,  
    FOREIGN KEY (createdBy) REFERENCES users(id)  
);
```

# Entity Relationships

Many to many



# Junction Table

posts\_users

	post_id	user_id
1	2	1
2	1	2
3	2	2
4	1	4
5	2	5
6	4	5

posts

	id	caption	image	createdAt
1	1	Beautiful sunset at the beach	https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1566241832378-917a0f30db2c?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&ixid...	2023-09-13 16:51:07
2	2	Exploring the city streets of Aarhus	https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1559070169-a3077159ee16?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&ixid...	2023-09-13 16:51:07
3	3	Delicious food at the restaurant	https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1548940740-204726a19be3?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&ixid...	2023-09-13 16:51:07
4	4	Exploring the city center of Aarhus	https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1612624629424-ddde915d3dc5?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&ixid...	2023-09-13 16:51:07
5	5	A cozy morning with coffee	https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1545319261-f3760f9dd64d?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&ixid...	2023-09-13 16:51:07
6	6	Serenity of the forest	https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1661505216710-32316e7b5bb3?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&ixid...	2023-09-13 16:51:07
7	7	A beautiful morning in Aarhus	https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1573997953524-efed43db70a0?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&ixid...	2023-09-13 16:51:07
8	8	Rainbow reflections of the city of Aarhus	https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1558443336-dbb3de50b8b2?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&ixid...	2023-09-13 16:51:07

users

	id	name	mail	title	image
1	1	Maria Louise Bendixen	mlbe@eaaa.dk	Senior Lecturer	https://www.baaa.dk/media/b5ahrlra/maria-loui...
2	2	Rasmus Cederdorff	race@eaaa.dk	Senior Lecturer	https://share.cederdorff.com/images/race.jpg
3	3	Anne Kirketerp	anki@eaaa.dk	Head of Department	https://www.baaa.dk/media/5buh1xeo/anne-kirke...
4	4	Line Skjødt	lskj@eaaa.dk	Senior Lecturer & Internship Coord...	https://www.eaaa.dk/media/14qpfeq4/line-skjod...
5	5	Dan Okkels Brendstrup	dob@eaaa.dk	Lecturer	https://www.eaaa.dk/media/bdojel41/dan-okkels...

# Junction Table

posts\_users

	post_id	user_id
1	2	1
2	1	2
3	2	2
4	1	4
5	2	5
6	4	5

A junction table contains the primary key columns of two related tables, facilitating many-to-many relationships between them.

# Many to many

## posts\_users

	post_id	user_id
1	2	1
2	1	2
3	2	2
4	1	4
5	2	5
6	4	5

	id	caption	image
1	1	Beautiful sunset at the beach	https://...
2	2	Exploring the city streets of Aarhus	https://...
3	3	Delicious food at the restaurant	https://...
4	4	Exploring the city center of Aarhus	https://...
5	5	A cozy morning with coffee	https://...
6	6	Serenity of the forest	https://...
7	7	A beautiful morning in Aarhus	https://...
8	8	Rainbow reflections of the city of Aarhus	https://...

	id	name	mail
1	1	Maria Louise Bendixen	mlbe@eaaa...
2	2	Rasmus Cederdorff	race@eaaa...
3	3	Anne Kirketerp	anki@eaaa...
4	4	Line Skjødt	lskj@eaaa...
5	5	Dan Okkels Brendstrup	dob@eaaa...

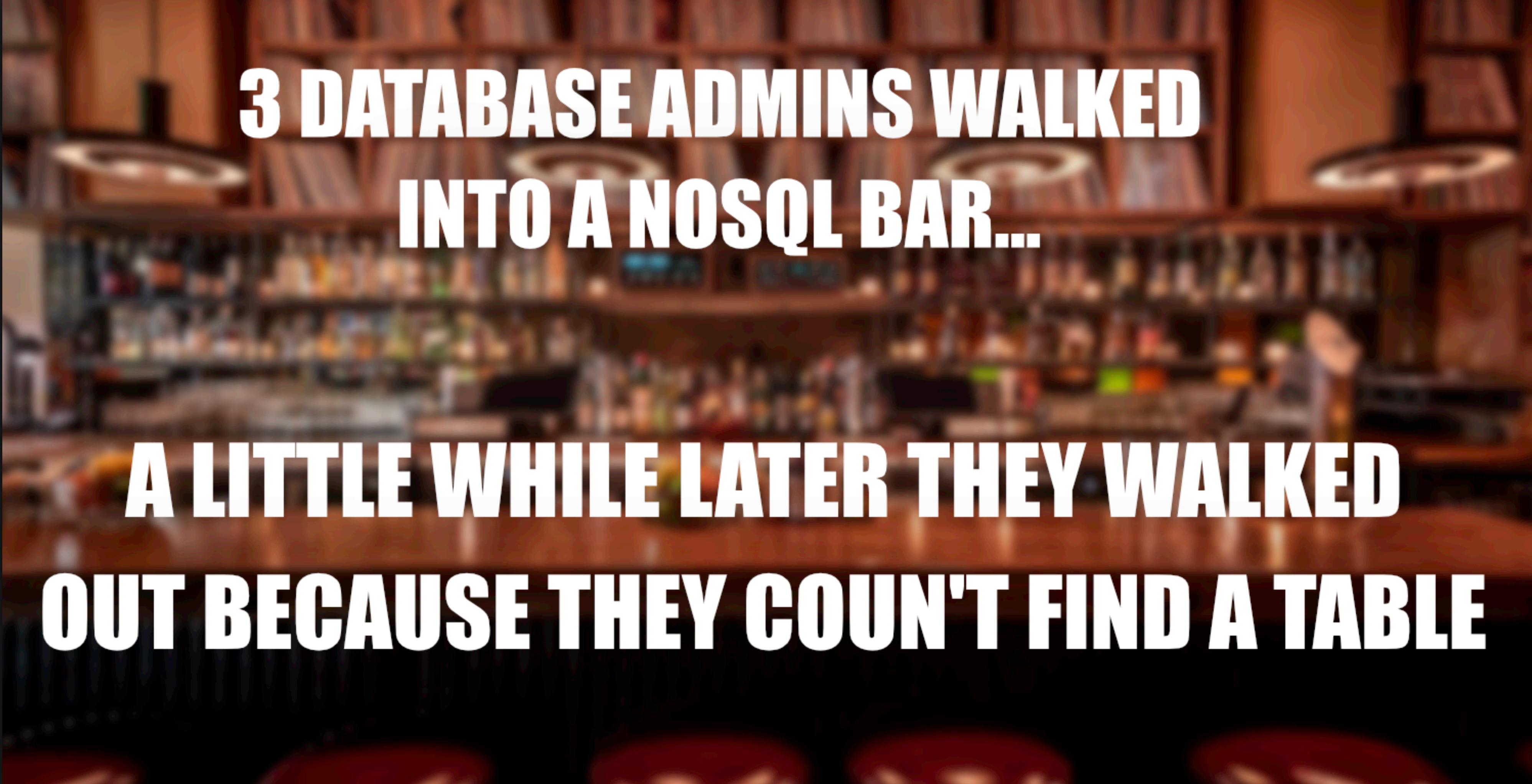
```
CREATE TABLE users (
    id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
    name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
    mail VARCHAR(255) UNIQUE NOT NULL,
    title VARCHAR(100),
    image TEXT
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE posts(
    id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
    caption VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
    image TEXT NOT NULL,
    createdAt TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
);
```

