



## Annual Water Data Report

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# Documentation

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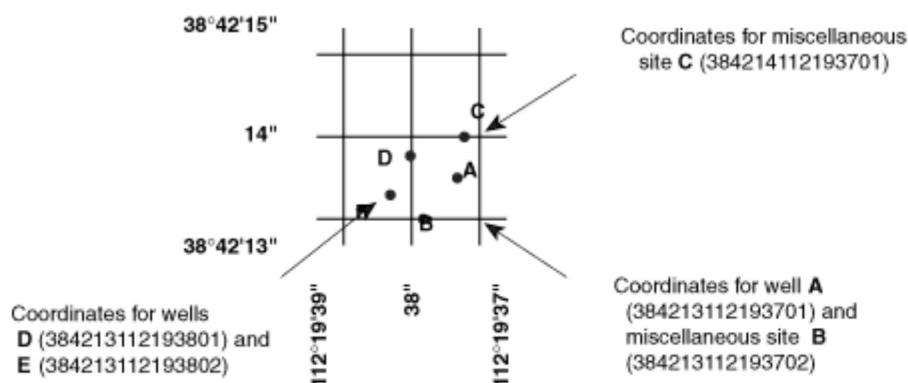
## Downstream order and station number

Since October 1, 1950, hydrologic-station records in USGS reports have been listed in order of downstream direction along the main stream. All stations on a tributary entering upstream from a main-stream station are listed before that station. A station on a tributary entering between two mainstream stations is listed between those stations. A similar order is followed in listing stations on first rank, second rank, and other ranks of tributaries. The rank of any tributary on which a station is located with respect to the stream to which it is immediately tributary is indicated by an indentation in that list of stations in the front of this report. Each indentation represents one rank. This downstream order and system of indentation indicates which stations are on tributaries between any two stations and the rank of the tributary on which each station is located.

As an added means of identification, each hydrologic station and partial-record station has been assigned a station number. These station numbers are in the same downstream order used in this report. In assigning a station number, no distinction is made between partial-record stations and other stations; therefore, the station number for a partial-record station indicates downstream-order position in a list composed of both types of stations. Gaps are consecutive. The complete 8-digit (or 10-digit) number for each station such as 09004100, which appears just to the left of the station name, includes a 2-digit part number "09" plus the 6-digit (or 8-digit) downstream order number "004100." In areas of high station density, an additional two digits may be added to the station identification number to yield a 10-digit number. The stations are numbered in downstream order as described above between stations of consecutive 8- digit numbers.

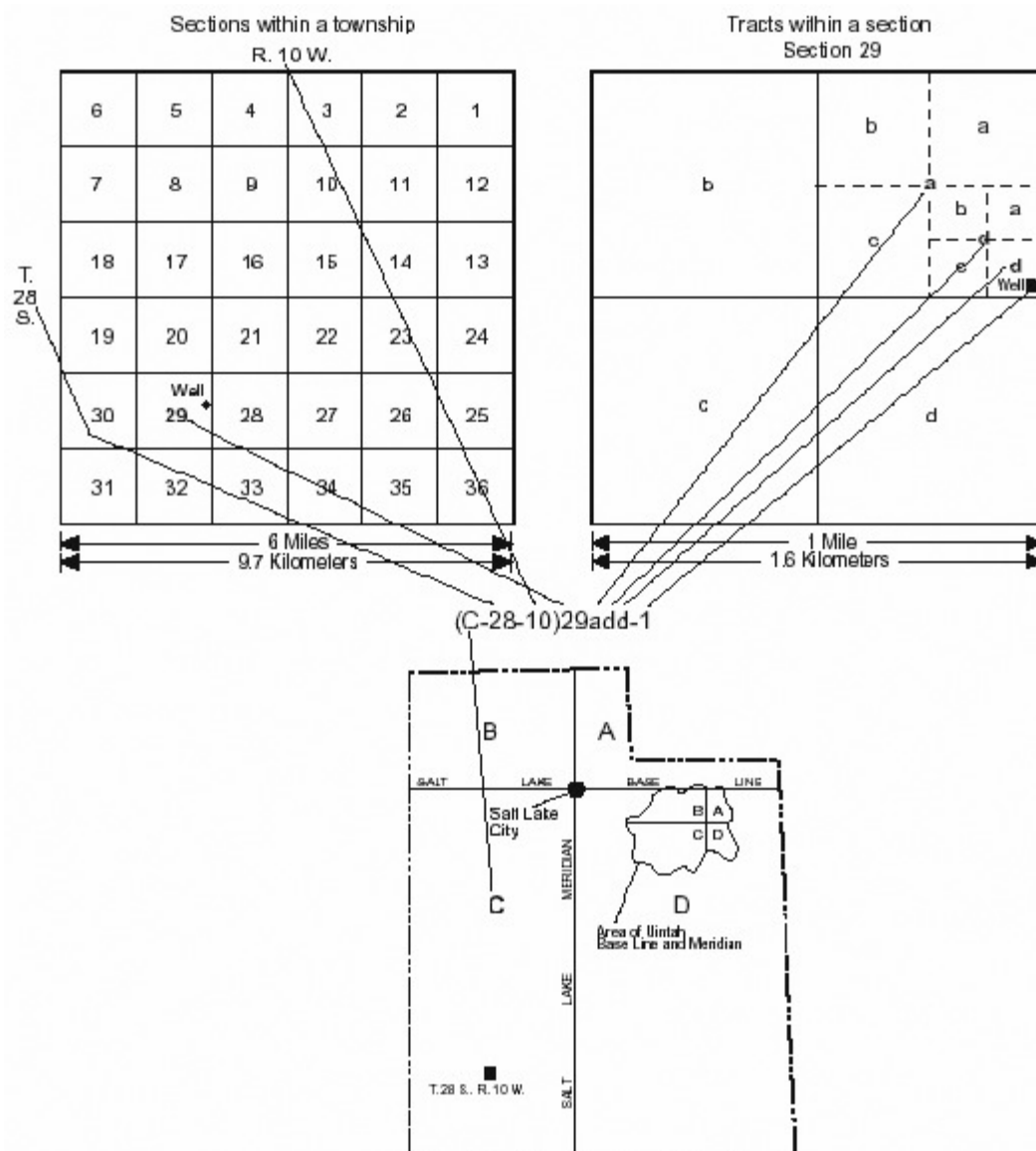
## Numbering system for wells and miscellaneous sites

The USGS well and miscellaneous site-numbering system is based on the grid system of latitude and longitude. The system provides the geographic location of the well or miscellaneous site and a unique number for each site. The number consists of 15 digits. The first 6 digits denote the degrees, minutes, and seconds of latitude, and the next 7 digits denote degrees, minutes, and seconds of longitude; the last 2 digits are a sequential number for wells within a 1-second grid. In the event that the latitude-longitude coordinates for a well and miscellaneous site are the same, a sequential number such as "01," "02," and so forth, would be assigned as one would for wells (see fig. 1). The 8-digit, downstream order station numbers are not assigned to wells and miscellaneous sites where only random water-quality samples or discharge measurements are taken.



**Figure 1.** Example of system for numbering wells and miscellaneous sites (latitude and longitude).

In addition to the well number that is based on the latitude and longitude for each well, another well number may be provided which in many States is based on the Public Land Survey System, a set of rectangular surveys that is used to identify land parcels. This well number is familiar to the water users in, for example, Utah and shows the location of the well by quadrant, township, range section, and position within the section (see fig. 2).



**Figure 2.** Example of system for numbering wells and miscellaneous sites (township and range).

Some Water Science Centers also identify each ground-water site by a local number that consists of an abbreviation of the county name as well as the township, range and section, and a four-digit number assigned to the well. Naming conventions specific to an individual Water Science Center can be obtained locally from each USGS Water Science Center.

## Explanation of stage- and water-discharge records

## Data Collection and Computation

The base data collected at gaging stations consist of records of stage and measurements of discharge of streams or canals, and stage, surface area, and volume of lakes or reservoirs. In addition, observations of factors affecting the stage-discharge relation or the stage-capacity relation, weather records, and other information are used to supplement base data in determining the daily flow or volume of water in storage. Records of stage are obtained from a water-stage recorder that is either downloaded electronically in the field to a laptop computer or similar device or is transmitted using telemetry such as GOES satellite, land-line or cellular-phone modems, or by radio transmission. Measurements of discharge are made with a current meter or acoustic Doppler current profiler, using the general methods adopted by the USGS. These methods are described in standard textbooks, [USGS Water- Supply Paper 2175](#), and the Techniques of Water-Resources Investigations of the United States Geological Survey (TWRI), Book 3, Chapters A1

through A19 and Book 8, Chapters A2 and B2, which may be accessed from <http://water.usgs.gov/pubs/twri/>. The methods are consistent with the [American Society for Testing and Materials](#) (ASTM) standards and generally follow the standards of the [International Organization for Standardization](#) (ISO).

For stream-gaging stations, discharge-rating tables for any stage are prepared from stage-discharge curves. If extensions to the rating curves are necessary to express discharge greater than measured, the extensions are made on the basis of indirect measurements of peak discharge (such as slope-area or contracted-opening measurements, or computation of flow over dams and weirs), step-backwater techniques, velocity-area studies, and logarithmic plotting. The daily mean discharge is computed from gage heights and rating tables, then the monthly and yearly mean discharges are computed from the daily values. If the stage-discharge relation is subject to change because of frequent or continual change in the physical features of the stream channel, the daily mean discharge is computed by the shifting-control method in which correction factors that are based on individual discharge measurements and notes by engineers and observers are used when applying the gage heights to the rating tables. If the stage-discharge relation for a station is temporarily changed by the presence of aquatic growth or debris on the controlling section, the daily mean discharge is computed by the shifting-control method.

The stage-discharge relation at some stream-gaging stations is affected by backwater from reservoirs, tributary streams, or other sources. Such an occurrence necessitates the use of the slope method in which the slope or fall in a reach of the stream is a factor in computing discharge. The slope or fall is obtained by means of an auxiliary gage at some distance from the base gage. An index velocity is measured using ultrasonic or acoustic instruments at some stream-gaging stations, and this index velocity is used to calculate an average velocity for the flow in the stream. This average velocity along with a stage-area relation is then used to calculate average discharge. At some stations, the stage-discharge relation is affected by changing stage. At these stations, the rate of change in stage is used as a factor in computing discharge.

At some stream-gaging stations in the northern United States, the stage-discharge relation is affected by ice in the winter; therefore, computation of the discharge in the usual manner is impossible. Discharge for periods of ice effect is computed on the basis of gage-height record and occasional winter-discharge measurements. Consideration is given to the available information on temperature and precipitation, notes by gage observers and hydrologists, and comparable records of discharge from other stations in the same or nearby basins.

For a lake or reservoir station, capacity tables giving the volume or contents for any stage are prepared from stage-area relation curves defined by surveys. The application of the stage to the capacity table gives the contents, from which the daily, monthly, or yearly changes are computed.

If the stage-capacity curve is subject to changes because of deposition of sediment in the reservoir, periodic resurveys of the reservoir are necessary to define new stage-capacity curves. During the period between reservoir surveys, the computed contents may be increasingly in error due to the gradual accumulation of sediment.

For some stream-gaging stations, periods of time occur when no gage-height record is obtained or the recorded gage height is faulty and cannot be used to compute daily discharge or contents. Such a situation can happen when the recorder stops or otherwise fails to operate properly, the intakes are plugged, the float is frozen in the well, or for various other reasons. For such periods, the daily discharges are estimated on the basis of recorded range in stage, prior and subsequent records, discharge measurements, weather records, and comparison with records from other stations in the same or nearby basins. Likewise, lake or reservoir volumes may be estimated on the basis of operator's log, prior and subsequent records, inflow-outflow studies, and other information.

## Data Presentation

The records published for each continuous record surface-water discharge station (stream-gaging station) consist of five parts: (1) the station manuscript or description; (2) the data table of daily mean values of discharge for the current water year with summary data; (3) a tabular statistical summary of monthly mean flow data for a designated period, by water year; (4) a summary statistics table that includes

statistical data of annual, daily, and instantaneous flows as well as data pertaining to annual runoff, 7-day low-flow minimums, and flow duration; and (5) a hydrograph of discharge.

## Station Manuscript

The manuscript provides, under various headings, descriptive information, such as station location; period of record; historical extremes outside the period of record; record accuracy; and other remarks pertinent to station operation and regulation. The following information, as appropriate, is provided with each continuous record of discharge or lake content. Comments follow that clarify information presented under the various headings of the station description.

**LOCATION.**-Location information is obtained from the most accurate maps available. The location of the gaging station with respect to the cultural and physical features in the vicinity and with respect to the reference place mentioned in the station name is given. River mileages, given for only a few stations, were determined by methods given in "River Mileage Measurement," Bulletin 14, Revision of October 1968, prepared by the Water Resources Council or were provided by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

**DRAINAGE AREA.**-Drainage areas are measured using the most accurate maps available. Because the type of maps available varies from one drainage basin to another, the accuracy of drainage areas likewise varies. Drainage areas are updated as better maps become available.

**PERIOD OF RECORD.**-This term indicates the time period for which records have been published for the station or for an equivalent station. An equivalent station is one that was in operation at a time that the present station was not and whose location was such that its flow reasonably can be considered equivalent to flow at the present station.

**REVISED RECORDS.**-If a critical error in a published site data sheet is discovered, a revision is included (where?) in the next publishing cycle following discovery of the error.

**GAGE.**-The type of gage in current use, the datum of the current gage referred to a standard datum, and a condensed history of the types, locations, and datums of previous gages are given under this heading.

**REMARKS.**-All periods of estimated daily discharge either will be identified by date in this paragraph of the station description for water discharge stations or flagged in the daily discharge table. (See section titled Identifying Estimated Daily Discharge.) Information is presented relative to the accuracy of the records, to special methods of computation, and to conditions that affect natural flow at the station. In addition, information may be presented pertaining to average discharge data for the period of record; to extremes data for the period of record and the current year; and, possibly, to other pertinent items. For reservoir stations, information is given on the dam forming the reservoir, the capacity, the outlet works and spillway, and the purpose and use of the reservoir.

**COOPERATION.**-Records provided by a cooperating organization or obtained for the USGS by a cooperating organization are identified here.

**EXTREMES OUTSIDE PERIOD OF RECORD.**-Information here documents major floods or unusually low flows that occurred outside the stated period of record. The information may or may not have been obtained by the USGS.

**REVISIONS.**-Records are revised if errors in published records are discovered. Appropriate updates are made in the USGS distributed data system, NWIS, and subsequently to its Web-based national data system, NWISWeb (<http://water.usgs.gov/nwis/nwis>). Users are encouraged to obtain all required data from NWIS or NWISWeb to ensure that they have the most recent data updates. Updates to NWISWeb are made on an annual basis.

Although rare, occasionally the records of a discontinued gaging station may need revision. Because no current or, possibly, future station manuscript would be published for these stations to document the revision in a REVISED RECORDS entry, users of data for these stations who obtained the record from previously published data reports may wish to contact the USGS Water Science Center in the state where the station is located to determine if the published records were revised after the station was discontinued.

If, however, the data for a discontinued station were obtained by computer retrieval, the data would be current. Any published revision of data is always accompanied by revision of the corresponding data in computer storage.

Manuscript information for lake or reservoir stations differs from that for stream stations in the nature of the REMARKS and in the inclusion of a stage-capacity table when daily volumes are given.

### **Peak Discharge Greater than Base Discharge**

Tables of peak discharge above base discharge are included for some stations where secondary instantaneous peak discharge data are used in flood-frequency studies of highway and bridge design, flood-control structures, and other flood related projects. The base discharge value is selected so an average of three peaks a year will be reported. This base discharge value has a recurrence interval of approximately 1.1 years or a 91-percent chance of exceedence in any 1 year.

### **Data Table of Daily Mean Values**

The daily table of discharge records for streamgaging stations gives mean discharge for each day of the water year. In the monthly summary for the table, the line headed TOTAL gives the sum of the daily figures for each month; the line headed MEAN gives the arithmetic average flow in cubic feet per second for the month; and the lines headed MAX and MIN give the maximum and minimum daily mean discharges, respectively, for each month. Discharge for the month is expressed in cubic feet per second per square mile (line headed CFSM); or in inches (line headed IN); or in acrefeet (line headed AC-FT). Values for cubic feet per second per square mile and runoff in inches or in acre-feet may be omitted if extensive regulation or diversion is in effect or if the drainage area includes large noncontributing areas. At some stations, monthly and (or) yearly observed discharges are adjusted for reservoir storage or diversion, or diversion data or reservoir volumes are given. These values are identified by a symbol and a corresponding footnote.

### **Statistics of Monthly Mean Data**

A tabular summary of the mean (line headed MEAN), maximum (MAX), and minimum (MIN) of monthly mean flows for each month for a designated period is provided below the mean values table. The water years of the first occurrence of the maximum and minimum monthly flows are provided immediately below those values. The designated period will be expressed as FOR WATER YEARS \_\_-\_\_, BY WATER YEAR (WY), and will list the first and last water years of the range of years selected from the PERIOD OF RECORD paragraph in the station manuscript. The designated period will consist of all of the station record within the specified water years, including complete months of record for partial water years, and may coincide with the period of record for the station. The water years for which the statistics are computed are consecutive, unless a break in the station record is indicated in the manuscript.

### **Summary Statistics**

A table titled SUMMARY STATISTICS follows the statistics of monthly mean data tabulation. This table consists of four columns with the first column containing the line headings of the statistics being reported. The table provides a statistical summary of yearly, daily, and instantaneous flows, not only for the current water year but also for the previous calendar year and for a designated period, as appropriate. The designated period selected, WATER YEARS \_\_-\_\_, will consist of all of the station records within the specified water years, including complete months of record for partial water years, and may coincide with the period of record for the station. The water years for which the statistics are computed are consecutive, unless a break in the station record is indicated in the manuscript. All of the calculations for the statistical characteristics designated ANNUAL (see line headings below), except for the ANNUAL 7-DAY MINIMUM statistic, are calculated for the designated period using complete water years. The other statistical characteristics may be calculated using partial water years. The date or water year, as appropriate, of the first occurrence of each statistic reporting extreme values of discharge is provided adjacent to the statistic. Repeated occurrences may be noted in the REMARKS paragraph of the manuscript or in footnotes. Because the designated period may not be the same as the station period of record published in the

manuscript, occasionally the dates of occurrence listed for the daily and instantaneous extremes in the designated-period column may not be within the selected water years listed in the heading. When the dates of occurrence do not fall within the selected water years listed in the heading, it will be noted in the REMARKS paragraph or in footnotes. Selected streamflow duration-curve statistics and runoff data also are given. Runoff data may be omitted if extensive regulation or diversion of flow is in effect in the drainage basin.

The following summary statistics data are provided with each continuous record of discharge. Comments that follow clarify information presented under the various line headings of the SUMMARY STATISTICS table.

**ANNUAL TOTAL.**—The sum of the daily mean values of discharge for the year.

**ANNUAL MEAN.**—The arithmetic mean for the individual daily mean discharges for the year noted or for the designated period.

**HIGHEST ANNUAL MEAN.**—The maximum annual mean discharge occurring for the designated period.

**LOWEST ANNUAL MEAN.**—The minimum annual mean discharge occurring for the designated period.

**HIGHEST DAILY MEAN.**—The maximum daily mean discharge for the year or for the designated period.

**LOWEST DAILY MEAN.**—The minimum daily mean discharge for the year or for the designated period.

**ANNUAL 7-DAY MINIMUM.**—The lowest mean discharge for 7 consecutive days for a calendar year or a water year. Note that most low-flow frequency analyses of annual 7-day minimum flows use a climatic year (April 1–March 31). The date shown in the summary statistics table is the initial date of the 7-day period. This value should not be confused with the 7-day 10-year low-flow statistic.

**MAXIMUM PEAK FLOW.**—The maximum instantaneous peak discharge occurring for the water year or designated period. Occasionally the maximum flow for a year may occur at midnight at the beginning or end of the year, on a recession from or rise toward a higher peak in the adjoining year. In this case, the maximum peak flow is given in the table and the maximum flow may be reported in a footnote or in the REMARKS paragraph in the manuscript.

