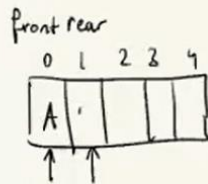
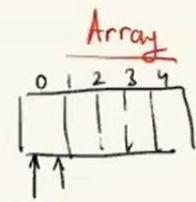
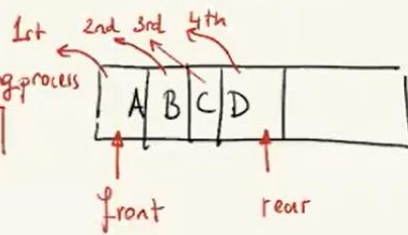
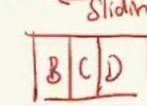
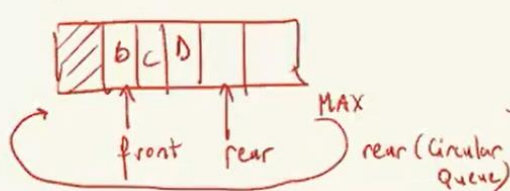
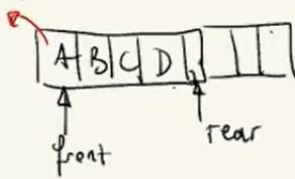


Queue (Kuyruk) Data Structure (Abstract)

- First In First Out (FIFO)

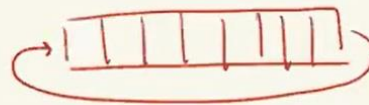


front rear



Queue

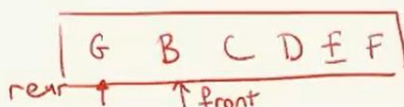
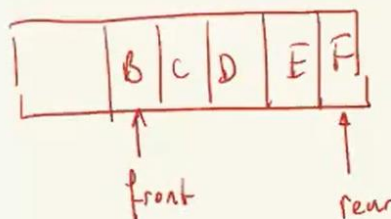
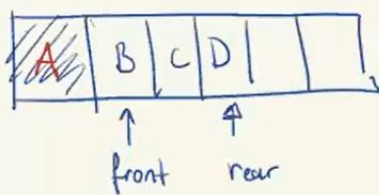
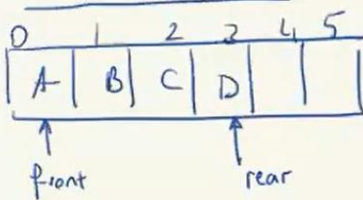
- Circular Queue



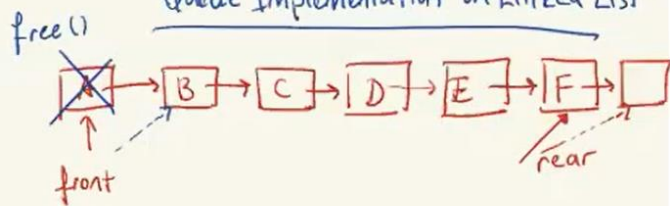
- Priority Queue

- Double Ended Queue

Circular Queue



Queue Implementation on Linked List



Queue Operations

- isEmpty()
- isFull()
- enqueue()
- dequeue()
- init Queue()

```

int isEmpty() {
    if (size == 0)
        return 1;
    else
        return 0;
}

```

}

```

int isFull() {
    if (size == MAX-1)
        return 1;
    else
        return 0;
}

```

}

```

int enqueue (int val) {
    if (isFull())
        return 0;
    else {
        rear++;
        q[rear] = value;
    }
}

```

return 1;

```

int isEmpty() {
    if (front == -1)
        return 1;
    else
        return 0;
}

```

}

```

int isFull() {
    if (rear == MAX-1)
        return 1;
    else
        return 0;
}

