

**Krakatau Essential PM (KEPM)**

User Guide

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# Document

## Purpose

This document is an Installation and User Guide for the Krakatau Essential PM graphical source code metrics tool. It describes how to use KEPM to generate metrics results. It does not describe in detail how to use the command-line backend – Essential Project Manager (EPM) – this detail is covered in a separate EPM User Guide.

## Readership

This User Guide is intended for end-users, system administrators. Management and non-technical users should refer to our website – <http://www.powersoftware.com/kepm/>

## Version History

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 2.0.0.0 | 8-Oct-2010 | **10648** : Implement PowerHash for Operand Detection  **10527** : Correct typo in default EPM.XML |
| 1.16.0.0 | 16-Mar-2010 | **10581** : Create a local user epm.xml and use it to save changes  **10597** : Add Popup Tips to KEPM  **10599** : Change all spelling to en-US throughout software and documentation  **10606** : Create Example project (Source file and resultant reports) for KEPM web page |
| 1.15.1.0 | 05-Mar-2010 | **10558** : Create database Results Browser in main Krakatau window  **10574** : Create a Diagnostics menu to Install/Remove MySQL service, and Start/Stop the Service  **10580** : Ensure last column on Results Browser is auto-filled so that the user isn't tempted to adjust  **10583** : Results Browser - Map Status values to more user friendly values and colour rows appropriately |
| 1.14.0.0 | 17-Feb-2010 | **10555** : KEPM seems to only operate if installed in C:\Program Files  **10563** : Add FLEXlm to source control  **10565** : Windows 7 - Remove dependence on LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE regkey |
| 1.13.0.0 | 12-Dec-2009 | **10508** : Added PowerBuilder (PB) Language to EPM. |
| 1.12.4.0 | 17-Nov-2009 | **10502** : Added Excluded Directories, such that files in these directories are not parsed. |
| 1.12.3.0 | 27-Oct-2009 | **10496** : Ensure integrity of build (following missing files in 1.12.2.0). |
| 1.12.2.0 | 15-Sep-2009 | **10479** : Add PLOC (Preprocessor LOC) for Preprocessor Directives to C/C++ and Assembly  **10483** : Add logging to EPM  **10484** : Add logging to KEPM  **10488** : File extensions that do not exist in EPM.XML are excluded |
| 1.12.0.0 | 22-Aug-2009 | **10450** : Added CSS Stylesheet (SS) Language to EPM  **10452** : Added Ruby (RB) Language to EPM  **10455** : Added Windows Batch File (WB) Language to EPM  **10456** : Corrected issue with Halstead Bug Prediction (B) rounding to 0 or 1.  **10461** : Added Check/Uncheck All to New Project Wizard |
| 1.11.0.0 | 27-Jul-2009 | **10454** : Add Text files (TX) Language to EPM  **10453** : Add Shell Script (SH) Language to EPM  **10457** : Investigate Intel Issue: EPM crash parsing 'MKL sources'  **10451** : Add Fortran (FT) Language to EPM |
| 1.10.3.1 | 18-Jun-2009 | **10447** : Enabled installation on any drive other than C:. |
| 1.10.3.0 | 12-May-2009 | **10445** : Ensure commas in filenames do not disrupt CSV reports. |
| 1.10.2.0 | 05-May-2009 | **10441** : Ensure free text within HTML is counted as SLOC. |
| 1.10.1.0 | 30-Apr-2009 | **10437** : Allow use of empty file extension using space (" ") and exclude directories in filelist |