**MAXIMUM PEAK STAGE.**—The maximum instantaneous peak stage occurring for the water year or designated period. Occasionally the maximum stage for a year may occur at midnight at the beginning or end of the year, on a recession from or rise toward a higher peak in the adjoining year. In this case, the maximum peak stage is given in the table and the maximum stage may be reported in the REMARKS paragraph in the manuscript or in a footnote. If the dates of occurrence of the maximum peak stage and maximum peak flow are different, the REMARKS paragraph in the manuscript or a footnote may be used to provide further information.

**INSTANTANEOUS LOW FLOW.**—The minimum instantaneous discharge occurring for the water year or for the designated period.

**ANNUAL RUNOFF.**—Indicates the total quantity of water in runoff for a drainage area for the year. Data reports may use any of the following units of measurement in presenting annual runoff data:

**Acre-foot (AC-FT)** is the quantity of water required to cover 1 acre to a depth of 1 foot and is equivalent to 43,560 cubic feet or about 326,000 gallons or 1,233 cubic meters.

**Cubic feet per square mile (CFSM)** is the average number of cubic feet of water flowing per second from each square mile of area drained, assuming the runoff is distributed uniformly in time and area.

**Inches (INCHES)** indicate the depth to which the drainage area would be covered if all of the runoff for a given time period were uniformly distributed on it.

**10 PERCENT EXCEEDS.**—The discharge that has been exceeded 10 percent of the time for the designated period.

**50 PERCENT EXCEEDS.**—The discharge that has been exceeded 50 percent of the time for the designated period.

**90 PERCENT EXCEEDS.**—The discharge that has been exceeded 90 percent of the time for the designated period.

Data collected at partial-record stations follow the information for continuous-record sites. Data for partial-record discharge stations are presented in two tables. The first table lists annual maximum stage and discharge at crest-stage stations, and the second table lists discharge measurements at lowflow partial-record stations. The tables of partial-record stations are followed by a listing of discharge measurements made at sites other than continuous-record or partial-record stations. These measurements are often made in times of drought or flood to give better areal coverage to those events. Those measurements and others collected for a special reason are called measurements at miscellaneous sites.

### **Identifying Estimated Daily Discharge**

Estimated daily-discharge values published in the water-discharge tables of annual State data reports are identified. This identification is shown either by flagging individual daily values with the letter "e" and noting in a table footnote, "e- Estimated," or by listing the dates of the estimated record in the REMARKS paragraph of the station description.

### **Accuracy of Field Data and Computed Results**

The accuracy of streamflow data depends primarily on (1) the stability of the stage-discharge relation or, if the control is unstable, the frequency of discharge measurements, and (2) the accuracy of observations of stage, measurements of discharge, and interpretations of records.

The degree of accuracy of the records is stated in the REMARKS in the station description. "Excellent" indicates that about 95 percent of the daily discharges are within 5 percent of the true value; "good" within 10 percent; and "fair," within 15 percent. "Poor" indicates that daily discharges have less than "fair" accuracy. Different accuracies may be attributed to different parts of a given record.

Values of daily mean discharge in this report are shown to the nearest hundredth of a cubic foot per second for discharges of less than 1 ft<sup>3</sup>/s; to the nearest tenths between 1.0 and 10 ft<sup>3</sup>/s; to whole numbers between 10 and 1,000 ft<sup>3</sup>/s; and to three significant figures above 1,000 ft<sup>3</sup>/s. The number of significant figures used is based solely on the magnitude of the discharge value. The same rounding rules apply to discharge values listed for partial-record stations.

Discharge at many stations, as indicated by the monthly mean, may not reflect natural runoff due to the effects of diversion, consumption, regulation by storage, increase or decrease in evaporation due to artificial causes, or to other factors. For such stations, values of cubic feet per second per square mile and of runoff in inches are not published unless satisfactory adjustments can be made for diversions, for changes in contents of reservoirs, or for other changes incident to use and control. Evaporation from a reservoir is not included in the adjustments for changes in reservoir contents, unless it is so stated. Even at those stations where adjustments are made, large errors in computed runoff may occur if adjustments or losses are large in comparison with the observed discharge.

### **Other Data Records Available**

Information of a more detailed nature than that published for most of the stream-gaging stations such as discharge measurements, gage-height records, and rating tables is available from the USGS Water Science Center. Also, most streamgaging station records are available in computer usable form and many statistical analyses have been made.

Information on the availability of unpublished data or statistical analyses may be obtained from the USGS Water Science Center in the state where the station is located.



## Explanation of precipitation records

### Data Collection and Computation

Rainfall data generally are collected using electronic data loggers that measure the rainfall in 0.01-inch increments every 15 minutes using either a tipping-bucket rain gage or a collection well gage. Twenty-four hour rainfall totals are tabulated and presented. A 24-hour period extends from just past midnight of the previous day to midnight of the current day. Snowfall-affected data can result during cold weather when snow fills the rain-gage funnel and then melts as temperatures rise. Snowfall-affected data are subject to errors. Missing values are indicated by this symbol "---" in the table.

### Data Presentation

Precipitation records collected at surface-water gaging stations are identified with the same station number and name as the stream-gaging station. Where a surface-water daily-record station is not available, the precipitation record is published with its own name and latitude-longitude identification number.

Information pertinent to the history of a precipitation station is provided in descriptive headings preceding the tabular data. These descriptive headings give details regarding location, period of record, and general remarks. The following information is provided with each precipitation station. Comments that follow clarify information presented under the various headings of the station description.

LOCATION.-See Data Presentation in the EXPLANATION OF STAGE- AND WATERDISCHARGE RECORDS section of this report (same comments apply).

PERIOD OF RECORD.-See Data Presentation in the EXPLANATION OF STAGE- AND WATERDISCHARGE RECORDS section of this report (same comments apply).

INSTRUMENTATION.-Information on the type of rainfall collection system is given.

REMARKS.-Remarks provide added information pertinent to the collection, analysis, or computation of records.

## Explanation of water-quality records

Collection and Examination of Data Surface-water samples for analysis usually are collected at or near stream-gaging stations. The quality-of-water records are given immediately following the discharge records at these stations. The descriptive heading for water-quality records gives the period of record for all water-quality data; the period of daily record for parameters that are measured on a daily basis (specific conductance, water temperature, sediment discharge, and so forth); extremes for the current year; and general remarks.

For ground-water records, no descriptive statements are given; however, the well number, depth of well, sampling date, or other pertinent data are given in the table containing the chemical analyses of the ground water.

### Water Analysis

Most of the methods used for collecting and analyzing water samples are described in the TWRIs, which may be accessed from [http:// water.usgs.gov/pubs/twri/](http://water.usgs.gov/pubs/twri/).

One sample can define adequately the water quality at a given time if the mixture of solutes throughout the stream cross section is homogeneous. However, the concentration of solutes at different locations in the cross section may vary considerably with different rates of water discharge, depending on the source of material and the turbulence and mixing of the stream. Some streams must be sampled at several verticals to obtain a representative sample needed for an accurate mean concentration and for use in calculating load.

Chemical-quality data published in this report are considered to be the most representative values available for the stations listed. The values reported represent water-quality conditions at the time of sampling as much as possible, consistent with available sampling techniques and methods of analysis. In the rare case where an apparent inconsistency exists between a reported pH value and the relative abundance of carbon dioxide species (carbonate and bicarbonate), the inconsistency is the result of a slight uptake of carbon dioxide from the air by the sample between measurement of pH in the field and determination of carbonate and bicarbonate in the laboratory.

For chemical-quality stations equipped with digital monitors, the records consist of daily maximum and minimum values (and sometimes mean or median values) for each constituent measured and are based on 15-minute or 1-hour intervals of recorded data beginning at 0000 hours and ending at 2400 hours for the day of record.

## Parameter Codes

See [link](#).

## Medium Codes

See [link](#).

## Surface-water-quality records

Records of surface-water quality ordinarily are obtained at or near stream-gaging stations because discharge data are useful in the interpretation of surface-water quality. Records of surface-water quality in this report involve a variety of types of data and measurement frequencies.

### Classification of Records

Water-quality data for surface-water sites are grouped into one of three classifications. A continuous-record station is a site where data are collected on a regularly scheduled basis. Frequency may be one or more times daily, weekly, monthly, or quarterly. A partial-record station is a site where limited water-quality data are collected systematically over a period of years. Frequency of sampling is usually less than quarterly. A miscellaneous sampling site is a location other than a continuous- or partial-record station, where samples are collected to give better areal coverage to define water-quality conditions in the river basin.

A careful distinction needs to be made between continuous records as used in this report and continuous recordings that refer to a continuous graph or a series of discrete values recorded at short intervals. Some records of water quality, such as temperature and specific conductance, may be obtained through continuous recordings; however, because of costs, most data are obtained only monthly or less frequently. Locations of stations for which records on the quality of surface water appear in this report may be published as a USGS Annual Scientific Investigations Report by State, and may be accessed from <http://pubs.usgs.gov>, or the [Related Information and Publications](#) page of this Web Site.

### Accuracy of the Records

One of four accuracy classifications is applied for measured physical properties at continuous-record stations on a scale ranging from poor to excellent. The accuracy rating is based on data values recorded before any shifts or corrections are made. Additional consideration also is given to the amount of publishable record and to the amount of data that have been corrected or shifted.

### Arrangement of Records

Water-quality records collected at a surface-water daily record station are published immediately following that record, regardless of the frequency of sample collection. Station number and name are the same for both records. Where a surface-water daily record station is not available or where the water quality differs

significantly from that at the nearby surface-water station, the continuing water-quality record is published with its own station number and name in the regular downstream-order sequence. Water-quality data for partial-record stations and for miscellaneous sampling sites appear in separate tables following the table of discharge measurements at miscellaneous sites.

## Onsite Measurements and Sample Collection

In obtaining water-quality data, a major concern is assuring that the data obtained represent the naturally occurring quality of the water. To ensure this, certain measurements, such as water temperature, pH, and dissolved oxygen, must be made onsite when the samples are collected. To assure that measurements made in the laboratory also represent the naturally occurring water, carefully prescribed procedures must be followed in collecting the samples, in treating the samples to prevent changes in quality pending analysis, and in shipping the samples to the laboratory. Procedures for onsite measurements and for collecting, treating, and shipping samples are given in TWRIs Book 1, Chapter D2; Book 3, Chapters A1, A3, and A4; and Book 9, Chapters A1-A9. Most of the methods used for collecting and analyzing water samples are described in the TWRIs, which may be accessed from <http://water.usgs.gov/pubs/twri/>. Also, detailed information on collecting, treating, and shipping samples can be obtained from the USGS Water Science Center.

### Rating the accuracy of continuous water-quality records

[ $\leq$ , less than or equal to;  $\pm$ , plus or minus value shown;  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ , degree Celsius;  $>$ , greater than; %, percent; mg/L, milligram per liter; pH unit, standard pH unit]

Measured field parameter	Ratings of accuracy (Based on combined fouling and calibration drift corrections applied to the record)			
	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor
Water temperature	$\leq \pm 0.2^{\circ}\text{C}$	$> \pm 0.2 - 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$	$> \pm 0.5 - 0.8^{\circ}\text{C}$	$> \pm 0.8^{\circ}\text{C}$
Specific conductance	$\leq \pm 3\%$	$> \pm 3 - 10\%$	$> \pm 10 - 15\%$	$> \pm 15\%$
Dissolved oxygen	$\leq \pm 0.3\text{ mg/L}$ or $\leq \pm 5\%$ , whichever is greater	$> \pm 0.3 - 0.5\text{ mg/L}$ or $> \pm 5 - 10\%$ , whichever is greater	$> \pm 0.5 - 0.8\text{ mg/L}$ or $> \pm 10 - 15\%$ , whichever is greater	$> \pm 0.8\text{ mg/L}$ or $> \pm 15\%$ , whichever is greater
pH	$\leq \pm 0.2$ units	$> \pm 0.2 - 0.5$ units	$> \pm 0.5 - 0.8$ units	$> \pm 0.8$ units
Turbidity	$\leq \pm 0.5$ turbidity units or $\leq \pm 5\%$ , whichever is greater	$> \pm 0.5 - 1.0$ turbidity units or $> \pm 5 - 10\%$ , whichever is greater	$> \pm 1.0 - 1.5$ turbidity units or $> \pm 10 - 15\%$ , whichever is greater	$> \pm 1.5$ turbidity units or $> \pm 15\%$ , whichever is greater

## Water Temperature

Water temperatures are measured at most of the water-quality stations. In addition, water temperatures are taken at the time of discharge measurements for water-discharge stations. For stations where water temperatures are taken manually once or twice daily, the water temperatures are taken at about the same

time each day. Large streams have a small diurnal temperature change; shallow streams may have a daily range of several degrees and may follow closely the changes in air temperature. Some streams may be affected by waste-heat discharges.

At stations where recording instruments are used, either mean temperatures or maximum and minimum temperatures for each day are published. Water temperatures measured at the time of water discharge-measurements are on file in the USGS Water Science Center in the State where the station is located.

## Sediment

Suspended-sediment concentrations are determined from samples collected by using depth-integrating samplers. Samples usually are obtained at several verticals in the cross section, or a single sample may be obtained at a fixed point and a coefficient applied to determine the mean concentration in the cross section.

During periods of rapidly changing flow or rapidly changing concentration, samples may be collected more frequently (twice daily or, in some instances, hourly). The published sediment discharges for days of rapidly changing flow or concentration are computed by the subdivided-day method (time-discharge weighted average). Therefore, for those days when the published sediment discharge value differs from the value computed as the product of discharge times mean concentration times 0.0027, the reader can assume that the sediment discharge for that day was computed by the subdivided-day method. For periods when no samples were collected, daily discharges of suspended sediment were estimated on the basis of water discharge, sediment concentrations observed immediately before and after the periods, and suspended-sediment loads for other periods of similar discharge.

At other stations, suspended-sediment samples are collected periodically at many verticals in the stream cross section. Although data collected periodically may represent conditions only at the time of observation, such data are useful in establishing seasonal relations between quality and streamflow and in predicting long-term sediment-discharge characteristics of the stream.

In addition to the records of suspended-sediment discharge, records of the periodic measurements of the particle-size distribution of the suspended sediment and bed material are included for some stations.

## Laboratory Measurements

Samples for biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) and indicator bacteria are analyzed locally. All other samples are analyzed in the USGS laboratory in Lakewood, Colorado, unless otherwise noted. Methods used in analyzing sediment samples and computing sediment records are given in TWRI, Book 5, Chapter C1. Methods used by the USGS laboratories are given in the TWRI, Book 1, Chapter D2; Book 3, Chapter C2; and Book 5, Chapters A1, A3, and A4. The TWRI publications may be accessed from <http://water.usgs.gov/pubs/twri/>. These methods are consistent with ASTM standards and generally follow ISO standards.

## Data Presentation

For continuing-record stations, information pertinent to the history of station operation is provided in descriptive headings preceding the tabular data. These descriptive headings give details regarding location, drainage area, period of record, type of data available, instrumentation, general remarks, cooperation, and extremes for parameters currently measured daily. Tables of chemical, physical, biological, radiochemical data, and so forth, obtained at a frequency less than daily are presented first. Tables of "daily values" of specific conductance, pH, water temperature, dissolved oxygen, and suspended sediment then follow in sequence.

In the descriptive headings, if the location is identical to that of the discharge gaging station, neither the LOCATION nor the DRAINAGE AREA statements are repeated. The following information is provided with each continuous-record station. Comments that follow clarify information presented under the various headings of the station description.

LOCATION.-See Data Presentation information in the EXPLANATION OF STAGE- AND WATER-DISCHARGE

RECORDS section of this report (same comments apply).

DRAINAGE AREA.-See Data Presentation information in the EXPLANATION OF STAGE AND WATER-DISCHARGE RECORDS section of this report (same comments apply).

PERIOD OF RECORD.-This indicates the time periods for which published water-quality records for the station are available. The periods are shown separately for records of parameters measured daily or continuously and those measured less than daily. For those measured daily or continuously, periods of record are given for the parameters individually.

INSTRUMENTATION.-Information on instrumentation is given only if a water-quality monitor temperature record, sediment pumping sampler, or other sampling device is in operation at a station.

REMARKS.-Remarks provide added information pertinent to the collection, analysis, or computation of the records.

COOPERATION.-Records provided by a cooperating organization or obtained for the USGS by a cooperating organization are identified here. EXTREMES.-Maximums and minimums are given only for parameters measured daily or more frequently. For parameters measured weekly or less frequently, true maximums or minimums may not have been obtained. Extremes, when given, are provided for both the period of record and for the current water year.

REVISIONS.-Records are revised if errors in published water-quality records are discovered. Appropriate updates are made in the USGS distributed data system, NWIS, and subsequently to its Web-based national data system, NWISWeb (<http://waterdata.usgs.gov/nwis>). Users of USGS water-quality data are encouraged to obtain all required data from NWIS or NWISWeb to ensure that they have the most recent updates. Updates to the NWISWeb are made on an annual basis.

The surface-water-quality records for partial-record stations and miscellaneous sampling sites are published in separate tables following the table of discharge measurements at miscellaneous sites. No descriptive statements are given for these records. Each station is published with its own station number and name in the regular downstream-order sequence.

## Remark Codes

The following remark codes may appear with the water-quality data in this section:

Printed Output	Remark
E	Value is estimated.
>	Actual value is known to be greater than the value shown.
<	Actual value is known to be less than the value shown.
M	Presence of material verified, but not quantified.
N	Presumptive evidence of presence of material.
U	Material specifically analyzed for, but not detected.
A	Value is an average.
V	Analyte was detected in both the environmental sample and the associated blanks.
S	Most probable value.

## Water-Quality Control Data

The USGS National Water Quality Laboratory collects quality-control data on a continuing basis to evaluate selected analytical methods to determine long-term method detection levels (LTMDLs) and laboratory reporting levels (LRLs). These values are re-evaluated each year on the basis of the most recent quality-control data and, consequently, may change from year to year.

This reporting procedure limits the occurrence of false positive error. Falsely reporting a concentration greater than the LT-MDL for a sample in which the analyte is not present is 1 percent or less. Application of the LRL limits the occurrence of false negative error. The chance of falsely reporting a nondetection for

a sample in which the analyte is present at a concentration equal to or greater than the LRL is 1 percent or less.

Accordingly, concentrations are reported as less than LRL for samples in which the analyte either was not detected or did not pass identification. Analytes detected at concentrations between the LT-MDL and the LRL and that pass identification criteria are estimated. Estimated concentrations will be noted with a remark code of "E." These data should be used with the understanding that their uncertainty is greater than that of data reported without the E remark code.

Data generated from quality-control (QC) samples are a requisite for evaluating the quality of the sampling and processing techniques as well as data from the actual samples themselves. Without QC data, environmental sample data cannot be adequately interpreted because the errors associated with the sample data are unknown. The various types of QC samples collected by a USGS Water Science Center are described in the following section. Procedures have been established for the storage of water-quality-control data within the USGS. These procedures allow for storage of all derived QC data and are identified so that they can be related to corresponding environmental samples. These data are not presented in this report but are available from the USGS Water Science Center in the State where the Station is located.

## **Blank Samples**

Blank samples are collected and analyzed to ensure that environmental samples have not been contaminated in the overall data-collection process. The blank solution used to develop specific types of blank samples is a solution that is free of the analytes of interest. Any measured value signal in a blank sample for an analyte (a specific component measured in a chemical analysis) that was absent in the blank solution is believed to be due to contamination. Many types of blank samples are possible; each is designed to segregate a different part of the overall data-collection process. The types of blank samples potentially collected by USGS Water Science Centers are:

Field blank-A blank solution that is subjected to all aspects of sample collection, field processing preservation, transportation, and laboratory handling as an environmental sample.

Trip blank-A blank solution that is put in the same type of bottle used for an environmental sample and kept with the set of sample bottles before and after sample collection.

Equipment blank-A blank solution that is processed through all equipment used for collecting and processing an environmental sample (similar to a field blank but normally done in the more controlled conditions of the office).

Sampler blank-A blank solution that is poured or pumped through the same field sampler used for collecting an environmental sample.

Filter blank-A blank solution that is filtered in the same manner and through the same filter apparatus used for an environmental sample.

Splitter blank-A blank solution that is mixed and separated using a field splitter in the same manner and through the same apparatus used for an environmental sample.

Preservation blank-A blank solution that is treated with the sampler preservatives used for an environmental sample.

## **Reference Samples**

Reference material is a solution or material prepared by a laboratory. The reference material composition is certified for one or more properties so that it can be used to assess a measurement method. Samples of reference material are submitted for analysis to ensure that an analytical method is accurate for the known properties of the reference material. Generally, the selected reference material properties are similar to the environmental sample properties.

## **Replicate Samples**

Replicate samples are a set of environmental samples collected in a manner such that the samples are thought to be essentially identical in composition. Replicate is the general case for which a duplicate is the special case consisting of two samples. Replicate samples are collected and analyzed to establish the amount of variability in the data contributed by some part of the collection and analytical process. Many types of replicate samples are possible, each of which may yield slightly different results in a dynamic hydrologic setting, such as a flowing stream. The types of replicate samples collected in this district are:

**Concurrent samples**—A type of replicate sample in which the samples are collected simultaneously with two or more samplers or by using one sampler and alternating the collection of samples into two or more compositing containers.

**Sequential samples**—A type of replicate sample in which the samples are collected one after the other, typically over a short time.

**Split sample**—A type of replicate sample in which a sample is split into subsamples, each subsample contemporaneous in time and space.

## **Spike Samples**

Spike samples are samples to which known quantities of a solution with one or more well-established analyte concentrations have been added. These samples are analyzed to determine the extent of matrix interference or degradation on the analyte concentration during sample processing and analysis.

## **Explanation of ground-water level records**

Generally, only ground-water-level data from selected wells with continuous recorders from a basic network of observation wells are published in this report. This basic network contains observation wells located so that the most significant data are obtained from the fewest wells in the most important aquifers.

## **Site Identification Numbers**

Each well is identified by means of (1) a 15-digit number that is based on latitude and longitude and (2) a local number that is produced for local needs. See NUMBERING SYSTEM FOR WELLS AND MISCELLANEOUS SITES in this report for a detailed explanation.

## **Data Collection and Computation**

Measurements are made in many types of wells, under varying conditions of access and at different temperatures; hence, neither the method of measurement nor the equipment can be standardized. At each observation well, however, the equipment and techniques used are those that will ensure that measurements at each well are consistent.

Most methods for collecting and analyzing water samples are described in the TWRI's referred to in the Onsite Measurements and Sample Collection and the Laboratory Measurements sections in this report. In addition, TWRI Book 1, Chapter D2, describes guidelines for the collection and field analysis of ground-water samples for selected unstable constituents. Procedures for onsite measurements and for collecting, treating, and shipping samples are given in TWRI's Book 1, Chapter D2; Book 3, Chapters A1, A3, and A4; and Book 9, Chapters A1 through A9. The TWRI publications may be accessed from <http://water.usgs.gov/pubs/twri/>. The values in this report represent water-quality conditions at the time of sampling, as much as possible, and that are consistent with available sampling techniques and methods of analysis. These methods are consistent with ASTM standards and generally follow ISO standards. Trained personnel collected all samples. The wells sampled were pumped long enough to ensure that the water collected came directly from the aquifer and had not stood for a long time in the well casing where it would have been exposed to the atmosphere and to the material, possibly metal, comprising the casings.

Water-level measurements in this report are given in feet with reference to land-surface datum (lstd). Land-surface datum is a datum plane that is approximately at land surface at each well. If known, the



elevation of the land-surface datum above sea level is given in the well description. The height of the measuring point (MP) above or below land-surface datum is given in each well description. Water levels in wells equipped with recording gages are reported for every fifth day and the end of each month (EOM).

Water levels are reported to as many significant figures as can be justified by the local conditions. For example, in a measurement of a depth of water of several hundred feet, the error in determining the absolute value of the total depth to water may be a few tenths of a foot, whereas the error in determining the net change of water level between successive measurements may be only a hundredth or a few hundredths of a foot. For lesser depths to water the accuracy is greater. Accordingly, most measurements are reported to a hundredth of a foot, but some are given only to a tenth of a foot or a larger unit.

## Data Presentation

Water-level data are presented in alphabetical order by county. The primary identification number for a given well is the 15-digit site identification number that appears in the upper left corner of the table. The secondary identification number is the local or county well number. Well locations are shown and each well is identified by its local well or county well number on a map in the local Water Science Center's Annual Scientific Investigation Report by State, and may be accessed from. . .

Each well record consists of three parts: the well description, the data table of water levels observed during the water year, and, for most wells, a hydrograph following the data table. Well descriptions are presented in the headings preceding the tabular data. The following comments clarify information presented in these various headings.

**LOCATION.**-This paragraph follows the well-identification number and reports the hydrologic-unit number and a geographic point of reference. Latitudes and longitudes used in this report are reported as North American Datum of 1927 unless otherwise specified.

**AQUIFER.**-This entry designates by name and geologic age the aquifer that the well taps.

**WELL CHARACTERISTICS.**-This entry describes the well in terms of depth, casing diameter and depth or screened interval, method of construction, use, and changes since construction.

**INSTRUMENTATION.**-This paragraph provides information on both the frequency of measurement and the collection method used, allowing the user to better evaluate the reported water-level extremes by knowing whether they are based on continuous, monthly, or some other frequency of measurement.

**DATUM.**-This entry describes both the measuring point and the land-surface elevation at the well. The altitude of the land-surface datum is described in feet above the altitude datum; it is reported with a precision depending on the method of determination. The measuring point is described physically (such as top of casing, top of instrument shelf, and so forth), and in relation to land surface (such as 1.3 ft above land-surface datum). The elevation of the land-surface datum is described in feet above National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 (NGVD 29); it is reported with a precision depending on the method of determination.

**REMARKS.**-This entry describes factors that may affect the water level in a well or the measurement of the water level, when various methods of measurement were begun, and the network (climatic, terra ne, local, or areal effects) or the special project to which the well belongs.

**PERIOD OF RECORD.**-This entry indicates the time period for which records are published for the well, the month and year at the start of publication of water-level records by the USGS, and the words "to current year" if the records are to be continued into the following year. Time periods for which water-level records are available, but are not published by the USGS, may be noted.

**EXTREMES FOR PERIOD OF RECORD.**-This entry contains the highest and lowest instantaneously recorded or measured water levels of the period of published record, with respect to land-surface datum or sea level, and the dates of occurrence.

## Water-Level Tables



A table of water levels follows the well description for each well. Water-level measurements in this report are given in feet with reference to either sea level or land-surface datum (lsd). Missing records are indicated by dashes in place of the water-level value.

For wells not equipped with recorders, water-level measurements were obtained periodically by steel or electric tape. Tables of periodic water-level measurements in these wells show the date of measurement and the measured water-level value.

## Hydrographs

Hydrographs are a graphic display of water-level fluctuations over a period of time. In this report, current water year and, when appropriate, period-of-record hydrographs are shown.

Hydrographs that display periodic water-level measurements show points that may be connected with a dashed line from one measurement to the next. Hydrographs that display recorder data show a solid line representing the mean water level recorded for each day. Missing data are indicated by a blank space or break in a hydrograph. Missing data may occur as a result of recorder malfunctions, battery failures, or mechanical problems related to the response of the recorder's float mechanism to water-level fluctuations in a well.

## Ground-water-quality data

### Data Collection and Computation

The ground-water-quality data in this report were obtained as a part of special studies in specific areas. Consequently, a number of chemical analyses are presented for some wells within a county but not for others. As a result, the records for this year, by themselves, do not provide a balanced view of ground-water quality statewide. Most methods for collecting and analyzing water samples are described in the TWRI, which may be accessed from <http://water.usgs.gov/pubs/twri/>. Procedures for onsite measurements and for collecting, treating, and shipping samples are given in TWRI, Book 1, Chapter D2; Book 5, Chapters A1, A3, and A4; and Book 9, Chapters A1-A6. Also, detailed information on collecting, treating, and shipping samples may be obtained from the local USGS Water Science Center.

### Laboratory Measurements

Analysis for sulfide and measurement of alkalinity, pH, water temperature, specific conductance, and dissolved oxygen are performed onsite. All other sample analyses are performed at the USGS laboratory in Lakewood, Colorado, unless otherwise noted. Methods used by the USGS laboratory are given in TWRI, Book 1, Chapter D2 and Book 5, Chapters A1, A3, and A4, which may be accessed from <http://water.usgs.gov/pubs/twri/>.

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**07119700 ARKANSAS RIVER AT CATLIN DAM NEAR FOWLER, CO**

Upper Arkansas Basin  
Upper Arkansas-Lake Meredith Subbasin

LOCATION.--Lat 38°07'33", long 103°54'41" referenced to North American Datum of 1927, in NE ¼ NE ¼ sec.20, T.22 S., R.58 W., Otero County, CO, Hydrologic Unit 11020005, on right bank at Catlin Canal flume gage, 2.2 mi downstream from diversion dam for Catlin Canal, 2.3 mi downstream from Apishapa River, and 6.0 mi east of Fowler.

DRAINAGE AREA.--10,901 mi<sup>2</sup>, of which 54 mi<sup>2</sup> probably is noncontributing.

**SURFACE-WATER RECORDS**

PERIOD OF RECORD.--October 1964 to current year. Statistical summary computed for 1975 to current year, subsequent to completion of Pueblo Reservoir.

GAGE.--Water-stage recorder with satellite telemetry on river; water-stage recorder with satellite telemetry and Parshall flume on Catlin Canal. Datum of gage on river is 4,245.92 ft and on canal is 4,257.87 ft above NGVD of 1929. Prior to May 13, 1971, gage on river at site 2.2 mi upstream at datum 24.08 ft higher, and gage on canal at site 1.7 mi upstream at datum 3.26 ft higher.

COOPERATION.--Records collected and computed by Colorado Division of Water Resources and reviewed by Geological Survey.

REMARKS.--Records good except for estimated daily discharges, which are poor. Discharge computed by combining discharge of river downstream from canal with that of Catlin Canal. Natural flow of stream affected by storage reservoirs, power developments, transbasin and transmountain diversions, diversions for irrigation and municipal use, ground-water withdrawals, return flows from irrigated areas, and flows from sewage-treatment plants. Flow partly regulated by Pueblo Reservoir (station 07099350) about 69 mi upstream since Jan. 9, 1974.

## 07119700 ARKANSAS RIVER AT CATLIN DAM NEAR FOWLER, CO—Continued

**DISCHARGE, CUBIC FEET PER SECOND**  
**WATER YEAR OCTOBER 2006 TO SEPTEMBER 2007**  
**DAILY MEAN VALUES**  
[e, estimated]

Day	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
1	358	716	e288	e304	e250	125	521	1,020	1,660	1,220	1,150	618
2	372	712	e309	e322	e200	152	535	1,120	1,710	1,190	1,130	662
3	427	714	e310	e324	e220	236	513	1,420	2,060	1,170	1,730	645
4	397	713	e303	e325	e210	306	409	1,140	1,950	1,160	1,400	618
5	379	708	e312	e335	e200	318	336	811	2,220	1,140	1,220	594
6	373	706	e308	e326	e190	352	333	1,130	2,170	1,250	1,330	554
7	363	684	369	e315	e158	370	331	1,270	2,050	1,170	1,900	579
8	406	651	331	e323	e121	303	382	1,600	1,950	1,130	1,640	636
9	521	627	328	e322	e115	309	386	1,570	1,860	1,160	1,400	603
10	650	627	341	e324	e160	321	387	1,250	1,790	1,080	1,350	583
11	725	678	352	e326	e185	339	350	1,210	1,510	912	1,120	468
12	744	706	338	e340	e190	333	367	1,370	1,460	871	949	424
13	787	710	315	e340	e185	284	456	1,270	1,790	816	994	422
14	892	749	302	e340	e180	113	528	1,180	2,120	893	929	411
15	830	831	317	e340	e219	98	499	1,640	1,900	657	771	426
16	785	664	309	e332	e168	406	449	1,960	1,950	599	844	388
17	787	507	308	e341	e166	490	1,010	1,640	1,900	573	1,240	340
18	775	466	300	e330	168	515	1,410	2,150	1,860	520	1,310	377
19	747	437	298	e335	177	465	703	2,610	1,970	484	1,370	431
20	788	420	e317	e335	190	430	799	2,470	1,930	911	1,280	363
21	808	400	e314	e335	185	389	815	2,050	1,660	1,640	1,200	e330
22	810	393	e322	e335	178	424	811	1,900	1,660	1,570	1,140	e329
23	836	387	e311	e314	147	399	753	1,820	1,740	1,150	906	e331
24	851	369	e312	e312	142	400	844	2,540	1,390	844	987	e347
25	838	340	e313	e320	134	466	1,260	2,720	1,330	853	914	e339
26	916	319	e315	e322	131	560	1,270	2,220	1,730	985	880	313
27	1,160	299	e316	e327	119	559	1,130	1,540	2,480	884	771	259
28	1,080	310	e324	e335	120	536	950	1,340	2,110	1,130	733	263
29	756	322	e341	e321	---	526	997	1,990	1,650	1,210	638	282
30	530	e297	e327	e305	---	514	1,040	2,090	1,110	1,120	1,420	262
31	613	---	e317	e260	---	519	---	2,080	---	1,150	731	---
<b>Total</b>	21,304	16,462	9,867	10,065	4,808	11,557	20,574	52,121	54,670	31,442	35,377	13,197
<b>Mean</b>	687	549	318	325	172	373	686	1,681	1,822	1,014	1,141	440
<b>Max</b>	1,160	831	369	341	250	560	1,410	2,720	2,480	1,640	1,900	662
<b>Min</b>	358	297	288	260	115	98	331	811	1,110	484	638	259
<b>Ac-ft</b>	42,260	32,650	19,570	19,960	9,540	22,920	40,810	103,400	108,400	62,370	70,170	26,180

## STATISTICS OF MONTHLY MEAN DATA FOR WATER YEARS 1975 - 2007, BY WATER YEAR (WY)

	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
<b>Mean</b>	397	424	358	377	342	396	598	1,265	1,968	1,280	946	418
<b>Max</b>	1,234	925	804	854	1,249	912	1,526	3,901	4,420	4,108	2,384	1,209
<b>(WY)</b>	(1985)	(1985)	(2000)	(1985)	(1985)	(1998)	(1987)	(1999)	(1995)	(1995)	(1984)	(1982)
<b>Min</b>	90.8	119	30.2	27.2	24.6	161	86.6	212	280	176	25.2	34.7
<b>(WY)</b>	(2003)	(2003)	(2004)	(2004)	(2004)	(2003)	(1978)	(1981)	(2002)	(2002)	(2002)	(2002)

## 07119700 ARKANSAS RIVER AT CATLIN DAM NEAR FOWLER, CO—Continued

## SUMMARY STATISTICS

	Calendar Year 2006		Water Year 2007		Water Years 1975 - 2007	
<b>Annual total</b>	213,524		281,444			
<b>Annual mean</b>	585		771		<sup>a</sup> 732	
<b>Highest annual mean</b>					1,327	1995
<b>Lowest annual mean</b>					206	2002
<b>Highest daily mean</b>	3,870	Jul 11	2,720	May 25	<sup>b</sup> 16,300	May 1, 1999
<b>Lowest daily mean</b>	49	Feb 4	98	Mar 15	<sup>c</sup> 0.00	Sep 11, 2002
<b>Annual seven-day minimum</b>	75	Jan 29	131	Feb 23	1.2	Sep 5, 2002
<b>Maximum peak flow</b>			<sup>d</sup> 3,480	Jun 27	<sup>f</sup> 26,000	May 1, 1999
<b>Maximum peak stage</b>			<sup>g</sup> 5.89	Jun 27	<sup>g</sup> 11.30	May 1, 1999
<b>Annual runoff (ac-ft)</b>	423,500		558,200		530,600	
<b>10 percent exceeds</b>	1,390		1,680		1,600	
<b>50 percent exceeds</b>	366		559		444	
<b>90 percent exceeds</b>	126		263		151	

<sup>a</sup> Average discharge for 9 years (water years 1965-73), 636 ft<sup>3</sup>/s, 460,800 acre-ft/yr, prior to completion of Pueblo Dam.

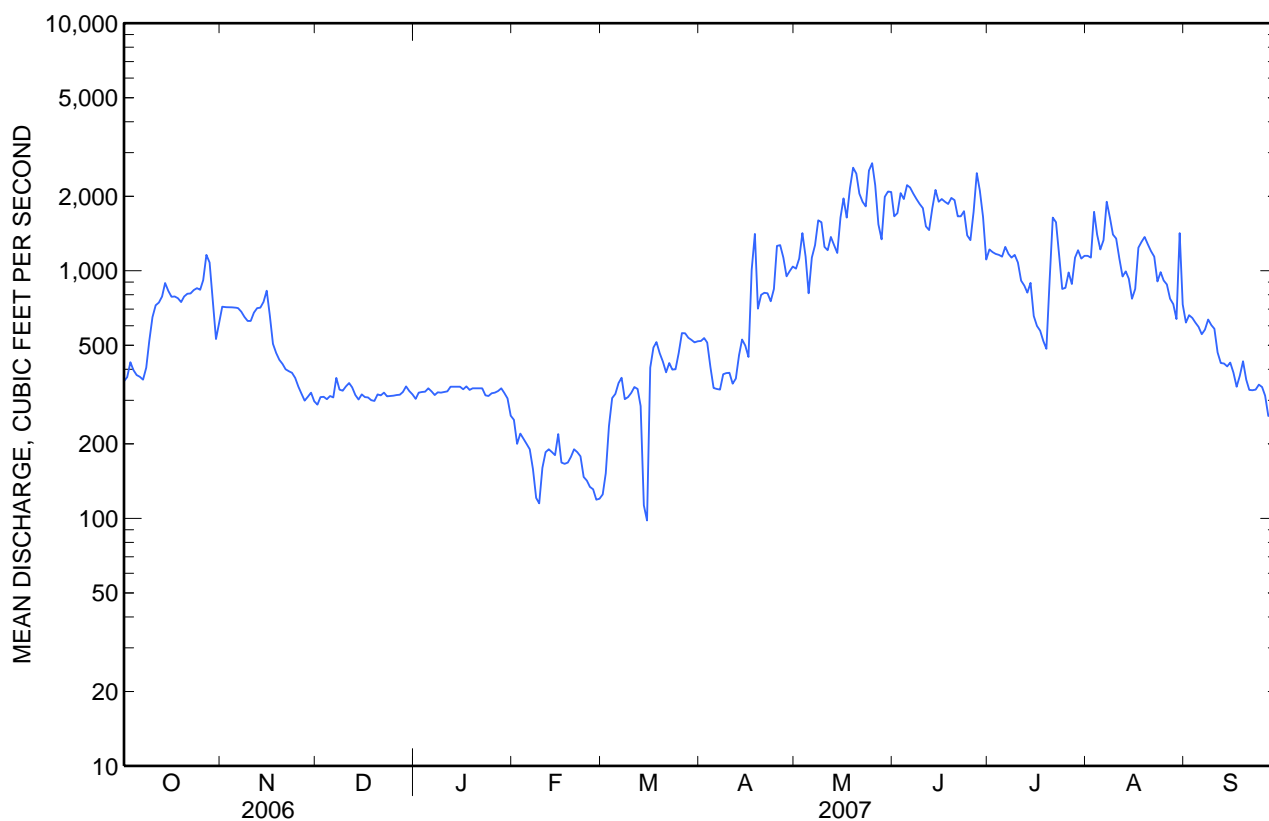
<sup>b</sup> Estimated. Maximum daily discharge for period of record, 18,300 ft<sup>3</sup>/s, Jun 18, 1965.

<sup>c</sup> Also minimum daily discharge for period of record.

<sup>d</sup> Maximum combined instantaneous discharge.

<sup>f</sup> Estimated. Maximum combined instantaneous discharge. Maximum discharge and gage height for period of record, 43,200 ft<sup>3</sup>/s, Jun 18, 1965, gage height, 7.95 ft, site and datum then in use, from rating curve extended above 13,000 ft<sup>3</sup>/s on basis of flow-over-dam computation of peak flow.