```
-- Create a Junction Table to link posts and users
CREATE TABLE posts_users (
    post_id INT,
    user_id INT,
    PRIMARY KEY (post_id, user_id),
    FOREIGN KEY (post_id) REFERENCES posts(id),
    FOREIGN KEY (user_id) REFERENCES users(id)
);
```

# Data Modeling and Schema Design





**3 DATABASE ADMINS WALKED  
INTO A NOSQL BAR...**

**A LITTLE WHILE LATER THEY WALKED  
OUT BECAUSE THEY COULDN'T FIND A TABLE**



Corporate needs you to find the differences  
between this picture and this picture.

They're the same picture.

MongoDB Schema Design Best Practices

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# MongoDB Schema Design Best Practices

 Joe Karlsson  
11 min read • Published Jan 10, 2022 • Updated May 31, 2022

[MongoDB](#) [Schema](#)



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- Schema Design Approaches – Relational vs. MongoDB
- Embedding vs. Referencing
- Type of Relationships
- Additional Resources:

Rate this tutorial ☆ ☆ ☆ ☆ ☆

<https://www.mongodb.com/developer/products/mongodb/mongodb-schema-design-best-practices/>



# MongoDB Schema Design

- No formal process
- No algorithms
- No rules



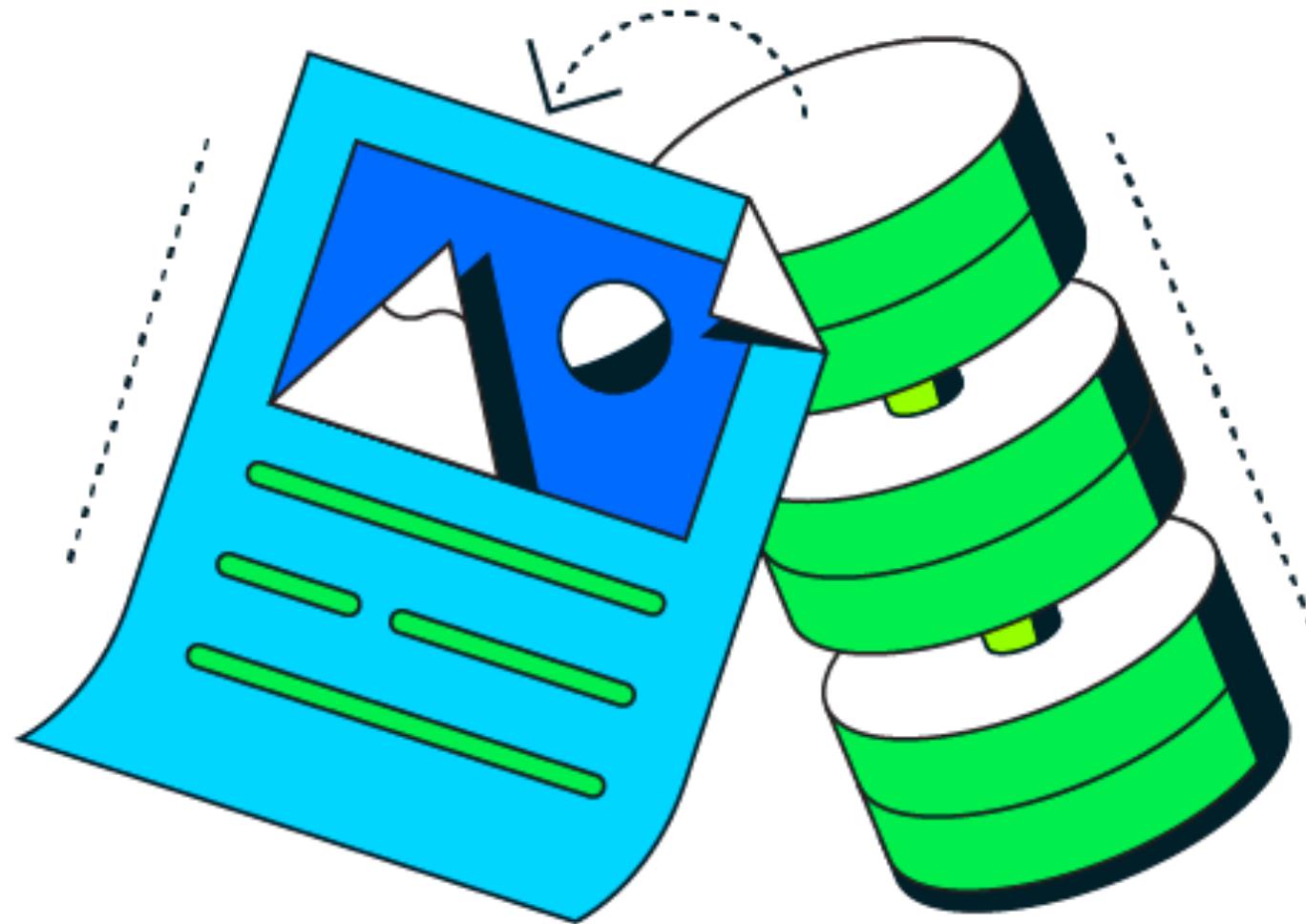


# Schema Design

The design comes from the needs of the application first.

Therefore, the schema should evolve as the application changes.





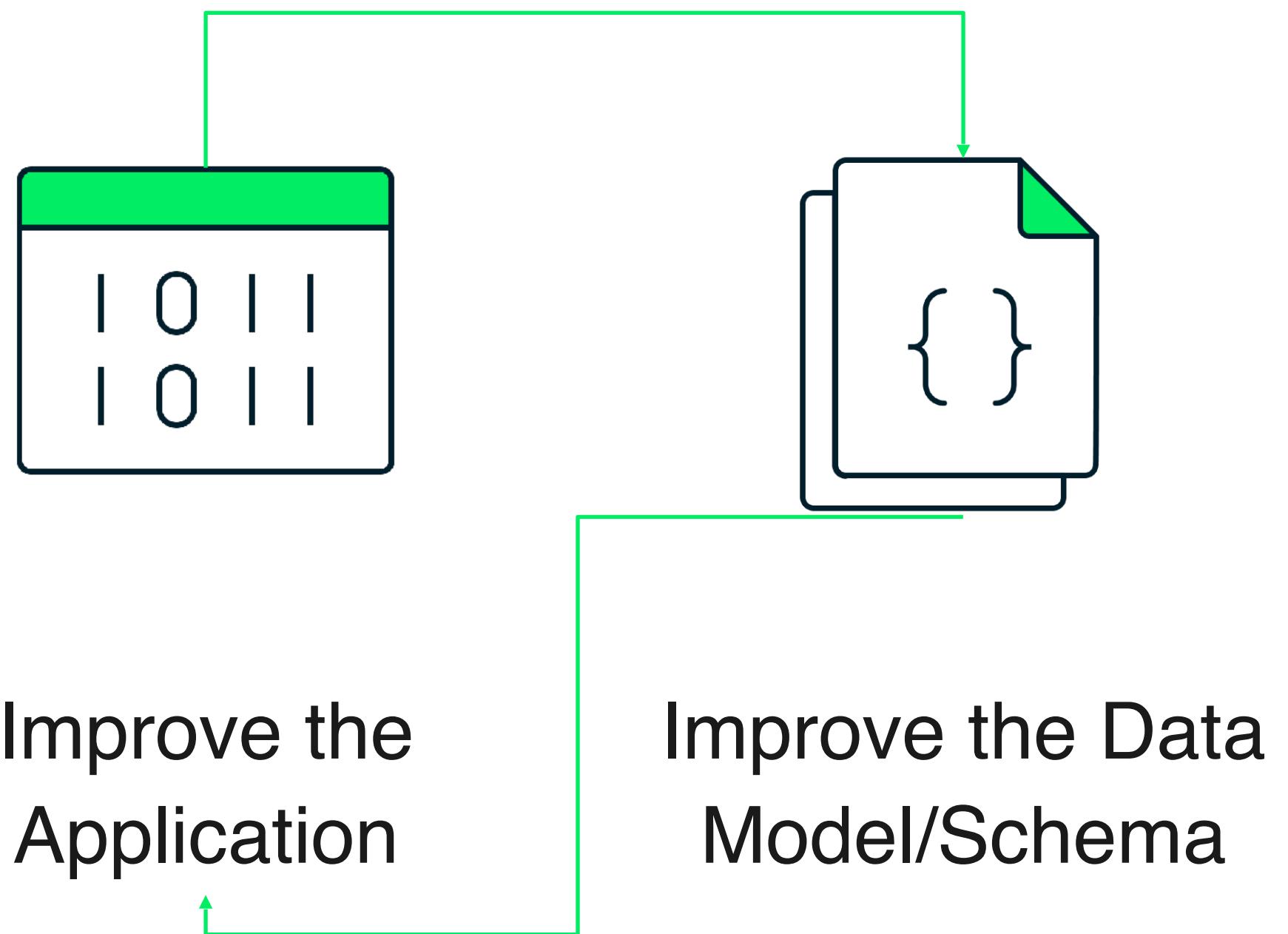
# Data Modeling and the Document Model

The core of data modeling in the document model is to understand what data is needed by your queries. Once that information is known, can you begin designing the schema.



# Data Modeling with MongoDB

- Several design possibilities
- Design for the usage pattern
- Evolving the schema is easy
- No migrations or downtime required for a new version of the schema





# Schema Design: Considerations

- Your queries and the specific data your application requires.
- How your application reads the data (read patterns).
- How your application writes the data (write patterns).
- What are the relationships between your data (linked or embedded).





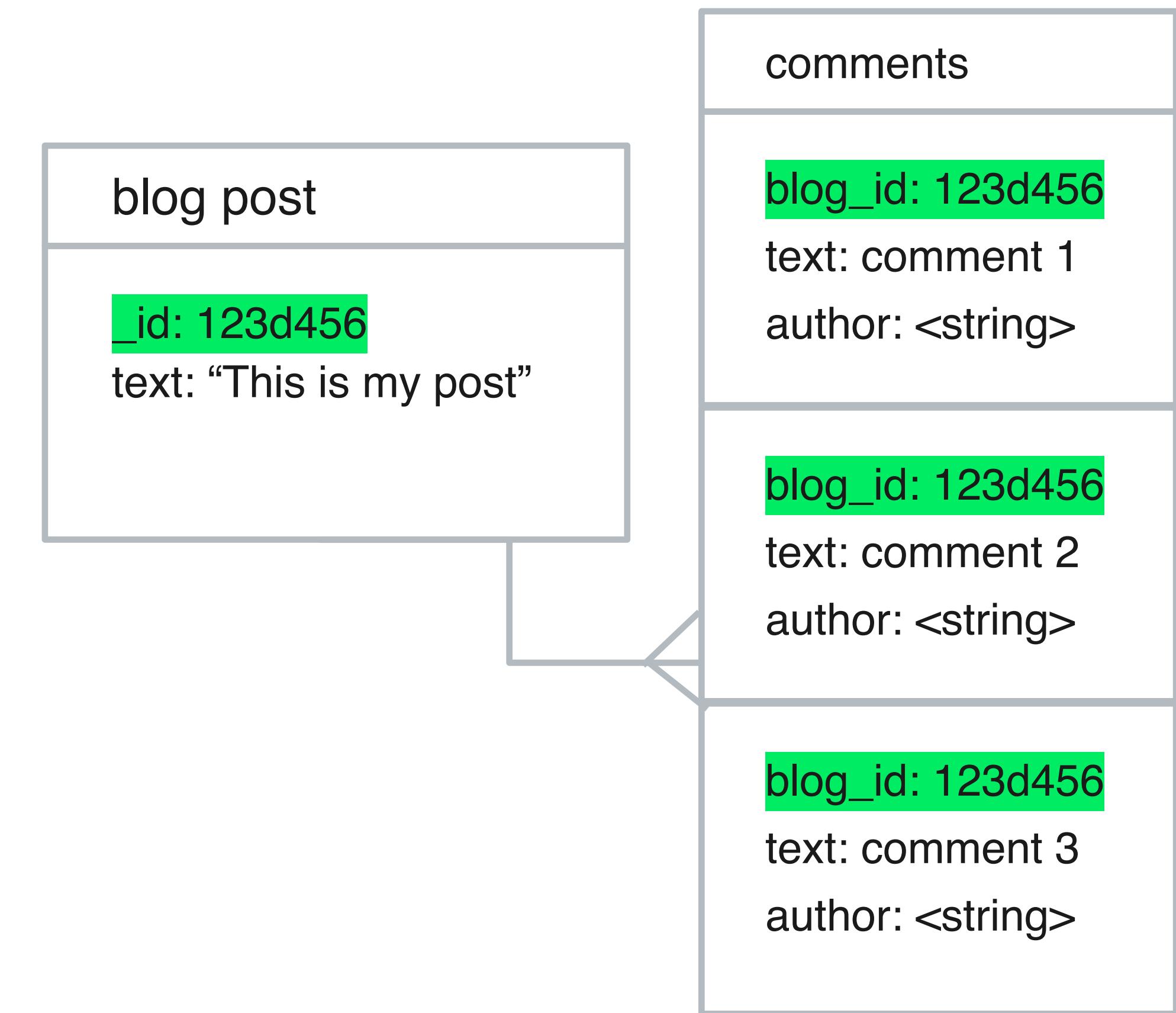
# Schema Design - Link or Embed?

Embedded vs Linked relationship in the Post-Comment example

Embedded



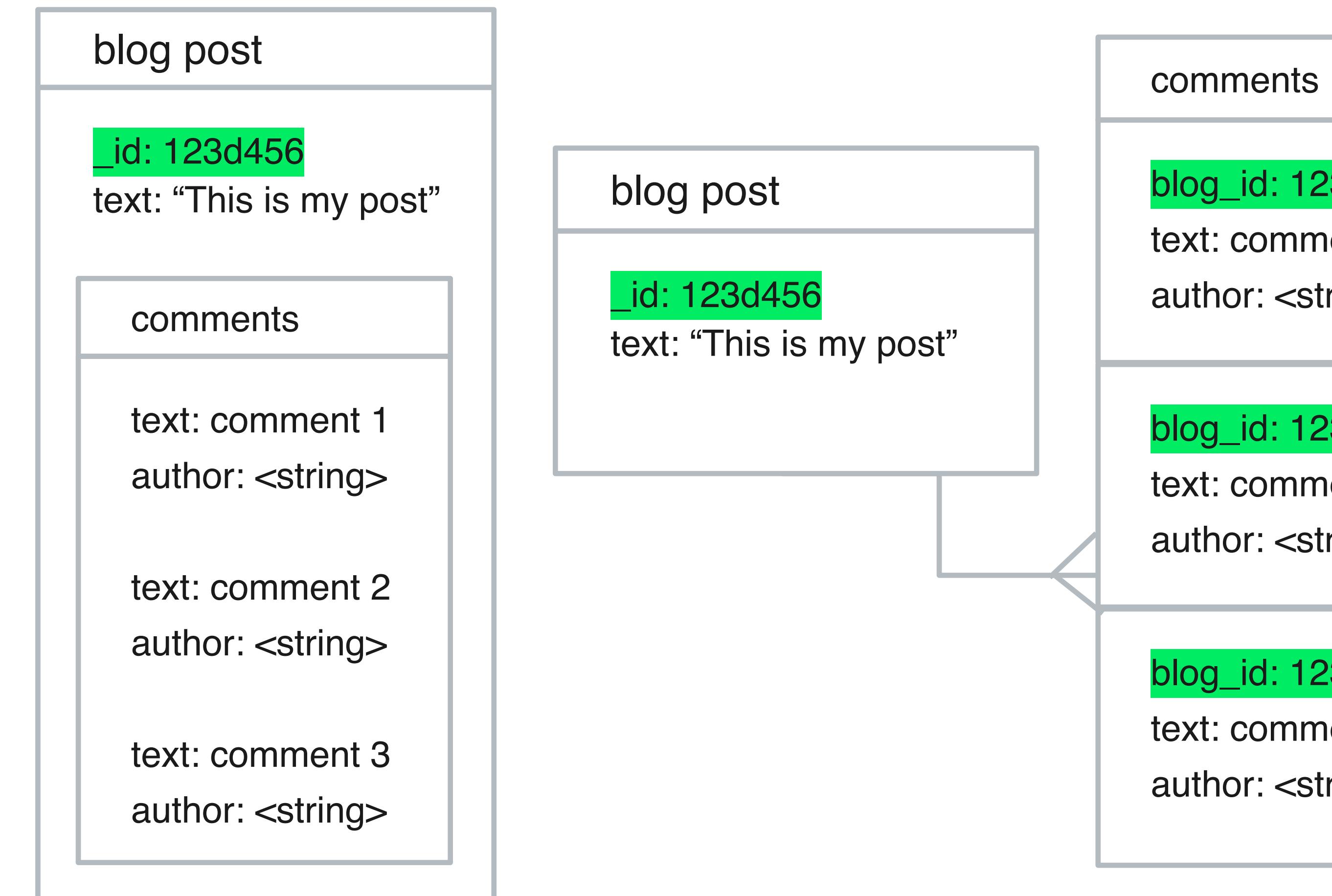
Linked





# Schema Design - Link or Embed?

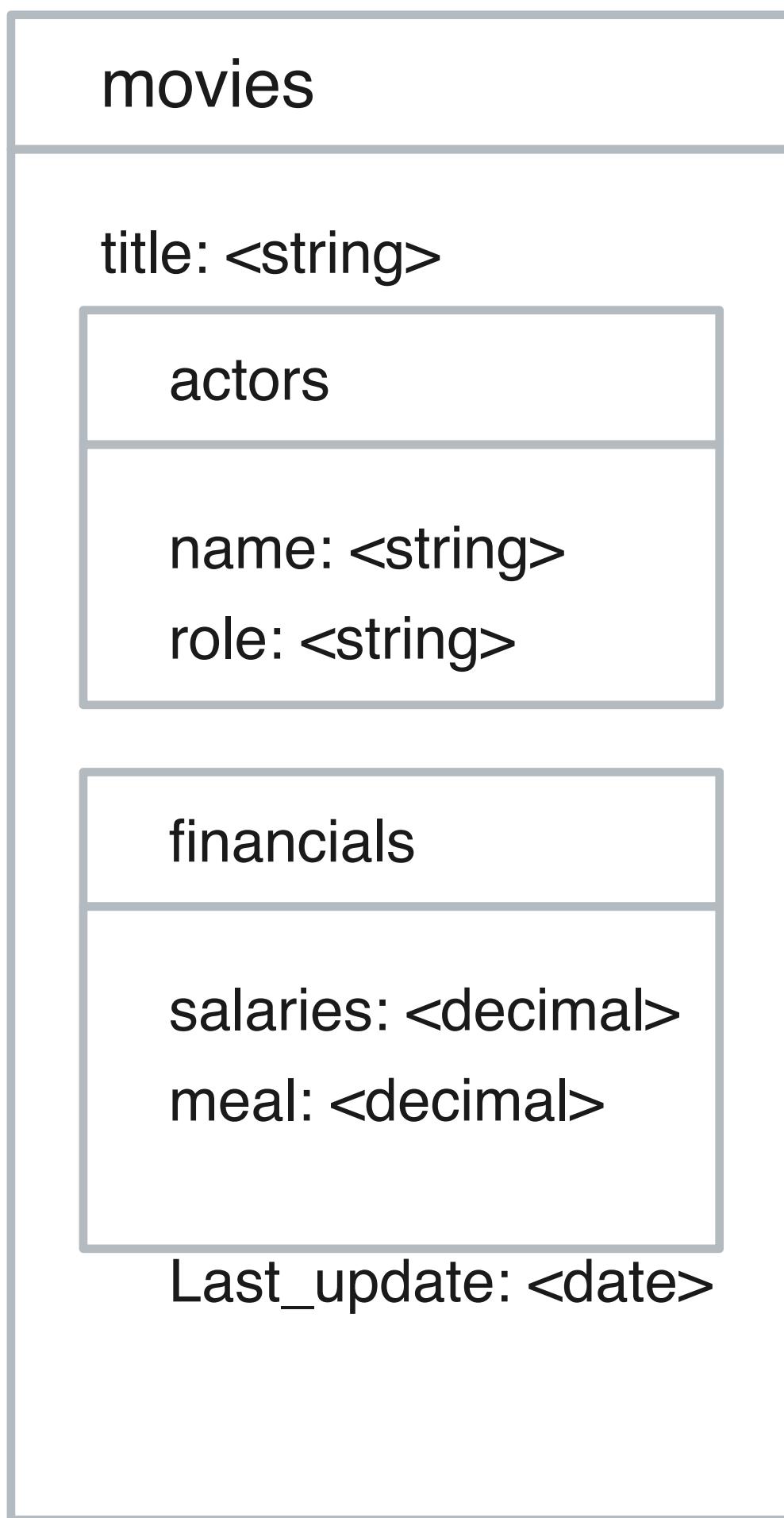
- Do I want most of the data's information embedded?
- Do I need to search within the embedded data?
- How frequently will the embedded data change?
- Is the embedded data shared or private?





# Example: Movies and Reviews

## Embedded



## Linked



# Linked (Referenced) Documents

