SYDE 556/750

Simulating Neurobiological Systems Lecture 7: Temporal Basis Functions

Chris Eliasmith

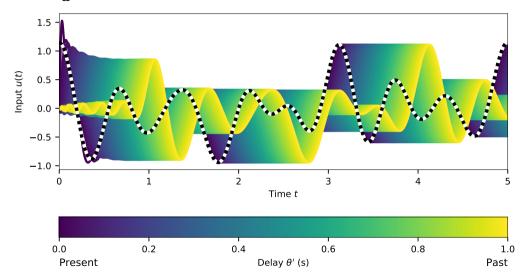
October 21, 2024

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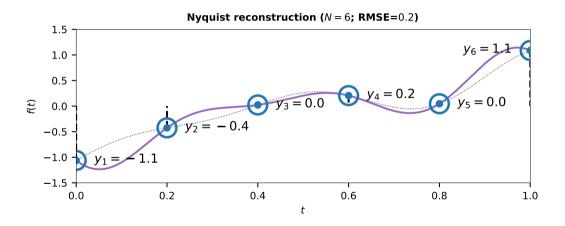




Representing Stimulus Histories



Representing Functions: Sampling

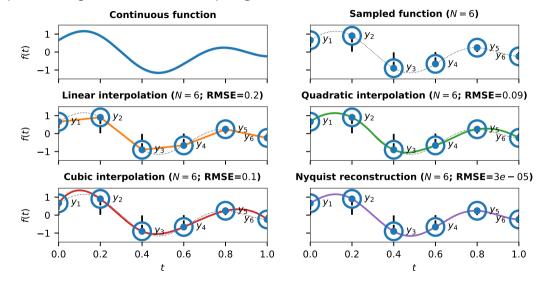


Nyquist Sampling

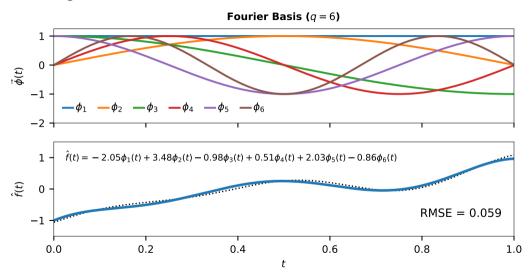
The Nyquist-Shannon Sampling Theorem

If f(t) contains no frequencies greater than B then it is *completely* determined by samples spaced $\Delta t = \frac{1}{2B}$ apart (N = 2BT equally spaced samples for a time-slice [0,T)). There is a *one-to-one mapping* between the samples ${\bf x}$ and the function f(t).

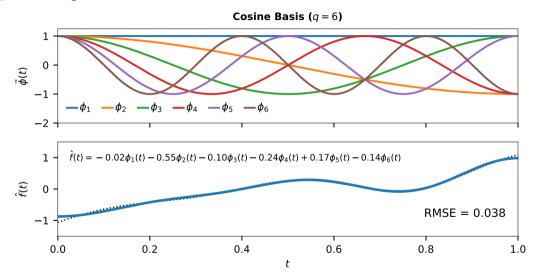
Representing Functions: Sampling <3Hz



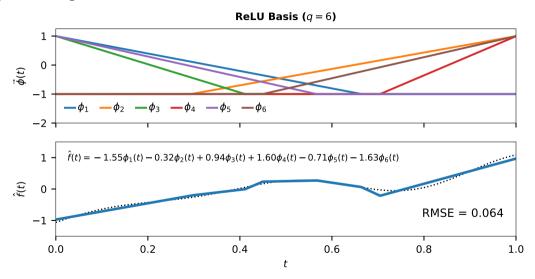
Representing Functions: Fourier Basis



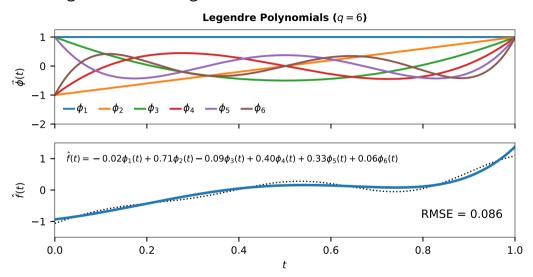
Representing Functions: Cosine Basis



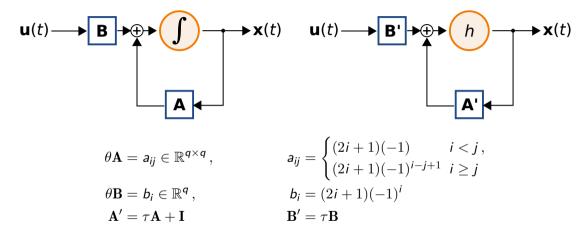
Representing Functions: ReLU Basis



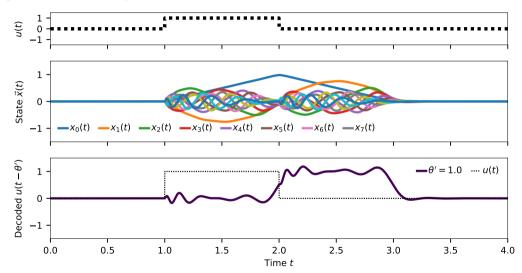
Representing Functions: Legendre Basis



Implementing the Delay Network



Delay Network: Step Function



Delay Network: Windowed Sine Function

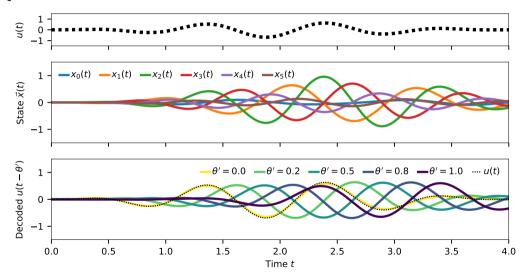


Image sources

Title slide

Infrared Photograph of a Sundial Near the Einstein Tower in Potsdam, Germany Author: DrNRNowaczyk, 2007.

From Wikimedia.