<sup>g</sup> Gage height at Arkansas River gage.



Water-Data Report 2007

**07121500 TIMPAS CREEK AT MOUTH NEAR SWINK, CO**

Upper Arkansas Basin  
Upper Arkansas-Lake Meredith Subbasin

LOCATION.--Lat 38°00'11", long 103°39'20" referenced to North American Datum of 1927, in NW ¼ SW ¼ sec.35, T.23 S., R.56 W., Otero County, CO, Hydrologic Unit 11020005, on right bank at downstream side of 23rd Road bridge, 1.7 mi southwest of Swink, and 2.9 mi upstream from mouth.

DRAINAGE AREA.--496 mi<sup>2</sup>.

**SURFACE-WATER RECORDS**

PERIOD OF RECORD.--January 1922 to September 1925, March 1968 to current year. Monthly discharge only for some periods, published in WSP 1311.

REVISED RECORDS.--WDR CO 76-1: 1975.

GAGE.--Water-stage recorder with satellite telemetry and crest-stage gage. Elevation of gage is 4,120 ft above NGVD of 1929, from topographic map. Jan. 1922 to Sept. 1925 at several sites downstream at different datum. Mar. 1968 to May 29, 1975, at site 140 ft downstream at datum 0.13 ft lower. May 30, 1975 to Nov. 25, 1980, at site on left bank at same datum.

REMARKS.--Records good except for estimated daily discharges, which are poor. Natural flow of stream affected by erosion-control and livestock-watering reservoirs, diversions for irrigation, ground-water withdrawals, and return flows from irrigated areas and from Catlin and Rocky Ford Highline Canals.

EXTREMES OUTSIDE PERIOD OF RECORD.--Maximum discharge since at least 1922, 21,400 ft<sup>3</sup>/s, June 17, 1965, gage height unknown.

## 07121500 TIMPAS CREEK AT MOUTH NEAR SWINK, CO—Continued

**DISCHARGE, CUBIC FEET PER SECOND**  
**WATER YEAR OCTOBER 2006 TO SEPTEMBER 2007**  
**DAILY MEAN VALUES**  
[e, estimated]

Day	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
1	84	66	18	13	e13	17	63	107	111	106	82	75
2	68	63	18	13	e13	16	72	103	100	114	81	76
3	56	81	18	13	e13	14	74	93	96	99	88	78
4	56	72	18	14	e13	14	75	90	95	94	90	79
5	54	73	18	13	e13	14	78	83	96	97	90	77
6	55	74	18	13	13	14	75	81	95	87	91	71
7	64	70	17	13	13	13	89	80	89	82	94	72
8	66	70	17	13	13	13	106	84	105	86	123	74
9	65	75	17	13	13	13	114	94	104	85	94	76
10	74	70	17	14	13	13	98	98	95	86	95	74
11	82	65	17	14	13	13	84	90	97	73	91	73
12	74	73	17	14	13	12	85	86	99	77	90	73
13	71	77	16	14	13	12	116	88	125	91	88	77
14	64	79	15	14	13	12	138	81	136	95	91	78
15	70	91	15	13	13	11	127	94	127	92	98	80
16	74	42	15	13	13	37	100	88	129	86	105	75
17	72	33	15	13	14	150	79	88	141	80	97	74
18	83	30	15	13	14	139	103	92	154	78	95	66
19	94	29	14	13	15	90	123	109	142	78	111	72
20	102	27	13	13	31	123	118	125	111	79	97	73
21	106	22	14	13	40	114	127	126	104	79	84	73
22	115	22	14	13	51	107	133	124	102	86	83	78
23	110	21	13	13	38	93	114	131	88	92	90	86
24	111	20	13	13	38	109	108	164	87	85	92	85
25	107	19	13	13	23	88	121	176	80	82	93	75
26	114	18	13	13	20	63	126	166	111	77	90	74
27	153	18	13	13	19	60	134	143	207	76	87	72
28	141	18	13	13	18	63	119	138	130	77	91	72
29	138	18	15	13	---	66	117	123	99	79	94	76
30	118	18	14	13	---	67	118	118	109	73	85	75
31	85	---	13	13	---	70	---	117	---	82	84	---
<b>Total</b>	2,726	1,454	476	409	529	1,640	3,134	3,380	3,364	2,653	2,864	2,259
<b>Mean</b>	87.9	48.5	15.4	13.2	18.9	52.9	104	109	112	85.6	92.4	75.3
<b>Max</b>	153	91	18	14	51	150	138	176	207	114	123	86
<b>Min</b>	54	18	13	13	13	11	63	80	80	73	81	66
<b>Ac-ft</b>	5,410	2,880	944	811	1,050	3,250	6,220	6,700	6,670	5,260	5,680	4,480

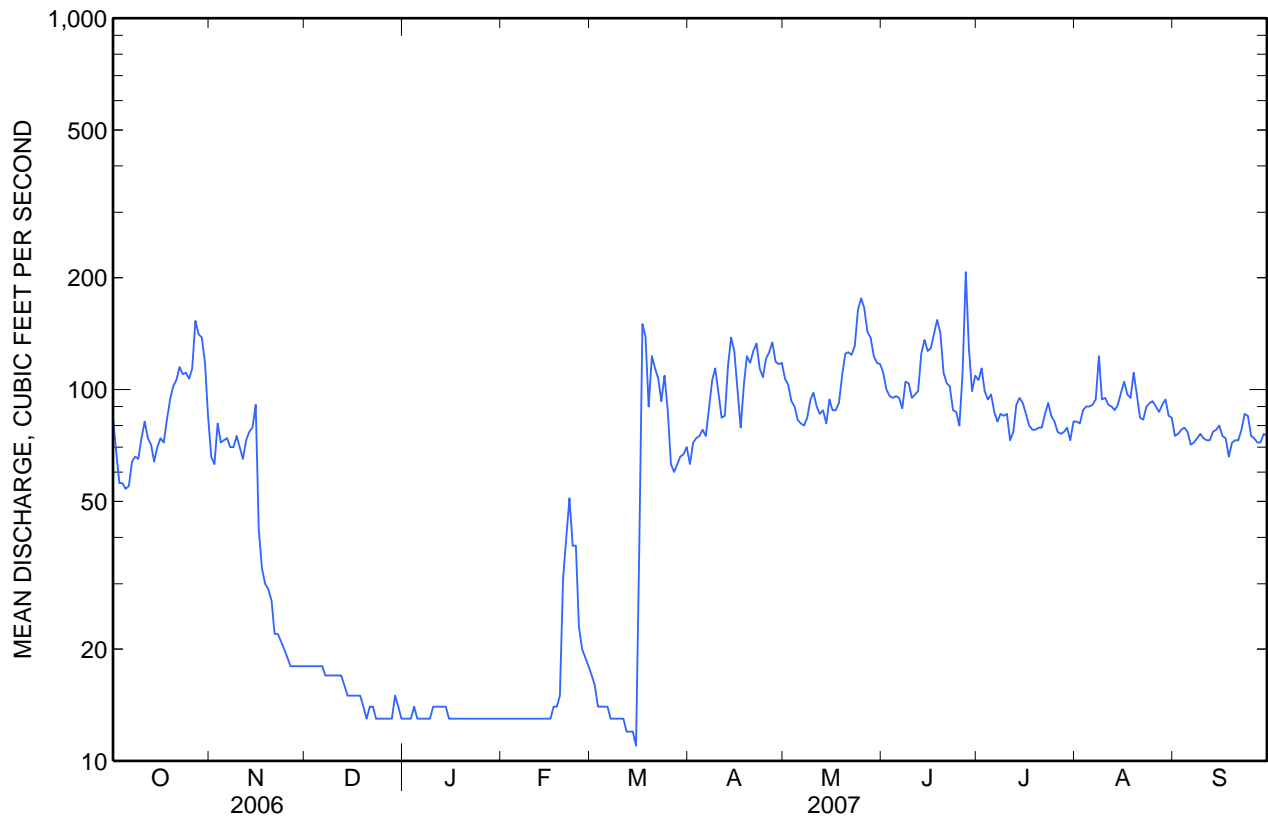
## STATISTICS OF MONTHLY MEAN DATA FOR WATER YEARS 1922 - 2007, BY WATER YEAR (WY)

	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
<b>Mean</b>	84.2	72.0	31.9	21.6	28.2	56.5	64.5	75.7	81.1	72.8	82.6	69.5
<b>Max</b>	265	210	109	60.4	84.6	201	170	187	318	200	401	159
<b>(WY)</b>	(1924)	(1924)	(1971)	(1923)	(1924)	(1924)	(1924)	(1995)	(1923)	(1923)	(1923)	(1986)
<b>Min</b>	9.21	12.8	5.22	5.34	6.10	15.9	11.0	14.0	21.9	13.0	10.6	9.60
<b>(WY)</b>	(2003)	(2004)	(2004)	(2004)	(2004)	(2004)	(1978)	(1981)	(2002)	(2002)	(2002)	(2002)

## 07121500 TIMPAS CREEK AT MOUTH NEAR SWINK, CO—Continued

## SUMMARY STATISTICS

	Calendar Year 2006		Water Year 2007		Water Years 1922 - 2007	
<b>Annual total</b>	16,602.7		24,888			
<b>Annual mean</b>	45.5		68.2		61.9	
<b>Highest annual mean</b>					130	1923
<b>Lowest annual mean</b>					23.7	2002
<b>Highest daily mean</b>	198	Aug 19	207	Jun 27	2,670	Aug 17, 1923
<b>Lowest daily mean</b>	9.6	Jan 4	11	Mar 15	3.3	Aug 7, 1977
<b>Annual seven-day minimum</b>	9.7	Jan 4	12	Mar 9	4.9	Dec 1, 2003
<b>Maximum peak flow</b>			319	Jun 27	<sup>a</sup> 12,300	Jul 10, 1978
<b>Maximum peak stage</b>			6.68	Jun 27	<sup>b</sup> 21.11	Jul 10, 1978
<b>Annual runoff (ac-ft)</b>	32,930		49,370		44,830	
<b>10 percent exceeds</b>	95		118		120	
<b>50 percent exceeds</b>	41		77		48	
<b>90 percent exceeds</b>	10		13		14	

<sup>a</sup> From contracted-opening measurement of peak flow.<sup>b</sup> From floodmark.

**07124000 ARKANSAS RIVER AT LAS ANIMAS, CO**

Upper Arkansas Basin  
Upper Arkansas-John Martin Reservoir Subbasin

LOCATION.--Lat 38°04'51", long 103°13'09" referenced to North American Datum of 1927, in SE ¼ NE ¼ sec.3, T.23 S., R.52 W., Bent County, CO, Hydrologic Unit 11020009, on right bank at upstream side of bridge on U.S. Highway 50, 1.1 mi north of courthouse in Las Animas, and 4.2 mi upstream from Purgatoire River.

DRAINAGE AREA.--14,417 mi<sup>2</sup>, of which 441 mi<sup>2</sup> probably is noncontributing.

**SURFACE-WATER RECORDS**

PERIOD OF RECORD.--May to November 1898 (gage heights only), August to November 1909 (gage heights and discharge measurements only), May 1939 to current year. Statistical summary computed for 1975 to current year, subsequent to partial regulation by Pueblo Reservoir.

REVISED RECORDS.--WSP 1341: Drainage area.

GAGE.--Water-stage recorder with satellite telemetry and crest-stage gage. Datum of gage is 3,883.97 ft above NGVD of 1929. May 13 to Nov. 12, 1898, and Aug. 1 to Nov. 10, 1909, nonrecording gages near present site at different datums. May 23, 1939 to Apr. 27, 1967, water-stage recorder at site 0.4 mi downstream at datum 9.00 ft lower.

REMARKS.--Records good except for estimated daily discharges, which are poor. Natural flow of stream affected by storage reservoirs, power developments, transbasin and transmountain diversions, diversions for irrigation and municipal use, ground-water withdrawals, return flows from irrigated areas, and flows from sewage-treatment plants. Flow partly regulated by Pueblo Reservoir (station 07099350) about 104 mi upstream since Jan. 9, 1974.



## 07124000 ARKANSAS RIVER AT LAS ANIMAS, CO—Continued

**DISCHARGE, CUBIC FEET PER SECOND**  
**WATER YEAR OCTOBER 2006 TO SEPTEMBER 2007**  
**DAILY MEAN VALUES**  
[e, estimated]

Day	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
1	193	139	134	e120	e135	222	53	77	1,150	410	339	431
2	175	117	134	e120	e135	200	49	77	753	491	389	397
3	174	104	148	e120	e135	182	39	53	608	408	391	398
4	175	99	139	e125	e135	177	35	66	857	487	499	358
5	193	90	141	e125	e135	176	33	82	802	465	406	303
6	179	77	140	e125	138	175	31	50	948	443	386	294
7	172	73	135	e125	141	185	31	38	1,020	461	380	260
8	160	77	136	e121	132	334	35	40	991	463	513	252
9	174	72	138	e120	127	387	40	85	862	454	385	296
10	217	73	139	e125	124	368	47	61	703	441	278	315
11	279	72	140	e130	122	396	44	46	726	432	407	286
12	345	80	141	e116	123	397	41	130	633	465	358	254
13	394	97	141	e100	138	408	43	337	636	390	538	249
14	420	98	140	e100	143	414	63	267	894	353	572	234
15	461	296	138	e95	133	323	63	226	1,040	340	522	224
16	500	588	134	e95	136	176	56	514	775	305	545	194
17	453	662	126	e95	142	123	53	613	788	310	409	140
18	402	530	119	e100	148	160	55	405	740	287	381	121
19	405	384	118	e110	151	192	187	724	636	269	452	98
20	380	276	122	e110	158	143	97	936	689	230	489	91
21	369	242	116	e120	178	199	80	944	667	227	442	139
22	381	204	116	e125	191	229	69	716	685	443	394	128
23	406	186	115	e130	210	127	66	701	702	386	427	123
24	404	173	e115	e135	218	87	65	796	764	289	432	115
25	394	165	e115	e140	216	73	73	1,280	593	306	428	98
26	441	159	e115	e140	210	62	95	1,740	559	379	405	79
27	583	152	e120	e135	213	59	182	1,780	838	503	383	107
28	503	148	e120	e135	230	53	107	1,100	1,140	387	418	90
29	383	140	e120	e135	---	54	78	1,040	877	378	449	76
30	259	136	e120	e135	---	60	70	1,190	601	417	428	63
31	166	---	e120	e135	---	57	---	1,200	---	367	518	---
<b>Total</b>	10,140	5,709	3,995	3,742	4,397	6,198	1,980	17,314	23,677	11,986	13,363	6,213
<b>Mean</b>	327	190	129	121	157	200	66.0	559	789	387	431	207
<b>Max</b>	583	662	148	140	230	414	187	1,780	1,150	503	572	431
<b>Min</b>	160	72	115	95	122	53	31	38	559	227	278	63
<b>Med</b>	380	139	134	125	139	177	55	405	759	390	418	209
<b>Ac-ft</b>	20,110	11,320	7,920	7,420	8,720	12,290	3,930	34,340	46,960	23,770	26,510	12,320

## STATISTICS OF MONTHLY MEAN DATA FOR WATER YEARS 1975 - 2007, BY WATER YEAR (WY)

	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
<b>Mean</b>	149	142	139	175	180	116	113	532	813	447	294	113
<b>Max</b>	1,092	810	398	641	761	422	877	4,043	4,263	3,339	1,343	373
<b>(WY)</b>	(1985)	(1998)	(1998)	(1998)	(1985)	(1998)	(1987)	(1999)	(1995)	(1995)	(1999)	(1984)
<b>Min</b>	5.13	6.05	8.40	8.45	18.5	9.44	10.8	14.1	16.8	10.0	14.5	9.12
<b>(WY)</b>	(1978)	(1975)	(1978)	(1978)	(1978)	(1975)	(1978)	(1981)	(2002)	(2002)	(2002)	(1977)

## 07124000 ARKANSAS RIVER AT LAS ANIMAS, CO—Continued

## SUMMARY STATISTICS

	Calendar Year 2006		Water Year 2007		Water Years 1975 - 2007	
<b>Annual total</b>	79,312		108,714			
<b>Annual mean</b>	217		298		<sup>a</sup> 268	
<b>Highest annual mean</b>					841	
<b>Lowest annual mean</b>					59.8	
<b>Highest daily mean</b>	1,180	Jul 12	1,780	May 27	<sup>b</sup> 22,600	May 3, 1999
<b>Lowest daily mean</b>	15	Apr 3	31	Apr 6	<sup>c</sup> 3.0	Nov 30, 1974
<b>Annual seven-day minimum</b>	16	Apr 14	35	Apr 3	4.1	Sep 26, 1977
<b>Maximum peak flow</b>			1,970	May 27	<sup>d</sup> 32,900	May 2, 1999
<b>Maximum peak stage</b>			8.48	May 27	<sup>f</sup> 14.02	May 2, 1999
<b>Annual runoff (ac-ft)</b>	157,300		215,600		194,200	
<b>10 percent exceeds</b>	550		664		535	
<b>50 percent exceeds</b>	134		182		112	
<b>90 percent exceeds</b>	17		71		16	

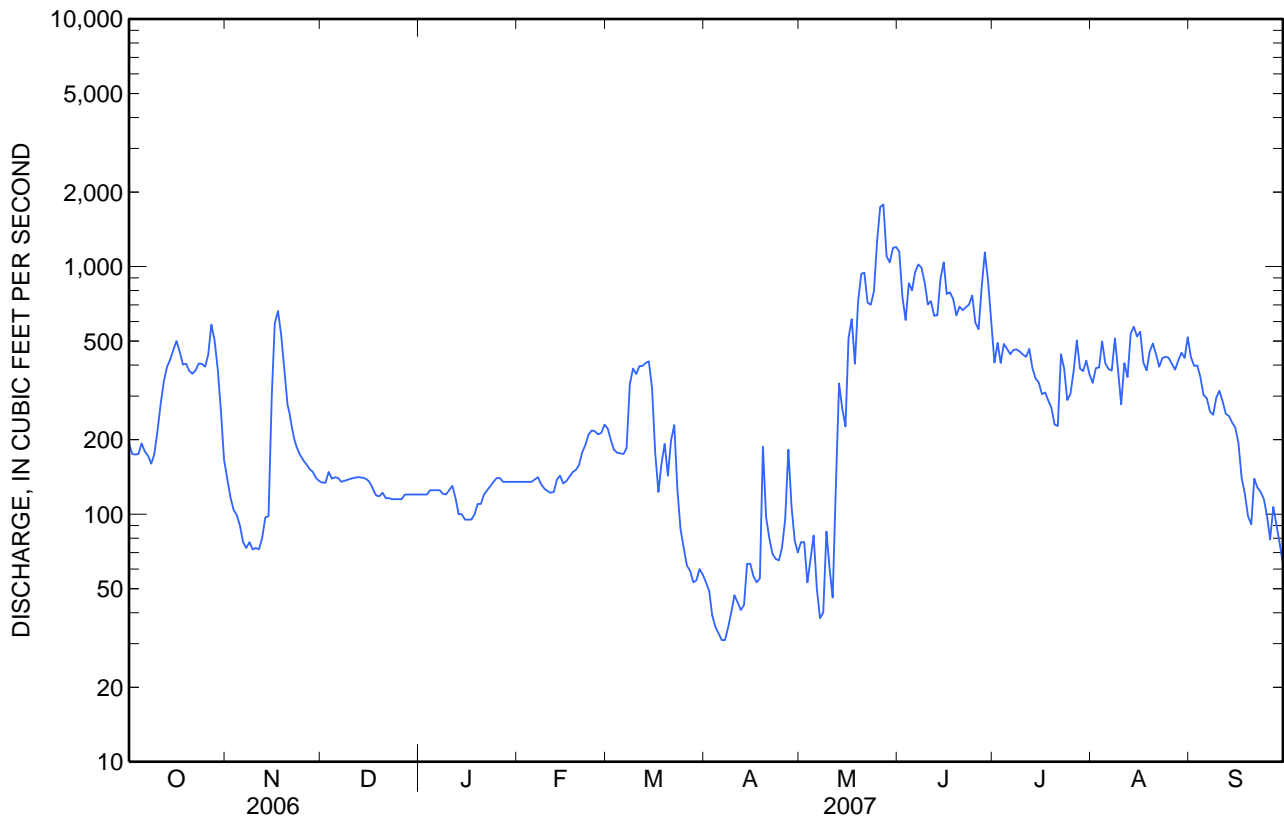
<sup>a</sup> Average discharge for 34 years (water years 1940-73), 203 ft<sup>3</sup>/s; 147,100 acre-ft/yr, prior to completion of Pueblo Dam.

