

Sentinel 5 precursor/TROPOMI KNMI and SRON level 2 Input Output Data Definition





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Document change record

issue	date	item	comments		
0.0.1	2012-07-03	All	Initial version.		
0.2.0	2012-11-15	_	Change of document number. Release for SRR/PDR		
0.2.1	2013-06-06	18ff	Overview of requested ECMWF products and tracing back to Level 2 products		
		12	ECMWF cloud cover removed from list for ALH		
		21	Added tables 15, 16, 17 and 18.		
		22	Added appendix on static input.		
0.2.2	2013-03-12	All	Added format specification for O ₃ profile.		
0.2.3	2013-03-26	All	Moved static input to separate document		
0.3.0	2013-04-02	All	Release for internal review. Expanded section on metadata.		
0.3.1	2013-04-03		Added comment on TM5 for NO ₂		
0.4.0	2013-04-12		Release for response to SRR/PDR		
0.4.1	2013-04-22		Added TM5 for HCHO to appendix A.		
0.4.2	2013-06-19		Clarified that SWIR is split between bands 7 and 8.		
0.4.3	2013-07-10		Added NRT processing flow for NO ₂ processing.		
0.4.4	2013-07-17		Updated section on metadata, added flow charts for offline NO ₂ processing.		
0.4.5	2013-09-13		Worked in comments by ESA		
0.5.0	2013-10-16	All	Proposal for Level 2 format following telecon with Herbert Nett et al.		
		31ff	Output format guidelines, metadata		
0.5.1	2013-10-17		Results internal review.		
0.6.0	2013-11-06	All	Added S5P/DLR official cloud product as optional input to KNMI and SRON processors, except for CH ₄ .		
0.9.0	2013-11-29	All	Review suggestions received by 2013-11-27 incorporated.		
			Updated meteorological parameter list.		
0.9.1	2014-03-05		Add CO as an input requirement to CH ₄ .		
0.10.0	2014-05-28		Comments from GS-CDR		
			Update to file structure that was agreed with DLR		
			Include file descriptions of other input files.		
			Updated references.		
0.10.1	2014-06-05	All	Added L1B SWIR CAL product as input for CO		
			Added file structure for CO and CH ₄ profile input.		
			Type of variable time changed to int (follow L1B).		
			Reorder dimensions for profiles, to follow CF metadata conventions [ER1].		
0.11.0	2014-07-24	All	Moved file format guidelines to [RD1]		
			Added file selection rules		
0.11.1	2014-08-07	All	Removed L1B SWIR CAL product after clarification by L01B team		
			Updated file selection rules		
			Clarified irradiance selection rules		
			Split processor configuration for Fortran based algorithms		
			Updated formatting of output file descriptions		
			Removed AUX_H2OVAP climatology, correct answer found in ATBDs.		

issue	date	item	comments
0.12.0	2014-08-28		Add file size estimates for semi-static input.
1.0.0	2014-09-08		Clean-up of output file format descriptions
			Addition of input overview table (appendix A)
1.0.1	2014-09-10		Added missing check-mark for 'L2NP_BD6' to 'AER_LH' in table 14.
			Added and updated file descriptions for 'REF_XS_CH4', 'REFDEM', 'REF_XS_ALH', 'REF_XS_O3P', 'AUX_ISRF', 'AUXCTMFCT', 'REF_XS_CO'.
			Updated various output file format descriptions.
2.0.0	2014-10-13	16	Remove last reference to calibration products for CO
2.1.0	2014-11-27	31, 39	Add AUX_ISRF as input to FRESCO for fluorescence retrieval
		31, 39	Add REF_SOLAR_ as input to AER_AI
		App. B.22	Included examples of the configuration files, include number of lines in each configuration file.
		App. B.17	Update AUX_ISRF file format description.
		App. B.23.1	Update REF_SOLAR_ file format description.
			Add global attributes recommended by the Climate Change Initiative - European Space Agency project [RD2].
		37	Update file sizes to current status.
2.2.0	2014-11-27	App. B.23.3	Update REF_XS_O3P file format description.
		App. E.21	Add ISO/OGC metadata, first version.
		App. E.22	Add EOP metadata, first version.
		App. B.20	Add ECMWF surface altitude to DEM.
		App. B.2	Update ECMWF file descriptions.
2.3.0	2015-02-17	App. 5.5	Update selection rules to current status of file delivery.
		App. B.20	Add TM5 surface altitude to DEM.
		App. B.19	Add constants for snow/ice correction to LUT.
		Tbls. 4 & 14	Add full O_3 profile as input for offline tropospheric O_3 profile processor.
3.0.0	2015-02-27	App. B.17	Add remark that central_wavelength dimension is subject to change.
		App. B.23.1	Remove bands 7 and 8 as CO and CH ₄ do not use the preconvolved spectra.
		App. E.24	Include optional output variables.
		App. E.15	
			Comments by Jos van Geffen, mostly textual.
			Prepared for release, important changes (except in appendices E – M) with respect to 2.0.0 are marked in red.
3.0.1	2015-03-17	App. C	Add detailed description of flags.
		Sec. 9	Update file size estimates based on release 0.7.0
			Remove colouration.
		App. B.23.1	Add Ring spectra for wavelength calibration fit
		App. C.1	Update description of various flags
		App. B.22	Add remark on file naming convention for configuration files and the extension used on these files
		8	Add details on file types and file names.
		App. B.15	Details of polarization correction lookup table.

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		Tbl. 4	Add fluorescence in band 6 as input for CH ₄ retrieval	
3.1.0	2015-09-09		Review release for the S5P validation team	
3.1.1	2015-09-10	App. B.1	Add note on impact of binning table on semi-static auxiliary input files	
	2015-09-24	Sec. 5.5	Update selection rules for NISE and ECMWF data, update figure	
	2015-10-06	Sec. 9	Update file sizes.	
4.0.0	2015-11-02		Release with CFI delivery 0.9.0 for PDGS Acceptance Review,	
			important changes (except in appendices $E-M$) with respect to 3.0.0 are marked in red.	
4.0.1	2016-02-01		Minor updates to file format specification.	
4.1.0	2016-04-13		Internal review release	
			Synchronize file format description with software release 0.10.0	
		Tbl. 2	Clarify role of and updates to ECMWF surface altitude as a result of PDGS AR	
5.0.0	2016-04-19		Release along with software delivery of version 0.10.0 (version number updated)	
5.0.1	2016-10-31		Format changes and current configuration	
			Made bands 3 & 4 optional for FRESCO and band 4 optional for AER_LH	
		Sect. 9	Add note about compression	
5.1.0	2016-12-21		Review before release.	
		Appendices	Update of input- and output file formats for software release 0.11.0	
6.0.0	2017-01-10		Prepared for release	
6.1.0	2017-04-14		Update description for a priori error covariance matrix in O_3 profiles.	
7.0.0	2017-05-02		Prepared for release (no changes since 6.1.0).	
8.0.0	2017-05-08		Small format change in FRESCO and NO2, cloud_albedo changed in cloud_albedo_crb, following compatibility test in PDGS. Synchronized with software release 0.11.4.	
9.0.0	2017-06-14	Sect. 5.5	Update selection rules for auxiliary data to be inline with actual implementation for ECMWF and TM5-CH4 data following remarks from VT_06 rehearsal.	
9.1.0	2018-03-23	App. E-M	Update file format descriptions for software release 1.0.0.	
		Sect. 7.3	Add variable header description.	
		Арр. В	Update auxiliary input descriptions.	
		Sect. 5.4.1	Added remark on changes to the ECMWF altitude field.	
		Fig. 3	Updated figure to display a real TROPOMI pixel.	
		Sect. 9	Use actual output to estimate file sizes.	
10.0.0	2018-06-29		Incorporated corrections (formatting, format definitions) given by Haili Hu, Tobias Borsdorff and Jos van Geffen	
			Updated configuration files for software release 1.1.0	
			Prepared for release	
10.1.0	2019-01-16	Table 14	Added LUT_ALH_NN and AUX_SF_UVN file types, made REF XS_ALH and CFG_AERLHF obsolete, AUX_ISRF no longer needed for AER_LH	
		Table 1	Updated input band requirements based on in-flight experience Added appendices B.8 and B.18	
		Sect. 9	Added the size of LUT_ALH_NN and AUX_SF_UVN to table 13	
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issue	date	item	comments
		Sect. 5.5	Updated section following discussion on selection rules for auxiliary input (issue #11691)
11.0.0	2019-02-01	Table 14	Updated required input bands
		Sect. 9	Updated output file sizes in table 12 based on actual data produced in December 2018
		Tables 15, 16	Removed full wind profiles as these are used by TM5, not by the level 2 processors directly, and therefore not required within the PDGS
		Table 10	Added LUT_ALH_NN and AUX_SF_UVN, marked file types CFGAERLHF, REF_XS_ALH, LUT_PTZ_PR, and LUT_COREG_ as obsolete
		Sect. 5.2, 5.5	Included corrections submitted by PDGS (issue #11821)

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1 Introduction

1.1 Identification

This document is identified as S5P-KNMI-L2-0009-SD, with configuration item number CI-7470-IODD.

1.2 Purpose and objective

This document describes the input and output data of the S5P/TROPOMI Level 2 products for which the operational code is developed by KNMI: KNMI cloud support product [RD3], aerosol layer height [RD4], absorbing aerosol index [RD5], O_3 full profile and O_3 tropospheric profile [RD6], O_2 total and tropospheric columns [RD7], O_3 columns [RD8] and O_4 mixing ratio [RD9].

The input requirements may differ between near real-time, offline and reprocessing modes. All processors will be run in near real-time, with the exception of CH_4 . The ATBDs for the individual retrieval algorithms describe the use and requirements for input data in detail. There are however some general data types, such as TROPOMI Level 1B, that are required by all algorithms. Special attention is reserved for dynamic input data, such as numerical weather prediction model data to obtain current meteorological fields. This dynamic auxiliary input data needs to be transferred to the processing system and staged specially for the algorithms that require this data. Here the required types of input data are collected, and the formats in which these data sets can be made available are described.

This document also describes the Level 2 output data structure in a netCDF-4 file. Where selected standards allow for choices, the choices are made here. As a guideline open and community standards are used where available.

1.3 Document overview

The document starts with an overview of a generic Level 2 processor in section 4. In section 5 the input data for the Level 2 algorithms is described. In section 5.7 the preferred input data formats are described. In section 6 the generic output data format is given. Additional output is described in section 7. Section 8 contains the file naming conventions.

The appendices contain additional tables for the dynamic input, a list of proposed variable names and detailed output file format descriptions. The input file descriptions are available from references provided in this document.

2 Applicable and reference documents

2.1 Applicable documents

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- [AD2] Input/output data specification for the TROPOMI L01b data processor. source: KNMI; ref: S5P-KNMI-L01B-0012-SD; issue: 9.0.0; date: 2018-04-01.
- [AD3] Sentinel-5 Precursor PDGS Processor Generic ICD. source: DLR; ref: S5P-PDGS-DLR-ICD-3015; issue: 1.1; date: 2016-01-22.
- [AD4] S5P/TROPOMI Static input for Level 2 processors. source: KNMI/SRON/BIRA/DLR; ref: S5P-KNMI-L2CO-0004-SD; issue: 3.0.0; date: 2015-02-27.
- [AD5] Sentinel-5 Precursor Level 2 Processor Software System Requirements. source: DLR-IMF; ref: S5P-L2-DLR-SSR-3001; issue: 1.1; date: 2014-09-30.
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2.2 Standard documents

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3 Terms, definitions and abbreviated terms

Terms, definitions and abbreviated terms that are used in development program for the TROPOMI L0-1B data processor are described in [RD10]. Terms, definitions and abbreviated terms for the Level 2 algorithms are described in [RD11]. Terms, definitions and abbreviated terms that are specific for this document can be found below.

3.1 Acronyms and Abbreviations

CFI Customer Furnished Item
CTM Chemistry Transport Model
DOI Digital Object Identifier
ISO International Standards Organization

OGC Open Geospatial Consortium SDC Satellite data center (KNMI)

4 Processing overview

The TROPOMI Level 2 processors will ingest Level 1B radiances with geolocations and irradiances. In addition they will read auxiliary input data, both dynamic (e.g. meteorological fields from a numerical weather prediction model) and static (e.g. absorption cross section reference spectra). Some Level 2 processors will ingest the Level 2 output from other algorithms. From these inputs the processor will produce a TROPOMI Level 2 output file, for instance tropospheric NO_2 columns or O_3 profiles. The processors will also produce a log file and an exit code so that the processing system can verify that processing produced correct results. In figure 1 a schematic overview of a TROPOMI Level 2 processor is given.

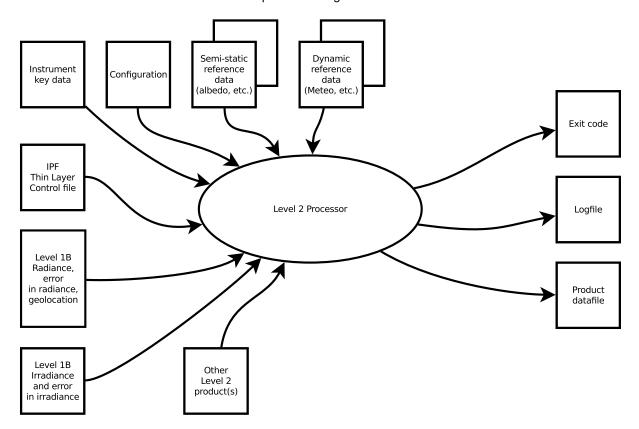


Figure 1: Generic overview of the input and output of a Level 2 processor. The need for other Level 2 input depends on the processor, not all processors need Level 2 as input.

5 Input

The input for the Level 2 processors can be divided into 4 categories:

- 1. S5P Level 1B and Level 2 data drive the processing chain
- 2. Auxiliary data provided by external providers, stored in archive
- 3. Semi-static data provided by KNMI, stored in archive.
- 4. Static data provided by KNMI, stored in CFI.

The availability of S5P Level 1B data will drive the Level 2 processing chain. In case Level 2 products are needed for some Level 2 processor, these Level 2 products are generated first using the appropriate Level 2 processor. Auxiliary data for the KNMI developed Level 2 processors comes from NSIDC, ECMWF and KNMI. This data is dynamic and will change frequently. In case no valid auxiliary data is available in the PDGS archive, the Level 2 processors shall run in degraded mode and use other data that is available, such as older data or (semi-)static data. A degraded product is properly annotated to notify the users¹.

Semi-static data is data that is considered static, but may be updated infrequently, especially during phase E1. This data shall be provided by KNMI. During processing a valid version shall always be available in the PDGS archive. Static data is data that is internal to the processors, and part of the CFI delivery. A complete description of the interfaces is given in [RD12]. This document lists all the inputs of categories 1 – 3. Data from category 4 is considered private, and is described in the processor design document [RD13]. The input file formats for files from categories 2 and 3 are described in detail in appendix B.

5.1 TROPOMI Level 1B Radiances

All algorithms use TROPOMI Level 1B data, specifically radiance and irradiance data. The Level 1B data format for TROPOMI is described in the Level 1B input output data specification [AD2]. Level 1B includes radiance spectra and irradiance spectra, with precision estimates. Auxiliary data such as the geolocation and illumination and viewing geometries are available as well in the radiance files. All angles and geolocation data are relative to the reference ellipsoid (WGS84), full details are available in the Level 1B ATBD [RD14]. Engineering data describing the measurement settings are available within the Level 1B radiance files.

Table 1 lists the specific bands used by each of the Level 2 products covered by this document. The engineering Level 1B product is not used by any of the Level 2 processors, regardless of processing mode. No other calibration products are used by any of the Level 2 processors, again regardless of processing mode. The geolocation on which the output is specified is taken from one of the input files. Support products and other bands are co-located to that output geolocation band. The output geolocation and resolution is indicated in table 1.

5.2 TROPOMI Level 1B Irradiances

All Level 2 processors need irradiance files corresponding to the radiances as mentioned in the last column of table 1. That is more complicated that it sounds, as irradiance measurements are not performed during each orbit, but only roughly once per day [RD16, section 6.3]. For near real-time processing we need irradiance data from the offline production stream as the near real-time Level 1B processing will not produce irradiance data [AD2]. For offline and reprocessing the irradiance measurements will have been processed, and the matching irradiance observation can be provided by the PDGS to the processors. Note that there are two irradiance products: one for bands 1 through 6 with short name "IR_UVN" and a second irradiance product for bands 7 and 8 with short name "IR_SIR". Which of the two irradiance files are needed for each of the processors can be found in table 1. For near real-time processing the most recent offline irradiance product is requested. In figure 2 the selection is shown.

The nominal operations specify that an irradiance measurement is performed every 15 orbits, or once per S5P/TROPOMI 'day' [RD16, section 6.3]. With the delay in offline processing, the irradiance products used for near real-time processing should be no older than approximately 3 days at the time of producing Level 2 near real-time data. No limit is set on the age of the irradiance product, in anticipation of potential anomalous behaviour of the TROPOMI instrument, which may cause prolonged periods where no irradiance measurements can be performed. Referring to [RD17, Appendix B] for the retrieval policies, we have the following.

¹ See the Status_MET_2D, Status_NISE__, Status_CTMFCT, Status_CTM_CO, Status_CTMCH4 global attributes in the output files described in appendices J, K, M, L, F, G, H and I, and the eop: status attribute in the EOP metadata. In addition the global comment attribute is set to a value to indicate a degraded product.

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Table 1: Detector bands used by each of the Level 2 products. A full description of each of the bands of TROPOMI is given in the short instrument description [RD15]. The names of the radiance files for each band are from the Level 1b IODS [AD2]. For convenience the names of the corresponding irradiance bands are included as well. See section 5.2 for full details. The output geolocation is taken from one of the input Level 1B files, as indicated in the "Geo" column.

Product	Name	Geo	Band(s)	Radiance file(s)	Irradiance
KNMI Cloud support	FRESCO	6	5 and 6 ^a	RA_BD5, RA_BD6	IR_UVN
Aerosol layer height	AER_LH	6	5 and 6 ^a	RA_BD5, RA_BD6	IR_UVN
Absorbing aerosol index	AER_AI	3	3	RA_BD3	IR_UVN
O ₃ full profile	03 <u>P</u> R	1 ^b	1 and 2	RA_BD1, RA_BD2	IR_UVN
O ₃ tropospheric profile	O3_TPR	2	2	RA_BD2	IR_UVN
Tropospheric NO ₂	NO2	4	4	RA_BD4	IR_UVN
CO	CO	7	7 and 8	RA_BD7, RA_BD8	IR_SIR
CH ₄	CH4	7	6, 7 and 8	RA_BD6, RA_BD7, RA_BD8	IR_UVN,
					IR_SIR

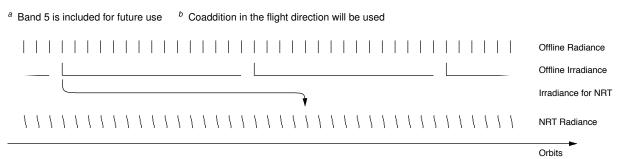


Figure 2: Selecting an irradiance file to match the NRT or offline radiance data. For each (offline) irradiance granule the horizontal lines indicate the coverage for radiance granules. For NRT the latest available irradiance file should be used. Note that the NRT irradiance match is an example, the actual delay may differ.

Irradiance data for offline processing Use the most recent irradiance product from before or during the current radiance granule. Fifteen orbits of 100 minutes each is equal to 25 hours, and we add a safety margin.

Policy: "LatestValidityClosest", with $\Delta t_0 = 0$ and $\Delta t_1 = 0$.

Irradiance data for NRT processing In NRT mode the Level 1B processor will not generate an irradiance product, as the measurements needed for this product is most likely not contained in the current granule. Therefore the most recent irradiance product from the *operational* stream must be used (S5P_OPER_L1B_IR_UVN and S5P_OPER_L1B_IR_SIR), to match radiance data from the NRT stream (S5P_NRTI_L1B_RA_BDx).

Policy: "LatestValidityClosest", with $\Delta t_0=0$ and $\Delta t_1=0$.

5.3 Configuration

All level 2 processors conform to the Thin Layer Interface definition [RD17]. No tailoring of the Thin Layer interface is specified by ESA, the PDGS has provided a document specifying the contents of the interface items [AD3]. Details of our implementation of the Thin Layer interface will be provided in an ICD [RD12]. This means that the main configuration input file has been defined already in the form of the *job order* file.

The configuration of the processor and algorithm themselves, such as the exact location of fitting windows or convergence thresholds, are described in the software user manual of the processors [RD18]. The configuration files are handled by the PDGS as semi-static auxiliary input files. Details on this are provided in [RD12, RD19], the format of the configuration files are given in appendix B.22. Note that multiple versions of each configuration file may be supplied, for each of the different processing modes. These will use the file class that matches the processing mode, i.e. "NRTI" for near real-time processing, "OFFL" for offline processing and "RPRO" for

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reprocessing. A baseline version will have file class "OPER"; if no configuration file is supplied for the current processing mode, then the latter shall be used.

The CFI will still contain a few configuration files, specifically those that specify the output file format.

5.4 Dynamic input data

Several algorithms require dynamic input. This includes for example information on snow or ice at the surface or information on local meteorological conditions. In tables 4 and 5 an overview is given of dynamic input parameters requested by the KNMI and SRON algorithms. These requests include dependencies with other S5P Level 2 products. Table 4 gives an overview of the requirements for offline and reprocessing modes, while table 5 lists the requirements for near real-time processing. In appendix A the different requested parameters are collected to provide traceability from the external input to the S5P (KNMI & SRON) output products - the reverse of tables 4 and 5. Details and background of each request is given in the respective ATBD documents.

The main differences between the requested data for near real-time processing as compared to the input data for the offline and reprocessing modes has to do with the timeliness of availability of the data. For near real-time processing the snow and ice data can be a few days old, while for offline processing the snow and ice data with the closest match in time to the observations can be used. The VIIRS cloud mask is not available for near real-time retrievals, which means that the aerosol layer height must perform its own cloud masking using TROPOMI data alone. The CH₄ product is not produced in near real-time mode.

The Level 1B team will not include auxiliary input data in the Level 1B output product, in order to limit external dependencies for the Level 1B processing [AD2]. Snow and ice information will certainly not be present in the Level 1B product files, in contrast to the OMI Level 1B files. Surface elevation and surface classification are not available from Level 1B radiance files. Flags for sun glint are provided based on the angles of the sun and viewing directions alone, without regard for the surface type; an additional land-sea mask is needed for this. The methods and code used by the KNMI developed processors will be shared with DLR to ensure consistency between the various products with respect to surface elevation and surface classification (land/sea mask).

Details of the external interfaces are handled by the PDGS. The interface with ECMWF for meteorological data is described in [RD20], the interface to NSIDC for NISE snow and ice information is described in [RD21], the interface to KNMI for the TM5 data is described in [RD22] and details on the transfer of NO2 files between DLR and KNMI can be found in [RD19].

5.4.1 Horizontal and vertical resolution of meteorological input data

The horizontal resolution and grid representation of meteorological input data is under consideration, here we describe the initial baseline. The operational model at ECMWF currently uses the TL1279 spectral grid, which can be translated to a N640 reduced Gaussian grid [ER2], which amounts to a spatial resolution of about $16 \times 16 \, \text{km}^2$ on ground, or $0.14^{\circ} \times 0.14^{\circ}$ near the equator. In a reduced Gaussian grid the number of points along each latitude is reduced to obtain a constant spatial resolution. In figure 3 the distribution of points over the Netherlands is shown for the N640 grid, with a typical TROPOMI ground pixel included for comparison.

The reduced N640 Gaussian grid [ER2] is used directly by the Level 2 processors. The N640 grid allows for the use of nearest neighbour sampling to match TROPOMI groundpixels to meteorological model data. The processor can use Gaussian grids of different sizes, in preparation of possible future model resolution increases at ECMWF. The ICD [RD20] specifies data at N640.

For the vertical axis of the three-dimensional fields data is needed on the model levels [ER3]. The default fixed pressure levels do not cover enough of the atmosphere for O₃ profile retrieval [RD6], as they only go down to 1 hPa, while O₃ profile retrieval needs information on the temperature profile to a level between 0.1 hPa and 0.01 hPa. We request profile information on 91 layers. Note that at the moment of writing the operational ECMWF model produces output on 137 layers.

The chemistry transport model for NO2, SO2 and HCHO can not handle this data volume, and will use $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$ data. Since these will not run at DLR but at KNMI instead, this has no influence on the ICD specifying the data transfer from ECMWF to DLR.

Different fields are requested by different products - many products request the temperature fields, but only CO and CH₄ request the specific humidity. Given the data volume of these 3D fields – on the order of 9 GB for the N640 grid for a single day (24 hours) in 3 hour time-steps for each of the fields (T and Q) on 91 layers – it seems practical to store both 3D fields in separate files, and group the 2D data-fields into a third file. The distribution of the requested fields over these three files is given in table 2.

One of the requested fields is the surface elevation as used by the ECMWF model. This is needed for scaling purposes to the location and elevation of the TROPOMI ground pixel. The surface elevation is not directly

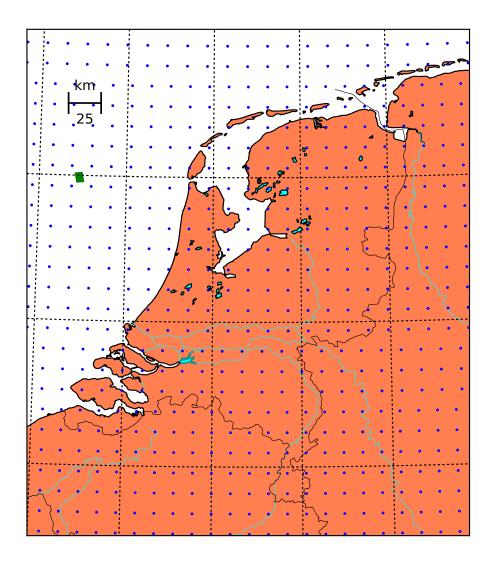


Figure 3: Spatial resolution of the N640 reduced Gaussian grid over the Netherlands. Note the scale on the top left. The green square represents the scale of a typical TROPOMI pixel (ground pixel index 346, scanline 2789 from band 3 of orbit 867 on 2017-12-13, $5.3 \times 7.1 \,\mathrm{km}^2$).

Table 2: The various requested meteorological fields are grouped into three files, details of the fields can be found in tables 4, 5, 15 and 16. These last two tables provide details where each of the fields can be found in the ECMWF archive system. The approximate size is given in megabytes -1024^2 bytes - per time-step, both for the GRIB and netCDF-4 versions of the files. The first is useful for data transfer and network capacity from ECMWF to PDGS, the latter is relevant for the storage requirements. Note that the netCDF-4 files have compression turned on, and therefore the size may vary depending on the actual contents of the files. See section 5.4.3 for details.

File identifier	Size	Size	Fields
	(GRIB)	(NetCDF4)	
MET_TP	372	195	t (temperature)
MET_QP	372	210	q (relative humidity)
MET_2D	43	16	sp (surface pressure), tco3 (total ozone column), geopot (geopotential at the surface, see note below), ci (sea ice cover), asn (snow albedo), sd (snow depth), fal (forecast albedo), 10u, 10v (10 metre winds), hcc (high cloud cover)

available, but can be obtained through the geopotential Φ at the surface.

$$\Phi(h) = \int_0^h g(\delta_{\text{geo}}, z) \, \mathrm{d}z \tag{1}$$

$$\Phi(h) = \int_0^h g(\delta_{\text{geo}}, z) \, dz \tag{1}$$

$$Z_g(h) = \frac{\Phi(h)}{g_0} \tag{2}$$

Here Z_g is the geopotential height, which is equal to the surface elevation when h is taken at the surface. The constant g_0 is the gravitational acceleration at mean sea level, $g_0 = 9.80665\,\mathrm{m\,s^{-2}}$. While the true gravitational acceleration varies over the globe, the value given here is the fixed value used in meteorological applications. Note that this field is only available in ECMWF analysis data, not in forecast data. This data only changes when the model resolution of ECMWF changes, which happens infrequently and those changes are well announced. As a backup this field has been added to the REF_DEM___ file. The variable is considered optional for the nominal data stream from ECMWF. In practice this field will be provided upon request, when the meteorological grid changes so that the semi-static data (REF_DEM___) can be updated.

Note that model upgrades in ECMWF may change the model grid and sampling, even while the data provided to us remains on the same N640 grid. A change impacting the elevation by $\pm 1500\,\mathrm{m}$ has occurred between creation of the initial DEM and first light. The database has been updated but a procedure to prevent that changes like this will go unnoticed is not yet in place.

Meteorological fields for near real-time and offline use

The ECMWF produces a new deterministic forecast every 12 hours (0 and 12 UTC). The forecast time steps are T+0 to T+144 in 3-hour intervals, and from T+150 to T+240 in 6-hour intervals. The analysis times are 0, 6, 12 and 18 UTC. Both near real-time and offline processing use forecast ECMWF data, as this is available with a time resolution of 3 hours, while analysis data is available on 6 hour intervals. The 6-hour interval of analysis data makes it unsuitable for processing TROPOMI observations, as meaningful interpolation between analysis times is not possible. For near real-time processing a longer forecast period is required to provide redundancy for the processing, hence the period of T+3 to T+48 in 3-hour time steps is requested, with a new forecast collected every 12 hours. For offline and reprocessing the period T+3 to T+12 in 3-hour time steps is requested, again with a new forecast collected every 12 hours. The forecasts need to be interpolated in time, and at times between files, at least for offline processing. Note that ECMWF forecasts are also archived and available for download at a later moment. If the initial download for NRT processing fails or is delayed, retrying at a later moment is possible. If forecasts are permanently lost, then the missing period shall be covered by the youngest forecast that is available for that period. Note that this requires confirmation by ECMWF.

The ECMWF meteorological data that has to be stored in the long-term archive is a subset of the data that is required for near real-time processing. Once the (near) real-time validity period for the T+3 to T+48 period has expired, the data can be cut back to the T+3 to T+12 window and archived. The processors make no assumption on how many time-slices are stored in a single file, or vice versa how many files are specified for each requested auxiliary meteorological input data type in the job order file. It is most important that the full period of the Level 1B granule is covered by the available data using interpolation, i.e. a time slice before the begin of the granule and after the end of the granule should be available to the processor.

ECMWF can only deliver data on a reduced Gaussian grid packaged as GRIB [ER4] files, at least at the moment when the ICD [RD20] is defined. The processors however will only accept netCDF files [ER5], conforming to the definition in appendix B.2. A tool has been written to translate the ECMWF GRIB files into netCDF-4, including compression, yielding the numbers in table 2. The PDGS shall use a tool to convert the GRIB files it receives from ECMWF into netCDF for the processors conforming to the definition in appendix B.2.

5.4.3 File description for ECMWF Meteorological files

This section gives a concise summary of the information presented in the previous sections. A description of the file format is part of the ICD between KNMI and PDGS [RD12].

File format The ECMWF meteorological data can only be delivered in GRIB format [ER4], version 1 for the surface fields, and version 2 for both profiles. The Level 2 processors assume that the meteorological input is available as netCDF, and that any conversion from GRIB has been performed outside the processors.

- **Coverage** Spatial coverage is worldwide, temporal coverage of the forecasts is every three hours, for 48 hours. New forecasts are provided every 12 hours, providing a four-fold redundancy for near real-time processing. For offline processing only the first period is needed, from 3 to 12 hours after the start of the forecast run, with time is 0 equal to the analysis time.
- **Grid** The data is stored on a reduced Gaussian grid, N640 [ER2]. A grid with a higher spatial resolution is possible, but has consequences for the system technical budget.
- Vertical grid and coverage The top of the atmosphere shall reach to between 0.1 and 0.01 hPa. The baseline is to use 91 model layers that follow the orography, see appendix B.2.2 for details. Note that at the moment of writing the operational ECMWF forecast model is running at 137 layers, the 91 layer model is a generation older. In the netCDF files coefficients to calculate the layer mid-points and the location of the interfaces between the layers are provided. In the delivered data these are supplied for the original 137 layers. The mid-points for the provided subset should be stored in the netCDF file, with the interfaces at the half-way point between available mid-points².
- **Frequency** A new forecast is available every 12 hours, providing a global field in 3 hour time steps. For NRT applications, a forecast period of 48 hours is used, providing ample overlap as a backup in case one or more data transfers fail. For offline and reprocessing this data can be reduced to non-overlapping data from T+3 to T+12.
- **File size** See table 2. The total size of the incoming GRIB files is about 25 GB per day³. This volume needs to be converted to netCDF-4, at which point it becomes approximately 13.5 GB per day. The short-term archive needs to accommodate two days of this data volume, after which we have passed the maximum validity period of the forecast, in other words, 27 GB is needed for the meteorological data for near real-time use. With the removal of redundancy, the total size for long term storage is about 3.5 GB per day⁴.

File names and data access Subject to ICD between PDGS and ECMWF [RD20].

Point of special attention The PDGS needs to perform a conversion from GRIB to netCDF. A tool for this has been provided. This tool is written in Python using the GRIB API for python [ER6]. This tool also allows for selective conversion of a time-range. Note that since this tool is not foreseen as a CFI, some work must be done to make this tool conform to the thin layer interface [RD17]. The file format expected by the Level 2 processors is described in appendix B.2. The data is provided by ECMWF in single time-slices. For near real-time processing these slices can be converted to individual netCDF files, each with a *single* time step. This means that the conversion can be done in parallel, reducing the real time required for the conversion. The processor will also work with multiple time slices per file as described in the ICD [RD20]. A change within the PDGS to use individual slices can be done without affecting the processors. For offline processing the conversion should be done on the time steps required for offline processing (T+3 to T+12).

5.4.4 Snow and Ice

One of the few external auxiliary dynamic data products currently requested by DLR is information on snow or ice at the surface. The preferred source for this data product is the NISE [RD23] dataset, because this dataset provides a consistent product from the beginning of the GOME-1 mission. Using this dataset allows for consistent processing of all of the European atmospheric chemistry missions. The ECMWF snow and ice data is still required, as this provides a backup to NISE⁵, increasing robustness against failure especially for near real-time applications. Note that the NISE product itself needs 2 to 7 days to completely refresh its observations, depending on latitude. Using a NISE dataset that is a few days old is not an immediate problem. When the switch to the backup ECMWF dataset will be made is to be decided.

A description of the file format is given in appendix B.3. The data volume is limited to 2.1 MB per day, updates are provided once per day. A metadata record for NISE data can be found in [ER7].

² As a consequence the mid-points will no longer be in the middle of the layers. ³ two deliveries of 16 time-steps each. ⁴ This consists of two files with 4 time-steps each in netCDF-4 compressed format. This compression is transparent to the processors. ⁵ During the USA government shutdown in October 2013, the NISE dataproducts were not available. After resuming operations, the missing period was provided.

5.4.5 Chemistry modelling for NO₂, SO₂ and HCHO

The current baseline for chemistry modelling for NO_2 retrieval is to use the TM5 model, running at KNMI. The MACC forecast NO_2 profiles could, in principle, be used as alternative for the TM5 NO_2 a priori profiles, by applying the averaging kernel to be provided in the TROPOMI NO_2 data product. The use of the MACC data assimilation system, however, is undesirable for the data assimilation of TROPOMI NO_2 slant columns for the following reasons.

- The MACC data assimilation system uses NO₂ data from several instruments, as well as data of other gases, in the same assimilation. This leads to potential, hard to quantify and hard to pinpoint feedbacks to the TROPOMI NO₂ retrieval from the MACC model.
- Using the MACC data assimilation system for TROPOMI NO₂ data would introduce a discontinuity in the long-term NO₂ data record, since the GOME-1, SCIAMACHY, OMI and GOME-2 NO₂ data are all derived using TM5.
- 3. When using the the MACC data assimilation system, the TROPOMI NO₂ retrieval would be dependent on the implementation of the NO₂ chemistry and up-to-date NO₂ emission inventories, which lies beyond the control of the TROPOMI NO₂ retrieval team.

Further details can be found in the NO₂ ATBD [RD7]. The model output is provided in netCDF-4 format [ER5], conforming to the CF metadata conventions [ER1]. The output of the TM5 CTM is subject to a formal ICD between KNMI and the PDGS [RD12, RD22]. A description of the TM5 file format is included in appendix B.4.

In figure 4 the data flows between KNMI and PDGS (DLR) are shown for NO_2 near real-time processing. A forecast for day n is made using NO_2 columns from the NRT data from day n-1. Each forecast contains a 5 day dataset, sampled at 30 minute intervals. In order to produce good quality forecasts it is essential that the observations are assimilated into the forecast system. The observations must therefore be sent to the KNMI SDC (IDAF [RD12, RD19, RD24]) as well. The forecast profile shape is then sent back to the DLR PDGS to use during the next day for NRT processing. Because each forecast batch contains 5 days of data, there is sufficient redundancy for operational use. On the KNMI side, the atmospheric state is stored in a restart file, so that the next day can be assimilated to produce forecasts for day n+1 using appropriate starting conditions. Meteorological data is ingested at KNMI at the appropriate spatial resolution.

The assimilation system also produces profiles of HCHO and SO_2 , both in forecast mode for NRT applications and in assimilation mode for offline processing [RD25, RD26]. Note that HCHO and SO_2 are *not* assimilated, i.e. they do not depend on S5P/TROPOMI observations, these are essentially free-running parameters. The profiles of SO_2 and HCHO are not used by any of the Level 2 retrievals covered by this document, they are supplied only for use by BIRA/DLR for retrieval of SO_2 and HCHO. A description of their use can be found in the DLR IODD [RD27] and the respective ATBDs [RD25, RD26].

In figure 5 the data flow for offline processing is shown. The NO₂ CFI will be run with the NRT TM5 profile shape input. This allows the PDGS to produce a valid, preliminary product – there will be a tropospheric column in the intermediate output, but it will be of degraded quality. The NO₂ slant columns are part of the output of the CFI. This preliminary product is transferred to KNMI. At KNMI the assimilation system ingests the slant columns and produces a stratospheric slant column and tropospheric airmass factor at the time and location of the observation. The resulting vertical columns and associated diagnostic information, such as the averaging kernels, are stored and sent back to the PDGS. To identify the status of an NO₂ file, the global attribute 'processing_status' will be updated at KNMI to reflect that the file contains data produced following the nominal processing sequence. In case of network failure the PDGS can still publish the preliminary files, which use a different identification in the 'processing_status' global attribute.

The TM5 profile output on a $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$ grid with 30-minute temporal sampling is sent along with the Level 2 files as auxiliary data. The actual file or files needed to reconstruct the a priori profiles are recorded in the file. A copy of the restart file is stored in the KNMI long term archive to aid in the reprocessing of orbits in case a few orbits are requested. The frequency of creating this copy is to be decided, but will probably be between daily and weekly, this is an internal detail for KNMI. The assimilation system will also produce profiles of HCHO and SO_2 , like it does in the NRT stream. These will be made available to the PDGS as well for offline processing of SO_2 and HCHO.

For full reprocessing the NO₂ slant columns will change, and therefore the full assimilation system is involved in any reprocessing effort. Details of this interface are described in the PDGS-IDAF ICD [RD19]. For reprocessing the flow will be similar to that of the offline processing flow. Processing is still essentially sequential because of the assimilation. Depending on the availability of hardware for reprocessing at KNMI, we

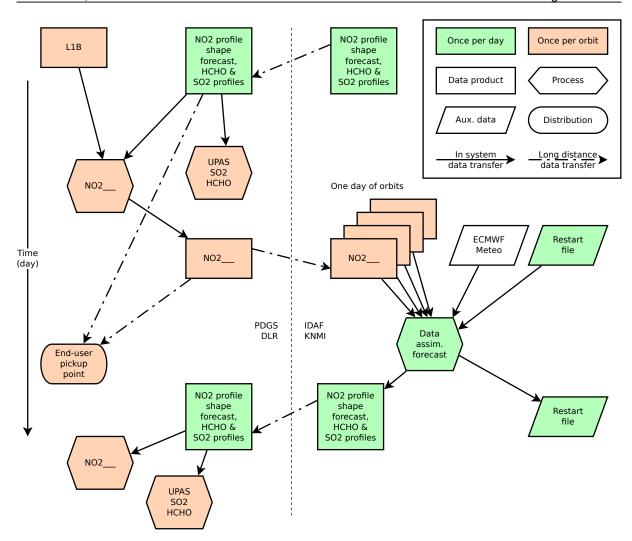


Figure 4: Data flow for NO_2 retrieval between KNMI and DLR for NRT processing. The NO_2 profile shape forecast also contains profile shapes for HCHO and SO_2 , for use by DLR in the SO_2 and HCHO retrievals. The NO_2 slant columns contained in the NRT NO_2 — output product are required as input for the forecast run, and therefore need to be transferred to KNMI. The forecast is valid for 5 days, providing redundancy. Note that the figure shows the processing flow for a little over one day.

can run multiple instances of the NO₂ TM5 processor, and process the whole dataset in a few groups, with each group a sequential set. Because of startup effects the first week of each group would have to be done again at the end of the group that catches up with the next. Grouping, periods and data volume will have to be determined before starting a reprocessing run. Reprocessing as part of recovering from an anomaly in the processing can be done using the restart files, and will not require special grouping, assuming such recovery covers a sort time period, less than about 3 months.

5.4.6 Chemistry modelling for CH₄ and CO

The retrieval of CH_4 and CO also require model input. This auxiliary input is also generated by the TM5 model, although this is a completely separated instance. While the chemistry and transport model for NO_2 retrieval runs on a daily basis, the CTM input for CH_4 and CO is updated every 6 months in batches that provide ample overlap to ensure continuous availability. Delivery of these files to the PDGS is also described in an ICD [RD22].

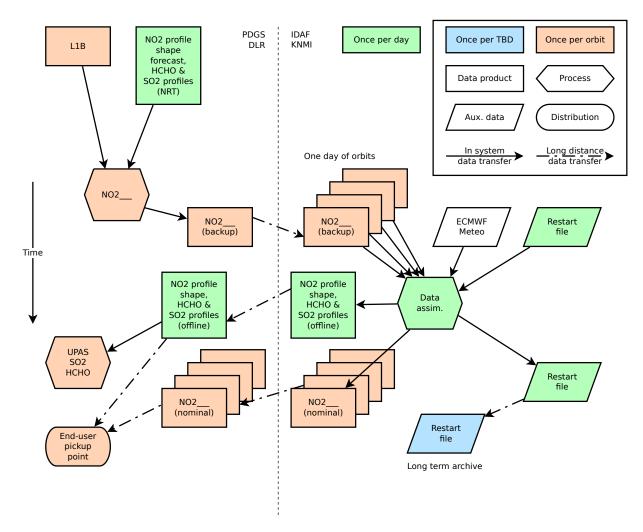


Figure 5: Data flow for NO₂ retrieval between KNMI and DLR for offline and reprocessing processing. The processing starts at DLR, feeding offline Level 1b data and profile shape forecasts from the NRT processing chain to the processor. The output is a valid but degraded product. This product must be sent to KNMI for assimilation and further processing. The TM5 assimilation system processes incoming files in batches, once per day. It assimilates the slant columns from the input product, and produces a tropospheric NO₂ column. Profile shapes for temperature, NO₂, HCHO and SO₂ are supplied as auxiliary data, for use by DLR in the SO₂ and HCHO retrievals, and are to be provided as auxiliary data to end users of NO₂. Note that the figure shows the data flow for a single day.

