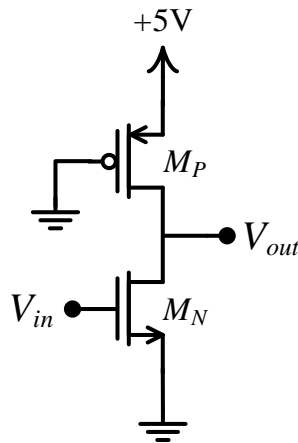


# EHB322E Digital Electronic Circuits

## Homework 1

Deadline: 17/03/2014 (before the lecture)

Consider the pseudo NMOS inverter shown below.



Pseudo NMOS Inverter

1. **CALCULATION:** Use the following parameters for your calculations. Neglect Early effect ( $V_A$  is infinite).  
*Transistor parameters:*  $k_p' = \mu_p c_{ox} = 50 \mu\text{A}/\text{V}^2$ ,  $k_n' = \mu_n c_{ox} = 100 \mu\text{A}/\text{V}^2$ ,  $V_{TN} = 1\text{V}$ ,  $V_{TP} = -1\text{V}$ ,  $W_P = 1\mu$ ,  $L_P = 1\mu$ ,  $L_N = 1\mu$ .
  - a) Find the minimum value of  $W_N$  to satisfy that  $V_{OL} < 0.1\text{V}$ .
  - b) Suppose that a load capacitor of  $10\text{pF}$  is connected to the output. Find the value of the propagation delay  $t_{PLH}$ .
  - c) Find the static power consumption of the inverter for  $V_{in} = 0\text{V}$  and  $V_{in} = 5\text{V}$ .
2. **SIMULATION:** Construct the above circuit using SPICE. Connect body terminals of transistor to their source terminals. Select  $W_P = 1\mu$ ,  $L_P = 1\mu$ ,  $L_N = 1\mu$ . Use T15DN and T15DP spice models for NMOS and PMOS transistors, respectively. For details of using LTspice check out the tutorial attached to the homework.
  - a) Find the minimum value of  $W_N$  to satisfy that  $V_{OL} < 0.1\text{V}$ .
  - b) Sketch voltage transfer curve of the inverter; find noise margin values of  $NM_L$  and  $NM_H$ ; find the switching threshold value of  $V_M$ .
  - c) Suppose that a load capacitor of  $10\text{pF}$  is connected to the output. Find the value of the propagation delay  $t_{PLH}$ .

*Grading: 1(a)20%, 1(b)15%, 1(c)15%, 2(a)15 %, 2(b)20, 2(c)15%*

Note: Do not forget to attach SPICE **output file** prints to your homework!