| 1.10.000 | 18-Apr-2009 | **10433** : Incorporate latest language additions to EPM:  **10400** : Added JavaScript Language (JT)  **10401** : Added HTML Language (HT)  **10402** : Added Assembler Language (AY)  **10403** : Added Python Language (PY)  **10415** : Perl parser optimisation  **10416** : C# parser optimisation  **10418** : XML parser optimisation  **10420** : Ada parser optimisation  **10421** : ASP parser optimisation  **10422** : C/C++ parser optimisation  **10424** : Java parser optimisation  **10426** : PHP parser optimisation  **10428** : VB parser optimisation  **10430** : Add Churn metrics (CRN\_SLOC, CRN\_LLOC & CRN\_FILE) |
| 1.09.000 | 30-May-2008 | **366** : Bundle EPM 1.16.005. |
| 1.08.004 | 26-Apr-2008 | **360** : Build issues caused by compilation of EPM under VS2008 (upgraded from VC++6). |
| 1.08.003 | 24-Apr-2008 | **359** : LLOC whitespace causing erroneous Diff values  **355** : LLOC mismatch – C+-Style comments within C-style comments  **356** : DEL\_LLOC not being output to CSV file  **357** : CHG\_SLOC not being output to reports when using Metric Sets. |
| 1.08.002 | 04-Jan-2008 | **338** : Added MetricsDefinitions.pdf to Help menu |
| 1.08.001 | 14-Dec-2007 |  |
| 1.08.000 | 11-Dec-2007 | **324** : Added JSP Parsing  **325** : Added XML Parsing  **327** : Ensure MySQL Databasename contains only valid characters. |
| 1.07.004 | 28-Nov-2007 | **323** : Resolved issues with missing PHP metrics. |
| 1.07.003 | 01-Nov-2007 | **321** : Ensure Logical Lines are calculated corrected in Ada, ASP & C/C++/Java. |
| 1.07.002 | 26-Oct-2007 | **319** : Remove duplicate files in projects before analysing |
| 1.07.001 | 28-Jul-2007 | **317** : Changed default VHDL extension to \*.vdh |
| 1.07.000 | 26-Jul-2007 | **316** : Added VHDL language support. |
| 1.06.000 | 16-Jul-2007 | **314** : Added IDL language support. |
| 1.05.000 | 10-Nov-2006 | **301** : Added PHP language support. |
| 1.04.000 | 02-Nov-2006 | **117** : Added ASP language support. |
| 1.03.001 | 22-Jul-2006 | **291** : Added tooltips to Metric Sets buttons and Reporting options. |
| 1.03.000 | 18-Jul-2006 | **272** : Added Changed Logical Lines of Code to EPM. |
| 1.02.009 | 12-Jul-2006 | **282** : Cancel button frozen on Metric Sets. |
| 1.02.008 | 08-Jul-2006 | **258** : Completion of Metric Sets in KEPM. |
| 1.02.007 | 15-Jun-2006 | **258** : Development of Metric Sets in KEPM. |
| 1.02.006 | 14-Jun-2006 | **268** : Better error handling during project creation. |
| 1.02.002 | 02-Jun-2006 | **252** : Released including EPM 1.10.003. |
| 1.02.001 | 10-Apr-2006 | **230** : Ensure Ada parsing is case-insensitive |
| 1.02.000 | 26-Mar-2006 | **213** : Retrieve EPM Analysis options from project.txt.epm.cmd file |
| 1.01.004 | 18-Mar-2006 | **210** : Added Deselect to right-click menu |
| 1.02.003 | 06-Jun-2006 | **255** : Released including EPM 1.10.003. |
| 1.02.005 | 08-Jun-2006 | **243** : Correctly remembers the file types chosen for the project when it was created. |
| 1.01.003 | 15-Mar-2006 | **202** : Correct summed/calculated Halstead project metrics |
| 1.01.002 | 13-Mar-2006 | **199** : Ensure Ada files are compared correctly |
| 1.01.001 | 14-Feb-2006 | **185** : Saved Project List request |
| 1.00.006 | 24-Jan-2006 | **179** : Readonly Project Filename box, limit Project Title to 30 non-space characters |

# Installation

## Installing Krakatau Essential PM

Unzip the downloaded file and double-click on setup.exe. Follow the installation prompts, clicking Next through the wizard as normal.

If you accept the defaults, Krakatau Essential PM will be installed in:

C:\Program Files\Power Software\Krakatau EPM

## Installing MySQL (optional)

If you wish to use an existing MySQL server in the organisation, you can do so using the –s (and -u/-p if required) parameter.

Otherwise, a local MySQL database will be started implicitly as Essential Metrics runs.

## Installing Krakatau Essential PM on Microsoft Windows Vista/7

Be sure to read the separate Quick Start Guide which gives some good recommendations for installing KEPM on Vista and Windows 7. For a foolproof installation:

1. Run the setup as Administrator (by right-clicking an chosing **Run/Install as Administrator**
2. After installing, right-click on Krakatau EPM and **Run as Administrator**, then chose Diagnostics > MySQL > Install Service

## Installing a License

You must obtain either a time-locked (for testing) or node-locked/floating (following purchase) license from Power Software. The recommended way to install the license is to place it where you installed Essential Metrics (see default directory above) and then simply launch Krakatau EPM from Start – Programs – Power Software – Krakatau EPM. This will prompt for you to Browse to the license.dat file.

If you do not have a valid license, you will see the following dialog on startup:

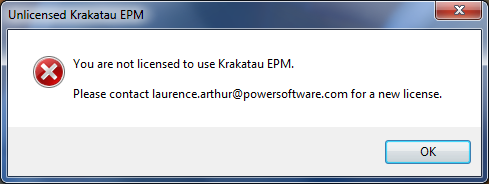


Figure : Unlicensed error dialog

## EPM.XML Configuration file

Krakatau EPM ships with a default EPM.XML in the Program Files directory.

The first time you run Krakatau EPM, it will copy this file to your User Home Directory if one does not already exist there.

Table : User Home directories for different Windows versions

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Windows XP | C:\Documents and settings\Fred |
| Windows Vista/7 | C:\Users\Fred |

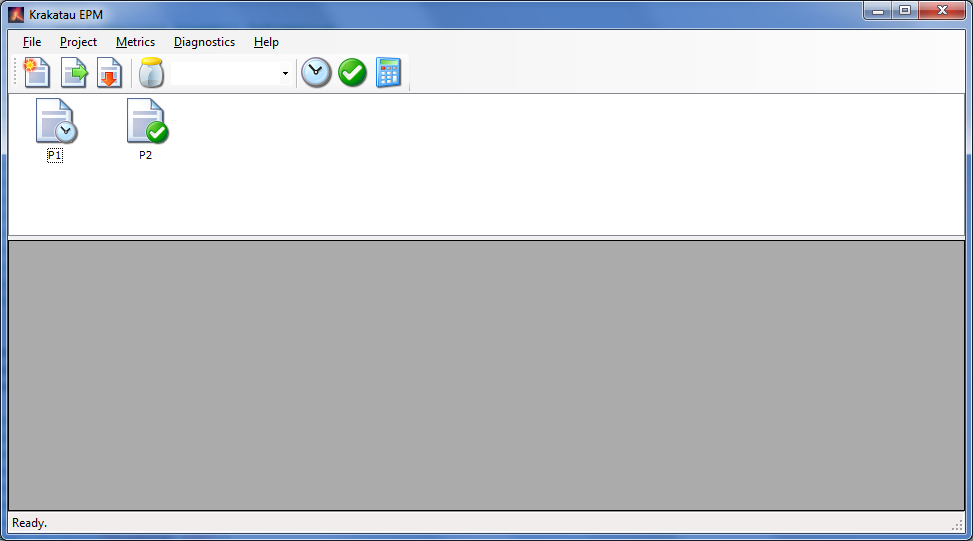
From that point on, Krakatau EPM will use your User Home EPM.XML to get/set configuration changes – the default remains untouched in the Program Files directory.

If you have a standard EPM.XML used within your organization, copy this file to your User Home directory at any point after installation and Krakatau EPM will use this file.

# Using Krakatau Essential PM

## Startup

When you launch KEPM, you will see the window shown in .



Menu Bar

Tool Bar

Metric Set Selector

Projects Window

Results Browser

Figure 2: Krakatau EPM main window

As with other applications, there is more than one way to carry out an operation. We will describe operations using the application Tool Bar:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | New Project wizard – allows you to create new project files containing a Project Title, Snapshot date, Base directory and actual source files in the project. |
|  | Open an existing Project file. |
|  | Remove a Project from the Projects windows. |
|  | Open the Metric Sets dialog and add, edit and delete Metric Sets. |
|  | Set the currently selected Project as the Old Project. |
|  | Set the currently selected Project as the New Project. |
|  | Analyze. If Old and New Projects are selected, perform a Project comparison, otherwise a Single Project analysis. |

## Creating a Project

To create a new Project, click the New Project Wizard toolbar button.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Figure 3: New Project Wizard | Enter **Project Title** (a name for the Project, representing the software and possibly a version number)  Choose the **Snapshot Date** – the date the source was extracted or labeled.  Browse to the **Base Directory** for the source code – the top-level directory where the source may be found.  You may exclude certain directories if that is appropriate – see .  If required, select the file types you require in the Project. You may use the checkbox beside **File Types** to Check/Uncheck All.  Finally, click **Save As** to save the Project file. |

When you click OK, the Base directory will be examined (and all subdirectories below it) for the types of files you have selected. These files, along with the Project Title and Snapshot date are then stored in the Krakatau EPM Project file you chose.

