

Hitachi Virtual Storage Platform One File 32

NAS File OS release 15.3 or later

Hardware Reference

This document describes the Hitachi VSP One File 32 hardware.

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Preface

This guide provides an overview of the Hitachi Virtual Storage Platform One File hardware and how to replace faulty components.

For assistance with storage systems connected to the server, refer to the *Storage Subsystem Administration Guide*.



Note: The use of clustering in a production environment is required for data availability. Any differences herein to "single node" are taken in the context of a cluster of 2 nodes.

Audience

This guide provides reference information for anyone who repairs the system hardware and has a good working knowledge of computer systems and part replacement.

Accessing product documentation

Product user documentation is available on: <https://docs.hitachivantara.com>. Check this site for the most current documentation, including important updates that may have been made after the release of the product.

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The [Hitachi Vantara Support Website](#) is the destination for technical support of products and solutions sold by Hitachi Vantara. To contact technical support, log on to the Hitachi Vantara Support Website for contact information: https://support.hitachivantara.com/en_us/contact-us.html.

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Conventions

The following conventions are used throughout this document:

| Convention | Meaning |
|--------------------|---|
| Command | This fixed-space font denotes literal items such as commands, files, routines, path names, signals, messages, and programming language structures. |
| variable | The italic typeface denotes variable entries and words or concepts being defined. Italic typeface is also used for book titles. |
| user input | This bold fixed-space font denotes literal items that the user enters in interactive sessions. Output is shown in nonbold, fixed-space font. |
| [and] | Brackets enclose optional portions of a command or directive line. |
| ... | Ellipses indicate that a preceding element can be repeated. |
| GUI element | This font denotes the names of graphical user interface (GUI) elements such as windows, screens, dialog boxes, menus, toolbars, icons, buttons, boxes, fields, and lists. |

The following types of icons are used throughout this manual. It is recommended that these icons and messages are read and clearly understood before proceeding:

| Icon | Label | Description |
|------|---------|--|
| | Note | Calls attention to important or additional information. |
| | Tip | Provides helpful information, guidelines, or suggestions for performing tasks more effectively. |
| | Caution | Warns the user of adverse conditions and/or consequences (for example, disruptive operations, data loss, or a system crash). |

| Icon | Label | Description |
|---|---------|---|
|  | WARNING | Warns the user of a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury. |

Før du starter (DANSK)

Følgende ikoner anvendes i hele guiden til at anføre sikkerhedsrisici. Det anbefales, at du læser og sætter dig ind i, og har forstået alle procedurer, der er markeret med disse ikoner, inden du fortsætter.

Bemærk: "Bemærk" indikerer informationer, som skal bemærkes.

FORSIGTIG: "Forsigtig" angiver en mulig risiko for beskadigelse af data eller udstyr. Det anbefales, at du ikke fortsætter længere end det afsnit, der er mærket med dette ord, før du helt har sat dig ind i og forstået proceduren.

ADVARSEL: "Advarsel" angiver en mulig risiko for den personlige sikkerhed.

Vorbereitung (DEUTSCH)

Die folgenden Symbole werden in diesem Handbuch zur Anzeige von Sicherheitshinweisen verwendet. Lesen Sie die so gekennzeichneten Informationen durch, um die erforderlichen Maßnahmen zu ergreifen.

Anmerkung: Mit einer Anmerkung wird auf Informationen verwiesen, die Sie beachten sollten.

VORSICHT: Das Wort "Vorsicht" weist auf mögliche Schäden für Daten oder Ihre Ausrüstung hin. Sie sollten erst dann fortfahren, wenn Sie die durch dieses Wort gekennzeichneten Informationen gelesen und verstanden haben.

WARNUNG: Mit einer Warnung wird auf mögliche Gefahren für Ihre persönliche Sicherheit verwiesen.

Antes de comenzar (ESPAÑOL)

Los siguientes iconos se utilizan a lo largo de la guía con fines de seguridad. Se le aconseja leer, y entender en su totalidad, cualquier procedimiento marcado con estos iconos antes de proceder.

Sugerencia: Una sugerencia indica información adicional que puede serle de utilidad en la finalización de una tarea.

PRECAUCIÓN: Una precaución indica la posibilidad de daños a los datos o equipo. Se le aconseja no continuar más allá de una sección marcada con este mensaje, a menos que entienda el procedimiento por completo.

ADVERTENCIA: Una advertencia indica la posibilidad de un riesgo a la seguridad personal.

Avant de commencer (FRANÇAIS)

Les icônes ci-dessous sont utilisées dans le manuel pour mettre en évidence des procédures de sécurité. Nous vous invitons à les lire et à bien comprendre toutes les procédures signalées par ces icônes avant de poursuivre.

Conseil : “Conseil” signale les informations complémentaires que vous pouvez trouver utiles pour mener à bien une tâche.

ATTENTION : “Attention” signale qu'il existe une possibilité d'endommager des données ou de l'équipement. Nous vous recommandons de ne pas poursuivre après une section comportant ce message avant que vous ayez pleinement assimilé la procédure.

AVERTISSEMENT : “Avertissement” signale une menace potentielle pour la sécurité personnelle.

Operazioni preliminari (ITALIANO)

Le seguenti icone vengono utilizzate nella guida a scopo cautelativo. Prima di procedere Vi viene richiesta un'attenta lettura di tutte le procedure, contrassegnate dalle suddette icone, affinché vengano applicate correttamente.

Suggerimento: “Suggerimento” fornisce indicazioni supplementari, comunque utili allo scopo.

ATTENZIONE: “Attenzione” indica il potenziale danneggiamento dei dati o delle attrezzature in dotazione. Vi raccomandiamo di non procedere con le operazioni, prima di aver ben letto e compreso la sezione contrassegnata da questo messaggio, onde evitare di compromettere il corretto svolgimento dell'operazione stessa.

PERICOLO: “Pericolo” indica l'eventuale pericolo di danno provocato alle persone, mettendo a rischio la vostra incolumità personale.

Vóór u aan de slag gaat (NEDERLANDS)

De volgende pictogrammen worden in de hele handleiding gebruikt in het belang van de veiligheid. We raden u aan alle procedure-informatie die door deze pictogrammen wordt gemarkeerd, aandachtig te lezen en ervoor te zorgen dat u de betreffende procedure goed begrijpt vóór u verder gaat.

VOORZICHTIG: “Voorzichtig” geeft aan dat er risico op schade aan data of apparatuur bestaat. We raden u aan even halt te houden bij de sectie die door dit woord wordt gemarkeerd, tot u de procedure volledig begrijpt.

WAARSCHUWING: Een waarschuwing wijst op een mogelijk gevaar voor de persoonlijke veiligheid.

Antes de começar (PORTUGUÊS)

Os ícones mostrados abaixo são utilizados ao longo do manual para assinalar assuntos relacionados como a segurança. Deverá ler e entender claramente todos os procedimentos marcados com estes ícones ande de prosseguir.

Sugestão: Uma sugestão assinala informações adicionais que lhe poderão ser úteis para executar uma tarefa.

CUIDADO: “Cuidado” indica que existe a possibilidade de serem causados danos aos dados ou ao equipamento. Não deverá avançar para lá de uma secção marcada por esta mensagem sem ter primeiro entendido totalmente o procedimento.

AVISO: Um aviso indica que existe um possível risco para a segurança pessoal.

Ennen kuin aloitat (SUOMI)

Seuraavilla kuvakkeilla kiinnitetään tässä oppaassa huomiota turvallisuusseikkoihin. Näillä kuvakkeilla merkityt menettelytavat tulee lukea ja ymmärtää ennen jatkamista.

Huomautus: Huomautus sisältää tietoja, jotka tulee ottaa huomioon.

VAROITUS: Varoitus varoittaa tietojen tai laitteiden vahingoittumisen mahdollisuudesta. Tällä merkillä merkitystä kohdasta ei tule jatkaa eteenpäin ennen kuin täysin ymmärtää kuvatun menettelyn.

VAARA: Vaara varoittaa henkilövahingon mahdollisuudesta.

Innan du startar (SVENSKA)

Följande iconer används i hela handboken för att markera säkerhetsaspekter. Läs igenom handboken ordentligt så att du förstår steg som har markerats med dessa iconer innan du fortsätter.

