

# Hitachi Ops Center Common Services

11.0.3

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## REST API Reference Guide

This manual provides information for how to use the REST API of Hitachi Ops Center Common Services.

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## Preface

This manual describes how to use the REST API of Hitachi Ops Center Common Services.

## Product version

This document revision applies to Hitachi Ops Center version 11.0.3.

## Release notes

Read the release notes before installing and using this product. They may contain requirements or restrictions that are not fully described in this document or updates or corrections to this document. Release notes are available on the Hitachi Vantara documentation website: <https://docs.hitachivantara.com>.

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**Thank you!**

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# Chapter 1: Overview of the Common Services REST API

The following provides an overview and common specifications of the Common Services REST API.

## Specifying resources

In the REST API, the target resource is specified as a URL. In Common Services, the target resource is specified as a continuation of the following base URL:

`https://host-name-or-IP-address:port-number/portal`

Specify the host name or IP address of a host that can access Common Services.

For the port number, specify the port number used for Common Services. The default port number is 443.



**Note:** The Common Services REST API does not support Cross-Origin Resource Sharing (CORS).

## Using a session to perform authentication

To run a Common Services REST API request or a request from a REST API provided by a product linking with Common Services, you must first acquire an access token to use the Common Services user authentication. An access token is authentication information that is returned when a session is generated. This authentication information determines whether a request is issued from an authenticated user.

The operational flow for running a REST API request is as follows:

1. Run the Common Services REST API request to acquire an access token.
2. In the Authorization header of the request header, specify the access token in the following format, and run a Common Services REST API request or a request from a REST API provided by another product.

`Authorization: Bearer access-token`

Example of specifying an Authorization header:

`Authorization: Bearer eyJhbxxx`

**Note:**

- The validity period of an access token expires five minutes.
- An identity provider user cannot obtain an access token, so they cannot execute a Common Services REST API request.

## Response headers

This section describes the response headers returned by the REST API server.

Header	Description	Default
Content-Type	Indicates the media type of the response data.	application/json; charset=UTF-8
Content-Length	Indicates the size of the response data.  If the size of the response data is large, instead of this header, Transfer-Encoding: chunked is returned, indicating that the response data has been divided and then transferred.	None
Transfer-Encoding	Indicates the encoding format used when the response data was transferred.  When a large amount of response data is divided and then transferred, chunked is returned.	None
Location	When an object is registered, this header indicates the URL of the registered object.	None

## Status codes

The REST API uses the following standard HTTP status codes to indicate the processing results.

HTTP status codes	Description
200	Success

HTTP status codes	Description
	This indicates that the request was properly processed.
201	<p><b>Created</b></p> <p>This indicates that the request was properly processed and a new resource was successfully created.</p>
204	<p><b>No content</b></p> <p>This indicates that the request was accepted but there was no information to return.</p>
400	<p><b>Bad request</b></p> <p>This indicates that the specification of the request header, the query parameters, or the request body was invalid.</p>
401	<p><b>Unauthorized</b></p> <p>This indicates that the request header did not include the Authorization header or that authentication by using the information specified in the Authorization header failed.</p>
403	<p><b>Forbidden</b></p> <p>This indicates that you do not have permission to perform the operation.</p>
404	<p><b>Not found</b></p> <p>This indicates that the resource specified in the URL could not be found or that you do not have permission to read the resource.</p>
409	<p><b>Conflict</b></p> <p>This indicates that the request could not be completed because of a conflict with the current state of the resource.</p>
500	<p><b>Unexpected error</b></p> <p>This indicates that an unexpected error occurred.</p>
503	<p><b>Service Unavailable</b></p> <p>This indicates that you cannot access the service because of a temporary problem with the server. If you wait a while and then retry the operation, you might be able to access the service.</p>

## Request and response formats

Use the JSON format to specify attribute values when creating or changing a resource. Also, use the JSON format for the results of resource information acquisition.

When creating or adding a resource by using the POST method, or when changing or editing a resource by using the PUT method, specify resource attributes in JSON format. The supported character encoding is UTF-8.

When you use the GET method to collect resource information, responses are returned in JSON format. For API requests that get a list of resources, the response body is an array.

## Response when an error occurs

If the processing of a request is not successful, the following error information is returned as a response.

Attribute	Type	Description
errorMessage	string	Error message
additionalInfo	string	Additional information about the error message

### Output example

```
{  
    "errorMessage" : "KAOP20012-E Not Found.",  
    "additionalInfo" : "{\"error\":\"Could not find group by id\""}  
}
```

---

## Chapter 2: REST API of Common Services

The following describes the API provided by Common Services.

### Getting access tokens

The following describes the API requests for getting an access token to use for REST API authentication.

#### Getting an access token

You can get an access token to use for REST API authentication.

If you are an identity provider user, you cannot use this API to obtain an access token.

##### Execution permission

None.

##### Request line

```
POST base-URL/auth/v1/providers/builtin/token
```

##### Request message

###### Object ID

None.

###### Query parameters

None.

##### Body

```
{
  "username" : "TestUser",
  "password" : "password"
}
```

Attribute	Type	Description
username	string	(Required) Username of the user who wants to acquire an access token
password	string	(Required) Password of the user who wants to acquire an access token

## Response message

### Body

```
{
  "access_token" : "access token",
  "expires_in" : 300,
  "token_type" : "bearer"
}
```

Attribute	Type	Description
access_token	string	Character string that serves as the access token
expires_in	int	Period of validity (in seconds) of the access token
token_type	string	Access token type A fixed string ( <code>bearer</code> ) is returned.

## Coding example

```
curl -v -X POST -H "Content-Type:application/json" -s "https://example.com:443/portal/auth/v1/providers/builtin/token" -d @./request.json
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the `--cacert` option, or run the command with the `-k` option specified. (The `-k` option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Getting information about users who obtained an access token

The following request gets information about users who obtained an access token.

**Execution permission**

None.

**Request line**

```
GET base-URL/auth/v1/providers/builtin/userinfo
```

**Request message****Object ID**

None.

**Query parameters**

None.

**Body**

None.

**Response message****Body**

```
{
    "sub": "63583645-fc6f-416d-94a1-1e0719247f4d",
    "name": "john smith",
    "given_name": "john",
    "family_name": "smith",
    "preferred_username": "john_smith",
    "email": "john_smith@example.com",
    "email_verified": false,
    "https://opscenter/user_groups": [
        "92d2677b-a3a2-4643-a908-49ade439e0d4"
    ],
    "https://opscenter/user_is_enabled": true,
    "https://opscenter/roles": [
        "opscenter-user",
        "offline_access",
        "uma_authorization"
    ]
}
```

Attribute	Type	Description
sub	string	Object ID of the user
name	string	Full name of the user
given_name	string	First name of the user

Attribute	Type	Description
family_name	string	Last name of the user
preferred_username	string	Username
email	string	Email address
email_verified	boolean	Whether or not the email address is verified <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ true: Verified</li> <li>▪ false: Not verified</li> </ul>
https://opscenter/user_groups	string[]	ID of the user group that the user belongs to
https://opscenter/user_is_enabled	boolean	Whether the user account is enabled <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ true: The user account is enabled.</li> <li>▪ false: The user account is disabled.</li> </ul>
https://opscenter/roles	string[]	ID of the role that was assigned to the user

### Coding example

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/auth/v1/providers/builtin/userinfo"
-H "Authorization: Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Managing external authentication

The following describes the API requests for managing external authentication.

### Performing connection and authentication tests for the Active Directory server

The following request performs connection and authentication tests for the Active Directory server.

#### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

## Request line

```
POST base-URL/security/v1/external-user-storage-test-connection
```

## Request message

### Object ID

None.

### Query parameters

None.

### Body

#### To perform only a connection test:

```
{  
    "action": "testConnection",  
    "connectionUrl": "ldaps://example.com"  
}
```

#### To perform both a connection test and an authentication test:

```
{  
    "action": "testAuthentication",  
    "connectionUrl": "ldaps://example.com",  
    "bindDn": "admin@example.com",  
    "bindCredential": "password"  
}
```

Attribute	Type	Description
action	string	(Required) Type of test

Attribute	Type	Description
		<p>Specify either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>testConnection</code>: Specify this attribute to test whether the connection destination specified by the <code>connectionUrl</code> attribute is accessible.</li> <li>▪ <code>testAuthentication</code>: Specify this attribute to test whether the connection destination specified by the <code>connectionUrl</code> attribute is accessible and whether authentication can be performed by using the authentication information specified by the <code>bindDn</code> and <code>bindCredential</code> attributes.</li> </ul>
<code>connectionUrl</code>	string	<p>(Required) URL of the connection-destination Active Directory server Specify a URL that starts with <code>ldaps://</code> or <code>ldap://</code>.</p>
<code>bindDn</code>	string	<p>(Optional) Bind DN If you specified <code>testAuthentication</code> for the <code>action</code> attribute, you must specify this attribute.</p>
<code>bindCredential</code>	string	<p>(Optional) Password for the bind DN If you specified <code>testAuthentication</code> is specified for the <code>action</code> attribute, you must specify this attribute.</p>

## Response message

### Body

None.

## Coding example

```
curl -v -X POST -H "Content-Type:application/json" -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/external-user-storage-test-connection" -d @./request.json -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Getting a list of Active Directory or LDAP servers

The following request gets a list of Active Directory or LDAP servers registered in Common Services.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

### Request line

```
GET base-URL/security/v1/external-user-storage
```

### Request message

#### Object ID

None.

#### Query parameters

None.

#### Body

None.

### Response message

#### Body

##### For Active Directory servers

```
[  
  {  
    "id": "1022c8b2-934e-4097-8112-64b0274a3653",  
    "name": "ldap-srv2",  
    "priority": 1,  
    "userAuthenticationProtocol": "LDAP",  
    "vendor": "ACTIVE_DIRECTORY",  
    "connectionUrl": "ldaps://vm.ldap-srv2.soft.example.co.jp",  
    "baseDn": "CN=Users,DC=ldap-srv2,DC=soft,DC=example,DC=co,DC=jp",  
    "bindDn": "admin@ldap-srv2.soft.example.co.jp",  
    "bindPassword": null,  
    "groupEntryDnList": [  
      "CN=admins,CN=Users,DC=ldap-srv2,DC=soft,DC=example,DC=co,  
      DC=jp",  
    ]  
  }  
]
```

```

    "CN=users,CN=Users,DC=ldap-srv2,DC=soft,DC=example,DC=co,
    DC=jp"
    ],
    "kerberosRealm": null,
    "enabled": true,
    "defaultGroupMappingEnabled": false,
    "config": {
        "customUserSearchFilter": "(ou=Ops Center*)"
    }
}
]

```

**For LDAP servers**

```

[
{
    "id": "1022c8b2-934e-4097-8112-64b0274a3653",
    "name": "ldap-srv2",
    "priority": 1,
    "userAuthenticationProtocol": "LDAP",
    "vendor": "GENERAL",
    "connectionUrl": "ldaps://vm.ldap-srv2.soft.example.co.jp",
    "baseDn": "CN=Users,DC=ldap-srv2,DC=soft,DC=example,DC=co,DC=jp",
    "bindDn": "admin@ldap-srv2.soft.example.co.jp",
    "bindPassword": null,
    "groupEntryDnList": null,
    "kerberosRealm": null,
    "enabled": true,
    "defaultGroupMappingEnabled": true,
    "config": {
        "usernameLDAPAttribute": "userPrincipalName",
        "rdnLDAPAttribute": "cn",
        "customUserSearchFilter": "(ou=Ops Center*)",
        "lastNameLDAPAttribute": "sn",
        "emailLDAPAttribute": "mail",
        "fullNameLDAPAttribute": "cn",
        "searchScope": "2",
        "uuidLDAPAttribute": "objectGUID",
        "userObjectClasses": "person, organizationalPerson"
    }
}
]