Note: as well as the Project file (in the example above ‘mn105a.txt’), a Windows command file with the extension .cmd will also be created (e.g., ‘mn105a.txt.cmd’). Experienced users can use these sample command files to create their own Project files. They may be deleted, if not required. Each time you create a New Project, KEPM creates a command file for it.

Once the Project file has been created it will appear in the Project window.

### Excluding Directories from the analysis

You may wish to exclude certain directories from the analysis, to prevent configuration or other undesirable code from being included in the metrics results.

To do this, click the Exclude Directoriesdirectory_selector button and the following dialog will appear:

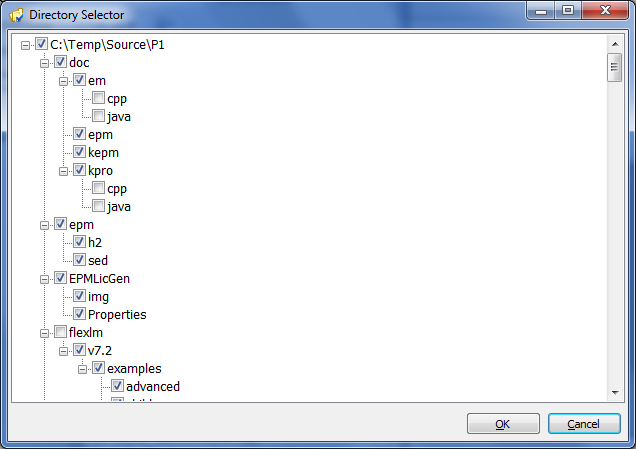


Figure 4: Directory Selector

All directories are expanded and selected by default. To exclude a directory, simply uncheck. Note: excluding a parent directory does not mean the child directories will be excluded, only the files in the parent.

Click OK when you have finished and you will see the Excluded Directories appear in the listbox for your information.

## Opening an Existing Project file

If you have previously created a Project file, you may open it in Krakatau EPM using the Open Project toolbar button. This loads the file into the Projects Window.

## Setting Old and New

When you have a Project open, you can click on it then choose either Old or New toolbar buttons:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Figure 5: Setting Old Project | The **P1** Project has been selected. By then clicking the Old button, it will get a clock icon.  If we then click the **P2** Project and click the New button, it is highlighted in green, as below.  You may also right-click on a Project and choose Set as Old or Set as New from the popup menu. |
| Figure 6: Setting New Project | We are telling Krakatau EPM that **P1** is the Old Snapshot of the source, and that **P2** is the New Snapshot.  When comparing these projects, **P2** will be examined with reference to **P1**. |

For instance, a file that existed in **P1** but no longer exists in **P2** is considered to have been deleted. Source Lines that exist in a file in the new Project but not in the old are New Source Lines.

If you only set a New Project, Krakatau EPM will perform a Single Project analysis, with no changed information.

## Setting Preferences

Krakatau EPM preferences allow you to configure the default MySQL connection properties. Only change these settings if you have explicitly installed MySQL separately, or you wish to access a specific MySQL Server.

To set Preferences, select **Project** – **Preferences**…

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Figure 7: Preferences | To ensure these settings are set as the defaults for new projects, check the appropriate box.  Krakatau EPM will occasionally show you Popup Tips as you are working. The dialog allows you to opt out of that particular tip again, and all tips. If you wish to re-enable tips, uncheck the “Never show Popup Tips” checkbox.  Click OK to save. |

## Analysis

To perform an analysis of your selected Project(s), click the Analyze:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Results Window  Logging  Figure 8: Analysis dialog | The dialog tells you what the New and Old Projects are.  You can then select the reporting options you require – ticking a checkbox to force an option, and specifying files/folders in the textbox that appears. Use the Browse button if you wish.  Choose a Metric Set if you wish to filter the metrics that are output on the report.  If you have a MySQL server on your network that you wish to use, specify the hostname (Server) and user/password details as required.  When ready, click the Parse button. |

The **Parse** button creates another Windows command file (e.g., called ‘mn105a.txt.epm.cmd’). This is then executed and the results are shown in the Results Window. As the Projects are parsed you will see the analysis and differences, and finally the reports you have selected.

