## Surface integral (Powers & Sen 2.29)

Compute

$$I = \iint_{S} \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} \, dS, \qquad \mathbf{F} = (x^{2}, y^{2}, z^{2}),$$

over the surface S: z = x - y with  $(x, y) \in [0, 1] \times [0, 1]$ .

**Parametrization.** Let  $\mathbf{r}(x,y) = (x, y, x - y)$ . Then

$$\mathbf{r}_x = (1, 0, 1), \quad \mathbf{r}_y = (0, 1, -1), \quad \mathbf{r}_x \times \mathbf{r}_y = (-1, 1, 1).$$

Hence the vector area element is

$$d\mathbf{S} = (\mathbf{r}_x \times \mathbf{r}_y) \, dx \, dy = (-1, 1, 1) \, dx \, dy.$$

Field on the surface. On S, z = x - y, so

$$\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{r}(x,y)) = (x^2, \ y^2, \ (x-y)^2).$$

Integrand.

$$\mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{S} = (x^2, y^2, (x - y)^2) \cdot (-1, 1, 1) \, dx \, dy = \left(-x^2 + y^2 + (x - y)^2\right) \, dx \, dy = \left(2y^2 - 2xy\right) \, dx \, dy.$$

Integral over the unit square.

$$I = \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \left(2y^2 - 2xy\right) dx dy = \int_0^1 \left[2y\left(y - \frac{1}{2}\right)\right] dy$$
$$= \int_0^1 \left(2y^2 - y\right) dy = \left[\frac{2}{3}y^3 - \frac{1}{2}y^2\right]_0^1 = \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{2} = \left[\frac{1}{6}\right].$$