```

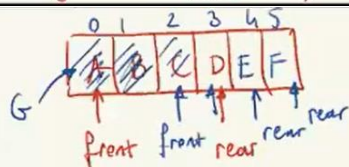
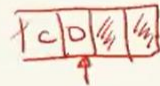
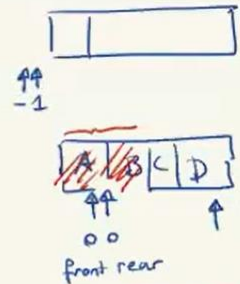
}

```

int dequeue (int *X) {
    if (isEmpty())
        return 0;
    else {
        *X = q[front++];
    }
}

```

}



Dequeue A

Dequeue B

Enqueue E

Enqueue F

Dequeue C

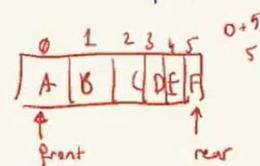
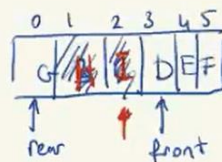
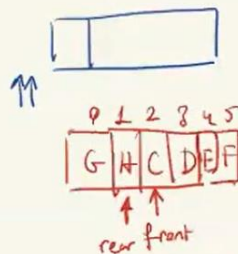
Enqueue G

Front: 2
Rear: 5

Front: 3
Rear: 5

Front: 3
Rear: 0

Circular Queue Implementation



```

void initQueue() {
    int front = -1, rear = -1;
}

```

```

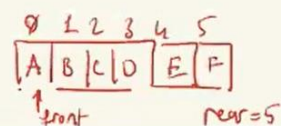
int isEmpty() {
    if (front == -1)
        return 1;
    return 0;
}

```

```

int isFull() {
    if ((front == rear + 1) ||
        (front == 0) && (rear == SIZE-1))
        return 1;
    return 0;
}

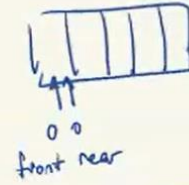
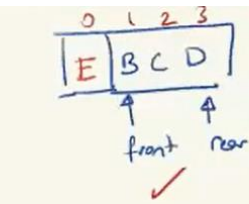
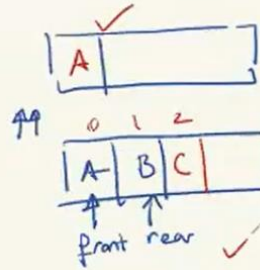
```



```

int enqueue (int element) {
    if (isFull())
        return 0;
    else { if (front == -1) front = 0;
        rear = (rear + 1) % SIZE;
        q[rear] = element;
        return 1;
    }
}

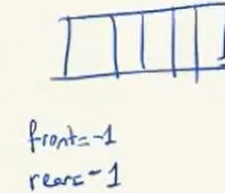
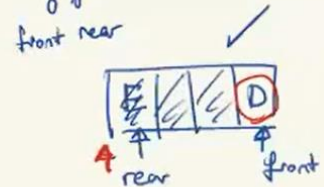
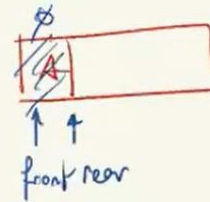
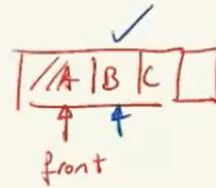
```



```

int dequeue (int *X) {
    if (isEmpty()) {
        return 0;
    }
    else {
        *X = q[front];
        if (front == rear) {
            front = -1;
            rear = -1;
        }
        else {
            front = (front + 1) % SIZE;
        }
        return 1;
    }
}

```



Comparison Stack versus Queue

	Stack	Queue
Working Principle	LIFO	FIFO
Structure	Same end is used to insert and delete	One end is used for insert Another end is used deletion
Number of pointers	One	Two
Operations	Push and Pop	Enqueue and Dequeue
Variants	It does not have variants	Circular Queue Priority Queue Doubly Ended Queue
Implementation	Simpler	Comparatively Complex