Each time you press **OK** or **Parse**, the .epm.cmd file is recreated, and this file is also used to retrieve your Analysis options when you reopen the project. The checkboxes you have ticked and the values entered, will be retrieved from the .epm.cmd file and populated in this dialog the next time you Analyze, in the same KEPM session or at a later date.

If you select an HTML report, it will be launched in your default browser once parsing is complete.

## Results Browser

To use the Results Browser, right-click on your project and select Refresh Results, see . If the project has been parsed (using the Analysis dialog) then you will see the results in the Browser.

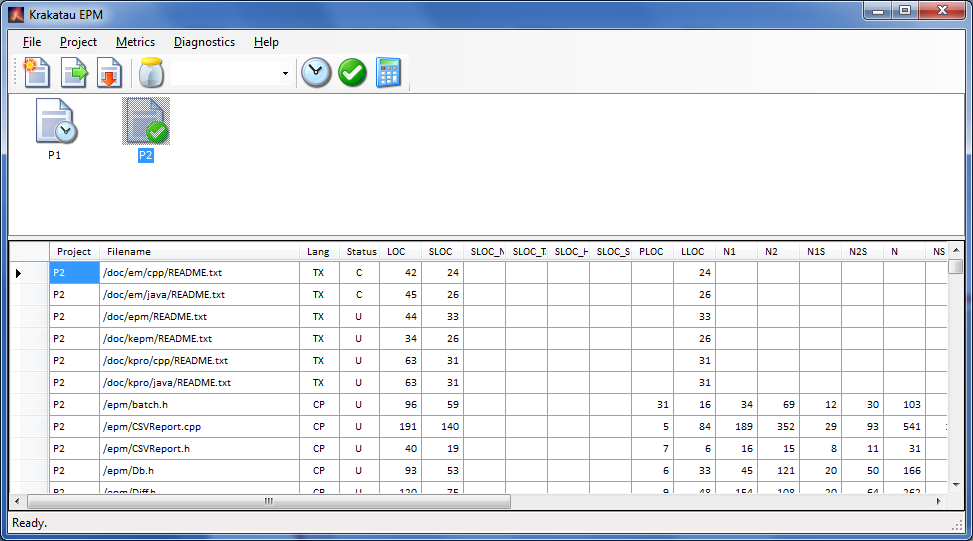


Figure 9: Results Browser populated

### Filtering using a Metric Set

If you only wish to see a subset of metrics in the results, you should create a Metric Set. Refer to section for help creating a Metric Set. Once you have created a Metric Set, you may select it from the Metric Set selector on the toolbar, and push F5 or right-click on your project to refresh the Results Browser with only the metrics you have defined in your Metric set.

## Metric Sets

If you wish to limit the metrics that are output in your reports, you can define a Metric Set with only those metrics you wish to see. For example, your Project Manager is only interested in LOC, SLOC, the changed SLOC and the new changed LLOC.

From the main application, click the Metric Sets jar icon, or choose Metrics > Sets:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Figure 10: Metric Sets dialog | In this example, we already have an existing set called “LOC-metrics”. This set, and any we create, are stored in the epm.xml configuration file.  Let’s create a new one for our particular metric interests.  Click the New icon (the first one) on the toolbar. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Figure 11: Metric Set definition | Enter a name for the metric set. Spaces are not allowed, and will be removed.  Check the box beside each metric code you wish to include in the set. The lower and upper bounds settings can also be set although they are not yet used by any EPM reports.  Click OK.  You can specify a metric set when you Analyze (see previous section). |

## Using KEPM with your CMVC System

Krakatau EPM does not restrict users to any CMVC (Configuration Management/Version Control) system, nor does it directly interface with any specific CMVC system. However, many of our customers are successfully using KEPM in conjunction with several popular CMVC systems, including:

* IBM Rational ClearCase
* Perforce
* Microsoft Team Foundation Server
* CVS
* Subversion

Krakatau EPM requires direct access to copies of your actual source files, not CMVC binaries such as ClearCase VOBs.