```
// Authors Collection
{
  _id: ObjectId("authorId123"),
  name: "John Doe"
}

// Books Collection
{
  _id: ObjectId("bookId456"),
  title: "MongoDB Basics",
  authorId: ObjectId("authorId123") // Reference to Author
}
```

# Embedded Documents

```
// Books Collection (with embedded author)
{
  _id: ObjectId("bookId456"),
  title: "MongoDB Basics",
  author: {
    name: "John Doe"
  }
}
```

- Uses references (ObjectId) to relate documents.
- Better for large, frequently changing related data.
- Pros: Efficient when data is frequently updated.
- Cons: Requires additional queries to fetch related data.

- Stores related data inside the parent document.
- Good for small, static related data.
- Pros: Faster reads (no extra query).
- Cons: Redundant data if reused across many documents.

```
// Authors Collection
{
  _id: ObjectId("authorId123"),
  name: "John Doe"
}

// Books Collection (with embedded author)
{
  _id: ObjectId("bookId456"),
  title: "MongoDB Basics",
  author: {
    name: "John Doe"
  }
}
```

**Use linked for scalable relationships, embedded for closely related, rarely changing data** 

# Relationships



## Users

ID	first_name	surname	cell	city	location_x	location_y
1	Paul	Miller	447557505611	London	45.123	47.232

## Professions

ID	user_id	profession
10	1	banking
11	1	finance
12	1	trader

## Cars

ID	user_id	model	year
20	1	Bentley	1973
21	1	Rolls Royce	1965

```
1  {
2      "first_name": "Paul",
3      "surname": "Miller",
4      "cell": "447557505611",
5      "city": "London",
6      "location": [45.123, 47.232],
7      "profession": ["banking", "finance", "trader"],
8      "cars": [
9          {
10             "model": "Bentley",
11             "year": 1973
12         },
13         {
14             "model": "Rolls Royce",
15             "year": 1965
16         }
17     ]
18 }
```



One to one (1-1)

One to many (1-N)

Many to many (N-N)

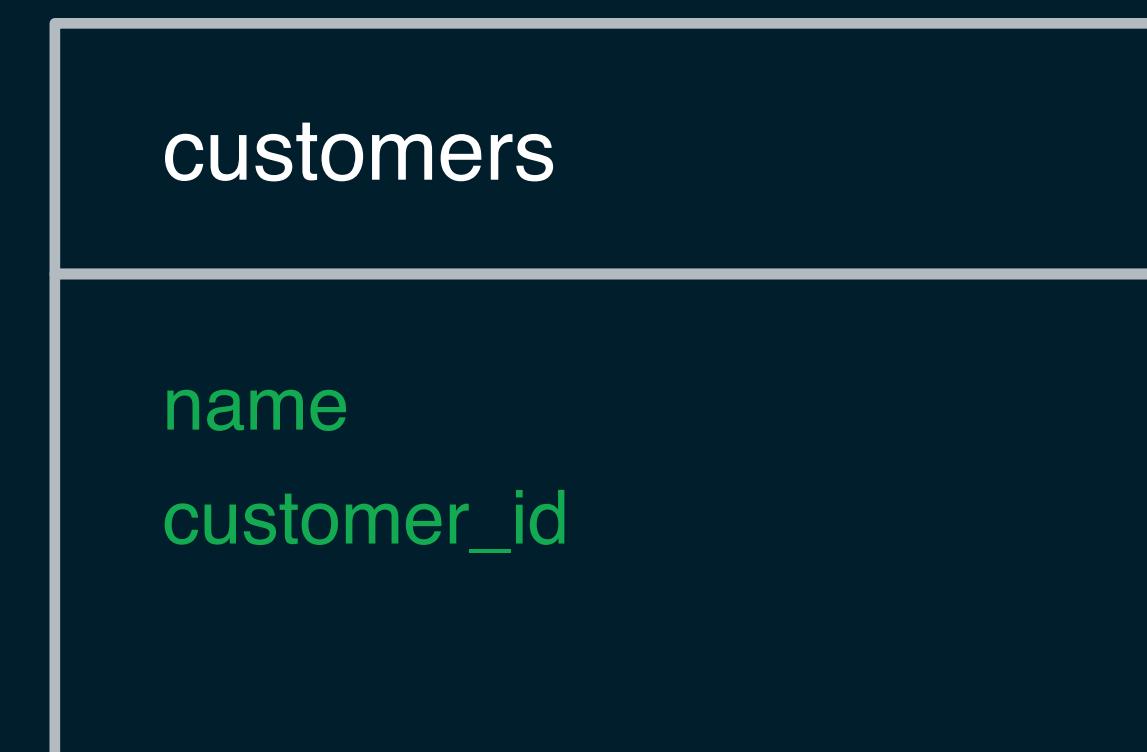
# Relationships and Data Modeling



# Relationships

## One-to-One (1-1)

A one-to-one relationship is represented and stored in a single document, this would typically be data like a person's name and the customer id.





# One to One (1 - 1)

Scenario:

You have to map patron and address relationships. In this example, you'll need to view one data entity in context of the other.

MongoDB Schema Design Be... x

← → G mongodb.com/developer/products/mongodb/mongodb-schema-design-best-practices/ ☆ | :|

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## One-to-One

Let's take a look at our User document. This example has some great one-to-one data in it. For example, in our system, one user can only have one name. So, this would be an example of a one-to-one relationship. We can model all one-to-one data as key-value pairs in our database.

