## **CSCE 689-606 Spring 2020**

## **Major Project**

Due: 11:59pm Monday, May 4, 2020

In prior assignments, you developed parallel implementations of the Gaussian Process Regression (GPR) technique to predict the value of a function at a point in a two-dimensional unit square using known values of the function at points on a grid laid out on the unit square. The GPR model was defined by hyper-parameters that were provided to you.

In this project, we will explore how to compute the hyper-parameters that can be used in the GPR model to predict values with high accuracy. The prediction  $f_*$  at a point q(x,y) is given as

$$f_* = k_*^T (tI + K)^{-1} f (1)$$

where K is the kernel matrix that represents correlation between the function values f at grid points. Specifically, for two points r(x,y) and s(u,v):

$$K(r,s) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\left(\frac{(x-u)^2}{2l_1^2} + \frac{(y-v)^2}{2l_2^2}\right)}$$
 (2)

in which ,  $l_1$  and  $l_2$  are two hyper-parameters that should be chosen to maximize the likelihood of the prediction being accurate. The vector f denotes the observed data values at the grid points. The vector  $k_*$  is computed as given below:

$$k_*(q,s) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\left(\frac{(x-u)^2}{2l_1^2} + \frac{(y-v)^2}{2l_2^2}\right)},\tag{3}$$

for all grid points s.

To estimate  $l_1$  and  $l_2$  we split the data into two sets randomly: 90% of the points form the training set and the remaining 10% form the test set. We select initial values for the parameters  $l_1$  and  $l_2$  and construct K using points in the training set. Next, we predict at each test point using Eq. (1). Using predictions at all the test points, we compute the mean square error [mse] of the predictions from the observed data:

$$mse = \frac{1}{n_r} \sum_{i=1}^{n_t} (f_*(r_i) - f(r_i))^2, \tag{4}$$

where  $n_t$  is the number of test points. Our goal is to determine those values of  $l_1$  and  $l_2$  that minimize mse. There are a number of approaches to explore the hyper-parameter space. We will use the grid search technique where we evaluate mse at grid points in the hyper-parameter space and select the hyper-parameter values that result in the smallest mse. For example, if we anticipate the hyper-parameters to lie in the interval [0.1,1], we can assign  $l_1$  and  $l_2$  values from 01. to 1 in increments of 0.1. For two parameters, there will be 100 distinct pairs. For each pair  $(l_1, l_2)$ , we will compute mse using Eq. (3) which requires one to compute predictions at each test point using the kernel function shown in Eq. (2) that depends on  $l_1$  and  $l_2$ .

Matlab files that implement the algorithm are provided as an illustration.

1. (75 points) In this assignment, you have to develop parallel code to determine the hyper-parameters  $l_1$  and  $l_2$  that minimize the mse. You can design an OpenMP-based shared memory code or a GPU code for this project. You are encouraged to modify the code you developed in earlier assignments for Eq. (1).

- 2. (20 points) Describe your strategy to parallelize the algorithm. Discuss any design choices you made to improve the parallel performance of the code. Also report on the parallel performance of your code.
- 3. (5 points) Apply your code to another data set to see how it performs. You may choose any appropriate data set that you can find.

**Submission:** You need to upload the following to eCampus:

- 1. Submit the code you developed.
- 2. Submit a single PDF or MSWord document that includes the following.
  - Responses to Problem 1, 2, and 3. Response to 1 should consist of a brief description of how to compile and execute the code on the parallel computer

## **Helpful Information:**

1. Source file(s) are available on the shared Google Drive for the class.