

### DIGITAL CIRCUITS 1<sup>st</sup> MIDTERM EXAM SOLUTIONS

#### **SOLUTION 1 (30 Points):**

**a.** B is negative, result is negative, there is an overflow, and operation is subtraction

i) Overflow condition: pos - neg = neg, therefore A must be **positive**. [10 points]

ii) A = 0xxx xxxx 0xxx xxxx

B= 1001 1101 2's comp. + 0110 0011 smallest possible A= 0001 1101

R = 1xxx xxxx 1xxx xxxx

[10 points]

The same solution by thinking in decimal:

 $B=(-99)_{10}$ , to generate an overflow result must be at least +128. (Note that result seems to be negative, but due to overflow the real sign of the result is positive.)

A-99=128, smallest possible  $A=(29)_{10} = 0001 \ 1101$ 

**b.** The carry bit is 1. It means **no borrow**. Therefore A>B. [10 points]

#### **SOLUTION 2 (30 Points):**

a) [5 pts]

Expression:

(a+E)(a'+F) or (a'+E)(a+F)

b) [10 pts]

$$(a+E)(a'+F)(E+F) = (a+E)(a'+F)(E+F+aa')$$
 Inverse and identity  
=  $(a+E)(a'+F)(E+F+a)(E+F+a')$  Distribution  
=  $(a+E)(1+F)(a'+F)(1+E)$  Identity  
=  $(a+E)(a'+F)$ 

c) [10 pts]

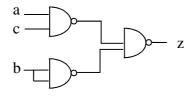
z = ab'c+acd+ab+a'b

= ab'c+acd+b(a'+a) Distribution = acd+ab'c+b Inverse = acd+ab'c+b+ac Consensus

= ac(d+b'+1)+b Distribution and identity

= ac+b

[5 pts]



## **SOLUTION 3 (40 Points):**

a. Maxterms (0 generating inputs): 0001, 0101, 1100, 1101, 1110, 1001

	ab 00 01 11 10						
6	ab\	00	01	11	10		
(	00	1		1	1		
(	)1	1		1	1		
1	11			1			
	0	1		1	1		

Prime Implicants: b'd', a'd', a'c, b'c, cd [15 points]

[5 points]

# **b.** [20 points]

False (0) points of function f are true (1) points of the **complement** ( $\bar{f}(a,b,c,d)$ ).

Num	abcd	Num abcd	Num	abcd
	0001√	1,5 0-01√	1,5,9,13	01 <b>X</b>
5	0101√	1,9 -001√		
9	1001√	5,13 -101√		
12	1100√	9,13 1-01√		
13	1101√	12,13 110- <b>X</b>		
14	1110√	12,14 11-0 <b>X</b>		

Prime Implicants: abc', abd', c'd