Obs: ”Obs” anger vad du ska observera.

FÖRSIKT: ”Försikt” anger vad som kan leda till data eller utrustningsskador. Fortsätt inte till nästa avsnitt innan du förstår det steg som har markerats med detta meddelande.

VARNING: ”Varning” anger vad som kan leda till personskador.

Chapter 1: Safety information

This section lists important safety guidelines to follow when working with the equipment.

Electrostatic discharge precautions

To ensure proper handling of system components and to prevent hardware faults caused by electrostatic discharge, follow these safety precautions:

- Wear an anti-static wrist or ankle strap.
- Observe all standard electrostatic discharge precautions when handling plug-in modules or components that have been removed from any anti-static packaging.
- Avoid contact with backplane components and module connectors.

Safety and handling precautions

To ensure your safety and the safe handling and correct operation of the equipment, follow all safety precautions and instructions.



Caution: Observe safe lifting practices. Each server or each storage system can weigh 51 lb. (23 kg) or more. At least two people are required to handle and position a server in a rack.



Caution: There is a risk that a cabinet could fall over suddenly. To prevent this from occurring:

- If your system comes with a rack stabilizer plate, install it.
- Fill all expansion cabinets including all storage enclosures from the bottom to the top.
- Do not remove more than one unit from the rack at a time.

Electrical precautions

Follow these guidelines to ensure your safety and the safe handling of equipment:

- Provide a suitable power source with electrical overload protection to meet the power requirements of the entire system (the server/cluster and all storage systems and switches).
- Provide a power cord suitable for the country of installation (if a power cord is not supplied).
- Power cords supplied with this server or system may be less than 1.5m in length. These cords are for use with a power distribution unit (PDU), which is mounted inside the 19-inch rack. If you require longer cables, contact your Hitachi representative.
- Provide a safe electrical ground connection to the power cord. Check the grounding of an enclosure before applying power.
- Only operate the equipment from nominal mains input voltages in the range 100 - 240Vac, 6A max, 50/60Hz.



Caution: Turn off all power supplies or remove all power cords before undertaking servicing of the system.

- Unplug a system component if it must be moved or if it is damaged.



Note: For additional data protection, use an external UPS to power the server. Also, each of the redundant power supplies in the server and in the storage systems must be operated from a different main power circuit to provide a degree of protection from main power supply failures. If one circuit fails, the other continues to power the server and the storage system.

Chapter 2: Mandatory regulations

The following sections provide the mandatory regulations governing the installation and operation of the system. Adhere to these instructions so that regulatory compliance requirements are met.

European Union (EU) Statement

This product conforms to the protection requirements of the following EU Council Directives:

- Electromagnetic Compatibility (2014/30/EU)
- Low Voltage Directive (2014/35/EU)
- RoHS Directive (2011/65/EU) and amendment (2015/863/EU)
- WEEE Directive (2012/19/EU)
- Commission Regulation (EU) 2019/424, pursuant to Directive 2009/125/EC and amending Commission Regulation (EU) No 617/2013

The manufacturer cannot accept responsibility for any failure to satisfy the protection requirements resulting from a non-recommended modification of the product.

This product has been tested and found to comply with the limits for Class A Information Technology Equipment according to European Standard EN 55022. The limits for Class A equipment were derived for commercial and industrial environments to provide reasonable protection against interference with licensed communication equipment.



Caution: For products that are compliant with Class A of EN 55032: In a residential environment, this equipment may cause radio interference.

Federal Communications Commission (FCC)

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if it is not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, might cause harmful interference to radio communications.

Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the users will be required to correct the interference at their own expense.

Properly shielded and grounded cables and connectors must be used in order to meet FCC emission limits. Neither the provider nor the manufacturer is responsible for any radio or television interference caused by using non-recommended cables and connectors, or by unauthorized changes or modifications to this equipment.

Unauthorized changes or modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. The device can not cause harmful interference.
2. The device must accept any interference received, including interference that might cause undesired operation.

International standards

Safety

The safety standards include:

- IEC 62368-1:2018 (Third Edition)

EMC

The EMC standards are as follows:

- EN 55032:2015 + A11:2020
- FCC/CFR 47:Part 15
- Canadian Standard ICES-003:Issue 7
- AS/NZS CISPR 32:2015 + A1:2020
- EN 61000-3-2:2019 + A1:2021
- EN 61000-3-3:2013 + A2:2021
- EN 55035:2017 + A11:2020
- VCCI-CISPR32:2016

Certification for approval marks

Certification for the following approval marks have been granted:

- European Union CE mark, including RoHS and WEEE
- China: CCC
- Korea: KC
- USA/Canada: CSA
- Eurasian Economic Union (EEU), Belarus, Russia, Kyrgyzstan, Kazakhstan and Armenia: EAC & RoHS
- Taiwan: BSMI
- Argentina: IRAM
- Japan: VCCI
- India: BIS
- Ukraine: UKrSEPR & RoHS
- UK: UKCA

Korea Certification (KC) Statement

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Taiwan Certification (BSMI)

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警告：更換不正確之電池形式會有爆炸的風險請依製造商說明書處理用過之電池

| 設備名稱：存儲陣列服務器， Equipment name | | 型號（型式）：File 34 Type designation (Type) | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--|---|---------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| 單元 Unit | 限用物質及其化學符號 Restricted substances and its chemical symbols | | | | | |
| | 鉛Lead (Pb) | 汞Mercury (Hg) | 鎘Cadmium (Cd) | 六價鉻Hexavalent chromium (Cr ⁺⁶) | 多溴聯苯Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB) | 多溴二苯醚Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE) |
| 電源線組 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 電源供應器組件 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 電路板組件 | — | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 主機板組件 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 硬碟組件 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 風扇組件 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 螺絲及金屬組件 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |

備考1. “超出0.1 wt %” 及 “超出0.01 wt %” 係指限用物質之百分比含量超出百分比含量基準值。
Note 1 : “Exceeding 0.1 wt %” and “exceeding 0.01 wt %” indicate that the percentage content of the restricted substance exceeds the reference percentage value of presence condition.

備考2. “○” 係指該項限用物質之百分比含量未超出百分比含量基準值。
Note 2 : “○” indicates that the percentage content of the restricted substance does not exceed the percentage of reference value of presence.

備考3. “—” 係指該項限用物質為排除項目。
Note 3 : The “—” indicates that the restricted substance corresponds to the exemption.

Japan Certification (VCCI) Statement

この装置は、クラスA 情報技術装置です。この装置を家庭環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。

VCCI-A

Canadian Department of Communication Compliance Statement

This Class A digital apparatus meets all the requirements of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations.

Avis de conformité aux normes du ministère des Communications du Canada

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A respecte toutes les exigences du Règlement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.

Radio Protection for Germany

Dieses Gerät erfüllt die Bedingungen der EN 55022 Klasse A.

Food and Drug Administration (FDA)

The product complies with FDA 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 regulations, which govern the safe use of lasers.

Chinese Compulsory Statement

China Compulsory Certificate Statement

此为 A 级产品，在生活环境巾，该产品可能会造成无线电干扰。在这种情况下，可能需要用户为其干扰采取切实可行的措施。



Chinese RoHS Compliance Statement

有毒有害物质名称标识
Toxic and Hazardous Substances Table

| 部件名称 Part Name | 有毒有害物质或元素 Toxic and Hazardous Substances and Elements | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--|-----------|-----------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| | 鉛 (Pb) | 汞 (Hg) | 鎘 (Cd) | 六价铬 (Cr(VI)) | 多溴联苯 (PBB) | 多溴二苯醚 (PBDE) |
| 机箱 Chassis | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 电源 Power Supply Module | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 风扇模块 Fan Module | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| 硬盘 Hard Disk Drive | O | O | O | O | O | O |

O : 表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在 SJ/T 11363-2006 规定的限量要求以下

O : Indicates that the toxic or hazardous substances contained in all of the homogeneous materials for this part is below this limit requirement in SJ/T 11363-2006.

X : 表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出 SJ/T 11363-2006 规定的限量要求

X : Indicates that the toxic or hazardous substances contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials used for this part is above the limit requirement in SJ/T 11363-2006.



