

Visualising Ant Colony Optimisation

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G400 Computer Science, CS39440

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A requirements specification for a Computer Science Major Project

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1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this document is to give a detailed description for the ‘Visualising Ant Colony Optimisation’ application. This document will cover the interface interactions and methods as well as providing definitions to important terminology. The document is primarily intended to be used as a reference point for the initial stages of development.

1.2 Scope

The ‘Visualising Ant Colony Optimisation’ application is a desktop application which is designed to demonstrate the behaviour of an underlying ACO algorithm given various algorithm parameters. These parameters will be defined by the user and can be modified at their convenience. The algorithms behaviour given these parameters will be visible and the users can make a clear assessment about how each of the parameters impacts the algorithms performance.

During the background research into this subject area there does not seem to be too many applications which offer ACO visualisations and there are even less which provide a ‘friendly’ environment which is simple and intuitive to use regardless of the users background knowledge in regards to the subject area.

The software will be deployed in an educational environment, and aims to provide a means for teaching ACO to students as part of an Artificial Intelligence course or for independent use as a self-learning exercise. As a result the software must cater for the majority of user groups to maximise its effectiveness. This means the software must be accessible on all major platforms and perform equally well on said platforms.

1.3 Definitions

Term	Definition
ACO	Ant Colony Optimisation
user	Anybody who is using or wishes to use the software
user group	A collective group of users representing different user needs.
interface	A graphical user interface
standalone	Operates independently of other hardware or software
agent	The entities which will be traversing the graph

Table 1: Definitions for the keys terms used throughout this document

2 Overview

This section will give an overview of the proposed application. This section will also expand on the expected user groups and functionality required by said groups. The constraints

2.1 Product Descriptive

The software application will be standalone and does not need to communicate with another system or application, because of this there is no need for any form of network connection to be present in order to use the application to its maximum potential.

The application will communicate with the Operating System on the host machine in order to enable the save and load functionalities through simple file input and output. However the users access to the host machines file system will be restricted by the fact that the saving and loading will be restricted to the users home directory preventing the overwriting of important documents.

The application itself will not take up too many system resources even if a large problem is being handled. This allows the users on a system or network to run the application without

it impacting the performance of other services. Given that the target audience is educational establishments this is especially important as many teaching fellows have multiple applications running during a lesson or lecture and a negative impact on their system could reduce the amount of information taught during said session.

2.2 Product functionality

The users will be able to view a world which represents the Agents and the nodes in the graph otherwise known as the world. The state of this world will be directly related to the algorithm parameters specified by the users using the interface provided. There are several parameters which can be modified by the user, each of which will have a different impact of the state of the word and the algorithms behaviour.

The parameters which can be modified will be clearly labelled and will be obviously editable. As these parameters will be user defined there will be strict error checking measures in place to catch any illegal values before they can cause problems for the algorithm, and in addition each parameter will have a range of legal limits applied to them. This will prevent the users from entering values of the incorrect type (String when the systems needs a double) and will also prevent values from outside of the specified range being accepted. When a complication or error arises there will be a simple error message presented to the user informing them of both the error and why it occurred which should enable the user to resolve what they did incorrectly.

2.3 User Groups and Characteristics

There will be three main user groups associated with this application. Each of these user groups will interact with the application in a different manner but the main purpose and result will remain the same.

Teachers/Teaching fellows will use the application with the underlying knowledge already in hand. They will be mainly be using the applications to visually portray ideas and will have expectations in regards to what to expect for a solution and will have some idea how the parameters impact the final result.

Students will use the application with some background knowledge of the underlying concepts but will still use the application in an experimental manner and may have little expectations or understanding of how changing certain parameters impacts the final result.

People new to the subject area will use the application with potentially no idea about the underlying concepts. There will be measures in place to explain the underlying metrics and give an insight into what the application is actually doing. Given that they have less knowledge of this subject area that the other two user groups mentioned above, they will still be able to achieve the same results and levels of functionality. The application will cater for all users regardless of prior knowledge.

