## Experiments with Normalization/Optimization

## CGML Assignment 4

## Camille Chow

For classifying the CIFAR100 dataset, I was able to adapt my convolutional neural net from Assignment 3 with very few alterations, the main difference being the use of batch normalization and the number of filters at each layer. Other hyperparameters were adjusted and tested, however, none of these experiments produced a significantly improved top-5 accuracy. The number of epochs was also increased to 10 and the activation function for the convolutional layers was changed to elu rather than relu.

For the CIFAR10 dataset, I initially attempted to use a similar model as the CIFAR100, but couldn't produce an accuracy better than 70%. Initial attempts at increasing the depth of the model resulted in decreased accuracy. The current architecture is modeled after the following tutorial: https://appliedmachinelearning.blog/2018/03/24/achieving-90-accuracy-in-object-recognition-task-on-cifar-10-dataset-with-keras-convolutional-neural-networks/, which uses six convolutional layers with increasing filter size. I attempted to implement data augmentation, however, this too resulted in lower accuracy rates (likely due to overfitting) and extra computation time, so I chose to omit it. I added an additional dense layer and dropout layer to improve accuracy. After tuning and testing with various optimizers, pooling and kernel sizes, filter numbers, dropout rates, activation functions, batch norm parameters, and learning rate schedules, I arrived to similar hyperparameters from the tutorial, as these were already close to optimal. From that point on, the only gains made in accuracy were achieved by increasing the number of epochs. I was able to achieve up to 80% accuracy with 10 epochs, 85% accuracy with 30 epochs, and 87% with 100 epochs. With more time and computational capability, an accuracy closer to state of the art can be achieved.

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cifar10.py
                 Wed Oct 03 14:41:25 2018
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#Camille Chow
#ECE 471 Assignment 4
#Classifying CIFAR10 data
#Citation: Learning Multiple Layers of Features from Tiny Images, Alex Krizhevsky, 2009.
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
#dimensional constants
num_classes = 10
image_h = 32
image_w = 32
channels = 3
#get data
(x_train, y_train),(x_test, y_test) = tf.keras.datasets.cifar10.load_data()
#shape test data
x_test = x_test.reshape(x_test.shape[0], image_h, image_w, channels)
x_test = x_test.astype('float32')
x_{test} /= 255.0
# shape data(x test)
y_test = tf.keras.utils.to_categorical(y_test, num_classes)
#shape training data
x_train = x_train.reshape(x_train.shape[0], image_h, image_w, channels)
x_train = x_train.astype('float32')
x_train /= 255.0
# shape_data(x_train)
y_train = tf.keras.utils.to_categorical(y_train, num_classes)
#tunable hyperparams
batch\_size = 100
epochs = 100
lam = .001
def lr_schedule(epoch):
    lrate = 0.001
    if epoch > 65:
        lrate = 0.0005
    elif epoch > 85:
        lrate = 0.0001
    return lrate
def add_conv_layer(model, num filters):
        model.add(tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(num_filters, kernel_size=3,
                strides=(1, 1), activation='elu', padding='same'))
def add_pooling_layer(model):
        model.add(tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=3, strides=2))
def add_bn_layer(model):
        model.add(tf.keras.layers.BatchNormalization(momentum=0.99, epsilon=0.001))
#build cnn
model = tf.keras.Sequential()
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(32, kernel size=3,
                strides=(1, 1), activation='elu', padding='same', input_shape=(image_h, i
mage_w, channels)))
add_bn_layer(model)
add_conv_layer(model, 32)
add_bn_layer(model)
add_pooling_layer(model)
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dropout(.2))
add_conv_layer(model, 64)
add_bn_layer(model)
add_conv_layer(model, 64)
add_bn_layer(model)
```

add\_pooling\_layer(model)

model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dropout(.3))

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add_conv_layer(model, 128)
add_bn_layer(model)
add_conv_layer(model, 128)
add_bn_layer(model)
add_pooling_layer(model)
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dropout(.4))
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Flatten())
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(256, activation='elu', kernel_regularizer=tf.keras.regular
izers.12(lam)))
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dropout(.5))
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax'))
#train model
model.compile(loss=tf.keras.losses.categorical_crossentropy, optimizer=tf.keras.optimizer
s.Adam(), metrics=['accuracy'])
model.fit(x_train, y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=epochs, verbose=1, validation_s
plit=.1, callbacks=[tf.keras.callbacks.LearningRateScheduler(lr_schedule)])
#test model
score = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test, verbose=0)
print('Test loss:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
```

```
[54]
Train on 45000 samples, validate on 5000 samples
Epoch 1/100
Epoch 2/100
Epoch 3/100
Epoch 4/100
Epoch 5/100
Epoch 6/100
Epoch 7/100
Epoch 8/100
Epoch 9/100
Epoch 10/100
Epoch 11/100
Epoch 12/100
Epoch 13/100
Epoch 14/100
Epoch 15/100
Epoch 16/100
Epoch 17/100
Epoch 18/100
Epoch 19/100
Epoch 20/100
Epoch 21/100
Epoch 22/100
Epoch 23/100
Epoch 24/100
```

```
[54] Epoch 85/100
Epoch 86/100
45000/45000 [============= ] - 24s 533us/step - loss: 0.1513 - acc: 0.9687 - val_loss: 0.5901 - val_acc: 0.8748
Epoch 87/100
Epoch 88/100
Epoch 89/100
Epoch 90/100
Epoch 91/100
Epoch 92/100
Epoch 93/100
Epoch 94/100
Epoch 95/100
Epoch 96/100
Epoch 97/100
Epoch 98/100
Epoch 99/100
Epoch 100/100
<tensorflow.python.keras.callbacks.History at 0x7fbebdb45f28>
```

```
Epoch 32/100
    45000/45000 [===================] - 24s 535us/step - loss: 0.3666 - acc: 0.9106 - val_loss: 0.5892 - val_acc: 0.8570
    Epoch 33/100
    45000/45000 [===================] - 24s 534us/step - loss: 0.3686 - acc: 0.9116 - val_loss: 0.5923 - val_acc: 0.8610
    Epoch 34/100
    45000/45000 [===================] - 24s 529us/step - loss: 0.3610 - acc: 0.9143 - val_loss: 0.5727 - val_acc: 0.8610
    Epoch 35/100
    45000/45000 [===================] - 24s 532us/step - loss: 0.3562 - acc: 0.9173 - val_loss: 0.5948 - val_acc: 0.8626
    Epoch 36/100
    45000/45000 [=================== ] - 24s 532us/step - loss: 0.3501 - acc: 0.9170 - val_loss: 0.6146 - val_acc: 0.8586
    Epoch 37/100
    45000/45000 [===================] - 24s 534us/step - loss: 0.3452 - acc: 0.9202 - val_loss: 0.6417 - val_acc: 0.8452
    Epoch 38/100
    45000/45000 [===================] - 24s 532us/step - loss: 0.3433 - acc: 0.9201 - val_loss: 0.5926 - val_acc: 0.8610
    Fnoch 39/100
[58] #test model
     score = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test, verbose=0)
```

