## **Vendor-Defined Hostid Types**

If you are a C programmer and experienced with FLEX*lm*, you can use the FLEXible API to define your own hostid type. If you would like to discuss whether or not vendor-defined hostids are feasible for your application, you can contact GLOBEtrotter technical support.

In the FLEXIm kit, we provide a sample C source file, examples\vendor\_hostid\vendor\_hostid.c, in which a fixed vendor-defined hostid is set up. In this section, you can use this file to run through a procedure for setting up a vendor-defined hostid. In a real situation, you would not use a fixed vendor-defined hostid, but would define and call a function that returns the hostid that you want to use.

A vendor-defined hostid can be used on a SERVER or FEATURE line of a license file.

## **EDITING SOURCE FILES**

You must define your hostid type (for this example, we are using <code>vendor\_hostid.c</code>), then make sure that the vendor daemon, FLEXIm license generators, and your client application can recognize and use your hostid type. Only <code>lmcrypt</code> and <code>makekey</code> can generate licenses with vendor-defined hostids; on Windows, you cannot use <code>genlic</code>.

- 1. Make a copy of your FLEX*lm* production kit. Follow these instructions using the files in the duplicate kit.
- 2. Copy examples\vendor\_hostid\vendor\_hostid.c to the machind directory.
- 3. View the file and find the #define statements. See lmclient.h for HOSTID and LM\_VENDOR\_HOSTID definitions.

```
#include "lmclient.h"
#include "lm_attr.h"
#include "string.h"

extern LM_HANDLE *lm_job; /* This must be the current job! */

/* This example returns only 1 hostid */
#define VENDEF_ID_TYPE HOSTID_VENDOR+1
#define VENDEF_ID_LABEL "VDH"
#define VENDEF_ID "12345678"

/*
    * x_flexlm_gethostid() - Callback to get vendor-defined hostid.
    *(Sorry about all the windows types for this function...)
    */
```

```
HOSTID *
#ifdef PC
LM_CALLBACK_TYPE
#endif /* PC */
 * IMPORTANT NOTE: This function MUST call l_new_hostid() for
                    a hostid struct on each call.
                    If more than one hostid of a type is
                    found, then call I new hostid for each
                    and make into a list using the 'next' field.
 * /
x_flexlm_gethostid(idtype)
short idtype;
      HOSTID *h = l_new_hostid();
      memset(h, 0, sizeof(HOSTID));
        if (idtype == VENDEF_ID_TYPE)
        {
                h->type = VENDEF_ID_TYPE;
                strncpy(h->id.vendor, VENDEF_ID, MAX_HOSTID_LEN);
            h->id.vendor[MAX_HOSTID_LEN] = 0;
                return(h);
        return((HOSTID *) NULL);
}
void
x_flexlm_newid(id)
HOSTID *id;
  LM_VENDOR_HOSTID h;
       memset(&h, 0, sizeof (h));
       h.label = VENDEF_ID_LABEL;
       h.hostid_num = VENDEF_ID_TYPE;
       h.case_sensitive = 0;
       h.get_vendor_id = x_flexlm_gethostid;
       if (lc_set_attr(lm_job, LM_A_VENDOR_ID_DECLARE,
              (LM_A_VAL_TYPE) &h))
              lc_perror(lm_job, "LM_A_VENDOR_ID_DECLARE FAILED");
}
```

The VENDEF\_ID assignment would not be needed in a real situation in which you had a function that returned your vendor-defined hostid. Close vendor\_hostid.c.

4. Open machind\lsvendor.c in a text editor. At the beginning of the vendor initialization routine section, add a line defining x\_flexIm\_newid() and modify the initial value of ls\_user\_init1() from 0 to x\_flexIm\_newid.

```
/* Vendor initialization routines */
void x_flexlm_newid();
void (*ls_user_init1)() = x_flexlm_newid;
```

5. Open machind\lmcrypt.c in a text editor. After the lc\_init() call, add the following line:

```
x_flexlm_newid();
```

That section of the code should resemble:

x\_flexlm\_newid();

6. Open machind\makekey.c in a text editor. After the lc\_init() call, add the following line:

```
x_flexlm_newid();
```

That section of the code should resemble:

- 7. Open your client application source file in a text editor. In this example, we are using machind\lmflex.c.
  - Make the lm\_job variable global by moving it before main().

```
VENDORCODE code;
LM_HANDLE *lm_job;
void
main()
```

• After the lc\_new\_job() call, add the following line:

```
x_flexlm_newid();
```

That section should resemble:

```
if (lc_new_job(0, lc_new_job_arg2, &code, &lm_job))
{
    lc_perror(lm_job, "lc_new_job failed");
    exit(lc_get_errno(lm_job));
}
x_flexlm_newid();
```

- 8. Open platform\makefile in a text editor. This example uses a Windows makefile.
  - Add your client application to the list of EXECS. For this example, add lmflex.exe.
  - After the \$(DAEMON) section, add a section to build vendor\_hostid.obj. For example:

```
vendor_hostid.obj : $(SRCDIR)/vendor_hostid.c
$(CC) $(CFLAGS) -I../h $(SRCDIR)\vendor_hostid.c
```

• Add vendor\_hostid.obj to the link line for \$(DAEMON), makekey, lmcrypt, and lmflex. For example, for lmflex.exe:

9. Rebuild your duplicate FLEXlm kit.

## **TEST THE VENDOR-DEFINED HOSTID**

You will use the vendor daemon, license generator, and client application you just built to test a vendor-defined hostid.

1. Create a license file that contains a VENDOR line with the vendor daemon you just built. Change the hostid on the SERVER line to:

```
VDH=12345678
```

- 2. Run this license file through the newly built lmcrypt.
- 3. Start your license server pointing to this license file.
- 4. Run lmflex. You should be able to check out "f1."
- 5. Exit lmflex and stop the license server.

## ADDITIONAL STEPS FOR PRODUCTION USE OF A VENDOR-DEFINED HOSTID TYPE

To implement a real vendor-defined hostid type, you must write a function that can find the hostid that you want to use, then use that function's return value instead of the fixed value VENDEF\_ID in strncpy() in vendor\_hostid.c:

```
if (idtype == VENDEF_ID_TYPE)
{
    h->type = VENDEF_ID_TYPE;

    strncpy(h->id.vendor, VENDEF_ID, MAX_HOSTID_LEN);
    h->id.vendor[MAX_HOSTID_LEN] = 0;
    return(h);
}
```