Note: The Hard Disk Drive is a solid state disk (SSD) device.

Figure 1 Chinese RoHS Compliance Statement

Chapter 3: Hitachi Virtual Storage Platform One File server components

The following tables provide details of the system and server components for the Hitachi Virtual Storage Platform One File system.

System components

| Component | Description |
|--|---|
| VSP One File 32 server | This file server is the main component of the system. The system can contain two servers that operate as a cluster. VSP One File 32 does not support more than two servers in a cluster. |
| File Administrator | The File Administrator is the management component for the other components in a system. The File Administrator provides administration and monitoring tools. It supports data migration and replication, and acts as a quorum device in a cluster configuration. Although integral to the system, the File Administrator does not move data between the network client and the servers. In clustered systems, the File Administrator provides the management functionality. |
| Storage systems | A Hitachi Virtual Storage Platform One File system can control several storage enclosures. The maximum number of storage enclosures in a rack depends on the model of storage enclosures being installed. |
| Fibre Channel (FC) switches | The server supports FC switches that connect multiple servers and storage systems. See Hitachi Vantara Support Connect for information about which FC switches are supported. |
| External 10 Gigabit Ethernet (10 GbE) switches | All cluster configurations require an external Ethernet switch. See Hitachi Vantara Support Connect for information about the 10 GbE switches that have been qualified for use with the system, and to find out about the availability of those switches. |
| 10 GbE switches | The server connects to a 10 GbE switch for connection with the public data network (customer data network). |

| Component | Description |
|-----------|--|
| | <p>Also, a 10 GbE switch is required for internal cluster communications for clusters of three or more nodes.</p> <p>See Hitachi Vantara Support Connect for information about the 10 GbE switches that have been qualified for use with the server, and to find out about the availability of those switches.</p> <p>Hitachi Vantara requires dual 10 GbE switches for redundancy. In a dual-switch configuration, if one switch fails, the cluster nodes remain connected through the second switch.</p> |

Server components

The server has a chassis that is 3U (5.25 inches) high, 480 millimeters (19 inches) wide, rack mountable, and a maximum of 686 millimeters (27 inches) deep, excluding the bezel. The chassis contains:

- Front bezel
- The base server
- Dual hot-swappable fan assemblies
- Dual hot-swappable power supplies
- Dual hot-swappable 2.5" O/S disk drive

If there is an issue with the base server, it must be returned for repair. Some of the other components can be replaced in the field, and some are hot-swappable (they can be changed without shutting down the server).

Field replaceable units (FRUs) include power supplies, fan assemblies, and disk drives.

Server specifications

Physical:

- Weight: 23 kg (51 lb.) including 3 kg rail kit assemblies and metal bezel.
- Height: 132 mm. (5 in.)
- Depth (bezel to PSU): 725 mm. (28.6 in.)
- Width: 440 mm. (17.3 in.)
- Rack space required: 3U (5.25 in.)



Note: A rack unit, or U, is a unit of measure that is used to describe the height of equipment intended to be mounted in a rack. One rack unit is equivalent to 1.75 inches or 44.45 millimeters.

The power and cooling information is shown as follows:



Note: The power supplies and cooling fans are hot-swappable.

Table 1 Power and cooling details

| Power or cooling detail | Hitachi Virtual Storage Platform One File |
|----------------------------|--|
| Voltage range (Ave./Max.) | 100 VAC – 2.1/2.6A 110 VAC – 1.9/2.4A 200 VAC – 1.0/1.3A 208 VAC – 1.0/1.3A 230 VAC – 0.9/1.2A |
| Power supply rating | 495W |
| Average thermal (BTU/hour) | 710 |
| Max. thermal (BTU/hour) | 887 |
| Max. power usage | 260W |

Other thermal:

- Temperature range (operational): 10° to 35° C (50° to 95° F)
- Maximum rate of temperature change per hour (operational) 10° C (18° F)
- Temperature range (storage): -10° to 45° C (14° to 113° F)
- Maximum rate of temperature change per hour (storage) 15° C (27° F)
- Temperature range (transit): -20° to 60° C (-4° to 140° F)
- Maximum rate of temperature change per hour (transit) 20° C (36° F)

Humidity:

- Operational: 20-80%
- Storage: 10-90%
- Transit: 5-95%

Noise: A-weighted Sound Power Level, Lwa (db re 1pW):

- Typical: 71
- Max: 81

Shock and vibration:

- Optional random vibration: 10 to 350 Hz @ 0.18 Grms
- Non-operational sinusoidal vibration: 60 to 350 Hz: @ 1g
- Non-operational shock: 3g 11ms, half sine

Packaged transport specification:

- Drops from 356mm and 508mm as per ASTM D5276
- Vibration at up to 0.53 Grms as per ASTM D4728

Altitude:

- Maximum of 2000 meters

Ventilation

There are vents and fan openings on the front and the rear of the server. These openings are designed to allow airflow, which prevents the server from overheating.



Note: At least four inches of clearance must be present at the rear of the server rack so that airflow is unrestricted.



Caution:

- Do not place the server in a built-in installation unless proper ventilation is provided.
- Do not operate the server in a cabinet with an internal ambient temperature that exceeds 35° C (95° F).

Server front panel

The following figure shows the front panel of the server:



Figure 2 Server front panel metal bezel

Once the bezel is removed, the front-facing components on the server chassis are visible.

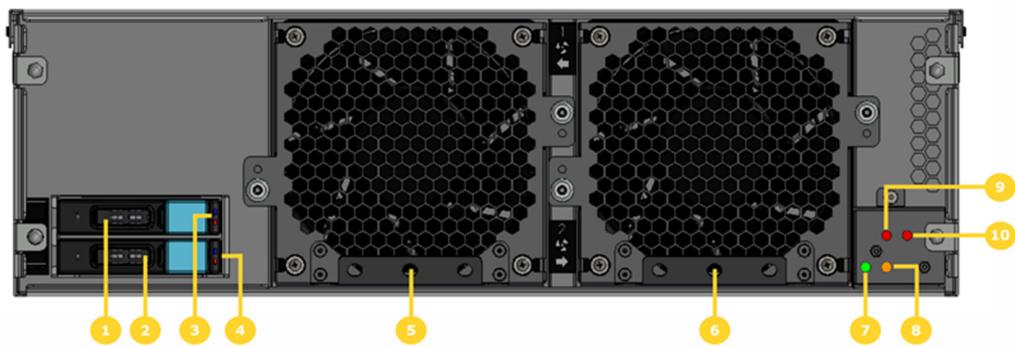


Figure 3 Server model VSP One File 32 front panel components (bezel removed)

Table 2 Server front panel component descriptions

| Item | Description |
|------|---------------------------|
| 1 | O/S disk drive A (top) |
| 2 | O/S disk drive B (bottom) |
| 3 | Disk A status LED |
| 4 | Disk B status LED |
| 5 | Fan 1 |
| 6 | Fan 2 |
| 7 | Power status LED |
| 8 | Server status LED |
| 9 | Fan 1 status LED |
| 10 | Fan 2 status LED |

LED status indicators

The following figure shows the LED status indicators.

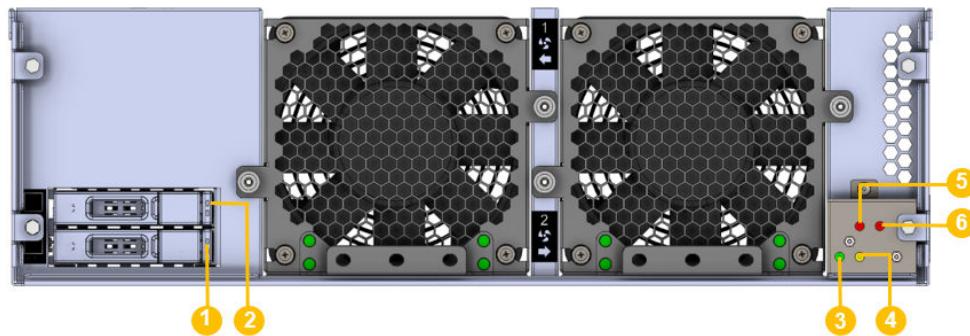


Figure 4 Model VSP One File 32 status LEDs

The following table describes each numbered LED in the preceding diagram:

Table 3 LED descriptions

| LEDs | Meaning |
|------|-----------------------------|
| 1 | O/S disk drive B status LED |
| 2 | O/S disk drive A status LED |
| 3 | Power status LED |
| 4 | Server status LED |
| 5 | Fan 1 status LED |
| 6 | Fan 2 status LED |

The following table describes the various power status LEDs.