<sup>b</sup> Maximum daily discharge for period of record, 25,800 ft<sup>3</sup>/s, May 20, 1955.

<sup>c</sup> Minimum daily discharge for period of record, 0.9 ft<sup>3</sup>/s, Jul 31, Aug 1 and 3, 1964.

<sup>d</sup> From rating curve extended above 21,600 ft<sup>3</sup>/s; maximum discharge and stage for period of record, 44,000 ft<sup>3</sup>/s, May 20, 1955, gage height, 15.03 ft, from current-meter measurement and slope-area measurement of over-flow channel, site and datum then in use.

<sup>f</sup> From floodmark.



**07130500 ARKANSAS RIVER BELOW JOHN MARTIN RESERVOIR, CO**

Upper Arkansas Basin  
Upper Arkansas-John Martin Reservoir Subbasin

LOCATION.--Lat 38°03'59", long 102°55'55" referenced to North American Datum of 1927, in NW ¼ NE ¼ sec.8, T.23 S., R.49 W., Bent County, CO, Hydrologic Unit 11020009, on right bank 0.2 mi downstream from John Martin Dam, 2.6 mi upstream from Caddoa Creek, and 3.5 mi southeast of Hasty.

DRAINAGE AREA.--18,915 mi<sup>2</sup>, of which 785 mi<sup>2</sup> probably is noncontributing.

**SURFACE-WATER RECORDS**

PERIOD OF RECORD.--April 1938 to current year. Published as "at Caddoa" prior to October 1947. Statistical summary computed for 1949 to current year, subsequent to completion of John Martin Reservoir.

REVISED RECORDS.--WSP 1241: 1942 (M). WSP 1341: Drainage area.

GAGE.--Water-stage recorder with satellite telemetry, concrete control, and crest-stage gage. Datum of gage is 3,737.40 ft above NGVD of 1929. Prior to Feb. 22, 1940, at site 3 mi upstream at datum 22.83 ft higher. Feb. 22, 1940 to Feb. 4, 1943, at site 700 ft upstream at datum 3.64 ft higher. Feb. 5, 1943 to Apr. 8, 1975, at site 1.5 mi downstream at datum approximately 27.5 ft lower.

REMARKS.--Records good except for estimated daily discharges and those below 3 ft<sup>3</sup>/s, which are poor. Natural flow of stream affected by storage reservoirs, power developments, transbasin and transmountain diversions, diversions for irrigation and municipal use, ground-water withdrawals, return flows from irrigated areas, and flows from sewage-treatment plants. Flow completely regulated by John Martin Reservoir (station 07130000) 0.2 mi upstream since Oct. 1948.

## 07130500 ARKANSAS RIVER BELOW JOHN MARTIN RESERVOIR, CO—Continued

**DISCHARGE, CUBIC FEET PER SECOND**  
**WATER YEAR OCTOBER 2006 TO SEPTEMBER 2007**  
**DAILY MEAN VALUES**  
[e, estimated]

Day	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
1	265	29	0.66	0.43	1.2	1.2	2.2	131	588	1,240	602	622
2	223	3.0	0.61	0.43	1.2	1.2	2.2	263	623	1,240	559	530
3	184	3.2	0.62	0.44	1.3	1.2	2.2	404	622	1,240	504	526
4	159	2.9	0.69	0.47	e1.1	1.2	2.0	335	620	1,240	534	502
5	151	2.7	0.74	0.45	e1.1	1.2	2.0	266	729	1,240	567	477
6	164	2.8	0.73	0.46	e1.1	1.2	1.9	265	745	1,240	540	471
7	178	2.5	0.65	0.45	e1.1	1.2	1.9	363	710	1,230	522	469
8	177	1.2	0.72	0.47	1.7	1.3	2.1	466	711	1,230	590	469
9	175	1.0	0.75	0.48	1.5	1.3	2.0	510	709	1,230	593	468
10	176	0.91	0.75	0.52	1.5	1.3	2.2	564	706	1,220	527	468
11	177	0.75	0.72	0.51	1.6	1.3	2.0	589	695	1,220	513	424
12	258	0.76	0.74	0.45	1.7	1.3	1.9	587	683	1,220	510	401
13	387	0.77	0.75	0.52	1.7	1.3	2.4	586	678	1,220	517	402
14	429	0.74	0.70	0.52	1.7	1.1	2.2	606	677	1,220	520	401
15	430	0.64	0.74	0.53	1.7	1.0	2.2	635	679	1,230	534	401
16	487	0.76	0.76	0.54	1.7	1.1	2.2	638	680	1,230	666	400
17	539	0.72	0.74	0.54	1.7	1.1	2.2	812	680	1,230	705	400
18	566	0.80	0.72	0.49	1.6	1.1	2.0	739	681	1,220	637	399
19	521	0.77	0.90	0.47	1.8	1.0	2.1	738	680	1,160	637	402
20	439	0.77	1.2	0.53	1.5	1.1	2.0	822	677	1,160	604	405
21	418	0.79	0.82	0.56	1.5	1.1	2.1	838	674	1,170	557	405
22	418	0.80	0.79	0.56	1.4	1.8	2.0	839	675	1,200	546	411
23	423	0.79	0.76	0.55	1.3	2.5	28	804	676	1,240	544	413
24	430	0.79	0.76	0.55	1.3	2.4	45	764	675	1,240	543	411
25	435	0.80	0.75	0.83	1.2	2.4	41	709	712	1,200	528	409
26	443	0.78	1.0	3.3	1.2	2.3	37	686	751	1,170	522	409
27	491	0.87	0.52	1.3	1.2	2.3	35	690	1,130	1,170	496	404
28	447	0.77	0.38	1.3	1.3	2.0	35	697	1,400	862	476	382
29	443	0.79	0.77	1.2	---	2.3	35	619	1,380	671	480	378
30	434	0.67	0.91	1.3	---	2.2	36	552	1,290	632	489	386
31	414	---	0.53	1.2	---	2.2	---	552	---	601	553	---
<b>Total</b>	10,881	64.54	22.88	22.35	39.9	47.2	338.0	18,069	22,936	35,616	17,115	13,045
<b>Mean</b>	351	2.15	0.74	0.72	1.43	1.52	11.3	583	765	1,149	552	435
<b>Max</b>	566	29	1.2	3.3	1.8	2.5	45	839	1,400	1,240	705	622
<b>Min</b>	151	0.64	0.38	0.43	1.1	1.0	1.9	131	588	601	476	378
<b>Ac-ft</b>	21,580	128	45	44	79	94	670	35,840	45,490	70,640	33,950	25,870

## STATISTICS OF MONTHLY MEAN DATA FOR WATER YEARS 1949 - 2007, BY WATER YEAR (WY)

	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
<b>Mean</b>	193	24.0	15.6	18.2	21.5	51.4	408	484	598	696	544	315
<b>Max</b>	565	217	317	725	477	498	1,174	2,576	2,665	2,895	2,127	1,007
<b>(WY)</b>	(1949)	(1966)	(1998)	(1998)	(1966)	(1998)	(1987)	(1987)	(1987)	(1995)	(1965)	(1984)
<b>Min</b>	11.4	0.85	0.64	0.62	0.75	1.06	2.43	34.2	52.0	86.1	22.6	6.69
<b>(WY)</b>	(1975)	(1977)	(1977)	(1977)	(1977)	(1980)	(1973)	(1975)	(1954)	(1963)	(1960)	(1974)

## 07130500 ARKANSAS RIVER BELOW JOHN MARTIN RESERVOIR, CO—Continued

## SUMMARY STATISTICS

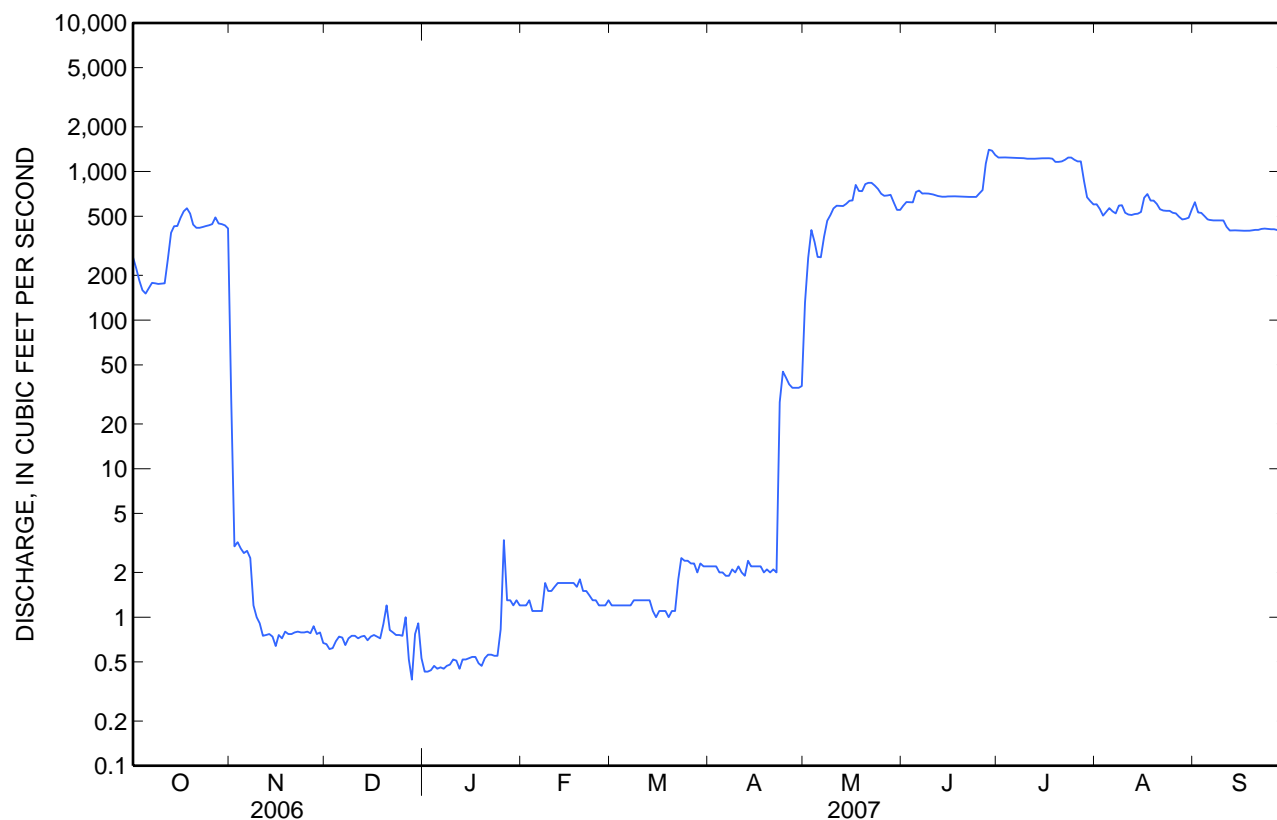
	Calendar Year 2006		Water Year 2007		Water Years 1949 - 2007	
<b>Annual total</b>	84,696.32		118,196.87			
<b>Annual mean</b>	232		324		<sup>a</sup> 282	
<b>Highest annual mean</b>					745	
<b>Lowest annual mean</b>					82.5	
<b>Highest daily mean</b>	1,320	Jul 11	1,400	Jun 28	3,830	Aug 25, 1965
<b>Lowest daily mean</b>	0.38	Dec 28	0.38	Dec 28	<sup>b</sup> 0.36	Dec 25, 1979
<b>Annual seven-day minimum</b>	0.67	Dec 1	0.45	Jan 1	0.36	Dec 25, 1979
<b>Maximum peak flow</b>			1,420	Jun 29	<sup>c</sup> 4,100	Aug 25, 1965
<b>Maximum peak stage</b>			4.26	Jun 29	<sup>d</sup> 5.75	Aug 25, 1965
<b>Annual runoff (ac-ft)</b>	168,000		234,400		204,300	
<b>10 percent exceeds</b>	566		807		858	
<b>50 percent exceeds</b>	119		151		57	
<b>90 percent exceeds</b>	0.78		0.72		1.8	

<sup>a</sup> Average discharge for 5 years (water years 1939-43), 628 ft<sup>3</sup>/s; 455,000 acre-ft/yr, prior to start of storage in John Martin Reservoir.

<sup>b</sup> Also occurred Dec 26, 1979 to Jan 3, 1980; no flow on many days during 1945-47. Minimum daily discharge prior to start of storage in John Martin Reservoir, 5 ft<sup>3</sup>/s, Jul 16, 1939.

<sup>c</sup> Maximum discharge for period of record, 40,000 ft<sup>3</sup>/s, Apr 24, 1942, from rating curve extended above 12,000 ft<sup>3</sup>/s on basis of flow-over-dam and critical-depth measurement of peak flow, gage height, 10.46 ft, site and datum then in use.

<sup>d</sup> Maximum gage height for period of record, 10.62 ft, Jun 18, 1965 (backwater from Caddoa Creek), site and datum then in use.



Water-Data Report 2007

**07133000 ARKANSAS RIVER AT LAMAR, CO**

Upper Arkansas Basin  
Upper Arkansas-John Martin Reservoir Subbasin

LOCATION.--Lat 38°06'21", long 102°37'05" referenced to North American Datum of 1927, in NE ¼ SE ¼ sec.30, T.22 S., R.46 W., Prowers County, CO, Hydrologic Unit 11020009, on left bank at left downstream end of downstream bridge on U.S. Highways 50 and 287, and 1.3 mi north of courthouse in Lamar.

DRAINAGE AREA.--19,780 mi<sup>2</sup>, of which 950 mi<sup>2</sup> probably is noncontributing.

**SURFACE-WATER RECORDS**

PERIOD OF RECORD.--May 1913 to September 1955, April 1959 to current year. Monthly discharge only for some periods, published in WSP 1311. Statistical summary computed for 1949 to current year, subsequent to completion of John Martin Reservoir.

REVISED RECORDS.--WSP 1341: 1921 (M), 1945-46 (M), drainage area; WDR CO-86-1: 1985.

GAGE.--Water-stage recorder with satellite telemetry and crest-stage gage. Datum of gage is 3,597.39 ft above NGVD of 1929. See WSP 1731 for history of changes prior to Apr. 4, 1959. Apr. 4, 1959 to Mar. 26, 1968, at site 525 ft upstream at datum 2.42 ft higher. Mar. 27, 1968 to Nov. 17, 1982, at site 375 ft downstream at datum 4.00 ft lower. Mar. 18, 1987 to Mar. 6, 2002, at site 75 ft upstream at same datum.

REMARKS.--No estimated daily discharges. Records fair. Natural flow of stream affected by storage reservoirs, power developments, transbasin and transmountain diversions, diversions for irrigation and municipal use, ground-water withdrawals, return flows from irrigated areas, and flows from sewage-treatment plants. Flow regulated by John Martin Reservoir (station 07130000) 21 mi upstream since Oct. 1948.

## 07133000 ARKANSAS RIVER AT LAMAR, CO—Continued

**DISCHARGE, CUBIC FEET PER SECOND**  
**WATER YEAR OCTOBER 2006 TO SEPTEMBER 2007**  
**DAILY MEAN VALUES**

Day	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
1	16	100	29	9.3	23	44	15	13	20	653	59	41
2	17	103	29	18	22	44	15	13	23	648	51	25
3	18	84	28	25	22	43	13	16	19	649	33	20
4	17	75	27	27	22	42	13	15	19	693	27	19
5	16	67	27	27	23	45	13	15	28	658	26	18
6	16	63	25	24	24	49	14	14	148	658	25	18
7	16	59	24	24	24	46	13	16	96	655	25	18
8	17	54	23	23	24	49	13	19	88	649	24	18
9	19	53	23	23	24	51	15	19	87	645	25	17
10	20	50	23	23	24	50	14	19	86	646	24	15
11	19	44	23	23	24	50	14	20	74	648	23	16
12	18	42	20	23	26	48	14	18	72	652	22	15
13	18	40	15	23	25	47	16	17	82	647	22	15
14	18	38	13	23	25	43	19	18	353	635	23	16
15	19	36	13	21	25	29	29	105	176	630	21	19
16	19	36	13	21	25	24	28	60	103	627	24	19
17	75	37	13	22	27	24	26	30	62	621	55	19
18	97	35	13	22	27	20	23	47	27	616	26	19
19	97	33	14	22	29	20	15	20	34	585	24	16
20	42	32	15	23	30	20	14	19	17	507	23	16
21	21	31	17	23	32	19	14	19	14	533	22	20
22	20	33	16	22	33	19	14	20	14	537	22	17
23	19	31	15	22	35	19	14	59	36	607	21	19
24	18	31	16	23	36	19	14	115	25	645	21	19
25	18	30	16	23	36	19	19	84	18	643	21	18
26	102	30	16	23	38	17	20	92	67	572	20	18
27	141	29	16	23	40	17	16	88	361	587	20	18
28	84	29	16	22	43	17	14	80	807	514	20	18
29	39	30	14	22	---	16	14	85	745	163	21	18
30	26	30	11	22	---	16	13	38	738	159	20	19
31	22	---	8.6	23	---	16	---	23	---	102	19	---
<b>Total</b>	1,104	1,385	571.6	694.3	788	982	488	1,216	4,439	17,784	809	563
<b>Mean</b>	35.6	46.2	18.4	22.4	28.1	31.7	16.3	39.2	148	574	26.1	18.8
<b>Max</b>	141	103	29	27	43	51	29	115	807	693	59	41
<b>Min</b>	16	29	8.6	9.3	22	16	13	13	14	102	19	15
<b>Ac-ft</b>	2,190	2,750	1,130	1,380	1,560	1,950	968	2,410	8,800	35,270	1,600	1,120

**STATISTICS OF MONTHLY MEAN DATA FOR WATER YEARS 1949 - 2007, BY WATER YEAR (WY)**

	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
<b>Mean</b>	36.5	21.1	28.4	37.8	39.0	40.5	157	189	269	310	204	84.6
<b>Max</b>	233	117	350	796	507	516	1,089	2,143	2,087	2,457	1,547	689
<b>(WY)</b>	(1949)	(1998)	(1998)	(1998)	(1966)	(1998)	(1987)	(1987)	(1987)	(1995)	(1965)	(1965)
<b>Min</b>	0.84	1.81	0.56	0.47	0.72	1.11	5.90	6.41	3.80	10.2	10.9	1.37
<b>(WY)</b>	(1978)	(1978)	(1978)	(1978)	(1965)	(1965)	(1995)	(1963)	(1954)	(1964)	(1974)	(1974)

## 07133000 ARKANSAS RIVER AT LAMAR, CO—Continued

## SUMMARY STATISTICS

	Calendar Year 2006		Water Year 2007		Water Years 1949 - 2007	
<b>Annual total</b>	20,147.5		30,823.9			
<b>Annual mean</b>	55.2		84.4		<sup>a</sup> 118	
<b>Highest annual mean</b>					537	1987
<b>Lowest annual mean</b>					17.7	2003
<b>Highest daily mean</b>	834	Jul 9	807	Jun 28	<sup>b</sup> 25,000	Jun 18, 1965
<b>Lowest daily mean</b>	5.4	Jun 29	8.6	Dec 31	<sup>c</sup> 0.00	Dec 5, 1953
<b>Annual seven-day minimum</b>	7.4	Feb 27	13	Dec 26	0.21	Jan 10, 1965
<b>Maximum peak flow</b>			1,040	Jun 27	<sup>d</sup> 73,800	Jun 18, 1965
<b>Maximum peak stage</b>			8.47	Jun 27	<sup>f</sup> 16.48	Jun 18, 1965
<b>Annual runoff (ac-ft)</b>	39,960		61,140		85,460	
<b>10 percent exceeds</b>	94		152		402	
<b>50 percent exceeds</b>	17		23		22	
<b>90 percent exceeds</b>	9.5		15		4.4	