2.4 Constraints

As the application is standalone is reduces the amount of constraints which it becomes subject to. The main constraint which the application is associated with is the dimensions of the users display. The interface has to house a lot of elements in order to produce a simple and effective environment, thus it takes up quite a lot of screen real estate. However in modern times the amount of space required for the application to perform as expected is far from unreasonable and the application will be developed with this in mind.

The algorithms execution time directly proportional to the user defined parameters, more specifically the number of agents and the number of nodes in the graph. The more agents and nodes the larger the execution time and resource requirements will be. The application will be developed with this in mind as there will be a constraint on how much memory and system resources the application should use. There is no expectation on the user to have a superfast high

end machine therefore the application will be designed to accommodate a standard machine for these modern times and correct limits will be placed on these user parameters.

The application does write the host systems file store so there must be adequate room to do so, however the files that will be written are simple text files which will not take up a lot of room on the host machines disk. Depending on the users machine this could still be a constraint. The responsibility and handling for this will belong to the users machine.

2.5 Assumptions

It will be assumed that the user will have the correct drivers installed and their machine will be able to handle the algorithms execution. The applications algorithms are not too resource intensive, therefore this is a reasonable assumption given the modern era and the advancement of computer technology.

It will be assumed that users will meet the minimum display requirements thus no dynamic resizing of the interface based on the users display dimensions will be performed. This significantly reduces complexity.

Another assumption is that every user will have some experience of using similar software and the interface will be familiar and therefore will be easy to use and navigate. The interface will use traditional methods such as simple buttons, text boxes and drop down menus to provide the user access to certain functionality.

3 Specific Requirements

This section contains the function requirements of the software as well as giving details about the different interfaces.

3.1 User Interface

There will be one main user interface for this application. This interface will contain a display area which is where the algorithms current state of execution will be represented visually to the user. There will also be an area which will house the text boxes which will be used by the user to interact with the algorithm and modify the parameters.

The display area will be simple and will be clearly identifiable. The text boxes responsible for handling user inputs will be clearly labelled so the user knows exactly what parameter they will be modifying. The text boxes will be obviously editable and the user will associate the look and feel of these text boxes with the fact that their contents can be modified.

The display will represent everything about the algorithms current state. This will display all of the graphs Nodes and all of the Agents at their current Node. The display area will also show the current pheromone levels for each connecting edge for a given node, this will be done in a way that is clear and understandable by all of the user groups mentioned in section 2.3.

There will also be a textual representation of the current best agent. This will display the best route and the distance of the best route and will update as the global best is updated. There will also be textual representations of how many agents are currently working in addition to how many agents have finished.

3.2 Hardware Interface

The application does not require any specific hardware or host environment as it will be fully cross-platform compliant there are no direct hardware interfaces. There is no network use in this application thus there is no need to communicate with network adapters or anything of similar nature. The system interactions between this application and the host's Operating System file system will be delegated to the Operating System itself.

3.3 Functional Requirements

ID: FR1

Title: Launch the Application

Description: Regardless of the users host environment the application should be able to be launched by the user using an executable .jar file.

Dependencies: None

ID: FR2

Title: Generate a World

Description: The user must be able to randomly generate a world for the algorithm to be executed on.

Dependencies: FR1

ID: FR3

Title: Visualise a World

Description: The user must be able to visualise the world and its parameters including the number of agents, the agent locations and the number of Nodes.

Dependencies: FR1, FR2

ID: FR4

Title: Provide a means to modify parameters

Description: The application must provide simple ways to modify the algorithms parameters.

Dependencies: FR1

ID: FR5

Title: Generate a World with specified values

Description: The user must be able to generate a world for the algorithm to be executed on. This World will have user defined properties such as the number of Nodes and Agents.