## Mini LTspice Tutorial

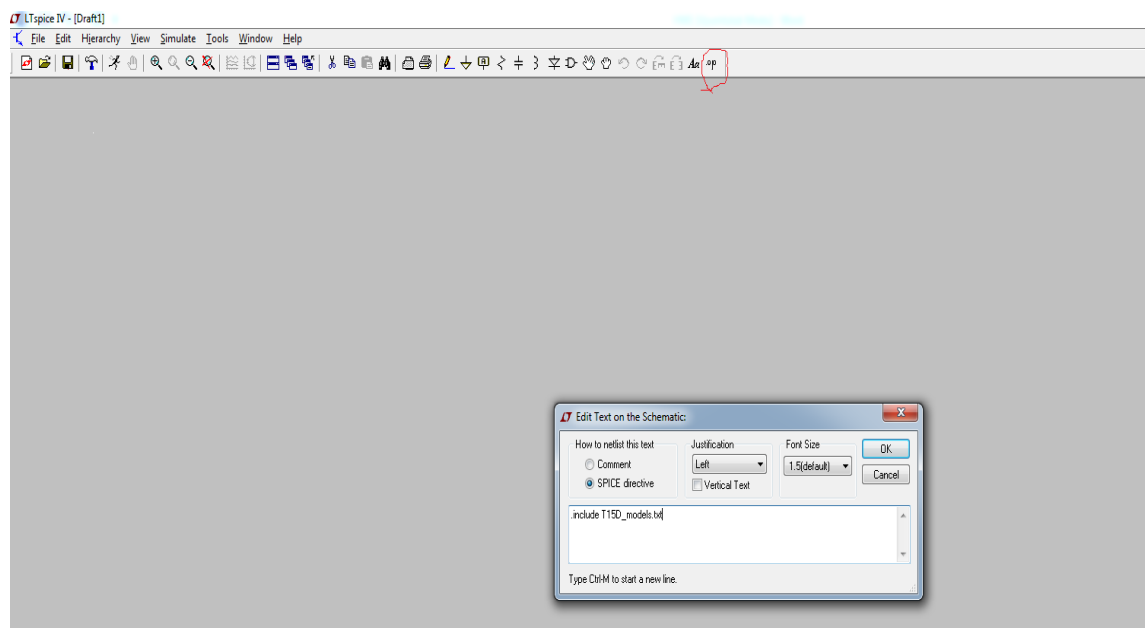
Model parameters for NMOS and PMOS transistors are given below.

```
.MODEL T15DN NMOS (                LEVEL = 3
+ TOX  = 1.4E-8      NSUB = 1E17      GAMMA = 0.5483559
+ PHI  = 0.7         VTO  = 0.7640855  DELTA = 3.0541177
+ UO   = 662.6984452 ETA  = 3.162045E-6 THETA = 0.1013999
+ KP   = 1.259355E-4 VMAX  = 1.442228E5  KAPPA = 0.3
+ RSH  = 7.513418E-3 NFS  = 1E12      TPG  = 1
+ XJ   = 3E-7        LD   = 1E-13      WD   = 2.334779E-7
+ CGDO = 2.15E-10    CGSO = 2.15E-10    CGBO = 1E-10
+ CJ   = 4.258447E-4 PB   = 0.9140376  MJ   = 0.435903
+ CJSW = 3.147465E-10 MJSW = 0.1977689  )
*

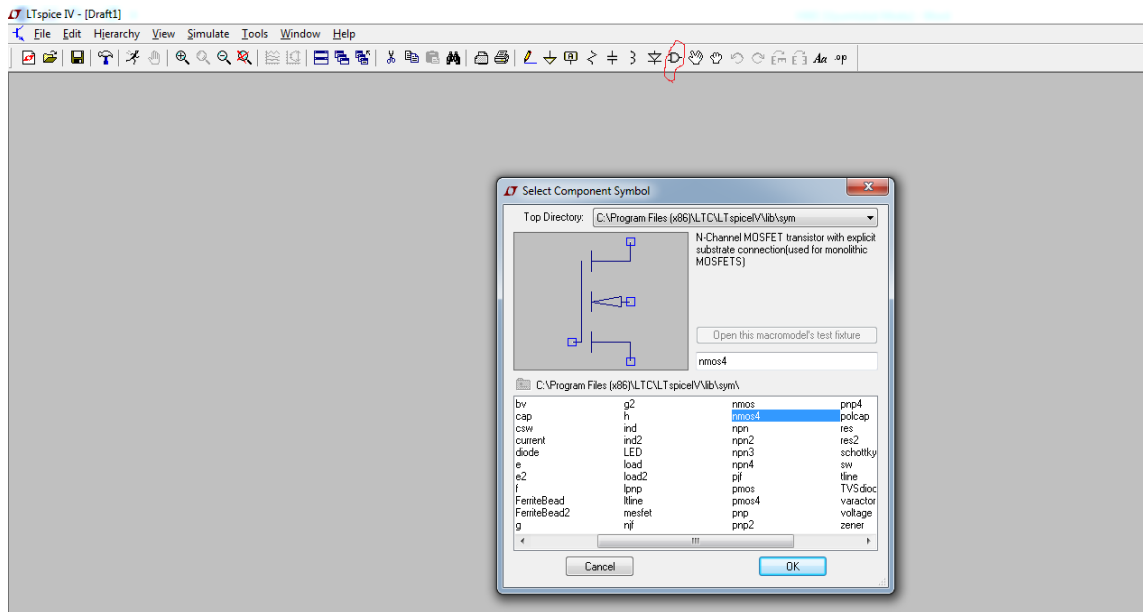
.MODEL T15DP PMOS (                LEVEL = 3
+ TOX  = 1.4E-8      NSUB = 1E17      GAMMA = 0.6243261
+ PHI  = 0.7         VTO  = -0.9444911  DELTA = 0.1118368
+ UO   = 250         ETA  = 0          THETA = 0.1633973
+ KP   = 3.924644E-5 VMAX  = 1E6       KAPPA = 30.1015109
+ RSH  = 33.9672594  NFS  = 1E12      TPG  = -1
+ XJ   = 2E-7        LD   = 5E-13      WD   = 4.11531E-7
+ CGDO = 2.34E-10    CGSO = 2.34E-10    CGBO = 1E-10
+ CJ   = 7.285722E-4 PB   = 0.96443    MJ   = 0.5
+ CJSW = 2.955161E-10 MJSW = 0.3184873  )
```

In order to use the parameter sets, shown above, in Ltspice, please follow these steps:

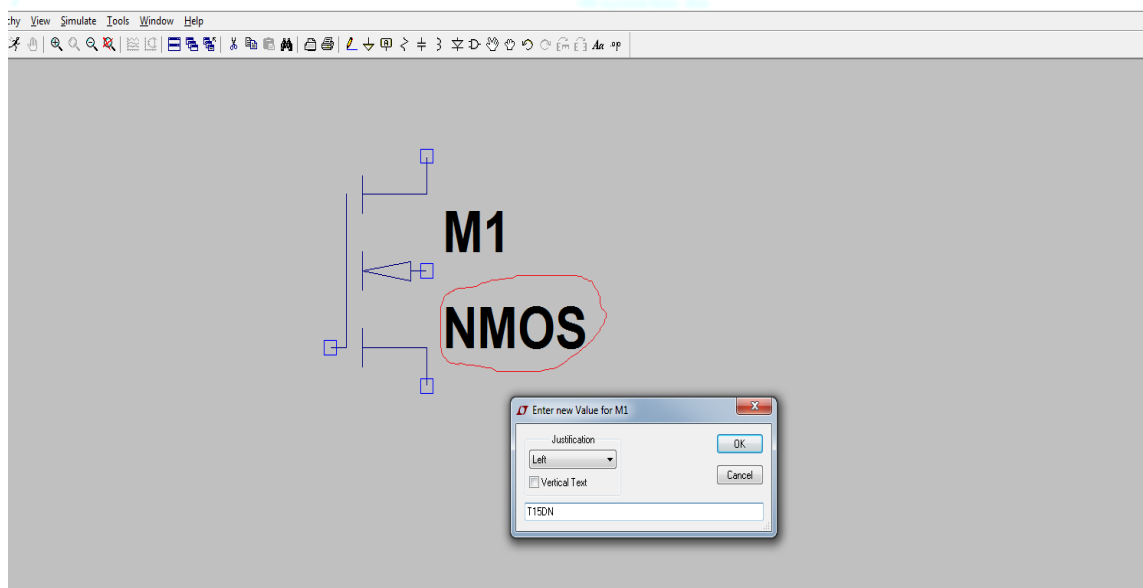
- 1- Create a .txt file named T15D\_models.txt.
- 2- Copy parameters above and paste them into T15D\_models.txt file.
- 3- Then place T15D\_models.txt file into the LTspice folder.
- 4- After click on the .op tab as shown in figure below (circled red), write T15D\_models.txt into the opened window. After pressing OK, you will see a rectangle information bar. Paste it somewhere in the schematic.



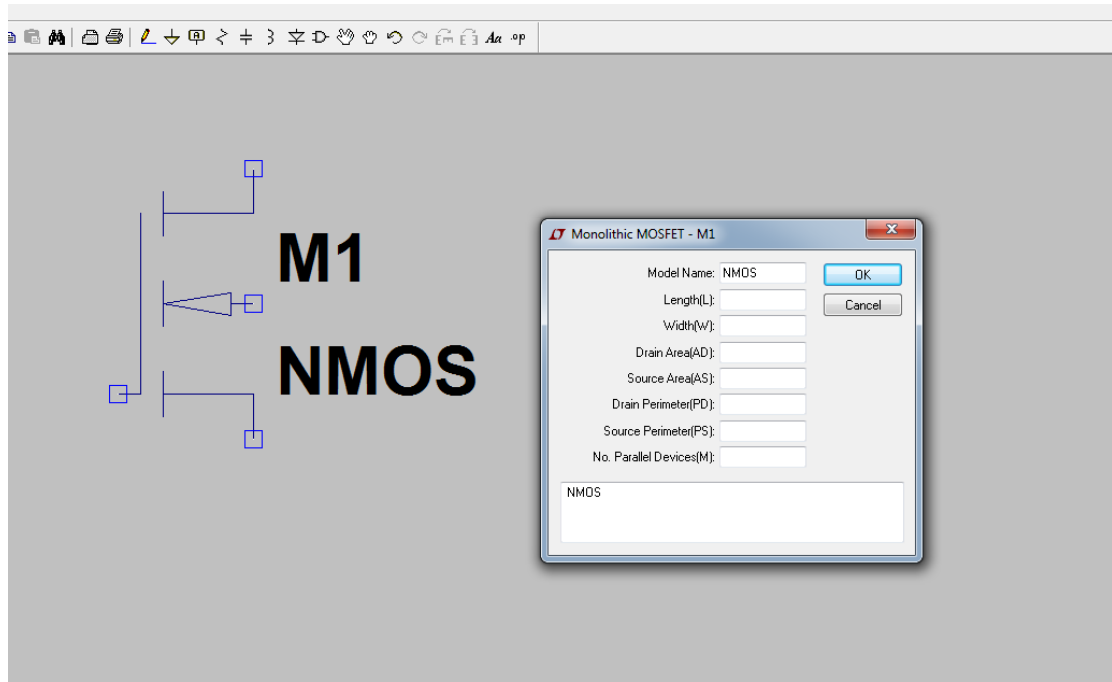
- 5- To add MOS transistors, click on the component tab shown below (circled red), then select NMOS4 and PMOS4.



- 6- After selecting the transistor, right click on the transistor; name it as T15DN for NMOS and T15DP for PMOS.



- 7- To enter W and L parameter values, right click on the transistor and write W and L values.



**Note:** Your simulation results can be slightly different from hand calculations because of probable mismatches between calculation and simulation parameters.