Table 4 Power status LED (green)

| LEDs | Meaning |
|--|---|
| Green | Normal operational mode of an active cluster node. |
| Slow flash (once every three seconds) | The system has been shut down. |
| Medium flash (once every .8 seconds) | The server is available to host file services but is not currently doing so. This also occurs if no EVS is configured, or if all EVSs are running on the other node in a cluster. |

| LEDs | Meaning |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Fast flash (five flashes per second) | The server is rebooting. |
| Off | The server is not powered up. |

The following table describes the various server status LEDs:

Table 5 Server status LED (amber)

| LEDs | Meaning |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Amber | Critical failure and the server is not operational. |
| Slow flash (once every three seconds) | System shutdown has failed. Flashes once every three seconds. |
| Medium flash (once every .8 seconds) | The server needs attention, and a non-critical failure has been detected, for example, a fan or power supply has failed. Flashes once every .8 seconds. |
| Off | Normal operation. |

The following table describes the varius fan status LEDs:

Table 6 Fan status LEDs

| LEDs | Meaning |
|------|--|
| Red | Fan has failed, fan speed is out of acceptable range, or fan speed is not being reported. (This LED will be on if the corresponding fan has been removed.) Replace the fan as soon as possible. |
| Off | Normal operation. |

The following table describes the O/S disk activity and status LEDs:

Table 7 O/S disk activity and status LEDs

| LEDs | Meaning |
|------|---|
| Blue | If this LED is on and blue, the disk is operating normally and no problems have been detected. If the LED is flashing blue, this indicates disk activity. If the LED is on but not flashing, there is currently no disk activity. |

| LEDs | Meaning |
|------|--|
| Red | If this LED is on immediately after installing a new O/S disk, this indicates that the RAID configuration for the server is being rebuilt. The LED turns off after the RAID configuration is restored. The amount of time it takes for the RAID configuration to be rebuilt after a new disk drive is installed depends on the amount of user and system configuration data stored. If this LED is on during the course of normal operation (not after installing a new O/S disk), either the disk has failed or the server's RAID configuration has been degraded. |

O/S drives

O/S drives are located behind the bezel on the left side of the chassis.



Note:

- Failed O/S drives are hot-swappable, which means that a failed drive can be replaced without shutting down the server. However, there are serious risks in trying to swap a drive that has not failed. It is strongly recommended that you avoid performing replacement procedures during busy periods to minimize the risk of any disruption caused by the procedure.
- Do not attempt to replace or recover a O/S drive without the assistance of Hitachi Vantara Customer Support.

The O/S drive A and B status and activity status LEDs of the File 34 and File 38 server models are shown as follows:

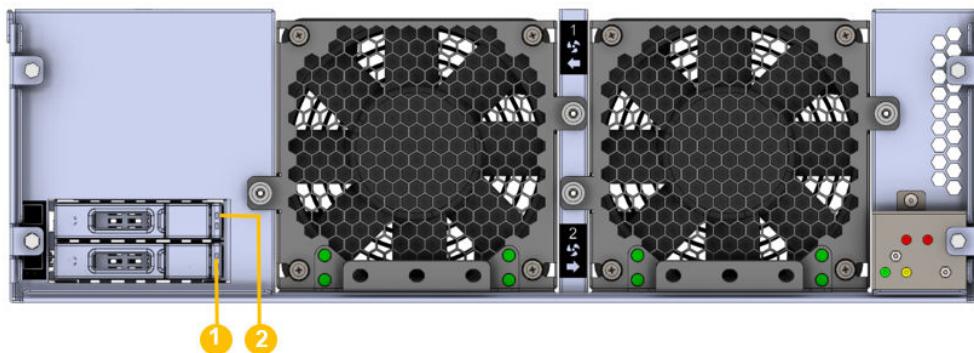


Table 8 Drive A and B status and activity LEDs

| Item | Description |
|------|----------------------------------|
| 1 | Drive B status and activity LEDs |
| 2 | Drive A status and activity LEDs |

Table 9 O/S disk activity and status LEDs

| LEDs | Meaning |
|------|--|
| Blue | If this LED is on and blue, the disk is operating normally and no problems have been detected. If the LED is flashing blue, it indicates disk activity. If the LED is on, but not flashing, there is currently no disk activity. |
| Red | If this LED is on immediately after installing a new O/S disk, it indicates that the RAID configuration for the server is being rebuilt. The LED will turn off after the RAID configuration is restored. The amount of time it takes for the RAID configuration to be rebuilt after a new disk drive is installed depends on the amount of user and system configuration data stored. If this LED is on during the course of normal operation (not after installing a new O/S disk), either the disk has failed or the server's RAID configuration has been degraded. |

Fans

The server features dual hot-swappable fan assemblies. The fans provide for front-to-back airflow to be consistent with other storage system components.

The server's cooling airflow enables the system to operate in an ambient temperature range of 10°C to 35°C when mounted in a rack or cabinet with associated components required to make up a storage system. The storage system administrator is responsible for ensuring that the ambient temperature within the rack does not exceed the 35°C operating limit.

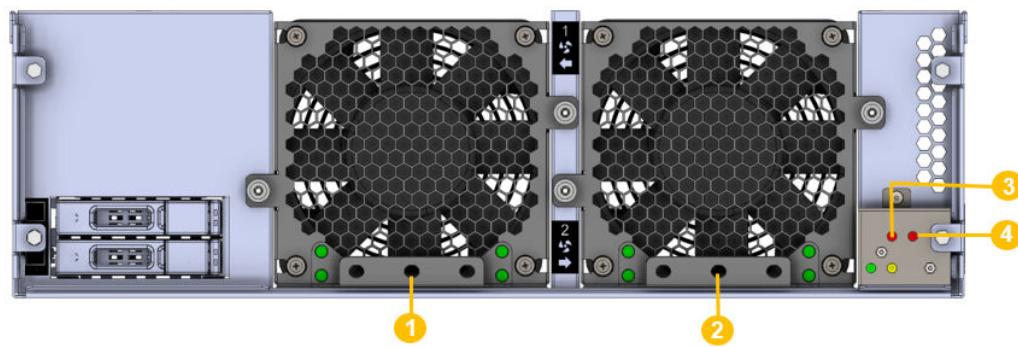
The server continues to operate following the failure of a single fan and during the temporary removal of a fan for replacement. Replace a failed fan as soon as possible.



Caution: If a fan has failed, replace the fan as soon as possible to reduce the amount of time the server is operating with reduced airflow.

The fans are contained within two assemblies, each containing a single variable-speed fan. Fan assemblies are located behind the front bezel. Each fan assembly is secured to the chassis with two thumbscrews and a blind-mate electrical connector; no tools are required to remove or install a fan assembly.

Two fan status LEDs provide fan status information. These LEDs are located behind the bezel on the right side of the chassis.



| Item | Description |
|------|------------------|
| 1 | Fan 1 (left) |
| 2 | Fan 2 (right) |
| 3 | Fan 1 status LED |
| 4 | Fan 2 status LED |

Table 10 Fan status LEDs

| LEDs | Meaning |
|------|---|
| Red | <p>Fan has failed, fan speed is out of acceptable range, or fan speed is not being reported. (This LED will be on if the corresponding fan has been removed.)</p> <p>Replace the fan as soon as possible.</p> |
| Off | Normal operation. |

Server rear panel

The following figure shows the rear panel components.

