

Status Meeting - Application of Graph Learning to inverse problems

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Problem and Goal

- Denoise observations
- Motivation from imaging (computed tomography, cryo-EM)

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Input

\mathcal{I} : class of images (where $i \in \mathbb{R}^M$ with M as image dimension.)

Output

$$\text{denoiser} : (i + \eta) \mapsto i^* \approx i$$

Where $i \in \mathcal{I}$ and $\eta \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2) \in \mathbb{R}$.

Sinogram Denoiser

forward : radon transform

backward : filter back projection

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Sinogram Denoiser

$denoiser_{sino} : forward(i) + \eta \mapsto forward(i)^* \approx forward(i)$

$denoiser = backward(denoiser_{sino}(forward(i) + \eta))$

Where $i \in \mathcal{I}$ and $\eta \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2) \in \mathbb{R}$.

GAT Denoiser

GAT - Graph Attention Network

$GAT(A, \text{GAT args}) \rightarrow \text{fixed angles} \rightarrow \text{k-nn circle graph}$

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GAT Loss

$$\mathcal{L}_1 = \| \text{forward}(i) - \text{denoiser}_{\text{ sino}}(\text{forward}(i) + \eta) \|_2$$

$$\mathcal{L}_2 = \| i - \text{backward}(\text{denoiser}_{\text{ sino}}(\text{forward}(i) + \eta)) \|_2$$

Where $i \in \mathcal{I}$ and $\eta \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2) \in \mathbb{R}$.

GAT Denoiser - 2

GAT - Graph Attention Network

$GAT(A, \text{GAT args}) \rightarrow \text{fixed angles} \rightarrow \text{k-nn circle graph}$

Input Graph

- › Learning does work with circle graph
- › Learning does not work with random (Erdős–Rényi) graph

Toy images

- › Uniformly places shapes on image

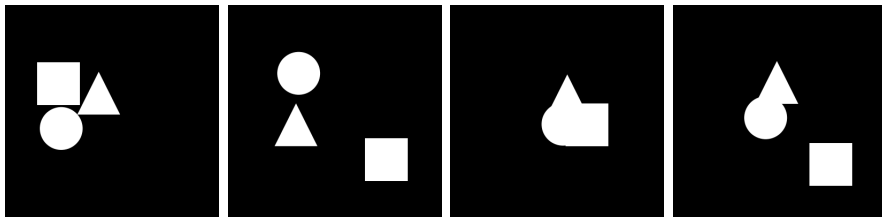


Figure: Example toy images.

Current Results

- › Results with \mathcal{L}_1 available.
- › Results with \mathcal{L}_2 calculating.
- › If time, add some comparison with BM3d

Final steps

- › Gather final results
- › Write report
- › Comparing with BM3D