```
1  {
2    "_id": "ObjectId('AAA')",
3    "name": "Joe Karlsson",
4    "company": "MongoDB",
5    "twitter": "@JoeKarlsson1",
6    "twitch": "joe_karlsson",
7    "tiktok": "joekarlsson",
8    "website": "joekarlsson.com"
9 }
```

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Additional Resources:

A screenshot of a dark-themed code editor, likely Figma's code editor, displaying a JSON object. The JSON structure represents a post with its author, location, and image details.

```
{} expo-posts.json ×
data > {} expo-posts.json > {} 1 > {} user
1 [
2 {
3   "id": "-M1Abcdefg123",
4   "caption": "Beautiful sunset at the beach",
5   "createdAt": 1687215634430,
6   "image": "https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1566241832378-917a0f30db2c?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&ixid=M3wxMjA3fDB8MHxwaG90by1pYWdl
7   "user": {
8     "id": "ZfPTVEMQKf9vhNiUh0bj",
9     "image": "https://www.baaa.dk/media/b5ahrlra/maria-louise-bendixen.jpg?anchor=center&mode=crop&width=800&height=450&r
10    "mail": "mlbe@eaaa.dk",
11    "name": "Maria Louise Bendixen",
12    "title": "Senior Lecturer"
13  },
14  "location": {
15    "city": "Aarhus",
16    "country": "Denmark",
17    "latitude": 56.1249541422341,
18    "longitude": 10.218312555111716
19  }
20 },
21 }
```

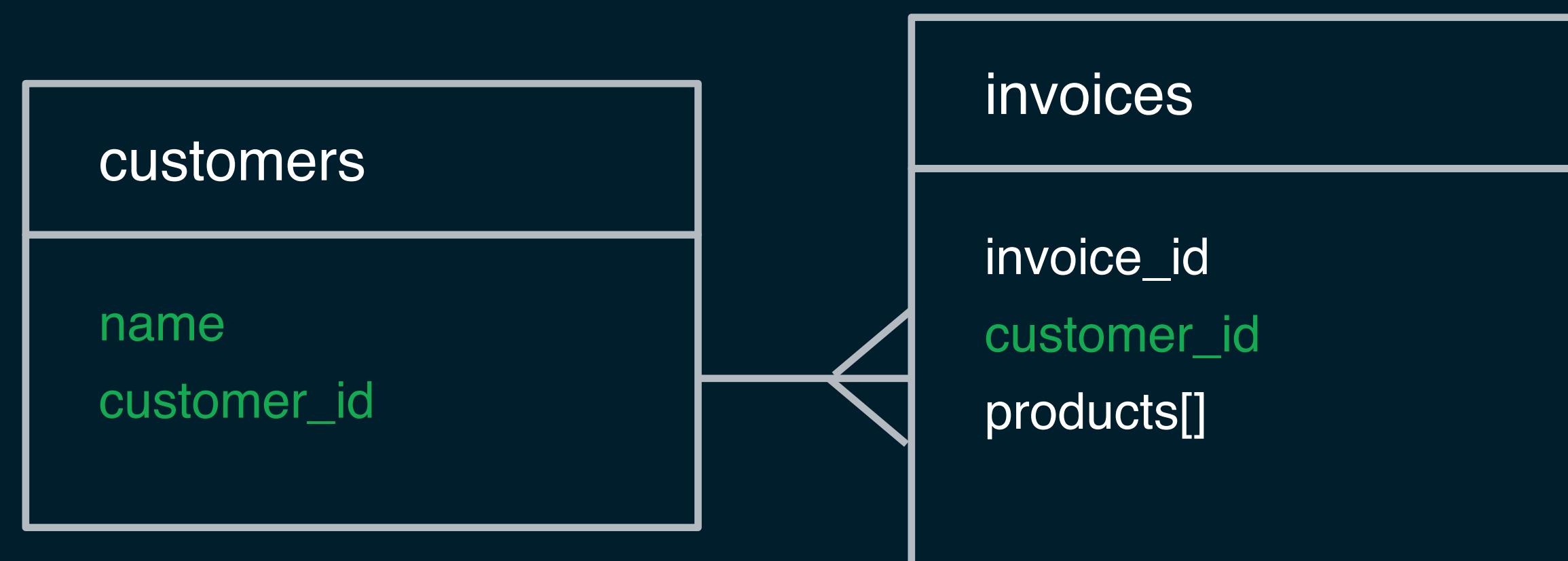
The editor includes a sidebar with various icons for file operations like copy, paste, search, and refresh. The bottom navigation bar shows tabs for 'master', 'Git Graph', 'MySQL Localhost', and 'remix\_contacts'. It also displays the current line (Ln 26), column (Col 14), and encoding (UTF-8). Other status indicators include 'Spaces: 2', 'LF', and 'JSON'.



# Relationships

## One-to-Many (1-N)

A one-to-many relationship can be considered when an object of a given type is associated with N objects of a second type.





# One to Many (1 - N)

Scenario (Link):

You have to map publisher and book relationships. Suppose you had the same publisher data for the same book. Embedding the [publisher] document inside the [book] document would lead to repetition of publisher information.

MongoDB Schema Design Best Practices

Products:

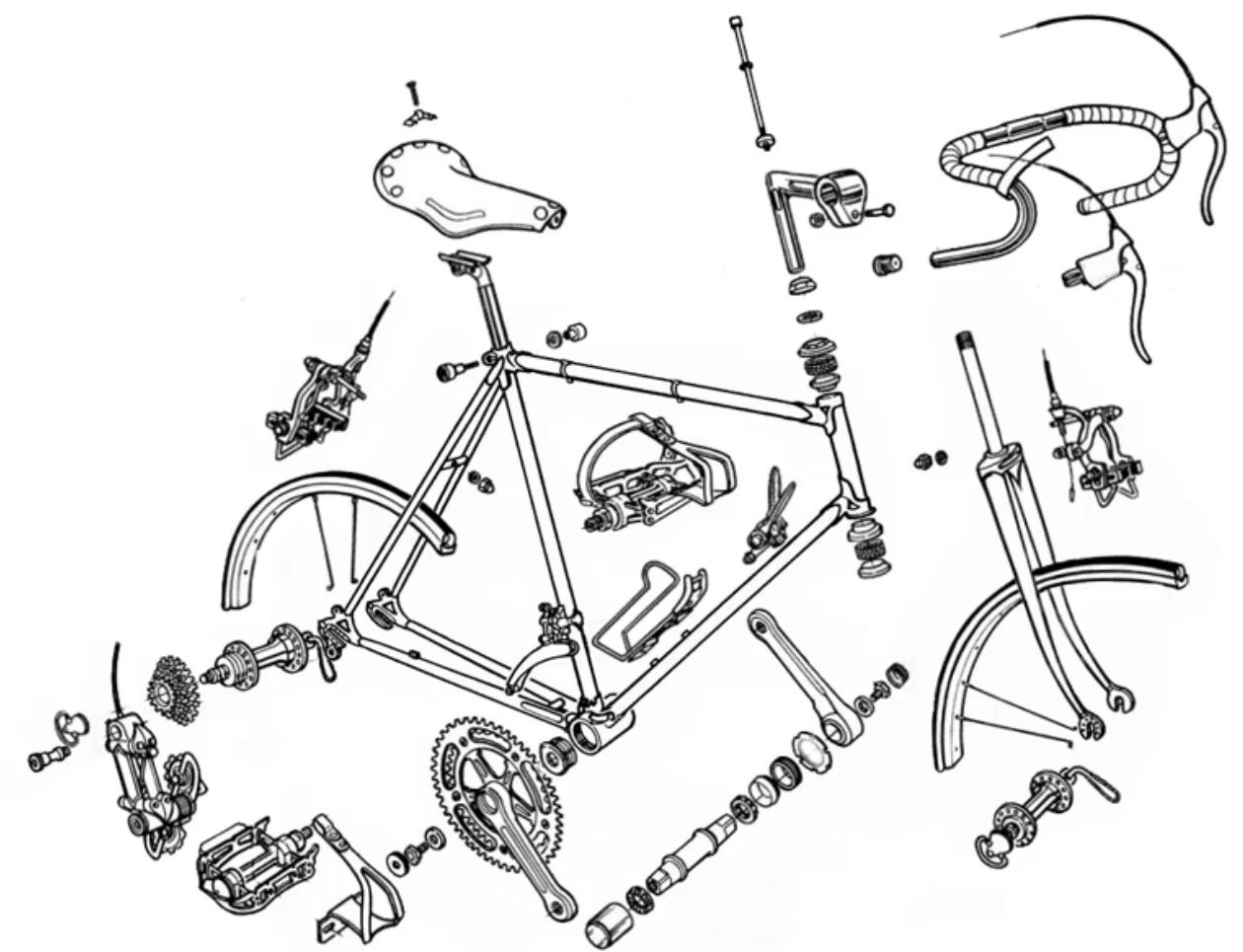
```
1 {  
2   "name": "left-handed smoke shifter",  
3   "manufacturer": "Acme Corp",  
4   "catalog_number": "1234",  
5   "parts": ["ObjectId('AAAA')", "ObjectId('BBBB')", "ObjectId('CCCC')"]  
6 }
```

Parts:

```
1 {  
2   "_id" : "ObjectId('AAAA')",  
3   "partno" : "123-aff-456",  
4   "name" : "#4 grommet",  
5   "qty": "94",  
6   "cost": "0.94",  
7   "price": "3.99"  
8 }
```

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MongoDB Schema Design Best Practices

mongodb.com/developer/products/mongodb/mongodb-schema-design-best-practices/

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**Hosts:**

```
1 {  
2   "_id": ObjectId("AAAB"),  
3   "name": "goofy.example.com",  
4   "ipaddr": "127.66.66.66"  
5 }
```

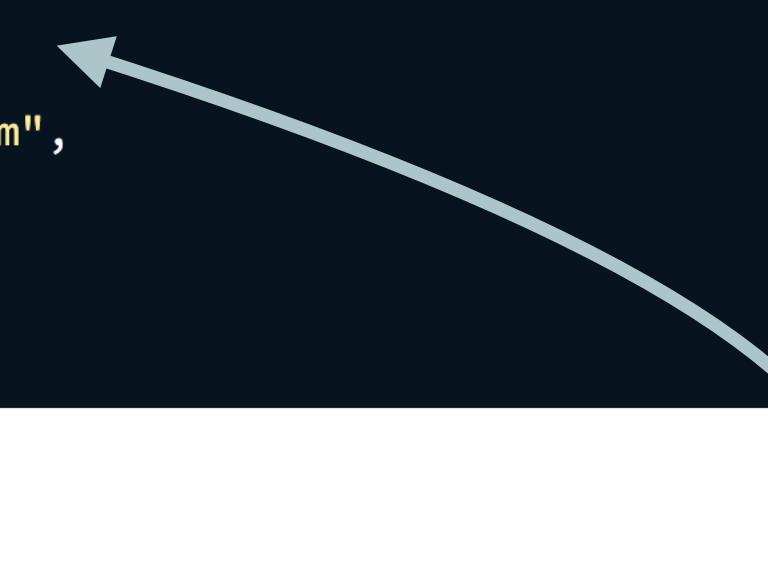
**Log Message:**