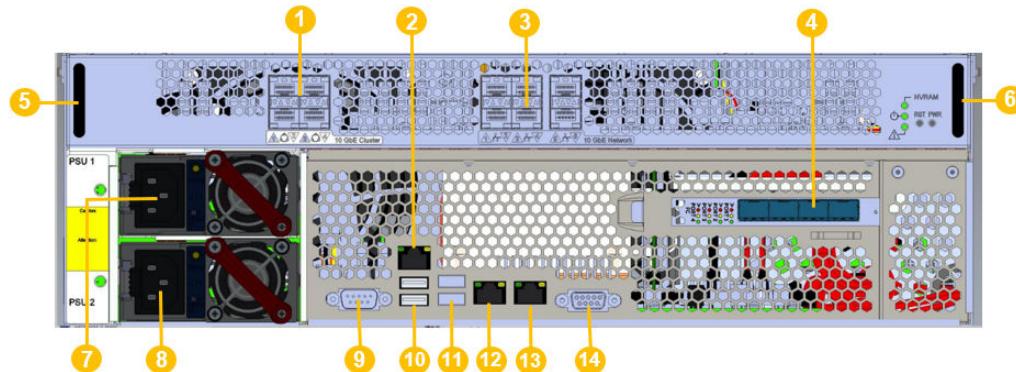


Figure 5 Server rear panel components for model VSP One File 32

The following table shows the ports and connectors on the server rear panel:



Note: Do not use any ports or connectors that are not described in this table without guidance from technical support.

| Item | Connectivity | Qty | Description |
|------|-------------------------|-----|--|
| 1 | Clustering ports 10 GbE | 4 | For cluster management and heartbeat, connect to: <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Two-way configuration: Connect to the corresponding cluster server ports (left port to left port and right port to right port).▪ N-way configuration: Connect to the 10 GbE switch. |
| 2 | IPMI port | 1 | Connection to the internal Ethernet switch of the rack |
| 3 | 10 GbE network ports | 6 | Connection to external 10 Gbps Ethernet data network |
| 4 | Storage or FC switch | 4 | Connection to disk systems or (where present) to the FC switches |
| 5&6 | n/a | 3 | Plastic handles Caution: Do not lift the server by these handles. |
| 7 | PSU 1 | 1 | Power Supply Unit 1 |

| Item | Connectivity | Qty | Description |
|------|-------------------------|-----|---|
| 8 | PSU 2 | 1 | Power Supply Unit 2 |
| 9 | RS-232 | 2 | Management interface. <i>(Reserved for Customer Service Engineer access only.)</i> |
| 10 | USB Ports | 1 | USB port. <i>(Reserved for Customer Service Engineer access only.)</i> |
| 11 | USB Ports 3.0 | 1 | USB 3.0 port. <i>(Reserved for Customer Service Engineer access only.)</i> |
| 12 | ETH0 1000baseT Ethernet | 1 | External system management. Connect to the customer's management switch. |
| 13 | ETH1 1000baseT Ethernet | 1 | Management port. Connect to the internal Ethernet switch of the rack. |
| 14 | Video port | 1 | Video management interface port. <i>(Reserved for Customer Service Engineer access only.)</i> |

Rear panel LED state descriptions

The NVRAM, power, and server status LEDs indicate whether the server is powered, its operational state, and whether the NVRAM is currently being protected by the super capacitor's backup power. The way an LED flashes provides further information about what is currently occurring.

The following tables describe the various power status LEDs.

Table 11 NVRAM status LED (green/amber)

| State | Meaning |
|---------------|--|
| Green (solid) | Normal operation |
| Amber (solid) | The NVDIMM or Supercapacitor backup energy source is faulty. |
| Off | Disabled or system powered down. The NVDIMM may contain data in internal flash memory that will be restored on boot. |

Table 12 Power status LED (green)

| LEDs | Meaning |
|-------|--|
| Green | Normal operational mode of an active cluster node. |

| LEDs | Meaning |
|--|---|
| Slow flash (once every three seconds) | The system has been shut down. |
| Medium flash (once every .8 seconds) | The server is available to host file services but is not currently doing so. This also occurs if no EVS is configured, or if all EVSs are running on the other node in a cluster. |
| Fast flash (five flashes per second) | The server is rebooting. |
| Off | The server is not powered up. |

Table 13 Server status LED (amber)

| LEDs | Meaning |
|--|---|
| Amber | Critical failure and the server is not operational. |
| Slow flash (once every three seconds) | System shutdown has failed. Flashes once every three seconds. |
| Medium flash (once every .8 seconds) | The server needs attention, and a non-critical failure has been detected, for example, a fan or power supply has failed. Flashes once every .8 seconds. |
| Off | Normal operation. |

10 gigabit cluster ethernet interconnect ports

The 10 gigabit per second Ethernet (10 GbE) cluster ports allow you to connect cluster nodes together. The cluster ports are used only in a cluster configuration. The 10 GbE ports operate at speeds of ten (10) gigabits per second. The 10 GbE cluster ports use a small form factor pluggable (SFP+) optical connector.

Do not use the 10 GbE cluster interconnect ports to connect to the customer data network (also known as the public data network).

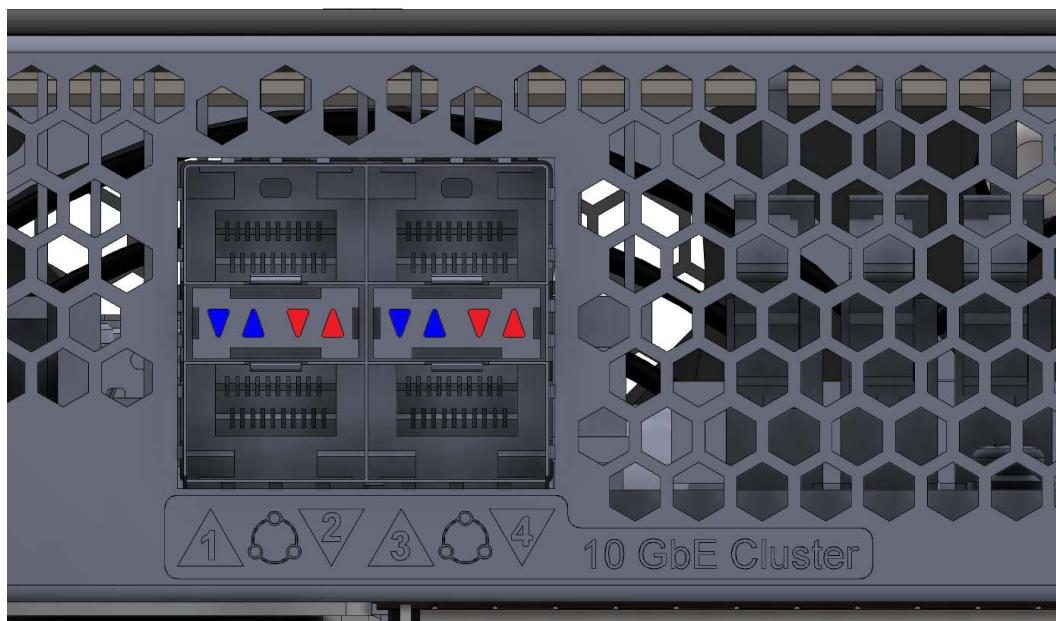


Figure 6 10 GbE cluster interconnect ports

Once connected, each 10 GbE port has two indicator LEDs; one blue and one red. These LEDs provide link status and network activity status information as follows:

Table 14 Status and activity per port

| Status/Activity (per port) | | Meaning |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Status | Blue on, not flashing | 10 Gbps link present |
| | Blue off | No link |
| | Red on | Fault with 10GbE cluster port. Check SFP (laser fault, not 10Gb or Copper SFP used) |
| | Red off | No fault with 10GbE cluster port |
| Activity | Blue flashing | 10GbE cluster port activity |

