## typedef: define new data type names (give another name to existing, or newly created, data type)

```
Examples:
(1)
        typedef float balance;
        balance saving, checking;
(2)
        struct employee
                int id:
                char name[ARRAY SIZE];
                char gender;
                int numDependents;
                float payRate;
        };
        typedef struct employee EmployeeType;
       EmployeeType teachers[500];
Equivalent form:
        typedef struct employee
                int id;
                char name[ARRAY SIZE];
                char gender;
                int numDependents;
                float payRate;
        } EmployeeType;
        EmployeeType chairman;
(3)
        typedef float ClassScores[20];
        ClassScores test1, test2;
enumeration type (enum)
A user defined data type whose domain is an ordered set of literal values expressed as identifiers.
Examples:
       enum Days {SUN, MON, TUE, WED, THU, FRI, SAT};
(1)
notes: the identifiers are ordered: SUN < MON < TUE ... < SAT
      the default values for the identifiers are: SUN=0, MON=1, ... SAT=6, (but the values can be
      changed if necessary)
(2)
       enum Vowel {'A', 'E', 'I', 'O', 'U'}; // wrong!! Why?
       enum Animals {CAT, DOG, BIRD, HORSE, SHEEP, TIGER, LION};
(3)
       Animals firstAnimal, secondAnimal, thirdAnimal;
       // assignment statements
        firstAnimal = CAT;
        secondAnimal = DOG;
        thirdAnimal = firstAnimal;
```

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firstAnimal = 0; //wrong!
       secondAnimal = 30; // wrong!
       // increment
       firstAnimal = Animals(firstAnimal + 1);
enum used in switch statement:
       switch (firstAnimal)
       case CAT:
                    break;
       case DOG:
                    . . .
                    break;
       case BIRD: ...
                    break;
       case
             HORSE: ...
                     break;
             SHEEP: ...
       case
                     break;
             LION: ...
       case
                     break;
              TIGER: ...
       case
                     break;
enum used in array subscripts
(1)
       Animals
                  oneAnimal;
                 weights[7];
       float
       for (oneAnimal = CAT; oneAnimal <=TIGER; Animals(oneAnimal++))
            cout << "The average weight for this animal is " << weights[oneAnimal] << endl;
(2)
       const int NUM COLORS=5;
       const int NUM_MAKERS=5;
       enum Color {RED, ORANGE, GREY, WHITE, BLACK};
       enum Maker {TOYOTA, HONDA, BMW, JAGUAR, NISSAN};
       float crashRating[NUM MAKERS][NUM COLORS];
       crashRating[TOYOTA][GREY] = 0.87;
       crashRating[HONDA][BLACK] = 0.18;
```