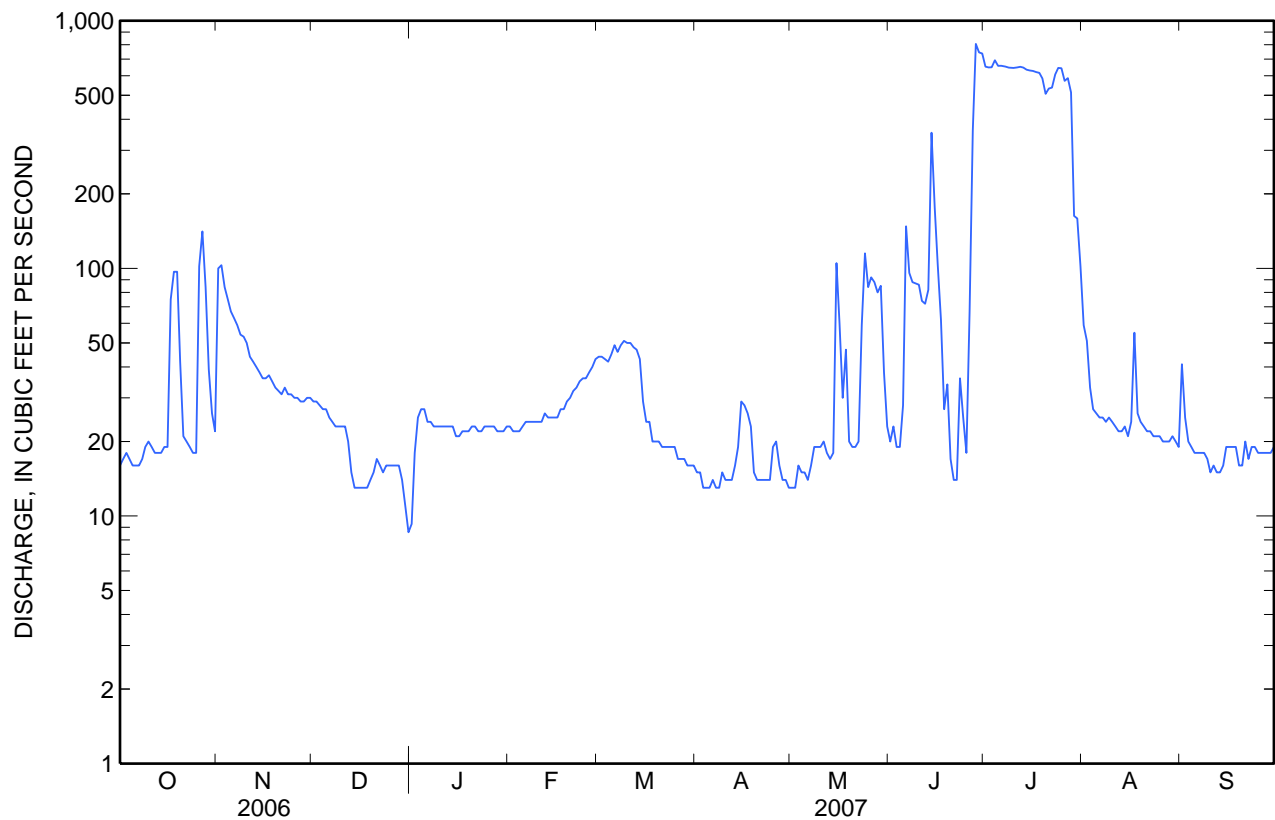
<sup>a</sup> Average discharge for 30 years (water years 1914-43), 298 ft<sup>3</sup>/s, 215,900 acre-ft/yr, prior to and during construction of John Martin Dam.

<sup>b</sup> Maximum daily discharge for period of record, 87,300 ft<sup>3</sup>/s, Jun 5, 1921.

<sup>c</sup> Also minimum daily discharge for period of record; also occurred at times in 1913-15.

<sup>d</sup> From current-meter and timed-drift measurement of peak flow, maximum discharge and gage height for period of record, 130,000 ft<sup>3</sup>/s, (determined by Colorado State Engineer) Jun 5, 1921, from rating curve extended above 10,000 ft<sup>3</sup>/s, gage height, 14.55 ft, site and datum then in use.

<sup>f</sup> From floodmarks, site and datum then in use.





Water-Data Report 2007

**07134100 BIG SANDY CREEK NEAR LAMAR, CO**

Upper Arkansas Basin  
Big Sandy Subbasin

LOCATION.--Lat 38°06'51", long 102°29'00" referenced to North American Datum of 1927, in SW ¼ SW ¼ sec.21, T.22 S., R.45 W., Prowers County, CO, Hydrologic Unit 11020011, on right bank 35 ft upstream from State Highway 196, 950 ft upstream from mouth, and 7.5 mi east of Lamar.

DRAINAGE AREA.--3,248 mi<sup>2</sup>, of which 585 mi<sup>2</sup> probably is noncontributing.

**SURFACE-WATER RECORDS**

PERIOD OF RECORD.--February 1968 to September 1982, July 1995 to current year.

REVISED RECORDS.--WDR CO-01-1: Drainage area.

GAGE.--Water-stage recorder with satellite telemetry and crest-stage gage. Elevation of gage is 3,545 ft above NGVD of 1929, from topographic map. Prior to June 30, 1977, at datum 1.00 ft higher.

REMARKS.--Records poor. Natural flow of stream affected by storage, erosion-control, and livestock-watering reservoirs, diversions for irrigation, ground-water withdrawals, and return flows from irrigated areas. Flow affected by backwater from the Arkansas River at times.

EXTREMES OUTSIDE PERIOD OF RECORD.--Flood of June 17, 1965, reached a discharge of 3,600 ft<sup>3</sup>/s, from slope-area measurement of peak flow 0.5 mi upstream from station. Flood of Aug. 21, 1965, reached a stage of 9.93 ft, from floodmarks, discharge unknown.

## 07134100 BIG SANDY CREEK NEAR LAMAR, CO—Continued

**DISCHARGE, CUBIC FEET PER SECOND**  
**WATER YEAR OCTOBER 2006 TO SEPTEMBER 2007**  
**DAILY MEAN VALUES**  
[e, estimated]

Day	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
1	e12	e14	e6.0	e5.0	e5.0	e30	10	18	7.5	e10	e11	e10
2	e12	e13	e6.0	e5.0	e5.0	e31	12	16	8.9	e10	e16	e10
3	e12	e12	e6.0	e5.0	e5.0	e31	11	14	6.5	e10	e19	e10
4	e12	e12	e6.0	e5.0	e5.0	e32	9.2	13	8.4	e10	e18	e10
5	e12	e12	e6.0	e5.0	e5.0	e32	8.0	14	13	e9.0	e16	e10
6	e11	e12	e5.0	e5.0	e5.0	33	6.8	14	e15	e8.0	e16	e12
7	e10	e12	e5.0	e5.0	e5.0	34	6.5	12	e16	e7.0	e17	e14
8	e11	e12	e5.0	e5.0	e5.0	31	8.0	11	e15	e7.0	e18	e14
9	e12	e11	e5.0	e5.0	e5.0	27	8.8	9.8	e15	e7.0	e16	e14
10	e11	e11	e5.0	e5.0	e5.0	24	11	11	e15	e7.0	e13	e14
11	e10	e11	e5.0	e5.0	e5.0	25	10	10	e15	e7.5	e12	e14
12	e10	e10	e5.0	e5.0	e5.0	24	7.6	12	e14	e8.0	e12	e14
13	e10	e10	e5.0	e5.0	e5.0	20	8.0	12	e13	e8.0	e11	e14
14	e9.0	e10	e5.0	e5.0	e5.0	19	8.3	9.4	e12	e7.5	e10	e15
15	e9.0	e10	e5.0	e5.0	e5.5	19	17	9.4	e12	e7.0	e10	e16
16	e8.0	e9.0	e5.0	e5.0	e6.0	24	25	8.4	e13	e7.0	e10	e16
17	e11	e9.0	e5.0	e5.0	e7.0	22	18	8.9	e11	e7.0	e10	e16
18	e10	e9.0	e5.0	e5.0	e7.0	24	15	13	e10	e7.0	e10	e16
19	e9.0	e9.0	e5.0	e5.0	e8.0	25	16	17	e9.0	e7.0	e10	e16
20	e9.0	e9.0	e5.0	e5.0	e8.0	21	17	7.3	e8.0	e7.0	e10	e16
21	e8.0	e8.0	e5.0	e5.0	e10	19	18	7.3	e7.0	e7.0	e10	e16
22	e8.0	e8.0	e5.0	e5.0	e10	17	54	12	e7.5	e7.0	e17	e16
23	e8.0	e8.0	e5.0	e5.0	e12	18	30	12	e8.0	e7.0	e13	e16
24	e7.5	e8.0	e5.0	e5.0	e15	18	21	19	e9.0	e7.0	e12	e16
25	e8.0	e8.0	e5.0	e5.0	e20	17	20	23	e10	e7.0	e10	e16
26	e9.3	e7.0	e5.0	e5.0	e25	16	25	18	e9.0	e10	e10	e16
27	e20	e7.0	e5.0	e5.0	e27	15	24	15	e14	e14	e9.0	e16
28	e18	e7.0	e5.0	e5.0	e30	13	22	15	e13	e16	e9.0	e16
29	e16	e7.0	e5.0	e5.0	---	12	20	19	e14	e17	e15	e16
30	e15	e7.0	e5.0	e5.0	---	11	17	12	e14	e14	e13	e16
31	e14	---	e5.0	e5.0	---	11	---	6.7	---	e12	e10	---
<b>Total</b>	341.8	292.0	160.0	155.0	260.5	695	484.2	399.2	342.8	276.0	393.0	431
<b>Mean</b>	11.0	9.73	5.16	5.00	9.30	22.4	16.1	12.9	11.4	8.90	12.7	14.4
<b>Max</b>	20	14	6.0	5.0	30	34	54	23	16	17	19	16
<b>Min</b>	7.5	7.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	11	6.5	6.7	6.5	7.0	9.0	10
<b>Ac-ft</b>	678	579	317	307	517	1,380	960	792	680	547	780	855

## STATISTICS OF MONTHLY MEAN DATA FOR WATER YEARS 1968 - 2007, BY WATER YEAR (WY)

	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
<b>Mean</b>	7.85	13.8	18.0	19.3	19.2	19.7	18.6	19.7	10.8	9.76	13.5	9.41
<b>Max</b>	28.4	58.9	63.0	75.5	55.6	59.0	70.6	166	42.9	41.6	85.3	41.8
<b>(WY)</b>	(1997)	(1998)	(1998)	(1998)	(1998)	(1998)	(1999)	(1999)	(1999)	(1998)	(1997)	(1976)
<b>Min</b>	0.09	0.41	0.34	0.50	2.23	2.10	0.81	2.14	1.77	0.21	0.03	0.08
<b>(WY)</b>	(1979)	(1978)	(1978)	(1978)	(1978)	(1977)	(1978)	(1975)	(1976)	(1978)	(1976)	(1978)

## 07134100 BIG SANDY CREEK NEAR LAMAR, CO—Continued

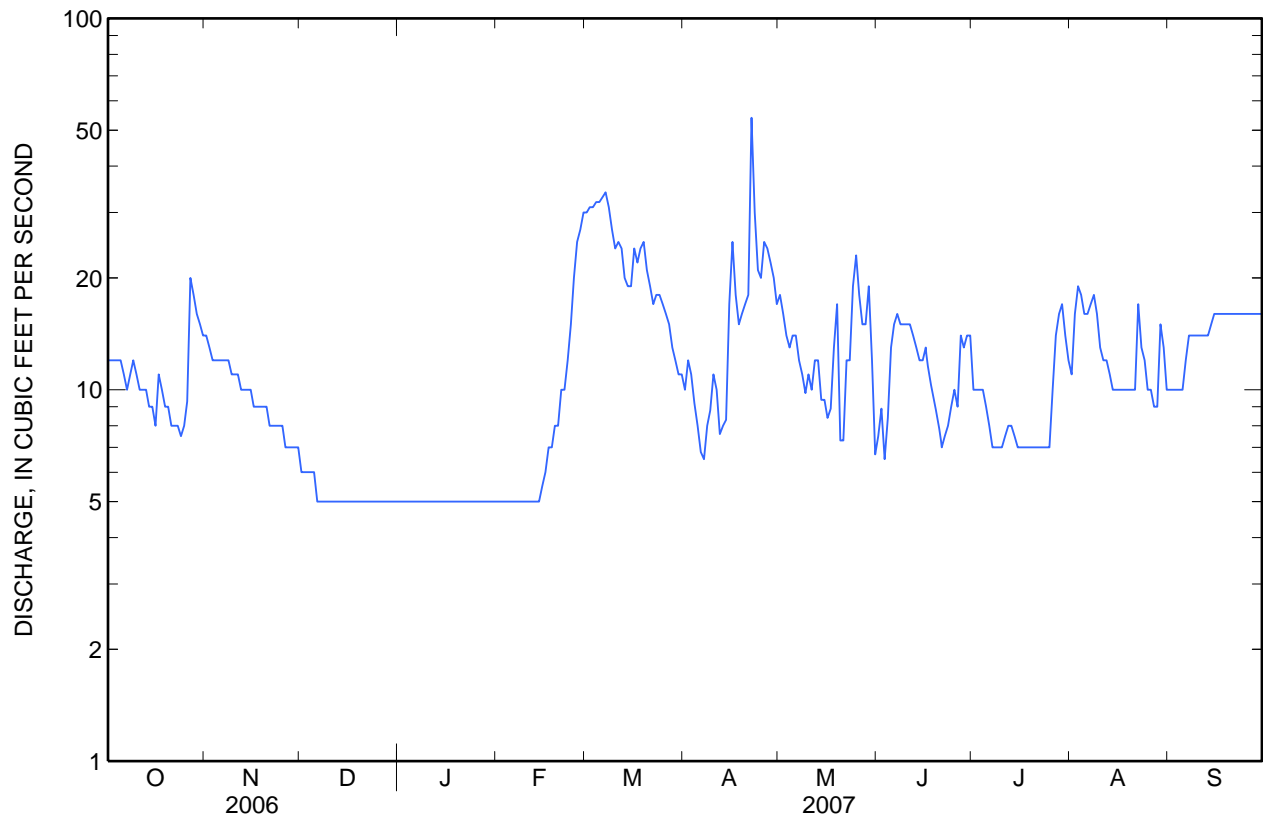
## SUMMARY STATISTICS

	Calendar Year 2006		Water Year 2007		Water Years 1968 - 2007	
<b>Annual total</b>	2,003.83		4,230.5			
<b>Annual mean</b>	5.49		11.6		15.1	
<b>Highest annual mean</b>					45.6	1999
<b>Lowest annual mean</b>					2.23	1979
<b>Highest daily mean</b>	20	Oct 27	54	Apr 22	1,460	May 4, 1999
<b>Lowest daily mean</b>	0.19	Aug 7	5.0	Dec 6	<sup>a</sup> 0.00	Aug 13, 1976
<b>Annual seven-day minimum</b>	0.85	Aug 3	5.0	Dec 6	0.00	Sep 1, 1976
<b>Maximum peak flow</b>			75	Apr 22	<sup>b</sup> 2,850	May 4, 1999
<b>Maximum peak stage</b>			<sup>c</sup> 3.19	Apr 22	9.66	May 4, 1999
<b>Annual runoff (ac-ft)</b>	3,970		8,390		10,960	
<b>10 percent exceeds</b>	11		19		39	
<b>50 percent exceeds</b>	5.0		10		7.9	
<b>90 percent exceeds</b>	2.0		5.0		1.1	

<sup>a</sup> Also occurred on many days during 1976-79 water years.

<sup>b</sup> From rating curve extended above 1,470 ft<sup>3</sup>/s on basis of flow through culvert analysis with flow over road measurement at gage height 9.48 ft.

<sup>c</sup> Maximum gage height, 3.48 ft, Oct 27, backwater from beaver dam.



**07134990 WILD HORSE CREEK ABOVE HOLLY, CO**

Upper Arkansas Basin  
Upper Arkansas-John Martin Reservoir Subbasin

LOCATION.--Lat 38°03'24", long 102°08'16" referenced to North American Datum of 1927, in NE ¼ NE ¼ sec.16, T.23 S., R.42 W., Prowers County, CO, Hydrologic Unit 11020009, on left bank 1,000 ft downstream from County Road No. 34, 0.7 mi northwest of Holly, and 0.7 mi upstream from mouth.

DRAINAGE AREA.--270 mi<sup>2</sup>, of which 60 mi<sup>2</sup> probably is noncontributing (total area is approximate).

**SURFACE-WATER RECORDS**

PERIOD OF RECORD.--June 1995 to current year (seasonal records only).

REVISED RECORDS.--WDR CO-01-1: Drainage area.

GAGE.--Water-stage recorder with satellite telemetry and crest-stage gage. Elevation of gage is 3,405 ft above NGVD of 1929, from topographic map. Prior to Apr. 29, 1997, at site 1,050 ft upstream at datum 3.00 ft higher.

REMARKS.--No estimated daily discharges. Records fair except for those below 1.0 ft<sup>3</sup>/s, which are poor. Natural flow of stream affected by diversions for irrigation, ground-water withdrawals, and return flows from irrigated areas, the Buffalo Canal, and the Amity Canal.

EXTREMES FOR PERIOD OF RECORD.--(seasonal only) Maximum discharge, 1,270 ft<sup>3</sup>/s, May 26, 1996, from slope-area measurement of peak flow, gage height, 6.90 ft, from floodmark, site and datum then in use; maximum gage height, 8.63 ft, Aug. 7, 1997, from floodmark; no flow on many days during many years.

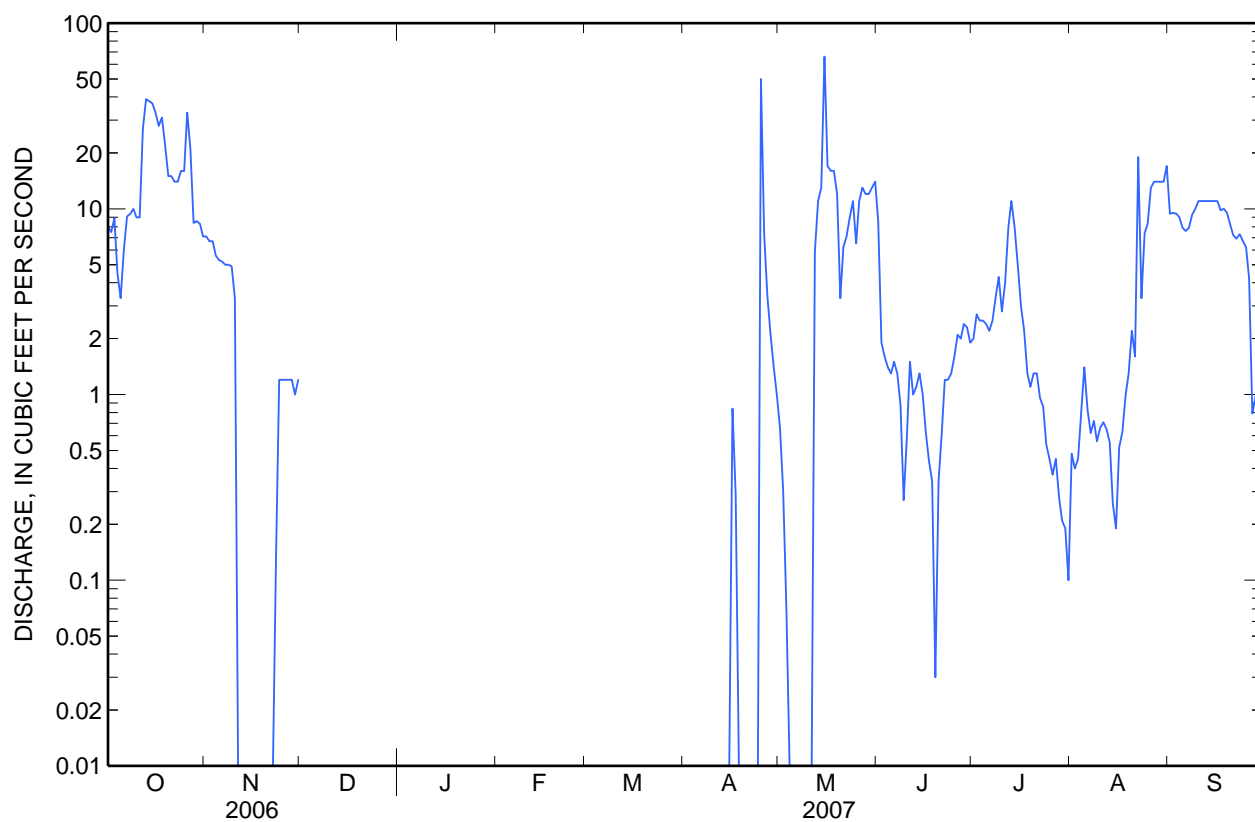
EXTREMES FOR CURRENT YEAR.--(seasonal only) Maximum discharge, 206 ft<sup>3</sup>/s, Apr. 25, gage height, 5.84 ft, from rating curve extended above 195 ft<sup>3</sup>/s on basis of slope-area measurement of peak flow; no flow on many days.