Rear panel server LED and button locations

Figure 7 Rear panel server LEDs and buttons

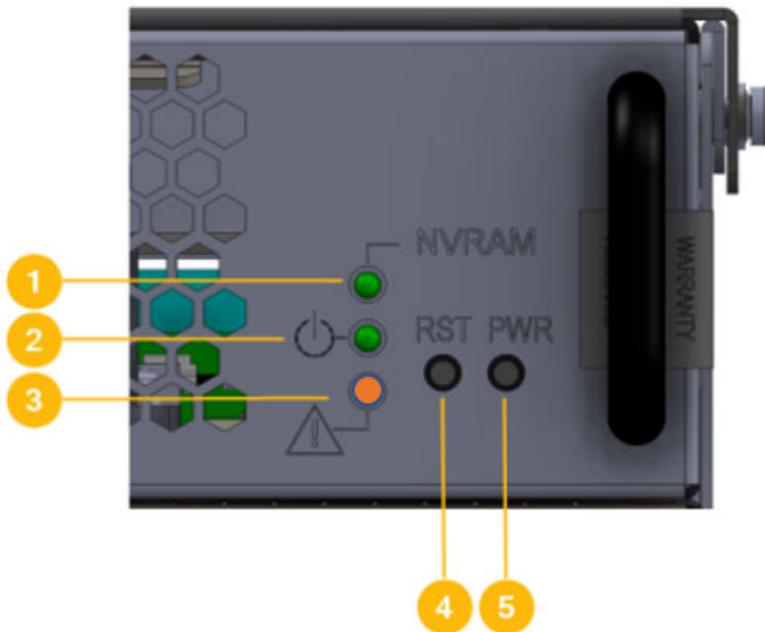


Figure 8 Rear panel server LEDs and buttons

| Item | Meaning |
|------|-----------------------------|
| 1 | NVRAM status LED |
| 2 | Power status symbol and LED |
| 3 | Server status LED |
| 4 | Reset button |
| 5 | Power button |

Power button (PWR)

Under normal circumstances, the power button is rarely used. However, the power button can be used to restore power to the system when the server is in a standby power state.

When power cables are connected to the PSUs, the server normally powers up immediately. If, after 10 seconds, the LEDs on the power supplies are lit, but the Power Status LED is not lit, press the PWR button to restore power to the system. Open a case with Hitachi Vantara Support Connect to get the problem resolved.



Note: Do not use the power button during normal operation of the server. Pressing the power button immediately causes an improper shutdown of the system. The PSUs will continue to run.

Reset button (RST)

Pressing the reset button when the server is powered on causes a hard reset of the server.

This reset occurs after a 30-second delay, during which the server status LED flashes rapidly and the server attempts to shut down properly. Even with the delay, pressing the reset button does not guarantee a complete shutdown before rebooting. Only press the reset button when the server is powered on to recover a server which has become unresponsive. Pressing the reset button at this time may produce a diagnostic bundle automatically.



Caution: If the server is non-responsive, see [Restarting an unresponsive server](#). Do not pull the power cord. Pulling the power cord does not produce a diagnostic bundle.

Fibre channel storage ports

The four FC ports operate at speeds of 4/8/16 Gbps. FC ports use an enhanced small form factor pluggable (SFP+) optical connector.

The SFP+ ports can be removed from the chassis.



Note: When removed, the 10GbE Network SFP+ and the 16 GB Fibre Channel (FC) SFP+ storage ports are indistinguishable from one another except for their part numbers. The part number is located on the side of the port housing and is only visible when the port is removed. Refer to the table in Chapter 9 for more information.



Figure 9 Fibre Channel storage ports label

Table 15 Status and Activity (per port) descriptions

| Status/Activity (per port) | | Meaning |
|----------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| Status | Green (solid on) | Server booting |
| Activity | Green off | Link down |
| Activity | Top Green LED(flashes for activity, other speed LEDs off) | 16G FC link |
| | Middle Green LED (flashes for activity, other speed LEDs off) | 8G FC link |
| | Bottom Green LED (flashes for activity, other speed LEDs off) | 4G FC link |
| | HBA fault(LEDs flash in sequence) | Host Bus Adapter faulted |

10 gigabit ethernet customer data network ports

See the *Network Administration Guide* for more information on creating aggregations.

There are six 10 GbE ports that use enhanced small form factor pluggable (SFP+) optical connectors, shown as follows:



Figure 10 10 gigabit ethernet customer data network ports

Once connected, each 10 GbE port has two indicator LEDs; one blue and one red. These LEDs provide link and network activity status information as follows:

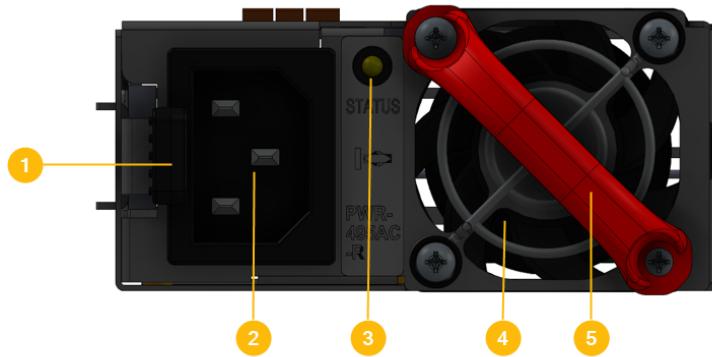
| Status/Activity (per port) | | Meaning |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Status | Blue on, not flashing | 10 Gbps link present |
| | Blue off | No link |
| | Red on | Fault with 10GbE port. Check SFP (laser fault, not 10 Gb or Copper SFP >5m used) |
| | Red off | No fault with 10GbE port |
| Activity | Blue flashing | 10 Gbps link activity |

Power supply units

The server has dual, hot-swappable, load sharing, AC power supply units (PSUs). The PSUs are accessible from the rear of the server.

The server monitors the operational status of the power supply modules so that the management interfaces can indicate the physical location of the failed PSU. LED indicators provide PSU status information for the state of the PSU.

Power supply unit details



| Item | Description |
|------|----------------------|
| 1 | PSU retention latch |
| 2 | Power cord connector |
| 3 | PSU status LED |
| 4 | PSU fan exhaust |
| 5 | PSU handle |



Note: There are no field-serviceable parts in the PSU. If a PSU unit fails for any reason, replace it. See [Replacing a power supply unit \(on page 43\)](#) for information about replacing a power supply.

Table 16 Power status LED

| Status | Meaning |
|----------------|--|
| Green | DC output operating normally |
| Flashing Green | No AC power or DC output fault |
| Off | Standby power fault or neither PSU is powered from AC mains |
| Flashing Amber | Internal PSU fault (over voltage, over-current, over temperature or fan failure) |

If the Power status LED is off, unplug the power cable, wait 10 seconds, then reconnect the cable. If the Power Status LED remains off, the PSU has failed and must be replaced.

If the amber status LED is flashing, unplug the power cable, wait 10 minutes, then reconnect the cable. If the PSU Status LED remains off, the PSU has failed and must be replaced. See [Replacing a power supply unit \(on page 43\)](#) for more information on replacing a PSU.

Mains power connections are an IEC inlet in each power supply. Each PSU is only powered from its mains inlet. Two power feeds are required for the system. PSU units do not have an on/off switch. To turn on power, simply connect the power cable. To turn off the unit, remove the power cable.

When both PSUs are installed, if only one PSU is connected and receiving adequate power, the fans on both PSUs will operate, but only the PSU receiving power will provide power to the server.

Each power supply auto-ranges over an input range of 100V to 240V AC, 50 Hz to 60 Hz.



Caution: If the server is non-responsive do not pull the power cord, contact Hitachi Vantara support.

Ethernet management ports 0 and 1

Ethernet management ports 0 and 1 are standard 10/100/1000 Ethernet ports that are used to connect to the server for management purposes. Two LAN ports (eth0 and eth1) are located on the I/O back panel of the motherboard. Each Ethernet LAN port has two LEDs.

The green LED indicates activity, while the other link LED may be green, amber, or off to indicate the speed of the connection.

Refer to the following tables for more information.

Table 17 eth0/eth1 Activity LED (Right) LED State

| LED Color | Status | Definition |
|-----------|----------|------------|
| Green | Flashing | Active |

Table 18 eth0/eth1 Activity LED (Left) LED State

| LED Color | Definition |
|-----------|-----------------------|
| Off | No connection/10 Mbps |
| Amber | 1 Gbps |
| Green | 100 Mbps |

Serial port

A standard serial (RS-232) port, used to connect to the server for management purposes. See [RS-232 serial management port](#) for more information.

USB ports

Standard USB connectors. These ports are used to connect USB devices to the server during some operations.

Valid USB devices include:

- Flash drives
- External hard drives
- USB keyboards

Valid operations include:

- Management
- Install
- Upgrade
- Update
- Repair



Note: The USB ports should not be used without guidance from Hitachi Vantara customer support.