```

Attribute	Type	Description
id	string	Object ID
name	string	Server name

Attribute	Type	Description
priority	int	Priority
userAuthenticationProtocol	string	<p>Authentication method</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ LDAP</li> <li>▪ Kerberos</li> </ul>
vendor	string	<p>Type of directory service</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ ACTIVE_DIRECTORY: Active Directory</li> <li>▪ GENERAL: Not Active Directory</li> </ul>
connectionUrl	string	URL of the connection-destination Active Directory or LDAP server
baseDn	string	BaseDN
bindDn	string	Bind DN
bindPassword	string	Password for the bind DN
groupEntryDnList	string[]	<p>List of DNs of the groups to be synchronized</p> <p>If the value of the <code>vendor</code> attribute is <code>GENERAL</code>, the value <code>null</code> is always returned.</p>
kerberosRealm	string	<p>Realm name for Kerberos authentication</p> <p>If the value of the <code>userAuthenticationProtocol</code> attribute is <code>LDAP</code>, the value <code>null</code> is always returned.</p>
enabled	boolean	<p>Whether the server setting is enabled</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>true</code>: Enabled</li> <li>▪ <code>false</code>: Disabled</li> </ul>
defaultGroupMappingEnabled	boolean	<p>Whether all the users under the BaseDN of the Active Directory or LDAP server are allocated to the <code>opscenter-users</code> group</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>true</code>: The users are allocated to the group.</li> <li>▪ <code>false</code>: The users are not allocated to the group.</li> </ul>
config	object	Configuration information of the Active Directory or LDAP server

Attribute	Type	Description
		<p>When the <code>vendor</code> attribute is <code>ACTIVE_DIRECTORY</code>, the following configuration information of the Active Directory server is displayed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>customUserSearchFilter</code> (<code>string</code>) The search filter for narrowing down the users to be displayed in the Users window of the Hitachi Ops Center Portal</li> </ul> <p>When the <code>vendor</code> attribute is <code>GENERAL</code>, the following configuration information of the LDAP server is displayed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>usernameLDAPAttribute</code> (<code>string</code>) The LDAP attribute allocated to the user ID</li> <li>▪ <code>emailLDAPAttribute</code> (<code>string</code>) The LDAP attribute allocated to the email address of the user account</li> <li>▪ <code>lastNameLDAPAttribute</code> (<code>string</code>) The LDAP attribute allocated to the last name of the user account</li> <li>▪ <code>fullNameLDAPAttribute</code> (<code>string</code>) The LDAP attribute allocated to the full name of the user account</li> <li>▪ When information is set for the <code>firstNameLDAPAttribute</code> attribute, this attribute is not displayed. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>firstNameLDAPAttribute</code> (<code>string</code>) The LDAP attribute allocated to the first name of the user account</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ When information is set for the <code>fullNameLDAPAttribute</code> attribute, this attribute is not displayed. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>rdnLDAPAttribute</code> (<code>string</code>) The LDAP attribute used as the RDN</li> <li>▪ <code>uuidLDAPAttribute</code> (<code>string</code>) The LDAP attribute used as the UUID</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Attribute	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>userObjectClasses</code> (string) The object class of the users to be imported</li> <li>▪ <code>searchScope</code> (string) The range of hierarchy levels in which to search for the users to be imported           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: One level</li> <li>• 2: Subtree</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ <code>customUserSearchFilter</code> (string) The search filter for narrowing down the users to be imported</li> </ul>

### Coding example

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/external-user-storage" -H "Authorization: Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the `curl` command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the `--cacert` option, or run the command with the `-k` option specified. (The `-k` option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Getting information about a specific Active Directory or LDAP server

The following request gets information about a specific Active Directory or LDAP server registered in Common Services.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

### Request line

```
GET base-URL/security/v1/external-user-storage/object-ID-of-the-server
```

### Request message

#### Object ID of the server

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting a list of Active Directory or LDAP servers.

Attribute	Type	Description
id	string	(Required) Object ID of the Active Directory or LDAP server

**Query parameters**

None.

**Body**

None.

**Response message****Body****For an Active Directory server**

```
{
  "id": "1022c8b2-934e-4097-8112-64b0274a3653",
  "name": "ldap-srv2",
  "priority": 1,
  "userAuthenticationProtocol": "LDAP",
  "vendor": "ACTIVE_DIRECTORY",
  "connectionUrl": "ldaps://vm.ldap-srv2.soft.example.co.jp",
  "baseDn": "CN=Users,DC=ldap-srv2,DC=soft,DC=example,DC=co,DC=jp",
  "bindDn": "admin@ldap-srv2.soft.example.co.jp",
  "bindPassword": null,
  "groupEntryDnList": [
    "CN=admins,CN=Users,DC=ldap-srv2,DC=soft,DC=example,DC=co,DC=jp",
    "CN=users,CN=Users,DC=ldap-srv2,DC=soft,DC=example,DC=co,DC=jp"
  ],
  "kerberosRealm": null,
  "enabled": true,
  "defaultGroupMappingEnabled": false,
  "config": {
    "customUserSearchFilter": "(ou=Ops Center*)"
  }
}
```

**For an LDAP server**

```
{
  "id": "1022c8b2-934e-4097-8112-64b0274a3653",
  "name": "ldap-srv2",
  "priority": 1,
  "userAuthenticationProtocol": "LDAP",
  "vendor": "GENERAL",
  "connectionUrl": "ldaps://vm.ldap-srv2.soft.example.co.jp",
```

```

    "baseDn": "CN=Users,DC=ldap-srv2,DC=soft,DC=example,DC=co,DC=jp",
    "bindDn": "admin@ldap-srv2.soft.example.co.jp",
    "bindPassword": null,
    "groupEntryDnList": null,
    "kerberosRealm": null,
    "enabled": true,
    "defaultGroupMappingEnabled": true,
    "config": {
        "usernameLDAPAttribute": "userPrincipalName",
        "rdnLDAPAttribute": "cn",
        "customUserSearchFilter": "(ou=Ops Center*)",
        "lastNameLDAPAttribute": "sn",
        "emailLDAPAttribute": "mail",
        "fullNameLDAPAttribute": "cn",
        "searchScope": "2",
        "uuidLDAPAttribute": "objectGUID",
        "userObjectClasses": "person, organizationalPerson"
    }
}
}

```

Attribute	Type	Description
id	string	Object ID of the Active Directory or LDAP server
name	string	Server name
priority	int	Priority
userAuthenticationProtocol	string	Authentication method <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ LDAP</li> <li>▪ Kerberos</li> </ul>
vendor	string	Type of directory service <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ ACTIVE_DIRECTORY: Active Directory</li> <li>▪ GENERAL: Not Active Directory</li> </ul>
connectionUrl	string	URL of the connection-destination Active Directory or LDAP server
baseDn	string	BaseDN
bindDn	string	Bind DN
bindPassword	string	Password for the bind DN
groupEntryDnList	string[]	List of DNs of the groups to be synchronized

Attribute	Type	Description
		If the value of the <code>vendor</code> attribute is <code>GENERAL</code> , the value <code>null</code> is always returned.
kerberosRealm	string	Realm name for Kerberos authentication If the value of the <code>userAuthenticationProtocol</code> attribute is <code>LDAP</code> , the value <code>null</code> is always returned.
enabled	boolean	Whether the server setting is enabled <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>true</code>: Enabled</li> <li>▪ <code>false</code>: Disabled</li> </ul>
defaultGroupMappingEnabled	boolean	Whether all the users under the BaseDN of the Active Directory or LDAP server are allocated to the <code>opscenter-users</code> group <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>true</code>: The users are allocated to the group.</li> <li>▪ <code>false</code>: The users are not allocated to the group.</li> </ul>
config	object	Configuration information of the Active Directory or LDAP server <p>When the <code>vendor</code> attribute is <code>ACTIVE_DIRECTORY</code>, the following configuration information of the Active Directory server is displayed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>customUserSearchFilter (string)</code> The search filter for narrowing down the users to be displayed in the Users window of the Hitachi Ops Center Portal</li> </ul> <p>When the <code>vendor</code> attribute is <code>GENERAL</code>, the following configuration information of the LDAP server is displayed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>usernameLDAPAttribute (string)</code> The LDAP attribute allocated to the user ID</li> <li>▪ <code>emailLDAPAttribute (string)</code> The LDAP attribute allocated to the email address of the user account</li> <li>▪ <code>lastNameLDAPAttribute (string)</code> The LDAP attribute allocated to the last name of the user account</li> </ul>

Attribute	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>fullNameLDAPAttribute</code> (string) The LDAP attribute allocated to the full name of the user account When information is set for the <code>firstNameLDAPAttribute</code> attribute, this attribute is not displayed.</li> <li>▪ <code>firstNameLDAPAttribute</code> (string) The LDAP attribute allocated to allocated to the first name of the user account When information is set for the <code>fullNameLDAPAttribute</code> attribute, this attribute is not displayed.</li> <li>▪ <code>rdnLDAPAttribute</code> (string) The LDAP attribute used as the RDN</li> <li>▪ <code>uuidLDAPAttribute</code> (string) The LDAP attribute used as the UUID</li> <li>▪ <code>userObjectClasses</code> (string) The object class of the users to be imported</li> <li>▪ <code>searchScope</code> (string) The range of hierarchy levels in which to search for users to be imported <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1: One level</li> <li>• 2: Subtree</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ <code>customUserSearchFilter</code> (string) The search filter for narrowing down the users to be imported</li> </ul>

### Coding example

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/external-user-storage/1022c8b2-934e-4097-8112-64b0274a3653" -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the `curl` command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the `--cacert` option, or run the command with the `-k` option specified. (The `-k` option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Getting a list of realms for Kerberos authentication

The following request gets a list of realms for Kerberos authentication registered in Common Services.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

#### Request line

```
GET base-URL/security/v1/kerberos-realm
```

#### Request message

##### Object ID

None.

##### Query parameters

None.

##### Body

None.

#### Response message

##### Body

```
[
  {
    "id": "8a44f59a6f87e5d4016f880c544c0000",
    "realm": "LDAP-SRV2.SOFT.EXAMPLE.CO.JP",
    "kdcs": [
      "vm.ldap-srv2.soft.example.co.jp"
    ]
  }
]
```

Attribute	Type	Description
id	string	Object ID of the realm
realm	string	Realm name
kdcs	string[]	List of KDC servers

**Coding example**

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/kerberos-realm" -H
"Authorization: Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Getting information about a specific realm for Kerberos authentication

The following request gets information about a specific realm for Kerberos authentication registered in Common Services.

**Execution permission**

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

**Request line**

```
GET base-URL/security/v1/kerberos-realm/object-ID-of-the-realm
```

**Request message****Object ID of the realm**

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of realms for Kerberos authentication.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>id</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the realm

**Query parameters**

None.

**Body**

None.

**Response message****Body**

```
{
  "id": "8a44f59a6f87e5d4016f880c544c0000",
  "realm": "LDAP-SRV2.SOFT.EXAMPLE.CO.JP",
```

```

    "kdcs": [
      "vm.ldap-srv2.soft.example.co.jp"
    ]
}

```

Attribute	Type	Description
id	string	Object ID of the realm
realm	string	Realm name
kdcs	string[]	List of KDC servers

### Coding example

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/kerberos-realm/4028b8816e4ad3ee016e5d76637c0000" -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Getting Kerberos authentication connection information

The following request gets Kerberos authentication connection information registered in Common Services.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

### Request line

```
GET base-URL/security/v1/kerberos-connection-settings
```

### Request message

#### Object ID

None.

#### Query parameters

None.

#### Body

None.

## **Response message**

### **Body**

```
{  
    "clockskew" : 0,  
    "dnsLookupKdc" : true  
}
```

Attribute	Type	Description
clockskew	int	Allowable time difference between Common Services and the Kerberos server (in seconds)
dnsLookupKdc	boolean	Whether to query the DNS server for KDC information <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ true: Queries the server.</li><li>▪ false: Does not query the server.</li></ul>

## **Coding example**

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/kerberos-connection-settings" -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## **Checking the number of users to be acquired from an Active Directory or LDAP server**

Check the number of users to be acquired from an Active Directory or LDAP server. This number is the number of users to be displayed in the Users window of the Hitachi Ops Center Portal.