```
1 {  
2   "time": ISODate("2014-03-28T09:42:41.382Z"),  
3   "message": "cpu is on fire!",  
4   "host": ObjectId("AAAB")  
5 }
```

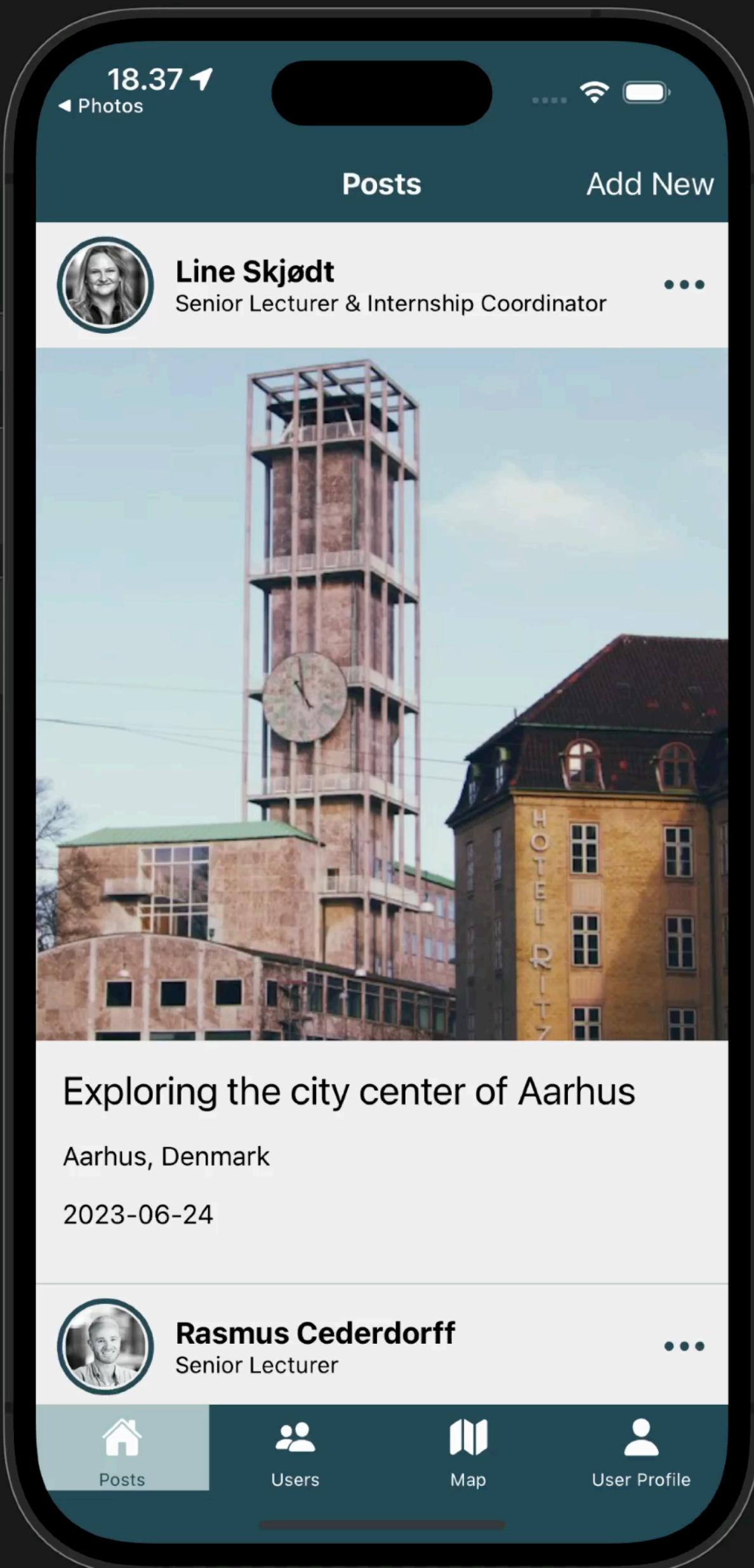
**Table of Contents**

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Additional Resources:



# How are they related?



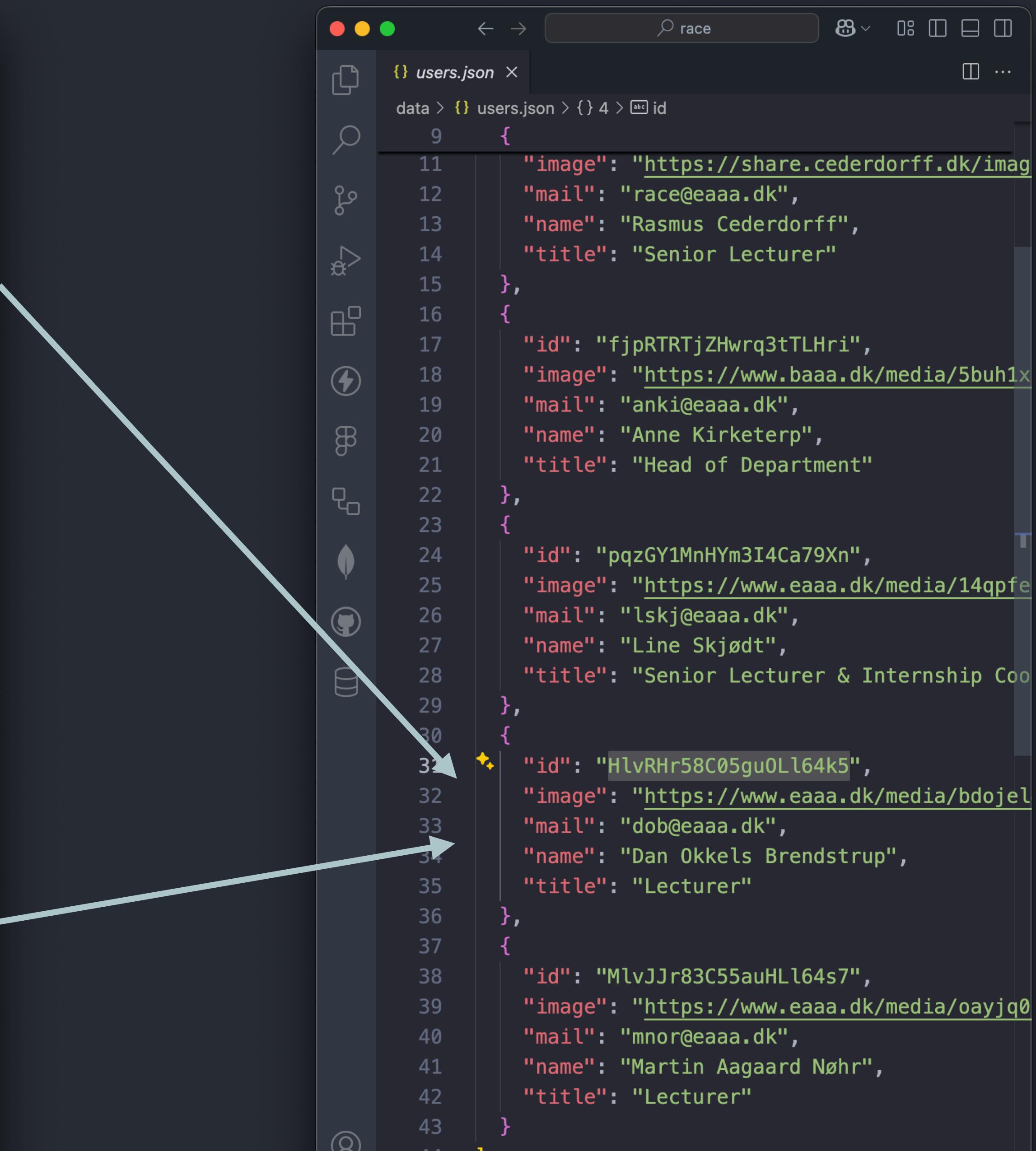
## Posts

#	id	caption	image	createdAt
1	1	Beautiful sunset at the beach	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1566241832378-917a0f30db2c?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1566241832378-917a0f30db2c?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=</a>	2023-09-13 16:51:07
2	2	Exploring the city streets of Aarhus	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1559070169-a3077159ee16?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1559070169-a3077159ee16?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=</a>	2023-09-13 16:51:07
3	3	Delicious food at the restaurant	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1548940740-204726a19be3?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1548940740-204726a19be3?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=</a>	2023-09-13 16:51:07
4	4	Exploring the city center of Aarhus	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1612624629424-ddde915d3dc5?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1612624629424-ddde915d3dc5?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=</a>	2023-09-13 16:51:07
5	5	A cozy morning with coffee	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1545319261-f3760f9dd64d?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1545319261-f3760f9dd64d?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=</a>	2023-09-13 16:51:07
6	6	Serenity of the forest	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1661505216710-32316e7b5bb3?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1661505216710-32316e7b5bb3?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=</a>	2023-09-13 16:51:07
7	7	A beautiful morning in Aarhus	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1573997953524-efed43db70a0?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1573997953524-efed43db70a0?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=</a>	2023-09-13 16:51:07
8	8	Rainbow reflections of the city of Aarhus	<a href="https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1558443336-dbb3de50b8b2?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=">https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1558443336-dbb3de50b8b2?ixlib=rb-4.0.3&amp;ixid=</a>	2023-09-13 16:51:07

## Users

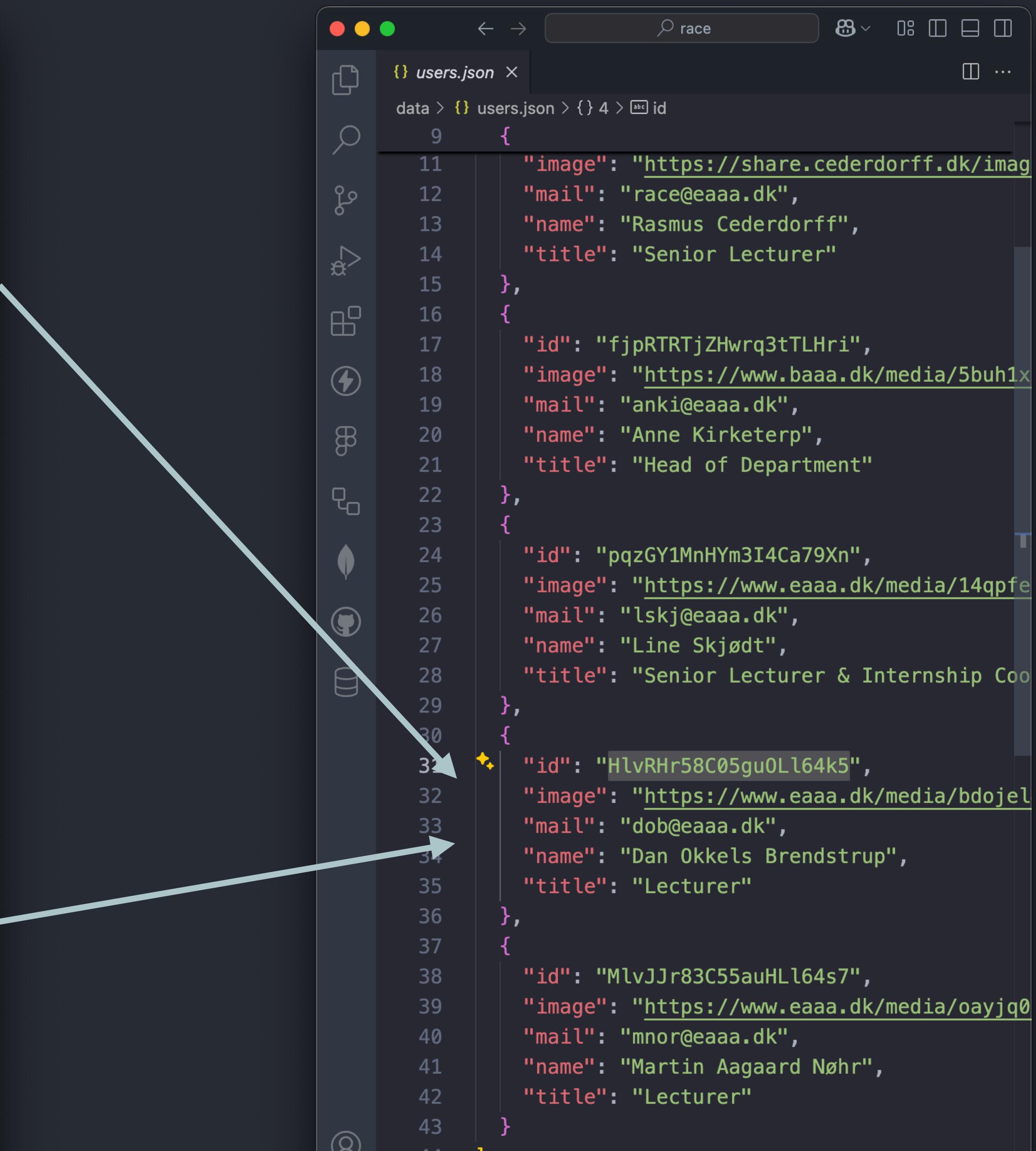
#	id	name	mail	title	image
1	1	Maria Louise Bendixen	mlbe@eaaa.dk	Senior Lecturer	<a href="https://www.baaa.dk/media/b5ahrllra/maria-loui...">https://www.baaa.dk/media/b5ahrllra/maria-loui...</a>
2	2	Rasmus Cederdorff	race@eaaa.dk	Senior Lecturer	<a href="https://share.cederdorff.com/images/race.jpg">https://share.cederdorff.com/images/race.jpg</a>
3	3	Anne Kirketerp	anki@eaaa.dk	Head of Department	<a href="https://www.baaa.dk/media/5buh1xeo/anne-kirke...">https://www.baaa.dk/media/5buh1xeo/anne-kirke...</a>
4	4	Line Skjødt	lskj@eaaa.dk	Senior Lecturer & Internship Coord...	<a href="https://www.eaaa.dk/media/14qpfeq4/line-skjod...">https://www.eaaa.dk/media/14qpfeq4/line-skjod...</a>
5	5	Dan Okkels Brendstrup	dob@eaaa.dk	Lecturer	<a href="https://www.eaaa.dk/media/bdojel41/dan-okkels...">https://www.eaaa.dk/media/bdojel41/dan-okkels...</a>

# Posts