In addition to eth0 and eth1, an IPMI LAN is also located on the I/O back panel. The amber LED on the right indicates activity, while the green LED on the left indicates the speed of the connection. Refer to the following table for more information.

IPMI port

In addition to eth0 and eth1, an IPMI LAN is also located on the I/O back panel. The amber LED on the right indicates activity, while the green LED on the left indicates the speed of the connection. Refer to the following table for more information.

Table 19 IPMI LAN LEDs

| LED Color/State | Definition | |
|------------------|--|--|
| Link (left) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Green: Solid ▪ Amber: Solid | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 100 Mbps ▪ 1 Gbps |
| Activity (right) | Amber: Blinking | Active |

Management interfaces

Management interface ports on rear panel.

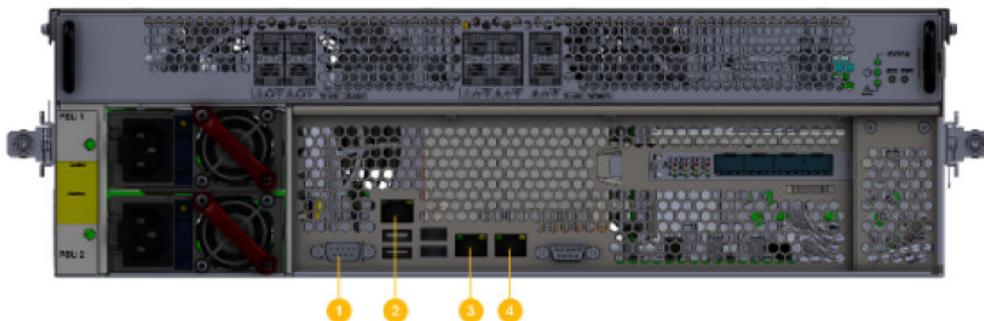


Table 20 Management interface ports and descriptions

| Item | Description |
|------|---|
| 1 | Serial management port (RS-232 DB-9 connector) |
| 2 | IPMI port |
| 3 | External system management port 0 for customer facing management (RJ45 connector) |
| 4 | Internal system management port 1 for private management (RJ45 connector) |

RS-232 serial management port

The server has one RS-232 connection port, located on the rear panel of the server. This serial port is intended to be used during system setup. The serial port is not intended as a permanent management connection. This port should not be used as the primary management interface for the server. The primary management interface to the server is through the File Administrator or through server's command line interface (CLI), which can be accessed through the network.

Any VT100 terminal emulation interface can be used to access to the CLI so that you can perform management or configuration functions. Connect the terminal to the serial port on the rear panel of the server, then set the host settings to the values shown in the following table to ensure proper communication between the terminal and the server.

Table 21 Host setting values

| Terminal | Requirement |
|------------|------------------------------|
| Connection | Crossover (null modem) cable |
| Emulation | VT100 |

| Terminal | Requirement |
|--------------|-------------|
| Baud rate | 115,200 Bps |
| Data bits | 8 |
| Stop bits | 1 |
| Parity | None |
| Flow control | None |



Note: Once the initial setup has been completed, disconnect the serial cable. If you need to manage the server through a serial connection, connect to the server's System Administrator and use SSH to access the server's CLI.

10/100/1000 Ethernet management ports

The 10/100/1000 Ethernet management ports are used to connect the server or node to the customer facing management network and the private management network, or to connect directly to another device for management purposes.

The 10/100/1000 Ethernet ports operate at speeds of up to one (1) gigabit per second, and require the use of a standard RJ45 cable connector. Once connected, each GE port has two indicator LEDs; one on the top left and the second on the top right of the port.

These LEDs provide link status and network activity status information as described in the next table:

| Left LED - Speed | Right LED - Link/Activity | Meaning |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| Off | Yellow (flashing) | 10 Mbps link present |
| Green (not flashing) | Yellow (flashing) | 100 Mbps link present |
| Orange (not flashing) | Yellow (flashing) | 1 Gbps link present |
| Off | Off | No link |

Ethernet cables

CAT6 RJ45 cables that fully comply with the CAT6 SF/UTP standard for the 1000Base-T GE Ethernet network ports are required.

Chapter 4: Replacing server components

This section describes which components are field replaceable units (FRUs) and how to replace them. This section also describes which components are hot-swappable.

Field replaceable units



Important: The field replaceable units (FRUs) can only be replaced by certified engineers. These components are not customer-replaceable units (CRUs).

FRUs include the following components:

- Whole node (except rail kit, bezel, and PSU)
- SSDs
- Fans
- Bezel
- Power Supply Units (PSUs)
- SFP+ port adapters (Network and cluster port SFP+, and HBA Fibre Channel port SFP+)

Removing and replacing the front bezel

To access some server components or field replaceable units (FRUs), you must first remove the front bezel. Replace the bezel after the part replacement is complete.

Replacing a fan

Replace a fan assembly, which is one of the server's hot-swappable components, as follows:

Procedure

1. Remove the front bezel. The fan assemblies are now visible.
2. Identify the fan to be replaced.

Fans are labeled on the chassis, and are numbered 1 and 2, with fan 1 on the left and fan 2 on the right. Refer to the fan status LEDs on front panel of the server (behind the bezel) to see which fan has failed. In the following figure, number 1 indicates the status LED for fan 1 (the left-side fan), and number 2 indicates the status LED for fan 2 (the right-side fan).

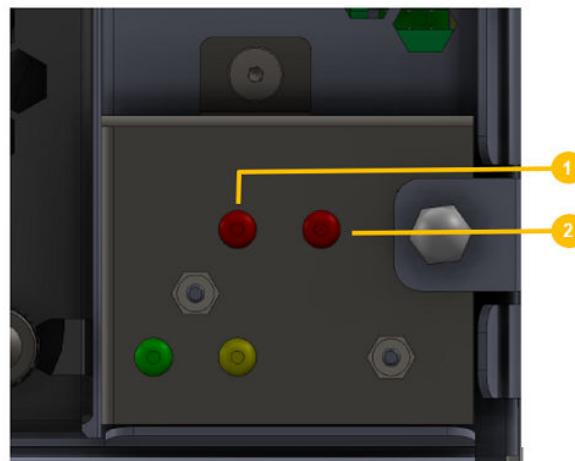


Figure 11 Fan status LEDs

Table 22 Fan status LED descriptions

| Item | Description |
|------|------------------|
| 1 | Fan 1 status LED |
| 2 | Fan 2 status LED |

3. Remove the faulty fan by loosening the thumbscrews (turning them counter-clockwise) until they are loose, then pulling the fan unit straight out of the chassis. (The fan lead connector disengages automatically as you remove the fan assembly.)
4. Put the new fan assembly into place.
5. Gently press the fan assembly back into the chassis. The fan electrical connector is aligned automatically when the fan is fully inserted into the chassis.
6. Secure the fan assembly in position by tightening the thumbscrews (turning them clockwise).
7. Replace the front bezel.

Recovering or replacing a drive

Some drive failures require drive replacement, others only require performing a recovery process. Use the recovery process to ensure that all partitions are recovered before proceeding with any further drive recovery or replacement procedures. Unless you are certain the drive has failed, perform a drive recovery.



Important: Do not attempt to replace or recover a drive without the assistance of Hitachi Vantara Customer Support.

Drives can fail for a number of reasons, including corrupt sectors or erroneous blocks of data. Typically, the RAID controller handles these types of errors and they do not cause the server to fail.

More serious errors may cause a drive failure, causing one or both drives to fall out of the RAID. Should one partition of a drive fail, attempt a disk recovery. If a partition fails repeatedly, replace the drive. If all the partitions fall out of RAID, replace the failed drive.



Caution: When removing a drive, take extreme care to only press one lever. The push button latch mechanisms are close together and, if not careful, both latches can easily be depressed at one time. This causes an immediate loss of access.



