haversine.perl

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1: #!/usr/bin/perl
 2: # $Id: haversine.perl,v 1.1 2018-05-24 10:39:07-07 - - $
 3:
 4: # Find distance between two airports using the haversine formula.
 5: # http://andrew.hedges.name/experiments/haversine/
 6: # Airport database is in prolog syntax.
7:
8: use strict;
9: use warnings;
10: $0 = s|.*/||;
11:
12: my $PI = 3.141592653589793238462643383279502884;
13: my $EARTH_RADIUS_MILES = 3961;
15: my $database_name = ".score/database.pl";
16:
17: my %database;
18: open DATABASE, "<$database_name" or die "$0: $database_name: $!";
19: while (<DATABASE>) {
       next unless m/airport\(\s*(.*?),\s*'(.*?)',\s*
20:
21:
                     degmin\(\s*(\d+),\s*(\d+)\s*\),\s*
22:
                     degmin((s*((d+), s*((d+))s*()/x;
      my ($airport, $name, $nlatdeg, $nlatmin, $wlondeg, $wlonmin)
23:
24:
             = ($1, $2, $3, $4, $5, $6);
25:
       $airport = uc $airport;
       $database{$airport} = [$name, $nlatdeg, $nlatmin,
26:
27:
                                      $wlondeg, $wlonmin];
28: }
29: close DATABASE;
30:
31: sub radians ($$) {
32:
       # Convert degrees and minutes of arc to radians.
33:
      my ($degrees, $minutes) = @_;
34:
       return ($degrees + $minutes / 60) * $PI / 180;
35: }
36:
37: sub print_location(@) {
      my ($deg, $min, $dir) = @_;
39:
      printf " %3d°%2d′%s(%6.2f°,%6.4f)",
40:
              $deg, $min, $dir, $deg + $min / 60, radians ($deg, $min);
41: }
42:
43: sub print_airport($$) {
44:
      my ($airport, $data) = @_;
45:
      printf "%-3s (%-16s)", $airport, $$data[0];
46:
      print_location @$data[1,2], "N";
      print_location @$data[3,4], "W";
47:
      printf "\n";
48:
49: }
50:
51: for my $airport (sort keys %database) {
      print_airport $airport, $database{$airport};
52:
53: }
54:
```

```
55:
56: my $circumference = 2 * $PI * $EARTH_RADIUS_MILES;
57: printf "\n";
58: printf "Earth radius:
                                %7.1f miles\n", $EARTH_RADIUS_MILES;
59: printf "Earth circumference: %7.1f miles\n", $circumference;
60: printf "Earth 1 degree arc: %7.1f miles\n", $circumference / 360;
61: printf "Earth 1 minute arc: %7.1f miles\n", $circumference / 360 / 60;
62: printf "Earth 1 radian arc: %7.1f miles\n", $circumference / $PI / 2;
64: sub haversine_distance ($$$$) {
65:
       # Latitude1, longitude1 in radians.
66:
       # Latitude2, longitude2 in radians.
67:
      my ($lat1, $lon1, $lat2, $lon2) = @_;
      my $dlon = $lon2 - $lon1;
68:
      my $dlat = $lat2 - $lat1;
69:
70:
      my tmpa = (sin (tal / 2)) ** 2
71:
                + cos ($lat1) * cos ($lat2) * (sin ($dlon / 2)) ** 2;
      my $unit_distance = 2 * atan2 (sqrt ($tmpa), sqrt (1 - $tmpa));
72:
      my $distance_miles = $EARTH_RADIUS_MILES * $unit_distance;
73:
74:
       return $distance_miles;
75: }
76:
77: while (@ARGV >= 2) {
      my $airport1 = shift; $airport1 = uc $airport1;
78:
       my $airport2 = shift; $airport2 = uc $airport2;
79:
80:
      my $data1 = $database{$airport1};
81:
       my $data2 = $database{$airport2};
82:
       warn "$0: $airport1, $airport2: invalid airport\n" and next
             unless $data1 && $data2;
83:
      my $lat1 = radians ($data1->[1], $data1->[2]);
84:
85:
      my $lon1 = radians ($data1->[3], $data1->[4]);
      my $lat2 = radians ($data2->[1], $data2->[2]);
86:
      my $lon2 = radians ($data2->[3], $data2->[4]);
87:
88:
      my $distance = haversine_distance ($lat1, $lon1, $lat2, $lon2);
89:
      print "\nDistance:\n";
      print_airport $airport1, $data1;
90:
91:
      print_airport $airport2, $data2;
92:
      printf "%.0f miles\n", $distance;
93: }
```

05/24/18 10:46:08

1: COMMAND: haversine.perl lax sfo sjc nyc sfo sea

2: