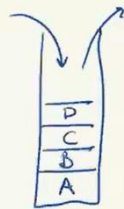


STACK (YIGIN) (Abstract Data Type)



ABCD

DCBA

First In Last Out (FILO)

Last In First Out (LIFO)

Applications

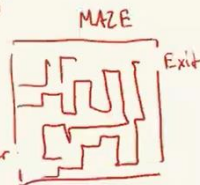
③ Reversing String

④ Backtracking

⑤ Parenthesis Matching

$[a+(b*c)+\{(d-e)\}]$

⑥ Conversion of Decimal to Other Number Systems



① Evaluation of Arithmetic Operations
 $A+(B+C-(D/E * F) * G) * H$

② Recursive Function Usage
Function Call

```
int main() {
    ...
    f1()
    ...
}
```

```
void f1() {
    ...
    f2()
    ...
}
```

```
void f2() {
    ...
    f3()
    ...
}
```

```
void f3() {
    ...
}
```

```
return to f2()
return to f1()
return to main()
```

Stack Operations

- push()



- pop()



- peek()
top()



get the value of the last element in the stack.
top

- isFull()

- isEmpty()

Stack → Array
Stack → Linked List

Stack Usage

① The weather is very cloudy beautiful.
2 1

Undo

The weather is very

Undo

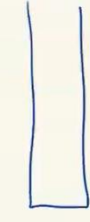
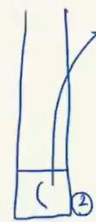
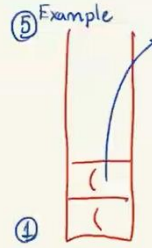
The weather is very beautiful.



② Stack Usage in Compilers

- ① $-(a+b($ error
- ② $)a+b($ error
- ③ $a*(b+c($ error
- ④ $a)*(b+c($ error
- ⑤ $((a+b)*c)$ ✓
Example = = =

Syntax Error



STACK
Empty
Correct ✓

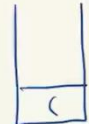
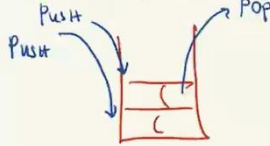
② Example



ERROR

(→ Push
) → Pop

③ Example



ERROR

Stack Operations

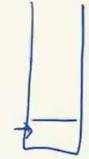
```
#define MAX 100
typedef struct {
    int item[MAX];
    int top;
} STACK;

int push (int X, STACK *s) {
    if (isFull(s))
        return 0;
    else {
        s->item[s->top] = X;
        s->top++;
        return 1;
    }
}
```

```
void initStack (STACK *s) {
    s->top = 0;
}

int isEmpty (STACK *s) {
    if (s->top == 0)
        return 1;
    else
        return 0;
}

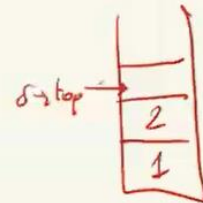
int isFull (STACK *s) {
    if (s->top == MAX)
        return 1;
    else
        return 0;
}
```



```

int pop (STACK *s, int *X) {
    if (isEmpty(s))
        return 0;
    else {
        --s->top;
        *X = s->item[s->top];
        return 1;
    }
}

```



```

int toppeek (STACK *s, int *X) {
    int adr;
    if (isEmpty(s))
        return 0;
    else {
        adr = s->top - 1;
        *X = s->item[adr];
        return 1;
    }
}

```

Arithmetic Expression Evaluation

$(3+5)*2/3+7$

$a+b*c$

- Infix
- Prefix
- Postfix

Infix Expression

$A+B$

$A+B*C$

$A+B*C+D$

Prefix Expression

$+AB$

$+A*BC$

$++A*BCD$

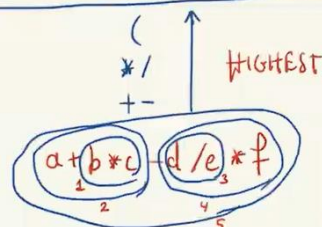
Postfix Expression

$AB+$

$ABC*+$

$ABC*+D+$

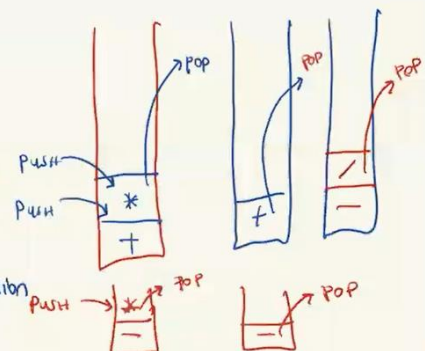
Precedence of Arithmetic Operations



$abc*+de/f*-$
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11

Infix Expression

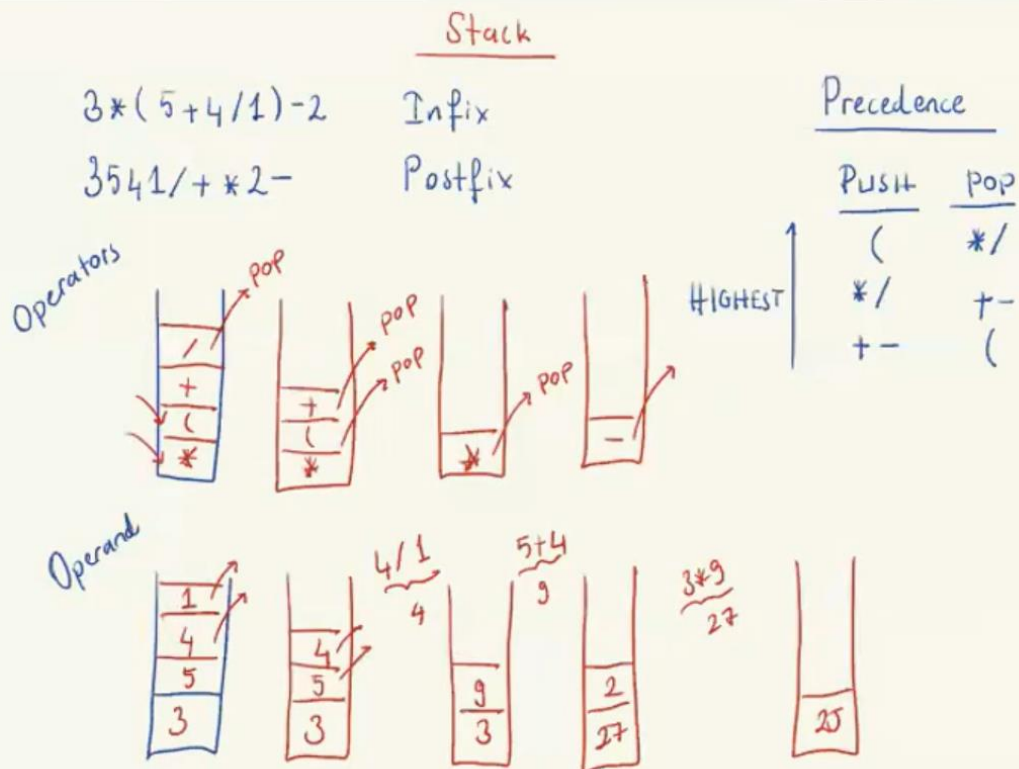
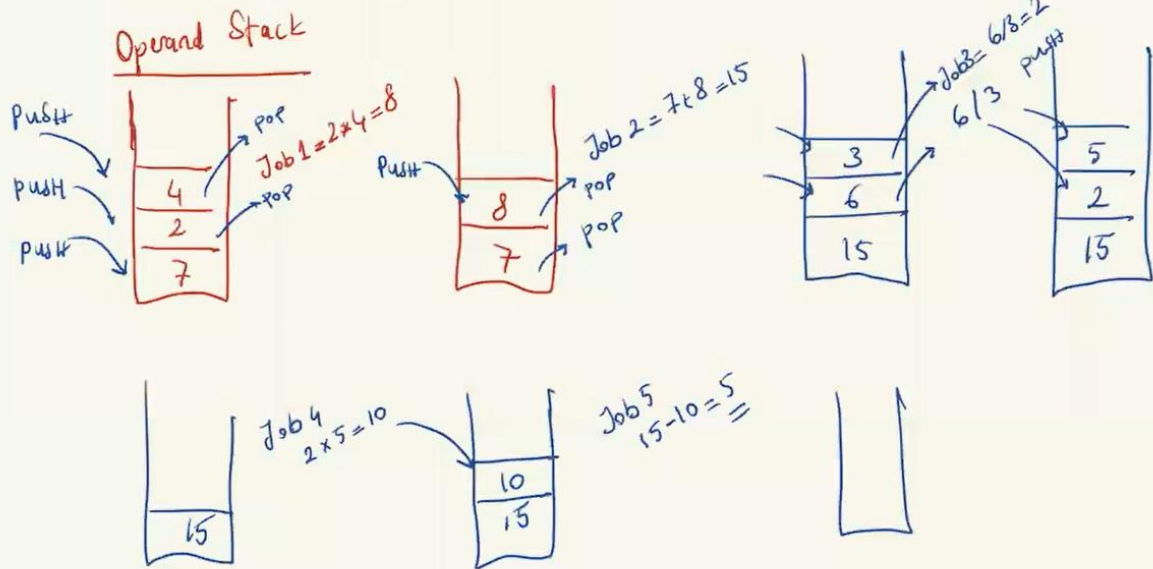
Postfix Expression



a=7 b=2 c=4 d=6 e=8 f=5

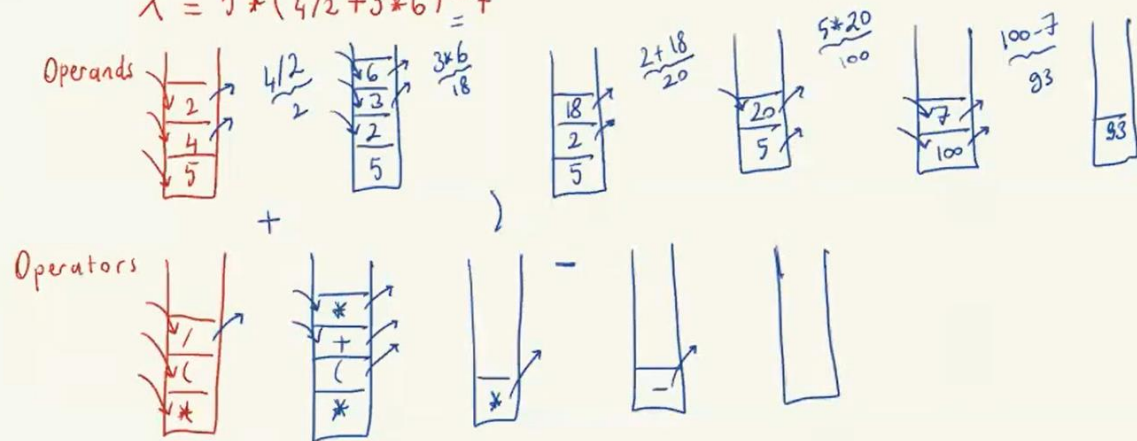
abc*+de/f*-

724*+68/5*- Postfix Expression

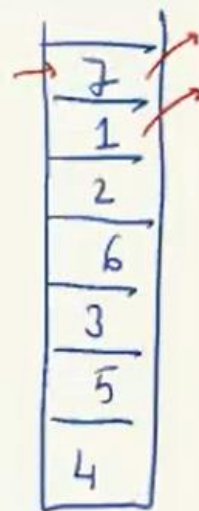


Arithmetic Operation on Compilers in Real-life

$$X = 5 * (4/2 + 3 * 6) - 7$$



* Finding the minimum element in a given stack



Stack 1



Stack 2

1