### **Execution permission**

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

### **Request line**

```
POST base-URL/security/v1/external-user-storage-test-search-limit-exceeded
```

**Request message**

**Object ID**

None.

**Query parameters**

None.

**Body**

```
{  
    "connectionUrl": "ldaps://example.com",  
    "bindDn": "cn=Directory Manager",  
    "bindPassword": "password",  
    "baseDn": "OU=Subtree,DC=example,DC=com",  
    "objectClasses": "person, organizationalPerson",  
    "searchScope": "1",  
    "customUserSearchFilter": "(ou=Ops Center*)",  
    "usernameLDAPAttribute": "uid"  
}
```

Attribute	Type	Description
connectionUrl	string	(Required) URL of the connection-destination Active Directory or LDAP server
bindDn	string	(Required) Bind DN
bindPassword	string	(Required) Password for the bind DN
baseDn	string	(Required) BaseDN
objectClasses	string	(Required)  For an Active Directory server Specify person,organizationalPerson,user.  For an LDAP server The object class of the users to be acquired To specify multiple values, separate the values by using commas.
searchScope	string	(Required)  For an Active Directory server Specify 2.  For an LDAP server The range of hierarchy levels in which to search for users to be acquired

Attribute	Type	Description
		<p>Specify either of the following.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ 1: One level</li> <li>▪ 2: Subtree</li> </ul>
customUserSearchFilter	string	<p>(Optional) The search filter for narrowing down the users to be acquired</p> <p>The syntax of the search filter conforms to RFC 2254.</p>
usernameLDAPAttribute	string	<p>(Required)</p> <p>For an Active Directory server</p> <p>Specify <code>sAMAccountName</code>.</p> <p>For an LDAP server</p> <p>LDAP attribute that uniquely identifies the user to be acquired</p>

### Response message

#### Body

```
{
    "count" : 5,
    "maxValue" : 100
}
```

Attribute	Type	Description
count	int	<p>The number of users acquired from the Active Directory or LDAP server</p> <p>If the number of users is greater than the value of the <code>maxValue</code> attribute, -1 is returned.</p>
maxValue	int	The maximum number of users that can be displayed in the Users window of the Hitachi Ops Center Portal

## Coding example

```
curl -v -X POST -H "Content-Type:application/json" -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/external-user-storage-test-search-limit-exceeded" -d @./request.json -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

# Managing identity providers

This section describes the API requests related to the management of identity providers.

## Getting a list of identity providers

The following request gets a list of identity providers registered in Common Services.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

### Request line

```
GET base-URL/idp/v1/external-identity-provider
```

### Request message

#### Object ID

None.

#### Query parameters

None.

#### Body

None.

### Response message

#### Body

##### When the federation protocol is OIDC

```
[  
 {  
 "providerType": "ADFS",
```

```

    "protocol": "oidc",
    "alias": "ad5oidc",
    "displayName": "AD5OIDC",
    "fromUrl": "https://adfs.example.com/adfs/.well-known/openid-
configuration",
    "enabled": true,
    "guiOrder": 1,
    "defaultGroupList": [
        {
            "localGroupId": "a39f9e45-5e2e-446b-89d3-93f9e9ec4c31",
            "localGroupName": "opscenter-users"
        }
    ],
    "customGroupList": [
        {
            "idpGroupName": "opscenter-ad5\\opscenter_admins",
            "localGroupId": "9fd2ef28-5077-4816-ade8-526204f4d2ac",
            "localGroupName": "opscenter-administrators"
        }
    ],
    "clientId": "a49d4539-c080-4436-8bcb-113271b5152a",
    "clientSecret": "*****",
    "config": {
        "userInfoUrl": "https://adfs.example.com/adfs/userinfo",
        "validateSignature": "true",
        "redirectURI": "https://example.com:8443/auth/realm/opscenter/broker/ad5oidc/endpoint",
        "clientId": "a49d4539-c080-4436-8bcb-113271b5152a",
        "tokenUrl": "https://adfs.example.com/adfs/oauth2/token/",
        "jwksUrl": "https://adfs.example.com/adfs/discovery/keys",
        "issuer": "https://adfs.example.com/adfs",
        "useJwksUrl": "true",
        "authorizationUrl": "https://adfs.example.com/adfs/oauth2/authorize/",
        "clientAuthMethod": "client_secret_post",
        "disableUserInfo": "true",
        "fromUrl": "https://adfs.example.com/adfs/.well-known/openid-
configuration",
        "logoutUrl": "https://adfs.example.com/adfs/oauth2/logout",
        "syncMode": "FORCE",
        "clientSecret": "*****",
        "allowedClockSkew": "300",
        "defaultScope": "https://example.com/openid https://example.com/allatclaims"
    }
]

```

## When the federation protocol is SAML

```
[
  {
    "providerType": "ADFS",
    "protocol": "saml",
    "alias": "ad5saml",
    "displayName": "AD5SAML",
    "fromUrl": "https://adfs.example.com/FederationMetadata/2007-06/
FederationMetadata.xml",
    "enabled": true,
    "guiOrder": 1,
    "defaultGroupList": [
      {
        "localGroupId": "a39f9e45-5e2e-446b-89d3-93f9e9ec4c31",
        "localGroupName": "opscenter-users"
      }
    ],
    "customGroupList": [
      {
        "idpGroupName": "opscenter-ad5\\opscenter_admins",
        "localGroupId": "9fd2ef28-5077-4816-ade8-526204f4d2ac",
        "localGroupName": "opscenter-administrators"
      }
    ],
    "clientId": null,
    "clientSecret": null,
    "config": {
      "redirectURI": "https://example.com:8443/auth/realms/
opscenter/broker/ad5saml/endpoint",
      "samlXmlKeyNameTransformer": "KEY_ID",
      "postBindingLogout": "true",
      "postBindingResponse": "true",
      "singleLogoutServiceUrl": "https://adfs.example.com/
adfs/ls/",
      "claimEmail": "http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/
identity/claims/emailaddress",
      "claimFirstname": "http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/
identity/claims/givenname",
      "claimGroup": "http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/claims/Group",
      "claimLastname": "http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/
identity/claims/surname",
      "xmlSigKeyInfoKeyNameTransformer": "CERT_SUBJECT",
      "metadataEndpoint": "https://example.com:8443/auth/realms/
opscenter/broker/ad5saml/endpoint/descriptor",
      "syncMode": "FORCE",
      "singleSignOnServiceUrl": "https://adfs.example.com/
adfs/ls/",
      "wantAuthnRequestsSigned": "true",
    }
  }
]
```

```

        "allowedClockSkew": "300",
        "encryptionPublicKey":
        "MIIDDDCCAfSgAwIBAgIQPniaLjBZQo1Pp9AouqTIATANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQsFADBCMUAwPgYD
VQQDEzdBREZTIEVuY3J5cHRpb24gLsB2bTiZnza1My5vcmlvbilhZDIuc29mdC5oaXRhY2hpL
mNvLmpwMB4XDTIxMDMyMzA0MTI0MVoXDTI0MDMyMjA0MTI0MVowQjFAMD4GA1UEAxM3QURGUy
BFbmNyeXB0aW9uIC0gdm0yMzcwNTMu3Jpb24tYWQyLnNvZnQuaG10YWNoaS5jby5qcDCAS
wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADggEPADCCAQoCggEBAMpFyp71B7YdRjnKir4RlRgJIshm1x9ZmjPZ
YXu+VZ0o7m+r6a+CwuH3zsFJhu8/
QYhjAthL6iHwyrLdv3YETOrURRzd23BY3q0d9aZ50efaAfh1NfcZOltoMkFhOvz39TGjtHL6F
layPkJKRP+AwONZ8VOWkAJIHlmMF3wX8myFHs6Y2cSR5C1bWGZ
+eRLfqP4gjLlribfcZMRc CulBHk7FrOe9k4hZd2/
IaqMVZQKEUofqv1r8fpSu99e01pR59hv0JUQE6x12mgmKQygMceit
+mCEldw5N311xq8vj3Uab120euadSDYbOJDauNUwFhx360VJM06vmZqSpnJlcECAwEAATANBg
kqhkiG9w0BAQsFAAOCAQEAo7wvasuKX7NtGd8YchzwZ/v/
2klTOjx1tmuWS0TezKAnzSofYmJn7HAYugJa/
VUal8nehvBAPpjajjRvArDLsZBAxOzYsn2U4m3XuEzHrtS+40/dBS/
vYGldIfTfupVjCRJzvV35ONFL7sqnxnnxk0PiVTCOr3jY3oIqb8uRELFYemLgDEEdB3YizHON
dtzWHdWICHyWTYdZBe3zfiz13UEIOfbZieMolgXjZquiNcoO/
EZKLujWgbupc17B7RQOhX1ZeKY20Gcl2opqnaBRcib2bTyg6R0E
+ZGm6yOy6pC8pYdbvvKv9uBoys7BB/JgbSnLWXz9nB7c6o/yU6WdCA==",
        "validateSignature": "true",
        "signingCertificate":
        "MIIDBjCCAe6gAwIBAgIQMCWzE1wV4b9Kq4X13T/i3DANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQsFADA/
MT0wOwYDVQQDEzRBREZTIFNpZ25pbmcgLSB2bTiZnza1My5vcmlvbilhZDIuc29mdC5oaXRhY
2hpLmNvLmpwMB4XDTIxMDMyMzA0MTI0MVoXDTI0MDMyMjA0MTI0MVowPzE9MDsGA1UEAxM0QU
RGUyBTaWduaW5nIC0gdm0yMzcwNTMu3Jpb24tYWQyLnNvZnQuaG10YWNoaS5jby5qcDCAS
wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADggEPADCCAQoCggEBAIwQWRYEJ1MglkuKBBStb
+c1Bz3Q1rzDlcXAPv1/
QQjOpWa20fB0Y1L2RmKTjtVE3AuUNEtJXkYfMWoYqVaDcudPj5I6zRve
+ZYE46KgyjDkDSBE2o2saENe74KvZ23G9J+1beKt/
hcmPdXKH6oOQ8c1C40fEXfxoiV2Uw5K31tOYfa71SeQ6ywYds0/
DYtUrJqK4juq2kvk7+hHsrQ7hNndKpAKhouq89KZ1opbxvG/
cdQqWR110NZx2CFTzrYXtVu5P4VzloBoA+GVvu7CBQoFlZ2dbWruI0oEPj7/ebV
+84HFZYG1NrSMn3D5Da
+6LwReljZEoDwJkNKz3m6cCAwEAATANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQsFAAOCAQEAiElrzirZug21oHupUe
zWbaeP7wAYFS8LB1Kpbry+xrtoaJhcdcEUUGwpadT283Yq3AXzRAVJ7rXPVhAGYCOuw
+1kq3WaT+glaTbQJPPAy57WhrhNLRRY3AwohOdCZ15fznTTMbREK4E0hJ1xh4r7Hst
+j1R9hLfMK115DNPKrBMzuiYXa566WIw6F708VLJxRQcTVG9P/
MqecOOuch6f91H4zDyNFPpjDmbssdGVCBX2RnVqHhUKJXPVCTTLDNAqqUZ4Z/wWzuEAhis0/
eyUBs0w3X1BVXYuHaEMIESpGDUSBrBY+Uqv6oR7q0i4Ge+YmfqqwpaxKAUrAN0m2ckA==",
        "nameIDPolicyFormat": "urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.1:nameid-format:WindowsDomainQualifiedName",
        "signatureAlgorithm": "RSA_SHA256",
        "wantAssertionsEncrypted": "true",
        "useJwksUrl": "true",
        "wantAssertionsSigned": "true",
        "fromUrl": "https://adfs.example.com/FederationMetadata/2007-06/FederationMetadata.xml",
    
```

```

        "postBindingAuthnRequest": "true",
        "forceAuthn": "true",
        "addExtensionsElementWithKeyInfo": "false",
        "principalType": "SUBJECT"
    }
}
]

```

Attribute	Type	Description
providerType	string	Provider type A fixed string (ADFS) is returned.
protocol	string	Federation protocol <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ oidc</li> <li>▪ saml</li> </ul>
alias	string	Alias name
displayName	string	Display name
fromUrl	string	OpenID Connect discovery endpoint or metadata endpoint of the identity provider
enabled	boolean	Whether the server setting is enabled <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ true: Enabled</li> <li>▪ false: Disabled</li> </ul>
guiOrder	int	Server display sequence in the Identity Provider window A fixed value (1) is returned.
defaultGroupList	object	Settings of default group mappers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ localGroupId (string) Object ID of the local user group</li> <li>▪ localGroupName (string) Local user group name</li> </ul>

Attribute	Type	Description
customGroupList	object	<p>Settings of custom group mappers</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>idpGroupName</code> (string) Group name of the identity provider</li> <li>▪ <code>localGroupId</code> (string) Object ID of the local user group</li> <li>▪ <code>localGroupName</code> (string) Local user group name</li> </ul>
clientId	string	<p>Client ID of the identity provider</p> <p>If the value of the <code>protocol</code> attribute is <code>saml</code>, the value <code>null</code> is always returned.</p>
clientSecret	string	<p>Client secret of the identity provider</p> <p>If the value of the <code>protocol</code> attribute is <code>oidc</code>, the value <code>*****</code> is always returned.</p> <p>If the value of the <code>protocol</code> attribute is <code>saml</code>, the value <code>null</code> is always returned.</p>
config	object	Configuration information of the identity provider

### Coding example

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/idp/v1/external-identity-provider" -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the `curl` command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the `--cacert` option, or run the command with the `-k` option specified. (The `-k` option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Getting information about a specific identity provider

The following request gets information about a specific identity provider registered in Common Services.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

**Request line**

```
GET base-URL/idp/v1/external-identity-provider/alias-name
```

**Request message****Alias name**

Specify the value of `alias` acquired by using the request for getting a list of identity providers.

Attribute	Type	Description
alias	string	(Required) Alias name of the identity provider

**Query parameters**

None.

**Body**

None.

**Response message****Body****When the federation protocol is OIDC**

```
{
    "providerType": "ADFS",
    "protocol": "oidc",
    "alias": "ad5oidc",
    "displayName": "AD5OIDC",
    "fromUrl": "https://adfs.example.com/adfs/.well-known/openid-configuration",
    "enabled": true,
    "guiOrder": 1,
    "defaultGroupList": [
        {
            "localGroupId": "a39f9e45-5e2e-446b-89d3-93f9e9ec4c31",
            "localGroupName": "opscenter-users"
        }
    ],
    "customGroupList": [
        {
            "idpGroupName": "opscenter-ad5\\opscenter_admins",
            "localGroupId": "9fd2ef28-5077-4816-ade8-526204f4d2ac",
            "localGroupName": "opscenter-administrators"
        }
    ],
}
```

```

    "clientId": "a49d4539-c080-4436-8bcb-113271b5152a",
    "clientSecret": "*****",
    "config": {
        "userInfoUrl": "https://adfs.example.com/adfs/userinfo",
        "validateSignature": "true",
        "redirectURI": "https://example.com:8443/auth/realms/opscenter/
broker/ad5oidc/endpoint",
        "clientId": "a49d4539-c080-4436-8bcb-113271b5152a",
        "tokenUrl": "https://adfs.example.com/adfs/oauth2/token/",
        "jwksUrl": "https://adfs.example.com/adfs/discovery/keys",
        "issuer": "https://adfs.example.com/adfs",
        "useJwksUrl": "true",
        "authorizationUrl": "https://adfs.example.com/adfs/oauth2/
authorize/",
        "clientAuthMethod": "client_secret_post",
        "disableUserInfo": "true",
        "fromUrl": "https://adfs.example.com/adfs/.well-known/openid-
configuration",
        "logoutUrl": "https://adfs.example.com/adfs/oauth2/logout",
        "syncMode": "FORCE",
        "clientSecret": "*****",
        "allowedClockSkew": "300",
        "defaultScope": "https://example.com/openid https://example.com/
allatclaims"
    }
}

```

### When the federation protocol is SAML

```

{
    "providerType": "ADFS",
    "protocol": "saml",
    "alias": "ad5saml",
    "displayName": "AD5SAML",
    "fromUrl": "https://adfs.example.com/FederationMetadata/2007-06/
FederationMetadata.xml",
    "enabled": true,
    "guiOrder": 1,
    "defaultGroupList": [
        {
            "localGroupId": "a39f9e45-5e2e-446b-89d3-93f9e9ec4c31",
            "localGroupName": "opscenter-users"
        }
    ],
    "customGroupList": [
        {
            "idpGroupName": "opscenter-ad5\\opscenter_admins",
            "localGroupId": "9fd2ef28-5077-4816-ade8-526204f4d2ac",

```

```

        "localGroupName": "opscenter-administrators"
    }
],
"clientId": null,
"clientSecret": null,
"config": {
    "redirectURI": "https://example.com:8443/auth/realms/opscenter/broker/ad5saml/endpoint",
    "samlXmlKeyNameTransformer": "KEY_ID",
    "postBindingLogout": "true",
    "postBindingResponse": "true",
    "singleLogoutServiceUrl": "https://adfs.example.com/adfs/ls/",
    "claimEmail": "http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/emailaddress",
    "claimFirstname": "http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/givenname",
    "claimGroup": "http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/claims/Group",
    "claimLastname": "http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/surname",
    "xmlSigKeyInfoKeyNameTransformer": "CERT_SUBJECT",
    "metadataEndpoint": "https://example.com:8443/auth/realms/opscenter/broker/ad5saml/endpoint/descriptor",
    "syncMode": "FORCE",
    "singleSignOnServiceUrl": "https://adfs.example.com/adfs/ls/",
    "wantAuthnRequestsSigned": "true",
    "allowedClockSkew": "300",
    "encryptionPublicKey": "MIIDDDCCAfSgAwIBAgIQPniaLjBZQo1Pp9AouqTIATANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQsFADBCMUAwPgYD
VQQDEzdBREZTIEVuY3J5cHRpb24gLBS2bTlZnA1My5vcmlvbilhZDIuc29mdC5oaXRhY2hpL
mNvLmpwMB4XDTIxMDMyMzA0MTI0MVoXDTI0MDMyMjA0MTI0MVowQjFAMD4GA1UEAxM3QURGUy
BFbmNyeXB0aW9uIC0gdm0yMzcwNTMu3Jpb24tYWQyLnNvZnQuaG10YWNoaS5jby5qcDCCASTI
wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADggEPADCCAQoCggEBAMpfyp71B7YdRjnKir4RlRgJlshm1x9ZmjPZ
YXu+VZ0o7m+r6a+CwuH3zsFJlhu8/
QYhjAthL6iHwyrLdv3YETOrURRzd23BY3q0d9aZ50efaafh1NfcZOltoMkFhOvz39TGjtHL6F
layPkJKRP+AwONZ8VOWKAJTHlmMF3wX8myFHs6Y2cSR5ClbWGZ
+eRLfQP4gjLlribfcZMRCuBlhK7FrOe9k4hZd2/
IaqMVZQKEUofqv1r8fpSu99e01pR59hvoJUQE6x12mgmKmQygMceit
+mCE1dw5N311xq8vj3Uab120euadSDYbOJDauNUwFhx360VJM06vmZqSpnJ1cECAwEAATANBg
kqhkiG9w0BAQsFAAOCAQEAAo7wvasuKX7NtGd8YcHzwZ/v/
2k1T0jx1tmuWS0TezKAnZSofYmJn7HAYugJa/
VUal8nehvBAPjajjRvArDLsZBAxOzYsn2U4m3XuEzHrtS+40/dBS/
vYGldIfTfupVjCRJZvV35ONFL7sqnxnnxk0PiVTC0r3jY3oIqB8uRELFYEmLgDEEdB3YizH0N
dtzWHdWICHyWTYdzBe3zfiz13UEIOfbZIeMolgXjZquiNcOO/
EZKLuJWgbupc17B7RQOhX1ZeKY2OGcl2opqnaBRcib2bTyg6R0E
+ZGm6yOy6pC8pYdbvvKv9uBoys7BB/JgbSnLWXz9nB7c6o/yU6WdCA==",
    "validateSignature": "true",
    "signingCertificate": "MIIDBjCCAe6gAwIBAgIQMCWzE1wV4b9Kq4X13T/i3DANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQsFADA/"
}

```

```

MT0w0wYDVQQDEzRBREZTIFNpZ25pbmcgLSB2bTIzNzA1My5vcmlvbilhZDIuc29mdC5oaXRhY
2hpLmNvLmpwMB4XDTIxMDMyMzA0MTI0NVoXDTI0MDMyMjA0MTI0NVowPzE9MDsGA1UEAxM0QU
RGUyBTaWduaW5nIC0gdm0yMzcwNTMu3Jpb24tYWQyLnNvZnQuaG10YWNoaS5jby5qcDCCASI
wDQYJKoZIhvNAQEQQADggEPADCCAQoCggEBAlwQWHRYEJ1MglckuKBBStb
+C1Bz3Q1rzDlcXAPv1/
QQjOpWa20fB0Y1L2RmKTjtVE3AuUNEtJXkYfMWoYqVaDcudPj5I6zRve
+ZYE46KgyjDkDSBE2o2saEne74KvZ23G9J+1beKt/
hcmPdXKH6oOQ8c1C40fEXfxoiV2Uw5K3ltOYfa7lSeQ6ywYdso/
DYtUrJqK4juq2kvk7+hHsrQ7hNndKpAKhouq89KZ1pbz xvG/
cdQqWR110NZx2CFTzrYXtVu5P4VzloBoA+GVvu7CBQoFlZ2dbWruI0oEPj7/ebV
+84HFZYG1NrSMn3D5Da
+6LwReljZEoDwJkNKz3m6cCAwEAATANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQsFAAOCAQEAIelrzirZug21oHupUe
zWbaeP7wAYfS8LBIKpbyR+xrtoaJhc dcEUUGwpadT283Yq3AXzRAVJ7rXPVhAGYCOuw
+1kq3WaT+glaTbQJPPAy57WhrhNLRRY3Aw owohOdCZi5fznTTMbREK4E0hJ1xh4r7Hst
+J1R9hLfMK115DNPKrBMZuiYXa566WIw6F708VLJxRQcTVG9P/
MqecOOuch6f91H4zDyNFPrjDmbssdGVCBX2RnVqHhUKJXPVCTTLDOqqUZ4Z/wWzuEAhis0/
eyUBs0w3X1BVXYuHaEMIESpGDUSBrBY+Uqv6oR7q0i4Ge+YmfqqwpaxKAurAN0m2ckA==",
    "nameIDPolicyFormat": "urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.1:nameid-
format:WindowsDomainQualified Name",
    "signatureAlgorithm": "RSA_SHA256",
    "wantAssertionsEncrypted": "true",
    "useJwksUrl": "true",
    "wantAssertionsSigned": "true",
    "fromUrl": "https://adfs.example.com/FederationMetadata/2007-06/
FederationMetadata.xml",
    "postBindingAuthnRequest": "true",
    "forceAuthn": "true",
    "addExtensionsElementWithKeyInfo": "false",
    "principalType": "SUBJECT"
}
}
}

```

Attribute	Type	Description
providerType	string	Provider type A fixed string (ADFS) is returned.
protocol	string	Federation protocol <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ oidc</li> <li>▪ saml</li> </ul>
alias	string	Alias name
displayName	string	Display name
fromUrl	string	OpenID Connect discovery endpoint or metadata endpoint of the identify provider

Attribute	Type	Description
enabled	boolean	Whether the server setting is enabled <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ true: Enabled</li> <li>▪ false: Disabled</li> </ul>
guiOrder	int	Server display sequence in the Identify Providers window  A fixed value (1) is returned.
defaultGroupList	object	Configuration of default group mappers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ localGroupId (string) Object ID of the local user group</li> <li>▪ localGroupName (string) Local user group name</li> </ul>
customGroupList	object	Settings of custom group mappers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ idpGroupName (string) Group name of the identity provider</li> <li>▪ localGroupId (string) Object ID of the local user group</li> <li>▪ localGroupName (string) Local user group name</li> </ul>
clientId	string	Client ID of the identify provider  If the value of the <code>protocol</code> attribute is <code>saml</code> , the value <code>null</code> is always returned.
clientSecret	string	Client secret of the identity provider  If the value of the <code>protocol</code> attribute is <code>oidc</code> , the value <code>*****</code> is always returned.  If the value of the <code>protocol</code> attribute is <code>saml</code> , the value <code>null</code> is always returned.
config	object	Configuration information of the identity provider

**Coding example**

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/idp/v1/external-identity-provider/ad5oidc" -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

# Managing users

The following describes the API requests for managing users.

## Getting a list of users

The following request gets a list of users.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

### Request line