Important: Before you consider replacing a drive, note the following points:

- Failed drives are hot-swappable, so a failed drive can be replaced without shutting down the server. However, there are serious risks in trying to swap a drive that has not failed.
- Do not assume that because the red LED is illuminated that a drive is faulty. Under a RAID rebuild/recovery, the red LED is illuminated. If the drive fails and must be replaced, remove it from the server.
- If the drive shows signs of failure (through warning events in the event log), the drive can be replaced as it is hot-swappable.
- Do not pull out a drive that is in a known good configuration. Doing so can potentially lead to data corruption.
- Unless you are certain the drive has failed, perform a disk recovery.
- Drive redundancy is unsupported if the drive is removed from the server.
- The new drive does not require the same capacity as the drive being replaced.



WARNING: It is strongly recommended that you perform drive replacement procedures during a maintenance window to minimize risk of any disruption caused by the procedure and to allow for the movement of EVSs and other unexpected events that may occur.

Replacing a power supply unit

You can replace a power supply unit (PSU) as a hot-swappable server component. The server can operate on a single PSU if necessary, making it possible to replace a failed PSU without shutting down the server. If a PSU fails, it must be replaced as quickly as possible because operating on a single PSU means that there is no redundancy in that area, increasing the risk of an interruption in service to clients.

LED indicators on each PSU indicate the PSU status.



Note: Refer to the section on [Power supply units \(on page 35\)](#) for more information.

Procedure

1. Remove the power cord from the PSU.
2. Move the retaining latch to the right. You may hear a slight click if the PSU moves when the latch disengages.

3. Using the handle on the PSU, pull the PSU out from the back of the server until you can completely remove the PSU from the chassis.
4. Insert the replacement PSU. The retention latch should click into position all the way to the left when the PSU is fully inserted.
If the PSU that is not being replaced is receiving mains power when the replacement PSU is fitted, the fan on the replacement PSU becomes active.
5. Connect the power cord to the back of the PSU.
The PSU should start as soon as the power connection is made. If the PSU does not start immediately, make sure the main power circuit is live and that the other end of the power cable is connected to a live outlet.

Chapter 5: Rebooting, shutting down, and powering off

This section provides instructions on how to reboot, shut down, and power off a server or cluster.

Rebooting the server

The server or cluster can be rebooted using the File Administrator or from the VSP One File operating system console. When rebooting a cluster, nodes may be rebooted sequentially (--cluster) or simultaneously (--all).

Procedure

1. From the VSP One File operating system console, enter the command: `reboot --all` to reboot nodes simultaneously or `reboot --cluster` to reboot sequentially.



Note: A reboot stops all file serving EVSs on the selected node or all cluster nodes, then reboots the node/nodes. Rebooting may take up to five minutes.

Powering down the server

Follow this procedure whenever a server is about to be powered down for shipment or storage, and will be left off for more than a day. If the system is being restarted or power-cycled, this procedure is not required.

Contact your Hitachi Vantara representative for special instructions if servers will be in storage for more than one year.

Procedure

1. From the VSP One File operating system console, enter the command: `shutdown --powerdown`
2. Wait until the rear panel LEDs turn off.



Note: The PSUs continue to run and the PSU LEDs stay on.

3. Power down the server by removing the power cables from the PSU modules.

Powering on the server or cluster

To start/power on a server or cluster:

Procedure

1. Verify that all servers are switched off.
2. Start all storage systems, beginning with the expansion enclosures.
Wait until the disk LEDs on all of the expansion enclosures have stopped blinking (which indicates that they are spinning up) or two minutes, whichever comes first, then start the storage system RAID controller enclosures. Note that the disk drives in some storage enclosures do not spin up until commanded to do so by the RAID controller, so the LEDs may continue to blink until after the RAID controller enclosure has sent those commands and the drives have spun up.
3. For a cluster configuration, verify the System Administrator has been installed and configured in the customer VMware or HyperV environment.
Wait one minute to allow the external System Administrator to start.
4. If you are starting a cluster, wait 5 - 10 seconds before powering on the next node in the cluster.

Recovering from power stand-by

When the server is in a power standby state, the power supplies are powered and the PSU LEDs are lit, but the Power Status LED on the rear panel is not.

The server enters a stand-by power state due to any the following conditions:

- The `shutdown --powerdown` command has been issued.
- The PWR button is pressed when the server is running.
- The server has shut down automatically due to an over-temperature condition.

You can restore the server to its normal power state by either of the following methods:

- Press the PWR button.
- Remove the power cables from both PSUs, wait for 10 seconds, then reconnect the cables to the PSUs.

Chapter 6: Accessing the server CLI

Performing certain tasks require that you access the server through the command line interface (CLI). Refer to the *Command Line Reference* for more information.

Chapter 7: Parts list for Hitachi VSP One File 32

Parts for VSP One File 32 servers

| Part number | Description | Notes |
|-------------|--------------------|---|
| SX325156-01 | Server | Does not include PSUs, bezel, or rail kit |
| SX325152 | PSU | 80 Plus Platinum rated |
| SX325155 | SSD | 2 per server |
| SX170320 | Fibre Channel SFP+ | |
| SX325116 | Fan tray | 2 per server |
| SX325159 | VSP One Bezel Kit | |

Switch Parts

| Part number | Description | Notes |
|-----------------------|--|-------|
| ICX6430-24 | Managed 24-port Ethernet 10/100/1000 Base-Tnotes – Used for private management network when desired | |
| BR-VDX6740-24-F(or R) | <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Brocade VDX 6740▪ 10GbE Switch, 16 ports▪ SFP+, AC, "F" for front side or "R" for rear side exhaust▪ Exhaust AF | |
| 10G-SFP-SR | <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Brocade VDX 6740▪ Cisco Nexus 3524-X or XL▪ SW 10GbE SFP+ | |

| Part number | Description | Notes |
|----------------------------------|---|-------|
| N3K-C3524P-10GX N3K-C3524P-XL | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Cisco Nexus 3524-X or XL switch ▪ 10GbE Switch 24 ports enabled, but upgradeable to 48 ports ▪ Port-side exhaust is default | |

Optics used with VSP One File 32 servers

| Part number | Description | Notes |
|--|---|---|
| FTLX8574D3BCL-HD | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ SFP+ 10GbE 400 meters ▪ 850 nm. multi-mode ▪ 3.3v | <p>Supported in:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 6 x 10GbE network ports ▪ 4 x cluster ports <p>Not supported in 4 x Fibre Channel ports</p> |
| AFBR-710SMZ-HT1/ FTLX8574D3BCL-HD/ PLRXPL-SC-S43-HT1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ SFP+ 10GbE 300 meters ▪ 850 nm. multi-mode ▪ 3.3v | <p>Supported in:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 6 x 10GbE network ports ▪ 4 x cluster ports <p>Not supported in:</p> <p>4 x Fibre Channel ports</p> |
| SFP16-SR-SP | <p>SFP+ 16GbE FC 100 meters 850nm Fibre Channel 4.25-14.025 Gbps</p> | <p>Supported in:</p> <p>4 x Fibre Channel ports</p> <p>Not supported in:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 6 x 10GbE network ports ▪ 4 x cluster ports |
| FTLX1475D3BCV | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ SFP + 10GbE 10km ▪ 1310 nm. single-mode ▪ 3.3v | <p>Supported in:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 6 x 10GbE network ports ▪ 4 x cluster ports <p>Not supported in:</p> <p>4 x Fibre Channel ports</p> |

Copper cables used with VSP One File 32 servers

| Part number | Description | Notes |
|----------------|--|--|
| SFP-H10GB-CU1M | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Copper cable - SFP+ ▪ 10GbE passive twinax, for 10GbE network ports, 1 meter | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Supported in 6 x 10GbE network ports ▪ Not supported in 4 x cluster ports ▪ Not supported in 4 x Fibre Channel ports |
| SFP-H10GB-CU3M | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Copper cable - SFP+ ▪ 10GbE passive twinax, for 10GbE network ports, 3 meters | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Supported in 6 x 10GbE network ports ▪ Not supported in 4 x cluster ports ▪ Not supported in 4 x Fibre Channel ports |
| SFP-H10GB-CU5M | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Copper cable - SFP+ ▪ 10GbE passive twinax, for 10GbE network ports, 5 meters | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Supported in 6 x 10GbE network ports ▪ Not supported in 4 x cluster ports ▪ Not supported in 4 x Fibre Channel ports |

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