Table 3: Details for the CTM input for CH₄ and CO.

Species	File type	Time steps	File contents	Batch volume
CH ₄	AUX_CTMCH4	1 per day	1 time step per file	9 months (\sim 275 files)
CO	AUX_CTM_CO	1 per month	12 time steps per file	1 year (1 file)

5.4.7 Cloud information from VIIRS

The VIIRS cloud mask is described in the ATBD for the S5P-NPP Cloud product [RD28]. A separate output specification is provided in the RAL IODD [RD29]. The product identifiers for the S5P-NPP Cloud product files are defined in [RD30].

5.4.8 Leap seconds

Since all time information in Level 1B is in UTC, external information on leap seconds is not needed by the Level 2 processors.

Table 4: Overview of the requested dynamic input data for offline and reprocessing modes. All data is required for processing unless otherwise noted.

Algorithm	Request	Description
KNMI Clouds	T profiles	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+12)$, 91 layers from ECMWF. See section 5.4.1 for details on the spatial resolution.
	Surface pressure	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+12)$ from ECMWF. See section 5.4.1 for details on the spatial resolution.
	Snow and ice cover	At \sim 25 km resolution, global coverage, daily 6 .
Aerosol Layer Height	T profiles	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+12)$, 91 layers from ECMWF. See section 5.4.1 for details on the spatial resolution.
	Surface pressure	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+12)$ from ECMWF. See section 5.4.1 for details on the spatial resolution.
	NPP/VIIRS Cloud mask ⁷	NPP/VIIRS data regridded to the TROPOMI observation grid for band 68.
	Snow and ice cover	At \sim 25 km resolution, global coverage, daily ^{6, 9} .
	KNMI Clouds ⁷	See Aerosol ATBD for details.
	S5P/DLR Clouds ¹⁰	Optional. The actual use of this product will be investigated post-launch.
	Absorbing Aerosol Index ⁷	See Aerosol ATBD for details.
Absorbing Aerosol Index	Surface pressure	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+12)$ from ECMWF. See section 5.4.1 for details on the spatial resolution.
	Total O ₃ column	3-hour interval forecast ($T + 3$ to $T + 12$) from ECMWF (MACC-II). See section 5.4.1 for details on the spatial resolution.
O ₃ full profile	T profiles	3-hour interval forecast ($T + 3$ to $T + 12$), 91 layers from ECMWF ¹¹ . See section 5.4.1 for details on the spatial resolution.
	Surface pressure	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+12)$ from ECMWF.
	KNMI Clouds ⁷	Needed for cloud correction.
	Absorbing Aerosol Index ⁷	See Aerosol ATBD for details.
	S5P/DLR Clouds ¹⁰	Optional. The actual use of this product will be investigated post-launch.

⁶ NISE [RD23] and ECMWF assimilated data are requested, at least one is required. Daily updates near the polar region, less frequent updates closer to the equator. ⁷ This is a TROPOMI Level 2 output product. 8 In case of failure of NPP/VIIRS this input becomes optional and processing will continue in degraded mode. However, as long as NPP/VIIRS is available eventually, very long delays are acceptable. The matching of snow and ice information to TROPOMI ground pixels can be performed for all bands by the KNMI FRESCO processor, along with sampling the elevation database. This data is passed on to the other processors through the KNMI cloud support product

10 This is a TROPOMI Level 2 algorithm produced by the UPAS processor.

11 Pressure at top of the atmosphere should be < 0.03 hPa

Table 4: Overview of the requested dynamic input data for offline and reprocessing modes (continued).

Algorithm	Request	Description
	Snow and ice cover	At \sim 25 km resolution, global coverage, daily ^{6, 9} .
O ₃ tropospheric profile	T profiles	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+12)$, 91 layers from ECMWF.
	Surface pressure	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+12)$ from ECMWF.
	O ₃ full profile ⁷	For stratospheric profile shape, as prior input.
	KNMI Clouds ⁷	Needed for cloud correction.
	S5P/DLR Clouds ¹⁰	Optional. The actual use of this product will be investigated post-launch.
	Snow and ice cover	At \sim 25 km resolution, global coverage, daily ^{6, 9} .
Tropospheric NO ₂	NO ₂ profile shape	Estimates from TM5.
	Snow and ice cover	At \sim 25 km resolution, global coverage, daily ^{6, 9} .
	KNMI Clouds ⁷	Needed for cloud correction of the retrieval.
	Absorbing Aerosol Index ⁷	See Aerosol ATBD for details.
	S5P/DLR Clouds ¹⁰	Optional. The actual use of this product will be investigated post-launch.
CO	T profiles	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+12)$, 91 layers from ECMWF.
	Surface pressure and elevation	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+12)$ from ECMWF.
	H ₂ O vapour profiles	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+12)$, 91 layers from ECMWF.
	CTM estimates	Estimates from a CTM (TM5) of CH ₄ (AUX_CTMCH4) and CO (AUX_CTM_CO) ¹² .
CH ₄	T profiles	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+12)$, 91 layers from ECMWF.
	Surface pressure and elevation	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+12)$ from ECMWF.
	H ₂ O vapour profiles	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+12)$, 91 layers from ECMWF.
	Wind speed vectors	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+12)$ from ECMWF.
	CTM estimates	Estimates from a CTM (TM5) of CH ₄ (AUX_CTMCH4) and CO (AUX_CTM_CO) ¹² .
	NPP/VIIRS Cloud mask ⁷	NPP/VIIRS data regridded to the TROPOMI observation grid for bands 6, 7 and 88.
	NPP/VIIRS Cirrus reflectance ⁷	NPP/VIIRS data regridded to the TROPOMI observation grid for bands 6, 7 and 88.
	KNMI Clouds ⁷	Backup cloud filter ¹³ .
	CO ⁷	Input for cloud filtering.

¹² Updated with low frequency; updates expected about every 6 months. 13 The processor uses the apparent scene pressure and fluorescence retrieval from band 6 (NIR), parameters that are available from the FRESCO product but not from the official S5P cloud product. For co-registration needs, the cloud parameters and fluorescence parameters must be available in the full spatial resolution of band 6.

Table 5: Overview of the requested dynamic input data for near real-time processing. All data is required for processing unless otherwise noted. The maximum age of the product has been expanded with respect to the offline processing stream to allow for delayed delivery of the auxiliary data by the respective providers.

Algorithm	Request	Description
KNMI Clouds	T profiles	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+48)$, preferably updated every 12 hours, 91 layers from ECMWF. A semi-static file with a simple climatology serves as backup input.
	Surface pressure	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3)$ to $T+48$, preferably updated every 12 hours from ECMWF.
	Snow and ice cover	At \sim 25 km resolution, global coverage, daily 14 . Most recent data available.
Aerosol Layer Height	T profiles	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+48)$, preferably updated every 12 hours, 91 layers from ECMWF.
	Surface pressure	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+48)$, preferably updated every 12 hours from ECMWF.
	KNMI Clouds ¹⁵	See Aerosol ATBD for details.
	S5P/DLR Clouds ¹⁶	Optional. The actual use of this product will be investigated post-launch.
	Snow and ice cover	At \sim 25 km resolution, global coverage, daily ^{14, 17} . Most recent data available.
	Absorbing Aerosol Index ¹⁵	See Aerosol ATBD for details.
Absorbing Aerosol Index	surface pressure	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+48)$, preferably updated every 12 hours from ECMWF.
	Total O ₃ column	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+48)$, preferably updated every 12 hours from ECMWF (MACC-II).
O ₃ full profile	T profiles	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+48)$, preferably updated every 12 hours, 91 layers from ECMWF.
	KNMI Clouds ¹⁵	Needed for cloud correction.
	S5P/DLR Clouds ¹⁶	Optional. The actual use of this product will be investigated post-launch.
	Absorbing Aerosol Index ¹⁵	See Aerosol ATBD for details.
	Surface pressure	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3)$ to $T+48$, preferably updated every 12 hours from ECMWF.
	Snow and ice cover	Better than \sim 25 km resolution, global coverage, daily ^{14, 17} .
O ₃ tropospheric profile	T profiles	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+48)$, preferably updated every 12 hours, 91 layers from ECMWF.
	KNMI Clouds ¹⁵	Needed for cloud correction.
	S5P/DLR Clouds ¹⁶	Optional. The actual use of this product will be investigated post-launch.
	Absorbing Aerosol Index ¹⁵	See Aerosol ATBD for details.
	Surface pressure	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+48)$, preferably updated every 12 hours from ECMWF.

¹⁴ NISE [RD23] and ECMWF assimilated data are requested, at least one is required. Daily updates near the polar region, less frequent updates closer to the equator. 15 This is a TROPOMI Level 2 output product. 16 This is a TROPOMI Level 2 algorithm produced by the UPAS processor 17 The matching of snow and ice information to TROPOMI ground pixels can be performed for all bands by the KNMI FRESCO processor, along with sampling the elevation database. This data is passed on to the other processors through the KNMI cloud support product

Table 5: Overview of the requested dynamic input data for near real-time processing (continued).

Algorithm	Request	Description
	Snow and ice cover	At \sim 25 km resolution, global coverage, daily $^{14, \ 17}$.
Tropospheric NO ₂	NO ₂ profile shape	Estimates from TM5.
	Snow and ice cover	At \sim 25 km resolution, global coverage, daily ^{14, 17} .
	KNMI Clouds ¹⁵	Needed for cloud correction of the retrieval.
	Absorbing Aerosol Index ⁷	See Aerosol ATBD for details.
	S5P/DLR Clouds ¹⁶	Optional The actual use of this product will be investigated post-launch.
CO	T profiles	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+48)$, preferably updated every 12 hours, 91 layers from ECMWF.
	Surface pressure and elevation	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+48)$, preferably updated every 12 hours from ECMWF.
	H ₂ O vapour profiles	3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+48)$, preferably updated every 12 hours, 91 layers from ECMWF.
	CTM estimates	Estimates from a CTM (TM5) of CH ₄ (AUX_CTMCH4) and CO (AUX_CTM_CO) ¹⁸ .
CH ₄	_	Not processed in near real-time mode.

¹⁸ Updated with low frequency; updates expected about every 6 months.

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5.5 Selection rules for auxiliary input

Different auxiliary files have different selection rules. Referring to [RD17, Appendix B] for the retrieval policies, we have the selection rules listed in table 6.

For static auxiliary input that is handled by the PDGS – referred to as semi-static auxiliary data – we request the configured file as given in the active level 2 configuration maintenance request (CFG_L2_CMR), in most cases the file with the most recent creation date. These include configuration files and shared reference data such as the DEM. In section 5.6 an overview is given which semi-static auxiliary input is required by which processor.

Some auxiliary input products are grouped in hte processing system. This includes the 12-hour forecast meteorological data. For the AUX_MET_2D, AUX_MET_QP and AUX_MET_TP the selection rule as implemented in the processing system will return all three types. Types that are included in the job order, but that were not requested by the processor will be ignored silently.

Table 6: Selection rules for the dynamic input to the processor. Note that some items are grouped for NRT and offline processing, while others are split because of differences in the selection rules. An auxiliary input may also be split if the mandatory or optional status is different for different products. Use the offline rule if no separate reprocessing rule is given.

Auxiliary product	Stream	Status	Selection rule
Description			Time offset
Processor		Assumed granule siz	ze e
Additional details			
AUX_CTMCH4	NRT	Mandatory	LatestValCover
CTM model field of Ch	H_4 for use with G	CO and offline CH ₄ retrieval	$\Delta t_0 = 0, \Delta t_1 = 0$
CO		Full tar archive, coveri	ng 6-9 months in daily files
•	ote that this rule	revious and next day included. Since will need to be revised if the archiving	•
AUX_CTMCH4	OFFL	Mandatory	LatestValCover
CTM model field of Ch	H_4 for use with G	CO and offline CH ₄ retrieval	$\Delta t_0 = 0, \Delta t_1 = 0$
CO, CH4		Full tar archive, coveri	ng 6-9 months in daily files
<u> </u>	ote that this rule	revious and next day included. Since will need to be revised if the archiving	•
AUX_CTM_CO	NRT	Mandatory	LatestValCover
CTM model field of CC	O for use with C	O and offline CH ₄ retrieval	$\Delta t_0 = 0, \Delta t_1 = 0$
CO		Single netCDF4 file, co	ontaining 12 monthly fields
AUX_CTM_CO	OFFL	Mandatory	LatestValCover
CTM model field of CO	O for use with C	O and offline CH ₄ retrieval	$\Delta t_0 = 0, \Delta t_1 = 0$
CO, CH4		Single netCDF4 file, co	ontaining 12 monthly fields
AUX_CTMFCT	NRT	Mandatory	LatestValCover or LatestValidity
CTM model field of NO	O_2 , SO_2 and HC	CHO for use with NO ₂ retrieval	$\Delta t_0 = 30 \mathrm{m}, \Delta t_1 = 0$
NO2		Tar archive with 5 days	s (4 day redundancy)
AUX_CTMFCT	OFFL	Mandatory	LatestValCover or LatestValidity
CTM model field of NO	O_2 , SO_2 and HC	CHO for use with NO ₂ retrieval	$\Delta t_0 = 30 \mathrm{m}, \Delta t_1 = 0$
NO2		Tar archive with 5 days	s (4 day redundancy)
In the post-processing CTM model	step at KNMI th	ne influence of the contents of this file	are replaced by a co-location in the

Table 6: Selection rules for the dynamic input to the processor (continued).

AUX_CTMFCT	RPRO	This or AUX_CTMANA mandatory	LatestValCover or LatestValidity
CTM model field of NO ₂	$_{2}$, SO $_{2}$ and HCHO for use $_{1}$	with NO ₂ retrieval	$\Delta t_0 = 30 \mathrm{m}, \Delta t_1 = 0$
NO2		Tar archive with 5 days (4	day redundancy
In the post-processing s CTM model	tep at KNMI the influence o	f the contents of this file are	replaced by a co-location in the
AUX_CTMANA	RPRO	This or AUX_CTMFCT mandatory	ValIntersect
CTM model field of NO2	$_{2}$, SO $_{2}$ and HCHO for use v	with NO ₂ retrieval	$\Delta t_0 = 30 \mathrm{m}, \Delta t_1 = 0$
NO2		Single netCDF4 file, cover	ing 1 day
In the post-processing s CTM model	tep at KNMI the influence o	f the contents of this file are	replaced by a co-location in the
AUX_NISE	NRT & OFFL	Optional	LatestValIntersect
Snow and ice cover		•	$\Delta t_0 = 72 \mathrm{h}, \Delta t_1 = 0$
FRESCO, AER_LH, NC	02, O3PR, O3_TPR	Daily files	
Absence of this input wi	ill result in a degraded prod	luct	
AUX_MET_2D	NRT	Mandatory	LatestValCover
Meteorological surface	fields (wind, surface pressu	ıre,)	$\Delta t_0 = 0, \Delta t_1 = 0$
CO		48 hour forecast, presente two files: 12 hours + 36 ho	
AUX_MET_2D	NRT	Optional	LatestValCover
Meteorological surface	fields (wind, surface pressu	ıre,)	$\Delta t_0 = 0, \Delta t_1 = 0$
FRESCO, AER_AI, A O3_TPR	ER_LH, NO2, O3PR,	48 hour forecast, presente two files: 12 hours + 36 ho	•
Absence of this input wi	ill result in a degraded prod	luct	
AUX_MET_2D	OFFL	Mandatory	ValIntersect
Meteorological surface	fields (wind, surface pressu	ıre,)	$\Delta t_0 = 3 h, \Delta t_1 = 3 h$
CO, CH4, AER_AI		12 hour forecast	
AUX_MET_2D	OFFL	Optional	ValIntersect
Meteorological surface	fields (wind, surface pressu	ıre,)	$\Delta t_0 = 3 h, \Delta t_1 = 3 h$
FRESCO, AER_LH, NC	02, O3PR, O3_TPR	12 hour forecast	
Absence of this input wi	ill result in a degraded prod	luct	
AUX_MET_QP	NRT	Mandatory	LatestValCover
Meteorological specific	humidity profile		$\Delta t_0 = 0, \Delta t_1 = 0$
CO		48 hour forecast, presente two files: 12 hours + 36 ho	
AUX_MET_QP	OFFL	Mandatory	ValIntersect
Meteorological specific	humidity profile	•	$\Delta t_0 = 3 h, \Delta t_1 = 3 h$
CO, CH4		12 hour forecast	
AUX_MET_TP	NRT	Mandatory	LatestValCover
Meteorological tempera	ture profiles	-	$\Delta t_0 = 0, \Delta t_1 = 0$
CO	·	48 hour forecast, presente two files: 12 hours + 36 ho	•
AUX_MET_TP	NRT	Optional	LatestValCover
Meteorological tempera		,	$\Delta t_0 = 0, \Delta t_1 = 0$
FRESCO, AER_LH, O3	·	48 hour forecast, presente two files: 12 hours + 36 ho	ed to the processor as

Table 6: Selection rules for the dynamic input to the processor (continued).

AUX_MET_TP	OFFL	Mandatory	ValIntersect
Meteorological temperat	ture profiles		$\Delta t_0 = 3 h, \Delta t_1 = 3 h$
AER_LH, CO, CH4, O3_	PR, O3_TPR	12 hour forecast	
AUX_MET_TP	OFFL	Optional	ValIntersect
Meteorological temperat	ture profiles		$\Delta t_0 = 3 h, \Delta t_1 = 3 h$
FRESCO		12 hour forecast	

5.6 Static input

The algorithm developers are responsible for providing the static input they require. A few common items can be identified. The sources in scientific literature for these common items are coordinated through the static auxiliary input described in [AD4]. Note that this document only serves to coordinate sources for static input, not the actual file format.

To limit the number of links between algorithms – and therefore limit the complexity of the S5P/TROPOMI Level 2 project – the reference spectra will be organised by processor. The files with the reference spectra are handled as auxiliary static data by the PDGS, with an update mechanism that will be described by DLR in the PDGS – IDAF ICD [RD19]. File identifiers are given in section 8. Other static input includes the lookup tables that are part of the algorithm itself and dynamic configuration parameters such as fitting windows, polynomial order for a DOAS fit, et cetera. These files are also handled by the PDGS as auxiliary semi-static input as was mentioned already in section 5.3. Whenever possible all input data is stored as netCDF files, using the CF metadata conventions where appropriate. Configuration files are stored as ASCII files, either in a key–value format or as XML. In appendix B CDL descriptions of the netCDF files are presented.

Each CFI also has some internal static configuration files, including a description of the output file format. These are considered part of the CFI and not put into the archive as auxiliary input. Table 7 lists the semi-static input per processor.

Table 7: Semi-static input for each processor. Semantic descriptors are included for convenience.

Processor	Semi-static input		
KNMI Clouds	Algorithm and processor configuration for the KNMI cloud support product (CFG_FRESCO)		
	High resolution digital elevation map, including land-sea mask (REF_DEM)		
	Surface albedo database (REF_LER)		
	Lookup table for the FRESCO cloud algorithm (LUT_FRESCO)		
	High resolution solar reference spectrum (REF_SOLAR_)		
	Instrument spectral response function (AUX_ISRF)		
	O_3 profile shape and temperature profile climatology, TOMS version 8 (AUX_O3M)		

Table 7: Semi-static input for each processor (continued).

Processor	Semi-static input
Aerosol Layer Height	Processor configuration file for the aerosol layer height product (CFG_AER_LH)
	High resolution digital elevation map, including land-sea mask (REF_DEM)
	Surface albedo database (REF_LER)
	Neural network data for forward model in algorithm (LUT_ALH_NN)
	High resolution solar reference spectrum (REF_SOLAR_)
	Instrument spectral response function on native grid (AUX_SF_UVN)
	O_3 profile shape and temperature profile climatology, TOMS version 8 (AUX_O3M)
Absorbing Aerosol index	Algorithm and processor configuration for the aerosol index product (CFG_AER_AI)
	High resolution digital elevation map, including land-sea mask (REF_DEM)
	High resolution solar reference spectrum (REF_SOLAR_)
	Lookup table for the aerosol index retrieval (LUT_AAI)
	O_3 profile shape and temperature profile climatology, TOMS version 8 (AUX_O3M)
O ₃ full profile	Algorithm configuration for the O ₃ profile product (CFG_O3_PRF)
	Processor configuration file for the O ₃ profile product (CFG_O3PR)
	Reference spectra for the O ₃ profile processor (REF_XS_O3P)
	High resolution solar reference spectrum (REF_SOLAR_)
	High resolution digital elevation map, including land-sea mask (REF_DEM)
	Surface albedo database (REF_LER)
	O_3 profile shape and temperature climatology, TOMS version 8 (AUX_O3M)
	Instrument spectral response function (AUX_ISRF)
	Polarization correction lookup table for O_3 profile retrieval (LUT_POLCOR)
O ₃ tropospheric profile	Algorithm configuration for the O ₃ tropospheric profile product (CFG_O3TPRF)
	Processor configuration file for the O_3 tropospheric profile product (CFG_O3_TPR)
	High resolution digital elevation map, including land-sea mask (REF_DEM)
	Surface albedo database (REF_LER)
	O_3 profile shape and temperature profile climatology, TOMS version 8 (AUX_O3M)
	Instrument spectral response function (AUX_ISRF)
	Reference spectra for the O_3 profile processor (REF_XS_O3P)
	High resolution solar reference spectrum (REF_SOLAR_)
	Polarization correction lookup table for O_3 profile retrieval (LUT_POLCOR)
Tropospheric NO ₂	Algorithm and processor configuration for the NO $_2$ tropospheric column product (CFG_NO $_2$)
	Reference spectra for the NO_2 tropospheric column processor (REF_XS_NO2)
	Airmass factor lookup table for NO ₂ processing (LUT_NO2AMF)
	High resolution solar reference spectrum (REF_SOLAR_)
	Cloud fraction lookuptable for NO ₂ processing (LUT_NO2CLD)
	High resolution digital elevation map, including land-sea mask (REF_DEM)
	Surface albedo database (REF_LER)

Table 7: Semi-static input for each processor (continued).

Processor	Semi-static input						
CO	Algorithm configuration for the CO column product (CFG_COF)						
	Processor configuration file for the CO column product (CFG_CO)						
	Reference spectra for the CO column processor (REF_XSCO)						
	High resolution digital elevation map, including land-sea mask (REF_DEM)						
	Instrument spectral response function (AUX_ISRF)						
	High resolution solar reference spectrum (REF_SOLAR_)						
	O_3 profile shape and temperature profile climatology, TOMS version 8 (AUX_O3M)						
CH ₄	Algorithm configuration for the CH ₄ column product (CFG_CH4F)						
	Processor configuration file for the CH ₄ column product (CFG_CH4)						
	Reference spectra for the CH ₄ column processor (REF_XS_CH4)						
	High resolution digital elevation map, including land-sea mask (REF_DEM)						
	Instrument spectral response function (AUX_ISRF)						
	High resolution solar reference spectrum (REF_SOLAR_)						
	Aerosol properties lookup table (LUT_CH4AER)						
	Cirrus properties lookup table (LUT_CH4CIR)						

5.6.1 Static backup for dynamic input data

A backup for dynamic input variables is required [AD5, requirement REQ-Functional-5]. For offline and reprocessing a (long) delay is specified that is required before degradation occurs. For near real-time processing a timeliness requirements has to be met, and therefore a backup for the dynamic input data is needed. Some backup options are listed in the specifications of the static auxiliary input [AD4].

For all processing modes a degradation path is needed. Only the algorithm developers can specify the degradation path for their respective products in the respective ATBDs. For instance: Start with the nominal data. Use older data – i.e. T+15 to T+24 or older from earlier forecast runs rather than T+3 to T+12 from the latest forecast for meteorological data – as a first fall back option for near real-time processing. Use a climatology, a fixed value or fail as a last resort. The operational processor will label data products that are produced in degraded operation.

In table 8 an initial list of backup options is given. The desired dynamic input values are listed in tables 5 and 4.

Table 8: Overview of the static backup for dynamic input data.

Request	Suggested backup
T profiles	The TOMS version 8 climatology includes a temperature climatology which will be used as a backup. The KNMI intermediate cloud product uses the AFGL profile climatology [RD31] as a backup.
O ₃ columns	Use the TOMS version 8 climatology.
Surface pressure	Assume 1013 hPa at sea level, and use the elevation from the DEM with a scale height of 8.3 km for elevated scenes.
Snow and ice cover	Present the latest available AUX_NISE input file indefinitely. The algorithms will switch to dynamic backup (AUX_MET_2D) automatically. If neither are available, the algorithms will eventually use the REF_LER data as is.
NO ₂ profile shape	Repeat latest available NO ₂ profile data indefinitely, even beyond the indicated validity period. This means that a rolling archive of NRT TM5 files is needed where the last file should never be deleted ¹⁹ . Full details for NO ₂ processing are given in section 5.4.5.

¹⁹ There are continuity reasons not to use a climatology, details are provided in the NO₂ ATBD [RD7].

 Table 8: Overview of the static backup for dynamic input data for NRT processing mode (continued).

Request	Suggested backup
H ₂ O vapour profiles	Repeat latest available H ₂ O vapour profile data indefinitely, even beyond the indicated validity period.

5.7 Preferred input file formats

The processors may not have full control over the file formats used to deliver the dynamic input data. The developers of the processors have preferences for those files though. In order of preference:

- 1. netCDF [ER5], especially if the files follow the CF metadata conventions [ER1].
- 2. HDF-5 [ER8].
- 3. HDF-4 [ER9].

There are other file formats in use in the meteorological community, such as several versions of GRIB [ER4] and BUFR [ER10]. Avoiding these formats is *strongly* prefered. While GRIB files are considerably smaller than the equivalent netCDF-3 files, storing the meteorological data as netCDF is recommended as netCDF is self-describing and does not depend on external tables to read the data. With the addition of transparent compression to netCDF-4, the file size of netCDF is generally smaller. The processors assume that data delivered in GRIB format is converted to netCDF outside of the Level 2 processors, so that the Level 2 processors only have to deal with a single file format (netCDF). See section 5.4.2 for a more detailed discussion on this subject.

The NISE [RD23] is available in HDF-EOS-2 format, based on HDF-4 [ER9]. These files are read directly. For static input files, other than configuration files, netCDF will be used. These files will follow the CF metadata conventions [ER1] as much as is appropriate. The file format standard [AD6, and references therein] suggests to use an XML based data format for smaller reference data sets. Outside data providers are not expected to follow this standard. Dynamic data with global coverage is likely to be larger than the 10 MB limit that is placed on XML-data in the file format standard [AD6].

6 Output

The output file format of the Level 2 processors is netCDF-4 [ER5] as per [AD6] and following Sentinel 4 [RD32] and many other missions both at ESA and NASA. Using netCDF-4 means our data users can choose from a wide range of data-analysis packages and programming languages to access the data. These data analysis packages include IDL, NCO, Matlab, R, and Mathematica, while the general programming languages include Python, Ruby, C, C++, Java, and Fortran 90. Specific visualization tools for earth observation are also available, such as Panoply [ER11].

A request that has been repeated by a number of potential data users is to follow the Climate and Forecast (CF) metadata conventions [ER1]. The output files also comply with the INSPIRE directive [ER12] and associated metadata. Fortunately these metadata conventions seem to be compatible with each other.

Adapting the CF metadata conventions [ER1] already limits the number of choices that need to be made when creating a netCDF file. Additional choices need to be made to fully and consistently define the Level 2 output product format. For Sentinel 5 precursor/TROPOMI the choices made for the file format are documented in [RD1]. This document standardizes the names of data fields and -locations throughout all Level 2 products that will be generated from Sentinel 5 precursor observations. This makes it easier for users that are familiar with one product to read and understand a second one. Since Sentinel 5 precursor will be the first Copernicus mission in a series of missions for atmospheric composition (S4 and S5), it makes sense to apply the guidelines to these instruments as well. Since these additional guidelines have not been written yet, [RD1] presents a first version of those guidelines. All S5P/TROPOMI Level 2 products follow the guidlines presented in [RD1]. The specific output format for the various products is given in appendices E to M.

A priori information used in the retrievals is left out of the output products because of data volume considerations. The auxiliary input files from which these were taken will be made available to end users. Averaging kernels are supplied in the output where appropriate. The product user manuals contain instructions to use the product, including proper application of averaging kernels and obtaining a priori input data [RD33, RD34, RD35, RD36, RD37, RD38].

6.1 Metadata and quality monitoring

Embedded in the Level 2 output file is data and metadata concerning quality monitoring. Details and background are provided in [RD1], but it is worth emphasizing here that this metadata is meant to be extracted by the ground segment for the explicit purpose of quality monitoring, especially to monitor the stability of the instrument and Level 2 output. Some of this metadata simply provides a single number per granule, so that monitoring is rather trivial and can be done graphically with a line plot, although a running average over the past week may be desirable. Other metadata items provide a histogram or line plot of values. These can not be captured in a simple line plot, but an image plot must be generated for them.

The Mission Performance Center provides facilities for quality control of the level 2 data, this part of the MPC can be found at http://mpc-l2.tropomi.eu.

7 Other output of the level 2 processors

7.1 Intermediate files

No separate intermediate file for debugging and issue investigation purposes is foreseen. Instead the standard output file will have optional fields to aid in debugging. These optional fields include fit residuals, the values of the model function and input spectra, in particular those that were modified by the Level 2 processor; for instance for band 1 three consecutive scan lines are co-added to arrive at 21 by 28 km² pixels. Details are given in [RD39].

7.2 Logging

The Thin Layer interface definition [RD17, section 4.3] describes the event logging output format. Details of the implementation are provided in [RD12].

7.3 Header file

The file format standard [RD40] specifies that an XML header file should be created. This file is not generated by the processor, but the required information is stored in the METADATA group in the appropriate format and structure. The PDGS can generate the XML file as needed, using the same methods as are used for Level 1B or for other metadata XML files. The tags that are required in the fixed header are listed in [RD40, section 7], the overall XML requirements are listed in [RD40, section 5.1.3]. The variable header will be used to store a copy of the lineage, i.e. information of the input files used to produce the current output file. All elements specified for the header file are included in the netCDF output file as attributes. The description of the fixed header can be found in [RD40]. The variable header contains a copy of the gmd:lineage group, which is described in the L1B Metadata specification [RD41]. In addition a group with information on sub-systems used in the retrieval is added. This "subsystem_information" group contains zero or more subsystem descriptions, using the lements in table 9.

Table 9: Keys used to describe a subsystem used for the retrieval. A subsystem is an externally maintained library. Each set of keys is grouped in the a group "subsystem#n" (n = 0,...) within the "subsystem_information" group in the variable header. Not all algorithms use subsystems, so the "subsystem_information" group may be empty.

Key	Description
Name	The name of the subsystem, the name of the library.
Authors	The authors of the subsystem.
Email	Email address where the authors of the subsystem can be contacted.
Institution	The institute where the subsystem was developed.
Reference	Reference to literature where the subsystem is described in more detail.
Version	Version number of the subsystem.
VersionDate	Date of release of the subsystem.

7.4 Exit code

The generic processor ICD defines the exit codes for the Level 2 processor [AD3, section 2.1.2]. Details of the implementation are provided in [RD12].

8 File naming conventions

The tailoring [AD6] of the file format standard [RD40] covers the file name conventions of S5P. The product semantic descriptors [AD6, section 4.1.3.2] for the Level 2 products described in this document are given in table 10. This list is not yet complete and subject to change. The list in table 10 has been expanded from the list in [AD6].

Table 10: List of product semantic descriptors for the products described in this document. Level 1b input files have their semantic descriptors defined in the Level 1b IODS [AD2]. For convenience the column D/S/O indicates dynamic input/semi-static input/output for each file. Note that the Level 2 output of one algorithm can still be dynamic input for other algorithms.

D/S/O	Description							
files.								
These are netCDF-4 files, use file extension "ne" and use the file instance ID for Science data products.								
0	O ₃ full profile product.							
0	O ₃ tropospheric profile product.							
0	NO ₂ tropospheric column product.							
0	CH ₄ product.							
O/D	CO total column product ²⁰ .							
0	Aerosol layer height.							
O/D	Aerosol index product.							
O/D	KNMI cloud support product.							
iles (sem	i-static auxiliary input).							
CII files, u	se file extension "cfg" and use the file instance ID for auxiliary data products.							
S	Processor configuration for the O ₃ full profile product.							
S	Algorithm configuration for the O ₃ full profile product.							
S	Processor configuration for the O ₃ tropospheric profile product.							
S	Algorithm configuration for the O ₃ tropospheric profile product.							
S	Algorithm and processor configuration for the NO ₂ tropospheric column product.							
S	Processor configuration for the CH ₄ product.							
S	Algorithm configuration for the CH ₄ product.							
S	Processor configuration for the CO total column product.							
S	Algorithm configuration for the CO total column product.							
S	Processor configuration for the aerosol layer height.							
S	Algorithm configuration for the aerosol layer height (obsolete).							
S	Algorithm and processor configuration for the aerosol index product.							
S	Algorithm and processor configuration for the KNMI cloud support product.							
dynamic i	input).							
CDF-4 file	es, use file extension "nc" and use the file instance ID for auxiliary data products.							
D	ECMWF temperature profiles.							
D	ECMWF specific humidity profiles.							
	o O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O							

 $^{^{\}rm 20}\,$ Dynamic input for the CH4 processor, only relevant for offline processing.

Table 10: List of product semantic descriptors for the products described in this document. *(continued)*.

Name	D/S/O	Description						
AUX_MET_2D	D	ECMWF 2D surface fields (geopotential height at surface z , surface pressure SP, 10 meter winds U10M and V10M, forecast albedo FAL, sea ice concentration CI, snow albedo ASN, snow depth SD, high cloud cover HCC, and total ozone column TCO3).						
AUX_NISE	D	The NISE snow and ice auxiliary product ²¹ .						
AUX_CTMFCT	D	${ m NO_2}$ profile data from assimilated observations with the TM5 Chemistry-Transport Model running in forecast mode for NRT processing (updated daily), including ${ m SO_2}$ and HCHO profiles.						
AUX_CTMANA	D	NO ₂ profile data from assimilated observations with the TM5 Chemistry-Transport Model running in assimilation mode for offline processing (updated daily), including SO ₂ and HCHO profiles. These files are not used by the processors described in this document; they are used by the SO ₂ and HCHO processors developed by DLR These files shall be provided as auxiliary data files with the final NO ₂ output files Note that for reprocessing these files can be used by the NO ₂ processor, but since the influence of either the AUX_CTMANA or AUX_CTMFCT files will be replaced in the post-processing at KNMI, there is no benefit of using one over the other.						
AUX_CTM_CO	D	CO a priori profiles (updated about 2 times per year).						
AUX_CTMCH4	D	CH ₄ a priori profiles (updated about 2 times per year).						
Auxiliary refere	nce files	(see [AD4] for references to source data; semi-static auxiliary input).						
These are netC	DF-4 file	s, use file extension "nc" and use the file instance ID for auxiliary data products.						
REF_DEM	S	High resolution digital elevation map, including land-sea mask.						
REF_LER	S	Surface albedo database.						
REF_SOLAR_	S	High resolution solar reference spectrum.						
REF_XS_NO2	S	Reference spectra for the NO ₂ processor.						
REF_XS_O3P	S	Reference spectra for the O ₃ profile processors.						
REF_XS_ALH	S	Reference spectra for the aerosol layer height processor (obsolete).						
REF_XSCO	S	Reference spectra for the CO processor.						
REF_XS_CH4	S	Reference spectra for the CH ₄ processor.						
Algorithm looku	up tables	(semi-static auxiliary input)						
These are netC	DF-4 file	s, use file extension "nc" and use the file instance ID for auxiliary data products.						
LUT_NO2AMF	S	Air mass factor lookup table for NO ₂ processing.						
LUT_NO2CLD	S	Cloud fraction lookup table for NO ₂ retrieval.						
LUT_CH4AER	S	Aerosol properties lookup table for CH ₄ retrieval.						
LUT_CH4CIR	S	Cirrus properties lookup table for CH₄ retrieval.						
LUT_FRESCO	S	Lookup table for the FRESCO cloud algorithm.						
LUT_PTZ_PR	S	Lookup table for standard pressure-temperature profiles (obsolete).						
LUT_ALH_NN	S	Neural network data for the aerosol layer height algorithm.						
LUT_POLCOR	S	Polarization correction lookup table for O ₃ profile retrieval.						
LUT_AAI	S	Lookup table for the aerosol index retrieval.						
LUT_COREG_	S	Co-registration file, mapping pixels from one band onto another (obsolete).						
AUX_ISRF	S	Instrument spectral response function.						
AUX_SF_UVN	S	Instrument spectral response function with row-dependent wavelength grid.						
AUX_03M	S	O ₃ profile shape climatology, TOMS version 8. This climatology includes a temperature profile climatology which is used for the static backup						

 $^{^{21}\,}$ This is an HDF-EOS 2 file, and uses "hdfeos" as its file extension.

9 File sizes

In table 12 output file sizes are given. Note that 1 megabyte is equal to 1024^2 bytes, 1 gigabyte is equal to 1024^3 bytes. These file sizes are taken from processor version 1.2.2 as used in the PDGS in December 2018. The number of ground pixels across the swath for each of the products is given in table 11. This is when using the nominal operational binning scheme, with binning factor 2 in the center of the swath for bands 2-6.

Note that starting with release 0.11.0 netCDF-4 compression is turned on in the Level 2 processors that are delivered to the PDGS. The default "gzip" compression filter is used, with compression setting 3. Both can be controlled from the configuration files. This particular setting appears to give a good trade-off between the time and reduction in file-size. As a side effect the file size will vary depending on the number of valid retrievals in a granule. Therefore we give both a mean file size and a range of the produced file sizes in a longer period. For some algorithms, in particular tropospheric O₃ profile, CH₄ and aerosol layer height retrievals, there are many pixels in the output that will not be processed, either by design or because of filtering on the input data. Compression has a big impact on the file size for these products.

Table 11: Number of ground pixels for each L1B input band following the nominal operational binning scheme, with binning factor 2 in the center of the swath for bands 2–6. For convenience the level 2 products are listed with the band from which they take their geolocation.

Band	# of ground pixels	Products
1	77	L2O3PR
2	448	L2O3_TPR
3	450	L2AER_AI
4	450	L2NO2
5	448	
6	448	L2AER_LH, L2FRESCO
7	215	L2CH4, L2CO
8	215	

In table 13 file sizes of the semi static input files are given. The file sizes of the dynamic auxiliary input data is given elsewhere in this document.

Table 12: Output product file sizes. Sizes are in MB. All sizes are given as mean/min/max based on actual processor output for two to four weeks, 290 granules for offline processing and more than 2000 granules for NRT processing. The values shown here are based on processor version 1.2.2, as produced in the PDGS in December 2018. The file sizes are expected to be a little larger for version 1.3.0, except for aerosol layer height, where the improved speed can mean that file output file size doubles compared to these results. Note that the file sizes for the ozone profiles and near real-time aerosol layer height are still from phase E1, as these are not running in the PDGS.

Product	Offline granule size	NRT granule size
L203PR	38.3 / 10.3 / 51.7	3.1 / 0.4 / 6.6
L203_TPR	53.9 / 15.4 / 72.9	4.8 / 0.7 / 7.3
L2NO2	319.1 / 303.6 / 326.7	28.8 / 0.9 / 35.7
L2CH4	44.1 / 31.7 / 65.4	_
L2CO	120.9 / 97.5 / 141.7	9.9 / 0.5 / 19.0
L2AER_LH	40.5 / 35.0 / 44.5	4.2 / 0.4 / 6.5
L2AER_AI	121.2 / 112.8 / 125.2	5.5 / 0.4 / 7.2
L2FRESCO	142.5 / 133.7 / 146.1	12.6 / 0.8 / 16.3

Table 13: Semi-static input file sizes. The LUT_POLCOR file has yet to be generated, an estimate is provided. The REF_XS_ALH file will be regenerated during E2 with a change in the algorithm. This change will reduce the file size significantly.

Product	Size	Product	Size	Product	Size
CFG_03PR	2 kB	CFG_O3_PRF	60 kB	CFG_O3_TPR	2 kB
CFG_O3TPRF	60 kB	CFG_NO2	5 kB	CFG_CH4	2kB
CFG_CH4F	10 kB	CFG_CO	2 kB	CFG_COF	20 kB
CFG_AER_LH	2 kB	CFG_AERLHF	60 kB	CFG_AER_AI	2kB
CFG_FRESCO	2 kB	REF_DEM	1.6 GB	REF_LER	460 MB
REF_SOLAR_	665 MB	REF_XS_NO2	310 MB	REF_XS_03P	2 MB
REF_XS_ALH	800 MB	REF_XSCO	800 MB	REF_XS_CH4	1.5 GB
LUT_NO2AMF	697 MB	LUT_NO2CLD	2 MB	LUT_CH4AER	100 MB
LUT_CH4CIR	130 MB	LUT_FRESCO	320 MB	LUT_PTZ_PR	94 kB
LUT_POLCOR	\sim 1 GB	LUT_AAI	22 MB	LUT_COREG_	1 MB
AUX_ISRF	200 MB	AUX_03M	415 kB		
AUX_SF_UVN	1.2 GB	LUT_ALH_NN	17 MB		

A Traceability of requests to products

Table 14 gives an overview of the inputs required for each Level 2 processor. In tables 4 and 5 an overview of the dynamic input data is given for each product. This section gives an overview of the products that is requested from ECMWF (in tables 15 and 16) and others (in tables 17 and 18).

The ECMWF parameters are normally exported as GRIB files. To retrieve the parameters from ECMWFs archiving system, the request references the parameter enumeration value, rather than a name. The number depends on the version of the table (which is therefore also included). The short name and the number, including the table version, are listed in tables 15 and 16 to uniquely identify the requested parameters.

All parameters are required, with degradation paths as specified in the respective ATBDs and table 8. NPP/VIIRS data is required for as long as the VIIRS instrument does not have permanent failures. Very long delays are acceptable for VIIRS data.

With processor version 1.3.0 the aerosol layer height algorithm was changed significantly, switching from line-by-line calculations to a neural network for the forward modeling. The result is a significant increase in the performance, the consequence is an interface change, reflected in table 14. In summary: the file types REF_XS_ALH and CFG_AERLHF have become obsolete, and are no longer used by the aerosol layer height algorithm. The file type AUX_ISRF__ is not longer used by the aerosol layer height algorithms. The file types AUX_SF_UVN and LUT_ALH_NN are added specifically for the new aerosol layer height algorithm.

Table 14: Semi-static and dynamic auxiliary input files required by each processor. Note that CH_4 is only produced in offline processing. The AUX_CTMANA is not used as input for offline NO_2 processing, instead it is output of the full processing and needs to be distributed as auxiliary data with the product. The AUX_CTMANA files *are* input for SO_2 and HCHO processing by DLR/BIRA Level 2 algorithms.

L2 Processor	sco	a _	၂				A L	TPR	
Input file	FRESCO	AER_AI	AER_LH	00	CH4	NO2	03	03_7	Reference
CFG_O3PR							1		See appendix B.22.2
CFG_O3_PRF							1		See appendix B.22.3
CFG_O3_TPR								1	See appendix B.22.4
CFG_O3TPRF								1	See appendix B.22.5
CFG_NO2						1			See appendix B.22.6
CFG_CH4					1				See appendix B.22.7
CFG_CH4F					1				See appendix B.22.8
CFG_CO				1					See appendix B.22.9
CFG_COF				1					See appendix B.22.10
CFG_AER_LH			1						See appendix B.22.11
CFG_AERLHF									See appendix B.22.12. Obsolete
CFG_AER_AI		1							See appendix B.22.13
CFG_FRESCO	✓								See appendix B.22.14
REF_DEM	✓	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	See appendix B.20
REF_LER	✓		1			1	1	1	See appendix B.19
REF_SOLAR_	✓	1	1	1	✓	1	1	✓	See appendix B.23.1
REF_XS_NO2						1			See appendix B.23.2
REF_XS_O3P							1	1	See appendix B.23.3
REF_XS_ALH									See appendix B.23.4. Obsolete
REF_XSCO				1					See appendix B.23.5
REF_XS_CH4					\				See appendix B.23.6
LUT_ALH_NN			1						See appendix B.8.
LUT_NO2AMF						1			See appendix B.9

Table 14: Semi-static and dynamic input files required by each processor. (continued).

L2 Processor	FRESCO	AER_AI	AER_LH				E	O3_TPR	
Input file	H	AEF	AEF	ဝ၁	CH4	NO2	ဝဒ	ဝဒ	Reference
LUT_NO2CLD						1			See appendix B.10
LUT_CH4AER					1				See appendix B.11
LUT_CH4CIR					1				See appendix B.12
LUT_FRESCO	1								See appendix B.13
LUT_PTZ_PR									See appendix B.14. Obsolete
LUT_POLCOR							1	1	See appendix B.15
LUT_AAI		1							See appendix B.7
LUT_COREG_									See appendix B.16. Obsolete
AUX_ISRF	1			1	/		1	1	See appendix B.17
AUX_SF_UVN			1						See appendix B.18.
AUX_O3M		1	1				1	1	See appendix B.21
AUX_MET_2D	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Dynamic auxiliary input
AUX_MET_TP	1		1	1	1		1	1	Dynamic auxiliary input
AUX_MET_QP				1	/				Dynamic auxiliary input
AUX_NISE	1		1			1	1	1	Dynamic auxiliary input
AUX_CTMFCT						1			Dynamic auxiliary input (NRT and offline processing)
AUX_CTMANA						1			Dynamic auxiliary input (offline processing of SO ₂ and HCHO, auxiliary file for distribution with NO ₂)
AUX_CTM_CO				1	/				Dynamic auxiliary input
AUX_CTMCH4				1	1				Dynamic auxiliary input
L2_CO					✓				Level 2 output as input for other processor, offline only
L2FRESCO			1		1	1	1	1	Level 2 output as input for other processor
L2O3PR								1	Level 2 output as input for other processor, offline only
L2AER_AI			1			1	1	1	Level 2 output as input for other processor
L2_NP_BD6			1		1				Level 2 output as input for other processor, offline only, see [RD28, RD29, RD30]
L2_NP_BD7					1				Level 2 output as input for other processor, offline only, see [RD28, RD29, RD30]
L1B_RA_BD1							1		Level 1B radiances
L1B_RA_BD2							1	1	Level 1B radiances
L1B_RA_BD3		1							Level 1B radiances
L1B_RA_BD4						1			Level 1B radiances
L1B_RA_BD5	1		1						Level 1B radiances
L1B_RA_BD6	1		1		1				Level 1B radiances
L1B_RA_BD7				1	1				Level 1B radiances
L1B_RA_BD8					/				Level 1B radiances
L1B_IR_UVN	1	✓	1		\	1	1	1	Level 1B irradiances
L1B_IR_SIR				✓	✓				Level 1B irradiances

Table 15: Treaceability of dynamic ECMWF input data back to the Level 2 products for offline and reprocessing.

ECMWF	Details	Level 2 products			
T profiles	Better than $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$, 3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+12)$, 91 layers.	KNMI cloud support, Aerosol layer height, O ₃ profile, O ₃ tropospheric profile, NO ₂ , CO, CH ₄			
	ECMWF short name: t (130.128)				
Surface pressure	Better than $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$, 3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+12)$.	KNMI cloud support, Aerosol layer height, Absorbing aerosol index, O ₃ profile, O ₃ tropospheric profile, NO ₂ , CO, CH ₄			
	ECMWF short name: sp (134.128)				
Total O ₃ Column	Better than $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$, 3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+12)$.	Absorbing aerosol index			
	ECMWF short name: tco3 (206.128)				
Surface elevation	Geopotential height used by ECMWF at specified resolution ²² .	KNMI cloud support, Aerosol layer height, Absorbing aerosol index, O ₃ profile, O ₃ tropospheric profile, NO ₂ , CO, CH ₄			
	ECMWF short name: gh (156.128)				
Snow and ice cover	Daily, at \sim 25 km spatial resolution.	KNMI cloud support, Aerosol layer height, O ₃ profile, O ₃ tropospheric profile, NO ₂			
	ECMWF short names: ci, asn, sd, fal (3	31.128, 32.128, 141.128, 243.128)			
Wind speed vectors ²³	Better than $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$, 3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+12)$.	CH ₄			
	ECMWF short names: 10u, 10v (165.128,	166.128) ²⁴			
H ₂ O vapour profiles	Better than $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$, 3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+12)$, 91 layers.	CO, CH ₄			
	ECMWF short name: q (133.128) – specific	c humidity			

Table 16: Treaceability of dynamic ECMWF input data back to the Level 2 products for near real-time processing.

ECMWF	Details	Level 2 products
T profiles	Better than $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$, 91 layers, 3-hour interval forecast ($T+3$ to $T+48$), preferably updated every 12 hours ECMWF short name: t (130.128)	KNMI cloud support, Aerosol layer height, O ₃ profile, O ₃ tropospheric profile, NO ₂ , CO
Surface pressure	Better than $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$, 3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+48)$, preferably updated every 12 hours	KNMI cloud support, Aerosol layer height, Absorbing aerosol index, O ₃ profile, O ₃ tropospheric profile, NO ₂ , CO
	ECMWF short name: sp (134.128)	
Total O ₃ Column	Better than $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$, 3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+48)$, preferably updated every 12 hours	Absorbing aerosol index
	ECMWF short name: tco3 (206.128)	
Snow and ice cover	Forecast, not older than 24 hours	KNMI cloud support, Aerosol layer height, O ₃ profile, O ₃ tropospheric profile, NO ₂

²² Not dynamic, but needed nonetheless ²³ At surface (10 m altitude), needed to estimate sea surface roughness for retrieval in sun-glint.

²⁴ Because variable names in a netCDF file may not start with a number, the names in the netCDF file are U10M and V10M, respectively.

Table 16: Treaceability of dynamic input data back to the Level 2 products for near real-time processing. (continued).

ECMWF	Details	Level 2 products
	ECMWF short names: ci, asn, sd, fal (31.128, 32.128, 141.128, 243.128)
Wind speed vectors ²⁵	Better than $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$, 3-hour interval forecast $(T+3 \text{ to } T+48)$.	CH₄
	ECMWF short names: 10u, 10v (165.128	, 166.128) ²⁴
High cloud cover ²⁶	At $0.125^{\circ} \times 0.125^{\circ}$, 3-hour interval forecast $(T+3$ to $T+48)$, preferably updated every 12 hours.	Aerosol layer height
	ECMWF short name: hcc (188.128)	
H ₂ O vapour profiles	Better than $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$, 91 layers, 3-hour interval forecast $(T+3$ to $T+48$), preferably updated every 12 hours	CO
	ECMWF short name: q (133.128) – specif	ic humidity

Table 17: Treaceability of other dynamic input data back to the Level 2 products for offline and reprocessing.

Product	Details	Level 2 products
VIIRS cloud mask	Regridded to TROPOMI observation grid	Aerosol layer height, CH ₄
VIIRS cirrus reflectance	Regridded to TROPOMI observation grid	CH ₄
KNMI Clouds	TROPOMI Level 2	Aerosol layer height, O ₃ profile, O ₃ tropospheric profile, NO ₂ , CH ₄
S5P/DLR Clouds	TROPOMI Level 2 ²⁷	Aerosol layer height, O ₃ profile, O ₃ tropospheric profile, NO ₂ , CH ₄
O ₃ full profile	TROPOMI Level 2	O ₃ tropospheric profile.
Absorbing aerosol index	TROPOMI Level 2	NO ₂ , Aerosol layer height, O ₃ profile, O ₃ tropospheric profile
NO ₂ profile shape	From a CTM (TM5) – KNMI	NO ₂
CH ₄ and CO estimates	From a CTM (TM5) – KNMI ²⁸	CO, CH ₄
Snow and ice cover	Daily (NISE [RD23])	KNMI cloud support, Aerosol layer height, O ₃ profile, O ₃ tropospheric profile, NO ₂
TM5 HCHO and SO ₂ profiles	Forecasts from TM5, update frequency daily.	HCHO, SO ₂ (BIRA/DLR)

Table 18: Treaceability of other dynamic input data back to the Level 2 products for near real-time processing.

Product	Details	Level 2 products
KNMI Clouds	TROPOMI Level 2	Aerosol layer height, O ₃ profile, O ₃ tropospheric profile, NO ₂
S5P/DLR Clouds	TROPOMI Level 2 ²⁷	Aerosol layer height, O ₃ profile, O ₃ tropospheric profile, NO ₂
Absorbing aerosol index	TROPOMI Level 2	NO ₂ , Aerosol layer height, O ₃ profile, O ₃ tropospheric profile

At surface (10 m altitude), needed to estimate sea surface roughness for retrieval in sun-glint.
For near real-time cirrus filtering when VIRRS data is not yet available.
This is an optional input, usage will be investigated post launch.
Updated on a slow schedule, approximately 6 months.

Table 18: Treaceability of other dynamic input data back to the Level 2 products (near real-time). (continued).

Product	Details	Level 2 products
NO ₂ profile shape	From a CTM (TM5) – KNMI	NO ₂
CH ₄ and CO estimates	From a CTM (TM5) - KNMI ²⁸	CO
Snow and ice cover	Daily (NISE [RD23])	KNMI cloud support, Aerosol layer height, O ₃ profile, O ₃ tropospheric profile, NO ₂
TM5 HCHO and SO ₂ profiles	Forecasts from TM5, update frequency daily.	HCHO, SO ₂ (BIRA/DLR)

B File format description of input files

Description of the input file formats, for as far as they are not described elsewhere. The netCDF files are described by giving their CDL descriptions [ER13].

B.1 Impact of binning used in Level 1B on semi-static auxiliary input files

Some of the semi-static auxiliary input files depend on the binning tables used on the detectors for UV, VIS and NIR. These binning tables have been redefined after the completion of the on-ground calibration campaign, and this has an impact on several semi-static auxiliary input files, basically all tables that contain a "ground_pixel" dimension: "LUT_COREG_", "AUX_ISRF__", "LUT_POLCOR", "LUT_FRESCO", "REF_SOLAR_" and "REF_XS_-NO2". Details are given in "Regenerating the semi-static input for S5P" [RD42, section 4].

B.2 ECMWF Meteorological dynamic input

The file format of the ECMWF files as we expect to find them is netCDF, as mentioned in section 5.4.3. Here details of the exact internal structure are provided. The method for georeferencing the model data is the same for all three types of meteo data, and is detailed in section B.2.1. The method for storing the pressure grid is the same for both the temperature profiles and the specific humidity, and is given in section B.2.2. In sections B.2.3, B.2.4 and B.2.5 the full files are described.

B.2.1 Geolocation in ECMWF meteo files

A reduced Gaussian grid uses a non-homogeneous distribution of latitudes, excluding both poles and the equator, with an even number of points on either hemisphere. For each latitude there is a specific number of longitudes, to maintain roughly constant spatial sampling. The longitude points themselves are uniformly spaced, starting at 0° longitude, going to the East. An example of the grid is shown in figure 3 on page 22.

In the GRIB and netCDF files all data points are stored sequentially, for the N640 grid in 2 140 702 points. The latitudes and longitudes are stored in arrays of this length as well. This is good for forward lookup, i.e. for plotting. However, for processing we need to do a *reverse* lookup. To do this we store the 1280 latitudes of the Gaussian grid itself, and two additional arrays: 'n_longitude' and 'n_longitude_sum'. The 'n_longitude' array contains the number of longitudes that belongs to each latitude – giving the spacing in the longitude dimension. The 'n_longitude_sum' array is the cumulative version of the 'n_longitude', giving quick access to the first element in the data arrays for a given latitude.

Note that the same method for storing a reduced grid is used in the DEM file, as described in section B.20.

B.2.2 Pressure grid in ECMWF meteo files

For the 3D fields a hybrid pressure grid is used. A simple equation is used to scale the pressures from the surface, using an adaptive grid which follows the surface pressure, and gradually transition to a fixed pressure grid at higher altitudes. The way this is done is fully compliant with the climate and forecast metadata conventions [ER1].

$$p(n,k,j,i) = a(k) + b(k)p_{s}(n,j,i)$$
(3)

with n the time-index, k the level index, and j,i the indices for the geolocation. The coefficients a(k) provide the fixed grid at high altitude, while the coefficients b(k) provide the scaling of the surface pressure. In the transition area they provide a combined grid. The coefficients a and b are fixed for a ECMWF model with a certain number of levels. They can be extracted from the GRIB file when producing the netCDF output. Note however that the ECMWF data we receive is a subset of the levels available in the operational data. The provided file however contain coefficients for all levels in the original model. Since we know the levels that are available, we can select the correct coefficients from the input data. This requires some care: We want to keep the original mid points, but need to interpolate the interfaces when there are 'missing' levels. As a consequence the mid points are no longer in the center of the layers.

In the netCDF output they can be found as 'hyam' and 'hybm' for the midpoints of the levels, and as 'hyai' and 'hybi' for the pressures of the interfaces between the grid cells. Note that the same technique is used in the TM5 files as described in sections B.4, B.5 and B.6.

B.2.3 Data fields in surface ECMWF meteo files (AUX_MET_2D)

Meteorological surface parameters; dynamic auxiliary input for FRESCO clouds, aerosol layer height, absorbing aerosol index, both O_3 profiles, CO and CH_4 .

```
netcdf S5P OFFL AUX MET 2D 20171128T150000 20171129T000000 20171128T120000 {
dimensions:
 rgrid = 2140702:
 latdim = 1280 :
 londim = 2560:
 time = UNLIMITED; // (4 currently)
variables:
 uint rgrid(rgrid);
   rgrid:compress = "latdim londim";
 double latdim(latdim);
   latdim:units = "degrees_north" ;
   latdim:standard_name = "latitude" ;
 uint londim(londim);
 double latitudes(rarid):
   latitudes:units = "degrees_north";
   latitudes:standard name = "latitude";
 double longitudes(rgrid);
   longitudes:units = "degrees_east";
   longitudes:standard_name = "longitude" ;
 uint n longitude(latdim);
 uint n_longitude_sum(latdim);
 float time(time);
   time:units = "hours since 2017-11-28 12:00:00";
   time:calendar = "proleptic_gregorian";
 float v10(time, rgrid);
   v10:long name = "10 metre V wind component";
   v10:ECMWF_param = "128.166";
   v10:units = "m s-1";
   v10:standard_name = "northward_wind";
   v10:grid type = "gaussian reduced";
   v10:coordinates = "longitudes latitudes";
 float ci(time, rgrid);
   ci:long_name = "Sea-ice cover";
   ci:ECMWF_param = "128.31";
   ci:units = "1" :
   ci:standard_name = "sea_ice_area_fraction" ;
   ci:grid type = "gaussian reduced";
   ci:coordinates = "longitudes latitudes";
 float asn(time, rgrid);
   asn:long name = "Snow albedo";
   asn:ECMWF_param = "128.32";
   asn:units = "1";
   asn:standard_name = "surface_albedo_assuming_deep_snow";
   asn:grid_type = "gaussian reduced";
```

}

```
asn:coordinates = "longitudes latitudes";
  float hcc(time, rgrid);
   hcc:long name = "High cloud cover";
   hcc:ECMWF_param = "128.188";
   hcc:units = "1";
   hcc:standard name = "high type cloud area fraction";
   hcc:grid_type = "gaussian reduced";
   hcc:coordinates = "longitudes latitudes";
  float sp(time, rgrid);
   sp:long_name = "Surface pressure";
   sp:ECMWF param = "128.134";
   sp:units = "Pa";
   sp:standard_name = "surface_air_pressure";
   sp:grid type = "gaussian reduced";
   sp:coordinates = "longitudes latitudes";
  float tco3(time, rgrid);
   tco3:long_name = "Total column ozone";
   tco3:ECMWF_param = "128.206";
   tco3:units = "kg m-2";
   tco3:standard_name = "atmosphere mass content of ozone";
   tco3:grid_type = "gaussian reduced";
   tco3:coordinates = "longitudes latitudes";
  float fal(time, rgrid);
   fal:long name = "Forecast albedo";
   fal:ECMWF_param = "128.243";
   fal:units = "1";
   fal:standard name = "surface albedo";
   fal:grid_type = "gaussian reduced";
   fal:coordinates = "longitudes latitudes";
  float sd(time, rgrid);
   sd:long_name = "Snow depth";
   sd:ECMWF_param = "128.141";
   sd:units = "m";
   sd:standard name = "lwe thickness of surface snow amount";
   sd:grid type = "gaussian reduced";
   sd:coordinates = "longitudes latitudes";
  float u10(time, rgrid);
   u10:long_name = "10 metre U wind component";
   u10:ECMWF_param = "128.165";
   u10:units = "m s-1";
   u10:standard_name = "eastward_wind";
   u10:grid_type = "gaussian reduced";
   u10:coordinates = "longitudes latitudes";
// global attributes:
   :institution = "European Centre for Medium-Range Weather Forecasts";
   :Conventions = "CF-1.6";
   :validity start = "20171128T150000";
   :validity_stop = "20171129T000000";
   :analysis_time = "20171128T120000";
   :creation date = "20171128T190143";
   :processing_mode = "OFFL";
   :history = "Tue Nov 28 19:01:43 2017: translate_gribfile --compress 3 --shuffle --out tmp
               G1D11281200112815001.transformation G1D11281200112818001.transformation
               G2D11281200112815001.transformation G1D11281200112821001.transformation
               G1D11281200112900001.transformation G2D11281200112818001.transformation
               G2D11281200112821001.transformation G2D11281200112900001.transformation";
   :version = "translate gribfile, version 1.4.3";
   :dataset_name = "S5P_AUX_MET_2D";
```

B.2.4 Data fields in temperature profile ECMWF meteo files (AUX MET TP)

Temperature profiles; dynamic auxiliary input for FRESCO clouds, aerosol layer height, both O₃ profiles, CO and CH₄.

```
netcdf S5P OFFL AUX MET TP 20171128T150000 20171129T000000 20171128T120000 {
dimensions:
 rgrid = 2140702;
 latdim = 1280;
 londim = 2560;
 time = UNLIMITED; // (4 currently)
 nhym = 91;
 nhyi = 92;
 lev = 91;
variables:
  uint rgrid(rgrid) ;
    rgrid:compress = "latdim londim";
  double latdim(latdim);
    latdim:units = "degrees_north";
    latdim:standard_name = "latitude";
  uint londim(londim);
 double latitudes(rgrid);
    latitudes:units = "degrees_north" ;
    latitudes:standard_name = "latitude";
  double longitudes(rgrid) ;
    longitudes:units = "degrees_east";
    longitudes:standard_name = "longitude" ;
 uint n longitude(latdim);
 uint n longitude sum(latdim);
 float time(time);
    time:units = "hours since 2017-11-28 12:00:00";
    time:calendar = "proleptic_gregorian";
  double hyai(nhyi);
    hyai:units = "Pa";
    hyai:long_name = "hybrid A coefficient at layer interfaces";
  double hybi(nhyi);
    hybi:units = "1";
    hybi:long_name = "hybrid B coefficient at layer interfaces";
  double hyam(nhym);
    hyam:units = "Pa";
    hyam:long_name = "hybrid A coefficient at layer midpoints";
  double hybm(nhym);
    hybm:units = "1";
    hybm:long_name = "hybrid B coefficient at layer midpoints";
  int lev(lev);
    lev:long_name = "hybrid level at layer midpoints";
    lev:standard_name = "atmosphere_hybrid_sigma_pressure_coordinate";
    lev:units = "level" ;
    lev:formula = "hyam hybm (mlev=hyam+hybm*ps)";
    lev:formula terms = "ap: hyam b: hybm ps: aps" ;
    lev:comment = "Note: these are the original levels in the ECMWF model";
  float t(time, lev, rgrid);
    t:long_name = "Temperature";
    t:units = "K";
    t:standard_name = "air_temperature";
    t:grid_type = "gaussian reduced";
    t:coordinates = "longitudes latitudes";
// global attributes:
    :institution = "European Centre for Medium-Range Weather Forecasts";
    :Conventions = "CF-1.6";
    :validity_start = "20171128T150000";
    :validity_stop = "20171129T000000";
    :analysis_time = "20171128T120000";
```

B.2.5 Data fields in humidity profile ECMWF meteo files (AUX MET QP)

Specific humidity profiles; dynamic auxiliary input for CO and CH₄.

```
netcdf S5P OFFL AUX MET QP 20171128T150000 20171129T000000 20171128T120000 {
dimensions:
 rgrid = 2140702;
 latdim = 1280;
 londim = 2560 :
 time = UNLIMITED; // (4 currently)
 nhym = 91;
 nhyi = 92;
 lev = 91;
variables:
 uint rgrid(rgrid);
   rgrid:compress = "latdim londim";
 double latdim(latdim);
   latdim:units = "degrees_north";
   latdim:standard_name = "latitude" ;
 uint londim(londim);
 double latitudes(rgrid);
   latitudes:units = "degrees_north" ;
   latitudes:standard_name = "latitude";
 double longitudes(rgrid);
   longitudes:units = "degrees_east";
   longitudes:standard_name = "longitude" ;
 uint n longitude(latdim);
 uint n_longitude_sum(latdim);
 float time(time);
   time:units = "hours since 2017-11-28 12:00:00";
   time:calendar = "proleptic_gregorian";
 double hyai(nhyi);
   hyai:units = "Pa";
   hyai:long_name = "hybrid A coefficient at layer interfaces";
 double hybi(nhyi);
   hybi:units = "1";
   hybi:long name = "hybrid B coefficient at layer interfaces";
 double hyam(nhym);
   hyam:units = "Pa";
   hyam:long_name = "hybrid A coefficient at layer midpoints" ;
 double hybm(nhym);
   hybm:units = "1";
   hybm:long_name = "hybrid B coefficient at layer midpoints";
 int lev(lev);
   lev:long_name = "hybrid level at layer midpoints" ;
   lev:standard_name = "atmosphere_hybrid_sigma_pressure_coordinate";
   lev:units = "level" ;
   lev:formula = "hyam hybm (mlev=hyam+hybm*ps)";
   lev:formula_terms = "ap: hyam b: hybm ps: aps" ;
   lev:comment = "Note: these are the original levels in the ECMWF model";
 float q(time, lev, rgrid);
   q:long_name = "Specific humidity";
```

```
q:units = kg kg-1;
    q:standard_name = "specific_humidity";
    q:grid_type = "gaussian reduced";
    g:coordinates = "longitudes latitudes";
// global attributes:
    :institution = "European Centre for Medium-Range Weather Forecasts";
    :Conventions = "CF-1.6";
    :validity start = "20171128T150000";
    :validity_stop = "20171129T000000";
    :analysis_time = "20171128T120000";
    :creation_date = "20171128T190147";
    :processing_mode = "OFFL";
    :history = "Tue Nov 28 19:01:47 2017: translate gribfile —compress 3 —shuffle —out tmp
               G1D11281200112815001.transformation G1D11281200112818001.transformation
               G2D11281200112815001.transformation G1D11281200112821001.transformation
               G1D11281200112900001.transformation G2D11281200112818001.transformation
               G2D11281200112821001.transformation G2D11281200112900001.transformation";
    :version = "translate gribfile, version 1.4.3";
    :dataset_name = "S5P_AUX_MET_QP";
}
```

B.3 File format description of the NISE dynamic input product

Snow and ice cover information; dynamic auxiliary input for FRESCO clouds, aerosol layer height, both O_3 profiles and NO_2 . Note that although the file is described as if it is a netCDF file, the file format is actually HDFEOS-2.

```
netcdf NISE SSMISF18 20171128.HDFEOS {
variables:
     char StructMetadata.0(32000);
     char coremetadata.0(5447);
group: Northern_Hemisphere {
     variables:
           short HDFEOS CRS;
                 :Projection = "GCTP_LAMAZ";
                 :UpperLeftPointMtrs = -9036842.7625, 9036842.7625; // double
                 :LowerRightMtrs = 9036842.7625, -9036842.7625; // double
                 :ProjParams = 6371228.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 9.0E7, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, \( \text{\omega} \) double
                 :SphereCode = "19";
     group: Data_Fields {
           dimensions:
                 YDim = 721:
                 XDim = 721:
           variables:
                 byte Extent(YDim=721, XDim=721);
                        : Unsigned = "true";
                 byte Age(YDim=721, XDim=721);
                        : Unsigned = "true";
    }
group: Southern_Hemisphere {
     variables:
           short HDFEOS CRS:
                 :Projection = "GCTP LAMAZ";
                 :UpperLeftPointMtrs = -9036842.7625, 9036842.7625; // double
                  :LowerRightMtrs = 9036842.7625, -9036842.7625; // double
                 : Proj Params = 6371228.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ -9.0E7, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0, \ 0.0
```

```
:SphereCode = "19";
 group: Data Fields {
   dimensions:
     XDim = 721;
     YDim = 721;
   variables:
     byte Extent(YDim=721, XDim=721);
       : Unsigned = "true";
     byte Age(YDim=721, XDim=721);
       :_Unsigned = "true";
// global attributes:
:HDFEOSVersion = "HDFEOS V2.17";
:data_grid_key = "Data Value Parameter
                 0 snow-free land
                 1-100 sea ice concentration percentage
                 101 permanent ice (Greenland, Antarctica)
                 102 not used
                 103 dry snow
                 104 wet snow
                 105-251 not used
                 252 mixed pixels at coastlines (unable to reliably apply microwave algorithm)
                 253 suspect ice value
                 254 corners(undefined)
                 255 ocean";
:age_grid_key = "Age Value Parameter
                 0-254 age in days since date of file
                 255 filler value for corners and undetermined data pixels";
:_History = "Direct read of HDF4 file through CDM library; HDF-EOS StructMetadata information was read";
:HDF4_Version = "4.2.10 (HDF Version 4.2 Release 10, February 7, 2014)";
:featureType = "GRID";
:_CoordSysBuilder = "ucar.nc2.dataset.conv.DefaultConvention";
```

B.4 File format description of TM5 model output with Temperature profile, NO₂, SO₂ and HCHO profiles

This TM5 output is dynamic input for NO_2 (NRT and offline backup product), SO_2 and HCHO (NRT and offline) processing. Note that here a forecast file (AUX_CTMFCT) is used as an example, the analysis files (AUX_CTMANA) for the offline stream have the same structure.

```
netcdf S5P OPER AUX CTMFCT 20171128T000000 20171129T000000 20171129T041442 {
dimensions:
 lon = 360:
 lat = 180:
 lev = 34;
 levi = 35;
 time = 48;
 datelen = 6;
variables:
 float lon(lon);
   lon:standard_name = "longitude" ;
   lon:long_name = "longitude";
   lon:units = "degrees_east";
 float lat(lat):
   lat:standard name = "latitude";
   lat:long_name = "latitude" ;
   lat:units = "degrees_north";
 float hyai(levi);
```

```
hyai:units = "Pa";
 hyai:long_name = "hybrid A coefficient at layer interfaces";
float hvbi(levi):
 hybi:units = "1"
 hybi:long name = "hybrid B coefficient at layer interfaces";
float hyam(lev);
 hyam:units = "Pa";
 hyam:long_name = "hybrid A coefficient at layer midpoints" ;
float hybm(lev);
 hybm:units = "1";
 hybm:long name = "hybrid B coefficient at layer midpoints";
float lev(lev);
 lev:standard_name = "atmosphere_hybrid_sigma_pressure_coordinate";
 lev:long name = "hybrid level at layer midpoints";
 lev:units = "level" ;
 lev:positive = "down";
 lev:formula = "hyam hybm (mlev=hyam+hybm*ps)";
 lev:formula_terms = "ap: hyam b: hybm ps: ps" ;
double time(time);
 time:standard_name = "time";
 time:long_name = "time";
 time:units = "days since 1950-01-01 00:00:00";
 time:calender = "gregorian" ;
float date(time, datelen);
 date:long_name = "date and time";
 date:units = "year, month, day, hour, minute, second";
float ps(time, lat, lon);
 ps:standard_name = "surface_air_pressure";
 ps:long_name = "surface pressure";
 ps:units = "Pa";
float t(time, lev, lat, lon);
 t:standard_name = "air_temperature";
 t:long_name = "temperature";
 t:units = "K";
 t:comment = "bottom-up; full levels";
float surface altitude(lat, lon):
 surface altitude:standard name = "surface altitude";
 surface_altitude:long_name = "surface altitude of TM5 grid";
 surface_altitude:units = "m";
 surface altitude:comment = "ECMWF interpolated orography";
int tropopause_layer_index(time, lat, lon);
 tropopause_layer_index:standard_name = "tropopause_layer_index";
 tropopause_layer_index:long_name = "index of the highest model layer in the troposphere";
 tropopause_layer_index:units = "-";
 tropopause layer index:comment = "Based on WMO temperature gradient method";
float so2(time, lev, lat, lon);
 so2:standard name = "mole fraction of sulfur dioxide in air";
 so2:long name = "volume mixing ratio of SO2 in humid air";
 so2:units = "1";
 so2:moleweight_tracer = 64062.8;
 so2:moleweight_air = 28940.;
 so2:moleweight_unit = "kg mole-1";
float no2(time, lev, lat, lon);
 no2:standard name = "mole fraction of nitrogen dioxide in air";
 no2:long name = "volume mixing ratio of NO2 in humid air";
 no2:units = "1":
 no2:moleweight tracer = 46005.5;
 no2:moleweight air = 28940.;
 no2:moleweight_unit = "kg mole-1";
float ch2o(time, lev, lat, lon);
 ch2o:standard_name = "mole_fraction_of_formaldehyde_in_air";
 ch2o:long_name = "volume mixing ratio of CH2O in humid air";
 ch2o:units = "1";
```

```
ch2o:moleweight_tracer = 30026.35;
    ch2o:moleweight_air = 28940.;
    ch2o:moleweight unit = "kg mole-1";
// global attributes:
    :Conventions = "CF-1.6";
    :validity_start = "20171128T000000";
    :validity_stop = "20171129T000000";
    :creation_date = "20171129T041442";
    :version = "mp 1 beta (benchmark)";
    :institution = "KNMI, Netherlands";
    :reference = "Huijnen et al., doi:10.5194/gmdd-3-1009-2010";
    :contact = "eskes@knmi.nl";
    :dataset name = "S5P OPER AUX CTMFCT";
    :title = "mixing ratios & concentrations" :
    :dataset version = "mp 1 beta (benchmark)";
    :file_version_number = "0.1";
    :im = 360;
    im = 180;
    :Im = 34;
    :dx = 1.;
    :dy = 1.;
    dz = 1.;
    xbeg = -180;
    :xend = 180;
    :ybeg = -90;
    :yend = 90;
    zbeg = 0;
    :zend = 34;
    :meteo_model = "forecast (IFS)" ;
    :history = "Created 2017-11-29 04:14:42 +0000 by Henk Eskes with TM5.";
}
```

B.5 File format description of TM5 model output with CO profiles

This file type contains profile estimates for CO. These files are dynamic auxiliary input for CO and CH₄ processing.

```
netcdf S5P OPER AUX CTM CO 20130101T000000 20140101T000000 20160412T120000 {
dimensions:
 lon = 120;
 lat = 90:
 lev = 25;
 levi = 26;
 time = 12;
 datelen = 6;
variables:
 float lon(lon);
   lon:standard_name = "longitude" ;
    lon:long_name = "longitude at centre of grid" ;
   lon:unit = "degrees_east";
  float lat(lat);
   lat:standard name = "latitude";
    lat:long_name = "latitude at centre of grid";
   lat:unit = "degrees_north";
  float lev(lev);
    lev:standard_name = "atmosphere_hybrid_sigma_pressure_coordinate";
    lev:long_name = "level" ;
   lev:units = "level number" ;
   lev:formula_terms = "p(n,k,j,i) = a_bnds(k) + b_bnds(k)*ps(n,j,i)";
  float a bnds(levi);
    a bnds:standard name = "pressure component of vertical coordinates";
```

```
a_bnds:long_name = "pressure component of hybrid sigma—pressure vertical coordinates";
    a bnds:units = "Pa";
    a bnds:formula terms = "p(n,k,j,i) = a bnds(k) + b bnds(k)*ps(n,j,i)";
  float b bnds(levi);
    b bnds:standard name = "sigma component of vertical coordinates";
    b bnds:long name = "sigma component of hybrid sigma-pressure vertical coordinates";
    b bnds:units = "-";
    b\_bnds:formula\_terms = "p(n,k,j,i) = a\_bnds(k) + b\_bnds(k)*ps(n,j,i)";
  int date(time, datelen);
    date:standard_name = "date_components";
    date:long_name = "date components";
    date:unit = "year,month,day,hour,minute,seconds";
  double time(time);
    time:standard name = "time";
    time:long name = "time";
    time:units = "days since 1950-01-01\ 00:00:00";
    time:calender = "gregorian";
  float ps(time, lat, lon);
    ps:standard_name = "surface_air_pressure";
    ps:long_name = "surface air pressure";
    ps:unit = "Pa";
  float mix(time, lev, lat, lon);
    mix:standard_name = "dry_air_mole_fraction_of_CO";
    mix:long_name = "dry air mole fraction of CO in air";
    mix:unit = "mole mole-1";
// global attributes:
    :title = "TM5 simulated dry air mole fraction climatology of CO";
    :institution = "SRON, Netherlands";
    :dataset_version = "v1";
    :file_version_number = "0.1";
    :dx = 3.;
    dy = 2.;
    dz = 1.;
    xbeg = -180;
    :xend = 180 ;
    :ybeg = -90;
    :yend = 90;
    zbeg = 0;
    :zend = 25;
    :meteo_model = "ERA-Interim reanalysis";
    :history = "Created 2015-06-26 12:00:00 +0200 by S. Houweling";
}
```

B.6 File format description of TM5 model output with CH₄ profiles

This file type contains profile estimates for CH₄. These files are dynamic auxiliary input for CO and CH₄ processing.

```
netcdf S5P_OPER_AUX_CTMCH4_20171128T000000_20171129T000000_20170925T120000 {
dimensions:
    lon = 120 ;
    lat = 90 ;
    lev = 25 ;
    levi = 26 ;
    time = 1 ;
    datelen = 6 ;

variables:
    float lon(lon) ;
    lon:standard_name = "longitude" ;
    lon:long_name = "longitude at centre of grid" ;
    lon:unit = "degrees_east" ;
```

}

```
float lat(lat);
    lat:standard_name = "latitude" ;
    lat:long name = "latitude at centre of grid";
    lat:unit = "degrees_north";
  float lev(lev);
    lev:standard name = "atmosphere hybrid sigma pressure coordinate";
    lev:long_name = "level";
    lev:units = "level number" ;
    lev:formula_terms = "p(n,k,j,i) = a\_bnds(k) + b\_bnds(k)*ps(n,j,i)";
  float a bnds(levi);
    a_bnds:standard_name = "pressure_component_of_vertical_coordinates";
    a bnds:long_name = "pressure component of hybrid sigma-pressure vertical coordinates";
    a bnds:units = "Pa";
    a\_bnds:formula\_terms = "p(n,k,j,i) = a\_bnds(k) + b\_bnds(k)*ps(n,j,i)";
  float b bnds(levi);
    b bnds:standard name = "sigma component of vertical coordinates";
    b bnds:long_name = "sigma component of hybrid sigma—pressure vertical coordinates";
    b bnds:units = "-";
    b\_bnds:formula\_terms = "p(n,k,j,i) = a\_bnds(k) + b\_bnds(k)*ps(n,j,i)";
  int date(time, datelen);
    date:standard_name = "date_components" ;
    date:long_name = "date components";
    date:unit = "year,month,day,hour,minute,seconds";
  double time(time);
    time:standard name = "time";
    time:long name = "time";
    time:units = "days since 1950-01-01\ 00:00:00";
    time:calender = "gregorian";
  float ps(time, lat, lon);
    ps:standard_name = "surface_air_pressure";
    ps:long_name = "surface air pressure";
    ps:unit = "Pa";
  float mix(time, lev, lat, lon);
    mix:standard_name = "dry_air_mole_fraction_of_CH4";
    mix:long name = "dry air mole fraction of CH4 in air";
    mix:unit = "mole mole-1";
// global attributes:
    :title = "TM5 simulated dry air mole fractions of CH4";
    :institution = "SRON, Netherlands";
    :dataset_version = "v1";
    :file_version_number = "0.1";
    :dx = 3.;
    dy = 2.;
   dz = 1.;
    xbeg = -180;
    :xend = 180 ;
    :ybeg = -90;
    :yend = 90;
    zbeg = 0;
    :zend = 25 ;
    :meteo_model = "ERA-Interim reanalysis";
    :history = "Created 2017-09-25 12:00:00 +0200 by S. Houweling";
```

B.7 File format description of LUT_AAI___ (Aerosol index lookup table)

This is a semi-static input table containing the radiative transfer calculations for the aerosol index retrieval algorithm.

netcdf S5P OPER LUT AAI 00000000T000000 99999999T99999 20171122T121045 { dimensions:

```
wavelength = 4;
 altitude = 40;
 o3 column = 8:
 no2 column = 1;
 mu0 = 54;
 mu = 54;
 fourier = 3;
 profile_altitude = 75;
variables:
 float wavelength(wavelength);
   wavelength:units = "nm";
   wavelength:standard_name = "electromagnetic_wavelength";
 float altitude(altitude):
   altitude:units = "m":
   altitude:standard name = "altitude";
 float o3 column(o3 column);
   o3_column:units = "DU";
   o3 column:standard name = "atmosphere mole content of ozone";
 float no2 column(no2 column);
   no2_column:units = "DU";
   no2_column:standard_name = "stratosphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide";
 float mu0(mu0);
   mu0:units = "1";
   mu0:long name = "cosine of solar zenith angle";
 float mu(mu);
   mu:units = "1";
   mu:long name = "cosine of sensor zenith angle";
 int fourier(fourier);
   fourier:units = "1";
   fourier:long_name = "Fourier index (for azimuth difference)";
 float sza(mu0);
   sza:units = "degree" ;
   sza:standard_name = "solar_zenith_angle";
 float vza(mu);
   vza:units = "degree";
   vza:standard_name = "sensor_zenith_angle";
 double pressure(altitude);
   pressure:units = "hPa";
   pressure:standard_name = "surface_air_pressure";
 float profile_altitude(profile_altitude);
   profile_altitude:units = "m";
   profile_altitude:standard_name = "altitude" ;
// global attributes:
   :Conventions = "CF-1.6";
   :title = "S5P_LUT_AAI___";
   :source = "Offline version of DAK 3.1.1
              Original coding by M. de Graaf (MdG, e-mail: graafdem@knmi.nl) for
             Adapted for DAK 3.1.1 by L.G. Tilstra (LGT, e-mail: tilstra@knmi.nl)
             This is an extended version of DAK 3.1.1, it outputs Fourier coefficients
             (standard DAK doesn\'t).":
   :history = "2017-11-22T12:10:47Z sneep lut2netcdf4.py -vv --source.
              --datadir datadir --axes TABLES mls NO2 O2O2 O3 sph/axes.nc
              --profiles mls --spherical --nzenith 54 --wvl 340 380 354 388
              --usage calculating the absorbing aerosol index
               —institution KNMI — title S5P_LUT_AAI___";
   :institution = "KNMI";
   :comment = "Lookup table for calculating the absorbing aerosol index, built using DAK.
              References for DAK (Doubling Adding KNMI):
```

```
- De Haan, Bosma and Hovenier Astron. Astrophys. 183, 371-391 (1987).
                - Proceedings of IRS 2000: Current problems in Atmospheric Radiation,
                  385-388. Stammes (2000)
                Contact for DAK: Piet Stammes (stammes@knmi.nl).
                This lookup table is based on the AAI code (Gijsbert Tilstra and
                Martin de Graaf, tilstra@knmi.nl).
                Conversion to netCDF by Maarten Sneep (maarten.sneep@knmi.nl).
                R(A) = R0 + (A*transmission matrix)/(1-A*spherical albedo)
                with A the albedo of the bounding surface (surface or cloud).
                Temperature profiles used in the calculations mls
                Pseudo-spherical corrected atmosphere.
                Wavelength range 340.0 - 388.0, step 40.0
                Included species: NO2, O2O2, O3";
group: mls {
  variables:
    float profile_altitude(profile_altitude) ;
      profile_altitude:units = "m";
      profile_altitude:standard_name = "altitude" ;
    float profile_temperature(profile_altitude) ;
      profile_temperature:units = "K";
      profile temperature:standard name = "air temperature";
    float profile pressure(profile altitude);
      profile pressure:units = "hPa";
      profile pressure:standard name = "air pressure";
    float ozone_profile(profile_altitude);
      ozone_profile:units = "1e-6";
      ozone_profile:long_name = "ozone profile (unscaled) in ppmv";
      ozone_profile:standard_name = "mole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air";
      ozone_profile:comment = "The total profile is scaled to obtain the desired total column";
    float nitrogendioxide_profile(profile_altitude);
      nitrogendioxide profile:units = "1e-6";
      nitrogendioxide profile:long name = "nitrogen dioxide profile (unscaled) in ppmv";
      nitrogendioxide profile:standard name = "mole fraction of nitrogen dioxide in air";
      nitrogendioxide profile:comment = "The total profile is scaled to obtain the desired total column";
    float spherical_albedo(wavelength, altitude, o3_column, no2_column);
      spherical_albedo:units = "1";
      spherical albedo:long name = "Spherical albedo";
    float transmission_matrix(wavelength, altitude, o3_column, no2_column, mu, mu0);
      transmission_matrix:units = "sr-1";
      transmission_matrix:long_name = "Transmission matrix";
    float reflectance 0(wavelength, altitude, o3 column, no2 column, mu, mu0, fourier);
      reflectance_0:units = "sr-1";
      reflectance 0:long_name = "Reflectance at A_s=0, given as Fourier expansion.";
      reflectance_0:comment = "R0 = a[0] + 2*(cos(dphi)*a[1] + cos(2*dphi)*a[2])
with a[i] the fourier coefficients (\'fourier\' dimension)
and dphi the azimuth difference.";
 } // group mls
```

B.8 File format description of LUT_ALH_NN (Aerosol leyer height neural network)