```
GET base-URL/security/v1/users
```

### Request message

#### Object ID

None.

#### Query parameters

Parameter	Type	Filter condition
search	string	String that must be included in the username, first name, last name, or email address of the user.

#### Body

None.

**Response message****Body**

```
[
  {
    "id": "a010279b-ae66-4c1d-b066-c45d50c9f75a",
    "username": "sysadmin",
    "firstName": "firstName",
    "lastName": null,
    "email": "sysadmin@example.com",
    "dn": null,
    "description": "Built-in user",
    "enabled": true,
    "builtin": true,
    "federatedIdentities": null
  },
  {
    "id": "82576381-e765-4645-a697-782111f8f5b5",
    "username": "user_1",
    "firstName": "1",
    "lastName": "user",
    "email": "user_1@example.com",
    "dn": null,
    "description": "description user_1",
    "enabled": true,
    "builtin": false,
    "federatedIdentities": [
      {
        "alias": "dummy_alias",
        "displayName": "DUMMY DISPLAY NAME"
      }
    ]
  }
]
```

Attribute	Type	Description
id	string	Object ID of the user
username	string	Username
firstName	string	First name of the user
lastName	string	Last name of the user
email	string	Email address
dn	string	Distinguished Name

Attribute	Type	Description
		If the user is not a user acquired from an Active Directory or LDAP server, the value <code>null</code> is always returned.
description	string	Description of the user account
enabled	boolean	Whether the user account is enabled <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>true</code>: The user account is enabled.</li> <li>▪ <code>false</code>: The user account is disabled.</li> </ul>
builtin	boolean	Whether the user is a built-in user <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>true</code>: The user is a built-in user.</li> <li>▪ <code>false</code>: The user is not a built-in user.</li> </ul>
federatedIdentities	object	Identity provider information If the user is not an identity provider user, <code>null</code> is always returned.
alias	string	Alias name that identifies the identity provider This is displayed when the user is an identity provider user.
displayName	string	Display name of the identity provider This is displayed when the user is an identity provider user.

### Coding example

When no query parameter is specified:

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/users" -H
"Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```

When a query parameter is specified:

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/users?search=smith" -H
"Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the `curl` command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the `--cacert` option, or run the command with the `-k` option specified. (The `-k` option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Getting information about a specific user

The following request gets information about a specific user.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

### Request line

```
GET base-URL/security/v1/users/object-ID-of-the-user
```

### Request message

#### Object ID of the user

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of users.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>id</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the user

### Query parameters

None.

### Body

None.

### Response message

#### Body

```
{
  "id": "a010279b-ae66-4c1d-b066-c45d50c9f75a",
  "username": "sysadmin",
  "firstName": "firstName",
  "lastName": null,
  "email": "sysadmin@example.com",
  "dn": null,
  "description": "Built-in user",
  "enabled": true,
  "builtin": true,
  "federatedIdentities": [
    {
      "alias": "dummy_alias",
      "displayName": "DUMMY DISPLAY NAME"
    }
  ]
}
```

```
        ]
    }
```

Attribute	Type	Description
id	string	Object ID of the user
username	string	Username
firstName	string	First name of the user
lastName	string	Last name of the user
email	string	Email address
dn	string	Distinguished Name If the user is not a user acquired from an Active Directory or LDAP server, the value <code>null</code> is always returned.
description	string	Description of the user account
enabled	boolean	Whether the user account is enabled <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>true</code>: The user account is enabled.</li> <li>▪ <code>false</code>: The user account is disabled.</li> </ul>
builtin	boolean	Whether the user is a built-in user <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>true</code>: The user is a built-in user.</li> <li>▪ <code>false</code>: The user is not a built-in user.</li> </ul>
federatedIdentities	object	Identity provider information If the user is not an identity provider user, <code>null</code> is always returned.
alias	string	Alias name that identifies the identity provider This is displayed when the user is an identity provider user.
displayName	string	Display name of the identity provider This is displayed when the user is an identity provider user.

### Coding example

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/users/a010279b-ae66-4c1d-b066-c45d50c9f75a" -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Getting a list of the user groups to which a specific user belongs

The following request gets a list of the user groups to which a specific user belongs.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

### Request line

```
GET base-URL/security/v1/users/object-ID-of-the-user/user-groups
```

### Request message

#### Object ID of the user

Specify the value of id acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of users.

Attribute	Type	Description
id	string	(Required) Object ID of the user

### Query parameters

None.

### Body

None.

### Response message

#### Body

```
[  
  {  
    "id": "4760d4c0-c593-42fe-b44a-553da4793882",  
    "name": "opscenter-administrators",  
    "path": "/opscenter-administrators",  
    "dn": null,  
    "description": null,  
    "builtin": true,  
    "essential": false,  
    "external": false
```

```

},
{
    "id": "7a773ca8-49cf-4ee2-9456-eb4853b4c6c1",
    "name": "opscenter-users",
    "path": "/opscenter-users",
    "dn": null,
    "description": null,
    "builtin": true,
    "essential": true,
    "external": false
}
]
```

Attribute	Type	Description
id	string	Object ID of the user group
name	string	User group name
path	string	Path
dn	string	Distinguished Name  If the group is not a group acquired from an Active Directory or LDAP server, the value <code>null</code> is always returned.
description	string	Description of the user group
builtin	boolean	Whether the user group is a built-in user group <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>true</code>: The user group is a built-in user group.</li> <li>▪ <code>false</code>: The user group is not a built-in user group.</li> </ul>
essential	boolean	Whether the user group is an essential user group ( <code>opscenter-users</code> ) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>true</code>: The user group is an essential user group.</li> <li>▪ <code>false</code>: The user group is not an essential user group.</li> </ul>

Attribute	Type	Description
external	boolean	<p>Whether the user group was acquired from an external source</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ true: The user group was acquired from an external source.</li> <li>▪ false: The user group was not acquired from an external source.</li> </ul>

### Coding example

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/users/a010279b-ae66-4c1d-b066-c45d50c9f75a/user-groups" -H "Authorization: Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Registering a user

The following request registers a user.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

### Request line

```
POST base-URL/security/v1/users
```

### Request message

#### Object ID

None.

#### Query parameters

None.

### Body

```
{
    "username": "John_Smith",
    "firstName": "John",
    "lastName": "Smith",
```

```

    "email": "john_smith@example.com",
    "description": "John's account",
    "enabled": true
}

```

Attribute	Type	Description
username	string	(Required) Username Specify a character string that is no more than 255 characters. You can use the following characters: 0-9 A-Z a-z ! # \$ % & ' ( ) * + - . = @ ^ _   \$
firstName	string	(Optional) First name of the user Specify a character string that is no more than 64 characters.
lastName	string	(Optional) Last name of the user Specify a character string that is no more than 64 characters.
email	string	(Optional) Email address Specify a character string that is no more than 254 characters.
description	string	(Optional) Description of the user account Specify a character string that is no more than 128 characters.
enabled	boolean	(Required) Whether to enable the user account <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ true: Enables the user account.</li> <li>▪ false: Disables the user account.</li> </ul>

## Response message

### Body

None.

## Coding example

```
curl -v -X POST -H "Content-Type:application/json" -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/users" -d @./request.json -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Adding a user to a user group

The following request adds a user to a user group.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

### Request line

```
PUT base-URL/security/v1/users/object-ID-of-the-user/user-groups/object-ID-of-the-user-group
```

### Request message

#### Object ID of the user

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of users.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>id</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the user

#### Object ID of the user group

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of user groups.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>userGroupId</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the user group

### Query parameters

None.

### Body

None.

### Response message

#### Body

None.

## Coding example

```
curl -v -X PUT -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/users/8b39869a-a778-4a08-a2ff-bf967946e836/user-groups/4760d4c0-c593-42fe-b44a-553da4793882" -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Updating the registered information for a user

The following request updates the registered information for a user.

The registration information of an identity provider user cannot be updated.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

### Request line

```
PUT base-URL/security/v1/users/object-ID-of-the-user
```

### Request message

#### Object ID of the user

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of users.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>id</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the user

### Query parameters

None.

### Body

```
{
  "id": "8b39869a-a778-4a08-a2ff-bf967946e836",
  "username": "user_1",
  "firstName": "1",
  "lastName": "user",
  "email": "user_1@email.com",
  "description": "description user_1",
```

```

    "enabled": true
}

```

Attribute	Type	Description
id	string	(Required) Object ID of the user Specify the value of <code>id</code> acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of users.
username	string	(Required) Username Specify the username that corresponds to the object ID of the user. You cannot change the username.
firstName	string	(Optional) First name of the user Specify a character string that is no more than 64 characters.
lastName	string	(Optional) Last name of the user Specify a character string that is no more than 64 characters.
email	string	(Optional) Email address Specify a character string that is no more than 254 characters.
description	string	(Optional) Description of the user account Specify a character string that is no more than 128 characters.
enabled	boolean	(Optional) Whether to enable the user account <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>true</code>: Enables the user account.</li> <li>▪ <code>false</code>: Disables the user account.</li> </ul>

## Response message

### Body

None.

## Coding example

```

curl -v -X PUT -H "Content-Type:application/json" -s "https://example.com:443/portal/
security/v1/users/8b39869a-a778-4a08-a2ff-bf967946e836" -d @./request.json -H
"Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"

```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Resetting a user's password

The following request resets the password for a user.

The password of an identity provider user cannot be reset.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

### Request line

```
PUT base-URL/security/v1/users/object-ID-of-the-user/reset-password
```

### Request message

#### Object ID of the user

Specify the value of id acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of users.

Attribute	Type	Description
id	string	(Required) Object ID of the user

### Query parameters

None.

### Body

```
{
  "type": "password",
  "value": "P@ssw0rd"
}
```

Attribute	Type	Description
type	string	(Required) Type of the authentication information to be reset  You must specify password for this attribute.
value	string	(Required) New password

Attribute	Type	Description
		Specify a character string that is no more than 256 characters.

## Response message

### Body

None.

## Coding example

```
curl -v -X PUT -H "Content-Type:application/json" -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/users/8b39869a-a778-4a08-a2ff-bf967946e836/reset-password" -d @./request.json -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Deleting a user from a user group

The following request deletes a user registered in a user group.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

### Request line

```
DELETE base-URL/security/v1/users/object-ID-of-the-user/user-groups/object-ID-of-the-user-group
```

## Request message

### Object ID of the user

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of users.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>id</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the user

**Object ID of the user group**

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of user groups.

However, you cannot specify a user group for which `essential` is set to `true`.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>userGroupId</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the user group

**Query parameters**

None.

**Body**

None.

**Response message****Body**

None.

**Coding example**

```
curl -v -X DELETE -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/users/8b39869a-a778-4a08-a2ff-bf967946e836/user-groups/4760d4c0-c593-42fe-b44a-553da4793882" -H "Authorization: Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the `curl` command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the `--cacert` option, or run the command with the `-k` option specified. (The `-k` option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Deleting a user

The following request deletes a user.

**Execution permission**

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

**Request line**

```
DELETE base-URL/security/v1/users/object-ID-of-the-user
```

**Request message****Object ID of the user**

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of users.

However, you cannot specify a user for which `builtin` is set to `true`.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>id</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the user

**Query parameters**

None.

**Body**

None.

**Response message****Body**

None.

**Coding example**

```
curl -v -X DELETE -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/users/8b39869a-a778-4a08-a2ff-bf967946e836" -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the `curl` command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the `--cacert` option, or run the command with the `-k` option specified. (The `-k` option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Managing the password policy

The following describes the API requests for managing the password policy.