Test loss: 0.6457389142274856

print('Test loss:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])

Test accuracy: 0.8678

```
cifar100.py
                  Tue Oct 02 15:42:10 2018
#Camille Chow
#ECE 471 Assignment 4
#Classifying CIFAR100 data
#Citation: Learning Multiple Layers of Features from Tiny Images, Alex Krizhevsky, 2009.
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
#dimensional constants
num_classes = 100
image_h = 32
image_w = 32
channels = 3
#get data
(x_train, y_train),(x_test, y_test) = tf.keras.datasets.cifar100.load_data()
#shape test data
x_test = x_test.reshape(x_test.shape[0], image_h, image_w, channels)
x_test = x_test.astype('float32')
x_{test} /= 255.0
y test = tf.keras.utils.to categorical(y test, num classes)
#shape training data
x_train = x_train.reshape(x_train.shape[0], image_h, image_w, channels)
x_train = x_train.astype('float32')
x_train /= 255.0
y_train = tf.keras.utils.to_categorical(y_train, num_classes)
#tunable hyperparams
batch\_size = 100
epochs = 10
dropout = .5
dense units = 1000
lam = .001
def add_conv_layer(model, num_filters):
        model.add(tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(num_filters, kernel_size=3,
                strides=(1, 1), activation='elu', padding='same'))
def add_pooling_layer(model):
        model.add(tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=3, strides=3))
def add bn laver(model):
        model.add(tf.keras.layers.BatchNormalization(momentum=0.99, epsilon=0.001))
#build cnn
model = tf.keras.Sequential()
add_conv_layer(model, 64)
add_bn_layer(model)
add_pooling_layer(model)
add_conv_layer(model, 32)
add_bn_layer(model)
add_pooling_layer(model)
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Flatten())
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(dense_units, activation='relu', kernel_regularizer=tf.ker
as.regularizers.12(lam)))
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dropout(dropout))
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax'))
#train model
model.compile(loss=tf.keras.losses.categorical_crossentropy, optimizer=tf.keras.optimizer
s.Adam(), metrics=['accuracy', 'top_k_categorical_accuracy'])
model.fit(x_train, y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=epochs, verbose=1, validation_s
plit=.1)
#test model
score = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test, verbose=0)
print('Test loss:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
print('Test top-5 accuracy:', score[2])
```

```
[-bash-4.2$ python cifar100.py
Downloading data from https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~kriz/cifar-100-python.tar.gz
Train on 45000 samples, validate on 5000 samples
Epoch 1/10
2018-10-02 16:18:13.770909: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu_feature_guard.cc:141] Your CPU supports instructions that this TensorFlow binary was
not compiled to use: SSE4.1 SSE4.2 AVX AVX2 FMA
2018-10-02 16:18:13.771984: I tensorflow/core/common_runtime/process_util.cc:69] Creating new thread pool with default inter op setting: 2. Tun
e using inter op parallelism threads for best performance.
0 - val_acc: 0.1442 - val_top_k_categorical_accuracy: 0.3724
Epoch 2/10
4 - val acc: 0.2740 - val top k categorical accuracy: 0.5772
Epoch 3/10
5 - val_acc: 0.3026 - val_top_k_categorical_accuracy: 0.6100
Epoch 4/10
1 - val_acc: 0.2854 - val_top_k_categorical_accuracy: 0.5634
Epoch 5/10
9 - val_acc: 0.3710 - val_top_k_categorical_accuracy: 0.6870
Epoch 6/10
8 - val_acc: 0.4102 - val_top_k_categorical_accuracy: 0.7160
Epoch 7/10
7 - val acc: 0.3910 - val top k categorical accuracy: 0.6956
Epoch 8/10
0 - val_acc: 0.4086 - val_top_k_categorical_accuracy: 0.7202
Epoch 9/10
0 - val_acc: 0.4232 - val_top_k_categorical_accuracy: 0.7308
Epoch 10/10
2 - val acc: 0.4266 - val top k categorical accuracy: 0.7286
Test loss: 2.5375137771606444
Test accuracy: 0.4367
```

Test top-5 accuracy: 0.7359

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