```
{} posts.json x
data > {} posts.json > {} 6 > abc uid
45 },
46 {
47   "id": "-M4Jkl012yzA",
48   "caption": "A cozy morning with coffee",
49   "createdAt": 1677605634430,
50   "image": "https://images.unsplash.com/phot
51   "uid": "HlvRHR58C05gu0Ll64k5",
52   "location": {
53     "latitude": 56.1499638,
54     "longitude": 10.2030925
55   }
56 },
57 {
58   "id": "-M5Mno123pqr",
59   "caption": "Serenity of the forest",
60   "createdAt": 1687165634430,
61   "image": "https://images.unsplash.com/phot
62   "uid": "ZfPTVEMQKf9vhNiUh0bj",
63   "location": {
64     "latitude": 56.1789538,
65     "longitude": 10.2294038
66   }
67 },
68 {
69   "id": "-M6Stu456vwx",
70   "caption": "A beautiful morning in Aarhus"
71   "createdAt": 1687611054440,
72   "image": "https://images.unsplash.com/phot
73   "uid": "HlvRHR58C05gu0Ll64k5",
74   "location": {
75     "latitude": 56.1558978,
76     "longitude": 10.1994809
77   }
78 },
```

# Users



```
{} users.json x
data > {} users.json > {} 4 > abc id
9 {
11   "image": "https://share.cederdorff.dk/imag
12   "mail": "race@eaaa.dk",
13   "name": "Rasmus Cederdorff",
14   "title": "Senior Lecturer"
15 },
16 {
17   "id": "fjpRTTjZHwrq3tTLHri",
18   "image": "https://www.baaa.dk/media/5buh1x
19   "mail": "anki@eaaa.dk",
20   "name": "Anne Kirketerp",
21   "title": "Head of Department"
22 },
23 {
24   "id": "pqzGY1MnHYm3I4Ca79Xn",
25   "image": "https://www.eaaa.dk/media/14qpfe
26   "mail": "lskj@eaaa.dk",
27   "name": "Line Skjødt",
28   "title": "Senior Lecturer & Internship Coo
29 },
30 {
31   "id": "HlvRHR58C05gu0Ll64k5",
32   "image": "https://www.eaaa.dk/media/bdojel
33   "mail": "dob@eaaa.dk",
34   "name": "Dan Okkels Brendstrup",
35   "title": "Lecturer"
36 },
37 {
38   "id": "MlvJJr83C55auHLL64s7",
39   "image": "https://www.eaaa.dk/media/oayjq0
40   "mail": "mnor@eaaa.dk",
41   "name": "Martin Aagaard Nøhr",
42   "title": "Lecturer"
43 }
```



# One to Many (1 - N)

Scenario (Embed):

You have to map a patron with multiple address relationships. In this one-to-many relationship between [patron] and [address] data, the [patron] has multiple [address] entities.

MongoDB Schema Design Best Practices

mongodb.com/developer/products/mongodb/mongodb-schema-design-best-practices/

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## One-to-Few

Okay, now let's say that we are dealing a small sequence of data that's associated with our users. For example, we might need to store several addresses associated with a given user. It's unlikely that a user for our application would have more than a couple of different addresses. For relationships like this, we would define this as a *one-to-few relationship*.

```
1 {  
2   "_id": "ObjectId('AAA')",  
3   "name": "Joe Karlsson",  
4   "company": "MongoDB",  
5   "twitter": "@JoeKarlsson1",  
6   "twitch": "joe_karlsson",  
7   "tiktok": "joekarlsson",  
8   "website": "joekarlsson.com",  
9   "addresses": [  
10     { "street": "123 Sesame St", "city": "Anytown", "cc": "USA" },  
11     { "street": "123 Avenue Q", "city": "New York", "cc": "USA" }  
12   ]  
13 }
```

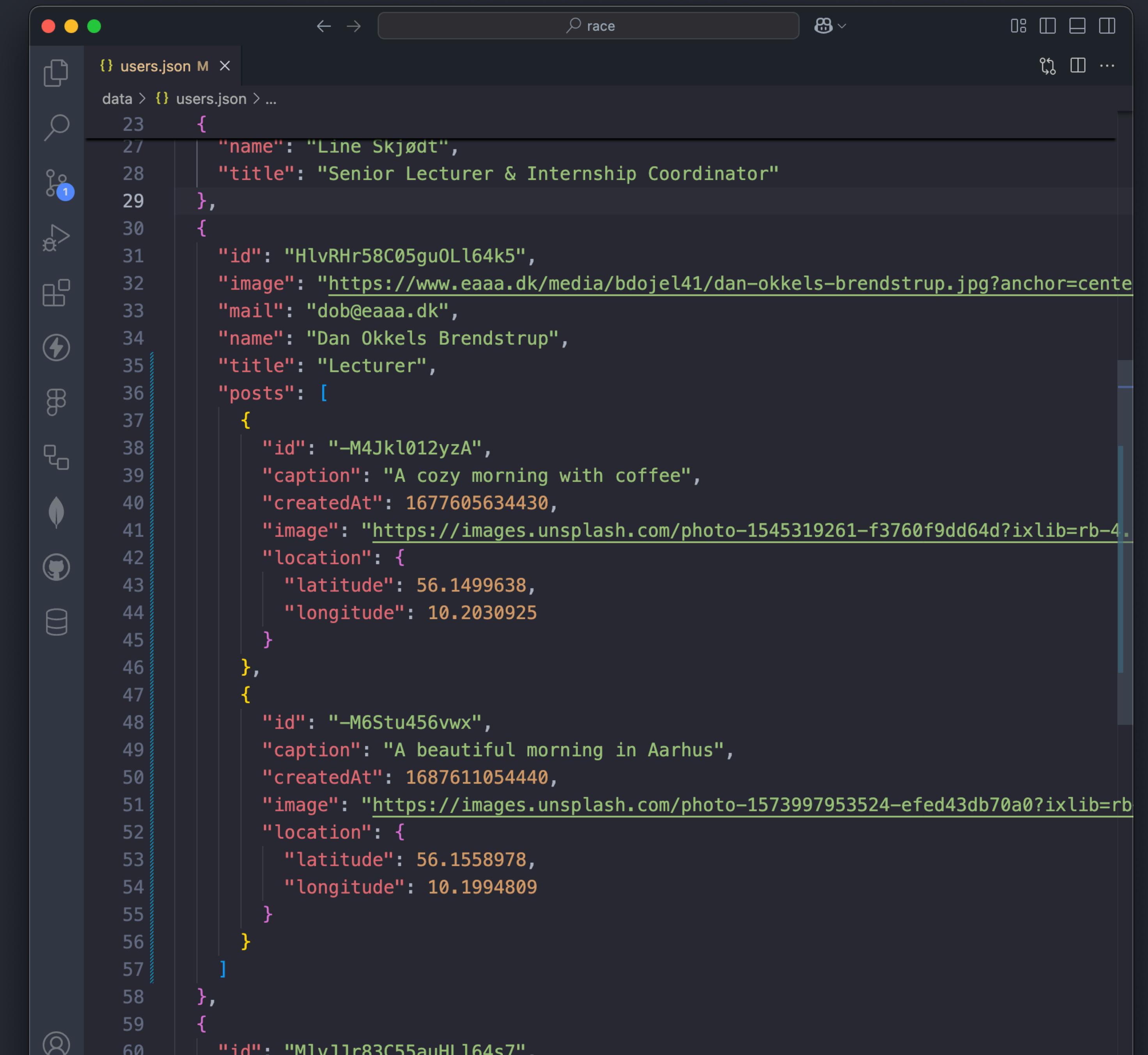
### Table of Contents

- Schema Design
- Approaches – Relational vs. MongoDB
- Embedding vs. Referencing
- Type of Relationships

Additional Resources:

```
1  {
2      "first_name": "Paul",
3      "surname": "Miller",
4      "cell": "447557505611",
5      "city": "London",
6      "location": [45.123, 47.232],
7      "profession": ["banking", "finance", "trader"],
8      "cars": [
9          {
10             "model": "Bentley",
11             "year": 1973
12         },
13         {
14             "model": "Rolls Royce",
15             "year": 1965
16         }
17     ]
18 }
```

# Posts embeeded in the User



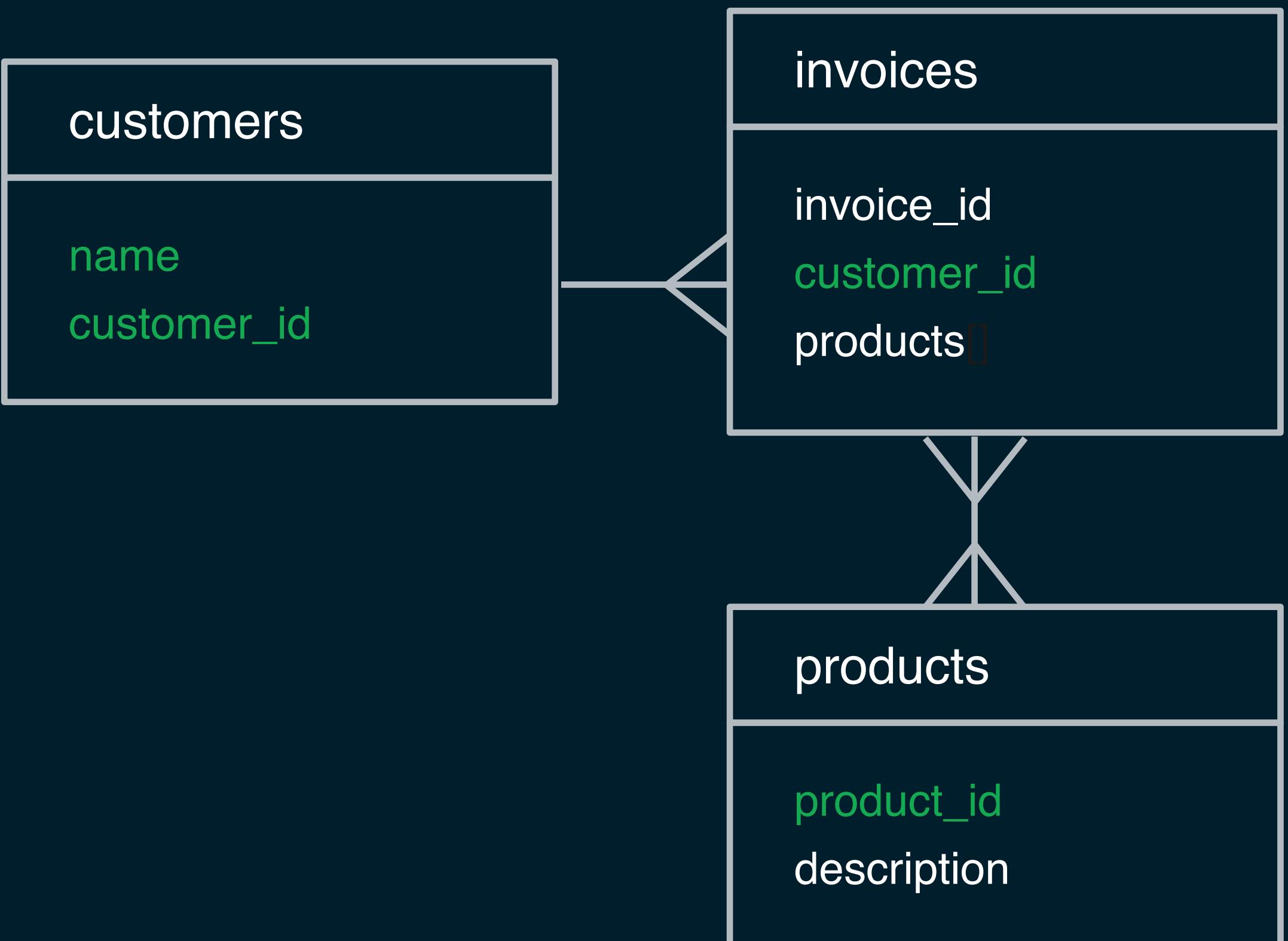
```
{} users.json M X
data > {} users.json > ...
23   {
27     "name": "Line Skjødt",
28     "title": "Senior Lecturer & Internship Coordinator"
29   },
30   {
31     "id": "HlvRHr58C05gu0Ll64k5",
32     "image": "https://www.eaaa.dk/media/bdojel41/dan-okkels-brendstrup.jpg?anchor=cente
33     "mail": "dob@eaaa.dk",
34     "name": "Dan Okkels Brendstrup",
35     "title": "Lecturer",
36     "posts": [
37       {
38         "id": "-M4Jkl012yzA",
39         "caption": "A cozy morning with coffee",
40         "createdAt": 1677605634430,
41         "image": "https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1545319261-f3760f9dd64d?ixlib=rb-4.
42         "location": {
43           "latitude": 56.1499638,
44           "longitude": 10.2030925
45         }
46       },
47       {
48         "id": "-M6Stu456vwx",
49         "caption": "A beautiful morning in Aarhus",
50         "createdAt": 1687611054440,
51         "image": "https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1573997953524-efed43db70a0?ixlib=rb-
52         "location": {
53           "latitude": 56.1558978,
54           "longitude": 10.1994809
55         }
56       }
57     ]
58   },
59   {
60     "id": "M1vJ1r83C55auHI164s7"
```



# Relationships

## Many-to-Many (N-N)

A Many-to-Many relationship between two entities where they both might have many relationships between each other.





# Many to Many (N-N)

Scenario:

Consider a scenario where a book was written by multiple authors and similarly, one of the authors has written multiple books. How would we go about mapping these relationships?

The screenshot shows a web browser displaying a MongoDB schema design article. The URL in the address bar is [mongodb.com/developer/products/mongodb/mongodb-schema-design-best-practices/](https://mongodb.com/developer/products/mongodb/mongodb-schema-design-best-practices/). The page header includes the MongoDB Developer logo and navigation links for Topics, Documentation, Articles, Tutorials, Events, Code Examples, Podcasts, and MongoDB TV.

**Users:**

```
1 {
2   "_id": ObjectId("AAF1"),
3   "name": "Kate Monster",
4   "tasks": [ObjectId("ADF9"), ObjectId("AE02"), ObjectId("AE73")]
5 }
```

**Tasks:**

```
1 {
2   "_id": ObjectId("ADF9"),
3   "description": "Write blog post about MongoDB schema design",
4   "due_date": ISODate("2014-04-01"),
5   "owners": [ObjectId("AAF1"), ObjectId("BB3G")]
6 }
```

**Table of Contents**

- Schema Design
- Approaches – Relational vs. MongoDB
- Embedding vs. Referencing
- Type of Relationships

Additional Resources:

# Posts

```
{} postsMultipleUsers.json ×  
data > {} postsMultipleUsers.json > {} users > {} fTs84KR0Yw5pRZEWCq2Z  
1   "posts": [  
2     "-M1Abcdefg123": {  
3       "caption": "Beautiful sunset at the beach",  
4       "createdAt": 1687215634430,  
5       "image": "https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1566241832378-917a0f30db2c?ixlib=rb-4.0.3",  
6       "createdBy": ["ZfPTVEMQKf9vhNiUh0bj", "fTs84KR0Yw5pRZEWCq2Z"]  
7     },  
8     "-M1Xyz987pqr": {  
9       "caption": "Exploring the city streets of Aarhus",  
10      "createdAt": 1687615634430,  
11      "image": "https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1559070169-a3077159ee16?ixlib=rb-4.0.3",  
12      "createdBy": ["fTs84KR0Yw5pRZEWCq2Z"]  
13    },  
14    "-M2Def456stu": {  
15      "caption": "Delicious food at the restaurant",  
16      "createdAt": 1687015634430,  
17      "image": "https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1548940740-204726a19be3?ixlib=rb-4.0.3",  
18      "createdBy": ["fjpRTTjZHwrq3tTLHri"]  
19    },  
20    "-M3Ghi789vwx": {  
21      "caption": "Exploring the city center of Aarhus",  
22      "createdAt": 1687615704430,  
23      "image": "https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1612624629424-ddde915d3dc5?ixlib=rb-4.0.3",  
24      "createdBy": ["pqzGY1MnHYm3I4Ca79Xn", "fjpRTTjZHwrq3tTLHri"]  
25    },  
26    "-M4Jkl012yzA": {  
27      "caption": "A cozy morning with coffee",  
28      "createdAt": 1677605634430,  
29      "image": "https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1545319261-f3760f9dd64d?ixlib=rb-4.0.3",  
30      "createdBy": ["HlvRHR58C05gu0Ll64k5"]  
31    },  
32    "-M5Mno123pqr": {  
33      "caption": "Serenity of the forest",  
34      "createdAt": 1687165634430,  
35      "image": "https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1661505216710-32316e7b5bb3?ixlib=rb-4.0.3",  
36      "createdBy": ["mnor@eaaa.dk", "Martin Aagaard Nøhr", "Lecturer"]  
37  ]  
38 }
```

# Users