## 07134990 WILD HORSE CREEK ABOVE HOLLY, CO—Continued

**DISCHARGE, CUBIC FEET PER SECOND**  
**WATER YEAR OCTOBER 2006 TO SEPTEMBER 2007**  
**DAILY MEAN VALUES**

Day	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
1	8.0	7.1	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.66	8.5	2.0	0.48	9.4
2	7.5	6.7	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.30	1.9	2.7	0.40	9.5
3	8.9	6.7	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.07	1.6	2.5	0.45	9.4
4	4.5	5.6	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.01	1.4	2.5	0.79	9.0
5	3.3	5.3	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	1.3	2.4	1.4	7.9
6	6.0	5.2	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	1.5	2.2	0.83	7.6
7	9.1	5.0	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	1.3	2.5	0.62	7.9
8	9.4	5.0	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.88	3.3	0.72	9.3
9	10	4.9	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.27	4.3	0.56	10
10	9.0	3.3	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.59	2.8	0.66	11
11	9.0	0.00	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	1.5	4.0	0.71	11
12	27	0.00	---	---	---	---	0.00	5.9	1.0	7.9	0.65	11
13	39	0.00	---	---	---	---	0.00	11	1.1	11	0.55	11
14	38	0.00	---	---	---	---	0.00	13	1.3	8.0	0.26	11
15	37	0.00	---	---	---	---	0.00	66	1.00	5.0	0.19	11
16	33	0.00	---	---	---	---	0.84	17	0.63	3.0	0.52	11
17	28	0.00	---	---	---	---	0.29	16	0.44	2.2	0.63	9.8
18	31	0.00	---	---	---	---	0.00	16	0.34	1.3	0.99	10
19	22	0.00	---	---	---	---	0.00	12	0.03	1.1	1.3	9.5
20	15	0.00	---	---	---	---	0.00	3.3	0.34	1.3	2.2	8.2
21	15	0.00	---	---	---	---	0.00	6.2	0.62	1.3	1.6	7.2
22	14	0.00	---	---	---	---	0.00	7.1	1.2	0.96	19	6.9
23	14	0.13	---	---	---	---	0.00	9.0	1.2	0.86	3.3	7.3
24	16	1.2	---	---	---	---	0.00	11	1.3	0.54	7.4	6.7
25	16	1.2	---	---	---	---	50	6.5	1.6	0.45	8.3	6.2
26	33	1.2	---	---	---	---	7.3	11	2.1	0.37	13	4.2
27	21	1.2	---	---	---	---	3.4	13	2.0	0.45	14	0.79
28	8.4	1.2	---	---	---	---	2.1	12	2.4	0.28	14	0.97
29	8.6	1.0	---	---	---	---	1.4	12	2.3	0.21	14	1.8
30	8.3	1.2	---	---	---	---	1.0	13	1.9	0.19	14	2.4
31	7.1	---	---	---	---	---	---	14	---	0.10	17	---
<b>Total</b>	516.1	63.13	---	---	---	---	66.33	276.04	43.54	77.71	140.51	238.96
<b>Mean</b>	16.6	2.10	---	---	---	---	2.21	8.90	1.45	2.51	4.53	7.97
<b>Max</b>	39	7.1	---	---	---	---	50	66	8.5	11	19	11
<b>Min</b>	3.3	0.00	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.10	0.19	0.79
<b>Ac-ft</b>	1,020	125	---	---	---	---	132	548	86	154	279	474

07134990 WILD HORSE CREEK ABOVE HOLLY, CO—Continued



Water-Data Report 2007

**07137500 ARKANSAS RIVER NEAR COOLIDGE, KS**

Middle Arkansas Basin  
Middle Arkansas-Lake Mckinney Subbasin

LOCATION.--Lat 38°01'39", long 102°00'40" referenced to North American Datum of 1927, in NE ¼ NE ¼ NW ¼ sec.26, T.23 S., R.43 W., Hamilton County, KS, Hydrologic Unit 11030001, on right bank at downstream side of county highway bridge, 1.0 mi south of Coolidge, 1.9 mi downstream from Colorado-Kansas State line, and at mile 1,099.3 .

DRAINAGE AREA.--25,410 mi<sup>2</sup> of which 1,708 mi<sup>2</sup> probably is noncontributing.

**SURFACE-WATER RECORDS**

PERIOD OF RECORD.--May to October 1903, March to May 1921, October 1950 to current year. Monthly discharge only for some periods, published in WSP 1311.

REVISED RECORDS.--WSP 1341: 1903, drainage area.

GAGE.--Water-stage recorder. Datum of gage is 3,330.84 ft above NGVD of 1929. May 5 to Oct. 31, 1903, nonrecording gage, and Mar. 1 to May 31, 1921, water-stage recorder at present site at different datum. Oct. 1, 1950, to Mar. 31, 1966, water-stage recorder at site 0.3 mi upstream at datum 3.00 ft higher.

REMARKS.--Records good except those for estimated daily discharges, which are poor. Combined flow of river and Frontier Ditch (station 07137000) represents entire flow that enters Kansas. Flow regulated since 1948 by John Martin Reservoir (station 07130000). Natural flow of stream affected by transmountain diversions, storage reservoirs, power developments, ground-water withdrawals and diversions for irrigation of about 500,000 acres, and return flow from irrigated areas. Satellite telemeter at station.

## 07137500 ARKANSAS RIVER NEAR COOLIDGE, KS—Continued

**DISCHARGE, CUBIC FEET PER SECOND**  
**WATER YEAR OCTOBER 2006 TO SEPTEMBER 2007**  
**DAILY MEAN VALUES**  
[e, estimated]

Day	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
1	63	240	104	e41	e96	186	151	155	163	637	252	103
2	61	228	102	e45	97	193	148	147	152	620	232	114
3	59	196	102	e47	83	196	148	144	137	614	207	127
4	59	175	102	62	e73	193	145	172	146	631	187	110
5	58	e165	102	75	e76	196	143	161	150	662	171	101
6	60	e159	101	e73	e95	208	140	139	147	638	155	94
7	60	e153	100	e73	103	222	137	130	179	632	141	91
8	63	e150	98	e72	108	237	136	117	183	637	131	87
9	77	144	99	e75	109	248	137	110	197	635	119	89
10	84	139	98	e75	108	255	136	108	196	624	117	91
11	90	135	99	89	113	261	133	108	182	619	122	94
12	95	132	96	e83	111	268	129	112	181	642	112	91
13	88	130	93	e71	109	262	140	104	171	686	103	87
14	86	e126	92	e62	108	252	143	105	212	657	89	86
15	85	e123	90	e59	105	238	154	554	265	641	81	82
16	86	e121	90	e56	106	221	179	298	289	654	84	82
17	85	e119	89	e55	107	220	189	218	237	642	90	87
18	88	e116	87	e60	109	213	178	191	222	627	94	105
19	102	e114	88	e65	113	207	170	190	190	614	97	103
20	121	e113	100	e70	117	201	164	165	167	597	90	102
21	125	113	97	e74	118	193	160	155	149	541	86	98
22	117	111	93	e74	122	180	204	139	141	541	174	93
23	115	112	e86	e74	129	174	205	137	137	539	232	98
24	116	111	e88	e76	140	195	182	195	132	556	171	96
25	117	110	91	e83	137	181	242	221	122	581	144	83
26	157	109	e90	e90	143	174	193	235	112	581	139	79
27	274	108	92	e95	152	171	181	238	119	552	176	78
28	294	107	94	96	168	165	176	235	227	546	144	77
29	277	105	111	e87	---	167	169	222	469	529	137	86
30	248	104	e75	e84	---	157	163	222	581	379	134	88
31	230	---	e35	e88	---	153	---	193	---	305	121	---
Mean	117	136	93.0	71.9	113	206	162	181	198	592	140	93.4
Max	294	240	111	96	168	268	242	554	581	686	252	127
Min	58	104	35	41	73	153	129	104	112	305	81	77
Ac-ft	7,220	8,070	5,720	4,420	6,260	12,670	9,670	11,150	11,810	36,420	8,590	5,560

## STATISTICS OF MONTHLY MEAN DATA FOR WATER YEARS 1951 - 2007, BY WATER YEAR (WY)

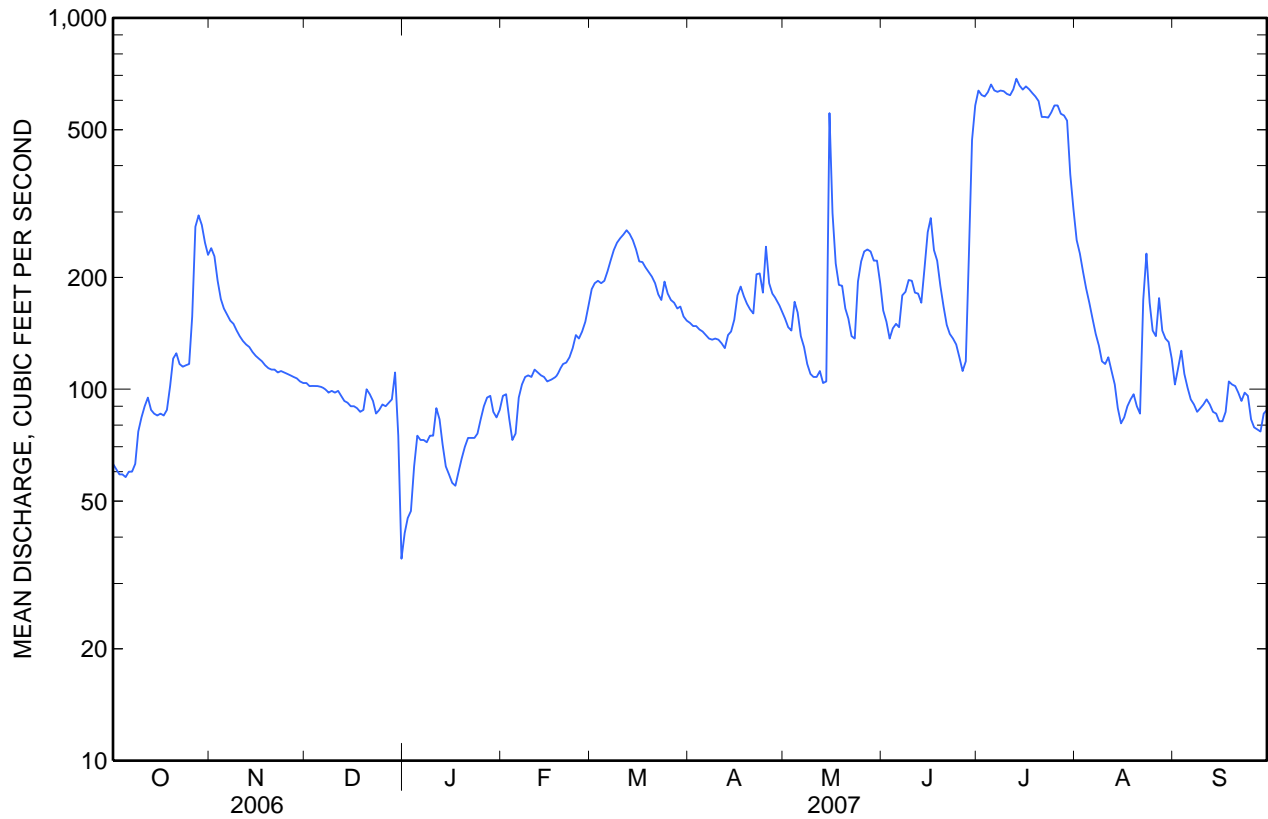
	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
Mean	129	119	123	129	135	131	209	304	463	356	312	171
Max	332	424	534	972	602	658	1,221	2,478	8,221	2,255	1,979	1,079
(WY)	(1998)	(1998)	(1998)	(1998)	(1966)	(1998)	(1987)	(1999)	(1965)	(1995)	(1965)	(1965)
Min	1.97	1.53	3.94	3.14	5.52	5.63	9.43	6.61	4.20	3.59	1.94	0.90
(WY)	(1979)	(1979)	(1979)	(1979)	(1978)	(1978)	(1979)	(1963)	(1954)	(1974)	(1964)	(1960)



## 07137500 ARKANSAS RIVER NEAR COOLIDGE, KS—Continued

## SUMMARY STATISTICS

	Calendar Year 2006		Water Year 2007		Water Years 1951 - 2007	
Annual mean	87.7		176		215	
Highest annual mean					1,012	1965
Lowest annual mean					19.8	1979
Highest daily mean	648	Jul 10	686	Jul 13	101,000	Jun 18, 1965
Lowest daily mean	6.8	Jun 11	35	Dec 31	0.00	Jul 9, 1954
Annual seven-day minimum	8.8	May 19	54	Dec 31	0.00	Jul 9, 1954
Maximum peak flow			1,320	May 15	158,000	Jun 17, 1965
Maximum peak stage			6.27	May 15	14.80	Jun 17, 1965
Instantaneous low flow			<sup>a</sup> 43	Jan 2	0.00	many years
Annual runoff (ac-ft)	63,460		127,600		156,100	
10 percent exceeds	148		291		450	
50 percent exceeds	65		130		121	
90 percent exceeds	13		78		11	

<sup>a</sup> Estimated.

**07137500 ARKANSAS RIVER NEAR COOLIDGE, KS—Continued**

**WATER-QUALITY RECORDS**

PERIOD OF RECORD.--Water years 1964-68, 1970-73, 1975-81, July 1999 to current year.

PERIOD OF DAILY RECORD.--

SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE: November 1963 to September 1968, January 1976 to September 1981, October 2000 to current year.

WATER TEMPERATURE: November 1963 to September 1968, October 1976 to September 1981, July 1999 to current year.

INSTRUMENTATION.--Multiparameter water-quality monitor.

REMARKS.--Records good. Interruptions in record are due to ice conditions or malfunction of the recording instrument or sensors.

EXTREMES FOR PERIOD OF DAILY RECORD.--

SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE: Maximum, 6,800 microsiemens/cm, Mar. 29, 1978; minimum, 184 microsiemens/cm, Aug. 30, 2002.

WATER TEMPERATURE: Maximum, 36.4°C, Aug. 7, 2003; minimum, -0.2°C, Jan. 5, 2005.

EXTREMES FOR CURRENT YEAR.--

SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE: Maximum, 4,830 microsiemens/cm, Jan. 16; minimum, 525 microsiemens/cm, May 15.

WATER TEMPERATURE: Maximum, 31.5°C, Aug. 6; minimum, -0.1°C, on many days.

## 07137500 ARKANSAS RIVER NEAR COOLIDGE, KS—Continued

SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE, WATER, UNFILTERED, MICROSIEMENS PER CENTIMETER AT 25 DEGREES CELSIUS  
WATER YEAR OCTOBER 2006 TO SEPTEMBER 2007

Day	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean
	October			November			December			January		
1	3,930	3,850	3,890	2,850	2,810	2,830	4,100	3,950	4,010	4,730	4,380	4,530
2	3,990	3,880	3,940	3,120	2,840	2,900	4,000	3,970	3,990	4,450	4,200	4,330
3	4,060	3,930	4,010	3,180	2,850	2,950	4,030	3,960	3,990	4,310	4,080	4,200
4	4,070	3,890	3,960	3,430	3,180	3,310	4,040	3,950	4,000	4,170	3,960	4,050
5	4,060	3,890	3,960	3,550	3,430	3,510	4,020	3,960	3,990	3,960	3,810	3,880
6	4,020	3,900	3,960	3,620	3,550	3,590	4,000	3,950	3,980	4,020	3,830	3,910
7	4,020	3,920	3,970	3,670	3,620	3,640	4,000	3,970	3,980	4,040	3,950	3,990
8	3,980	3,800	3,940	3,710	3,670	3,680	4,040	3,970	4,000	4,090	3,990	4,030
9	3,800	3,620	3,750	3,740	3,710	3,720	4,030	3,970	4,000	4,170	3,930	4,080
10	3,820	3,720	3,790	3,770	3,740	3,750	4,030	3,970	4,000	4,240	4,120	4,180
11	3,850	3,810	3,830	3,800	3,750	3,780	4,020	3,980	4,000	4,180	4,030	4,060
12	3,830	3,680	3,730	3,820	3,790	3,810	4,030	3,990	4,010	4,280	4,040	4,130
13	3,920	3,730	3,860	3,850	3,820	3,840	4,060	4,000	4,030	4,390	4,240	4,280
14	3,980	3,900	3,920	3,880	3,830	3,850	4,060	4,020	4,030	4,440	4,160	4,290
15	4,040	3,950	4,010	3,920	3,870	3,890	4,060	4,040	4,050	4,620	4,310	4,430
16	3,970	3,870	3,950	3,950	3,890	3,920	4,070	4,050	4,060	4,830	4,460	4,660
17	3,960	3,840	3,900	3,930	3,890	3,910	4,090	4,060	4,070	4,760	4,420	4,600
18	3,890	3,630	3,820	3,920	3,890	3,900	4,100	4,060	4,080	4,610	4,320	4,480
19	3,630	2,940	3,140	3,910	3,840	3,870	4,080	3,900	4,030	4,500	4,250	4,390
20	2,980	2,730	2,870	3,900	3,860	3,880	3,900	3,680	3,740	4,440	4,170	4,290
21	3,250	2,750	2,940	3,910	3,880	3,890	3,920	3,740	3,810	4,280	4,130	4,210
22	3,560	3,250	3,430	3,920	3,890	3,900	4,080	3,920	4,010	4,210	4,030	4,140
23	3,660	3,550	3,590	3,910	3,890	3,900	4,230	4,030	4,120	4,320	4,080	4,230
24	3,620	3,570	3,590	3,920	3,900	3,910	4,230	4,040	4,120	4,320	4,100	4,210
25	3,590	3,510	3,540	3,940	3,910	3,920	4,170	4,040	4,090	4,170	4,040	4,110
26	3,540	2,030	3,080	3,940	3,920	3,930	4,140	3,990	4,070	4,160	4,030	4,110
27	2,260	1,920	2,120	3,950	3,920	3,940	4,070	4,000	4,030	4,150	4,040	4,100
28	2,370	1,840	2,100	3,960	3,920	3,950	4,030	3,970	4,000	4,220	4,050	4,150
29	2,570	2,300	2,410	3,990	3,960	3,980	3,990	3,650	3,780	4,380	4,130	4,240
30	2,800	2,570	2,700	4,040	3,950	3,990	4,390	3,730	4,030	4,410	4,160	4,280
31	2,900	2,800	2,860	---	---	---	4,680	4,390	4,500	4,360	4,180	4,220
Month	4,070	1,840	3,500	4,040	2,810	3,730	4,680	3,650	4,020	4,830	3,810	4,220

## 07137500 ARKANSAS RIVER NEAR COOLIDGE, KS—Continued

SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE, WATER, UNFILTERED, MICROSIEMENS PER CENTIMETER AT 25 DEGREES CELSIUS  
WATER YEAR OCTOBER 2006 TO SEPTEMBER 2007

