CMPE 160 Laboratory Exercise 06 Sequential Circuit Elements

Christopher Larson

Performed: 28 February 2018 Submitted: 6 March 2018

Lab Section: L3

Instructor: Mr. Dominguez

TA: Andrew Ramsey Matthew Millar Madeline Mooney

Lecture Section: 01

Professor: Professor Beato

By submitting this report, you attest that you neither have given nor have received any assistance (including writing, collecting data, plotting figures, tables or graphs, or using previous student reports as a reference), and you further acknowledge that giving or receiving such assistance will result in a failing grade for this course.

Your S	Signature:	
I Oui	Jigiiauai C.	

Abstract

The objective of this exercise was to design, and implement an active-low enable D latch and a rising edge-triggered, master-slave D flip-flop. An active-low D latch is used to control the output while the enable is low and to leave the output as the last input when the enable is high. A D flip-flop is made by combinining two D latches together and using a controlled CLK signal that changes on a timed interval. A rising edge-triggered flip-flop has two states, one between the rising edges of the clock wave where D changes and one where D remains the same across two rising edges of the clock. A schematic for both the D latch and D flip-flop were designed and tested to see if the design was correct by comparing the waveforms to Table 1 for the D latch and Table 2 for the rising edge-triggered D flip-flop.

Table 1: Active-low enable D latch

En	D	Q	Qn	
0	0	0	1	
0	1	1	0	
1	X	Q	Qn	

Table 1 is a D latch with an active-low enable.

Table 2: Rising edge-triggered D flip-flop

CLK	D	Q	Qn
<u> </u>	0	1	0
<u> </u>	1	0	1
Otherwise	X	Q	Qn