Dependencies: FR1, FR4, FR10

ID: FR6

Title: Visualise the Pheromone

Description: Every edge in the graph will have its own pheromone value. This must be visually displayed to the user and correctly model the pheromone deposit and decay operations.

Dependencies: FR1, FR2, FR3, FR13

ID: FR7

Title: Visualise the Agents movement

Description: As the algorithm is executing the Agents will move through the graph. The movement of these Agents must be displayed to the user in a logical manner.

Dependencies: FR1, FR2, FR3, FR8

ID: FR8

Title: Start the Algorithm's execution

Description: There must be a simple way for the user to start the algorithms execution.

Dependencies: FR1

ID: FR9

Title: Stop the Algorithm's execution

Description: There must be a simple way for the user to stop the algorithms execution anytime the user wishes to.

Dependencies: FR1

ID: FR10

Title: Validate parameters

Description: As the users will be able to define thier own parameter values there must be correct measures in place to ensure the values entered are legal. If they are indeed illegal then suitable error messages will be displayed.

Dependencies: FR1

ID: FR11

Title: Display the best path

Description: As the algorithm is performing its task there must be a way to display the current best result to the user.

Dependencies: FR1, FR2, FR3, FR5, FR7, FR8, FR12

ID: FR12

Title: Agents must be able to move between Nodes

Description: In order for algorithm to perform as expected there must be a way for each Agent to move between Nodes in the graph.

Dependencies: FR1, FR2, FR3

ID: FR13

Title: Model Pheromone operations

Description: There must exist a way for the algorithm to correctly deposit and decay pheromones on graph edges adhering to specific formulae.

Dependencies: FR1, FR2, FR3, FR11

ID: FR14

Title: Load Configuration from a file

Description: There must exist a way for the users to load a pre-existing configuration from a file of their choosing. This allows the algorithm to be executed on the same problem multiple times.

Dependencies: FR1, FR2, FR3

ID: FR15

Title: Save Configuration to a file

Description: There must exist a way for the users to save the current configuration to a file of their choosing. This allows the algorithm to be executed on the same problem multiple times.

Dependencies: FR1, FR2, FR3

ID: FR16

Title: Exit the application

Description: The user must be able to exit the application completely killing the process and freeing system resources.

Dependencies: FR1

3.4 Requirement Evaluation

Each of the functional requirements mentioned in section 3.3 differ in their levels of importance. The dependencies field for each requirement donates which requirements must be completed before said requirement itself can be finished. As this is the case the following represents the order of importance for each functional requirement.

Requirement	Dependant Requirements
FR1	FR2, FR3, FR4, FR5, FR6, FR7, FR8, FR9 ' FR10, FR11, FR12, FR13, FR14, FR15, FR16
FR2	FR3, FR6, FR7, FR11, FR12, FR13, FR14, FR15
FR3	FR6, FR7, FR11, FR12, FR13, FR14, FR15.
FR8	FR7, FR11, FR13
FR4	FR5
FR5	FR11
FR10	FR5
FR12	FR11
FR13	FR6
FR7	FR11
FR11	
FR6	
FR9	
FR14	
FR15	
FR16	

Table 2: Table representing the Functional Requirements and which other requirements are dependent on them.

As described in Table 2 the number of dependant requirements a requirement has the more important it is to the progress of the application. FR1 is the first task that must be accomplished therefore every other requirement is dependent on this being completed. FR1 is the ability to launch the application, if the application cannot be launched then none of the other requirements can be completed, this is a critical requirement.

FR2 is another critical requirement which must be completed early in development as many other requirements are dependent on its completion. FR2 is the ability to generate a World. A World contains all the data that the algorithm needs in order to both execute and visualise, therefore if there is no way to generate a World there is no way to visualise or model the algorithms execution (FR3).

Apart from FR8 (start the algorithms execution) the remaining functional requirements are somewhat independent of each other and are less critical. However this does not mean that they can be avoided as they will be needed in the final application version.