





Vs

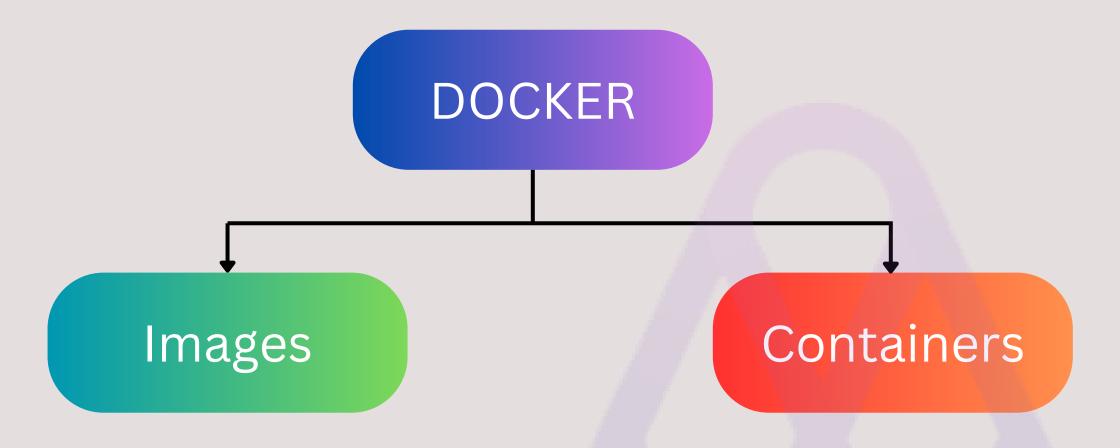
Docker Container









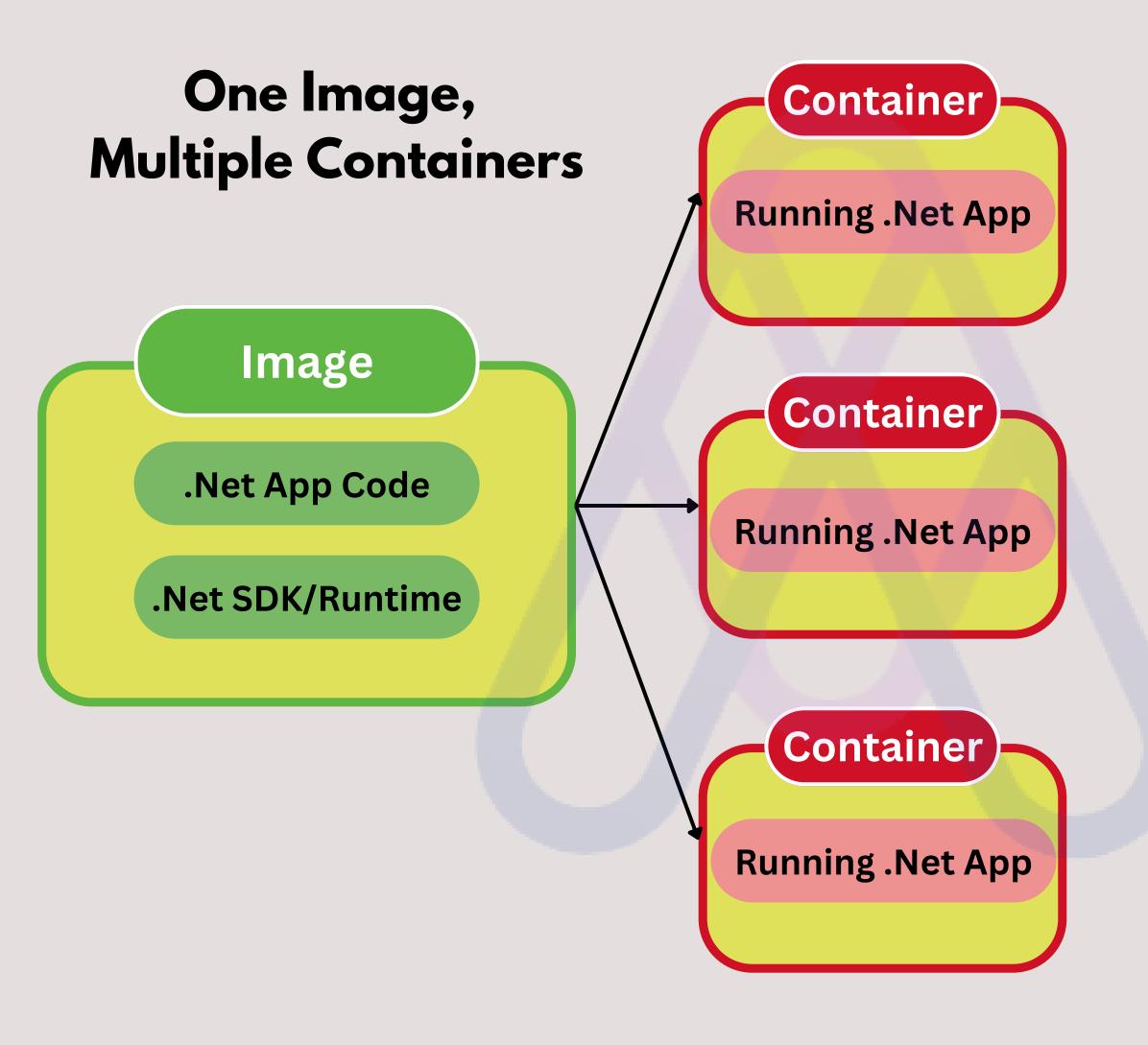


- Templates for containers
- The running instance of Image.
- Contains code, dependencies, runtime
- Mutiple container can be created based on one image.
- Layer-based, read-only.
- Read and Write access. Data is lost on shutdown.

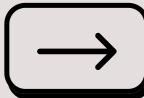


















Use an existing, pre-built image

Create your custom image

From



Docker Hub



Microsoft Container Registry



Other private registry



Write your own Dockerfile









Downloading Images:

The docker pull command is used to download an image from the repository so that it is available locally.

docker pull imagename:tag ex: docker pull node

if you don't specify tag, it will pull latest image.

docker run imagename:tag

docker run download an image from repository if it is not available locally and create and start the container.







2

Create custom Image:

docker build -t name:tag.

Dockerfile

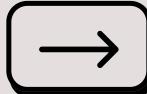
ENTRYPOINT ["dotnet", "example.dll"]

