Flashing your SensorStation's Compute Module

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Updating your SensorStation's Disk Image

You can use your CTT SensorStation to burn a new operating system onto the compute module using a micro USB cable attached to your computer. Here is an article on raspbian's website with general instructions: Flashing the Compute Module eMMC. This page will summarize the steps needed to burn a New CTT SensorStation image to your compute module using the SensorStation hardware.

Why flash my compute module?

While CTT offers many over-the-air updates to your CTT SensorStation sometimes you just need a fresh start, or maybe you haven't been incrementally updating the source code and want to do so after a full stable release. You've found the right place to learn how!

SensorStation Image Downloads

For Version 1 SensorStations

V1 SensorStation Current Stable Image OTA Update enabled. Station health reports. RTL-SDR support. Pickup new Nodes / Tags with updated protocol. Download Station Image

For Version 2 SensorStations

V2 SensorStation Current Stable Image Records Tag, GPS, SensorGnome, and Telemetry data. Monthly reboot on the 3rd of the month. Download Station Image

Software Requirements

You will need drivers for your computer to recognize the module as a new drive, and software to burn new images to disk.

All Users

• All users require software to burn an image such as Raspberry Pi Imager or balenaEtcher

Windows Drivers

• Drivers - Download and run the Windows Installer which will install the rpiboot.exe.

Linux / Mac

Linux / MAC users will have to clone the rpiboot source code, compile and run the rpiboot.exe file that is generated. Detailed instructions for **Linux** here.

For **Mac**, follow these directions:

- 1. Install Homebrew, which is a package installer for Mac.
 - Directions here: https://brew.sh
 - Or you can paste this code into Terminal:

/bin/bash -c "\$(curl -fsSL https://raw.githubusercontent.com/Homebrew/install/master/install.sh)"

2. With Terminal open, run the following code to install the USBBoot code in Terminal

git clone --depth=1 https://github.com/raspberrypi/usbboot
cd usbboot

Then install the libusb libraries:

brew install libusb

Then make the rpiboot installer:

make

Then run rpiboot:

./rpiboot

At this point you should see a message in your terminal that says something to the effect of:

Waiting for BCM2835/6/7/2711...

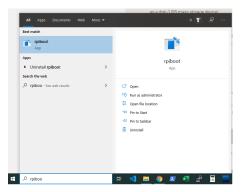
This indicates that the USB port has been opened, and your computer is waiting to see a Raspberry Pi on that port. Now complete Steps 1 and 2 below, and skip steps 3 and 4.

Steps to Burn a New Image

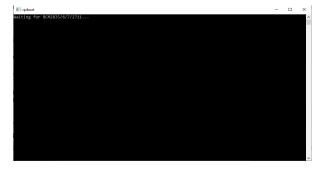
- 1. Ensure the SensorStation power is turned OFF
- 2. Move the **USB Boot Jumper Pin** to the **ENABLED** position (to the **left** 1 pin, for horizontally placed pins, or **down** 1 pin for vertically placed pins).
- Note: The location of your USB Boot Jumper may vary, and is typically vertically placed near the lower left corner of the Raspberry Pi module on V1 boards, or horizontally placed just above the power switch on V2 boards.



3. Run rpiboot.exe which was installed from the previous step. From windows, you can search rpiboot to find it.



4. Running rpiboot will pop up a console showing a wait message waiting for the module to be detected:



- 5. Plug the micro-USB cable into the SensorStation, and into your computer.
- 6. Power on the SensorStation.
- 7. The dialog box from rpiboot should disappear after displaying some messages and the module will be available as a new hard drive. (**Do not auto-fix as windows may suggest!**)
- 8. Run Raspberry Pi Imager



- 9. Click the button under Operating System and navigate to the SensorStation image file you saved (it's a .zip file), and select it.
- 10. Click the button under SD Card and select your Raspberry Pi compute module as the target. example: RPi-MSGD- 0001 7.8 GB
- 11. Click the WRITE button to flash the disk image.
- This will take a while, but once the image is written you will get a success message and the process is complete.
- 12. Move the **USB Boot Jumper Pin** to the **DISABLED** position (to the **right** 1 pin, for horizontally placed pins, or up 1 pin for vertically placed pins).
- 13. Restart your SensorStation and you're good to go!

Of course, as always, if you have any issue please don't hesitate to email us at support@celltracktech.com.