### Getting the password policy

The following request gets the password policy for Common Services.

#### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

**Request line**

```
GET base-URL/security/v1/password-policy
```

**Request message****Object ID**

None.

**Query parameters**

None.

**Body**

None.

**Response message****Body**

```
{
    "length": 8,
    "upperCase": 1,
    "lowerCase": 1,
    "digits": 1,
    "specialChars": 1,
    "bruteForceProtected": true,
    "failureFactor": 5
}
```

Attribute	Type	Description
length	int	Minimum number of characters required for a password
upperCase	int	Minimum number of uppercase characters required in a password
lowerCase	int	Minimum number of lowercase characters required in a password
digits	int	Minimum number of numeric characters required in a password
specialChars	int	Minimum number of symbols required in a password

Attribute	Type	Description
bruteForceProtected	boolean	Whether to lock a user account after a certain number of unsuccessful login attempts <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ true: Locks the account.</li> <li>▪ false: Does not lock the account.</li> </ul>
failureFactor	int	Number of unsuccessful login attempts allowed before a user account is locked

### Coding example

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/password-policy" -H
"Authorization: Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Updating the password policy

The following request updates the password policy for Common Services.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

### Request line

```
PUT base-URL/security/v1/password-policy
```

### Request message

#### Object ID

None.

#### Query parameters

None.

#### Body

```
{
  "length": 8,
  "upperCase": 1,
```

```

    "lowerCase": 1,
    "digits": 1,
    "specialChars": 1,
    "bruteForceProtected": true,
    "failureFactor": 5
}

```

Attribute	Type	Description
length	int	(Required) Minimum number of characters required for a password  Specify a value in the range from 1 to 256.
upperCase	int	(Required) Minimum number of uppercase characters required in a password  Specify a value in the range from 0 to 256. If you do not want to set a minimum for the number of uppercase characters, specify 0.
lowerCase	int	(Required) Minimum number of lowercase characters required in a password  Specify a value in the range from 0 to 256. If you do not want to set a minimum for the number of lowercase characters, specify 0.
digits	int	(Required) Minimum number of numeric characters required in a password  Specify a value in the range from 0 to 256. If you do not want to set a minimum for the number of numeric characters, specify 0.
specialChars	int	(Required) Minimum number of symbols required in a password  Specify a value in the range from 0 to 256. If you do not want to set a minimum for the number of symbols, specify 0.
bruteForceProtected	boolean	(Required) Whether to lock a user account after a certain number of unsuccessful login attempts <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ true: Locks the account.</li> <li>▪ false: Does not lock the account.</li> </ul>
failureFactor	int	(Optional) Number of unsuccessful login attempts allowed before a user account is locked

Attribute	Type	Description
		Specify a value in the range from 1 to 256. If you specified true for the <code>bruteForceProtected</code> attribute, you must specify this attribute.

### Response message

#### Body

None.

### Coding example

```
curl -v -X PUT -H "Content-Type:application/json" -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/password-policy" -d @./request.json -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the `curl` command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the `--cacert` option, or run the command with the `-k` option specified. (The `-k` option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Managing user groups

The following describes the API requests for managing user groups.

### Getting a list of user groups

You can get a list of user groups.

#### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

#### Request line

```
GET base-URL/security/v1/user-groups
```

### Request message

#### Object ID

None.

**Query parameters**

Parameter	Type	Filter condition
search	string	String that must be included in the name of the user group

**Body**

None.

**Response message****Body**

```
[
  {
    "id": "caf4dd60-5213-430a-907c-17c98c3dca5e",
    "name": "opscenter-administrators",
    "path": "/opscenter-administrators",
    "dn": null,
    "description": null,
    "builtin": true,
    "essential": false,
    "external": false
  }
]
```

Attribute	Type	Description
id	string	Object ID of the user group
name	string	User group name
path	string	Path
dn	string	Distinguished Name  If the group is not a group acquired from an Active Directory or LDAP server, the value <code>null</code> is always returned.
description	string	Description of the user group
builtin	boolean	Whether the user group is a built-in user group <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>true</code>: The user group is a built-in user group.</li> <li>▪ <code>false</code>: The user group is not a built-in user group.</li> </ul>

Attribute	Type	Description
essential	boolean	<p>Whether the user group is an essential user group (<code>opscenter-users</code>)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>true</code>: The user group is an essential user group.</li> <li>▪ <code>false</code>: The user group is not an essential user group.</li> </ul>
external	boolean	<p>Whether the user group was acquired from an external source</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>true</code>: The user group was acquired from an external source.</li> <li>▪ <code>false</code>: The user group was not acquired from an external source.</li> </ul>

### Coding example

When no query parameter is specified:

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/user-groups" -H
"Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```

When a query parameter is specified:

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/user-groups?
search=smith" -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the `curl` command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the `--cacert` option, or run the command with the `-k` option specified. (The `-k` option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Getting information about a specific user group

You can get information about a specific user group.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

### Request line

```
GET base-URL/security/v1/user-groups/object-ID-of-the-user-group
```

**Request message****Object ID of the user group**

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of user groups.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>id</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the user group

**Query parameters**

None.

**Body**

None.

**Response message****Body**

```
{
  "id": "caf4dd60-5213-430a-907c-17c98c3dca5e",
  "name": "opscenter-administrators",
  "path": "/opscenter-administrators",
  "dn": null,
  "description": null,
  "builtin": true,
  "essential": false,
  "external": false
}
```

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>id</code>	string	Object ID of the user group
<code>name</code>	string	User group name
<code>path</code>	string	Path
<code>dn</code>	string	Distinguished Name  If the group is not a group acquired from an Active Directory or LDAP server, the value <code>null</code> is always returned.
<code>description</code>	string	Description of the user group

Attribute	Type	Description
builtin	boolean	Whether the user group is a built-in user group <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ true: The user group is a built-in user group.</li> <li>▪ false: The user group is not a built-in user group.</li> </ul>
essential	boolean	Whether the user group is an essential user group ( <code>opscenter-users</code> ) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ true: The user group is an essential user group.</li> <li>▪ false: The user group is not an essential user group.</li> </ul>
external	boolean	Whether the user group was acquired from an external source <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ true: The user group was acquired from an external source.</li> <li>▪ false: The user group was not acquired from an external source.</li> </ul>

### Coding example

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/user-groups/caf4dd60-5213-430a-907c-17c98c3dca5e" -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the `curl` command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the `--cacert` option, or run the command with the `-k` option specified. (The `-k` option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Getting a list of users who belong to a specific user group

The following request gets a list of users who belong to a specific user group.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

### Request line

```
GET base-URL/security/v1/user-groups/object-ID-of-the-user-group/users
```

**Request message****Object ID of the user group**

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of user groups.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>id</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the user group

**Query parameters**

None.

**Body**

None.

**Response message****Body**

```
[
  {
    "id": "a010279b-ae66-4c1d-b066-c45d50c9f75a",
    "username": "sysadmin",
    "firstName": "firstName",
    "lastName": null,
    "email": "sysadmin@example.com",
    "dn": null,
    "description": "Built-in user",
    "enabled": true,
    "builtin": true
  }
]
```

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>id</code>	string	Object ID of the user
<code>username</code>	string	Username
<code>firstName</code>	string	First name of the user
<code>lastName</code>	string	Last name of the user
<code>email</code>	string	Email address
<code>dn</code>	string	Distinguished Name

Attribute	Type	Description
		If the user is not a user acquired from an Active Directory or LDAP server, the value <code>null</code> is always returned.
description	string	Description of the user account
enabled	boolean	Whether the user account is enabled <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>true</code>: The user account is enabled.</li> <li>▪ <code>false</code>: The user account is disabled.</li> </ul>
builtin	boolean	Whether the user is a built-in user <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>true</code>: The user is a built-in user.</li> <li>▪ <code>false</code>: The user is not a built-in user.</li> </ul>

### Coding example

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/user-groups/4760d4c0-c593-42fe-b44a-553da4793882/users" -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the `curl` command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the `--cacert` option, or run the command with the `-k` option specified. (The `-k` option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Getting a list of roles that can be assigned to a specific user group

The following request gets a list of roles that can be assigned to a specific user group.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

### Request line

```
GET base-URL/security/v1/user-groups/object-ID-of-the-user-group/role-mappings/portal/available
```

### Request message

#### Object ID of the user group

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of user groups.

Attribute	Type	Description
id	string	(Required) Object ID of the user group

#### Query parameters

None.

#### Body

None.

#### Response message

##### Body

```
[
  {
    "id": "e219126f-c858-4fc6-8ad9-9622cc8bddf7",
    "name": "opscenter-security-administrator",
    "description": null,
    "builtin": true,
    "essential": false
  },
  {
    "id": "6eb98bb9-43cc-4062-a25c-185e78afa438",
    "name": "opscenter-system-administrator",
    "description": null,
    "builtin": true,
    "essential": false
  }
]
```

Attribute	Type	Description
id	string	Object ID of the role
name	string	Role name
description	string	Description of the role
builtin	boolean	Whether the role is a built-in role <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ true: The role is a built-in role.</li> <li>▪ false: The role is not a built-in role.</li> </ul>

Attribute	Type	Description
essential	boolean	<p>Whether the role is an essential role (<code>opscenter-user</code>)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>true</code>: The role is an essential role.</li> <li>▪ <code>false</code>: The role is not an essential role.</li> </ul>

### Coding example

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/user-groups/7a773ca8-49cf-4ee2-9456-eb4853b4c6c1/role-mappings/portal/available" -H "Authorization: Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the `curl` command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the `--cacert` option, or run the command with the `-k` option specified. (The `-k` option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Getting a list of roles assigned to a specific user group

The following request gets a list of roles assigned to a specific user group.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

### Request line

```
GET base-URL/security/v1/user-groups/object-ID-of-the-user-group/role-mappings/portal
```

### Request message

#### Object ID of the user group

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of user groups.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>id</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the user group

### Query parameters

None.

**Body**

None.

**Response message****Body**

```
[
  {
    "id": "6eb98bb9-43cc-4062-a25c-185e78afa438",
    "name": "opscenter-system-administrator",
    "description": null,
    "builtin": true,
    "essential": false
  },
  {
    "id": "8c9db2e1-9abb-4f9a-a6a0-d0486faa75c1",
    "name": "opscenter-user",
    "description": null,
    "builtin": true,
    "essential": true
  }
]
```

Attribute	Type	Description
id	string	Object ID of the role
name	string	Role name
description	string	Description of the role
builtin	boolean	Whether the role is a built-in role <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ true: The role is a built-in role.</li> <li>▪ false: The role is not a built-in role.</li> </ul>
essential	boolean	Whether the role is an essential role (opscenter-user) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ true: The role is an essential role.</li> <li>▪ false: The role is not an essential role.</li> </ul>

**Coding example**

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/user-groups/4760d4c0-c593-42fe-b44a-553da4793882/role-mappings/portal" -H "Authorization: Bearer eyJhbxxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Registering a user group

The following request registers a user group.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

### Request line

```
POST base-URL/security/v1/user-groups
```

### Request message

#### Object ID

None.

#### Query parameters

None.

### Body

```
{
  "name": "group_1",
  "description": "description group_1"
}
```

Attribute	Type	Description
name	string	<p>(Required) Name of the user group</p> <p>Specify a character string that is no more than 255 characters.</p> <p>You can use the following characters:</p> <p>0-9 A-Z a-z ! # \$ &amp; ' ( ) + - . = @ [ ] ^ _ ` { } ~ \$ space character</p> <p>You cannot specify space character at the start or end.</p>
description	string	<p>(Optional) Description of the user group</p> <p>Specify a character string that is no more than 255 characters.</p>

**Response message****Body**

None.

**Coding example**

```
curl -v -X POST -H "Content-Type:application/json" -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/user-groups" -d @./request.json -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Assigning a role to a user group

The following request assigns a role to a user group.