COPY..

WORKDIR /app

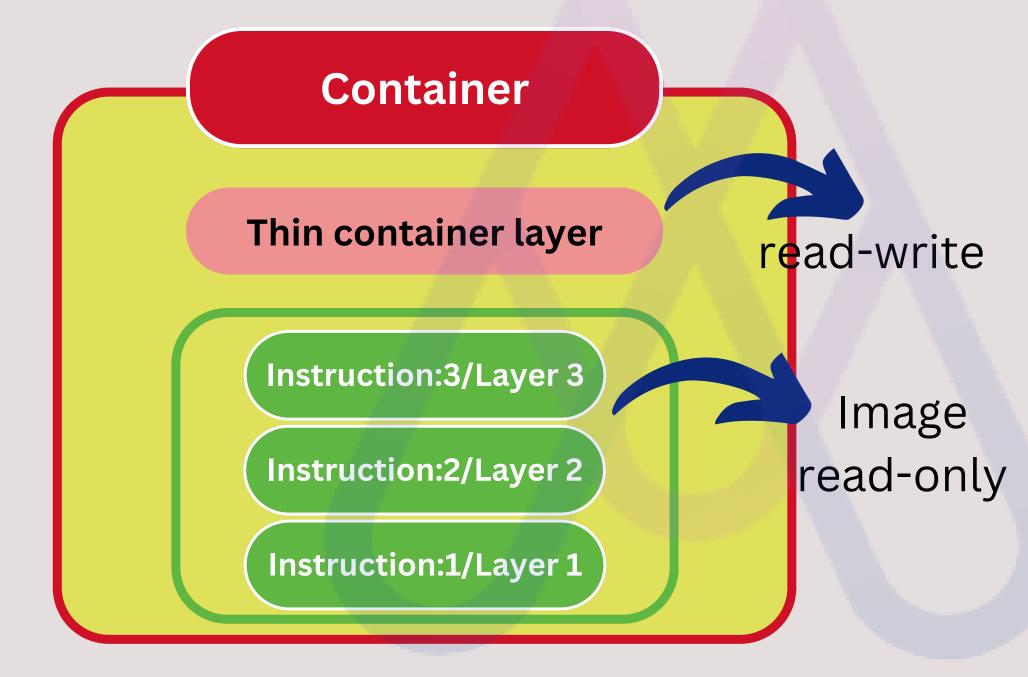
Base image from docker hub/ microsoft registry





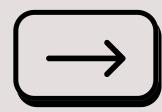


Container based on Image



docker run imagename:tag







Key Commands for image:

Build an image: docker build -t name:tag.

Inspect an image: docker inspect name/id

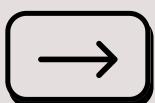
Remove an image: docker rmi name/id

Remove all images: docker image prune

Pull an image: docker pull name:tag

NOTE: docker image prune will remove only untagged images. If you want to remove tagged images as well add -a with command.





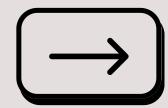




Key Commands for container:

- docker create imagename: Create new container.
- docker run imagename: Create and start new container based on image.
- docker stop containername: Stop a running container.
- docker start containername: Start a stopped container.
- docker rm containername: Remove specified container.
- docker container prune: Remove all containers.









Knowledge is contagious, let's spread it!





THANKS FOR READING