Typically this involves exporting a copy of your source to a location on your machine. You then create a new project in KEPM (see ) and point it at your exported source and proceed to Analyze (see section ).

# FAQ

## How does Krakatau Essential PM know which parser to use?

Krakatau EPM is supplied with a default XML Configuration file that instructs the tool to apply different languages parsers to the files based on the following file extensions:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Language** | **Extensions** | **Parser Code** |
| ADA | .a .ada .adb .ads | AD |
| ASP | .asp .aspx | AS |
| Assembly | .asm | AY |
| C++ | .cpp .c .hpp .h | CP |
| C# | .cs | CS |
| CSS | .css | SS |
| Fortran | .f .f90 | FT |
| IDL | .idl | ID |
| HTML | .htm .html .htp | HT |
| Java | .java | JV |
| JavaScript | .js | JT |
| JSP | .jsp | JS |
| PHP | .php | PH |
| Perl | .pl | PL |
| PL/SQL | .sql .ora | S1 |
| PowerBuilder | .srd .srf .srs .sru .srw | PB |
| Python | .py | PY |
| Ruby | .rb | RB |
| Shell Script | .ash .bash .bsh .csh .sh .tcsh .tsh .zsh | SH |
| Textfile | .cvs .install .readme .tsv .txt | TX |
| VB.NET | .vb | VB |
| VB6 | .frm .bas .cls | VB |
| VBScript | .vbs | VB |
| VHDL | .vhd | VH |
| Windows Batch | .bat .cmd | WB |
| XML | .xml .xsd .xsl .xslt .wsml | XM |

**You cannot simply add a language of your own**. EPM only understands the **Parser Codes** listed above. Should you need a new language not listed here, please contact us to discuss.

*If* you need to modify this configuration, you may edit the EPM.XML configuration file supplied with the tool, but please **take a backup before you start** and if you experience any errors and you report these, please **include your EPM.XML file** and state what you were trying to achieve.

The default file looks like:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>  <epm>  <lang name="C++" parser="CP">  <filetype name="Source">  <ext name="Class" value="cpp" />  <ext name="C File" value="c" />  </filetype>  <filetype name="Header">  <ext name="C++ Header" value="hpp" />  <ext name="C Header" value="h" />  </filetype>  </lang>  <lang name="C#" parser="CS">  <filetype name="Source">  <ext name="Class" value="cs" />  </filetype>  </lang>  …  </epm> | This extract from the file shows the definitions for two Languages: C++ and C#.  Within each lang entity there are filetype entities. **The C++** Language has two filetypes: **Source** and **Header**. Each filetype then has one or more ext entities representing the file extensions that comprise the filetype.  **C#** only has one filetype – **Source** – and a single extension – **cs**.  *Extensions are the characters after the last period (.) in the filename.* |

To add new filetype or ext entities, simply edit the file using a text editor, copy/paste an existing block and modify the name and value attributes accordingly.

The values in the **name** attributes are free-text. In a future version of EPM it will be possible to report on these values, including viewing files/metrics grouped by the same filetype (e.g. Source) across several languages.

If you have files that have no extension, you may use a value of “ “ (single space). This means that **all** files with no extension will be parsed using the language parser you have selected.

<ext name="MyFileType" value=" " />

The **parser** attribute of the **lang** entity must be one of the Parser Codes listed in the first table.

The **parser** attribute of the **lang** entity must be one of the Parser Codes listed in the first table.

## What does line\_type in CSV reports mean?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Line Type** | **Description** | **Meaning** |
| **C** | Changed | The File/Project has Changed. This line gives details of the New File/Project and the original metrics can be found on a corresponding Old (**O**) line. |
| **O** | Old | Where a File/Project has Changed, the Old line will also be output to the CSV file. |
| **X** | Diff | Where a File/Project has Changed, the Diff line will also be output to the CSV file, showing the difference between Changed (**C**) and Old (**O**) lines. |
| **U** | Unchanged | The File/Project has not changed. |
| **N** | New | The File is New, it has been added to the Project. |

Deleted files are not shown in CSV reports.