**Execution permission**

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

**Request line**

```
POST base-URL/security/v1/user-groups/object-ID-of-the-user-group/role-mappings/  
portal/role-name
```

**Request message****Object ID of the user group**

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of user groups.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>id</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the user group

**Role name**

Specify the value of `name` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of roles that can be assigned to a specific user group.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>roleName</code>	string	(Required) Role name

**Query parameters**

None.

**Body**

None.

**Response message****Body**

None.

**Coding example**

```
curl -v -X POST -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/user-groups/baf760bc-c789-4cb9-a9cb-662b0b2e4be1/role-mappings/portal/opscenter-security-administrator" -H "Authorization: Bearer eyJhb..."
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Updating the registered information for a user group

The following request updates the registered information for a user group.

**Execution permission**

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

**Request line**

```
PUT base-URL/security/v1/user-groups/object-ID-of-the-user-group
```

**Request message****Object ID of the user group**

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of user groups.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>id</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the user group

**Query parameters**

None.

**Body**

```
{
  "id": "baf760bc-c789-4cb9-a9cb-662b0b2e4be1",
  "name": "name",
  "description": "description"
}
```

Attribute	Type	Description
id	string	(Required) Object ID of the user group  Specify the value of <code>id</code> acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of user groups.
name	string	(Optional) User group name  Specify a character string that is no more than 255 characters.  You can use the following characters: 0-9 A-Z a-z ! # \$ & ' ( ) + - . = @ [ ] ^ _ ` { } ~ \\$ space character  You cannot specify space character at the start or end.
description	string	(Optional) Description of the user group  Specify a character string that is no more than 255 characters.

**Response message****Body**

None.

**Coding example**

```
curl -v -X PUT -H "Content-Type:application/json" -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/user-groups/baf760bc-c789-4cb9-a9cb-662b0b2e4be1" -d @./request.json -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the `curl` command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the `--cacert` option, or run the command with the `-k` option specified. (The `-k` option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Deleting the role assigned to a user group

The following request deletes the role assigned to a user group.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

### Request line

```
DELETE base-URL/security/v1/user-groups/object-ID-of-the-user-group/role-mappings/portal/role-name
```

### Request message

#### Object ID of the user group

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of user groups.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>id</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the user group

#### Role name

Specify the value of `name` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of roles that can be assigned to a specific user group.

However, you cannot specify the `opscenter-user` role.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>roleName</code>	string	(Required) Role name

### Query parameters

None.

### Body

None.

### Response message

#### Body

None.

## Coding example

```
curl -v -X DELETE -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/user-groups/baf760bc-c789-4cb9-a9cb-662b0b2e4be1/role-mappings/portal/opscenter-security-administrator" -H "Authorization: Bearer eyJhb..."
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Deleting a user group

The following request deletes a user group.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

### Request line

```
DELETE base-URL/security/v1/user-groups/object-ID-of-the-user-group
```

### Request message

#### Object ID of the user group

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of user groups.

However, you cannot specify a user group for which `builtin` is set to `true`.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>id</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the user group

### Query parameters

None.

### Body

None.

### Response message

#### Body

None.

### Coding example

```
curl -v -X DELETE -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/user-groups/baf760bc-c789-4cb9-a9cb-662b0b2e4be1" -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the `--cacert` option, or run the command with the `-k` option specified. (The `-k` option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Managing linked products

The following describes the API requests for managing products linked with Common Services.

### Getting a list of products linked with Common Services

The following request gets a list of products linked with Common Services.

#### Execution permission

None.

#### Request line

```
GET base-URL/app/v1/application-services
```

#### Request message

##### Object ID

None.

##### Query parameters

None.

##### Body

None.

#### Response message

##### Body

```
[  
  {  
    "id": "8a11b0f56d3cf1ac016d3d1aa6a80001",  
    "type": "Analyzer",  
    "displayType": "Hitachi Ops Center Analyzer",  
  }]
```

```

    "abbreviatedDisplayType": "Analyzer",
    "name": "example.com",
    "description": "",
    "scheme": "https",
    "hostname": "example.com",
    "port": 22016,
    "baseUri": "https://example.com:22016/Analytics",
    "loginScreenUri": "https://example.com:22016/Analytics/oidc_login",
    "licenseRegistrationScreenUri": "https://example.com:22016/Analytics/
license.htm",
    "authorizationManagementScreenUri": "https://example.com:22016/
Analytics/main.htm?module=administration&param[navi]=ad-sso-usergroup-mgmt",
    "clientConfigurationUri": "https://example.com:22016/Analytics/v1/
orionConfig",
    "oidcEnabled": true,
    "oidcRedirectUris": [
        "https://example.com:22016/Analytics/oidc_verify"
    ],
    "internalVersion": 1,
    "statusCheckDisabled": false
},
{
    "id": "8a11a1bf6d7012db016dd878c5e50001",
    "type": "AUTOMATOR",
    "displayType": "Hitachi Ops Center Automator",
    "abbreviatedDisplayType": "Automator",
    "name": "example.com",
    "description": "",
    "scheme": "https",
    "hostname": "example.com",
    "port": 22016,
    "baseUri": "https://example.com:22016/Automation",
    "loginScreenUri": "https://example.com:22016/Automation/login",
    "licenseRegistrationScreenUri": "https://example.com:22016/Automation/
license.htm",
    "authorizationManagementScreenUri": "https://example.com:22016/
Automation/main.htm?module=administrations",
    "clientConfigurationUri": "https://example.com:22016/Automation/v1/
application/ClientConfigurations",
    "oidcEnabled": true,
    "oidcRedirectUris": [
        "https://example.com:22016/Automation/callback"
    ],
    "internalVersion": 1,
    "statusCheckDisabled": false
}
]

```

Attribute	Type	Description
id	string	Object ID of the product
type	string	Product type
displayType	string	Display type
abbreviatedDisplayType	string	Product abbreviation
name	string	Product name
description	string	Description of the product
scheme	string	Communication protocol <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ http</li> <li>▪ https</li> </ul>
hostname	string	Host name of the server running the product
port	int	Port number of the product
baseUri	string	Base URI of the product
loginScreenUri	string	URI of the login screen for the product
licenseRegistrationScreenUri	string	URI of the license registration screen for the product
authorizationManagementScreenUri	string	URI of the authorization management screen for the product
clientConfigurationUri	string	URI of the configuration screen for the product
oidcEnabled	boolean	Whether single sign-on can be used <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ true: Can be used.</li> <li>▪ false: Cannot be used.</li> </ul>
oidcRedirectUris	string[]	Redirect URI
internalVersion	int	Internal version of the product
statusCheckDisabled	boolean	Whether to use Common Services to check the product's heartbeat <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ true: Do not check the product's heartbeat.</li> <li>▪ false: Check the product's heartbeat.</li> </ul>

### Coding example

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/app/v1/application-services" -H  
"Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the `--cacert` option, or run the command with the `-k` option specified. (The `-k` option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Getting information about a specific product linked with Common Services

The following request gets information about a specific product linked with Common Services.

### Execution permission

None.

### Request line

```
GET base-URL/app/v1/application-services/object-ID-of-the-product
```

### Request message

#### Object ID of the product

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about the products linked with Common Services.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>id</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the product

### Query parameters

None.

### Body

None.

### Response message

#### Body

```
{  
    "id": "8a11a1bf6d7012db016dd878c5e50001",  
    "type": "AUTOMATOR",
```

```

    "displayType": "Hitachi Ops Center Automator",
    "abbreviatedDisplayType": "Automator",
    "name": "example.com",
    "description": "",
    "scheme": "https",
    "hostname": "example.com",
    "port": 22016,
    "baseUri": "https://example.com:22016/Automation",
    "loginScreenUri": "https://example.com:22016/Automation/login",
    "licenseRegistrationScreenUri": "https://example.com:22016/Automation/
license.htm",
    "authorizationManagementScreenUri": "https://example.com:22016/Automation/
main.htm?module=administrations",
    "clientConfigurationUri": "https://example.com:22016/Automation/v1/
application/ClientConfigurations",
    "oidcEnabled": true,
    "oidcRedirectUris": [
        "https://example.com:22016/Automation/callback"
    ],
    "internalVersion": 1,
    "statusCheckDisabled": false
}

```

<b>Attribute</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Description</b>
id	string	Object ID of the product
type	string	Product type
displayType	string	Display type
abbreviatedDisplayType	string	Product abbreviation
name	string	Product name
description	string	Description of the product
scheme	string	Communication protocol <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ http</li> <li>▪ https</li> </ul>
hostname	string	Host name of the server running the product
port	int	Port number of the product
baseUri	string	Base URI of the product
loginScreenUri	string	URI of the login screen for the product

Attribute	Type	Description
licenseRegistrationScreenUri	string	URI of the license registration screen for the product
authorizationManagementScreenUri	string	URI of the authorization management screen for the product
clientConfigurationUri	string	URI of the configuration screen for the product
oidcEnabled	boolean	Whether single sign-on can be used <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ true: Can be used.</li> <li>▪ false: Cannot be used.</li> </ul>
oidcRedirectUris	string[]	Redirect URI
internalVersion	int	Internal version of the product
statusCheckDisabled	boolean	Whether to use Common Services to check the product's heartbeat <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ true: Do not check the product's heartbeat.</li> <li>▪ false: Check the product's heartbeat.</li> </ul>

### Coding example

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/app/v1/application-services/8a11a1bf6d7012db016dd878c5e50001" -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Getting license information for a specific product linked with Common Services

The following request gets license information for a specific product linked with Common Services.

### Execution permission

None.

### Request line

```
GET base-URL/app/v1/application-services/object-ID-of-the-product/license
```

**Request message****Object ID of the product**

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about the products linked with Common Services.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>id</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the product

**Query parameters**

None.

**Body**

None.

**Response message****Body**

```
{
    "status" : "NOT_ACTIVATED"
}
```

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>status</code>	string	Status of the license <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <code>NOT_ACTIVATED</code>: A license is not set up.</li> <li>▪ <code>ACTIVATED</code>: A license has been set up.</li> <li>▪ <code>ACTIVATED_WITH_ISSUES</code>: There is a problem with the license that was set. (Possible reasons include the license being expired or the license capacity being exceeded.)</li> <li>▪ <code>UNKNOWN</code>: The license status is unknown.</li> </ul>

**Coding example**

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/app/v1/application-services/
8a11a1bf6d7012db016dd878c5e50001/license" -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Getting status information for a specific product linked with Common Services

The following request gets status information for a specific product linked with Common Services.

### Execution permission

None.

### Request line

```
GET base-URL/app/v1/application-services/object-ID-of-the-product/status
```

### Request message

#### Object ID of the product

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about the products linked with Common Services.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>id</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the product

### Query parameters

None.

### Body

None.

### Response message

#### Body

```
{  
    "connectionStatus" : "ONLINE",  
    "trustRelationshipStatus" : "ESTABLISHED"  
}
```

Attribute	Type	Description
connectionStatus	string	Status of connection with Common Services <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ ONLINE: Connected</li> <li>▪ OFFLINE: Not connected</li> </ul>
trustRelationshipStatus	string	Single sign-on status <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ ESTABLISHED: Single sign-on is possible.</li> <li>▪ NOT_ESTABLISHED: Single sign-on is not possible.</li> <li>▪ NOT_SUPPORTED: The single sign-on function is not supported.</li> <li>▪ UNKNOWN: The status of the single sign-on setting is unknown.</li> </ul>

### Coding example

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/app/v1/application-services/8a11a1bf6d7012db016dd878c5e50001/status" -H "Authorization: Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Getting version information for a specific product linked with Common Services

The following request gets version information for a specific product linked with Common Services.

### Execution permission

None.

### Request line

```
GET base-URL/app/v1/application-services/object-ID-of-the-product/version
```

**Request message****Object ID of the product**

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about the products linked with Common Services.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>id</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the product

**Query parameters**

None.

**Body**

None.