Day	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean
	February			March			April			May		
1	4,220	4,120	4,180	4,180	4,110	4,150	4,330	4,300	4,310	4,410	4,350	4,380
2	4,360	4,130	4,220	4,200	4,160	4,180	4,350	4,310	4,330	4,440	4,370	4,400
3	4,500	4,230	4,360	4,210	4,150	4,180	4,350	4,310	4,330	4,440	4,380	4,410
4	4,520	4,220	4,390	4,200	4,160	4,190	4,320	4,300	4,310	4,420	3,660	3,990
5	4,500	4,160	4,330	4,190	4,150	4,170	4,350	4,320	4,330	4,180	3,800	4,060
6	4,320	4,080	4,150	4,160	4,110	4,130	4,340	4,320	4,330	4,360	4,060	4,210
7	4,110	4,040	4,080	4,120	4,050	4,090	4,350	4,320	4,340	4,360	4,280	4,330
8	4,090	4,060	4,080	4,090	4,010	4,060	4,340	4,300	4,320	4,340	4,260	4,300
9	4,120	4,070	4,100	4,040	3,940	4,000	4,320	4,280	4,310	4,410	4,240	4,330
10	4,120	4,030	4,090	4,050	3,920	4,000	4,330	4,290	4,310	4,370	4,230	4,320
11	4,060	4,000	4,040	4,040	3,940	4,010	4,350	4,300	4,320	4,260	4,200	4,230
12	4,130	4,050	4,090	4,020	3,900	3,970	4,350	4,310	4,330	4,240	4,140	4,210
13	4,170	4,070	4,120	4,100	3,970	4,050	4,320	3,890	4,100	4,270	4,130	4,200
14	4,260	4,130	4,190	4,120	4,040	4,070	4,020	3,910	3,970	4,240	3,920	4,170
15	4,350	4,170	4,250	4,130	4,050	4,090	4,080	3,940	4,010	4,000	525	2,380
16	4,420	4,210	4,290	4,180	4,120	4,160	4,090	3,870	4,010	3,080	1,580	2,550
17	4,260	4,190	4,220	4,180	4,050	4,130	4,320	4,020	4,150	3,230	2,690	2,950
18	4,240	4,150	4,190	4,140	4,050	4,100	4,360	4,320	4,350	3,600	3,210	3,440
19	4,190	4,130	4,160	4,130	4,090	4,120	4,440	4,350	4,400	3,560	3,380	3,480
20	4,170	4,130	4,140	4,140	4,090	4,120	4,430	4,380	4,410	3,590	3,370	3,480
21	4,170	4,120	4,140	4,180	4,110	4,140	4,420	4,340	4,400	3,550	3,390	3,490
22	4,160	4,110	4,130	4,200	4,160	4,170	4,350	2,610	3,710	---	3,350	---
23	4,140	4,100	4,120	4,220	4,060	4,190	4,110	3,130	3,660	---	3,330	---
24	4,160	3,990	4,100	4,140	3,930	4,020	4,320	4,110	4,250	3,330	2,940	3,100
25	4,220	4,120	4,170	4,230	4,140	4,180	4,310	2,420	3,440	2,980	2,760	2,840
26	4,270	4,180	4,220	4,270	4,230	4,250	4,220	3,530	3,980	3,050	2,820	2,930
27	4,220	4,170	4,190	4,300	4,270	4,270	4,470	4,220	4,310	3,120	3,040	3,080
28	4,190	4,120	4,160	4,300	4,270	4,280	4,470	4,380	4,430	3,190	3,100	3,150
29	---	---	---	4,280	4,140	4,200	4,380	4,330	4,360	3,260	3,180	3,210
30	---	---	---	4,320	4,230	4,280	4,370	4,320	4,340	3,260	3,190	3,230
31	---	---	---	4,340	4,320	4,320	---	---	---	3,780	3,250	3,510
Month	4,520	3,990	4,180	4,340	3,900	4,140	4,470	2,420	4,200	---	525	---

## 07137500 ARKANSAS RIVER NEAR COOLIDGE, KS—Continued

SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE, WATER, UNFILTERED, MICROSIEMENS PER CENTIMETER AT 25 DEGREES CELSIUS  
WATER YEAR OCTOBER 2006 TO SEPTEMBER 2007

Day	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean
	June			July			August			September		
1	4,230	3,720	3,960	2,070	2,010	2,030	2,960	2,580	2,800	3,810	3,700	3,770
2	4,240	3,920	4,030	2,070	2,040	2,060	3,070	2,880	2,990	3,770	3,630	3,720
3	---	---	---	2,060	2,040	2,050	3,170	2,990	3,070	3,630	3,240	3,350
4	---	---	---	2,060	2,020	2,040	3,330	3,170	3,280	3,510	3,270	3,390
5	---	---	---	2,060	2,000	2,030	3,460	3,330	3,400	3,680	3,510	3,610
6	---	---	---	2,080	2,050	2,060	3,500	3,430	3,460	3,810	3,670	3,750
7	---	---	---	2,080	2,060	2,070	3,510	3,400	3,460	3,880	3,810	3,850
8	---	---	---	2,070	2,030	2,050	3,670	3,450	3,580	3,990	3,870	3,940
9	---	---	---	2,070	2,020	2,040	3,700	3,630	3,670	4,000	3,950	3,980
10	---	---	---	2,070	2,040	2,060	3,720	3,510	3,650	4,030	4,000	4,020
11	---	---	---	2,070	2,030	2,050	3,620	3,370	3,500	4,110	4,030	4,060
12	---	---	---	2,030	1,940	2,000	3,750	3,610	3,680	4,160	4,050	4,100
13	---	---	---	2,020	1,910	1,970	3,820	3,700	3,750	4,180	4,070	4,120
14	3,320	2,800	2,960	2,030	1,970	2,000	---	---	---	4,200	4,140	4,160
15	3,130	1,650	2,690	2,040	2,010	2,030	---	---	---	4,240	4,120	4,190
16	2,580	1,700	2,200	2,020	1,980	1,990	---	3,810	---	4,280	4,200	4,240
17	2,940	2,580	2,810	2,000	1,980	1,990	3,830	3,690	3,790	4,240	4,040	4,180
18	3,140	2,940	3,040	2,020	1,970	1,990	3,690	3,200	3,510	4,190	4,090	4,130
19	3,260	3,110	3,180	2,020	1,970	2,000	3,510	3,120	3,290	4,190	4,060	4,120
20	3,380	3,260	3,340	2,050	1,960	1,990	3,610	3,500	3,540	4,210	4,080	4,160
21	3,430	3,270	3,350	2,080	2,040	2,060	3,600	3,500	3,550	4,300	4,170	4,230
22	3,480	3,400	3,430	2,040	2,000	2,020	3,560	1,530	2,830	4,280	4,200	4,240
23	3,420	3,360	3,390	2,020	1,950	2,010	2,990	1,480	2,310	4,220	4,060	4,150
24	3,390	3,240	3,310	1,960	1,910	1,940	3,390	2,890	3,110	4,060	3,960	4,010
25	3,310	3,240	3,290	1,950	1,900	1,930	3,450	3,360	3,420	3,990	3,930	3,960
26	3,380	3,270	3,320	2,000	1,920	1,950	3,480	3,270	3,440	4,000	3,930	3,970
27	3,440	2,820	3,340	2,020	1,980	2,000	3,490	2,710	3,060	4,050	3,960	4,010
28	2,820	1,940	2,220	2,010	1,950	1,980	3,590	3,490	3,540	4,060	4,000	4,030
29	2,090	1,700	1,870	2,250	1,960	2,020	3,600	3,560	3,590	4,000	3,870	3,900
30	2,020	1,970	1,990	2,660	2,250	2,540	3,580	3,520	3,550	3,980	3,840	3,910
31	---	---	---	2,790	2,580	2,710	3,700	3,530	3,630	---	---	---
Month	---	---	---	2,790	1,900	2,050	---	---	---	4,300	3,240	3,980

## 07137500 ARKANSAS RIVER NEAR COOLIDGE, KS—Continued

**TEMPERATURE, WATER, DEGREES CELSIUS**  
**WATER YEAR OCTOBER 2006 TO SEPTEMBER 2007**

Day	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean
	October			November			December			January		
1	22.6	13.4	17.8	8.9	4.8	6.8	3.8	-0.1	1.4	4.7	-0.1	1.6
2	22.0	12.9	17.3	9.2	4.6	6.9	3.9	1.8	2.8	3.4	-0.1	1.0
3	19.4	13.8	16.8	10.5	5.9	8.1	4.6	0.5	2.5	3.8	-0.1	1.1
4	21.3	13.3	16.8	12.0	7.6	9.6	5.1	-0.1	2.3	5.2	0.1	1.9
5	22.2	13.6	17.3	12.9	8.1	10.4	6.6	1.0	3.7	3.0	0.2	1.3
6	22.0	15.1	18.1	13.2	8.7	10.9	7.0	2.5	4.8	2.8	-0.1	0.7
7	22.2	14.2	17.8	13.7	8.7	11.2	5.2	2.9	4.1	3.0	-0.1	0.7
8	17.9	12.8	15.5	14.7	9.4	12.0	6.5	0.9	3.5	3.5	-0.1	1.0
9	12.8	10.6	11.5	13.2	9.4	11.3	7.0	1.6	4.2	4.7	-0.1	1.3
10	13.5	10.0	11.3	10.7	7.6	9.0	7.1	2.1	4.6	5.0	-0.1	1.7
11	16.6	8.5	12.3	9.7	4.8	7.3	6.5	2.3	4.5	4.9	0.2	2.0
12	16.4	10.4	13.0	9.5	7.4	8.2	7.1	2.7	4.9	0.6	-0.1	0.0
13	17.4	9.4	13.1	7.4	4.5	6.2	7.1	2.2	4.6	2.8	-0.1	0.7
14	15.0	10.2	12.7	9.1	4.0	6.5	8.8	3.7	6.1	2.2	-0.1	0.4
15	17.8	11.8	14.7	7.2	2.9	5.2	8.6	4.2	6.5	1.3	-0.1	0.2
16	19.9	13.1	16.0	7.8	2.6	5.2	7.7	5.4	6.4	1.3	-0.1	0.2
17	17.2	13.0	14.6	10.3	4.6	7.3	5.9	3.4	4.6	3.6	-0.1	0.9
18	14.0	9.5	11.6	9.6	5.1	7.4	5.1	2.3	3.8	2.5	-0.1	0.6
19	13.6	6.7	10.0	9.8	4.7	7.2	4.2	3.5	3.8	0.0	-0.1	-0.1
20	14.3	7.7	10.8	9.6	4.0	6.9	3.5	0.0	1.7	0.5	-0.1	0.0
21	12.4	8.8	10.6	10.7	5.3	7.9	3.6	1.5	2.4	4.0	-0.1	1.3
22	13.5	7.8	10.3	10.6	5.2	7.9	2.0	-0.1	0.7	3.6	-0.1	0.8
23	13.7	6.8	10.1	10.8	5.3	8.0	1.4	-0.1	0.3	3.5	-0.1	1.1
24	12.9	8.4	10.8	10.2	6.4	8.3	1.7	-0.1	0.5	5.1	-0.1	1.5
25	15.2	8.4	11.7	10.9	6.4	8.5	2.1	-0.1	0.6	5.5	-0.1	1.7
26	12.6	8.4	10.8	9.6	6.0	7.6	3.5	-0.1	1.3	5.3	-0.1	1.6
27	10.7	6.1	8.4	7.8	5.4	6.4	4.8	0.8	2.7	4.8	-0.1	1.6
28	11.4	6.7	9.0	9.9	5.0	7.0	5.2	3.2	4.2	4.1	-0.1	1.0
29	12.3	7.6	10.0	5.9	0.7	2.8	4.6	-0.1	2.0	3.8	-0.1	1.1
30	13.3	9.0	10.9	3.2	-0.1	1.1	0.0	-0.1	0.0	4.3	-0.1	1.1
31	9.9	6.9	8.4	---	---	---	0.6	-0.1	0.0	4.3	-0.1	1.4
Month	22.6	6.1	12.9	14.7	-0.1	7.6	8.8	-0.1	3.1	5.5	-0.1	1.0

## 07137500 ARKANSAS RIVER NEAR COOLIDGE, KS—Continued

**TEMPERATURE, WATER, DEGREES CELSIUS**  
**WATER YEAR OCTOBER 2006 TO SEPTEMBER 2007**

Day	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean
	February			March			April			May		
1	4.7	-0.1	1.4	9.7	4.2	6.9	18.1	9.5	13.5	21.1	15.9	18.6
2	3.5	-0.1	0.8	8.3	3.1	5.7	19.1	11.0	15.0	22.6	15.6	18.8
3	3.8	-0.1	1.2	8.5	2.3	5.3	17.7	10.9	14.4	23.0	14.4	18.2
4	5.0	-0.1	1.5	9.9	2.9	6.3	15.8	9.3	12.5	22.3	15.6	18.5
5	6.4	-0.1	2.2	10.9	4.6	7.7	13.5	7.6	10.3	21.7	15.6	18.6
6	6.7	-0.1	2.5	12.4	6.0	9.1	10.6	7.3	8.5	21.4	12.8	17.0
7	4.2	1.0	2.2	12.6	7.7	9.9	8.9	5.2	6.9	21.9	14.1	17.7
8	3.2	0.7	1.7	13.6	7.3	10.2	7.0	5.0	6.2	20.6	13.0	16.8
9	3.4	1.2	2.0	13.7	7.7	10.6	13.9	5.8	8.8	24.0	14.0	18.7
10	4.7	1.1	2.5	11.2	8.1	9.8	11.8	9.3	10.6	25.0	15.1	19.9
11	5.6	1.8	3.4	11.8	9.1	10.2	12.2	5.7	9.1	26.4	16.7	21.4
12	4.8	3.1	4.2	13.8	9.3	11.3	10.3	6.7	8.5	26.2	17.2	21.6
13	4.1	0.0	2.1	15.9	9.4	12.5	8.2	0.8	3.6	26.0	16.8	21.2
14	3.7	-0.1	1.0	15.4	10.2	12.9	13.6	1.9	6.8	26.3	16.8	21.3
15	3.9	-0.1	1.1	13.3	9.8	10.8	16.6	6.4	11.2	21.8	15.0	16.9
16	5.1	-0.1	1.9	14.3	6.9	10.4	18.6	9.6	13.9	21.0	15.4	17.8
17	8.6	1.2	4.6	16.3	9.2	12.7	16.0	11.8	13.0	19.8	15.7	17.9
18	9.2	1.8	5.4	17.2	10.3	13.8	18.6	10.3	13.8	22.4	15.2	18.6
19	10.3	4.6	7.2	16.7	11.0	14.1	20.0	11.5	15.6	24.7	16.4	20.3
20	11.0	4.6	7.3	18.0	12.2	14.7	20.6	12.0	16.3	26.0	17.7	21.5
21	10.8	3.5	7.0	17.7	11.5	14.7	21.2	14.0	17.2	24.4	17.9	21.1
22	10.2	4.1	7.2	15.9	11.9	14.1	18.6	13.3	16.1	26.4	17.4	21.3
23	11.8	5.6	8.4	16.4	11.3	13.9	20.6	13.5	16.9	23.6	16.5	19.4
24	9.0	2.2	5.2	17.1	12.8	14.6	21.4	15.5	18.0	21.1	13.7	17.3
25	7.3	0.9	3.9	18.4	10.8	14.4	15.5	9.1	11.0	22.2	15.8	19.0
26	9.3	2.3	5.6	18.6	12.1	15.3	17.9	7.8	12.3	23.7	17.4	20.4
27	10.6	3.6	7.0	18.6	13.8	15.9	20.7	12.8	16.5	25.6	19.1	22.1
28	10.2	4.9	7.4	19.3	12.8	15.8	22.8	13.5	17.9	25.4	19.6	22.4
29	---	---	---	17.4	11.5	14.6	24.1	15.2	19.4	26.2	19.4	22.4
30	---	---	---	14.0	8.5	10.7	21.5	15.9	18.8	23.3	18.0	20.7
31	---	---	---	15.5	8.0	11.4	---	---	---	23.4	18.1	20.6
Month	11.8	-0.1	3.9	19.3	2.3	11.6	24.1	0.8	12.8	26.4	12.8	19.6

## 07137500 ARKANSAS RIVER NEAR COOLIDGE, KS—Continued

**TEMPERATURE, WATER, DEGREES CELSIUS**  
**WATER YEAR OCTOBER 2006 TO SEPTEMBER 2007**

Day	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean
	June			July			August			September		
1	22.3	17.8	20.0	26.1	22.0	24.1	27.8	23.2	25.5	26.9	18.5	22.4
2	26.0	17.0	21.2	26.5	22.2	24.3	27.9	22.9	25.1	26.7	19.4	22.8
3	25.6	18.4	22.1	27.4	22.8	25.0	28.2	22.9	25.4	25.9	19.3	22.4
4	27.1	18.4	22.4	26.8	23.0	25.1	30.4	22.1	25.8	26.0	18.3	21.9
5	27.0	18.6	22.6	27.2	22.9	25.1	30.6	24.0	27.0	27.3	18.9	22.7
6	23.6	18.9	21.3	27.7	23.2	25.5	31.5	24.0	27.4	27.7	20.1	23.6
7	22.3	16.0	18.9	27.1	22.8	25.0	29.6	22.8	26.2	26.1	19.1	22.5
8	22.6	14.1	18.2	28.1	22.8	25.3	30.3	22.2	26.2	27.2	19.1	22.6
9	23.2	16.1	19.6	27.6	23.2	25.4	29.6	22.0	25.7	23.0	17.0	18.9
10	26.9	18.5	22.3	26.6	23.4	25.1	29.4	21.8	25.4	18.4	16.0	17.1
11	26.0	20.6	23.3	25.3	22.2	23.9	30.6	21.7	26.0	22.6	12.9	17.3
12	23.1	20.8	21.8	25.1	22.2	23.8	31.1	23.5	27.0	24.3	15.1	19.4
13	21.8	19.0	20.3	26.2	22.0	24.0	30.4	22.7	26.3	24.1	16.4	20.1
14	20.2	17.6	18.7	27.5	22.8	25.1	30.3	21.6	25.6	19.7	15.5	17.2
15	23.8	16.9	20.1	27.9	23.4	25.6	30.8	20.5	25.3	23.6	13.4	17.7
16	25.9	19.8	22.6	28.0	23.3	25.6	30.3	21.7	25.8	24.9	---	---
17	26.8	20.4	23.5	28.1	23.8	25.9	29.5	22.3	25.5	22.3	17.4	20.0
18	27.5	20.5	23.9	28.3	23.9	26.1	28.8	21.0	24.5	24.9	17.2	20.6
19	28.0	21.3	24.3	27.2	24.1	25.7	30.8	21.7	25.8	24.2	17.0	20.3
20	29.4	21.2	24.9	28.1	24.1	26.1	31.3	23.1	26.6	25.2	17.9	21.1
21	---	---	25.2	28.3	24.3	26.3	30.8	22.2	26.0	24.2	18.0	20.7
22	27.3	21.1	23.9	28.4	24.0	26.2	26.2	21.0	23.7	24.7	16.1	20.1
23	29.2	19.8	24.1	28.9	24.4	26.6	27.4	21.4	23.9	24.9	18.3	21.3
24	29.1	21.6	25.2	28.8	24.6	26.7	24.3	20.5	22.1	24.5	18.0	20.8
25	29.4	21.2	25.0	27.9	24.1	26.1	25.2	19.8	22.1	22.2	14.9	18.3
26	29.0	21.8	25.1	28.1	23.6	25.7	27.7	20.7	23.6	21.9	13.6	17.6
27	26.3	21.4	24.0	28.7	23.9	26.2	26.6	19.7	22.8	21.6	12.7	17.0
28	26.8	21.4	23.9	28.3	24.1	26.2	27.9	20.6	23.8	22.6	14.8	18.4
29	25.3	20.8	23.2	27.0	24.2	25.6	25.1	20.8	22.1	23.7	16.9	20.0
30	26.1	21.7	23.8	28.0	23.7	25.5	23.9	19.5	21.1	20.9	15.3	18.4
31	---	---	---	28.2	23.4	25.5	26.4	18.7	22.1	---	---	---
Month	---	---	22.5	28.9	22.0	25.4	31.5	18.7	24.9	27.7	---	---