```
{} users.json ×  
data > {} users.json > {} 4 > id  
9   {  
10    "image": "https://share.cederdorff.dk/images/cederdorff.jpg",  
11    "mail": "race@eaaa.dk",  
12    "name": "Rasmus Cederdorff",  
13    "title": "Senior Lecturer"  
14  },  
15  {  
16    "id": "fjpRTTjZHwrq3tTLHri",  
17    "image": "https://www.baaa.dk/media/5buh1x",  
18    "mail": "anki@eaaa.dk",  
19    "name": "Anne Kirketerp",  
20    "title": "Head of Department"  
21  },  
22  {  
23    "id": "pqzGY1MnHYm3I4Ca79Xn",  
24    "image": "https://www.eaaa.dk/media/14qpfe",  
25    "mail": "lskj@eaaa.dk",  
26    "name": "Line Skjødt",  
27    "title": "Senior Lecturer & Internship Coor  
28  },  
29  {  
30    "id": "HlvRHR58C05gu0Ll64k5",  
31    "image": "https://www.eaaa.dk/media/bdojel",  
32    "mail": "dob@eaaa.dk",  
33    "name": "Dan Okkels Brendstrup",  
34    "title": "Lecturer"  
35  },  
36  {  
37    "id": "MlvJJr83C55auHLl64s7",  
38    "image": "https://www.eaaa.dk/media/oayjq0",  
39    "mail": "mnor@eaaa.dk",  
40    "name": "Martin Aagaard Nøhr",  
41    "title": "Lecturer"  
42  }  
43 }
```



- One-to-One - Prefer key value pairs within the document
- One-to-Few - Prefer embedding
- One-to-Many - Prefer embedding
- One-to-Squillions - Prefer Referencing
- Many-to-Many - Prefer Referencing

## Embed or Link



# Embed

- For integrity with read operations
- For integrity with write operations
- On one-to-one and one-to-many
- For data that is deleted together by default

# Link

- When the "many" side is a huge number
- For integrity on write operations on many-to-many
- When a piece is frequently used, but not the other and memory is an issue



- Rule 1: Favor embedding unless there is a compelling reason not to.
- Rule 2: Needing to access an object on its own is a compelling reason not to embed it.
- Rule 3: Avoid joins and lookups if possible, but don't be afraid if they can provide a better schema design.
- Rule 4: Arrays should not grow without bound. If there are more than a couple of hundred documents on the many side, don't embed them; if there are more than a few thousand documents on the many side, don't use an array of ObjectId references. High-cardinality arrays are a compelling reason not to embed.
- Rule 5: As always, with MongoDB, how you model your data depends entirely on your particular application's data access patterns. You want to structure your data to match the ways that your application queries and updates it.

# General Rules for MongoDB Schema Design

# Indexes and search

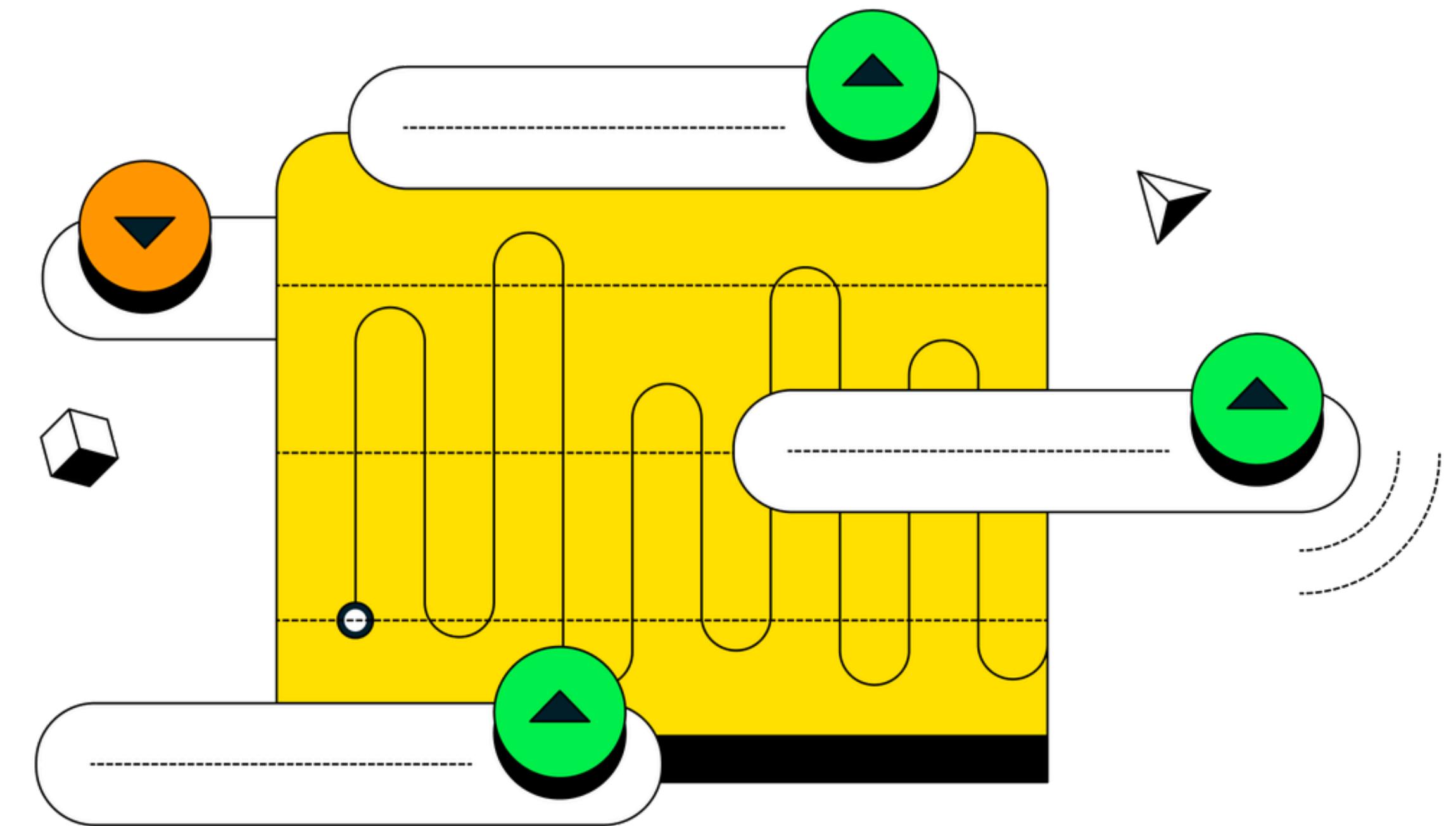




# What is an Index in MongoDB?

Indexes hold a small portion of the collection's data in a form that's easy to traverse. They are used to:

- Speed up queries and updates
- Avoid disk I/O as queries eliminating the need for slow collection scans
- Reduce overall computation



# Search Index

Index for Amounts						
amount: 2600	amount: 1800	amount: 1300	amount: 1200	amount: 1000	amount: 700	amount: 600

Raw Data						
{ date: "Jan 1", amount: 1000 }	{ date: "Feb 29", amount: 600 }	{ date: "Dec 24", amount: 700 }	{ date: "Mar 7", amount: 2600 }	{ date: "Jan 15", amount: 1200 }	{ date: "Apr 2", amount: 1300 }	{ date: "Mar 12", amount: 1800 }

Index for Dates						
date: "Dec 24"	date: "Jan 1"	date: "Jan 15"	date: "Feb 29"	date: "Mar 7"	date: "Mar 12"	date: "Apr 2"

Query for quarterly sales						

Index for Amounts						
amount: 2600	amount: 1800	amount: 1300	amount: 1200	amount: 1000	amount: 700	amount: 600

Raw Data						
{ date: "Jan 1", amount: 1000 }	{ date: "Feb 29", amount: 600 }	{ date: "Dec 24", amount: 700 }	{ date: "Mar 7", amount: 2600 }	{ date: "Jan 15", amount: 1200 }	{ date: "Apr 2", amount: 1300 }	{ date: "Mar 12", amount: 1800 }

Index for Dates						
date: "Dec 24"	date: "Jan 1"	date: "Jan 15"	date: "Feb 29"	date: "Mar 7"	date: "Mar 12"	date: "Apr 2"

Query for top 3 sales						

<https://www.mongodb.com/basics/search-index>

# Index: example

- This code creates an index on the uid field in the posts collection.
- An index is a data structure that improves the performance of queries that filter or sort based on the indexed field. In this case, the index will improve the performance of queries that filter posts based on the user ID.
- The query `db.posts.find({uid: ObjectId("ZfPTVEMQKf9v")})` will be much faster if there is an index on the uid field, as MongoDB can directly identify the documents associated with the specified user ID. This is in contrast to a scenario where there is no index on the uid field, where MongoDB would have to scan the entire collection to locate the matching documents.

```
db.posts.insertMany([
  {
    caption: "A beautiful morning in Aarhus",
    createdAt: new Date("2023-04-06T09:10:54Z"),
    image: "https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1573997953524-ef",
    uid: ObjectId("HlvRHz58C05g")
  },
  {
    caption: "Rainbow reflections of the city of Aarhus",
    createdAt: new Date("2023-04-02T20:25:34Z"),
    image: "https://images.unsplash.com/photo-1558443336-dbb3c",
    uid: ObjectId("fjpRTjZHwr")
  }
])
// create index
db.posts.createIndex({ uid: 1 });
// posts with specific user
db.posts.find({uid: ObjectId("ZfPTVEMQKf9v")})
```

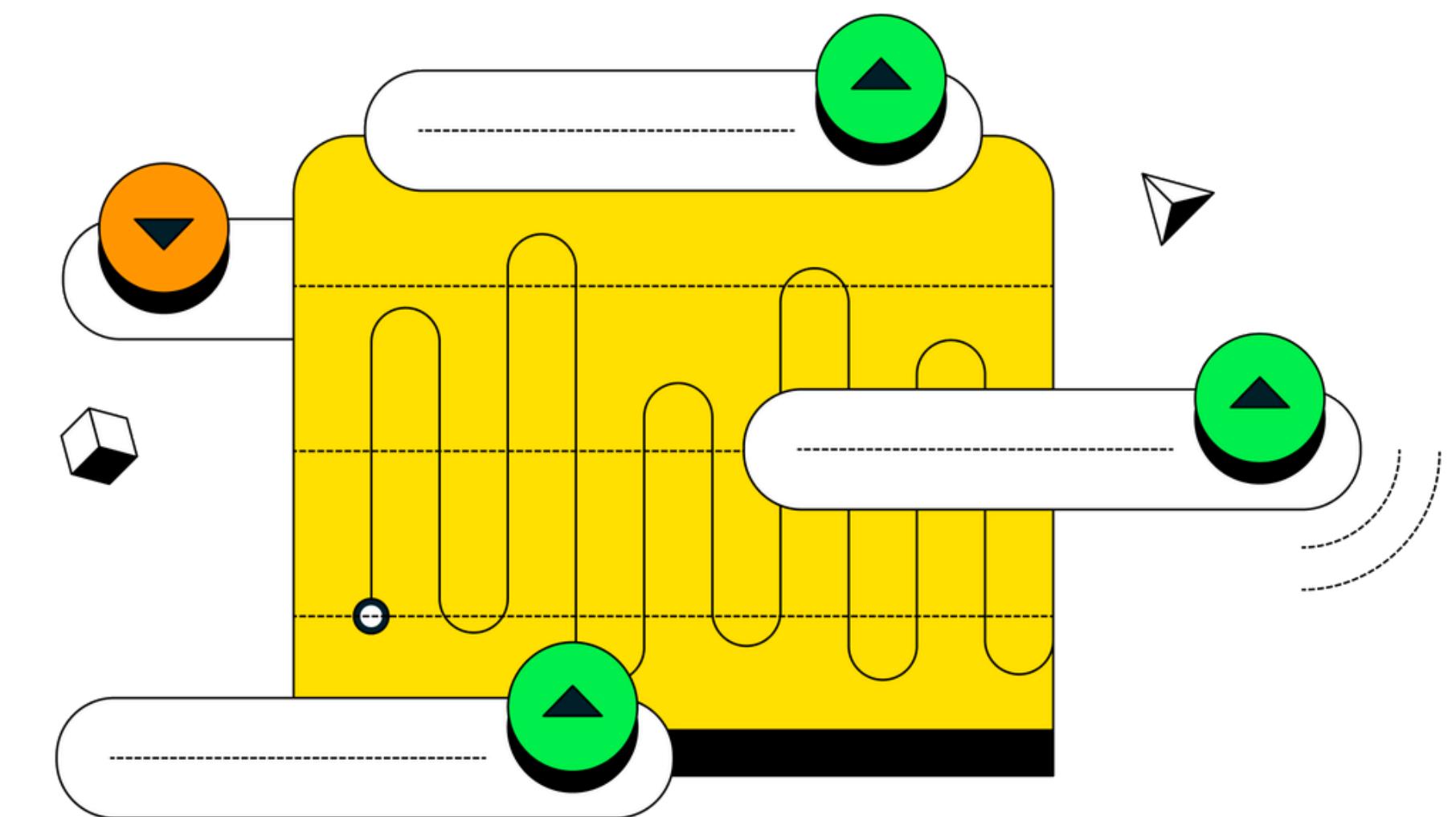


# When to Use Indexes

Developers should use an index when querying data in a collection, especially for frequently run queries.

When determining if an index should be used, consider:

- Four indexes is a good rule of thumb for the ideal number for a given collection.
- Sixty-four indexes are the maximum per collection, however, above 20 and performances renders the system almost unusable for workloads.





# Considerations When Using Indexes

Indexes require RAM.

Avoid unnecessary indexes at all cost, otherwise the write performance will suffer. Each index adds 10% overhead.

When does an index entry get modified?

- Data is inserted (applies to all indexes).
- Data is deleted (applies to all indexes).
- Data is updated in such a way that its indexed field changes.



# Types of Indexes Available

Most common indexes:

- Single Field
- Compound Index

Other types of specialized indexes including:

- Multikey Index
- Geospatial Index
- Text Index
- Hashed Index
- Time-To-Live (TTL) Index
- Hidden Index
- Partial Index
- Wildcard Index