

Preposiciones de lugar "in", "on", "at"

"In"

Use "in" to describe something inside an enclosed space.

1. The books are in the bag.
2. She is in the kitchen.
3. They are in the car.
4. The milk is in the fridge.
5. He is in the room.

"On"

Use "on" to describe something on a surface or a specific mode of transportation (buses, trains, planes, etc.).

1. The phone is on the table.
2. The picture is on the wall.
3. He is on the bus.
4. The keys are on the shelf.
5. She is on the train.

"At"

Use "at" to describe a specific point or location.

1. She is at the door.
2. They are at the bus stop.
3. He is at the airport.
4. We are at the restaurant.
5. The meeting is at the office.

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Exercise: Fill in the blanks with "in," "on," or "at".

- The children are playing _____ the park.
- The keys are _____ the table.
- She is waiting _____ the bus stop.
- He is sitting _____ the chair.
- The passengers are _____ the train.
- The milk is _____ the fridge.
- We are meeting _____ the restaurant.
- The picture is hanging _____ the wall.
- They are _____ the car, ready to leave.
- She is _____ the airport, waiting for her flight.

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Respuestas

Exercise: Fill in the blanks with "in," "on," or "at".

- The children are playing in the park.
- The keys are on the table.
- She is waiting at the bus stop.
- He is sitting on the chair.
- The passengers are on the train.
- The milk is in the fridge.
- We are meeting at the restaurant.
- The picture is hanging on the wall.
- They are in the car, ready to leave.
- She is at the airport, waiting for her flight.