## Why do I get ‘You do not have a valid license’?

If you have not requested a license from [laurence.arthur@powersoftware.com](mailto:laurence.arthur@powersoftware.com), please do so. Once you have received this file (supplied as an attachment called ‘license.dat’), please detach this to the folder in which you installed Krakatau EPM.

If there is an existing license.dat, overwrite it. Then try re-executing Krakatau EPM. If you continue to experience problems, send an email [support@powersoftware.com](mailto:support@powersoftware.com) with the License [Code] value you see on starting up KEPM.

## What does the error stating the MySQL cannot start mean?

If you are relying on Krakatau EPM to start a MySQL database for you, please ensure that you wait a few seconds between running successive KEPM sessions. MySQL takes a moment or so to start and stop the service at the beginning and end of a KEPM session.

## What do the Metric IDs and Codes mean?

We use a unique numeric code for each metric, as well as an alpha code which is more descriptive.

For efficiency reasons, these numeric codes may change between releases, when a new metric is inserted into the list. We upgrading, be sure to check your Metric Sets and any other interfaces that rely upon the Metric ID.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ID** | **Code** | **Description** | **Project** | **File** |
| 100 | LOC | Lines of Code | ✓ | ✓ |
| 101 | SLOC | Source Lines of Code | ✓ | ✓ |
| 102 | SLOC\_NAT | Source Native Lines of Code | ✓ | ✓ |
| 103 | SLOC\_TAG | Source Tag Lines of Code | ✓ | ✓ |
| 104 | SLOC\_HTM | Source HTML Lines of Code | ✓ | ✓ |
| 105 | SLOC\_SCR | Source Script Lines of Code | ✓ | ✓ |
| 106 | PLOC | Preprocessor Directive Lines of Code | ✓ | ✓ |
| 107 | LLOC | Logical Lines of Code (semi-colon count – formerly NSC) | ✓ | ✓ |
| 108 | N1 | Total No. of Operators |  | ✓ |
| 109 | N2 | Total No. of Operands |  | ✓ |
| 110 | n1 | No. of unique or distinct Operators |  | ✓ |
| 111 | n2 | No. of unique or distinct Operands |  | ✓ |
| 112 | N | Halstead program Length (calculated as N1 + N2) |  | ✓ |
| 113 | n | Halstead program Vocabulary (calculated as n1 + n2) |  | ✓ |
| 114 | V | Halstead Volume (calculated as V = Nlog2n) |  | ✓ |
| 115 | D | Halstead program Difficulty |  | ✓ |
| 116 | E | Halstead program Effort (calculated as D \* V) |  | ✓ |
| 117 | B | Halstead Bug Prediction |  | ✓ |
| 118 | J\_COM | Java-style Comment Lines | ✓ | ✓ |
| 119 | C\_COM | C-style Comment Lines | ✓ | ✓ |
| 120 | EOL\_COM | To End of Line Comment Lines | ✓ | ✓ |
| 121 | COM\_LOC | Total Comment Lines | ✓ | ✓ |
| 122 | BYTES | File size in bytes | ✓ | ✓ |
| 123 | NFILE | Number of Files | ✓ |  |
| 124 | CHG\_SLOC | Changed Source Lines of Code | ✓ | ✓ |
| 125 | DEL\_SLOC | Deleted Source Lines of Code | ✓ | ✓ |
| 126 | ADD\_SLOC | Added Source Lines of Code | ✓ | ✓ |
| 127 | CRN\_SLOC | Churn Source Lines of Code (CHG\_SLOC + DEL\_SLOC + ADD\_SLOC) | ✓ | ✓ |
| 128 | CHG\_LLOC | Changed Logical Lines of Code | ✓ | ✓ |
| 129 | DEL\_LLOC | Deleted Logical Lines of Code | ✓ | ✓ |
| 130 | ADD\_LLOC | Added Logical Lines of Code | ✓ | ✓ |
| 131 | CRN\_LLOC | Churn Logical Lines of Code (CHG\_LLOC + DEL\_LLOC + ADD\_LLOC) | ✓ | ✓ |
| 132 | CHG\_FILE | Changed Files | ✓ |  |
| 133 | DEL\_FILE | Deleted Files | ✓ |  |
| 134 | ADD\_FILE | Added Files | ✓ |  |
| 135 | CRN\_FILE | Churn Files (CHG\_FILE + DEL\_FILE + ADD\_FILE) | ✓ |  |