**Response message****Body**

```
{
  "displayVersion" : "10.0.1-01",
  "internalVersion" : 1
}
```

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>displayVersion</code>	string	Displayed version
<code>internalVersion</code>	int	Internal version

**Coding example**

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/app/v1/application-services/
8a44f59a6f785e31016f78651c820000/version" -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the `curl` command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the `--cacert` option, or run the command with the `-k` option specified. (The `-k` option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

# Managing data centers

The following describes the API requests for managing data centers.

## Getting a list of data centers

The following request gets a list of data centers.

### Execution permission

None.

### Request line

```
GET base-URL/app/v1/datacenters
```

### Request message

#### Object ID

None.

#### Query parameters

None.

#### Body

None.

### Response message

#### Body

```
[
  {
    "id": "8a11a1bf6d4378d9016d67206ee70005",
    "name": "Bangkok",
    "description": "",
    "attributes": {
      "city": "Bangkok (Krung Thep Maha Nakhon, Thailand)",
      "latitude": "13.7500",
      "longitude": "100.5166"
    }
  },
  {
    "id": "8a11a1bf6d4378d9016d6723704e000a",
    "name": "Tokyo Data Center",
    "description": "",
    "attributes": {
      "city": "Hachioji (Tokyo, Japan)",
      "latitude": "35.6577",
      "longitude": "139.3261"
    }
  }
]
```

Attribute	Type	Description
id	string	Object ID of the data center
name	string	Data center name
description	string	Description
attributes	object	Information about the attributes of the data center  Information defined by the user when registering or updating the data center is returned.

### Coding example

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/app/v1/datacenters" -H
"Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Getting information about a specific data center

The following request gets information about a specific data center.

### Execution permission

None.

### Request line

```
GET base-URL/app/v1/datacenters/object-ID-of-the-data-center
```

### Request message

#### Object ID of the data center

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of data centers.

Attribute	Type	Description
id	string	(Required) Object ID of the data center

**Query parameters**

None.

**Body**

None.

**Response message****Body**

```
{
  "id": "8a11a1bf6d4378d9016d6723704e000a",
  "name": "Tokyo Data Center",
  "description": "",
  "attributes": {
    "city": "Hachioji (Tokyo, Japan)",
    "latitude": "35.6577",
    "longitude": "139.3261"
  }
}
```

Attribute	Type	Description
id	string	Object ID of the data center
name	string	Data center name
description	string	Description
attributes	object	Information about the attributes of the data center  Information defined by the user when registering or updating the data center is returned.

**Coding example**

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/app/v1/datacenters/8a11a1bf6d4378d9016d6723704e000a" -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Getting a list of products registered in a specific data center

The following request gets a list of products registered in a specific data center.

### Execution permission

None.

### Request line

```
GET base-URL/app/v1/datacenters/object-ID-of-the-data-center/application-services
```

### Request message

#### Object ID of the data center

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of data centers.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>id</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the data center

### Query parameters

None.

### Body

None.

### Response message

#### Body

```
[
  {
    "id": "8a11b0f56d3cf1ac016d3d1aa6a80001",
    "type": "Analyzer",
    "displayType": "Hitachi Ops Center Analyzer",
    "abbreviatedDisplayType": "Analyzer",
    "name": "example.com",
    "description": "",
    "scheme": "https",
    "hostname": "example.com",
    "port": 22016,
    "baseUri": "https://example.com:22016/Analytics",
    "loginScreenUri": "https://example.com:22016/Analytics/oidc_login",
    "licenseRegistrationScreenUri": "https://example.com:22016/Analytics/
license.htm",
    "authorizationManagementScreenUri": "https://example.com:22016/
```

```

Analytics/main.htm?module=administration&param[navi]=ad-sso-usergroup-mgmt",
    "clientConfigurationUri": "https://example.com:22016/Analytics/v1/
orionConfig",
        "oidcEnabled": true,
        "oidcRedirectUris": [
            "https://example.com:22016/Analytics/oidc_verify"
        ],
        "internalVersion": 1,
        "statusCheckDisabled": false
    },
{
    "id": "8a11a1bf6d7012db016dd878c5e50001",
    "type": "AUTOMATOR",
    "displayType": "Hitachi Ops Center Automator",
    "abbreviatedDisplayType": "Automator",
    "name": "example.com",
    "description": "",
    "scheme": "https",
    "hostname": "example.com",
    "port": 22016,
    "baseUri": "https://example.com:22016/Automation",
    "loginScreenUri": "https://example.com:22016/Automation/login",
    "licenseRegistrationScreenUri": "https://example.com:22016/Automation/
license.htm",
    "authorizationManagementScreenUri": "https://example.com:22016/
Automation/main.htm?module=administrations",
    "clientConfigurationUri": "https://example.com:22016/Automation/v1/
application/ClientConfigurations",
        "oidcEnabled": true,
        "oidcRedirectUris": [
            "https://example.com:22016/Automation/callback"
        ],
        "internalVersion": 1,
        "statusCheckDisabled": false
    }
]

```

Attribute	Type	Description
id	string	Object ID of the product
type	string	Product type
displayType	string	Display type
abbreviatedDisplayTyp e	string	Product abbreviation
name	string	Product name

Attribute	Type	Description
description	string	Description of the product
scheme	string	Communication protocol <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ http</li> <li>▪ https</li> </ul>
hostname	string	Host name of the server running the product
port	int	Port number of the product
baseUri	string	Base URI of the product
loginScreenUri	string	URI of the login screen for the product
licenseRegistrationScreenUri	string	URI of the license registration screen for the product
authorizationManagementScreenUri	string	URI of the authorization management screen for the product
clientConfigurationUri	string	URI of the configuration screen for the product
oidcEnabled	boolean	Whether single sign-on can be used <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ true: Can be used.</li> <li>▪ false: Cannot be used.</li> </ul>
oidcRedirectUris	string[]	Redirect URI
internalVersion	int	Internal version of the product
statusCheckDisabled	boolean	Whether to use Common Services to check the product's heartbeat <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ true: Do not check the product's heartbeat.</li> <li>▪ false: Check the product's heartbeat.</li> </ul>

### Coding example

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/app/v1/datacenters/8a11a1bf6d4378d9016d67206ee70005/application-services" -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Registering a data center

The following request registers a data center.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

### Request line

```
POST base-URL/app/v1/datacenters
```

### Request message

#### Object ID

None.

#### Query parameters

None.

### Body

```
{
    "name": "Yokohama",
    "description": "Data center of Yokohama city",
    "attributes": {
        "city": "Yokohama (Kanagawa, Japan)",
        "latitude": "35.3200",
        "longitude": "139.5800"
    }
}
```

Parameter	Type	Description
name	string	(Required) Data center name  You cannot use the following characters: / \ ^ \$ . * + ? ( ) [ ] { }    You cannot specify space character at the start or end.
description	string	(Optional) Description
attributes	object	(Optional) Information about the attributes of the data center  You can define a pair of any key and any value as a map.

**Response message****Body**

None.

**Coding example**

```
curl -v -X POST -H "Content-Type:application/json" -s "https://example.com:443/portal/app/v1/datacenters" -d @./request.json -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Updating the registered information for a data center

The following request updates the registered information for a data center.

**Execution permission**

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

**Request line**

```
PUT base-URL/app/v1/datacenters/object-ID-of-the-data-center
```

**Request message****Object ID of the data center**

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of data centers.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>id</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the data center

**Query parameters**

None.

**Body**

```
{
  "id": "8a11a1bf6f1c0a95016f8d41c4d7000a",
  "name": "Yokohama",
  "description": "Data center of Yokohama city",
  "attributes": {
```

```

        "city": "Yokohama (Kanagawa, Japan)",
        "latitude": "35.3200",
        "longitude": "139.5800"
    }
}

```

Parameter	Type	Description
id	string	(Required) Object ID of the data center  Specify the value of <code>id</code> acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of data centers.
name	string	(Optional) Data center name  You cannot use the following characters: / \ ^ \$ . * + ? ( ) [ ] { }    You cannot specify space character at the start or end.
description	string	(Optional) Description
attributes	object	(Optional) Information about the attributes of the data center  You can define a pair of any key and any value as a map.

## Response message

### Body

None.

## Coding example

```
curl -v -X PUT -H "Content-Type:application/json" -s "https://example.com:443/portal/app/v1/datacenters/8a11a1bf6f1c0a95016f8d41c4d7000a" -d @./request.json -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the `curl` command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the `--cacert` option, or run the command with the `-k` option specified. (The `-k` option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Registering a product linked with Common Services in a data center

The following request registers a product linked with Common Services in a data center.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

### Request line

```
PUT base-URL/app/v1/datacenters/object-ID-of-the-data-center/application-services/  
application-service-ID
```

### Request message

#### Object ID of the data center

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of data centers.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>id</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the data center

#### Application service ID

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of products linked with Common Services.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>application-service-id</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the product

### Query parameters

None.

### Body

None.

### Response message

#### Body

None.

### Coding example

```
curl -v -X PUT -s "https://example.com:443/portal/app/v1/datacenters/  
8a44f59a6f785e31016f7957f7db0005/application-services/  
8a44f59a6f785e31016f78651c820000" -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Deleting a product linked with Common Services from a data center

The following request deletes a product linked with Common Services from a data center.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

### Request line

```
DELETE base-URL/app/v1/datacenters/object-ID-of-the-data-center/application-services/
application-service-ID
```

### Request message

#### Object ID of the data center

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of data centers.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>id</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the data center

#### Application service ID

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of products linked with Common Services.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>application-service-id</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the product

### Query parameters

None.

### Body

None.

### Response message

#### Body

None.

## Coding example

```
curl -v -X DELETE -s "https://example.com:443/portal/app/v1/datacenters/
8a44f59a6f785e31016f7957f7db0005/application-services/
8a44f59a6f785e31016f78651c820000" -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Deleting a data center

The following request deletes a registered data center.

### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

### Request line

```
DELETE base-URL/app/v1/datacenters/object-ID-of-the-data-center
```

### Request message

#### Object ID of the data center

Specify the value of `id` acquired by using the request for getting information about a list of data centers.

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>id</code>	string	(Required) Object ID of the data center

### Query parameters

None.

### Body

None.

### Response message

#### Body

None.

### Coding example

```
curl -v -X DELETE -s "https://example.com:443/portal/app/v1/datacenters/8a44f59a6f7d6b59016f7ee8cc210001" -H "Authorization:Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Managing the Common Services system information

The following describes the API requests for managing the Common Services system information.

### Getting the Common Services version information

The following requests gets information about the Common Services version.

#### Execution permission

None.

#### Request line

```
GET base-URL/system/v1/version
```

#### Request message

##### Object ID

None.

##### Query parameters

None.

##### Body

None.

#### Response message

##### Body

```
{
    "version" : "10.1.0",
    "build" : "20191218163524"
}
```

Attribute	Type	Description
version	string	Product version
build	string	Build version

### Coding example

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/system/v1/version" -H
"Authorization: Bearer eyJhb..."
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## Session management

The API described here is related to session management.

### Obtaining the settings information for session idle timeouts

You can obtain the settings information for session idle timeouts.

#### Execution permission

You must be a system administrator or a security administrator.

#### Request line

```
GET base-URL/security/v1/session-settings
```

#### Request message

##### Object ID

None.

##### Query parameters

None.

##### Body

None.

**Response message****Body**

```
{
  "idleTimeout": 1200
  "autoRefreshWithoutTimeout": true
}
```

Attribute	Type	Description
idleTimeout	int	The idle timeout period (seconds)
autoRefreshWithoutTimeout	boolean	Whether a timeout occurs for windows that support automatic refresh. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ true: Timeout does not occur.</li> <li>▪ false: Timeout occurs.</li> </ul>

**Coding example**

```
curl -v -X GET -s "https://example.com:443/portal/security/v1/session-settings" -H
"Authorization: Bearer eyJhbxxx"
```



**Tip:** Because this request uses SSL communication, you must either run the curl command with the root certificate of the Common Services server certificate specified for the --cacert option, or run the command with the -k option specified. (The -k option runs the command by ignoring SSL errors.)

## **Hitachi Vantara**

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