This is a semi-static input file containing the neural network for the forward model of the aerosol layer height algorithm.

```
netcdf S5P_OPER_LUT_ALH_NN_00000000T000000_999999999T999999_20181129T000000 {
dimensions:
   nweights = 3980 ;
variables:
   double wavelengths(nweights) ;
```

```
double weights(nweights);
// global attributes:
    :creation_date = "2018-11-29T20:39:22.350216";
group: | {
  dimensions:
   nfactors = 10;
   dim_0 = 50720;
   dim_1 = 3284728;
    dim_2 = 341;
  variables:
    double offset(nfactors) ;
    double scale(nfactors);
    char file 0(dim 0);
     file 0:name = "saved model.pb";
    char file_1(dim_1);
     file_1:name = "variables/variables.data-00000-of-00001";
    char file_2(dim_2);
     file_2:name = "variables/variables.index";
 } // group I
group: K_as758 {
 dimensions:
   nfactors = 10;
    dim 0 = 50720:
    dim 1 = 3284728;
    dim_2 = 341;
  variables:
    double offset(nfactors);
    double scale(nfactors);
    char file_0(dim_0);
     file_0:name = "saved_model.pb";
    char file_1(dim_1);
     file_1:name = "variables/variables.data-00000-of-00001";
    char file_2(dim_2) ;
     file 2:name = "variables/variables.index";
 } // group K as 758
group: K_as770 {
  dimensions:
    nfactors = 10;
    dim_0 = 50720;
    dim_1 = 3284728;
    dim_2 = 341;
  variables:
    double offset(nfactors) ;
    double scale(nfactors);
    char file 0(dim 0);
     file_0:name = "saved_model.pb";
    char file_1(dim_1);
     file_1:name = "variables/variables.data-00000-of-00001";
    char file_2(dim_2);
     file_2:name = "variables/variables.index";
 } // group K_as770
group: K tau {
  dimensions:
   nfactors = 10;
    dim_0 = 50720;
    dim_1 = 3284728;
    dim_2 = 341;
  variables:
```

```
double offset(nfactors);
   double scale(nfactors);
   char file_0(dim_0);
     file_0:name = "saved_model.pb";
   char file_1(dim_1);
     file 1:name = "variables/variables.data-00000-of-00001";
   char file 2(dim 2);
     file_2:name = "variables/variables.index";
 } // group K_tau
group: K_z_aer {
 dimensions:
   nfactors = 10;
   dim 0 = 50720;
   dim 1 = 3284728;
   dim 2 = 341;
  variables:
   double offset(nfactors);
   double scale(nfactors);
   char file 0(dim 0);
     file_0:name = "saved_model.pb";
   char file_1(dim_1);
     file_1:name = "variables/variables.data-00000-of-00001";
   char file 2(dim 2);
     file_2:name = "variables/variables.index";
 } // group K_z_aer
```

B.9 File format description of LUT_NO2AMF (NO2 airmass factor lookup table)

Semi-static input for the NO₂ retrieval algorithm, used for airmass factor correction.

```
netcdf S5P_OPER_LUT_NO2AMF_00000000T000000_99999999999999_20160527T173500 {
dimensions:
 albedo = 26;
 dphi = 10;
 mu = 11;
 mu0 = 17;
 p = 174;
 p_surface = 14;
variables:
 float albedo(albedo);
   albedo:long_name = "Surface Albedo";
   albedo:standard_name = "surface_albedo";
   albedo:units = "1";
 int dphi(dphi);
   dphi:long_name = "Relative azimuth angle" ;
   dphi:units = "degree" ;
 float mu(mu);
   mu:long_name = "Cosine of viewing zenith angle";
   mu:units = "1";
 float mu0(mu0);
   mu0:long_name = "Cosine of solar zenith angle";
   mu0:units = "1";
 float vza(mu);
   vza:long_name = "Viewing zenith angle" ;
   vza:units = "degree";
 float sza(mu0);
   sza:long_name = "Solar zenith angle" ;
   sza:units = "degree" ;
 int p surface(p surface);
   p_surface:long_name = "Surface pressure levels";
```

```
p_surface:standard_name = "surface_air_pressure";
   p_surface:units = "hPa";
 float p(p);
   p:longname = "Pressure Levels";
   p:standard_name = "air_pressure";
   p:units = "hPa";
 float amf(albedo, p_surface, p, dphi, mu0, mu);
   amf:long name = "Box air mass factor";
   amf:units = "1";
// global attributes:
   :validity_stop = "999999997999999";
   :dataset_name = "S5P_LUT_NO2AMF";
   :author = "Alba Lorente" :
   :contact = "Folkert Boersma. boersma@knmi.nl";
   :history = "20160530. Version 02.5. Corrected DAK box AMFs with
               McArtim to account for sphericity atmosphere.";
   :source = "DAK radiative transfer model. Version 3.31";
   :polarization = "On";
   :sphericity = "On";
   :wavelength = "437.5 nm";
   :references = "Lorente, A., Folkert Boersma, K., Yu, H., Doerner, S., Hilboll, A., Richter, A., Liu, M.,
                  Lamsal, L. N., Barkley, M., De Smedt, I., Van Roozendael, M., Wang, Y., Wagner, T.,
                  Beirle, S., Lin, J.-T., Krotkov, N., Stammes, P., Wang, P., Eskes, H. J., and Krol, M.:
                  Structural uncertainty in air mass factor calculation for NO2 and HCHO satellite retrievals,
                  Atmos. Meas. Tech., 10, 759-782, https://doi.org/10.5194/amt-10-759-2017, 2017.";
   :conventions = "CF-1.6";
   :validity_start = "00000000T0000000";
   :creation_date = "20160530T140000";
```

B.10 File format description of LUT_NO2CLD (NO₂ cloud fraction lookup table)

Semi-static input for the NO₂ retrieval algorithm, used for cloud fraction determination and cloud radiance fraction calculations. The file structure of this file is identical to that of the aerosol index lookup table (see appendix B.7), except that it contains a single wavelength.

```
netcdf S5P OPER LUT NO2CLD 00000000T000000 99999999T99999 20150604T135622 {
dimensions:
 wavelength = 1;
 altitude = 68;
 o3_column = 1
 no2_column = 1;
 mu0 = 42;
 mu = 42;
 fourier = 3:
 profile altitude = 96;
variables:
 float wavelength(wavelength);
   wavelength:units = "nm";
   wavelength:standard_name = "electromagnetic_wavelength";
 float altitude(altitude);
   altitude:units = "m";
   altitude:standard_name = "altitude";
 float o3_column(o3_column);
   o3_column:units = "DU";
   o3 column:standard name = "atmosphere mole content of ozone";
 float no2 column(no2 column);
   no2 column:units = "DU";
   no2_column:standard_name = "stratosphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide";
 float mu0(mu0):
   mu0:units = "1";
```

```
mu0:long_name = "cosine of solar_zenith_angle";
 float mu(mu);
   mu:units = "1"
   mu:long name = "cosine of sensor zenith angle";
 int fourier(fourier);
   fourier:units = "1"
   fourier:long_name = "Fourier index (for azimuth difference)";
 float sza(mu0);
   sza:units = "degree";
   sza:standard_name = "solar_zenith_angle";
 float vza(mu);
   vza:units = "degree";
   vza:standard_name = "sensor_zenith_angle" ;
 double pressure(altitude);
   pressure:units = "hPa";
   pressure:standard name = "surface air pressure";
// global attributes:
   :Conventions = "CF-1.6";
   :title = "S5P_LUT_NO2CLD_20150604T135622";
   :source = "Offline version of DAK 3.1.1
       Original coding by M. de Graaf (MdG, e-mail: graafdem@knmi.nl) for DAK 2.3
       Adapted for DAK 3.1.1 by L.G. Tilstra (LGT, e-mail: tilstra@knmi.nl)
       This is an extended version of DAK 3.1.1, it outputs Fourier coefficients (standard DAK doesn\'t).";
   :history = "2015-06-04T13:56:22Z sneep lut2netcdf4.py -vv -i . --datadir datadir
       -o S5P OPER LUT NO2CLD 00000000T000000 99999999999999 20150604T135622.nc
        --axes TABLES mls NO2 O2O2 O3 sph/axes.nc --profiles mls --spherical --wvl 439.0
       --usage \'Calculating cloud fraction and cloud radiance fraction for NO2\'
        —institution KNMI —title S5P_LUT_NO2CLD_20150604T135622";
    :institution = "KNMI";
    :comment = "Lookup table for Calculating cloud fraction and cloud radiance fraction for NO2, built using DAK.
       References for DAK (Doubling Adding KNMI):
       - De Haan, Bosma and Hovenier Astron. Astrophys. 183, 371-391 (1987).
       - Proceedings of IRS 2000: Current problems in Atmospheric Radiation,
         385-388. Stammes (2000)
       Contact for DAK: Piet Stammes (stammes@knmi.nl).
       This lookup table is based on the AAI code (Gijsbert Tilstra and
       Martin de Graaf, tilstra@knmi.nl).
       Conversion to netCDF by Maarten Sneep (maarten.sneep@knmi.nl).
       R(A) = R0 + (A*transmission_matrix)/(1-A*spherical_albedo)
       with A the albedo of the bounding surface (surface or cloud).
       Temperature profiles used in the calculations mls
       Pseudo-spherical corrected atmosphere.
       Wavelengths 439.0
       Included species: NO2, O2O2, O3";
group: mls {
  variables:
   float profile_altitude(profile_altitude);
     profile_altitude:units = "m" ;
     profile altitude:standard name = "altitude";
   float profile_temperature(profile_altitude);
     profile_temperature:units = "K";
     profile_temperature:standard_name = "air_temperature";
   float profile pressure(profile altitude);
     profile pressure:units = "hPa":
     profile pressure:standard_name = "air_pressure";
   float ozone profile(profile altitude);
     ozone_profile:units = "1e-6";
     ozone_profile:long_name = "ozone profile (unscaled) in ppmv";
     ozone_profile:standard_name = "mole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air";
     ozone profile:comment = "The total profile is scaled to obtain the desired total column";
   float nitrogendioxide_profile(profile_altitude);
```

```
nitrogendioxide_profile:units = "1e-6";
    nitrogendioxide_profile:long_name = "nitrogen dioxide profile (unscaled) in ppmv";
    nitrogendioxide profile:standard name = "mole fraction of nitrogen dioxide in air";
    nitrogendioxide profile:comment = "The total profile is scaled to obtain the desired total column";
  float spherical albedo(wavelength, altitude, o3 column, no2 column);
    spherical albedo:units = "1";
    spherical_albedo:long_name = "Spherical albedo";
  float transmission_matrix(wavelength, altitude, o3_column, no2_column, mu, mu0);
    transmission matrix:units = "sr-1";
    transmission_matrix:long_name = "Transmission matrix";
  float reflectance_0(wavelength, altitude, o3_column, no2_column, mu, mu0, fourier);
    reflectance_0:units = "sr-1";
    reflectance 0:long_name = "Reflectance at A_s=0, given as Fourier expansion.";
    reflectance 0:comment = "R0 = a[0] + 2*(cos(dphi)*a[1] + cos(2*dphi)*a[2])
          with a[i] the fourier coefficients (\'fourier\' dimension)
          and dphi the azimuth difference.";
} // group mls
```

B.11 File format description of LUT CH4AER (CH4 aerosol properties lookup table)

Semi-static input for the CH₄ retrieval algorithm, providing aerosol properties to the retrieval algorithm.

```
dimensions:
 ref index real = 22;
 ref index im = 16;
 scat angle = 181;
 eff_radius = 41;
 scat_mat_dim = 6;
variables:
 double wavelength;
   wavelength:units = "microns";
 double ref_index_real(ref_index_real);
   ref_index_real:lon_name = "real part of refractive index" ;
 double ref_index_im(ref_index_im);
   ref_index_im:long_name = "imaginary part of refractive index" ;
 double scat angle(scat angle);
   scat_angle:long_name = "scattering angle" ;
   scat_angle:units = "degrees" ;
 double eff_radius(eff_radius);
   eff_radius:long_name = "effective radius";
   eff_radius:units = "microns";
 double ext_coef_el(ref_index_im, ref_index_real, eff_radius);
   ext_coef_el:long_name = "extinction coefficient for ellipsoidal particles" ;
 double ext_coef_sph(ref_index_im, ref_index_real, eff_radius);
   ext_coef_sph:long_name = "extinction coefficient for spherical particles";
 double abs coef el(ref index im, ref index real, eff radius);
   abs coef el:lon name = "absorption coefficient for ellipsoidal particles";
 double abs_coef_sph(ref_index_im, ref_index_real, eff_radius);
   abs_coef_sph:lon_name = "absorption coefficient for spherical particles";
 double scat_mat_el(scat_mat_dim, ref_index_im, ref_index_real, eff_radius, scat_angle);
   scat_mat_el:long_name = "scattering matrix elements (F11, F12, F22, F33, F34, F44) for ellipsoidal particles";
 double scat_mat_sph(scat_mat_dim, ref_index_im, ref_index_real, eff_radius, scat_angle);
   scat_mat_sph:long_name = "scattering matrix elements (F11, F12, F22, F33, F34, F44) for spherical particles";
// global attributes:
   :title = "Aerosol LUT";
   :history = "Created Thu Apr 24 10:25:49 2014";
   :institution = "SRON";
   :source = "Dubovik et al. 2006";
   :Conventions = "CF-1.6";
```

B.12 File format description of LUT_CH4CIR (CH₄ Cirrus properties lookup table)

Semi-static input for the CH_4 retrieval algorithm, providing cirrus properties to the retrieval algorithm. This file contains a large number (1610) of groups, each with the same structure. For brevity only the global attributes and the structure of a single group is shown. The groups each have a name that is structured as $SHAPE_WAVELENGTH_AAXIS_CAXIS_TILT$, with shape, wavelength, a-axis, c-axis and maximum tilt from table 19. The values of each of these parameters are stored in variables inside the corresponding group as well.

Table 19: Group parameters for the LUT_CH4CIR lookup table.

Property	Values	
shape	COLM (columns), PLAT (plates).	
wavelength	wv0750, wv0765, wv0780, wv1200, wv1250, wv1300, wv1550, wv1575, wv1600, wv1625, wv1650, wv1675, wv1950, wv1975, wv2000, wv2025, wv2050, wv2075, wv2100, wv2250, wv2300, wv2350, wv2400	
$\it a$ - and $\it c$ -axis for columns	(a00014, c00035), (a00040, c00100), (a00100, c00300), (a00220, c00600), (a00410, c01300), (a00600, c03000), (a00800, c06000), (a01100, c13000)	
a- and c -axis for plates	(a00150, c00090), (a00300, c00120), (a00650, c00170), (a01500, c00240), (a03000, c00330), (a06500, c00470)	
maximum tilt	t20, t25, t30, t35, t40	

```
netcdf S5P OPER LUT CH4CIR 00000000T000000 99999999T999999 20151016T113037 {
```

```
// global attributes:
    :title = "Cirrus LUT";
    :history = "Created Tue Jul 9 16:57:45 2013";
    :institution = "SRON";
    :source = "Hess et al. 1998 (generated with raytracing program SPEX)";
    :Conventions = "CF-1.6";
group: SHAPE WAVELENGTH AAXIS CAXIS TILT {
  dimensions:
    size = 2;
    scat_angle = UNLIMITED ; // (237 currently)
    spherical_degree = UNLIMITED ; // (129 currently)
    scat mat dim = 6;
    exp\_coef\_no = 6;
    ref_index = 2;
    delta_approx = 2;
  variables:
    int wavelength;
      wavelength:units = "microns";
    int size(size);
      size:long_name = "A-axis of crystal (center-edge),
          C-axis of crystal (end-end)";
      size:units = "microns";
    int tilt;
      tilt:long_name = "maximum tilted angle";
      tilt:units = "degrees";
    char shape;
      shape:long_name = "Shape of crystals: P=plates, C=columns";
    double ext_coef(delta_approx);
      ext coef:long name = "extinction coefficient
          (with, without delta approximation)";
      ext_coef:units = "micron^2";
    double scat_coef(delta_approx);
      scat_coef:long_name = "scattering coefficient
          (with, without delta approximation)";
      scat_coef:units = "micron^2";
```

```
int spherical_degree(spherical_degree) ;
    spherical_degree:long_name = "Spherical degree of
        generalized spherical function";
  double exp_coef(exp_coef_no, spherical_degree);
    exp coef:long name = "expansion coefficients
        (alpha1, aplha2, alpha3, alpha4, beta1, beta2)";
  double scat_angle(scat_angle);
    scat_angle:long_name = "scattering angle" ;
    scat_angle:units = " degree" ;
  double scat_mat(scat_mat_dim, scat_angle);
    scat_mat:long_name = "scattering matrix elements
        (F11, F22/F11, F33/F11, F44/F11, -F12/F11, F34/F11) as
        function of scattering angle";
  double ref index(ref index);
    ref_index:long_name = "refractive index (real, imaginary)";
  double cutoff angle;
    cutoff_angle:long_name = "cut off angle used in delta approximation";
    cutoff_angle:units = "degrees";
  double removed energy;
    removed_energy:long_name = "relative amount of removed energy";
  double single_scat_alb(delta_approx);
    single_scat_alb:long_name = "single scattering albedo
    (with, without delta approximation)";
  double asymmetry parameter(delta approx);
    asymmetry_parameter:long_name = "asymmetry parameter cos theta
    (with, without delta approximation":
} // group SHAPE WAVELENGTH AAXIS CAXIS TILT
// repeat for other groups, total of 1610 groups.
```

B.13 File format description of LUT_FRESCO (FRESCO cloud lookup table)

Semi-static input for the FRESCO cloud retrieval algorithm. This is the main lookup table for FRESCO.

```
netcdf S5P_OPER_LUT_FRESCO_00000000T000000_99999999999999_20180129T121829 {
dimensions:
 altitude = 47;
 row = 448;
 theta0 = 90;
 index = 4;
  delta_theta = 3;
variables:
  double altitude(altitude);
   altitude:standard_name = "altitude";
    altitude:units = "m";
    altitude:long_name = "altitude";
    altitude:positive = "up";
  int row(row);
    row:units = "1";
    row:long_name = "binned row index" ;
  double theta0(theta0);
    theta0:units = "degree";
    theta0:standard_name = "solar_zenith_angle";
    theta0:long_name = "Solar zenith angle";
  int index(index);
    index:long_name = "polynomial index (exponent)";
    index:units = "1";
  double delta_theta(delta_theta) ;
    delta theta:units = "degree";
    delta_theta:long_name = "offset for the viewing zenith angle with
                            respect to theta_center";
```

```
double theta center(row);
   theta_center:standard_name = "viewing_zenith_angle";
   theta center:units = "degree";
   theta center:long name = "central viewing zenith angle";
// global attributes:
   :title = "Atmospheric profiles used to generate the Fresco lookup tables";
   :institution = "Air Force Geophysics Laboratory";
   :source = "AFGL Atmospheric Constituent Profiles";
   :references = "AFGL-TR-86-0110";
   :url = "http://www.dtic.mil/cgi-bin/GetTRDoc?AD=ADA175173";
   :history = "2018-01-29T12:22:37.010568: Conversion from ASCII by
               Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>";
   :Conventions = "CF-1.6":
   :dataset name = "S5P LUT FRESCO";
   :creation date = "2018-01-29T12:22:37.014410";
   :validity_start = "00000000T0000000";
   :validity stop = "99999999T999999";
   :radiance = "S5P_OFFL_L1B_RA_BD6_20171128T163359_20171128T181528_00657_02_001301_20171215T150742.nc";
   :isrf = "S5P OPER AUX ISRF 00000000T000000 99999999T99999 20180115T142900 full.nc";
   :template = "tropnll2dp/external/FRESCO/trans_toolv2/input/transmission.in.s5p.template";
   :hitran = "tropnll2dp/external/FRESCO/trans_toolv2/input/07_HIT12_TROPOMI.par";
   :atmospheric profile = "tropnll2dp/external/FRESCO/trans_toolv2/input/mls_afgl.dat2";
   :highres wvl grid = "tropnll2dp/external/FRESCO/trans toolv2/input/hitran2009 wavelgrid s5p res1pm short.dat";
group: TRO {
  variables:
   double pressure(altitude);
     pressure:standard_name = "air_pressure";
     pressure:units = "hPa";
     pressure:long_name = "pressure";
   double temperature(altitude);
     temperature:standard_name = "air_temperature";
     temperature:units = "K";
     temperature:long name = "temperature";
   double H2O(altitude):
     H2O:standard name = "mole fraction of water vapor in air";
     H2O:units = "1e-6";
     H2O:long_name = "Volume mixing ratio of H2O in ppmv";
   double NO2(altitude);
     NO2:standard name = "mole fraction of nitrogen dioxide in airmole fraction of ozone in air";
     NO2:units = "1e-6";
     NO2:long_name = "Volume mixing ratio of NO2 in ppmv";
   double O3(altitude);
     O3:standard name = "mole fraction of sulfur dioxide in air";
     O3:units = "1e-6";
     O3:long name = "Volume mixing ratio of O3 in ppmv";
   double SO2(altitude);
  // group attributes:
     :title = "Tropical (15N) profile";
     :long_name = "Tropical";
 } // group TRO
group: MLS {
  variables:
   double pressure(altitude):
     pressure:standard name = "air pressure";
     pressure:units = "hPa";
     pressure:long_name = "pressure";
   double temperature(altitude);
     temperature:standard_name = "air_temperature";
     temperature:units = "K";
```

```
temperature:long_name = "temperature";
   double H2O(altitude):
     H2O:standard name = "mole fraction of water vapor in air";
     H20:units = "1e-6";
     H2O:long name = "Volume mixing ratio of H2O in ppmv";
   double NO2(altitude);
     NO2:standard name = "mole fraction of nitrogen dioxide in airmole fraction of ozone in air";
     NO2:units = "1e-6";
     NO2:long name = "Volume mixing ratio of NO2 in ppmv";
   double O3(altitude);
     O3:standard_name = "mole_fraction_of_sulfur_dioxide_in_air";
     O3:units = "1e-6";
     O3:long_name = "Volume mixing ratio of O3 in ppmv";
   double SO2(altitude);
 // group attributes:
     :title = "Mid latitude (45N) summer profile";
     :long_name = "Mid-latitude summer";
     :comment = "This profile is used for Fresco.";
 } // group MLS
group: MLW {
 variables:
   double pressure(altitude):
     pressure:standard name = "air pressure";
     pressure:units = "hPa";
     pressure:long name = "pressure";
   double temperature(altitude);
     temperature:standard_name = "air_temperature";
     temperature:units = "K";
     temperature:long_name = "temperature";
   double H2O(altitude);
     H2O:standard_name = "mole_fraction_of_water_vapor_in_air";
     H20:units = "1e-6";
     H2O:long name = "Volume mixing ratio of H2O in ppmv";
   double NO2(altitude):
     NO2:standard name = "mole fraction of nitrogen dioxide in airmole fraction of ozone in air";
     NO2:units = "1e-6";
     NO2:long_name = "Volume mixing ratio of NO2 in ppmv";
   double O3(altitude);
     O3:standard_name = "mole_fraction_of_sulfur_dioxide_in_air";
     O3:units = "1e-6";
     O3:long_name = "Volume mixing ratio of O3 in ppmv";
   double SO2(altitude);
 // group attributes:
     :title = "Mid latitude (45N) winter profile" ;
     :long name = "Mid-latitude winter";
 } // group MLW
group: SAS {
 variables:
   double pressure(altitude);
     pressure:standard_name = "air_pressure";
     pressure:units = "hPa";
     pressure:long name = "pressure";
   double temperature(altitude):
     temperature:standard name = "air temperature";
     temperature:units = "K";
     temperature:long_name = "temperature";
   double H2O(altitude);
     H2O:standard_name = "mole_fraction_of_water_vapor_in_air";
     H20:units = "1e-6";
```

```
H2O:long_name = "Volume mixing ratio of H2O in ppmv";
   double NO2(altitude):
     NO2:standard name = "mole fraction of nitrogen dioxide in airmole fraction of ozone in air";
     NO2:units = "1e-6";
     NO2:long name = "Volume mixing ratio of NO2 in ppmv";
   double O3(altitude);
     O3:standard_name = "mole_fraction_of_sulfur_dioxide_in_air";
     O3:units = "1e-6";
     O3:long name = "Volume mixing ratio of O3 in ppmv";
   double SO2(altitude);
 // group attributes:
     :title = "Sub arctic (60N) summer profile";
     :long name = "Sub-arctic summer";
 } // group SAS
group: SAW {
 variables:
   double pressure(altitude);
     pressure:standard_name = "air_pressure";
     pressure:units = "hPa";
     pressure:long_name = "pressure";
   double temperature(altitude);
     temperature:standard name = "air temperature";
     temperature:units = "K";
     temperature:long name = "temperature";
   double H2O(altitude);
     H2O:standard_name = "mole_fraction_of_water_vapor_in_air";
     H20:units = "1e-6";
     H2O:long_name = "Volume mixing ratio of H2O in ppmv";
   double NO2(altitude);
     NO2:standard_name = "mole_fraction_of_nitrogen_dioxide_in_airmole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air";
     NO2:units = "1e-6";
     NO2:long name = "Volume mixing ratio of NO2 in ppmv";
   double O3(altitude):
     O3:standard_name = "mole_fraction_of_sulfur_dioxide_in_air";
     O3:units = "1e-6";
     O3:long_name = "Volume mixing ratio of O3 in ppmv";
   double SO2(altitude);
 // group attributes:
     :title = "Sub arctic (60N) winter profile";
     :long_name = "Sub-arctic winter";
 } // group SAW
group: window_1 {
 dimensions:
   wavelength index = 37;
  variables:
   int wavelength_index(wavelength_index);
     wavelength_index:long_name = "wavelength index for cloud parameter retrieval in window 1 of FRESCO-S";
   double wavelength(row, wavelength_index);
     wavelength:units = "nm";
     wavelength:standard_name = "radiation_wavelength";
     wavelength:long name = "Wavelength at which the coefficients are calculated";
   float transmission coefficients(row, delta theta, theta0, wavelength index, index);
     transmission coefficients:units = "1";
     transmission coefficients:long name = "Coefficients of 4th order polynomial describing height
                                           dependence of convoluted transmittance for S5P cloud retrieval
                                           (FRESCO).":
     transmission coefficients:comment = "Real viewing zenith angle is theta center + delta theta";
   float single_rayleigh_coefficients(row, delta_theta, theta0, wavelength_index, index);
     single_rayleigh_coefficients:units = "1";
```

```
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single_rayleigh_coefficients:long_name = "Coefficients of 4th order polynomial describing height
                                         dependence of convoluted scalar Rayleigh reflectance for S5P
```

```
cloud retrieval (FRESCO).";
     single rayleigh_coefficients:comment = "Real viewing zenith angle is theta_center + delta_theta";
   double window center wavelength:
     window center wavelength:long name = "center wavelength of the window";
   int interpolate to lut;
     interpolate to lut:long name = "0: interpolate values in LUT to radiance grid,
                                     1: interpolate radiance to LUT wavelengths";
   int spectral_pixels_nominal;
     spectral_pixels_nominal:long_name = "Number of spectral pixels used in the retrieval for window 1,
                                          select from window_center_wavelength-spectral_pixels_nominal/2
                                          up to window_center_wavelength+1+spectral_pixels_nominal/2";
 } // aroup window 1
group: window 2 {
 dimensions:
   wavelength_index = 37;
 variables:
   int wavelength_index(wavelength_index);
     wavelength_index:long_name = "wavelength index for cloud parameter retrieval in window 2 of FRESCO-S";
   double wavelength(row, wavelength index);
     wavelength:units = "nm";
     wavelength:standard name = "radiation wavelength";
     wavelength:long name = "Wavelength at which the coefficients are calculated";
   float transmission coefficients(row, delta theta, theta0, wavelength index, index);
     transmission coefficients:units = "1";
     transmission_coefficients:long_name = "Coefficients of 4th order polynomial describing height
                                            dependence of convoluted transmittance for S5P cloud retrieval
                                            (FRESCO).";
     transmission_coefficients:comment = "Real viewing zenith angle is theta_center + delta_theta";
   float single_rayleigh_coefficients(row, delta_theta, theta0, wavelength_index, index);
     single_rayleigh_coefficients:units = "1";
     single rayleigh coefficients:long name = "Coefficients of 4th order polynomial describing height
                                               dependence of convoluted scalar Rayleigh reflectance
                                               for S5P cloud retrieval (FRESCO).":
     single rayleigh coefficients:comment = "Real viewing zenith angle is theta center + delta theta";
   double window_center_wavelength;
     window_center_wavelength:long_name = "center wavelength of the window";
   int interpolate to lut;
     interpolate to lut:long name = "0: interpolate values in LUT to radiance grid,
                                     1: interpolate radiance to LUT wavelengths";
   int spectral pixels nominal;
     spectral pixels nominal:long name = "Number of spectral pixels used in the retrieval for window 2,
                                          select from window center wavelength-spectral pixels nominal/2
                                          up to window center wavelength+1+spectral pixels nominal/2";
 } // group window 2
group: window 3 {
 dimensions:
   wavelength index = 45;
 variables:
   int wavelength index(wavelength index);
     wavelength_index:long_name = "wavelength index for cloud parameter retrieval in window 3 of FRESCO-S";
   double wavelength(row, wavelength index);
     wavelength:units = "nm":
     wavelength:standard name = "radiation wavelength";
     wavelength:long name = "Wavelength at which the coefficients are calculated";
   float transmission_coefficients(row, delta_theta, theta0, wavelength_index, index);
     transmission coefficients:units = "1";
     transmission coefficients:long name = "Coefficients of 4th order polynomial describing height
                                            dependence of convoluted transmittance for S5P cloud retrieval
                                            (FRESCO).";
```

```
transmission coefficients:comment = "Real viewing zenith angle is theta center + delta theta";
  float single_rayleigh_coefficients(row, delta_theta, theta0, wavelength_index, index);
    single_rayleigh_coefficients:units = "1";
    single_rayleigh_coefficients:long_name = "Coefficients of 4th order polynomial describing height
                                              dependence of convoluted scalar Rayleigh reflectance for
                                              S5P cloud retrieval (FRESCO).";
    single_rayleigh_coefficients:comment = "Real viewing zenith angle is theta_center + delta_theta";
  double window center wavelength;
    window_center_wavelength:long_name = "center wavelength of the window";
  int interpolate to lut;
    interpolate_to_lut:long_name = "0: interpolate values in LUT to radiance grid,
                                    1: interpolate radiance to LUT wavelengths";
  int spectral pixels nominal;
    spectral_pixels_nominal:long_name = "Number of spectral pixels used in the retrieval for window 3,
                                         select from window center wavelength-spectral pixels nominal/2
                                         up to window center wavelength+1+spectral pixels nominal/2";
} // group window 3
```

B.14 File format description of LUT_PTZ_PR (standard pressure-temperature profiles lookup table)

Semi-static input for the FRESCO cloud retrieval algorithm, provides standard temperature and pressure profiles. This file is not longer used, teh same information is now included in the LUT_FRESCO file (appendix B.13). Still listed here because the file is part of the interface with PDGS.

B.15 File format description of LUT_POLCOR (O₃ profile polarization correction and Raman scattering lookup table)

Semi-static input for the O₃ profile retrieval algorithms. This lookup table provides corrections so that vectorized radiative transfer calculations and the inclusion of Raman scattering can be avoided in the retrieval code itself.

```
netcdf S5P TEST LUT POLCOR 00000000T000000 99999999T999999 20160308T140642 {
dimensions:
 surface_albedo = 8;
 mu_0 = 12;
 mu = 7;
 surface_pressure = 5;
 latitude = 5;
 ozone column = 5;
variables:
 double surface_albedo(surface_albedo);
   surface albedo:units = "1";
 double mu 0(mu 0);
   mu_0:units = "1";
 double mu(mu);
   mu:units = "1"
 double surface_pressure(surface_pressure) ;
   surface_pressure:units = "hPa";
 double latitude(latitude):
   latitude:units = "degrees north";
 double ozone_column(ozone_column);
   ozone column:units = "DU";
 double sza(mu 0);
   sza:units = "degrees" ;
 double vza(mu);
   vza:units = "degrees";
// global attributes:
   :institution = "KNMI";
   :validity start = "00000000T0000000";
```

```
:validity stop = "999999997999999";
   :creation date = "20160308T140643"
   :dataset_name = "S5P_LUT_POLCOR";
   :version = "0.1";
   :comment = "This is a test version of the POLCOR LUT. A final version is not yet available.";
group: band_1 {
 dimensions:
   wavelength = 188;
 variables:
   double wavelength(wavelength);
   float polcor0(wavelength, latitude, surface pressure, ozone column, mu 0, mu, surface albedo);
     polcor0:comment = "Polarization and rotational Raman scattering correction
            for ozone profile retrieval for use with band 1 for fourier coefficient 0";
   float polcor1 (wavelength, latitude, surface pressure, ozone column, mu 0, mu, surface albedo);
     polcor1:comment = "Polarization and rotational Raman scattering correction
            for ozone profile retrieval for use with band 1 for fourier coefficient 1";
   float polcor2(wavelength, latitude, surface pressure, ozone column, mu 0, mu, surface albedo);
     polcor2:comment = "Polarization and rotational Raman scattering correction
            for ozone profile retrieval for use with band 1 for fourier coefficient 2";
 } // group band 1
group: band 2 {
 dimensions:
   wavelength = 225;
 variables:
   double wavelength(wavelength);
   float polcor0(wavelength, latitude, surface pressure, ozone column, mu 0, mu, surface albedo);
     polcor0:comment = "Polarization and rotational Raman scattering correction
            for ozone profile retrieval for use with band 2 for fourier coefficient 0";
   float polcor1 (wavelength, latitude, surface_pressure, ozone_column, mu_0, mu, surface_albedo);
     polcor1:comment = "Polarization and rotational Raman scattering correction
            for ozone profile retrieval for use with band 2 for fourier coefficient 1";
   float polcor2(wavelength, latitude, surface_pressure, ozone_column, mu_0, mu, surface_albedo);
     polcor2:comment = "Polarization and rotational Raman scattering correction
            for ozone profile retrieval for use with band 2 for fourier coefficient 2";
 } // group band_2
```

B.16 File format description of LUT_COREG_ (Co-registration file)

The LUT_COREG_ file was used to map pixels from one band onto another. This used to be a semi-static input for all algorithms, but the processors now use dynamic coregistration. Details on this table and the dynamic coregistration process can be found in "S5P interband coregistration mapping tables" [RD43]. The file is still listed here because it is part of the interface with PDGS, and it is a file that is delivered for use in UPAS.

```
netcdf S5P OPER LUT COREG 00000000T000000 99999999T99999 20151112T000000 {
dimensions:
 n = 15936:
variables:
  int target band(n):
    target band:comment = "The band index [1, ..., 8] of the grid on which the retrieval is done.";
    target_band: FillValue = -2147483647;
  int source band(n);
    source_band:comment = "The band index [1, ..., 8] of the grid on which the source data is available.";
    source_band: FillValue = -2147483647;
  int target pixel(n):
    target_pixel:comment = "The ground pixel index [0, ..., n] for which the retrieval is done.";
    target_pixel:_FillValue = -2147483647;
  int source pixel(n);
    source pixel:comment = "The ground pixel index [0, ..., n] on which the source data is available.";
    source_pixel: FillValue = -2147483647;
```

```
int scanline offset(n);
   scanline offset:comment = "Offset with respect to the scanline of the target pixel on which the source data can be found.";
   scanline offset: FillValue = -2147483647;
  float weight(n);
   weight:comment = "The fraction of each source pixel that overlaps with the target pixel.";
   weight: FillValue = 9.96921e+36f;
// global attributes:
   :title = "S5P_OPER_LUT_COREG_";
   :reference = "S5P-KNMI-L2-0129-TN";
   :Conventions = "CF-1.6";
   :institution = "KNMI";
   :validity_start = "00000000T0000000";
   :validity stop = "999999997999999";
   :creation date = "20151021T000000";
   :dataset name = "S5P LUT COREG ";
   :comment = "co-registration between pixels in different bands for Sentinel 5 precursor, only bands 3, 4, 5, 6.";
group: binning_tables {
  types:
   compound msmt_to_det_row_table_type {
     short det_start_row ;
     short det end row;
   }; // msmt_to_det_row_table_type
  group: band 3 {
   dimensions:
     time = 1;
     scanline = 1;
     ground_pixel = 450;
   variables:
     msmt_to_det_row_table_type measurement_to_detector_row_table(time, scanline, ground_pixel);
       measurement to detector row table:comment = "start row on the detector\nstop row on the detector (exclusive)";
       measurement to detector row table:long name = "Binning table";
       measurement_to_detector_row_table:units = "1\n1";
   } // group band 3
  group: band 4 {
   dimensions:
     time = 1;
     scanline = 1;
     ground_pixel = 450;
   variables:
     msmt_to_det_row_table_type measurement_to_detector_row_table(time, scanline, ground_pixel);
       measurement to detector row table:comment = "start row on the detector\nstop row on the detector (exclusive)";
       measurement_to_detector_row_table:long_name = "Binning table";
       measurement_to_detector_row_table:units = "1\n1";
   } // group band 4
  group: band_5 {
   dimensions:
     time = 1;
     scanline = 1;
     ground_pixel = 448;
   variables:
     msmt to det row table type measurement to detector row table(time, scanline, ground pixel);
       measurement to detector row table:comment = "start row on the detector\nstop row on the detector (exclusive)";
       measurement to detector row table:long name = "Binning table";
       measurement_to_detector_row_table:units = "1\n1";
   } // group band 5
  group: band 6 {
   dimensions:
```

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```
time = 1;
scanline = 1;
ground_pixel = 448;
variables:
   msmt_to_det_row_table_type measurement_to_detector_row_table(time, scanline, ground_pixel);
   measurement_to_detector_row_table:comment = "start row on the detector\nstop row on the detector (exclusive)";
   measurement_to_detector_row_table:long_name = "Binning table";
   measurement_to_detector_row_table:units = "1\n1";
} // group band_6
} // group binning_tables
```

B.17 File format description of AUX_ISRF__ (Instrument spectral response function)

Semi-static input for all algorithms that use online radiative transfer calculations (CO, CH_4 and both O_3 profile algorithms). For NO_2 and FRESCO this file is needed for offline preparation of the reference file and lookup table, see [RD42]. This data is also needed for producing the "REF_SOLAR_" reference file, see appendix B.23.1. The on-ground calibration will deliver data for unbinned rows, so we will have to combine those into a binned file

```
netcdf S5P OPER AUX ISRF 00000000T000000 99999999T99999 20180115T153214 {
types:
 compound msmt_to_det_row_table_type {
   short det start row;
   short det end row;
 }; // msmt_to_det_row_table_type
dimensions:
 time = 1;
 scanline = 1;
variables:
 double time(time);
 int scanline(scanline);
// global attributes:
   :validity_start = "00000000T0000000";
   :validity_stop = "999999997999999";
   :dataset_name = "S5P_AUX_ISRF_
   :institution = "KNMI (band 1-6), SRON (band 7-8)";
   :swir_creation_date = "2016-03-31";
   :swir_version = "v20160331";
   :swir_comment = "Based on irradiance ISRF measurements (SWIRLS_SUN_ISRF) performed as CSL in Liege.
                  Support documentation SRON-S5P-OCAL-SP-002-ATBD, issue 2.0 and
                  SRON-S5P-OCAL-RP-021-CVALR, issue 2.0.";
   :swir file = "ckd.swir isrf v20160331.detector4.nc";
   :modification_date = "20180115T143253";
   :creation_date = "20180115T153216";
   :comment = "Using the NOMOPS BF2bd2-6 binning scheme (nadirBF2).";
   :history = "20180115T143253 /usr/people/sneep/tropnll2dp/src/scripts/isrf_merge.py — band 1 — dir .
       --out S5P_OPER_AUX_ISRF__00000000T000000_99999999T999999_20180115T142900.nc
       --nominal-wvl wavelength.band1.ckd.nc wavelength.band2.ckd.nc wavelength.band3.ckd.nc
                   wavelength.band4.ckd.nc wavelength.band5.ckd.nc wavelength.band6.ckd.nc
       --unbinned-isrf S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band1.nc
                     S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band2.nc
                     S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band3.nc
                     S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band4.nc
                     S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band5.nc
                     S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band6.nc
       --binning in-flight-binning-scheme-nadirBF2-20151009.nc
       —comment Using the NOMOPS BF2bd2—6 binning scheme (nadirBF2).
       --swir-isrf ckd.swir_isrf_v20160331.detector4.nc
       -- swir-bin~S5P\_TEST\_L1B\_IR\_SIR\_20171128T163359\_20171128T181527\_00657\_02\_001300\_20171129T081238.nc
```

```
--smoothing-range 5
       20180115T153216 isrf_merge.py --dir.
                      --out S5P_OPER_AUX_ISRF___00000000T000000_99999999T999999_20180115T142900.nc
                      --comment Using the NOMOPS BF2bd2-6 binning scheme (nadirBF2).
                      --in S5P OPER AUX ISRF 00000000T000000 99999999T999999 20180115T142900.nc";
   :version = "3.0.0";
   :uvn_comment = "Using the NOMOPS BF2bd2-6 binning scheme (nadirBF2).";
   :uvn creation date = "20180115T142907";
   :uvn file = "S5P OPER AUX ISRF 00000000T000000 99999999T999999 20180115T142900.nc";
   :uvn version = "3.0.0";
group: band_1 {
 dimensions:
   ground pixel = 77;
   central wavelength = 28;
   delta_wavelength = 257;
 variables:
   int ground_pixel(ground_pixel);
     ground_pixel:comment = "Binned ground_pixel index, length taken from binning table";
     ground_pixel:units = "1";
   float central wavelength(central wavelength);
     central_wavelength:comment = "Central wavelength";
     central wavelength:standard name = "radiation wavelength";
     central_wavelength:units = "nm";
   float delta wavelength(delta wavelength);
     delta wavelength:comment = "number of points on the ISRF.";
     delta_wavelength:long_name = "wavelength offset for instrument spectral
                                response function, lambda(stimulus) - lambda(pixel)";
     delta_wavelength:units = "nm";
   float isrf(ground_pixel, central_wavelength, delta_wavelength);
     isrf:long_name = "instrument spectral response function" ;
     isrf:units = "1/nm";
   float fwhm(ground pixel, central wavelength);
     fwhm:long name = "full width half maximum";
     fwhm:units = "nm";
   msmt to det row table type measurement to detector row table(time, scanline, ground pixel);
 // group attributes:
     :wavelength range = 266.511762235022, 299.054095235731;
     :source = "S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band1.nc,
               S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band2.nc,
               S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band3.nc,
               S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band4.nc,
               S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band5.nc,
               S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band6.nc";
     :binning_scheme = "NOMOPS";
     :creation date = "20180115T142907";
     :file = "S5P_OPER_AUX_ISRF___00000000T000000_999999999T999999_20180115T142900.nc";
     :version = "3.0.0";
 } // group band_1
group: band_2 {
 dimensions:
   ground pixel = 448;
   central wavelength = 28;
   delta wavelength = 257;
 variables:
   int ground_pixel(ground_pixel);
     ground_pixel:comment = "Binned ground_pixel index, length taken from binning table";
     ground pixel:units = "1";
   float central_wavelength(central_wavelength);
     central_wavelength:comment = "Central wavelength";
```

```
central_wavelength:standard_name = "radiation_wavelength";
     central wavelength:units = "nm";
   float delta wavelength(delta wavelength);
     delta wavelength:comment = "number of points on the ISRF.";
     delta_wavelength:long_name = "wavelength offset for instrument spectral
                                 response function, lambda(stimulus) - lambda(pixel)";
     delta wavelength:units = "nm";
   float isrf(ground pixel, central wavelength, delta wavelength);
     isrf:long name = "instrument spectral response function";
     isrf:units = "1/nm";
   float fwhm(ground_pixel, central_wavelength) ;
     fwhm:long_name = "full width half maximum";
     fwhm:units = "nm";
   msmt to det row table type measurement to detector row table(time, scanline, ground pixel);
 // group attributes:
     :wavelength_range = 299.839279096296, 332.285309599145 ;
     :source = "S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band1.nc,
               S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band2.nc,
               S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band3.nc,
               S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band4.nc,
               S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band5.nc,
               S5P OPER AUX L1ISRF 20160229T220112 unbinned band6.nc";
     :binning scheme = "NOMOPS";
     :creation_date = "20180115T142907";
     :file = "S5P_OPER_AUX_ISRF___00000000T000000_99999999999999_20180115T142900.nc";
     :version = "3.0.0";
 } // group band 2
group: band_3 {
 dimensions:
   ground_pixel = 450;
   central_wavelength = 79;
   delta wavelength = 257;
 variables:
   int ground pixel(ground pixel);
     ground pixel:comment = "Binned ground pixel index, length taken from binning table";
     ground_pixel:units = "1";
   float central_wavelength(central_wavelength);
     central wavelength:comment = "Central wavelength";
     central_wavelength:standard_name = "radiation_wavelength";
     central_wavelength:units = "nm";
   float delta_wavelength(delta_wavelength) ;
     delta_wavelength:comment = "number of points on the ISRF.";
     delta_wavelength:long_name = "wavelength offset for instrument spectral
                                 response function, lambda(stimulus) - lambda(pixel)";
     delta wavelength:units = "nm";
   float isrf(ground pixel, central wavelength, delta wavelength);
     isrf:long_name = "instrument spectral response function";
     isrf:units = "1/nm";
   float fwhm(ground_pixel, central_wavelength) ;
     fwhm:long_name = "full width half maximum";
     fwhm:units = "nm";
   msmt_to_det_row_table_type measurement_to_detector_row_table(time, scanline, ground_pixel);
 // group attributes:
     :wavelength range = 301.890097664089, 397.605156575467;
     :source = "S5P OPER AUX L1ISRF 20160229T220112 unbinned band1.nc,
               S5P OPER AUX L1ISRF 20160229T220112 unbinned band2.nc,
               S5P OPER AUX L1ISRF 20160229T220112 unbinned band3.nc,
               S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band4.nc,
               S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band5.nc,
               S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band6.nc";
```

```
:binning_scheme = "NOMOPS";
     :creation_date = "20180115T142907";
     :file = "S5P OPER AUX ISRF 00000000T000000 99999999T99999 20180115T142900.nc";
     :version = "3.0.0";
 } // group band 3
group: band 4 {
 dimensions:
   ground pixel = 450;
   central_wavelength = 82;
   delta wavelength = 257;
 variables:
   int ground pixel(ground pixel);
     ground pixel:comment = "Binned ground pixel index, length taken from binning table";
     ground pixel:units = "1";
   float central wavelength(central wavelength);
     central_wavelength:comment = "Central wavelength";
     central_wavelength:standard_name = "radiation_wavelength";
     central wavelength:units = "nm";
   float delta_wavelength(delta_wavelength);
     delta_wavelength:comment = "number of points on the ISRF.";
     delta_wavelength:long_name = "wavelength offset for instrument spectral response
                                 function, lambda(stimulus) - lambda(pixel)";
     delta wavelength:units = "nm";
   float isrf(ground_pixel, central_wavelength, delta_wavelength);
     isrf:long name = "instrument spectral response function";
     isrf:units = "1/nm" :
   float fwhm(ground_pixel, central_wavelength);
     fwhm:long name = "full width half maximum";
     fwhm:units = "nm"
   msmt to det row table type measurement to detector row table(time, scanline, ground pixel);
 // group attributes:
     :wavelength range = 400.290092576856, 498.940990395859;
     :source = "S5P OPER AUX L1ISRF 20160229T220112 unbinned band1.nc.
               S5P OPER AUX L1ISRF 20160229T220112 unbinned band2.nc.
               S5P OPER AUX L1ISRF 20160229T220112 unbinned band3.nc,
               S5P OPER AUX L1ISRF 20160229T220112 unbinned band4.nc,
               S5P OPER AUX L1ISRF 20160229T220112 unbinned band5.nc,
               S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band6.nc";
     :binning_scheme = "NOMOPS";
     :creation date = "20180115T142907";
     :file = "S5P_OPER_AUX_ISRF___00000000T000000_999999999999999_20180115T142900.nc";
     :version = "3.0.0";
 } // group band 4
group: band 5 {
  dimensions:
   ground_pixel = 448;
   central_wavelength = 52;
   delta_wavelength = 257;
  variables:
   int ground pixel(ground pixel);
     ground_pixel:comment = "Binned ground_pixel index, length taken from binning table";
     ground pixel:units = "1";
   float central wavelength(central wavelength);
     central wavelength:comment = "Central wavelength";
     central wavelength:standard name = "radiation wavelength";
     central_wavelength:units = "nm";
   float delta_wavelength(delta_wavelength);
     delta_wavelength:comment = "number of points on the ISRF.";
     delta_wavelength:long_name = "wavelength offset for instrument spectral
                                 response function, lambda(stimulus) - lambda(pixel)";
```

```
delta wavelength:units = "nm";
   float isrf(ground_pixel, central_wavelength, delta_wavelength);
     isrf:long name = "instrument spectral response function";
     isrf:units = "1/nm";
   float fwhm(ground pixel, central wavelength);
     fwhm:long name = "full width half maximum";
     fwhm:units = "nm"
   msmt to det row table type measurement to detector row table(time, scanline, ground pixel);
 // group attributes:
     :wavelength range = 659.355373691761, 721.601496530761;
     :source = "S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band1.nc,
               S5P OPER AUX L1ISRF 20160229T220112 unbinned band2.nc,
               S5P OPER AUX L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band3.nc,
               S5P OPER AUX L1ISRF 20160229T220112 unbinned band4.nc.
               S5P OPER AUX L1ISRF 20160229T220112 unbinned band5.nc,
               S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band6.nc";
     :binning_scheme = "NOMOPS";
     :creation date = "20180115T142907";
     :file = "S5P OPER AUX ISRF 00000000T000000 99999999T999999 20180115T142900.nc";
     :version = "3.0.0";
 } // group band 5
group: band 6 {
 dimensions:
   ground_pixel = 448;
   central wavelength = 50;
   delta_wavelength = 257;
 variables:
   int ground_pixel(ground_pixel);
     ground_pixel:comment = "Binned ground_pixel index, length taken from binning table";
     ground_pixel:units = "1";
   float central_wavelength(central_wavelength);
     central wavelength:comment = "Central wavelength";
     central wavelength:standard name = "radiation wavelength";
     central wavelength:units = "nm";
   float delta wavelength(delta wavelength);
     delta_wavelength:comment = "number of points on the ISRF.";
     delta_wavelength:long_name = "wavelength offset for instrument spectral
                                 response function, lambda(stimulus) - lambda(pixel)";
     delta_wavelength:units = "nm";
   float isrf(ground_pixel, central_wavelength, delta_wavelength) ;
     isrf:long_name = "instrument spectral response function" ;
     isrf:units = "1/nm";
   float fwhm(ground pixel, central wavelength);
     fwhm:long name = "full width half maximum";
     fwhm:units = "nm"
   msmt to det row table type measurement to detector row table(time, scanline, ground pixel);
 // group attributes:
     :wavelength range = 724.632008886322, 784.267498571071;
     :source = "S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band1.nc,
               S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band2.nc,
               S5P OPER AUX L1ISRF 20160229T220112 unbinned band3.nc,
               S5P_OPER_AUX_L1ISRF_20160229T220112_unbinned_band4.nc,
               S5P OPER AUX L1ISRF 20160229T220112 unbinned band5.nc.
               S5P OPER AUX L1ISRF 20160229T220112 unbinned band6.nc";
     :binning scheme = "NOMOPS";
     :creation_date = "20180115T142907";
     :file = "S5P OPER AUX ISRF 00000000T000000 999999999999999999 20180115T142900.nc";
     :version = "3.0.0";
 } // group band 6
```

```
group: band_7 {
 dimensions:
   ground_pixel = 215;
   central wavelength = 24;
   delta wavelength = 1025;
 variables:
   int ground_pixel(ground_pixel);
     ground_pixel:comment = "ground_pixel index, length taken from binning table";
     ground pixel:units = "1"
     ground_pixel:detector_start_row = 12s;
     ground_pixel:detector_end_row = 227s;
   float central_wavelength(central_wavelength);
     central wavelength:comment = "Central wavelength";
     central wavelength:standard name = "radiation wavelength";
     central wavelength:units = "nm";
   float delta wavelength(delta wavelength);
     delta_wavelength:comment = "number of points on the ISRF.";
     delta_wavelength:long_name = "wavelength offset for instrument spectral response function";
     delta wavelength:units = "nm";
   float isrf(ground_pixel, central_wavelength, delta_wavelength);
     isrf:long_name = "instrument spectral response function" ;
     isrf:units = "1/nm";
 // group attributes:
     :version = "v20160331";
     :creation date = "2016-03-31";
     :file = "ckd.swir isrf v20160331.detector4.nc";
     :wavelength_range = 2298.f, 2344.f;
     :source = "ckd.swir_isrf_v20160331.detector4.nc,
                S5P TEST L1B IR SIR 20171128T163359 20171128T181527 00657 02 001300 20171129T081238.nc";
     :comment = "Based on irradiance ISRF measurements (SWIRLS SUN ISRF) performed as CSL in Liege.
                 Support documentation SRON-S5P-OCAL-SP-002-ATBD,
                 issue 2.0 and SRON-S5P-OCAL-RP-021-CVALR, issue 2.0.";
 } // group band 7
group: band 8 {
 dimensions:
   ground_pixel = 215;
   central_wavelength = 26;
   delta_wavelength = 1025;
 variables:
   int ground_pixel(ground_pixel);
     ground_pixel:comment = "ground_pixel index, length taken from binning table";
     ground_pixel:units = "1";
     ground_pixel:detector_start_row = 12s;
     ground pixel:detector end row = 227s;
   float central wavelength(central wavelength);
     central wavelength:comment = "Central wavelength";
     central_wavelength:standard_name = "radiation_wavelength";
     central_wavelength:units = "nm";
   float delta_wavelength(delta_wavelength);
     delta_wavelength:comment = "number of points on the ISRF.";
     delta_wavelength:long_name = "wavelength offset for instrument spectral response function";
     delta_wavelength:units = "nm";
   float isrf(ground pixel, central wavelength, delta wavelength);
     isrf:long name = "instrument spectral response function";
     isrf:units = "1/nm";
 // group attributes:
     :version = "v20160331";
     :creation date = "2016-03-31";
     :file = "ckd.swir_isrf_v20160331.detector4.nc";
     :wavelength_range = 2342.f, 2392.f;
```

B.18 File format description of AUX_SF_UVN (Instrument spectral response function)

Semi-static input for the aerosol layer height algorithm. For FRESCO this file is needed for offline preparation of the reference file and lookup table, see [RD42]. The on-ground calibration will deliver data for unbinned rows, so we will have to combine those into a binned file. This file differs from the AUX_ISRF__ file B.17 in that the interpolation in the spectral dimension is not included here. Each row now has its own wavelength scale, keeping the spectral smile in the data.

```
netcdf S5P_OPER_AUX_SF_UVN_00000000T000000_999999999999999_20180320T084215 {
```

```
// global attributes:
   :institution = "KNMI";
   :validity start = "00000101T000000";
   :validity_stop = "99991231T235959";
   :creation date = "20180320T084216";
   :dataset_name = "S5P_AUX_ISRF__";
   :isrf_algorithm_version = "10368";
   :version = "3.0.0";
   :history = "20180320T124729 isrf_merge.py --band 1 2 3 4 5 6
   --out_uvn S5P_OPER_AUX_ISRF___00000101T000000_99991231T235959_20180320T084215_UVN.nc
   --out_uvn_full S5P_OPER_AUX_SF_UVN_00000101T000000_99991231T235959_20180320T084215.nc
   -- {\it out\_uvn\_swir}~S5P\_OPER\_AUX\_ISRF\_\_00000101T000000\_99991231T235959\_20180320T084215.nc
    --nominal-wvl wavelength.band1.ckd.nc wavelength.band2.ckd.nc wavelength.band3.ckd.nc
   wavelength.band4.ckd.nc wavelength.band5.ckd.nc wavelength.band6.ckd.nc
    --unbinned-isrf isrf.band1.ckd.nc isrf.band2.ckd.nc isrf.band3.ckd.nc isrf.band4.ckd.nc
   isrf.band5.ckd.nc isrf.band6.ckd.nc
    --uvn-bin S5P TEST L1B IR UVN 20171128T163359 20171128T181527 00657 01 001400 20180213T080000.nc
   --smoothing-range 5 --swir-isrf ckd.swir_isrf_v20160331.detector4.nc
    --swir-bin S5P_TEST_L1B_IR_SIR_20171128T163359_20171128T181527_00657_01_001400_20180213T080000.nc
    ——algorithm_version 10368";
group: band_1 {
  dimensions:
   row = 77;
   column = 512;
   delta wavelength = 257;
  variables:
   float isrf(row, column, delta_wavelength);
   float wavelength(row, column);
   float delta_wavelength(delta_wavelength);
   float fwhm(row, column);
  // group attributes:
     :source = ".//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band1.ckd.nc, .//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band2.ckd.nc,
     .//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band3.ckd.nc, .//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band4.ckd.nc,
    .//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band5.ckd.nc, .//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band6.ckd.nc";
     :binning scheme = "NOMOPS";
 } // group band 1
group: band_2 {
  dimensions:
   row = 448;
   column = 512;
```

```
delta_wavelength = 257;
  variables:
    float isrf(row, column, delta wavelength);
    float wavelength(row, column);
    float delta_wavelength(delta_wavelength);
    float fwhm(row, column);
  // group attributes:
      :source = ".//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band1.ckd.nc, .//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band2.ckd.nc,
      .//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band3.ckd.nc, .//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band4.ckd.nc,
    .//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band5.ckd.nc, .//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band6.ckd.nc";
      :binning_scheme = "NOMOPS";
 } // group band 2
group: band 3 {
  dimensions:
    row = 450;
    column = 512;
    delta_wavelength = 257;
  variables:
    float isrf(row, column, delta_wavelength) ;
    float wavelength(row, column);
    float delta_wavelength(delta_wavelength);
    float fwhm(row, column);
 // group attributes:
      :source = ".//isrf release//isrf//raw uvn/isrf.band1.ckd.nc, .//isrf release//isrf//raw uvn/isrf.band2.ckd.nc,
      //isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band3.ckd.nc, .//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band4.ckd.nc,
    .//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band5.ckd.nc, .//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band6.ckd.nc";
      :binning scheme = "NOMOPS";
 } // group band 3
group: band 4 {
  dimensions:
    row = 450:
    column = 512;
    delta wavelength = 257;
  variables:
    float isrf(row, column, delta_wavelength);
    float wavelength(row, column);
    float delta wavelength(delta wavelength);
    float fwhm(row, column);
  // group attributes:
      :source = ".//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band1.ckd.nc, .//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band2.ckd.nc,
      .//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band3.ckd.nc, .//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band4.ckd.nc,
    .//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band5.ckd.nc, .//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band6.ckd.nc";
      :binning scheme = "NOMOPS";
 } // group band 4
group: band_5 {
  dimensions:
    row = 448:
    column = 512;
    delta wavelength = 257;
  variables:
    float isrf(row, column, delta_wavelength) ;
    float wavelength(row, column);
    float delta_wavelength(delta_wavelength);
    float fwhm(row, column);
  // group attributes:
      :source = ".//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band1.ckd.nc, .//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band2.ckd.nc,
```

```
.//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band3.ckd.nc, .//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band4.ckd.nc,
    .//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band5.ckd.nc, .//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band6.ckd.nc";
      :binning scheme = "NOMOPS";
 } // group band 5
group: band 6 {
  dimensions:
    row = 448;
    column = 512;
    delta_wavelength = 257;
  variables:
    float isrf(row, column, delta_wavelength);
    float wavelength(row, column);
    float delta wavelength(delta wavelength);
    float fwhm(row, column);
  // group attributes:
      :source = ".//isrf release//isrf//raw uvn/isrf.band1.ckd.nc, .//isrf release//isrf//raw uvn/isrf.band2.ckd.nc,
      .//isrf release//isrf//raw uvn/isrf.band3.ckd.nc, .//isrf release//isrf//raw uvn/isrf.band4.ckd.nc,
    .//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band5.ckd.nc, .//isrf_release//isrf//raw_uvn/isrf.band6.ckd.nc";
      :binning scheme = "NOMOPS";
 } // group band_6
```

B.19 File format description of REF_LER___ (surface albedo database)

Semi-static input that provides an estimate of the surface albedo to FRESCO clouds, aerosol layer height, NO_2 , and both O_3 profile algorithms.

```
netcdf S5P_OPER_REF_LER___00000000T000000_999999999999999999920180226T083914 {
dimensions:
 time = 12;
 nv = 2;
variables:
 int time(time);
   time:units = "days since 2010-01-01";
   time:climatology = "climatology_bounds";
 int nv(nv);
 float climatology_bounds(time, nv);
// global attributes:
   :validity_start = "00000000T0000000";
   :validity stop = "999999997999999";
   :creation_date = "20171203T205650";
   :Conventions = "CF-1.6";
   :institution = "KNMI";
   :source = "http://temis.nl/surface/albedo.html";
   :dataset_name = "S5P_OPER_REF_LER
   :history = "2017-12-03T20:56:50.797945: Convert MERIS, OMI, GOME-2 MetOp A surface albedo
                                      databases to NetCDF format by Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>
              2017-12-03T21:19:19.111332: Add snow/ice albedo constants for albedo correction
                                      for algorithm L2__NO2___ by Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>
              2017-12-03T21:19:19.150916: Add snow/ice albedo constants for albedo correction
                                      for algorithm L2 O3 PR by Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>
              2017-12-03T21:19:19.175497: Add snow/ice albedo constants for albedo correction
                                      for algorithm L2 O3 TPR by Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>
              2017-12-03T21:19:19.193692: Add snow/ice albedo constants for albedo correction
                                      for algorithm L2 FRESCO by Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>
              2017-12-03T21:19:19.209865: Add snow/ice albedo constants for albedo correction
                                      for algorithm L2 AER LH by Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>
              2017-12-03T21:19:19.227176: Add snow/ice albedo constants for albedo correction
```

for algorithm L2_OMICLD by Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>";

```
group: MERIS {
  dimensions:
   wavelength = 8:
   latitude = 720;
   longitude = 1440;
  variables:
   float wavelength(wavelength);
     wavelength:units = "nm";
     wavelength:standard name = "radiation wavelength";
     wavelength: wavelengths for GOME = 416.f, 440.f, 494.f, 670.f, 670.f, 670.f, 758.f, 772.f;
   float latitude(latitude):
     latitude:units = "degrees north" :
     latitude:standard name = "latitude";
     latitude:bounds = "latitude bounds";
   float latitude_bounds(latitude, nv);
   float longitude(longitude);
     longitude:units = "degrees east";
     longitude:standard_name = "longitude" ;
     longitude:bounds = "longitude_bounds" ;
   float longitude bounds(longitude, nv);
   float surface_reflectance_black_sky(wavelength, time, latitude, longitude);
     surface reflectance black sky:ancillary variables = "surface reflectance black sky QA";
     surface reflectance black sky:standard name = "surface albedo";
     surface reflectance black sky:long name = "surface albedo assuming black sky";
     surface reflectance black sky:units = "1";
     surface_reflectance_black_sky:source = "Space borne remote sensing";
     surface_reflectance_black_sky:reference = "http://temis.nl/surface/meris_bsa.html
http://www.atmos-meas-tech.net/4/463/2011/";
   ubyte surface reflectance black sky QA(time, latitude, longitude);
     surface reflectance black sky QA:long name = "surface albedo quality flags";
     surface reflectance black sky QA:flag values = 0UB, 1UB, 2UB, 3UB, 4UB, 5UB, 6UB, 7UB, 8UB, 9UB,
       10UB, 11UB, 12UB, 13UB, 14UB, 15UB, 16UB, 17UB, 18UB, 19UB, 20UB, 21UB, 22UB, 23UB, 24UB, 25UB,
       26UB, 27UB, 28UB, 29UB, 30UB, 31UB, 32UB, 33UB, 34UB, 35UB, 36UB, 37UB, 38UB, 39UB, 40UB, 41UB,
       42UB, 43UB, 44UB, 45UB, 46UB, 47UB, 48UB, 49UB, 50UB, 51UB, 52UB, 53UB, 54UB, 55UB, 56UB, 57UB,
       58UB, 59UB, 60UB, 61UB, 62UB, 63UB, 64UB, 65UB, 66UB, 67UB, 68UB, 69UB, 70UB, 71UB, 72UB, 73UB,
       74UB, 75UB, 76UB, 77UB, 78UB, 79UB, 80UB, 81UB, 82UB, 83UB, 84UB, 85UB, 86UB, 87UB, 88UB, 89UB,
       90UB, 91UB, 92UB, 93UB, 94UB, 95UB, 96UB, 97UB, 98UB, 99UB, 100UB, 240UB, 250UB;
     surface_reflectance_black_sky_QA:flag_meanings = "snow_fraction_000 snow_fraction_001
       snow fraction 002 snow fraction 003 snow fraction 004 snow fraction 005 snow fraction 006
       snow_fraction_007 snow_fraction_008 snow_fraction_009 snow_fraction_010 snow_fraction_011
       snow_fraction_012 snow_fraction_013 snow_fraction_014 snow_fraction_015 snow_fraction_016
       snow fraction 017 snow fraction 018 snow fraction 019 snow fraction 020 snow fraction 021
       snow fraction 022 snow fraction 023 snow fraction 024 snow fraction 025 snow fraction 026
       snow fraction 027 snow fraction 028 snow fraction 029 snow fraction 030 snow fraction 031
       snow fraction 032 snow fraction 033 snow fraction 034 snow fraction 035 snow fraction 036
       snow fraction 037 snow fraction 038 snow fraction 039 snow fraction 040 snow fraction 041
       snow fraction 042 snow fraction 043 snow fraction 044 snow fraction 045 snow fraction 046
       snow fraction 047 snow fraction 048 snow fraction 049 snow fraction 050 snow fraction 051
       snow fraction 052 snow fraction 053 snow fraction 054 snow fraction 055 snow fraction 056
       snow fraction 057 snow fraction 058 snow fraction 059 snow fraction 060 snow fraction 061
       snow_fraction_062 snow_fraction_063 snow_fraction_064 snow_fraction_065 snow_fraction_066
       snow fraction 067 snow fraction 068 snow fraction 069 snow fraction 070 snow fraction 071
       snow fraction 072 snow fraction 073 snow fraction 074 snow fraction 075 snow fraction 076
       snow fraction 077 snow fraction 078 snow fraction 079 snow fraction 080 snow fraction 081
       snow fraction 082 snow fraction 083 snow fraction 084 snow fraction 085 snow fraction 086
       snow fraction 087 snow fraction 088 snow fraction 089 snow fraction 090 snow fraction 091
       snow fraction 092 snow fraction 093 snow fraction 094 snow fraction 095 snow fraction 096
       snow fraction 097 snow fraction 098 snow fraction 099 snow fraction 100 filled with GOME
       value from closest month";
 } // group MERIS
```

```
group: OMI {
 dimensions:
   wavelength = 12:
   latitude = 360:
   longitude = 720;
 variables:
   float wavelength(wavelength);
     wavelength:units = "nm";
     wavelength:standard name = "radiation wavelength";
   float latitude(latitude);
     latitude:units = "degrees_north" ;
     latitude:standard name = "latitude";
     latitude:bounds = "latitude bounds";
   float latitude_bounds(latitude, nv) ;
   float longitude(longitude):
     longitude:units = "degrees east";
     longitude:standard_name = "longitude" ;
     longitude:bounds = "longitude_bounds";
   float longitude_bounds(longitude, nv) ;
   float surface_reflectance(wavelength, time, latitude, longitude);
     surface_reflectance:ancillary_variables = "surface_reflectance_QA";
     surface_reflectance:standard_name = "surface_albedo";
     surface_reflectance:long_name = "surface albedo assuming blue sky";
     surface reflectance:units = "1";
     surface_reflectance:source = "Space borne remote sensing" ;
     surface reflectance:reference = "Earth Surface Reflectance Climatology from Three Years of OMI Data.
       Q.L. Kleipool, M.R. Dobber, J.F. De Haan and P.F. Levelt. Journal of Geophysical Research,
       doi:10.1029/2008JD010290";
   ubyte surface_reflectance_QA(time, latitude, longitude) ;
     surface_reflectance_QA:long_name = "surface albedo quality flags";
     surface_reflectance_QA:flag_values = 90UB, 100UB, 175UB, 185UB, 195UB, 210UB, 220UB,
                                          230UB, 240UB, 250UB, 255UB;
     surface_reflectance_QA:flag_meanings = "No_match out_of_range other clear_land
                                             cloudy land clear water
       cloudy_water snow sea_ice permanent_ice not_enough_data";
 } // group OMI
group: GOME2 {
 dimensions:
   wavelength = 21;
   latitude = 720;
   longitude = 1440;
 variables:
   float wavelength(wavelength);
     wavelength:units = "nm";
     wavelength:standard name = "radiation wavelength";
   float latitude(latitude):
     latitude:units = "degrees north";
     latitude:standard_name = "latitude";
     latitude:bounds = "latitude_bounds" ;
   float latitude_bounds(latitude, nv) ;
   float longitude(longitude);
     longitude:units = "degrees east";
     longitude:standard_name = "longitude" ;
     longitude:bounds = "longitude bounds";
   float longitude bounds(longitude, nv):
   float surface reflectance mode(wavelength, time, latitude, longitude);
     surface reflectance mode:ancillary variables = "surface reflectance precision
         surface reflectance minimum surface reflectance QA surface reflectance snow ice flag";
     surface reflectance mode:standard_name = "surface albedo";
     surface_reflectance_mode:long_name = "surface albedo assuming blue sky (mode value in analysis)";
     surface_reflectance_mode:units = "1";
     surface_reflectance_mode:source = "Space borne remote sensing";
```

```
surface_reflectance_mode:reference = "GOME-2 surface LER product -- product User Manual,
         issue 1.3, october 2015, O3MSAF/KNMI/PUM/004, EUMETSAT/KNMI";
     surface reflectance mode;url = "http://temis.nl/surface/gome2 ler.html":
   float surface reflectance minimum(wavelength, time, latitude, longitude);
     surface reflectance minimum:ancillary variables = "surface reflectance precision
         surface reflectance mode surface reflectance QA surface reflectance snow ice flag";
     surface_reflectance_minimum:standard_name = "surface_albedo";
     surface_reflectance_minimum:long_name = "surface albedo assuming blue sky (minimum value in analysis)";
     surface reflectance minimum:units = "1";
     surface_reflectance_minimum:source = "Space borne remote sensing";
     surface reflectance minimum:reference = "GOME-2 surface LER product -- product User Manual,
         issue 1.3, october 2015, O3MSAF/KNMI/PUM/004, EUMETSAT/KNMI";
     surface reflectance_minimum:url = "http://temis.nl/surface/gome2_ler.html";
   float surface reflectance precision(wavelength, time, latitude, longitude);
     surface reflectance precision:ancillary variables = "surface reflectance QA";
     surface reflectance precision:standard name = "surface albedo standard error";
     surface_reflectance_precision:long_name = "surface albedo precision";
     surface_reflectance_precision:units = "1";
   ubyte surface reflectance QA(time, latitude, longitude);
     surface_reflectance_QA:long_name = "surface albedo quality flags";
     surface_reflectance_QA:flag_values = 0UB, 1UB, 2UB, 3UB, 4UB, 5UB;
     surface_reflectance_QA:flag_meanings = "ok cloud_contamination_over_ocean_replaced
         cloud_contamination_over_ocean_fail missing_but_filled_polar missing
         suspect surface ler for at least one wavelength";
   byte surface_reflectance_snow_ice_flag(time, latitude, longitude);
     surface reflectance snow_ice flag:long name = "surface albedo snow/ice field";
     surface reflectance snow ice flag:flag values = -1b, 0b, 1b, 2b;
     surface reflectance snow ice flag:flag meanings = "no classification no snow or ice
         permanent_ice sea_ice snow";
 } // group GOME2
group: MODIFICATION_CONSTANTS {
 dimensions:
   algorithm = UNLIMITED; // (6 currently)
 variables:
   int algorithm(algorithm);
   string algorithm names(algorithm);
   float albedoSealceNH(algorithm, time);
     albedoSealceNH:units = "1";
     albedoSealceNH:long name = "Albedo of sea-ice in the northern hemisphere, per month.";
   float albedoSealceSH(algorithm, time);
     albedoSealceSH:units = "1";
     albedoSealceSH:long_name = "Albedo of sea-ice in the southern hemisphere, per month.";
   float albedoSnow(algorithm);
     albedoSnow:units = "1";
     albedoSnow:long name = "Albedo of snow";
   float albedoDefault(algorithm);
     albedoDefault:units = "1";
     albedoDefault:long_name = "Default albedo";
     albedoDefault:comment = "Value taken from OMNO2A.";
   float albedoLandThreshold(algorithm);
     albedoLandThreshold:units = "1";
     albedoLandThreshold:long_name = "Threshold of change in albedo before change is applied over land.";
   float albedoWaterThreshold(algorithm) ;
     albedoWaterThreshold:units = "1";
     albedoWaterThreshold:long name = "Threshold of change in albedo before change is applied over water";
 // group attributes:
     :comment = "Constants used in albedo modifications based on dynamic snow and ice cover information.";
 } // group MODIFICATION_CONSTANTS
```

longitudes:axis = "X";

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B.20 File format description of REF_DEM___ (surface elevation and land use database)

Semi-static input for all algorithms, including DLR algorithms. The method by which the altitude data is prepared is described in [RD44]. Note that the method for storing the geolocations in the 'REF_DEM___' file is the same as is used for a reduced (Gaussian) grid. This method is described in appendix B.2.1. The current file contains two sampling resolutions. One has an aggregation radius of 5 km and a sampling of about 2 km, the other has an aggregation radius of 15 km, and a sampling of about 5 km.

```
// alobal attributes:
   :title = "Elevation map and surface classification for S5P on a reduced grid.";
   :url = "http://topotools.cr.usgs.gov/gmted_viewer/
           http://www2.jpl.nasa.gov/srtm/
           http://edc2.usgs.gov/glcc/globdoc2_0.php";
   :validity start = "00000000T0000000";
   :Conventions = "CF-1.6";
   :source = "Space—borne radar";
   :references = "Danielson, J.J., and Gesch, D.B., 2011,
                 Global multi-resolution terrain elevation data 2010 (GMTED2010):
                 U.S. Geological Survey Open-File Report 2011-1073, 26 p.
                 The Shuttle Radar Topography Mission, Rev. Geophys., 45, RG2004, doi:10.1029/2005RG000183";
   :dataset_name = "S5P_REF_DEM
   :validity stop = "999999997999999";
   :radius = "Aggregation radius 5000 m";
   :institution = "KNMI based on USGS and NASA data.";
   :data quality = "Operational";
   :description = "S5P-KNMI-L2-0121-TN-Preparing elevation data for Sentinel 5 precursor-1.2.0-20141111.pdf";
   :creation date = "20160113T101843";
   :history = "2016-01-13T10:14:16.154717: Generated with radius 5000 m by Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>
       2016-01-13T10:17:30.780621: Added radius group for R=15000 m by Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>
       2016-01-13T10:18:43.004410: Added radius group for R=3000 m by Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>
       2016-01-14T09:50:00.800244: Ingest data for radius 5000 by Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>
       2016-01-14T09:51:44.909172: Ingest data for radius 15000 by Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>
       2016-01-14T09:53:47.147594: Ingest data for radius 3000 by Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>
       2016-01-14T09:58:19.663946: Ingest data for ECMWF N640 grid by Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>
       2016-01-14T10:00:01.982924: Ingest data for TM5 1x1 degree grid by Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>
       2018-03-21T12:16:12.000000: Updated elevations for ECMWF N640 grid based on data from 2017-11-28.
                                 A long term solution is preferred. Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>";
group: DEM RADIUS 05000 {
 dimensions:
   rgrid = 148536416:
   latdim = 10800;
   londim = 21600;
 variables:
   uint rgrid(rgrid);
     rgrid:compress = "latdim londim";
   double latdim(latdim);
     latdim:units = "degrees_north";
     latdim:standard_name = "latitude";
   uint londim(londim) ;
   double latitudes(rarid):
     latitudes:units = "degrees north";
     latitudes:long name = "latitude";
     latitudes:standard_name = "latitude";
     latitudes:axis = "Y";
   double longitudes(rgrid);
     longitudes:units = "degrees_east";
     longitudes:long_name = "longitude" ;
     longitudes:standard name = "longitude";
```

```
uint n_longitude(latdim);
      uint n longitude sum(latdim);
      float altitude(rarid):
         altitude:ancillary variables = "altitude std altitude max altitude min";
         altitude:long name = "altitude above the geoid";
         altitude:standard name = "altitude";
         altitude:cell_methods = "area: mean";
         altitude:units = "m";
         altitude:geoid = "WGS84";
      float altitude_std(rgrid);
         altitude std:long name = "standard deviation of altitudes within cell above the geoid";
         altitude std:standard name = "altitude standard error";
         altitude std:cell_methods = "area: standard_deviation";
         altitude std:units = "m":
         altitude std:geoid = "WGS84";
      short altitude max(rgrid);
         altitude max:long name = "maximum altitude within cell above the geoid";
         altitude_max:standard_name = "altitude";
         altitude max:cell methods = "area: maximum";
         altitude_max:units = "m";
         altitude_max:geoid = "WGS84";
      short altitude min(rgrid);
         altitude min:long name = "minimum altitude within cell above the geoid";
         altitude min:standard name = "altitude";
         altitude min:cell methods = "area: minimum";
         altitude min:units = "m";
         altitude min:geoid = "WGS84";
      ubyte surface_classification(rgrid);
         surface_classification:water_fraction_threshold = 0.5;
         surface classification:long name = "surface classification";
         surface classification:flag meanings = "land water some water coast value covers majority of pixel
                                 shallow_ocean shallow_inland_water ocean_coastline-lake_shoreline intermittent_water
                                 deep inland water continental shelf ocean deep ocean urban and built-up land
                                 dryland cropland and pasture irrigated cropland and pasture
                                 mixed dryland-irrigated cropland and pasture cropland-grassland mosaic
                                 cropland-woodland mosaic grassland shrubland mixed shrubland-grassland savanna
                                 deciduous broadleaf forest deciduous needleleaf forest evergreen broadleaf forest
                                 evergreen needleleaf forest mixed forest herbaceous wetland wooded wetland
                                 barren or sparsely vegetated herbaceous tundra wooded tundra mixed tundra
                                 bare ground tundra snow or ice";
         surface classification:flag masks = 3UB, 3UB, 3UB, 3UB, 4UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB,
                                 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 24
                                 249UB, 249UB;
         surface classification:flag values = 0UB, 1UB, 2UB, 3UB, 4UB, 9UB, 17UB, 25UB, 33UB, 41UB, 49UB, 57UB,
                                 8UB, 16UB, 24UB, 32UB, 40UB, 48UB, 56UB, 64UB, 72UB, 80UB, 88UB, 96UB, 104UB, 112UB,
                                 120UB, 128UB, 136UB, 144UB, 152UB, 160UB, 168UB, 176UB, 184UB;
   // group attributes:
         :title = "Elevation map and surface classification for S5P on a reduced grid.
                          The elevation data has been collected over a radius of 5000 m.";
         :resolution = "1855 m";
         :radius = "5000 m" ;
  } // group DEM_RADIUS_05000
group: DEM RADIUS 15000 {
   dimensions:
      rgrid = 20377876:
      latdim = 4000;
      londim = 8000 :
   variables:
      uint rgrid(rgrid);
         rgrid:compress = "latdim londim";
      double latdim(latdim);
```

```
latdim:units = "degrees_north" ;
      latdim:standard name = "latitude";
   uint londim(londim) :
   double latitudes(rgrid);
      latitudes:units = "degrees north";
      latitudes:long name = "latitude";
      latitudes:standard_name = "latitude" ;
      latitudes:axis = "Y";
   double longitudes(rgrid);
      longitudes:units = "degrees_east";
      longitudes:long_name = "longitude" ;
      longitudes:standard name = "longitude" ;
      longitudes:axis = "X";
   uint n longitude(latdim):
   uint n longitude sum(latdim);
   float altitude(rgrid);
      altitude:ancillary_variables = "altitude_std altitude_max altitude_min";
      altitude:long_name = "altitude above the geoid";
      altitude:standard name = "altitude";
      altitude:cell_methods = "area: mean";
      altitude:units = "m";
      altitude:geoid = "WGS84";
   float altitude std(rgrid):
      altitude std:long name = "standard deviation of altitudes within cell above the geoid";
      altitude std:standard name = "altitude standard error";
      altitude std:cell methods = "area: standard deviation";
      altitude std:units = "m";
      altitude_std:geoid = "WGS84";
   short altitude max(rgrid);
      altitude_max:long_name = "maximum altitude within cell above the geoid";
      altitude_max:standard_name = "altitude";
      altitude_max:cell_methods = "area: maximum";
      altitude max:units = "m";
      altitude max:geoid = "WGS84";
   short altitude min(rarid):
      altitude min:long name = "minimum altitude within cell above the geoid";
      altitude min:standard name = "altitude";
      altitude_min:cell_methods = "area: minimum";
      altitude_min:units = "m";
      altitude_min:geoid = "WGS84";
   ubyte surface_classification(rgrid);
      surface_classification:water_fraction_threshold = 0.5;
      surface_classification:long_name = "surface classification";
      surface_classification:flag_meanings = "land water some_water coast value_covers_majority_of_pixel
                              shallow ocean shallow inland water ocean coastline-lake shoreline intermittent water
                              deep inland water continental shelf ocean deep ocean urban and built-up land
                              dryland cropland and pasture irrigated cropland and pasture
                              mixed dryland-irrigated cropland and pasture cropland-grassland mosaic
                              cropland-woodland mosaic grassland shrubland mixed shrubland-grassland savanna
                              deciduous_broadleaf_forest deciduous_needleleaf_forest evergreen_broadleaf_forest
                              evergreen_needleleaf_forest mixed_forest herbaceous_wetland wooded_wetland
                              barren or sparsely vegetated herbaceous tundra wooded tundra mixed tundra
                              bare ground tundra snow or ice";
      surface_classification:flag_masks = 3UB, 3UB, 3UB, 3UB, 4UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB,
                              249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB,
                              249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 24
      surface classification:flag values = 0UB, 1UB, 2UB, 3UB, 4UB, 9UB, 17UB, 25UB, 33UB, 41UB, 49UB, 57UB,
                              8UB, 16UB, 24UB, 32UB, 40UB, 48UB, 56UB, 64UB, 72UB, 80UB, 88UB, 96UB, 104UB, 112UB,
                              120UB, 128UB, 136UB, 144UB, 152UB, 160UB, 168UB, 176UB, 184UB;
// group attributes:
      :title = "Elevation map and surface classification for S5P on a reduced grid.
                      The elevation data has been collected over a radius of 15000 m.";
```

```
:resolution = "5009 m";
     :radius = "15000 m";
 } // group DEM RADIUS 15000
group: DEM RADIUS 03000 {
 dimensions:
   rgrid = 286522420;
   latdim = 15000;
   londim = 30000;
 variables:
   uint rgrid(rgrid);
     rgrid:compress = "latdim londim";
   double latdim(latdim);
     latdim:units = "degrees north";
     latdim:standard name = "latitude";
   uint londim(londim);
   double latitudes(rgrid);
     latitudes:units = "degrees_north";
     latitudes:long_name = "latitude" ;
     latitudes:standard_name = "latitude";
     latitudes:axis = "Y";
   double longitudes(rgrid);
     longitudes:units = "degrees_east" ;
     longitudes:long name = "longitude";
     longitudes:standard name = "longitude" ;
     longitudes:axis = "X";
   uint n longitude(latdim);
   uint n_longitude_sum(latdim);
   float altitude(rgrid);
     altitude:ancillary_variables = "altitude_std altitude_max altitude_min";
     altitude:long_name = "altitude above the geoid";
     altitude:standard_name = "altitude";
     altitude:cell_methods = "area: mean";
     altitude:units = "m";
     altitude:geoid = "WGS84";
   float altitude std(rgrid);
     altitude std:long name = "standard deviation of altitudes within cell above the geoid";
     altitude std:standard name = "altitude standard error";
     altitude_std:cell_methods = "area: standard_deviation";
     altitude std:units = "m";
     altitude_std:geoid = "WGS84";
   short altitude_max(rgrid) ;
     altitude_max:long_name = "maximum altitude within cell above the geoid";
     altitude_max:standard_name = "altitude";
     altitude max:cell methods = "area: maximum";
     altitude_max:units = "m";
     altitude max:geoid = "WGS84";
   short altitude min(rgrid);
     altitude min:long name = "minimum altitude within cell above the geoid";
     altitude_min:standard_name = "altitude";
     altitude_min:cell_methods = "area: minimum";
     altitude_min:units = "m";
     altitude min:geoid = "WGS84";
   ubyte surface classification(rgrid);
     surface classification:water fraction threshold = 0.5;
     surface classification:long name = "surface classification":
     surface classification:flag meanings = "land water some water coast value covers majority of pixel
                    shallow ocean shallow inland water ocean coastline-lake shoreline intermittent water
                    deep inland water continental shelf ocean deep ocean urban and built-up land
                    dryland cropland and pasture irrigated cropland and pasture
                    mixed_dryland-irrigated_cropland_and_pasture cropland-grassland_mosaic
                    cropland-woodland_mosaic grassland shrubland mixed_shrubland-grassland savanna
                    deciduous_broadleaf_forest deciduous_needleleaf_forest evergreen_broadleaf_forest
```

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```
evergreen needleleaf forest mixed forest herbaceous wetland wooded wetland
                                      barren or sparsely vegetated herbaceous tundra wooded tundra mixed tundra
                                      bare ground tundra snow or ice";
          surface classification:flag masks = 3UB, 3UB, 3UB, 3UB, 4UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB,
                                      249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 249UB, 24
                                      249UB, 249UB;
          surface classification:flag_values = 0UB, 1UB, 2UB, 3UB, 4UB, 9UB, 17UB, 25UB, 33UB, 41UB, 49UB, 57UB,
                                      8UB, 16UB, 24UB, 32UB, 40UB, 48UB, 56UB, 64UB, 72UB, 80UB, 88UB, 96UB, 104UB, 112UB,
                                      120UB, 128UB, 136UB, 144UB, 152UB, 160UB, 168UB, 176UB, 184UB;
   // group attributes:
          :title = "Elevation map and surface classification for S5P on a reduced grid.
                             The elevation data has been collected over a radius of 3000 m.";
          :resolution = "1335 m" :
          :radius = "3000 m" :
   } // group DEM RADIUS 03000
group: ECMWF_DEM_N640 {
   dimensions:
       rgrid = 2140702;
       latdim = 1280;
       londim = 2560;
   variables:
       uint rarid(rarid) :
          rgrid:compress = "latdim londim";
       double latdim(latdim);
          latdim:units = "degrees north";
          latdim:standard_name = "latitude" ;
       uint londim(londim);
       double latitudes(rgrid);
          latitudes:units = "degrees_north";
          latitudes:long_name = "latitude" ;
          latitudes:standard name = "latitude";
          latitudes:axis = "Y" :
       double longitudes(rgrid);
          longitudes:units = "degrees east";
          longitudes:long name = "longitude";
          longitudes:standard_name = "longitude" ;
          longitudes:axis = "X";
       uint n_longitude(latdim) ;
       uint n longitude sum(latdim);
       float altitude(rgrid);
          altitude:long_name = "altitude above the geoid";
          altitude:standard_name = "altitude";
          altitude:cell methods = "area: mean";
          altitude:comment = "Value derived from the geopotential at the surface with standard
                                               gravitational acceleration of 9.80665 m/s2. The values come from
                                               ECMWF GRIB files, with parameter ID \'128.129\'.";
          altitude:grid_type = "gaussian reduced";
          altitude:coordinates = "longitudes latitudes";
          altitude:units = "m";
          altitude:geoid = "WGS84";
   // group attributes:
          :title = "ECMWF orography on the N640 grid.";
   } // group ECMWF DEM N640
group: TM5 DEM 1x1 {
   dimensions:
       latitudes = 180;
       longitudes = 360;
       nv = 2;
   variables:
```

```
double latitudes(latitudes);
    latitudes:standard_name = "latitude" ;
    latitudes:units = "degree north";
    latitudes:axis = "Y";
    latitudes:bounds = "latitude bounds";
  double longitudes(longitudes);
    longitudes:standard_name = "longitude";
    longitudes:units = "degree_east" ;
    longitudes:axis = "X";
    longitudes:bounds = "longitude_bounds";
  double latitude_bounds(latitudes, nv) ;
  double longitude_bounds(longitudes, nv);
  float cell_area(latitudes, longitudes);
    cell area:standard name = "cell area";
    cell area:units = "m2";
    cell area:long name = "area of grid cell";
  float altitude(latitudes, longitudes);
    altitude:standard_name = "altitude";
    altitude:units = "m";
    altitude:long_name = "altitude above the geoid";
    altitude:comment = "Altitude as used in the TM5 model running at 1x1 degrees.";
} // group TM5_DEM_1x1
```

B.21 File format description of AUX_O3___M (O₃ profile, O₃ total column and temperature profile climatology)

This semi-static input file contains a temperature profile climatology, a total O_3 column climatology and a ozone profile climatology. The temperature profile climatology is used by aerosol layer height and both O_3 profile processors in case the ECMWF temperature profile dynamic auxiliary input is not available. The total O_3 climatology is used by the absorbing aerosol index if the ECMWF surface parameters dynamic auxiliary input are not available. Finally the O_3 profile climatology is used by both O_3 profile retrieval algorithms as a priori profile shape input.

```
netcdf S5P OPER AUX O3 M 00000000T000000 99999999T999999 20180312T163000 {
group: Temperature {
  dimensions:
   latitude = 18;
   layer = 13;
   nv = 2;
   time = 12;
  variables:
   double latitude(latitude) ;
     latitude: FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
     latitude:units = "degrees_north";
     latitude:standard name = "latitude";
     latitude:bounds = "latitude bounds";
   double layer(layer);
     layer:_FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
     layer:units = "hPa";
     layer:standard_name = "pressure" ;
     layer:positive = "down" ;
     layer:bounds = "layer_bounds" ;
   double nv(nv);
     nv:_FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
     nv:comment = "dummy dimension for boundaries" ;
```

double time(time);

time:_FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36; time:units = "days since 1988-01-01"; time:climatology = "climatology_bounds";

time:month_names = "january february march april may june july

```
august september october november december";
   double latitude bounds(latitude, nv);
     latitude bounds: FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
   double layer_bounds(layer, nv);
     layer bounds: FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
   double climatology bounds(time, nv);
     climatology_bounds:_FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
   float temperature(time, layer, latitude);
     temperature: FillValue = 9.96921e+36f;
     temperature:units = "K";
     temperature:standard_name = "air_temperature";
 } // group Temperature
group: ML {
 dimensions:
   latitude = 18;
   level = 66:
   layer = 66;
   nv = 2;
   time = 12;
 variables:
   double latitude(latitude);
     latitude:_FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
     latitude:units = "degrees north";
     latitude:standard name = "latitude";
     latitude:bounds = "latitude_bounds" ;
   double level(level);
     level: FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
     level:units = "hPa";
     level:standard_name = "pressure" ;
     level:positive = "down" ;
   double layer(layer);
     layer:_FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
     layer:units = "hPa";
     layer:standard name = "pressure";
     layer:positive = "down";
     layer:bounds = "layer bounds";
   double nv(nv);
     nv:_FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
     nv:comment = "dummy dimension for boundaries" ;
   double time(time);
     time:_FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
     time:units = "days since 1988-01-01";
     time:climatology = "climatology_bounds" ;
   double layer bounds(layer, nv);
     layer bounds: FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
   double latitude bounds(latitude, nv);
     latitude bounds: FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
   double climatology_bounds(time, nv);
     climatology_bounds:_FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
   float MR(time, layer, latitude);
     MR:_FillValue = 9.96921e+36f;
     MR:units = "1e-6";
     MR:standard_name = "mole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air";
     MR:ancillary variables = "MRstdev";
   float MR ya(layer, latitude);
     MR ya: FillValue = 9.96921e+36f;
     MR ya:units = "1e-6";
     MR ya:standard name = "mole fraction of ozone in air";
     MR_ya:ancillary_variables = "MRstdev";
   float MRstdev(time, layer, latitude);
     MRstdev:_FillValue = 9.96921e+36f;
     MRstdev:units = "1e-6";
```

```
MRstdev:standard_name = "mole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air standard_error" ;
   float MRstdev_ya(layer, latitude) ;
     MRstdev ya: FillValue = 9.96921e+36f;
     MRstdev va:units = "1e-6";
     MRstdev va:standard name = "mole fraction of ozone in air standard error";
   float PP(time, layer, latitude);
     PP:_FillValue = 9.96921e+36f;
     PP:units = "nbar";
     PP:standard_name = "partial_pressure_of_ozone_in_air";
   float PP_ya(layer, latitude);
     PP_ya:_FillValue = 9.96921e+36f;
     PP_ya:units = "nbar";
     PP_ya:standard_name = "partial_pressure_of_ozone_in_air";
   float DU(time, layer, latitude);
     DU: FillValue = 9.96921e+36f;
     DU:units = "DU";
     DU:standard_name = "mole_content_of_ozone_in_atmosphere_layer";
   float DU_ya(layer, latitude);
     DU ya: FillValue = 9.96921e+36f;
     DU_ya:units = "DU";
     DU_ya:standard_name = "mole_content_of_ozone_in_atmosphere_layer";
   float DU tco3(time, latitude);
     DU tco3: FillValue = 9.96921e+36f;
     DU tco3:units = "DU";
     DU_tco3:standard_name = "atmosphere_mole_content_of_ozone";
   float DU tco3 ya(latitude):
     DU tco3 ya: FillValue = 9.96921e+36f;
     DU_tco3_ya:units = "DU";
     DU_tco3_ya:standard_name = "atmosphere_mole_content_of_ozone";
 } // group ML
group: Umkehr {
 dimensions:
   latitude = 18:
   layer = 13;
   nv = 2;
   time = 12;
 variables:
   double latitude(latitude);
     latitude: FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
     latitude:units = "degrees_north" ;
     latitude:standard_name = "latitude" ;
     latitude:bounds = "latitude_bounds" ;
   double layer(layer);
     layer:_FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36 :
     layer:units = "hPa";
     layer:standard name = "pressure" ;
     layer:positive = "down" ;
     layer:bounds = "layer_bounds" ;
   double nv(nv);
     nv: FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
     nv:comment = "dummy dimension for boundaries" ;
   double time(time);
     time: FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
     time:units = "days since 1988-01-01";
     time:climatology = "climatology_bounds" ;
   double latitude bounds(latitude, nv);
     latitude bounds: FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
   double layer_bounds(layer, nv);
     layer_bounds:_FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
   double climatology_bounds(time, nv);
     climatology_bounds:_FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
   float Ozone(time, layer, latitude);
```

```
Ozone:_FillValue = 9.96921e+36f;
     Ozone:units = "DU";
     Ozone:standard name = "mole content of ozone in atmosphere layer";
 } // group Umkehr
group: TOMSv8 {
 dimensions:
   latitude = 18;
   layer = 11;
   total_ozone_column = 10;
   nv = 2;
   time = 12;
 variables:
   double latitude(latitude):
     latitude: FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
     latitude:units = "degrees north";
     latitude:standard_name = "latitude" ;
     latitude:bounds = "latitude_bounds";
   double layer(layer);
     layer:_FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
     layer:units = "hPa";
     layer:standard_name = "pressure" ;
     layer:positive = "down" ;
     layer:bounds = "layer bounds";
   double nv(nv);
     nv: FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
     nv:comment = "dummy dimension for boundaries" ;
   double time(time);
     time: FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
     time:units = "days since 1988-01-01";
     time:climatology = "climatology_bounds";
   float total_ozone_column(total_ozone_column) ;
     total_ozone_column:_FillValue = 9.96921e+36f;
     total ozone column:units = "DU";
     total ozone column:standard name = "atmosphere mole content of ozone";
     total ozone_column:bounds = "total_ozone_column_bounds";
   double latitude bounds(latitude, nv);
     latitude_bounds:_FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
   double layer_bounds(layer, nv);
     layer bounds: FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
   double climatology_bounds(time, nv) ;
     climatology_bounds:_FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
   float total_ozone_column_bounds(total_ozone_column, nv) ;
     total_ozone_column_bounds:_FillValue = 9.96921e+36f;
   double Ozone(total ozone column, time, layer, latitude);
     Ozone: FillValue = 9.96920996838687e+36;
     Ozone:units = "DU";
     Ozone:standard name = "mole content of ozone in atmosphere layer";
 } // group TOMSv8
group: OutputPressureLevels_O3__PR {
 dimensions:
   level = 21 :
 variables:
   int level(level):
     level:standard name = "atmosphere hybrid sigma pressure coordinate";
     level:long_name = "hybrid level at levels" ;
     level:units = "level";
     level:formula = "A B (plev=A+B*ps)";
   float A(level);
     A:units = "hPa";
     A:long_name = "hybrid A coefficient at layer interfaces";
   float B(level);
```

```
B:units = "1";
     B:long name = "hybrid B coefficient at layer interfaces";
 } // group OutputPressureLevels O3 PR
group: OutputPressureLevels O3 TPR {
 dimensions:
   level = 5:
 variables:
   int level(level);
     level:standard_name = "atmosphere_hybrid_sigma_pressure_coordinate";
     level:long_name = "hybrid level at levels" ;
     level:units = "level" ;
     level:formula = "A B (plev=A+B*ps)";
   float A(level):
     A:units = "hPa" ;
     A:long name = "hybrid A coefficient at layer interfaces";
     B:units = "1";
     B:long name = "hybrid B coefficient at layer interfaces";
 } // group OutputPressureLevels O3 TPR
```

B.22 Configuration files

In this section the configuration files are described. These files are all ASCII files, but come in four flavours.

Key-value lists Variables are associated with values in a simple "key = value" syntax. Comments start with '#'. Empty lines are allowed. Lists of values can be written as comma-separated lists. A short example is given in listing 1.

Fortran name-list These files are comparable to a key-value list, but with some extra properties that make these files convenient for Fortran-based algorithms. Comments start with '!', empty lines are allowed. Structure blocks are marked with '&' and such a block is closed with a '/'. A short example is given in listing 2.

DISAMAR configuration This file contains sections and subsections, each with key-value pairs. Comments can be included on lines starting with '#', or enclused in '(' and ')' (on a single line). More details can be found in the DISAMAR manual [RD45]. A short example is given in listing 3.

XML The output file format is described in an internal configuration file in XML format. The development system includes a validation schema file to help find mistakes in the configuration. Because these files are static and delivered with the processor, they are not described themselves in this IODD. The XML files are used to generate appendices E-M.

The configuration files all follow the file naming conventions given in [AD6, section 4], using the file instance ID for auxiliary data products. The file extension for all configuration files is "cfg", regardless of the above division in sub-types. The XML files are internal to the processor without external visibility and do not follow the naming conventions.

Listing 1: Sample configuration file for a key-value list

```
input.count = 1
input.1.type = L1B_RA_BD3
input.1.irrType = L1B_IR_UVN
input.1.band = 3

output.count = 1
output.1.type = L2_AER_AI
output.1.config = cfg/product/product.AER_AI.xml
output.1.band = 3
```

```
algo.n_pair = 2
# algorithm variant keys:
# fixed number of pixels, calculate reflectance before calculating the mean: 1
# fixed number of pixels, calculate reflectance from averaged radiance & irradiance: 2
# use a wavelength band, calculate reflectance before calculating the mean: 3
# use a wavelength band, calculate reflectance from averaged radiance & irradiance: 4
# Suggested nominal variant is 1.
algo.algorithm_variant = 1
algo.pair_1.id = TOMS_pair
algo.pair 1.wavelength 1 = 340
algo.pair 1.wavelength 2 = 380
algo.pair 1.delta wavelength = 1.0
algo.pair_1.number_spectral_pixels = 5
algo.pair_1.min_wavelength = 1
algo.pair_2.id = OMI_pair
algo.pair_2.wavelength_1 = 354
algo.pair_2.wavelength_2 = 388
algo.pair_2.delta_wavelength = 1.0
algo.pair 2.number spectral pixels = 5
algo.pair_2.min_wavelength = 1
# geometry limits.
processing.vzaMin = 0.0
processing.vzaMax = 78.0
processing.szaMin = 0.0
processing.szaMax = 88.0
processing.ignore_pixel_flags = False
```

Listing 2: Sample configuration file for a Fortran name-list

```
!*** Namelist input for retrieval of synthetic measurements
!*** 1 aerosol type
!*** different filter thresholds
!*** upper threshold for cloud fraction SWIR pixel from VIIRS IFOV
  threshold%T(1) = 1.d0
!*** upper threshold for cloud fraction SWIR pixel from VIIRS OFOV1
  threshold%T(2) = 1.d0
!*** upper threshold for cloud fraction SWIR pixel from VIIRS OFOV2
  threshold%T(3) = 1.d0
!*** upper threshold for cloud fraction SWIR pixel from VIIRS OFOV3
  threshold%T(4) = 1.d0
!*** upper threshold for cloud fraction NIR pixel from VIIRS IFOV
  threshold\%T(5) = 1.d0
!*** upper threshold for cloud fraction NIR pixel from VIIRS OFOV1
  threshold%T(6) = 1.d0
!*** upper threshold standard deviation of surface elevation within ground pixel
  threshold%surface_roughness = 75. /
&flags
!*** Scattering: 0=non-scattering, 1=scattering
  flag%scat = 1
!*** atmosphere 1: ATM, 2: METEO
```

```
flag%atm = 2
!***Inversion: 0: TSVD, 1: PHILLIPS-TIKHONOV, 3: ADHOC
  flag\%inv = 1
!*** Fit temperature offset, 0: no, 1: yes
  flag%temp = 0
!*** Fit fluorescence: 0: no, 1: yes
  flag%Fs = 0
!*** ILS convolution: 1: standard convolution, 2: Fast Fourier Convolution
  flag%ils = 1
!*** Fit spectrum with: 1: reflectance, 2: radiance
  flag%fit = 2
!*** Ocean glint retrievals: 0: no, 1: yes
  flag%oceanglint = 1
!*** Output: 0: standard output, 1: 0+state vector, 2: 1+screen output, 3: 2+debug output
!*** WARNING: Do not use 3 for parallel runs
  flag\%output = 0 /
&alt grid
!*** flag: 1: equidistant pressure grid, 2: equidistant altitude grid
  grid%flag = 1
!*** number of retrieval layers
  grid%nlay = 12
!*** number of layers in RTM (nlay*nrt)
  grid%nrt = 3
!*** number of layers for cross—sections (nlay*nrt*natm)
  grid%natm = 2 /
```

```
Listing 3: Sample configuration file for DISAMAR
SECTION GENERAL
subsection overall
version_number 3.5.6 (version number of DISAMAR that corresponds to this configuration file)
numberSpectralBands 1 (number of spectral bands that are used)
numberTraceGases 2 ( number of trace gases bands that are used )
numberColumnCases 2 ( only relevant for profile retrieval: number of instances for divisions in subcolumns )
aerosol Layer Height \ 1 \ (\textit{0} = \textit{do nothing}; \ 1 = \textit{improve the speed with reduced flexibility for retrieval})
subsection method
retrievalMethod 0 (0 = Optimal Estimation - lbl, 1 = DISMAS, 2 = DOAS vert column, 3 = DOAS slant column)
ignoreSlitRetr 0 (0 = ignore slifunction (FWHM = 0); 1 = convolute rad/irrad with slit function)
useEffXsec_OE_retr 0 (0 = use monochromatic cross section; 1 = convolute absorption cross section with slit and l0)
subsection specifyFitting (except for fitting the profile or column of absorbing gasses)
numIntervalFit 2 (# of the interval with cloud/aerosol whose properties are fitted)
fitIntervalDP 1 (1 = fit top pressure interval – keep pressure difference P(bot) – P(top) fixed)
fitIntervalTop 0 (1 = fit top pressure interval — works only if fitIntervalDP = 0)
SECTION INSTRUMENT
subsection wavelength range (repeat for successive wavelength bands)
wavelength start 758.00 (in nm)
wavelength_end 762.00 (in nm)
wavelength step 0.136 (in nm; 0.10 for TROPOMI; 0.1333 or 0.02 for Sentinel 5 depending on FWHM)
# example : exclude 758.00 761.50 excludes the interval [758.00,761.50]
exclude (up to 5 wavelength pairs within the band - leave empty if nothing is to be excluded)
subsection slit_index ( repeat for successive wavelength bands )
# if slit index is 5 a slit function filename for GOME-2 slit function data
# is expected after the slit index, e.g.
# the filename must be omitted for other slit functions
slit index irradiance retr 1 (0 = Gauss, 1 = flat topped, 5 = GOME-2)
```

```
slit index radiance retr 1 (0 = Gauss, 1 = flat topped, 5 = GOME-2)
subsection FWHM ( repeat for succesive wavelength bands )
# if FWHM < FWHMmin = 0.01 nm no integration over a slit function is performed, instead
# monochromatic calculations are performed for the wavelengths specified in subsection wavelength range
# this is mainly useful for comparing results with other radiative transfer codes
# that use an equidistant wavelength grid (e.g. DAK)
FWHM irradiance retr 0.38 (in nm; 0.5 for TROPOMI and 0.4 or 0.06 for Sentinel 5)
FWHM_radiance_retr 0.38 (in nm; 0.5 for TROPOMI and 0.4 or 0.06 for Sentinel 5)
SECTION STRAY_LIGHT (wavelength dependent additive offset applied to earth radiance)
subsection retrieval ( repeat for successive wavelength bands )
useLinearInterpolation 1 (0 = use polynomial interpolation; 1 = use linear interpolation)
useReferenceSpectrum 0 (0 = use percent of current spectrum; 1 = use percent of reference spectrum)
wavelengths 758.0 (wavelength must lie within the fit window; values are reported at these wavelengths)
strayLightAP 0.0 (a-priori offsets in percent at the specified wavelengths)
variance strayLightAP 9.0 (a-priori variance, e.g. 9.0 means that the standard deviation is 3% of the signal)
SECTION RRS_RING
subsection retrieval ( repeat keys for successive wavelength bands )
useRRS 0 (use rotational Raman scattering in radiative transfer calculations)
fractionRamanLines 1.0 (fraction of Raman lines used for RRS in RTM)
approximateRRS 0 (approximation for RRS as used in the operation OMI ozone profile product)
useCabannes 0 (0 = use Rayleigh scattering: 1 = use Cabannes scattering)
SECTION GEOMETRY
subsection geometry
solar_zenith_angle_retr 41.620619 (in degree)
solar_azimuth_angle_retr 123.89372 (in degree)
instrument_nadir_angle_retr 15.222307 (in degree)
instrument_azimuth_angle_retr 102.614897 (in degree)
SECTION O2
subsection specifyFitting
# profile and column can not be fitted for O2 and O2-O2
fitProfile 0 (1 = fit profile; 0 = do not fit profile)
fitColumn 0 (1 = fit column; 0 = do not fit column) (it is an error to fit both column and profile)
subsection profile
# note that for a collision complex the parent gas has to be specified here,
# e.g. for O2-O2 the volume mixing ratio of O2 has to be specified
# mixing ratio of O2 is 0.20946 taken from R. Goody, Principles of atmospheric physics and chemistry,
# Table 1.2, Oxford University Press, New York, 1995. [DAK uses 0.209476 (US Stand. Atm., 1976)]
P vmr ppmv error percent retr 0.1050E+04 20.94600E+04 10.00000E+00
P_vmr_ppmv_error_percent_retr 0.2580E-03 20.94600E+04 10.00000E+00
# the profile is defined through linear interpolation on the logarithm of the volume mixing ratio
# or through cubic spline interpolation on the logarithm of the volume mixing ratio.
# For strong absorption (ozone at wavelengths < 305 nm) and in the oxygen A band spline intrepolation can become
# inaccurate and linear interpolation is preferred. If spline interpolation is used there can be the
# side efect that d2R/dkabs/dz > 0 for some parts of the atmosphere and strong absorption. This has negative
# consequences if DISMAS is used as retrieval method because we can not fit a low order polynomial in the wavelength
# for In(d2R/dkabs/dz), but have to use a polynomial for d2R/dkabs/dz. Hence for ozone profile retrieval
# combined with DISMAS linear interpolation should be used.
useLinInterpRetr 0 (1 = linear interpolation for ln(vmr(z)); 0 = cubic spline interpolation for ln(vmr(z)))
subsection column
# specify colum either in molecules cm-2 or in Dobson Units
```

columnRetr_DU 0.5 (in DU; use columnRetr_molcm2 for molecules cm-2)

APerrorColumn_percent 200.0 (a-priori error for the column in percent)

subsection scaling

If scaleProfileToColumn = 1 the profile shape is kept constant but the profile is scaled so that # the column agrees with the column specified in subsection column. If scaleProfileToColumn = 0 no # scaling is performed and the column values specified in subsection column are ignored. In fact, # internally the column values read are overwritten with the column value calculated from the profile.

The a priori error APerrorColumn_percent and the errors specified for the profile are expressed

in percent and these are therefore not affected by scaling.

scaleProfileToColumnRetr 0 (1 = scale profile; 0 = do not scale profile)

scaleFactorXsecRetr 1.0 (absorption cross section is multiplied with this factor)

subsection errorCovariancesSpecs (only required if the profile is fitted)

useAPCorrLength 0 (if true a correlation length is used to fill the non-diagonal elements of Sa)

APCorrLength 3.0 (in km; only used if useAPCorrLength /= 0)

removeAPcorrTropStrat 1 (1= no correlation between levels in stratosphere and troposphere)

useSaFromFile 0 (if true it reads the a—priori covariance matrix from file, replacing 'aPrioriError_percent')

 $use Sa Diag From File\ 0\ (\textit{if use Sa From File and use Sa Diag From File\ are\ both\ true\ only\ the\ diagnal\ id\ used)}$

subsection HITRAN (required for line absorbing species H2O, O2, CH4, CO, CO2, may be omitted for other gases)

factor LMR etr~1.0d0~(line mixing is multiplied with this factor-only~for~O2~A-band:~758-775~nm)

ISOretr 1 2 3 (HITRAN: isotope info; 1 = most abundant isotope, 2 = second most abundant, etc.)

thresholdLineRetr 3.0E-7 (lines weaker than thresholdLine * Max(lineStrength) are ignored for wavelength grid)

cutoffRetr 300.0 (in cm-1; lines at distances larger than cutoff are ignored)

SECTION 02-02

account for collision induced absorption

in O2 A band we use both O2-O2 and O2-N2 in the absorption Xsec file

the following absorbing gases are recognized as section name

03, NO2, trop NO2, strat NO2, O2, O2-O2, SO2, HCHO, CHOCHO, BrO, H2O, CH4, CO, CO2

•••

B.22.1 Description of keys in key-value list configuration files

The keys that can be used for the configuration of the processors are listed in the software user manual [RD18].

B.22.2 File format description of O₃ profile processor configuration CFG O3 PR

Semi-static input file for the full O_3 profile retrieval algorithm. This file provides the processor with its configuration. This file is a 'key-value list' type configuration file, with about 40 lines.

B.22.3 File format description of O₃ profile algorithm configuration CFG_O3_PRF

Semi-static input file for the full O_3 profile retrieval algorithm. This file provides the algorithm with its configuration. This file is a Disamar configuration file, with about 900 lines.

B.22.4 File format description of O₃ tropospheric profile processor configuration CFG O3 TPR

Semi-static input file for the tropospheric O₃ profile retrieval algorithm. This file provides the processor with its configuration. This file is a 'key-value list' type configuration file, with about 30 lines.

B.22.5 File format description of O₃ tropospheric profile algorithm configuration CFG O3TPRF

Semi-static input file for the tropospheric O_3 profile retrieval algorithm. This file provides the algorithm with its configuration. This file is a Disamar configuration file, with about 750 lines.

B.22.6 File format description of NO₂ processor and algorithm configuration CFG_NO2___

Semi-static input file for the NO₂ retrieval algorithm. This file provides the processor and algorithm with its configuration. This file is a 'key-value list' type configuration file, with about 100 lines.

B.22.7 File format description of CH₄ processor configuration CFG_CH4___

Semi-static input file for the CH₄ retrieval algorithm. This file provides the processor with its configuration. This file is a 'key-value list' type configuration file, with about 30 lines.

B.22.8 File format description of CH₄ algorithm configuration CFG_CH4__F

Semi-static input file for the CH_4 retrieval algorithm. This file provides the algorithm with its configuration. This file is a Fortran name-list with about 280 lines.

B.22.9 File format description of CO processor configuration CFG_CO____

Semi-static input file for the CO retrieval algorithm. This file provides the processor with its configuration. This file is a 'key-value list' type configuration file with about 30 lines.

B.22.10 File format description of CO algorithm configuration CFG CO F

Semi-static input file for the CO retrieval algorithm. This file provides the algorithm with its configuration. This file is a Fortran name-list with about 420 lines.

B.22.11 File format description of processor configuration for aerosol layer height CFG AER LH

Semi-static input file for the aerosol layer height retrieval algorithm. This file provides the processor with its configuration. This file is a 'key-value list' type configuration file, with about 30 lines.

B.22.12 File format description of algorithm configuration for aerosol layer height CFG AERLHF

This file has become obsolete with processor version 1.3.0. Semi-static input file for the aerosol layer height retrieval algorithm. This file provides the algorithm with its configuration. This file is a Disamar configuration file with about 900 lines.

B.22.13 File format description of processor and algorithm configuration of aerosol index CFG_-

Semi-static input file for the absorbing aerosol index retrieval algorithm. This file provides the processor and algorithm with its configuration. This file is a 'key-value list' type configuration file with about 50 lines.

B.22.14 File format description of processor and algorithm configuration for FRESCO CFG_FRESCO

Semi-static input file for the cloud support product retrieval algorithm. This file provides the processor and algorithm with its configuration. This file is a 'key-value list' type configuration file, with about 100 lines.

B.23 Reference files

In this section the reference files are described. These include the high resolution solar reference spectrum, and the absorption reference spectra for the different algorithms. Neither the FRESCO cloud algorithm, nor the absorbing aerosol index algorithm requires absorption cross section data.

B.23.1 File format description of REF_SOLAR_

This semi-static input file provides all algorithms except absorbing aerosol index with a high resolution solar reference spectrum. Two versions are supplied: one spectrum that is not convolved with the S5P/TROPOMI ISRF, and one that has been convolved with the S5P/TROPOMI ISRF as represented by the "AUX_ISRF___", see appendix B.17. The convolved spectrum is supplied for each viewing direction and band separately.

```
netcdf S5P OPER REF SOLAR 00000000T000000 99999999T99999 20180115T164926 {
dimensions:
 wavelength_hr = 180101;
variables:
 double wavelength_hr(wavelength_hr);
   wavelength_hr:units = "nm";
   wavelength_hr:standard_name = "radiation_wavelength" ;
   wavelength_hr:comment = "vacuum wavelengths" ;
 double irradiance_flux(wavelength_hr);
   irradiance_flux:units = "photons s-1 cm-2 nm-1";
   irradiance_flux:standard_name = "toa_photon_spectral_irradiance";
 double irradiance flux cf(wavelength hr);
   irradiance_flux_cf:units = "mol s-1 m-2 nm-1";
   irradiance_flux_cf:standard_name = "toa_photon_spectral_irradiance";
// global attributes:
   :reference = "202-600 nm:
       Reference:
       The high-resolution solar reference spectrum between 250 and 550 nm and its application to
       measurements with the Ozone Monitoring Instrument,
       M. Dobber, R. Voors, R. Dirksen, Q. Kleipool, and P. Levelt,
       Solar Physics volume 249, no. 2, 281-291, June 2008, DOI 10.1007/s11207-008-9187-7.
       Spectral resolution 0.025 nm
       Spectral sampling 0.01 nm
       Accuracy wavelength scale better than 0.002 nm over the wavelength range 250-550 nm.
       600-1000 nm:
       Reference:
       An improved high—resolution solar reference spectrum for earth\'s atmosphere measurements
       in the ultraviolet, visible and near infrared,
       K. Chance and R.L. Kurucz,
       Journal of Quantitative Spectroscopy & Radiative Transfer, 111, 1289-1295, 2010
       Original spectrum (200 nm - 1000 nm) retrieved from http://www.cfa.harvard.edu/atmosphere/
       Spectral resolution 0.04 nm
       Spectral sampling 0.01 nm
       1000 - 1401 nm:
       Values taken from Table 14.3 in the book \'Atmospheric Radiative Transfer\' by Lenoble, 1993,
       A. Deepak Publishing. The resolution there is 20 nm. Here spline interpolated to a sampling of 1.0 nm.
       1401 - 2400 nm:
       Values taken from the file S5_SWIR_reference_spectra_v2_25May2011.dat
       have been resampled to a resolution of 0.04 nm and a sampling of 0.01 nm,
       using a triangular slit function with a FWHM of 0.04 nm.
       See ESA document \"Sentinel-5 UVNS Instrument Phase A/B1 Reference Spectra\", prepared by EOP-PIO,
       reference IPD-RS-ESA-18, issue 1, revision 2 (2011-02-10).
   :validity_start = "00000000T000000";
   :validity_stop = "999999997999999";
   :Conventions = "CF-1.7";
   :creation_date = "20180118T044434";
   :contact = "Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>";
   :institution = "KNMI";
   :dataset name = "S5P REF SOLAR";
   :version = "1.0 (for high resolution spectrum), 0.1 (for convolved spectra)";
   :input = "Irradiance_Reference_ChanceKurucz2010.dat
```

```
S5P_OPER_AUX_ISRF___00000000T000000_9999999999999_20180115T153214.nc";
   :author = "Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>";
   :avogadro constant = 6.02214179e+23;
   :isrf = "S5P OPER AUX ISRF 00000000T000000 99999999T99999 20180115T153214.nc";
   :comment = "This data is for TROPOMI";
group: band_1 {
 dimensions:
   ground pixel = 77;
   wavelength = 3401;
 variables:
   int ground pixel(ground pixel);
     ground_pixel:comment = "Binned ground_pixel index";
   double wavelength(wavelength);
     wavelength:units = "nm";
     wavelength:standard name = "radiation wavelength";
     wavelength:comment = "vacuum wavelength";
   double irradiance_flux_cf(ground_pixel, wavelength);
     irradiance flux cf:units = "mol s-1 m-2 nm-1";
     irradiance flux cf:standard_name = "photon_spectral_irradiance";
     irradiance_flux_cf:long_name = "spectral irradiance convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
   double irradiance_flux(ground_pixel, wavelength);
     irradiance_flux:units = "photons s-1 cm-2 nm-1";
     irradiance flux:standard name = "photon spectral irradiance";
     irradiance_flux:long_name = "spectral irradiance convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
   double radiance ring flux cf(ground pixel, wavelength);
     radiance_ring_flux_cf:units = "mol s-1 m-2 nm-1";
     radiance ring flux cf:long name = "Radiance Ring spectrum convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
   double radiance_ring_flux(ground_pixel, wavelength);
     radiance ring flux:units = "photons s-1 cm-2 nm-1";
     radiance ring flux:long name = "Radiance Ring spectrum convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
   double differential_ring_flux(ground_pixel, wavelength);
     differential ring flux:units = "1";
     differential ring flux:long name = "Differential Ring spectrum convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
 // group attributes:
     :nominal wavelength range = "270.0 300.0";
 } // group band 1
group: band 2 {
 dimensions:
   ground_pixel = 448;
   wavelength = 2801;
  variables:
   int ground pixel(ground pixel);
     ground pixel:comment = "Binned ground pixel index";
   double wavelength(wavelength):
     wavelength:units = "nm";
     wavelength:standard_name = "radiation_wavelength";
     wavelength:comment = "vacuum wavelength";
   double irradiance_flux_cf(ground_pixel, wavelength);
     irradiance_flux_cf:units = "mol s-1 m-2 nm-1";
     irradiance_flux_cf:standard_name = "photon_spectral_irradiance";
     irradiance_flux_cf:long_name = "spectral irradiance convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
   double irradiance flux(ground pixel, wavelength);
     irradiance flux:units = "photons s-1 cm-2 nm-1":
     irradiance flux:standard name = "photon spectral irradiance";
     irradiance flux:long name = "spectral irradiance convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
   double radiance_ring_flux_cf(ground_pixel, wavelength);
     radiance_ring_flux_cf:units = "mol s-1 m-2 nm-1";
     radiance_ring_flux_cf:long_name = "Radiance Ring spectrum convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
   double radiance_ring_flux(ground_pixel, wavelength);
     radiance_ring_flux:units = "photons s-1 cm-2 nm-1";
```

```
radiance_ring_flux:long_name = "Radiance Ring spectrum convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
   double differential_ring_flux(ground_pixel, wavelength) ;
     differential ring_flux:units = "1";
     differential_ring_flux:long_name = "Differential Ring spectrum convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
 // group attributes:
     :nominal_wavelength_range = "300.0 320.0";
 } // group band 2
group: band 5 {
 dimensions:
   ground pixel = 448;
   wavelength = 7001;
 variables:
   int ground pixel(ground pixel);
     ground pixel:comment = "Binned ground pixel index";
   double wavelength(wavelength);
     wavelength:units = "nm";
     wavelength:standard name = "radiation wavelength";
     wavelength:comment = "vacuum wavelength" ;
   double irradiance_flux_cf(ground_pixel, wavelength);
     irradiance_flux_cf:units = "mol s-1 m-2 nm-1";
     irradiance flux cf:standard_name = "photon spectral irradiance";
     irradiance flux cf:long name = "spectral irradiance convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
   double irradiance flux(ground pixel, wavelength);
     irradiance flux:units = "photons s-1 cm-2 nm-1";
     irradiance flux:standard name = "photon spectral irradiance";
     irradiance flux:long_name = "spectral irradiance convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
   double radiance_ring_flux_cf(ground_pixel, wavelength);
     radiance_ring_flux_cf:units = "mol s-1 m-2 nm-1";
     radiance ring flux cf:long name = "Radiance Ring spectrum convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
   double radiance_ring_flux(ground_pixel, wavelength);
     radiance_ring_flux:units = "photons s-1 cm-2 nm-1";
     radiance ring flux:long name = "Radiance Ring spectrum convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
   double differential ring flux(ground pixel, wavelength);
     differential ring flux:units = "1";
     differential ring flux:long name = "Differential Ring spectrum convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
 // group attributes:
      :nominal_wavelength_range = "670.0 725.0";
 } // group band 5
group: band_6 {
 dimensions:
   ground_pixel = 448;
   wavelength = 7001;
  variables:
   int ground pixel(ground pixel);
     ground_pixel:comment = "Binned ground_pixel index";
   double wavelength(wavelength);
     wavelength:units = "nm";
     wavelength:standard_name = "radiation_wavelength";
     wavelength:comment = "vacuum wavelength" ;
   double irradiance flux cf(ground pixel, wavelength);
     irradiance flux cf:units = "mol s-1 m-2 nm-1";
     irradiance flux cf:standard name = "photon spectral irradiance";
     irradiance flux cf:long name = "spectral irradiance convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
   double irradiance flux(ground pixel, wavelength);
     irradiance_flux:units = "photons s-1 cm-2 nm-1";
     irradiance_flux:standard_name = "photon_spectral_irradiance";
     irradiance flux:long name = "spectral irradiance convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
   double radiance_ring_flux_cf(ground_pixel, wavelength);
     radiance_ring_flux_cf:units = "mol s-1 m-2 nm-1";
```

```
radiance ring flux cf:long name = "Radiance Ring spectrum convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
   double radiance ring flux(ground pixel, wavelength);
     radiance_ring_flux:units = "photons s-1 cm-2 nm-1";
     radiance ring flux:long name = "Radiance Ring spectrum convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
   double differential_ring_flux(ground_pixel, wavelength);
     differential ring flux:units = "1";
     differential ring flux:long_name = "Differential Ring spectrum convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
 // group attributes:
     :nominal_wavelength_range = "725.0 775.0";
 } // group band_6
group: band 3 {
 dimensions:
   ground pixel = 450:
   wavelength = 10001;
  variables:
   int ground_pixel(ground_pixel);
     ground pixel:comment = "Binned ground pixel index";
   double wavelength(wavelength);
     wavelength:units = "nm";
     wavelength:standard_name = "radiation_wavelength";
     wavelength:comment = "vacuum wavelength";
   double irradiance flux cf(ground pixel, wavelength);
     irradiance_flux_cf:units = "mol s-1 m-2 nm-1";
     irradiance flux cf:standard name = "photon spectral irradiance";
     irradiance flux cf:long name = "spectral irradiance convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
   double irradiance_flux(ground_pixel, wavelength);
     irradiance_flux:units = "photons s-1 cm-2 nm-1";
     irradiance_flux:standard_name = "photon_spectral_irradiance";
     irradiance flux:long_name = "spectral irradiance convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
   double radiance_ring_flux_cf(ground_pixel, wavelength);
     radiance_ring_flux_cf:units = "mol s-1 m-2 nm-1";
     radiance_ring_flux_cf:long_name = "Radiance Ring spectrum convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
   double radiance ring flux(ground pixel, wavelength);
     radiance ring flux:units = "photons s-1 cm-2 nm-1";
     radiance ring flux:long name = "Radiance Ring spectrum convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
   double differential_ring_flux(ground_pixel, wavelength);
     differential_ring_flux:units = "1";
     differential_ring_flux:long_name = "Differential Ring spectrum convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
 // group attributes:
     :nominal_wavelength_range = "320.0 405.0";
 } // group band 3
group: band 4 {
 dimensions:
   ground pixel = 450;
   wavelength = 11001;
 variables:
   int ground_pixel(ground_pixel);
     ground_pixel:comment = "Binned ground_pixel index";
   double wavelength(wavelength);
     wavelength:units = "nm";
     wavelength:standard name = "radiation wavelength";
     wavelength:comment = "vacuum wavelength":
   double irradiance flux cf(ground pixel, wavelength);
     irradiance flux cf:units = "mol s-1 m-2 nm-1";
     irradiance flux cf:standard_name = "photon_spectral_irradiance";
     irradiance_flux_cf:long_name = "spectral irradiance convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
   double irradiance_flux(ground_pixel, wavelength) ;
     irradiance_flux:units = "photons s-1 cm-2 nm-1";
     irradiance_flux:standard_name = "photon_spectral_irradiance" ;
```

```
irradiance_flux:long_name = "spectral irradiance convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
double radiance_ring_flux_cf(ground_pixel, wavelength);
radiance_ring_flux_cf:units = "mol s - 1 m - 2 nm - 1";
radiance_ring_flux_cf:long_name = "Radiance Ring spectrum convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
double radiance_ring_flux(ground_pixel, wavelength);
radiance_ring_flux:units = "photons s - 1 cm - 2 nm - 1";
radiance_ring_flux:long_name = "Radiance Ring spectrum convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";
double differential_ring_flux(ground_pixel, wavelength);
differential_ring_flux:units = "1";
differential_ring_flux:long_name = "Differential Ring spectrum convolved with TROPOMI slitfunction";

// group attributes:
:nominal_wavelength_range = "405.0 500.0";
} // group band_4
}
```

B.23.2 File format description of REF_XS_NO2

This semi-static input file provides the NO_2 retrieval algorithm with its reference spectra. Note that these reference spectra use "cm² molecule⁻¹" as the unit. After retrieval all output is scaled to the final results defined in G.

```
netcdf S5P_OPER_REF_XS_NO2_00000000T000000_99999999999999_20180118T134308 {
dimensions:
  wavelength = 10001;
 ground_pixel = 450;
 temperature_poly = 3;
variables:
  double wavelength(wavelength);
   wavelength:units = "nm";
   wavelength:standard_name = "radiation_wavelength";
  int ground_pixel(ground_pixel);
  double temperature_poly(temperature_poly);
   temperature_poly:units = "1";
   temperature_poly:long_name = "Exponent of the temperature polynomial";
  double H2O_vapor(ground_pixel, wavelength) ;
   H2O_vapor:units = "m2 mol-1";
   H2O_vapor:long_name = "Water vapor absorption cross sections";
   H2O vapor:comment = "sigma H2Ov(lambda j) = H2O vapor[i, j]";
   H2O_vapor:description = "simulations with DISAMAR using HITRAN 2012 H2O data,
                           H2160, H218O, H217O, HD16O";
   H2O_vapor:convolution = "Convolved with Using the NOMOPS BF2bd2-6 binning scheme (nadirBF2).
                           version 3.0.0";
   H2O_vapor:title = "H2O vapour cross section data for S5P_ NO2 processing";
   H2O_vapor:creator = "Jos van Geffen, Maarten Sneep and Johan de Haan, KNMI";
   H2O_vapor:processor_version = "0.11.0";
   H2O_vapor:multiplication_factor_to_convert_to_cm2_permolecule = 1.66054e-20;
  double NO2(ground_pixel, wavelength, temperature_poly) ;
   NO2:reference_temperature = 220.;
   NO2:units = m2 \mod -1;
   NO2:convolution = "Convolved with Using the NOMOPS BF2bd2-6 binning scheme (nadirBF2).
                     version 3.0.0";
   NO2:long_name = "Reference spectrum of NO2 for NO2 retrieval, convolved with
                   slitfunction for S5P including I0 effect";
   NO2:creator = "Jos van Geffen, Maarten Sneep and Johan de Haan, KNMI";
   NO2:processor_version = "0.11.0";
   NO2:multiplication_factor_to_convert_to_cm2_permolecule = 1.66053904042716e-20;
   NO2:title = "Measurements of the NO2 absorption cross-section from 42000 cm-1 to
                10000 cm-1 (238-1000 nm) at 220 K and 294 K";
   string NO2:authors = "Vandaele A.C., C. Hermans, P.C. Simon, M. Carleer, R. Colin, S.
                        Fally, M.F. Merienne, A. Jenouvrier, and B. Coquart";
   NO2:reference = "Measurements of the NO2 absorption cross-section from 42000 cm-1 to
```

```
10000 cm-1 (238-1000 nm) at 220 K and 294 K. J.Q.S.R.T., 59,
                   171-184 (1998) 10.1016/S0022-4073(97)00168-4";
   NO2:DOI = "10.1016/S0022-4073(97)00168-4";
   NO2:source = "http://spectrolab.aeronomie.be/data/no2c 97.txt";
   NO2:comment = "";
   NO2:contact = "Michel.VanRoozendael@aeronomie.be";
  double O3(ground_pixel, wavelength, temperature_poly);
   O3:reference_temperature = 223.;
   O3:units = m2 \mod -1;
   O3:convolution = "Convolved with Using the NOMOPS BF2bd2-6 binning scheme (nadirBF2).
                    version 3.0.0":
   O3:long_name = "Reference spectrum of O3 for NO2 retrieval, convolved with slitfunction
                  for S5P including I0 effect":
   O3:creator = "Jos van Geffen, Maarten Sneep and Johan de Haan, KNMI";
   O3:processor version = "0.11.0";
   O3:multiplication factor to convert to cm2 permolecule = 1.66053904042716e-20;
   O3:title = "High spectral resolution ozone absorption cross—sections";
   O3:authors = "Serdyuchenko A., Gorshelev V., Weber M.";
   O3:reference = "High spectral resolution ozone absorption cross-sections --
                  Part 2:Temperature dependence. Atmos. Meas. Tech., 7, 625-636, 2014
                  doi:10.5194/amt-7-625-2014";
   O3:DOI = "10.5194/amt - 7 - 625 - 2014";
   O3:source = "http://www.iup.uni-bremen.de/gruppen/molspec/databases/referencespectra/o3spectra2011/index.html";
   O3:comment = "Echelle Spectrometer ESA 4000 and Bruker HR 120 FTS, Double jacket quartz cell,
                thermo-insulated, pre-cooler, cryogenic cooling";
   O3:contact = "anserd@iup.physik.uni-bremen.de";
 double O2O2(ground pixel, wavelength);
   O2O2:units = "m5 mol - 2";
   O2O2:convolution = "Convolved with Using the NOMOPS BF2bd2-6 binning scheme (nadirBF2).
                      version 3.0.0";
   O2O2:long_name = "Reference spectrum of O2O2 for NO2 retrieval,
                    convolved with slitfunction for S5P including I0 effect";
   O2O2:creator = "Jos van Geffen, Maarten Sneep and Johan de Haan, KNMI";
   O2O2:processor version = "0.11.0":
   O2O2:multiplication_factor_to_convert_to_cm5_permolecule2 = 2.75738990478277e-38;
   O2O2:title = "UV/VIS absorption cross section of O2-O2 collision pairs";
   O2O2:authors = "Thalman, R.; Volkamer, R.";
   O2O2:reference = "Temperature Dependent Absorption Cross-Sections of O2-O2 collision pairs
                    between 340 and 630 nm at atmospherically relevant pressure.
                    Physical Chemistry Chemical Physics (2013) doi:10.1039/C3CP50968K";
   O2O2:DOI = "10.1039/C3CP50968K";
   O2O2:source = "http://www.colorado.edu/chemistry/volkamer/data/o4_Thalman_Volkamer_293K.xs";
   O2O2:comment = "The spectrum was recorded with a Acton 2300i spectrograph with a PIXIS400b CCD";
   O2O2:contact = "rainer.volkamer@colorado.edu";
 double H2O liquid(ground pixel, wavelength);
   H2O_liquid:units = "m-1";
   H2O liquid:long name = "Reference spectrum of H2O liquid for NO2 retrieval";
   H2O liquid:creator = "Jos van Geffen, Maarten Sneep and Johan de Haan, KNMI";
   H2O_liquid:processor_version = "0.11.0";
   H2O liquid:convolution = "Convolved with Using the NOMOPS BF2bd2-6 binning scheme (nadirBF2).
                            version 3.0.0";
   H2O liquid:title = "Absorption Coefficients and Standard Deviations for Pure Water as a Function of Wavelength";
   H2O_liquid:authors = "Robin M. Pope and Edward S. Fry";
   H2O_liquid:reference = "Absorption spectrum (380 -- 700 nm) of pure water.
                          II. Integrating cavity measurements.
                          Applied Optics, 36, 8710-8723 (1997) doi:10.1364/AO.36.008710";
   H2O liquid:DOI = "10.1364/AO.36.008710";
   H2O liquid:source = "https://www.osapublishing.org/ao/fulltext.cfm?uri=ao-36-33-8710&id=63107";
   H2O_liquid:comment = "Not convolved because of resolution of source data";
   H2O_liquid:contact = "";
// global attributes:
   :institution = "KNMI";
```

```
:reference = "Van Geffen, Boersma, et al., 2014";
   :validity start = "00000000T0000000";
   :validity stop = "99999999T999999";
   :version = "3.0.0";
   :creation date = "20180118T134308";
   :dataset name = "S5P REF XS NO2";
   no2c 97.txt,
            serdyuchenkogorshelev5digits.dat,
            o4 Thalman Volkamer 293K.xs,
            liquid-h2o-abs-coef.txt";
   :history = "2018-01-18T22:56:36.283814: Calculate water vapour reference spectra for NO2 retrieval
                                     by Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>
             2018-01-19T11:12:25.094638: Calculate NO2 reference spectra for NO2 retrieval
                                     by Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>
             2018-01-19T11:41:32.903197: Calculate O3 reference spectra for NO2 retrieval
                                     by Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>
             2018-01-19T12:27:53.632377: Calculate O2O2 reference spectra for NO2 retrieval
                                     by Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>
             2018-01-19T12:37:14.388416: Calculate H2O_liquid reference spectra for NO2 retrieval
                                     by Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>";
}
```

B.23.3 File format description of REF_XS_O3P

This semi-static input file provides the O₃ profile retrieval algorithms with their reference spectra.

```
netcdf S5P OPER REF XS O3P 00000000T000000 99999999T999999 20151016T120918 {
```

```
// global attributes:
   :institution = "KNMI";
   :validity_start = "00000000T0000000";
   :validity_end = "99999999T999999";
   :creation_date = "20150225T152502";
   :dataset_name = "S5P_REF_XS_O3P";
   :version = "OPER-1.0.0";
   :history = "2015-02-25T15:25:02.740156: Generated by Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>";
   :Conventions = "CF-1.6";
group: Ozone {
 dimensions:
   wavelength = 27949;
 variables:
   double absorption_cross_section_a1(wavelength);
     absorption_cross_section_a1:units = "cm2 molecule-1";
     absorption_cross_section_a1:long_name = "absorption cross section of Ozone; 1st coefficient.";
     absorption_cross_section_a1:comment = "xsection = a1 + a2*T + a3*T**2, with T in degrees Celsius.";
     absorption cross section a1:input = "O3 Brion coeff 4Temp.txt";
   double absorption cross section a2(wavelength);
     absorption_cross_section_a2:units = "cm2 molecule-1 K-1";
     absorption_cross_section_a2:long_name = "absorption cross section of Ozone; 2nd coefficient.";
     absorption_cross_section_a2:comment = "xsection = a1 + a2*T + a3*T**2, with T in degrees Celsius.";
     absorption_cross_section_a2:input = "O3_Brion_coeff_4Temp.txt";
   double absorption_cross_section_a3(wavelength);
     absorption_cross_section_a3:units = "cm2 molecule-1 K-2";
     absorption_cross_section_a3:long_name = "absorption cross section of Ozone; 3rd coefficient.";
     absorption_cross_section_a3:comment = "xsection = a1 + a2*T + a3*T**2, with T in degrees Celsius.";
     absorption cross section a3:input = "O3 Brion coeff 4Temp.txt";
   double wavelength(wavelength);
     wavelength:units = "nm";
     wavelength:standard_name = "radiation_wavelength" ;
```

```
:reference = "J. Brion, A. Chakir, D. Daumont, J. Malicet and C. Parisse:
                  High-resolution laboratory absorption cross section of O3.
                  Temperature effect, Chem. Phys. Lett., 213 (5-6), 610-512, 1993.
                  doi:10.1016/0009-2614(93)89169-I
                  J. Brion, A. Chakir, J. Charbonnier, D. Daumont, C. Parisse and J. Malicet:
                  Absorption spectra measurements for the ozone molecule in the 350-830 nm region,
                  J. Atmos. Chem., 30, 291-299, 1998. doi:10.1023/A:1006036924364
                  D. Daumont, J. Brion, J. Charbonnier and J. Malicet: Ozone UV spectroscopy I:
                  Absorption cross—sections at room temperature,
                  J. Atmos. Chem., 15, 145-155, 1992. doi: 10.1007/BF00053756
                  J. Malicet, D. Daumont, J. Charbonnier, C. Parisse, A. Chakir and J. Brion:
                  Ozone UV spectroscopy, II. Absorption cross-sections and temperature dependence,
                  J. Atmos. Chem., 21, 263-273, 1995. doi:10.1007/BF00696758";
     :comment = "Ozone absorption coefficients; polynomial expansion in temperature
                 Based on data from Brion et al. references: Brion, J., Chakir, A., Daumont,
                 D. and Malicet, J.: High-resolution laboratory absorption cross section of O3.
                 Temperature effect, Chem. Phys. Lett., 213 (5-6), 610-512, 1993.
                Brion, J., Chakir, A., Charbonnier, J., Daumont, D., Parisse, C. and Malicet, J.:
                Absorption spectra measurements for the ozone molecule in the 350-830 nm region,
                J. Atmos. Chem., 30, 291-299, 1998.
                Daumont, M., Brion, J., Charbonnier, J. and Malicet, J.: Ozone UV spectroscopy I:
                Absorption cross-sections at room temperature, J. Atmos. Chem., 15, 145-155, 1992.
                Malicet, C., Daumont, D., Charbonnier, J., Parisse, C., Chakir, A. and Brion, J.:
                Ozone UV spectroscopy, II. Absorption cross-sections and temperature dependence,
                J. Atmos. Chem., 21, 263-273, 1995.
                 Data files obtained through Xiong Liu <xliu@cfa.harvard.edu>
                 Operations done on the files:

    wavelength converted to vacuum wavelength (in nm)

                 - polynomial fit for the temperature dependence
                  TEMPERATURES USED: 218, 228, 243, and 295 K
                absorption cross section = 1.0e-20*(a0+a1*T+a2*T*T) in cm**2 / molecule
                INPUT PARAMETER VALUES WERE:
                LambdaMin = 255.000000000000
                LambdaMax = 510.010000000000
                Scale factor cross—section = 1.00000000000000E+020
                 Changed to vacuum wavelengths = T
                Index for refractive index = 1
                Number of Xsec files used = 4
                 Temperature XsecFile = 218.000000000000
                 XsecFileName = OZRS218L.ASC
                 Temperature XsecFile = 228.000000000000
                 XsecFileName = OZRS228L.ASC
                 Temperature XsecFile = 243.000000000000
                 XsecFileName = OZRS243L.ASC
                 Temperature XsecFile = 295.000000000000
                 XsecFileName = OZRS295L.ASC
                Number of header lines XsecFiles = 1
                slitType = 0 ( = Gaussian)
                FWHM = 2.0000000000000000E - 003
                END OF INPUT PARAMETERS
                255.0000 0.11259E+04 -0.10130E+00 0.17649E-02 255.0100 0.11270E+04 -0.10052E+00
0.16893E-02
                Note that scalefactor has been applied to the spectra in this file already.";
 } // group Ozone
group: Sulphurdioxide {
  dimensions:
   wavelength = 6001;
  variables:
   double absorption_cross_section_a1(wavelength);
     absorption_cross_section_a1:units = "cm2 molecule-1";
```

```
absorption_cross_section_a1:long_name = "absorption cross section of Sulphurdioxide; 1st coefficient.";
   absorption cross section a1:comment = "xsection = a1 + a2*T + a3*T**2, with T in degrees Celsius.";
   absorption cross section a1:input = "SO2 203K Bogumil deconv resampled 270-330nm.xs
                                      SO2 223K Bogumil deconv resampled 270-330nm.xs
                                      SO2 243K Bogumil deconv resampled 270-330nm.xs
                                      SO2 273K Bogumil deconv resampled 270-330nm.xs
                                      SO2 293K Bogumil deconv resampled 270-330nm.xs";
  double absorption_cross_section_a2(wavelength);
   absorption cross section a2:units = "cm2 molecule-1 K-1";
   absorption cross section a2:long name = "absorption cross section of Sulphurdioxide; 2nd coefficient.";
   absorption_cross_section_a2:comment = "xsection = a1 + a2*T + a3*T**2, with T in degrees Celsius.";
   absorption cross section a2:input = "SO2 203K Bogumil deconv resampled 270-330nm.xs
                                      SO2 223K Bogumil deconv resampled 270-330nm.xs
                                      SO2 243K Bogumil deconv resampled 270-330nm.xs
                                      SO2 273K Bogumil deconv resampled 270-330nm.xs
                                      SO2 293K Bogumil deconv resampled 270-330nm.xs";
  double absorption_cross_section_a3(wavelength);
   absorption_cross_section_a3:units = "cm2 molecule-1 K-2";
   absorption_cross_section_a3:long_name = "absorption cross section of Sulphurdioxide; 3rd coefficient.";
   absorption_cross_section_a3:comment = "xsection = a1 + a2*T + a3*T**2, with T in degrees Celsius.";
   absorption_cross_section_a3:input = "SO2_203K_Bogumil_deconv_resampled_270-330nm.xs
                                      SO2_223K_Bogumil_deconv_resampled_270-330nm.xs
                                      SO2 243K Bogumil deconv resampled 270-330nm.xs
                                      SO2 273K Bogumil deconv resampled 270-330nm.xs
                                      SO2 293K Bogumil deconv_resampled 270-330nm.xs";
  double wavelength(wavelength):
   wavelength:units = "nm";
   wavelength:standard_name = "radiation_wavelength";
// group attributes:
   :reference = "K. Bogumil, J. Orphal, T. Homann, S. Voigt, P. Spietz, O.C. Fleischmann,
                 A. Vogel, M. Hartmann, H., Bovensmann, J. Frerick, and J.P. Burrows,
                 \"Measurements of molecular absorption spectra with the SCIAMACHY
                 pre-flight model: Instrument characterization and reference data for
                 atmospheric remote sensing in the 230-2380 nm region,\"
                 J. Photochem. Photobiol. A: Chem. 157, 167-184 (2003).";
   :comment = "Obtained via Nicolas Theys and Michel van Roozendael.
               Source data is in reference attribute. Spectrum has been deconvolved
               and resampled by BIRA. Interpolation and temperature fit by
               Maarten Sneep (KNMI).";
} // group Sulphurdioxide
```

B.23.4 File format description of REF XS ALH

This semi-static input file provides the aerosol layer height retrieval algorithm with its reference spectra.

```
netcdf S5P OPER REF XS ALH 00000000T000000 99999999T999999 20151016T120003 {
dimensions:
  wavelength = 2062;
 pressure = 176;
 temperature_offset = 101;
variables:
  double cross_section_O2(pressure, temperature_offset, wavelength);
   cross_section_O2:units = "cm2 molecule-1";
   cross_section_O2:long_name = "absobrption cross section of oxygen" ;
   cross_section_O2:references = "";
  double cross_section_O2O2(pressure, temperature_offset, wavelength);
   cross_section_O2O2:long_name = "absobrption cross section of oxygen collission complex";
   cross_section_O2O2:references = "";
   cross_section_O2O2:units = "cm5 molecule-2";
  double gauss_weights(wavelength);
   gauss_weights:units = "1";
```

```
gauss_weights:long_name = "Gaussian weights for integration" ;
  double pressure(pressure) ;
    pressure:units = "hPa";
    pressure:standard_name = "air_pressure";
  double temperature(pressure, temperature offset);
    temperature:units = "K";
    temperature:standard_name = "air_temperature";
  double temperature_offset(temperature_offset);
    temperature_offset:units = "K";
    temperature_offset:long_name = "temperature offset";
  double wavelength(wavelength);
    wavelength:units = "nm";
    wavelength:standard_name = "radiation_wavelength";
// global attributes:
    :validity start = "00000000T0000000";
    :validity_stop = "999999997999999";
    :creation_date = "20141010T115825";
    :institution = "KNMI";
    :dataset_name = "S5P_REF_XS_ALH";
    :history = "2014-10-10T11:58:25.872515: Generated by Maarten Sneep <maarten.sneep@knmi.nl>";
    :Conventions = "CF-1.6";
    :source = "Spectroscopic reference database";
    :version_number_DISAMAR = "3.5.6";
    :title = "Reference absorption cross sections for the aerosol layer height
           retrieval for Sentinel 5 precursor.";
    :references = "Tran, H., C. Boulet, and J-M. Hartmann. 2006.
           \"Line mixing and collision—induced absorption by oxygen in the A band:
           laboratory measurements, model, and tools for atmospheric spectra
           computations.\" J. Geophys.Res. 111: D15210. doi: 10.1029/2005JD006869";
}
```

B.23.5 File format description of REF_XS__CO

This semi-static input file provides the CO retrieval algorithm with its reference spectra.

```
netcdf S5P_OPER_REF_XS__CO_00000000T000000_99999999999999_20161110T141306 {
```

```
// global attributes:
   :dataset_name = "S5P_OPER_REF_XS_CH4";
   :date_created = "20161110T141306";
   :validity_start = "0000000T000000";
   :validity_stop = "999999997999999";
   :institution = "SRON";
   :source = "XSDB v1.12 with as input HITRAN 2012";
   :Conventions = "CF-1.6";
group: H2O_161 {
  dimensions:
   Stringlength = 100;
   np = 45;
   nnu = 44001;
   nt_p01 = 43;
   nt_p02 = 39;
   nt_p03 = 24;
   nt_p04 = 23;
   nt_p05 = 23;
   nt p06 = 23;
   nt_p07 = 23;
   nt p08 = 22;
   nt_p09 = 21;
   nt_p10 = 21;
   nt_p11 = 20;
```

```
nt_p12 = 19;
 nt_p13 = 19;
 nt_p14 = 19;
 nt_p15 = 19;
 nt_p16 = 19;
 nt p17 = 19;
 nt p18 = 20;
 nt_p19 = 20;
 nt_p20 = 21;
 nt p21 = 22;
 nt_p22 = 23;
 nt_p23 = 24;
 nt_p24 = 25;
 nt p25 = 27;
 nt_p26 = 27;
 nt p27 = 27;
 nt p28 = 27;
 nt_p29 = 28;
 nt_p30 = 28;
 nt_p31 = 29;
 nt_p32 = 29;
 nt_p33 = 30;
 nt_p34 = 30;
 nt p35 = 30;
 nt_p36 = 30;
 nt_p37 = 31;
 nt p38 = 31;
 nt_p39 = 31;
 nt_p40 = 32;
 nt_p41 = 33;
 nt p42 = 33;
 nt_p43 = 33;
 nt p44 = 33;
 nt p45 = 33;
variables:
 int Molecule:
   Molecule:long name = "HITRAN ID of molecule";
 char Isotopes(Stringlength);
   Isotopes:long_name = "ID of isotopes included";
 char Spectroscopy(Stringlength);
   Spectroscopy:long_name = "Spectroscopy input file" ;
 char Lineshape(Stringlength) ;
   Lineshape:long_name = "Line shape";
 char Algorithm(Stringlength);
   Algorithm:long_name = "Algorithm";
 float Pressure(np);
   Pressure:units = "mbar";
 float Tlow(np);
   Tlow:units = "K";
 float Thigh(np);
   Thigh:units = "K";
 float dT;
   dT:units = "K";
 double nu(nnu);
   nu:units = "1/cm";
 float cross_p01(nnu, nt_p01);
   cross_p01:units = "cm^2";
 float cross p02(nnu, nt p02);
   cross_p02:units = "cm^2";
 float cross p03(nnu, nt p03);
   cross_p03:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p04(nnu, nt_p04);
   cross_p04:units = "cm^2";
```

```
float cross_p05(nnu, nt_p05);
 cross_p05:units = "cm^2";
float cross p06(nnu, nt p06);
 cross_p06:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p07(nnu, nt_p07);
 cross p07:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p08(nnu, nt_p08);
 cross_p08:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p09(nnu, nt_p09);
 cross_p09:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p10(nnu, nt_p10);
 cross_p10:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p11(nnu, nt_p11);
 cross p11:units = "cm^2";
float cross p12(nnu, nt p12);
 cross p12:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p13(nnu, nt_p13);
 cross_p13:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p14(nnu, nt_p14);
 cross_p14:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p15(nnu, nt_p15);
 cross_p15:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p16(nnu, nt_p16);
 cross_p16:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p17(nnu, nt_p17);
 cross_p17:units = "cm^2";
float cross p18(nnu, nt p18);
 cross_p18:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p19(nnu, nt_p19);
 cross_p19:units = "cm^2";
float cross p20(nnu, nt p20);
 cross_p20:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p21(nnu, nt_p21);
 cross_p21:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p22(nnu, nt_p22);
 cross_p22:units = "cm^2";
float cross p23(nnu, nt p23);
 cross_p23:units = "cm^2";
float cross p24(nnu, nt p24);
 cross_p24:units = "cm^2";
float cross p25(nnu, nt p25);
 cross_p25:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p26(nnu, nt_p26);
 cross_p26:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p27(nnu, nt_p27);
 cross_p27:units = "cm^2";
float cross p28(nnu, nt p28);
 cross p28:units = "cm^2";
float cross p29(nnu, nt p29);
 cross_p29:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p30(nnu, nt_p30);
 cross_p30:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p31(nnu, nt_p31);
 cross_p31:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p32(nnu, nt_p32);
 cross p32:units = "cm^2";
float cross p33(nnu, nt p33);
 cross p33:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p34(nnu, nt_p34);
 cross_p34:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p35(nnu, nt_p35);
 cross_p35:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p36(nnu, nt_p36);
```

```
cross_p36:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p37(nnu, nt_p37);
     cross_p37:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p38(nnu, nt p38);
     cross_p38:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p39(nnu, nt p39);
     cross_p39:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p40(nnu, nt_p40);
     cross_p40:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p41(nnu, nt_p41);
     cross_p41:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p42(nnu, nt_p42);
     cross_p42:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p43(nnu, nt p43);
     cross_p43:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p44(nnu, nt_p44);
     cross_p44:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p45(nnu, nt_p45);
     cross_p45:units = "cm^2";
 } // group H2O_161
group: H2O_162 {
 dimensions:
   Stringlength = 100;
   np = 45:
   nnu = 44001;
   nt p01 = 43;
   nt p02 = 39;
   nt_p03 = 24;
   nt_p04 = 23;
   nt p05 = 23;
   nt_p06 = 23;
   nt p07 = 23;
   nt p08 = 22;
   nt p09 = 21;
   nt p10 = 21;
   nt p11 = 20;
   nt p12 = 19;
   nt_p13 = 19;
   nt_p14 = 19;
   nt_p15 = 19;
   nt_p16 = 19;
   nt_p17 = 19;
   nt_p18 = 20;
   nt_p19 = 20;
   nt_p20 = 21;
   nt p21 = 22;
   nt_p22 = 23;
   nt p23 = 24;
   nt_p24 = 25;
   nt_p25 = 27;
   nt_p26 = 27;
   nt_p27 = 27;
   nt_p28 = 27;
   nt_p29 = 28;
   nt p30 = 28;
   nt p31 = 29;
   nt p32 = 29;
   nt p33 = 30;
   nt_p34 = 30;
   nt_p35 = 30;
   nt_p36 = 30;
```

 $nt_p37 = 31$;

```
nt_p38 = 31;
 nt_p39 = 31;
 nt p40 = 32;
 nt p41 = 33;
 nt p42 = 33:
 nt p43 = 33;
 nt p44 = 33;
 nt_p45 = 33;
variables:
 int Molecule:
   Molecule:long_name = "HITRAN ID of molecule";
 char Isotopes(Stringlength) ;
   Isotopes:long_name = "ID of isotopes included";
 char Spectroscopy(Stringlength);
   Spectroscopy:long_name = "Spectroscopy input file";
 char Lineshape(Stringlength);
   Lineshape:long_name = "Line shape";
 char Algorithm(Stringlength);
   Algorithm:long_name = "Algorithm";
 float Pressure(np);
   Pressure:units = "mbar";
 float Tlow(np) ;
   Tlow:units = "K";
 float Thigh(np);
   Thigh:units = "K";
 float dT:
   dT:units = "K";
 double nu(nnu);
   nu:units = "1/cm";
 float cross_p01(nnu, nt_p01);
   cross_p01:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p02(nnu, nt_p02);
   cross_p02:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p03(nnu, nt_p03);
   cross p03:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p04(nnu, nt_p04);
   cross p04:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p05(nnu, nt_p05);
   cross_p05:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p06(nnu, nt_p06);
   cross_p06:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p07(nnu, nt_p07);
   cross_p07:units = "cm^2";
 float cross p08(nnu, nt p08);
   cross_p08:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p09(nnu, nt_p09);
   cross_p09:units = "cm^2";
 float cross p10(nnu, nt p10);
   cross_p10:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p11(nnu, nt_p11);
   cross_p11:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p12(nnu, nt_p12);
   cross_p12:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p13(nnu, nt_p13);
   cross_p13:units = "cm^2";
 float cross p14(nnu, nt p14);
   cross p14:units = "cm^2";
 float cross p15(nnu, nt p15);
   cross_p15:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p16(nnu, nt_p16);
   cross_p16:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p17(nnu, nt_p17);
   cross_p17:units = "cm^2";
```

```
float cross_p18(nnu, nt_p18);
     cross_p18:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p19(nnu, nt p19);
     cross_p19:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p20(nnu, nt_p20);
     cross p20:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p21(nnu, nt p21);
     cross_p21:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p22(nnu, nt_p22);
     cross_p22:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p23(nnu, nt_p23);
     cross_p23:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p24(nnu, nt p24);
     cross p24:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p25(nnu, nt p25);
     cross p25:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p26(nnu, nt_p26);
     cross_p26:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p27(nnu, nt_p27);
     cross_p27:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p28(nnu, nt_p28);
     cross_p28:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p29(nnu, nt p29);
     cross_p29:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p30(nnu, nt_p30);
     cross_p30:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p31(nnu, nt p31);
     cross_p31:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p32(nnu, nt_p32);
     cross_p32:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p33(nnu, nt_p33);
     cross_p33:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p34(nnu, nt_p34);
     cross_p34:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p35(nnu, nt_p35);
     cross_p35:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p36(nnu, nt p36);
     cross_p36:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p37(nnu, nt_p37);
     cross_p37:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p38(nnu, nt_p38);
     cross_p38:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p39(nnu, nt_p39);
     cross_p39:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p40(nnu, nt_p40);
     cross_p40:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p41(nnu, nt_p41);
     cross p41:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p42(nnu, nt_p42);
     cross_p42:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p43(nnu, nt_p43);
     cross_p43:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p44(nnu, nt_p44);
     cross_p44:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p45(nnu, nt_p45);
     cross p45:units = "cm^2";
 } // group H2O_162
group: CO {
 dimensions:
   Stringlength = 100;
   np = 45;
   nnu = 44001;
```

```
nt_p01 = 43;
 nt_p02 = 39;
 nt_p03 = 24;
 nt_p04 = 23;
 nt_p05 = 23;
 nt p06 = 23;
 nt_p07 = 23;
 nt_p08 = 22;
 nt_p09 = 21;
 nt_p10 = 21;
 nt_p11 = 20;
 nt_p12 = 19;
 nt p13 = 19;
 nt p14 = 19;
 nt p15 = 19;
 nt p16 = 19;
 nt_p17 = 19;
 nt_p18 = 20;
 nt_p19 = 20;
 nt_p20 = 21;
 nt_p21 = 22;
 nt_p22 = 23;
 nt_{p23} = 24;
 nt p24 = 25;
 nt_p25 = 27;
 nt p26 = 27:
 nt p27 = 27;
 nt_p28 = 27;
 nt_p29 = 28;
 nt_p30 = 28;
 nt_p31 = 29;
 nt_p32 = 29;
 nt_p33 = 30;
 nt p34 = 30;
 nt p35 = 30;
 nt p36 = 30;
 nt p37 = 31;
 nt p38 = 31;
 nt p39 = 31;
 nt_p40 = 32;
 nt_p41 = 33;
 nt_p42 = 33;
 nt_p43 = 33;
 nt_p44 = 33;
 nt p45 = 33;
variables:
 int Molecule:
   Molecule:long name = "HITRAN ID of molecule";
 char Isotopes(Stringlength);
   Isotopes:long_name = "ID of isotopes included" ;
 char Spectroscopy(Stringlength);
   Spectroscopy:long_name = "Spectroscopy input file" ;
 char Lineshape(Stringlength);
   Lineshape:long_name = "Line shape";
 char Algorithm(Stringlength) ;
   Algorithm:long_name = "Algorithm";
 float Pressure(np);
   Pressure:units = "mbar";
 float Tlow(np);
   Tlow:units = "K";
 float Thigh(np) ;
   Thigh:units = "K";
 float dT;
```

```
dT:units = "K";
double nu(nnu);
 nu:units = "1/cm";
float cross_p01(nnu, nt_p01);
 cross p01:units = "cm^2";
float cross p02(nnu, nt p02);
 cross_p02:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p03(nnu, nt_p03);
 cross_p03:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p04(nnu, nt_p04);
 cross_p04:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p05(nnu, nt_p05);
 cross_p05:units = "cm^2";
float cross p06(nnu, nt p06);
 cross p06:units = "cm^2";
float cross p07(nnu, nt p07);
 cross_p07:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p08(nnu, nt_p08);
 cross_p08:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p09(nnu, nt_p09);
 cross_p09:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p10(nnu, nt_p10);
 cross_p10:units = "cm^2";
float cross p11(nnu, nt p11);
 cross_p11:units = "cm^2";
float cross p12(nnu, nt p12);
 cross_p12:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p13(nnu, nt_p13);
 cross_p13:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p14(nnu, nt_p14);
 cross_p14:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p15(nnu, nt_p15);
 cross_p15:units = "cm^2";
float cross p16(nnu, nt p16);
 cross p16:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p17(nnu, nt_p17);
 cross p17:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p18(nnu, nt_p18);
 cross_p18:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p19(nnu, nt_p19);
 cross_p19:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p20(nnu, nt_p20);
 cross_p20:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p21(nnu, nt_p21);
 cross p21:units = "cm^2";
float cross p22(nnu, nt p22);
 cross p22:units = "cm^2";
float cross p23(nnu, nt p23);
 cross_p23:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p24(nnu, nt_p24);
 cross_p24:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p25(nnu, nt_p25);
 cross_p25:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p26(nnu, nt_p26);
 cross p26:units = "cm^2";
float cross p27(nnu, nt p27);
 cross p27:units = "cm^2";
float cross p28(nnu, nt p28);
 cross_p28:units = "cm^2";
float cross p29(nnu, nt p29);
 cross_p29:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p30(nnu, nt_p30);
 cross_p30:units = "cm^2";
```

```
float cross_p31(nnu, nt_p31);
     cross_p31:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p32(nnu, nt p32);
     cross_p32:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p33(nnu, nt p33);
     cross p33:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p34(nnu, nt_p34);
     cross_p34:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p35(nnu, nt_p35);
     cross_p35:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p36(nnu, nt_p36);
     cross_p36:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p37(nnu, nt p37);
     cross p37:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p38(nnu, nt p38);
     cross p38:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p39(nnu, nt_p39);
     cross_p39:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p40(nnu, nt_p40);
     cross_p40:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p41(nnu, nt_p41);
     cross_p41:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p42(nnu, nt p42);
     cross_p42:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p43(nnu, nt p43);
     cross_p43:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p44(nnu, nt p44);
     cross_p44:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p45(nnu, nt_p45);
     cross_p45:units = "cm^2";
 } // group CO
group: CH4 {
 dimensions:
   Stringlength = 100;
   np = 45:
   nnu = 44001;
   nt_p01 = 43;
   nt p02 = 39;
   nt_p03 = 24;
   nt_p04 = 23;
   nt_p05 = 23;
   nt_p06 = 23;
   nt_p07 = 23;
   nt_p08 = 22;
   nt_p09 = 21;
   nt_p10 = 21;
   nt p11 = 20;
   nt p12 = 19;
   nt_p13 = 19;
   nt_p14 = 19;
   nt_p15 = 19;
   nt_p16 = 19;
   nt_p17 = 19;
   nt_p18 = 20;
   nt p19 = 20;
   nt_p20 = 21;
   nt p21 = 22;
   nt p22 = 23;
   nt p23 = 24;
   nt_p24 = 25;
   nt_p25 = 27;
   nt_p26 = 27;
```

```
nt_p27 = 27;
 nt_p28 = 27;
 nt p29 = 28;
 nt_p30 = 28;
 nt_p31 = 29;
 nt p32 = 29;
 nt p33 = 30;
 nt_p34 = 30;
 nt_p35 = 30;
 nt_p36 = 30;
 nt_p37 = 31;
 nt_p38 = 31;
 nt_p39 = 31;
 nt p40 = 32;
 nt p41 = 33;
 nt p42 = 33;
 nt p43 = 33;
 nt p44 = 33;
 nt_p45 = 33;
variables:
 int Molecule;
   Molecule:long_name = "HITRAN ID of molecule";
 char Isotopes(Stringlength);
   Isotopes:long_name = "ID of isotopes included" ;
 char Spectroscopy(Stringlength);
   Spectroscopy:long_name = "Spectroscopy input file";
 char Lineshape(Stringlength);
   Lineshape:long_name = "Line shape";
 char Algorithm(Stringlength);
   Algorithm:long_name = "Algorithm";
 float Pressure(np);
   Pressure:units = "mbar";
 float Tlow(np);
   Tlow:units = "K";
 float Thigh(np) ;
   Thigh:units = "K";
 float dT;
   dT:units = "K";
 double nu(nnu);
   nu:units = "1/cm";
 float cross_p01(nnu, nt_p01);
   cross_p01:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p02(nnu, nt_p02);
   cross_p02:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p03(nnu, nt_p03);
   cross_p03:units = "cm^2";
 float cross p04(nnu, nt p04);
   cross p04:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p05(nnu, nt_p05);
   cross_p05:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p06(nnu, nt_p06);
   cross_p06:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p07(nnu, nt_p07);
   cross_p07:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p08(nnu, nt_p08);
   cross p08:units = "cm^2";
 float cross p09(nnu, nt p09);
   cross p09:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p10(nnu, nt_p10);
   cross_p10:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p11(nnu, nt_p11);
   cross_p11:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p12(nnu, nt_p12);
```

```
cross p12:units = "cm^2";
float cross p13(nnu, nt p13);
 cross p13:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p14(nnu, nt_p14);
 cross p14:units = "cm^2";
float cross p15(nnu, nt p15);
 cross_p15:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p16(nnu, nt_p16);
 cross_p16:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p17(nnu, nt_p17);
 cross_p17:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p18(nnu, nt_p18);
 cross_p18:units = "cm^2";
float cross p19(nnu, nt p19);
 cross p19:units = "cm^2";
float cross p20(nnu, nt p20);
 cross_p20:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p21(nnu, nt_p21);
 cross_p21:units = "cm^2";
float cross p22(nnu, nt p22);
 cross_p22:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p23(nnu, nt_p23);
 cross_p23:units = "cm^2";
float cross p24(nnu, nt p24);
 cross_p24:units = "cm^2";
float cross p25(nnu, nt p25);
 cross p25:units = "cm^2";
float cross p26(nnu, nt p26);
 cross_p26:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p27(nnu, nt_p27);
 cross_p27:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p28(nnu, nt_p28);
 cross_p28:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p29(nnu, nt_p29);
 cross p29:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p30(nnu, nt_p30);
 cross p30:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p31(nnu, nt_p31);
 cross_p31:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p32(nnu, nt_p32);
 cross_p32:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p33(nnu, nt_p33);
 cross_p33:units = "cm^2";
float cross p34(nnu, nt p34);
 cross p34:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p35(nnu, nt_p35);
 cross p35:units = "cm^2";
float cross p36(nnu, nt p36);
 cross_p36:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p37(nnu, nt_p37);
 cross_p37:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p38(nnu, nt_p38);
 cross_p38:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p39(nnu, nt_p39);
 cross_p39:units = "cm^2";
float cross p40(nnu, nt p40);
 cross p40:units = "cm^2";
float cross p41(nnu, nt p41);
 cross_p41:units = "cm^2";
float cross p42(nnu, nt p42);
 cross_p42:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p43(nnu, nt_p43);
 cross_p43:units = "cm^2";
```

```
float cross_p44(nnu, nt_p44);
    cross_p44:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p45(nnu, nt_p45);
    cross_p45:units = "cm^2";
} // group CH4
```

B.23.6 File format description of REF_XS_CH4

This semi-static input file provides the CH₄ retrieval algorithm with its reference spectra.

netcdf S5P_OPER_REF_XS_CH4_00000000T000000_9999999999999999999920161102T125329 {

```
// global attributes:
    :dataset_name = "S5P_OPER_REF_XS_CH4";
    :date_created = "20161102T125329";
    :validity_start = "0000000T000000";
    :validity_stop = "999999997999999";
    :institution = "SRON";
    :source = "XSDB v1.12 with as input HITRAN 2012";
    :Conventions = "CF-1.6";
group: O2 {
  dimensions:
    Stringlength = 100;
   np = 45;
   nnu = 192001;
   nt_p01 = 41;
    nt p02 = 26;
    nt_p03 = 24;
    nt_p04 = 23;
    nt_p05 = 23;
    nt_p06 = 23;
   nt_p07 = 23;
   nt_p08 = 22;
   nt_p09 = 21;
   nt_p10 = 21;
   nt_p11 = 20;
   nt_p12 = 19;
    nt p13 = 19;
   nt_p14 = 19;
   nt_p15 = 19;
   nt_p16 = 19;
   nt_p17 = 19;
   nt_p18 = 20;
   nt_p19 = 20;
   nt_p20 = 21;
   nt p21 = 22;
   nt p22 = 23;
    nt p23 = 24;
    nt_p24 = 25;
    nt_p25 = 27;
    nt_p26 = 27;
    nt_p27 = 27;
    nt_p28 = 27;
    nt_p29 = 28;
    nt_p30 = 28;
    nt_p31 = 29;
   nt_p32 = 29;
   nt_p33 = 30;
   nt_p34 = 30;
    nt_p35 = 30;
    nt_p36 = 30;
```

```
nt_p37 = 31;
 nt_p38 = 31;
 nt p39 = 31;
 nt_p40 = 32;
 nt p41 = 33:
 nt p42 = 33;
 nt p43 = 33;
 nt_p44 = 33;
 nt_p45 = 33;
variables:
 int Molecule;
   Molecule:long_name = "HITRAN ID of molecule";
 char Isotopes(Stringlength):
   Isotopes:long name = "ID of isotopes included";
 char Spectroscopy(Stringlength) ;
   Spectroscopy:long name = "Spectroscopy input file";
 char Lineshape(Stringlength);
   Lineshape:long_name = "Line shape";
 char Algorithm(Stringlength);
   Algorithm:long_name = "Algorithm";
 float Pressure(np);
   Pressure:units = "mbar";
 float Tlow(np);
   Tlow:units = "K";
 float Thigh(np) ;
   Thigh:units = "K";
 float dT;
   dT:units = "K";
 double nu(nnu);
   nu:units = "1/cm";
 float cross_p01(nnu, nt_p01);
   cross_p01:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p02(nnu, nt_p02);
   cross_p02:units = "cm^2";
 float cross p03(nnu, nt p03);
   cross_p03:units = "cm^2";
 float cross p04(nnu, nt p04);
   cross_p04:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p05(nnu, nt_p05);
   cross_p05:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p06(nnu, nt_p06);
   cross_p06:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p07(nnu, nt_p07);
   cross_p07:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p08(nnu, nt_p08);
   cross_p08:units = "cm^2";
 float cross p09(nnu, nt p09);
   cross p09:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p10(nnu, nt_p10);
   cross_p10:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p11(nnu, nt_p11);
   cross_p11:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p12(nnu, nt_p12);
   cross_p12:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p13(nnu, nt_p13);
   cross p13:units = "cm^2";
 float cross p14(nnu, nt p14);
   cross p14:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p15(nnu, nt_p15);
   cross_p15:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p16(nnu, nt_p16);
   cross_p16:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p17(nnu, nt_p17);
```

```
cross_p17:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p18(nnu, nt p18);
     cross p18:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p19(nnu, nt_p19);
     cross p19:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p20(nnu, nt p20);
     cross_p20:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p21(nnu, nt_p21);
     cross_p21:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p22(nnu, nt_p22);
     cross_p22:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p23(nnu, nt_p23);
     cross_p23:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p24(nnu, nt p24);
     cross p24:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p25(nnu, nt p25);
     cross_p25:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p26(nnu, nt_p26);
     cross_p26:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p27(nnu, nt p27);
     cross_p27:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p28(nnu, nt_p28);
     cross_p28:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p29(nnu, nt p29);
     cross_p29:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p30(nnu, nt p30);
     cross_p30:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p31(nnu, nt_p31);
     cross_p31:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p32(nnu, nt_p32);
     cross_p32:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p33(nnu, nt_p33);
     cross_p33:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p34(nnu, nt_p34);
     cross p34:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p35(nnu, nt_p35);
     cross p35:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p36(nnu, nt_p36);
     cross_p36:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p37(nnu, nt_p37);
     cross_p37:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p38(nnu, nt_p38);
     cross_p38:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p39(nnu, nt p39);
     cross p39:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p40(nnu, nt_p40);
     cross p40:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p41(nnu, nt p41);
     cross_p41:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p42(nnu, nt_p42);
     cross_p42:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p43(nnu, nt_p43);
     cross_p43:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p44(nnu, nt_p44);
     cross_p44:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p45(nnu, nt p45);
     cross_p45:units = "cm^2";
 } // group O2
group: H2O {
  dimensions:
   Stringlength = 100;
   np = 45;
```

```
nnu = 44001;
 nt_p01 = 43;
 nt_p02 = 39;
 nt_p03 = 24;
 nt_p04 = 23;
 nt p05 = 23;
 nt_p06 = 23;
 nt_p07 = 23;
 nt_p08 = 22;
 nt_p09 = 21;
 nt_p10 = 21;
 nt_p11 = 20;
 nt p12 = 19;
 nt p13 = 19;
 nt p14 = 19;
 nt p15 = 19;
 nt p16 = 19;
 nt_p17 = 19;
 nt_p18 = 20;
 nt_p19 = 20;
 nt_p20 = 21;
 nt_p21 = 22;
 nt p22 = 23;
 nt p23 = 24;
 nt_p24 = 25;
 nt_p25 = 27;
 nt p26 = 27;
 nt_p27 = 27;
 nt_p28 = 27;
 nt_p29 = 28;
 nt_p30 = 28;
 nt_p31 = 29;
 nt_p32 = 29;
 nt p33 = 30;
 nt p34 = 30;
 nt p35 = 30;
 nt p36 = 30;
 nt_p37 = 31;
 nt p38 = 31;
 nt_p39 = 31;
 nt_p40 = 32;
 nt_p41 = 33;
 nt_p42 = 33;
 nt_p43 = 33;
 nt_p44 = 33;
 nt p45 = 33;
variables:
 int Molecule;
   Molecule:long_name = "HITRAN ID of molecule";
 char Isotopes(Stringlength);
   Isotopes:long_name = "ID of isotopes included" ;
 char Spectroscopy(Stringlength);
   Spectroscopy:long_name = "Spectroscopy input file" ;
 char Lineshape(Stringlength);
   Lineshape:long_name = "Line shape";
 char Algorithm(Stringlength);
   Algorithm:long_name = "Algorithm";
 float Pressure(np);
   Pressure:units = "mbar";
 float Tlow(np);
   Tlow:units = "K";
 float Thigh(np) ;
   Thigh:units = "K";
```

```
float dT;
 dT:units = "K";
double nu(nnu);
 nu:units = "1/cm";
float cross_p01(nnu, nt_p01);
 cross p01:units = "cm^2";
float cross p02(nnu, nt p02);
 cross_p02:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p03(nnu, nt_p03);
 cross_p03:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p04(nnu, nt_p04);
 cross_p04:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p05(nnu, nt_p05);
 cross p05:units = "cm^2";
float cross p06(nnu, nt p06);
 cross p06:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p07(nnu, nt_p07);
 cross_p07:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p08(nnu, nt_p08);
 cross_p08:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p09(nnu, nt_p09);
 cross_p09:units = "cm^2";
float cross p10(nnu, nt p10);
 cross_p10:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p11(nnu, nt_p11);
 cross_p11:units = "cm^2";
float cross p12(nnu, nt p12);
 cross_p12:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p13(nnu, nt_p13);
 cross_p13:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p14(nnu, nt_p14);
 cross_p14:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p15(nnu, nt_p15);
 cross_p15:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p16(nnu, nt_p16);
 cross_p16:units = "cm^2";
float cross p17(nnu, nt p17);
 cross_p17:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p18(nnu, nt_p18);
 cross_p18:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p19(nnu, nt_p19);
 cross_p19:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p20(nnu, nt_p20);
 cross_p20:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p21(nnu, nt_p21);
 cross_p21:units = "cm^2";
float cross p22(nnu, nt p22);
 cross p22:units = "cm^2";
float cross p23(nnu, nt p23);
 cross_p23:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p24(nnu, nt_p24);
 cross_p24:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p25(nnu, nt_p25);
 cross_p25:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p26(nnu, nt_p26);
 cross p26:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p27(nnu, nt_p27);
 cross p27:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p28(nnu, nt_p28);
 cross_p28:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p29(nnu, nt_p29);
 cross_p29:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p30(nnu, nt_p30);
```

```
cross_p30:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p31(nnu, nt p31);
     cross_p31:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p32(nnu, nt p32);
     cross p32:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p33(nnu, nt p33);
     cross_p33:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p34(nnu, nt_p34);
     cross_p34:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p35(nnu, nt_p35);
     cross_p35:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p36(nnu, nt_p36);
     cross_p36:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p37(nnu, nt p37);
     cross_p37:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p38(nnu, nt_p38);
     cross_p38:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p39(nnu, nt_p39);
     cross_p39:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p40(nnu, nt_p40);
     cross_p40:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p41(nnu, nt_p41);
     cross_p41:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p42(nnu, nt p42);
     cross_p42:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p43(nnu, nt_p43);
     cross_p43:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p44(nnu, nt_p44);
     cross_p44:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p45(nnu, nt_p45);
     cross_p45:units = "cm^2";
 } // group H2O
group: CO {
 dimensions:
   Stringlength = 100;
   np = 45;
   nnu = 44001;
   nt_p01 = 43;
   nt_p02 = 39;
   nt_p03 = 24;
   nt_p04 = 23;
   nt_p05 = 23;
   nt_p06 = 23;
   nt_p07 = 23;
   nt p08 = 22;
   nt_p09 = 21;
   nt p10 = 21;
   nt_p11 = 20;
   nt_p12 = 19;
   nt_p13 = 19;
   nt_p14 = 19;
   nt_p15 = 19;
   nt_p16 = 19;
   nt_p17 = 19;
   nt_p18 = 20;
   nt_p19 = 20;
   nt p20 = 21;
   nt p21 = 22;
   nt p22 = 23;
   nt_p23 = 24;
   nt_p24 = 25;
   nt_p25 = 27;
```

```
nt_p26 = 27;
 nt_p27 = 27;
 nt p28 = 27;
 nt p29 = 28;
 nt p30 = 28:
 nt p31 = 29;
 nt p32 = 29;
 nt_p33 = 30;
 nt_p34 = 30;
 nt_p35 = 30;
 nt_p36 = 30;
 nt_p37 = 31;
 nt_p38 = 31;
 nt p39 = 31;
 nt p40 = 32;
 nt p41 = 33;
 nt p42 = 33;
 nt_p43 = 33;
 nt_p44 = 33;
 nt_p45 = 33;
variables:
 int Molecule:
   Molecule:long_name = "HITRAN ID of molecule";
 char Isotopes(Stringlength) ;
   Isotopes:long_name = "ID of isotopes included";
 char Spectroscopy(Stringlength) ;
   Spectroscopy:long name = "Spectroscopy input file";
 char Lineshape(Stringlength);
   Lineshape:long_name = "Line shape";
 char Algorithm(Stringlength);
   Algorithm:long_name = "Algorithm";
 float Pressure(np);
   Pressure:units = "mbar";
 float Tlow(np) ;
   Tlow:units = "K";
 float Thigh(np) ;
   Thigh:units = "K";
 float dT;
   dT:units = "K";
 double nu(nnu);
   nu:units = "1/cm";
 float cross_p01(nnu, nt_p01);
   cross_p01:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p02(nnu, nt_p02);
   cross_p02:units = "cm^2";
 float cross p03(nnu, nt p03);
   cross_p03:units = "cm^2";
 float cross p04(nnu, nt p04);
   cross_p04:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p05(nnu, nt_p05);
   cross_p05:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p06(nnu, nt_p06);
   cross_p06:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p07(nnu, nt_p07);
   cross_p07:units = "cm^2";
 float cross p08(nnu, nt p08);
   cross_p08:units = "cm^2";
 float cross p09(nnu, nt p09);
   cross_p09:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p10(nnu, nt_p10);
   cross_p10:units = "cm^2";
 float cross_p11(nnu, nt_p11);
   cross_p11:units = "cm^2";
```

```
float cross_p12(nnu, nt_p12);
 cross_p12:units = "cm^2";
float cross p13(nnu, nt p13);
 cross_p13:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p14(nnu, nt_p14);
 cross p14:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p15(nnu, nt_p15);
 cross_p15:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p16(nnu, nt_p16);
 cross_p16:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p17(nnu, nt_p17);
 cross_p17:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p18(nnu, nt_p18);
 cross p18:units = "cm^2";
float cross p19(nnu, nt p19);
 cross p19:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p20(nnu, nt_p20);
 cross_p20:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p21(nnu, nt_p21);
 cross_p21:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p22(nnu, nt_p22);
 cross_p22:units = "cm^2";
float cross p23(nnu, nt p23);
 cross_p23:units = "cm^2";
float cross p24(nnu, nt p24);
 cross p24:units = "cm^2";
float cross p25(nnu, nt p25);
 cross_p25:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p26(nnu, nt_p26);
 cross_p26:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p27(nnu, nt_p27);
 cross_p27:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p28(nnu, nt_p28);
 cross_p28:units = "cm^2";
float cross p29(nnu, nt p29);
 cross_p29:units = "cm^2";
float cross p30(nnu, nt p30);
 cross_p30:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p31(nnu, nt_p31);
 cross_p31:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p32(nnu, nt_p32);
 cross_p32:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p33(nnu, nt_p33);
 cross_p33:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p34(nnu, nt_p34);
 cross_p34:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p35(nnu, nt_p35);
 cross p35:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p36(nnu, nt_p36);
 cross_p36:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p37(nnu, nt_p37);
 cross_p37:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p38(nnu, nt_p38);
 cross_p38:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p39(nnu, nt_p39);
 cross p39:units = "cm^2";
float cross p40(nnu, nt p40);
 cross p40:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p41(nnu, nt_p41);
 cross_p41:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p42(nnu, nt_p42);
 cross_p42:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p43(nnu, nt_p43);
```

```
cross_p43:units = "cm^2";
   float cross_p44(nnu, nt_p44);
     cross_p44:units = "cm^2";
   float cross p45(nnu, nt p45);
     cross_p45:units = "cm^2";
 } // group CO
group: CH4 {
 dimensions:
   Stringlength = 100;
   np = 45;
   nnu = 44001 ;
   nt_p01 = 43;
   nt p02 = 39;
   nt p03 = 24;
   nt p04 = 23;
   nt_p05 = 23;
   nt_p06 = 23;
   nt_p07 = 23;
   nt_p08 = 22;
   nt_p09 = 21;
   nt_p10 = 21;
   nt_p11 = 20;
   nt_p12 = 19;
   nt_p13 = 19;
   nt p14 = 19;
   nt p15 = 19;
   nt_p16 = 19;
   nt_p17 = 19;
   nt_p18 = 20;
   nt_p19 = 20;
   nt_p20 = 21;
   nt p21 = 22;
   nt_p22 = 23;
   nt p23 = 24;
   nt p24 = 25;
   nt p25 = 27;
   nt p26 = 27;
   nt_p27 = 27;
   nt_p28 = 27;
   nt_p29 = 28;
   nt_p30 = 28;
   nt_p31 = 29;
   nt_p32 = 29;
   nt_p33 = 30;
   nt p34 = 30;
   nt p35 = 30;
   nt_p36 = 30;
   nt_p37 = 31;
   nt_p38 = 31;
   nt_p39 = 31;
   nt_p40 = 32;
   nt_p41 = 33;
   nt_p42 = 33;
   nt_p43 = 33;
   nt_p44 = 33;
   nt p45 = 33;
 variables:
   int Molecule;
     Molecule:long_name = "HITRAN ID of molecule";
   char Isotopes(Stringlength);
     Isotopes:long_name = "ID of isotopes included";
   char Spectroscopy(Stringlength) ;
```

```
Spectroscopy:long_name = "Spectroscopy input file" ;
char Lineshape(Stringlength);
 Lineshape:long name = "Line shape";
char Algorithm(Stringlength);
 Algorithm:long name = "Algorithm";
float Pressure(np);
 Pressure:units = "mbar";
float Tlow(np) ;
 Tlow:units = "K";
float Thigh(np);
 Thigh:units = "K";
float dT:
 dT:units = "K";
double nu(nnu);
 nu:units = "1/cm";
float cross p01(nnu, nt p01);
 cross_p01:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p02(nnu, nt_p02);
 cross_p02:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p03(nnu, nt_p03);
 cross_p03:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p04(nnu, nt_p04);
 cross_p04:units = "cm^2";
float cross p05(nnu, nt p05);
 cross_p05:units = "cm^2";
float cross p06(nnu, nt p06);
 cross_p06:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p07(nnu, nt_p07);
 cross_p07:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p08(nnu, nt_p08);
 cross_p08:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p09(nnu, nt_p09);
 cross_p09:units = "cm^2";
float cross p10(nnu, nt p10);
 cross p10:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p11(nnu, nt_p11);
 cross p11:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p12(nnu, nt_p12);
 cross_p12:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p13(nnu, nt_p13);
 cross_p13:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p14(nnu, nt_p14);
 cross_p14:units = "cm^2";
float cross p15(nnu, nt p15);
 cross p15:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p16(nnu, nt_p16);
 cross_p16:units = "cm^2";
float cross p17(nnu, nt p17);
 cross_p17:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p18(nnu, nt_p18);
 cross_p18:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p19(nnu, nt_p19);
 cross_p19:units = "cm^2";
float cross_p20(nnu, nt_p20);
 cross p20:units = "cm^2";
float cross p21(nnu, nt p21);
 cross p21:units = "cm^2";
float cross p22(nnu, nt p22);
 cross_p22:units = "cm^2";
float cross p23(nnu, nt p23);
 cross_p23:units = "cm^2";
float cross p24(nnu, nt p24);
 cross_p24:units = "cm^2";
```

```
float cross_p25(nnu, nt_p25);
    cross p25:units = "cm^2";
  float cross p26(nnu, nt p26);
    cross p26:units = "cm^2";
  float cross p27(nnu, nt p27);
    cross p27:units = "cm^2";
  float cross p28(nnu, nt p28);
    cross_p28:units = "cm^2";
  float cross p29(nnu, nt p29);
    cross_p29:units = "cm^2";
  float cross_p30(nnu, nt_p30);
    cross_p30:units = "cm^2";
  float cross_p31(nnu, nt_p31);
    cross p31:units = "cm^2";
  float cross p32(nnu, nt p32);
    cross p32:units = "cm^2";
  float cross_p33(nnu, nt_p33);
    cross_p33:units = "cm^2";
  float cross p34(nnu, nt p34);
    cross_p34:units = "cm^2";
  float cross_p35(nnu, nt_p35);
    cross_p35:units = "cm^2";
  float cross_p36(nnu, nt_p36);
    cross p36:units = "cm^2";
  float cross_p37(nnu, nt_p37);
    cross p37:units = "cm^2";
  float cross p38(nnu, nt p38);
    cross_p38:units = "cm^2";
  float cross_p39(nnu, nt_p39);
    cross p39:units = "cm^2";
  float cross_p40(nnu, nt_p40);
    cross_p40:units = "cm^2";
  float cross_p41(nnu, nt_p41);
   cross p41:units = "cm^2";
  float cross p42(nnu, nt p42);
    cross p42:units = "cm^2";
  float cross p43(nnu, nt p43);
    cross_p43:units = "cm^2";
  float cross_p44(nnu, nt_p44);
    cross p44:units = "cm^2";
  float cross p45(nnu, nt p45);
    cross_p45:units = "cm^2";
} // group CH4
```

C Detailed descriptions of flags

The processing quality flags, the measurement quality flags and surface classification are common to all output products. While the meanings of the flags can be found in the output descriptions *and* in the netCDF output files, a separate table is presented here to aid in the interpretation of these flags. Table 20 and 21 combined list the processing quality flags and table 22 lists the surface classifications.

C.1 Surface classification remarks

As described in [RD44] the elevation data and surface classification was prepared offline from datasets at (much) higher spatial resolution. This means that many source data points must be combined into a value for an S5P/TROPOMI ground pixel. For elevation data this can be done by averaging, but for surface flags this is not possible, instead we need to assign a combined value based on selection criteria. The source data for the land-sea mask and the water classification comes from the SDP toolkit [ER14], the land use classification is taken from [ER15], in particular the "USGS Land Use/Land Cover System (Modified Level 2)" dataset.

Using a radius of 5 km or 15 km, depending on the band, we can select pixels from the surface classification databases. These can then be turned into a histogram of values, and based on these two histograms a final value can be deduced. With the number of values we have in the source data, we can dedicate three bits to a summary of the land-sea mask, and five bits to assign a surface classification. The CH₄ retrieval needs a strict water filter, while a much less strict filter can be used for the other products. This leaves us with a single bit to indicate whether the majority of the pixel supplied the output classification, or if this was just the highest bin in an otherwise mixed pixel.

Table 20: Processing quality flags, errors, processing failures and filter conditions for S5P Level 2. Warnings are listed in table 21. The value in the first column is the result of a bitwise 'and' of 255 (0xFF) and the value in the "processing_quality_flags" variable.

#	Short name	Description	Algorithm
0	success	No failures, output contains value. Warnings still possible.	All
1	radiance_missing	The number of spectral pixels in the radiance due to flagging is too small to perform the fitting.	All
2	irradiance_missing	The number of spectral pixels in the irradiance due to flagging is too small to perform the fitting.	All
3	input_spectrum_missing	The reflectance spectrum does not contain enough points to perform the retrieval. This is different from (ir)radiance_missing in that the missing points may not be aligned.	All
4	reflectance_range_error	Any of the reflectances is out of bounds ($R < 0$ or $R > R_{max}$).	FRESCO
5	ler_range_error	Lambert-equivalent reflectivity out of range error.	CO, CH ₄
6	snr_range_error	Too low signal to noise to perform retrieval.	CO
7	sza_range_error	Solar zenith angle out of range, maximum value from configuration.	All
8	vza_range_error	Viewing zenith angle out of range, maximum value from configuration.	Development phase only
9	lut_range_error	Extrapolation in lookup table (airmass factor, cloud radiances).	NO_2
10	ozone_range_error	Ozone column significantly out of range of profile climatology.	Total O ₃ column
11	wavelength_offset_error	Wavelength offset exceeds maximum from configuration.	FRESCO, NO ₂
12	initialization_error	An error occurred during the processing of the pixel, no output was generated. The following errors raise this flag: Mismatch between irradiance and radiance wavelengths; The on-ground distance between band 1 and band 2 ground pixels exceeds a threshold set in the configuration. Derived a-priori information does not validate, no processing is possible.	All
13	memory_error	Memory allocation or deallocation error.	CO, CH ₄
14	assertion_error	Error in algorithm detected during assertion.	CO
15	io_error	Error detected during transfer of data between algorithm and framework.	CO, ALH, CH ₄ , O ₃ profile
16	numerical_error	General fatal numerical error occurred during inversion.	CO, FRESCO
17	lut_error	Error in accessing the lookup table.	CH ₄
18	ISRF_error	Error detected in the input instrument spectral response function input data.	CH ₄
19	convergence_error	The main algorithm did not converge.	All
20	cloud_filter_convergence_error	The cloud filter did not converge.	CO

Table 20: Processing quality flags, errors, processing failures and filter conditions for S5P Level 2 (continued).

#	Short name	Description	Algorithm
21	max_iteration_convergence_error	No convergence because retrieval exceeds maximum number of iterations. Maximum value from configuration.	ALH
22	aot_lower_boundary_convergence_error	No convergence because the aerosol optical thickness crosses lower boundary twice in succession.	ALH
23	other_boundary_convergence_error	No convergence because a state vector element crosses boundary twice in succession. Note that a separate failure flag is defined for non-convergence due to crossing of lower AOT boundary.	ALH
25	ch4_noscat_zero_error	The CH_4 column retrieved by the non-scattering CO algorithm from the weak band or strong band is 0.	CH₄
26	h2o_noscat_zero_error	The $\rm H_2O$ column retrieved by the non-scattering CO algorithm from the weak band or strong band is 0.	CH₄
27	max_optical_thickness_error	Maximum optical thickness exceeded during iterations.	CH₄
28	aerosol_boundary_error	Boundary hit of aerosol parameters at last iteration.	CH ₄
29	boundary_hit_error	Fatal boundary hit during iterations.	CH₄
30	chi2_error	χ^2 is not-a-number or larger than 10^{10} .	CH ₄
31	svd_error	Singular value decomposition failure.	CH ₄
32	dfs_error	Degree of freedom is not-a-number.	CH ₄
33	radiative_transfer_error	Errors occurred during the radiative transfer computations, no processing possible.	O ₃ profile
34	optimal_estimation_error	Errors occurred during the optimal estimation, processing has been terminated.	O ₃ profile
35	profile_error	Flag that indicates if there were any errors during the computation of the ozone profile.	O ₃ profile
36	cloud_error	No cloud data.	Cloud
37	model_error	Forward model failure.	Cloud, Total O ₃ column
38	number_of_input_data_points_too_low_error	Not enough input ozone columns to calculate a tropospheric column.	Tropospheric O ₃ column
39	cloud_pressure_spread_too_low_error	Cloud pressure variability to low to estimate a tropospheric column.	Tropospheric O ₃ column
40	cloud_too_low_level_error	Clouds are too low in the atmosphere to assume sufficient shielding.	Tropospheric O ₃ column
41	generic_range_error	Generic range error.	All
42	generic_exception	Catch all generic error.	All
43	input_spectrum_alignment_error	Input radiance and irradiance spectra are not aligned correctly.	All
44	abort_error	Not processed because processor aborted prematurely (time out or user abort)	All

Table 20: Processing quality flags, errors, processing failures and filter conditions for S5P Level 2 (continued).

#	Short name	Description	Algorithm
45	wrong_input_type_error	Wrong input type error, mismatch between expectation and received data.	All
46	wavelength_calibration_error	An error occurred in the wavelength calibration of this pixel	All
47	coregistration_error	No colocated pixels found in a supporting band	All
51	signal_to_noise_ratio_error	The signal to noise ratio for this spectrum is too low for processing	All
52	configuration_error	Error while parsing the configuration	All
53	key_error	Key does not exist	All
54	saturation_error	Saturation in input spectrum	All
64	solar_eclipse_filter	Solar eclipse.	All
65	cloud_filter	The cloud filter triggered causing the pixel to be skipped.	CO, ALH, CH ₄
66	altitude_consistency_filter	Too large difference between ECMWF altitude and DEM altitude value.	CO, CH ₄
67	altitude_roughness_filter	Too large standard deviation of altitude in DEM.	CO, ALH, CH ₄
68	sun_glint_filter	For pixels over water, viewing direction inside sun glint region. Definition of sun glint angle and threshold value from ATBD.	ALH
69	mixed_surface_type_filter	Pixel contains land and water areas (e.g. coastal pixel).	ALH
70	snow_ice_filter	Pixel contains snow/ice: Snow/ice flag according to dynamic input OR climatological surface albedo at VIS wavelength is larger than 0.5.	ALH
71	aai_filter	AAI smaller than 2.0.	ALH
72	cloud_fraction_fresco_filter	Pixel contains clouds: The FRESCO effective cloud fraction is larger than threshold. Threshold value from ATBD.	ALH
73	aai_scene_albedo_filter	Pixel contains clouds: The difference between scene albedo at 380 nm from AAI calculation and the climatological surface albedo exceeds threshold. Threshold value from ATBD. This test filters out clouds.	ALH
74	small_pixel_radiance_std_filter	Pixel contains clouds: Standard deviation of radiances in small-pixel column exceeds threshold. Threshold value from ATBD.	ALH, CH ₄
75	cloud_fraction_viirs_filter	Pixel contains clouds: The cloud fraction from VIIRS / NPP exceeds the shold. Threshold value from ATBD.	ALH
76	cirrus_reflectance_viirs_filter	Pixel contains clouds: Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS / NPP exceeds threshold. Threshold value from ATBD.	ALH
77	cf_viirs_swir_ifov_filter	Fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels within S5P SWIR ground pixel exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH₄

Table 20: Processing quality flags, errors, processing failures and filter conditions for S5P Level 2 (continued).

#	Short name	Description	Algorithm
78	cf_viirs_swir_ofova_filter	Fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels wihtin S5P SWIR OFOVa exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH ₄
79	cf_viirs_swir_ofovb_filter	Fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels wihtin S5P SWIR OFOVb exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH ₄
80	cf_viirs_swir_ofovc_filter	Fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels wihtin S5P SWIR OFOVc exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH ₄
81	cf_viirs_nir_ifov_filter	Fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels wihtin S5P NIR ground pixel exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH ₄
82	cf_viirs_nir_ofova_filter	Fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels within S5P NIR OFOVa exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH ₄
83	cf_viirs_nir_ofovb_filter	Fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels within S5P NIR OFOVb exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH ₄
84	cf_viirs_nir_ofovc_filter	Fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels within S5P NIR OFOVc exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH ₄
85	refl_cirrus_viirs_swir_filter	Average VIIRS cirrus reflectance within SWIR ground pixel exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH ₄
86	refl_cirrus_viirs_nir_filter	Average VIIRS cirrus reflectance within NIR ground pixel exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH ₄
87	diff_refl_cirrus_viirs_filter	Difference in VIIRS average cirrus reflectance between SWIR and NIR ground pixel exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH ₄
88	ch4_noscat_ratio_filter	The ratio between $[CH_4]_{weak}$ and $[CH_4]_{strong}$ is below or exceeds a priori thresholds from configuration.	CH ₄
89	ch4_noscat_ratio_std_filter	The standard deviation of [CH ₄] _{weak} /[CH ₄] _{strong} within the SWIR pixel and the 8 neighbouring pixels exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH ₄
90	h2o_noscat_ratio_filter	The ratio between $[H_2O]_{weak}$ and $[H_2O]_{strong}$ is below or exceeds a priori thresholds from configuration.	CH ₄
91	h2o_noscat_ratio_std_filter	The standard deviation of $[H_2O]_{weak}/[H_2O]_{strong}$ within the SWIR pixel and the 8 neigbouring pixels exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH ₄
92	diff_psurf_fresco_ecmwf_filter	Difference between the FRESCO apparent surface pressure and the ECMWF surface pressure exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH ₄

Table 20: Processing quality flags, errors, processing failures and filter conditions for S5P Level 2 (continued).

#	Short name	Description	Algorithm
93	psurf_fresco_stdv_filter	The standard deviation of the FRESCO apparent surface pressure in the NIR pixel and the 8 surrounding pixels exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH₄
94	ocean_filter	The ground pixel is over ocean (and ocean glint retrievals are not switched on).	CH ₄
95	time_range_filter	Time is out of the range that is to be processed.	All
96	pixel_or_scanline_index_filter	Not processed because pixel index does not match general selection criteria.	All
97	geographic_region_filter	Pixel falls outside the specified regions of interest.	All

Table 21: Processing quality flags, warnings for S5P Level 2. Errors, processing failures and filter conditions are listed in table 20. If a bitwise 'and' of the mask value and the value in the "processing_quality_flags" variable is not zero, then the warning applies to the specific retrieval.

Bit#	Mask (hex)	Short name	Description	Algorithm
0–7	0x000000FF	error	If non-zero an error has occurred when processing the pixel, see table 20 for details.	All
8	0x00000100	input_spectrum_warning	Number of good pixels in radiance, irradiance or calculated reflectance below threshold from configuration.	All
9	0x00000200	wavelength_calibration_warning	Offset from wavelength fit is larger than limit set in configuration.	Most
10	0x00000400	extrapolation_warning	Pressure or temperature outside cross section LUT range, other lookup table extrapolation.	CO, CH ₄
11	0x00000800	sun_glint_warning	Sun glint posibility warning.	All
12	0x00001000	south_atlantic_anomaly_warning	TROPOMI is inside the south Atlantic anomaly while taking these measurements.	All
13	0x00002000	sun_glint_correction	A sun glint correction has been applied.	Cloud
14	0x00004000	snow_ice_warning	Snow/ice flag is set, i.e. using scene data from the cloud support product.	NO_2
15	0x00008000	cloud_warning	Cloud filter based on FRESCO apparent surface pressure (VIIRS not available), cloud fraction above threshold or cloud pressure adjusted to force cloud above surface.	CH ₄ , O ₃ profile
16	0x00010000	AAI_warning	Possible aerosol contamination as indicated by the AAI.	O ₃ profile
17	0x00020000	pixel_level_input_data_missing	Dynamic auxiliary input data (e.g., cloud) is missing for this ground pixel. A fallback option is used.	All
18	0x00040000	data_range_warning	Carbon monoxide column tends to negative values; Water column tends to negative values; Heavy water (HDO) column tends to negative values; others.	CO, CH ₄

Table 21: Processing quality flags, warnings for S5P Level 2 (continued).

Bit #	Mask (hex)	Short name	Description	Algorithm
19	0x00080000	low_cloud_fraction_warning	Low cloud fraction, therefore no cloud pressure retrieved.	Cloud
20	0x00100000	altitude_consistency_warning	Difference between ECMWF surface elevation and high-resolution surface elevation exceeds threshold from configuration.	CH ₄
21	0x00200000	signal_to_noise_ratio_warning	Signal to noise ratio in SWIR and/or NIR band below threshold from configuration.	CH ₄
22	0x00400000	deconvolution_warning	Failed deconvolution irradiance spectrum (not pixel-specific, but row-specific).	CO, CH ₄
23	0x00800000	so2_volcanic_origin_likely_warning	Warning for SO ₂ BL product, UTLS products: volcanic origin except for heavily polluted sites.	SO ₂
24	0x01000000	so2_volcanic_origin_certain_warning	Warning for SO ₂ BL product, UTLS products: volcanic origin certain.	SO ₂
25	0x02000000	interpolation_warning	Warning for interpolation on partially missing data. In this case the valid available data is used, potentially leading to a bias.	All
26	0x04000000	saturation_warning	Saturation occurred spectrum, possibly causing biases in the retrieval	All

Table 22: Surface classification for S5P Level 2. This is a combined land/water mask and surface classification data field. For land the "Global Land Cover Characteristics" Data Base Version 2.0" is used [ER15], specifically the "USGS Land Use/Land Cover System (Modified Level 2)" classification. Over water the classification from the NASA SDP toolkit [ER14], which is based on [RD46].

Bit #	Mask (hex)	Short name	Description
0	0x03	Land	The pixel is over land, for more than 50 %
1	0x03	Water	The pixel is over water, for more than 50 %
2	0x03	some_water	Pixel contains water (however small the fraction), i.e. at least one of the 15×15 arcsecond subpixels in the SDP dataset is classified as water
3	0x03	coastline	Pixel is water, but contains land (coastline)
0	0x04	mixed_surface	Pixel has a mixed surface type. Classification is result of highest bin, not overwhelming majority, i.e. type covers less than 50 % of pixel surface
4	0x04	value_covers_majority_of_pixel	Pixel is dominated by surface type, i.e. type covers more than 50% of pixel surface
9	0xF9	Water+Shallow_Ocean	Water, shallow ocean
17	0xF9	Water+Shallow_Inland_Water	Water, shallow inland water (lake)
25	0xF9	Water+Ocean_Coastline-Lake_Shoreline	Water, mixed with land; coastline

 Table 22: Surface classification for S5P Level 2 (continued).

Bit #	Mask (hex)	Short name	Description
33	0xF9	Water+Intermittent_Water	Intermittent water, for instance the Wadden Sea
41	0xF9	Water+Deep_Inland_Water	Deep inland water
49	0xF9	Water+Continental_Shelf_Ocean	Water, continental shelf ocean
57	0xF9	Water+Deep_Ocean	Water, deep ocean
8	0xF9	Land+Urban_And_Built-up_Land	Land, urban areas
16	0xF9	Land+Dryland_Cropland_And_Pasture	Land, Dryland Cropland and Pasture
24	0xF9	Land+Irrigated_Cropland_And_Pasture	Land, Irrigated Cropland and Pasture
32	0xF9	Land+Mixed_Dryland-irrigated_Cropland_And_Pasture	Land, Mixed Dryland/Irrigated Cropland and Pasture
40	0xF9	Land+Cropland-grassland_Mosaic	Land, Cropland/Grassland Mosaic
48	0xF9	Land+Cropland-woodland_Mosaic	Land, Cropland/Woodland Mosaic
56	0xF9	Land+Grassland	Land, Grassland
64	0xF9	Land+Shrubland	Land, Shrubland
72	0xF9	Land+Mixed_Shrubland-grassland	Land, Mixed Shrubland/Grassland
80	0xF9	Land+Savanna	Land, Savanna
88	0xF9	Land+Deciduous_Broadleaf_Forest	Land, Deciduous Broadleaf Forest
96	0xF9	Land+Deciduous_Needleleaf_Forest	Land, Deciduous Needleleaf Forest
104	0xF9	Land+Evergreen_Broadleaf_Forest	Land, Evergreen Broadleaf Forest
112	0xF9	Land+Evergreen_Needleleaf_Forest	Land, Evergreen Needleleaf Forest
120	0xF9	Land+Mixed_Forest	Land, Mixed Forest
128	0xF9	Land+Herbaceous_Wetland	Land, Herbaceous Wetland
136	0xF9	Land+Wooded_Wetland	Land, Wooded Wetland
144	0xF9	Land+Barren_Or_Sparsely_Vegetated	Land, Barren or Sparsely Vegetated
152	0xF9	Land+Herbaceous_Tundra	Land, Herbaceous Tundra
160	0xF9	Land+Wooded_Tundra	Land, Wooded Tundra
168	0xF9	Land+Mixed_Tundra	Land, Mixed Tundra
176	0xF9	Land+Bare_Ground_Tundra	Land, Bare Ground Tundra
184	0xF9	Land+Snow_Or_Ice	Land, Snow or Ice

D Figures and tables referenced from the product descriptions

In this section the figures and tables that accompany the product descriptions are collected.

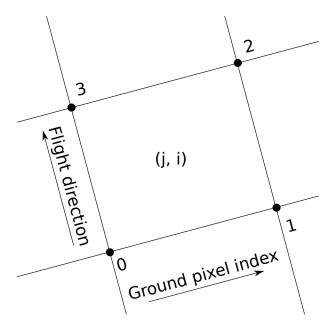


Figure 6: Pixel corner coordinates following [ER1, section 7.1].

Table 23: The abbreviations used in metadata descriptions to indicate the origin of a specific attribute

Abbreviation	Description
NUG	netCDF Users Guide [ER16]
CF	Climate and Forecast metadata conventions [ER1], which includes the COARDS [ER17] conventions
ISO	ISO standards 19115, 19115-2 and 19157 [RD47, RD48, RD49]
ACDD	ESIP-ACDD Attribute convention for dataset discovery [ER18]
CCI	Data standards requirements for CCI data producers, as part of the ESA Climate Change Initiative [RD2]
S5P	Internal use – mostly for retrieval settings, possibly as an extension to ISO 19115 [RD47]

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Table 24: Global or group attributes used in S5P netCDF files. These attributes are all string attributes. None of these are required, although they are strongly recommended, especially the "Conventions" attribute.

Name	Std.	Description
comment	CF	Miscellaneous information about the data or methods used to produce it.
Conventions	NUG	Names of the conventions that are followed by the dataset. The NUG defines this attribute with a capital 'C', this is not a typo.
history	NUG	List of the applications that have modified the original data.
institution	CF	Specifies where the original data was produced. Value is to be decided by the Level 2 working group, example: "ESA (KNMI/SRON/BIRA/RAL/DLR)".
references	CF	References that describe the data or methods used to produce it.
source	CF	Method of production of the original data. If it was model-generated, source should name the model and its version, as specifically as could be useful. If it is observational, source should characterize it (e.g., "surface observation", "radiosonde" or "space borne remote sensing").
title	NUG	Short description of the file contents.
time_reference	S5P	UTC time reference as an ISO 8601 [RD50] string. This corresponds to the TAI value in the $time$ coordinate variable. By definition it indicates UTC midnight before the start of the granule.
time_coverage_start	S5P	Start of the data granule in UTC as an ISO 8601 [RD50] string.
time_coverage_end	S5P	End of the data granule in UTC as an ISO 8601 [RD50] string.
orbit	S5P	The absolute orbit number, starting at $1-$ first ascending node crossing after spacecraft separation.

Common elements in all S5P products

This section describes the elements that are common to all S5P/TROPOMI products. The product specific descriptions include references to this section. References to standards follow the abbreviations given in table 23.

Common file-level attributes E.1

These are the file-level attributes.

Attributes in global

Group attributes attached to global		
Name Value Type		Туре
Conventions	'CF-1.7' (static)	NC_STRING

Name of the conventions followed by the dataset. Note that while we try to follow the climate and forecast metadata conventions, there are some features - notably the use of groups to hierarchicaly organize the data - that are not part of version 1.6 of the CF metadata conventions. In those cases we try to follow the spirit of the conventions. This attribute originates from the NUG standard.

institution '%	(institute)s	s' (d	/namic	:) NC	STRING

The institute where the original data was produced. The actual processing center is given in the ProcessingCenter attribute, here we would like to indicate the responsible parties. The value is a combination from BIRA, DLR, ESA, FMI, IUP, KNMI, MPIC, SRON, The actual value is a combination of the ATBD institute and the institute that developed the processor. This attribute originates from the NUG standard.

source	'Sentinel 5 precursor, TROPOMI, space-borne remote	NC_STRING
	sensing, L2' (dynamic)	

Method of production of the original data. Value includes instrument, generic description of retrieval, product level, and adds a short product name and processor version. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

history NC_STRING

Provides an audit trail for modifications to the original data. Well-behaved generic netCDF filters will automatically append their name and the parameters with which they were invoked to the global history attribute of an input netCDF file. Each line shall begin with a timestamp indicating the date and time of day that the program was executed. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

summary NC STRING

Miscellaneous information about the data or methods used to produce it.

If processing in a degraded mode occured, then a note should be placed in this attribute. A degraded processing mode can occur for several reasons, for instance the use of static backup data for nominally dynamic input or an irradiance product that is older than a few days. A machine-parseable description is available in the "processing_status" attribute. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

tracking id NC STRING

This unique tracking ID is proposed by the Climate Change Initiative – European Space Agency project. This ID is a UUID and allows files to be referenced, and linked up to processing description, input data, documentation, etc. The CCI-ESA project uses version 4 UUIDs (random number based) for consistency with CMIP5. This attribute originates from the CCI standard.

id '%(logical_filename)s' (dynamic) NC_STRING

The "id" and "naming_authority" attributes are intended to provide a globally unique identification for each dataset. The "id" value should attempt to uniquely identify the dataset. The naming authority allows a further refinement of the "id". The combination of the two should be globally unique for all time. We use the logical file name for the "id" attribute. This attribute originates from the CCI standard.

time_reference 'YYYY-MM-DDT00:00:00Z' (dynamic) NC_STRING

UTC time reference as an ISO 8601 [RD50] string. This corresponds to the UTC value in the time dimensional variable. By definition it indicates UTC midnight before the start of the granule.

time_reference_days_- 0 (dynamic) NC_INT since 1950

The reference time expressed as the number of days since 1950-01-01. This is the reference time unit used by both TM5 and ECMWF.

time_reference_julian_day 0.0 (dynamic) NC_DOUBLE

The reference time expressed as a Julian day number.

time_reference_seconds_- 0 (dynamic) NC_INT64 since_1970

The reference time expressed as the number of seconds since 1970-01-01 00:00:00 UTC. This is the reference time unit used by Unix systems.

time_coverage_start 'YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS.mmmmmmZ' (dynamic) NC_STRING Start of the data granule in UTC as an ISO 8601 [RD50] string. See the discussion of the time_delta variable on page 150 for details.

time_coverage_end 'YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS.mmmmmmZ' (dynamic) NC_STRING
End of the data granule in UTC as an ISO 8601 [RD50] string. See the discussion of the time_delta

End of the data granule in UTC as an ISO 8601 [RD50] string. See the discussion of the time_delta variable on page 150 for details.

time_coverage_duration NC_STRING

Duration of the data granule as an ISO 8601 [RD50] duration string ("PT%(duration_seconds)sS"). This attribute originates from the CCI standard.

time_coverage_resolution NC_STRING

Interval between measurements in the data granule as an ISO 8601 [RD50] duration string ("PT%(interval_seconds)fS"). For most products this is 1080 ms in nominal operation, except for "L2__03__PR", which uses 3240 ms due to coaddition. This attribute originates from the CCI standard.

orbit 0 (dynamic) NC INT

The absolute orbit number, starting at 1 – first ascending node crossing after spacecraft separation. For pre-launch testing this value should be set to "-1".

references '%(references)s' (static) NC_STRING

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processor_version	'%(version)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
The version of the data process	sor, as string of the form "major.minor.patch".	
keywords_vocabulary	'AGU index terms, http://publications.agu.org/author- resource-center/index-terms/' (static)	NC_STRING
The guidelines followed for the I	keywords attribute. We use the index terms published by t	he AGU.
reywords	'%(keywords_agu)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Keywords from the "keywords ATBD authors.	_vocabulary" describing the contents of the file. To be	provided by th
standard_name_vocabulary	'NetCDF Climate and Forecast Metadata Conventions Standard Name Table (v29, 08 July 2015), http:// cfconventions.org/standard-names.html' (static)	NC_STRING
The table followed for the stand		
naming_authority	'%(naming_authority)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Specify who is giving out the ic	attribute. This attribute originates from the CCI standard.	
cdm_data_type	'Swath' (static)	NC_STRING
The THREDDS data type approportions from the CCI standar		
date_created	'YYYY-mm-ddTHH:MM:SS.ffffffZ' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
The date on which this file was	created. This attribute originates from the CCI standard.	
reator_name	'%(credit)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
	DPOMI Level 2 products are developed with funding from	m the Europea
Aerospace Center (DLR) and the	erlands Space Office (NSO), the Belgian Science Policy Of ne Bayerisches Staatsministerium für Wirtschaft und Med bute originates from the CCI standard.	fice, the Germa
Aerospace Center (DLR) and the Fechnologie (StMWi)." This attri	ne Bayerisches Staatsministerium für Wirtschaft und Med	fice, the Germa
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Name of the sensor, set to "TROPOMI". This attribute originates from the CCI standard.	
spatial_resolution	NC_STRING
Spatial resolution at nadir. For most products this is " $3.5 \times 7 \text{km}^2$ ", except for " $\text{L2}_\text{O3}_$ " " $28 \times 21 \text{km}^2$ " and " $\text{L2}_\text{CO}__$ " and " $\text{L2}_\text{CH4}__$ ", which both use " $7 \times 7 \text{km}^2$ ". This a from the CCI standard.	
cpp_compiler_version	NC_STRING
The version of the compiler used for the C++ code. The value of this attribute is set via the	he Makefile.
cpp_compiler_flags	NC_STRING
The compiler flags passed to the C++ compiler. The value of this attribute is set via the I	Makefile.
f90_compiler_version	NC_STRING
The version of the compiler version used for the Fortran code. The value of this attrib Makefile. Note that not all processors make use of Fortran code.	oute is set via the
f90_compiler_flags	NC_STRING
The compiler flags passed to the Fortran compiler. The value of this attribute is set via t that not all processors make use of Fortran code.	he Makefile. Note
build_date	NC_STRING
The date on which the processor was built.	
revision_control_identifier '%(revision_control_source_identifier)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Revision control system identifier for the source used to build this processor.	
geolocation_grid_from_band	NC_INT
The band from which the geolocation was taken, useful for colocating the level 2 output wi	ith other products.
identifier_product_doi '%(product_doi)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
This is the DOI ("Digital Object Identifier") of the current product. It allows to easily find background information, even if that location is moved after the file has been created.	nd download and
identifier_product_doi_au- 'http://dx.doi.org/' (static) thority	NC_STRING
This attribute defines the authoritative service for use with DOI values in resolving to the	URL location.
algorithm_version '%(algorithm_version)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING

E.2 Status dynamic ECMWF auxiliary data

schedules for different products.

If the ECMWF dynamic auxiliary data is not available a fallback solution will be used. In this case the Level 2 output file will be flagged using the "Status_MET_2D" global attribute.

The algorithm version, separate from the processor (framework) version, to accomodate different release

Name	Value	Туре
Status_MET_2D		NC_STRING
	MWF input, either "Nominal" or "Fallback". Note the tor all meteorological data (where applicable).	at the "MET_2D" auxiliary input is used
Possible values: I	Nominal Fallback	

E.3 Status dynamic NISE auxiliary data

If the NISE dynamic auxiliary data is not available a fallback solution will be used. In this case the Level 2 output file will be flagged using the "Status_NISE__" global attribute.

Name	Value	Туре
Status_NISE		NC_STRING
The status of NIS	SE input, either "Nominal", "ECMWF_Fallback" or "S	tatic_Fallback".
Possible values: I	Nominal, ECMWF_Fallback, Static_Fallback	

E.4 Common dimensions

The dimensions that are common to all products. These are all located in the "PRODUCT" group, and can be accessed from that group and all sub-groups of the "PRODUCT" group, that is everywhere except the "METADATA" group.

scanline The number of measurements along the swath, in the flight-direction.

size Unlimited.

ground pixel The number of ground pixels across track. This depends on the product and will follow the dimension found in the main input Level 1B product.

size -1 (dynamic) source L1B.

corner The number of corners for a pixel.

size 4 (fixed)

time The time dimension. See the discussion of the associated dimensional variable on page 147 for details.

size 1 (fixed)

E.5 Dimensions for optional output

state_vector_length A dimension to store the state vector. Some retrieval algorithms may already have dimensions that are state-vector related, but most of the time these are split into two parts (i.e. for O₃) profile) or even split into individual components.

Optional dimension Note that this is an optional dimension, it will only be added to the output if the "statistical" output configuration flag is set.

size -1 (dynamic) source Processor.

iterations A dimension to follow the progress of the convergence. The length of this dimension is equal to the maximum number of iterations allowed for convergence plus 1.

Optional dimension Note that this is an optional dimension, it will only be added to the output if the "statistical" output configuration flag is set.

size -1 (dynamic) source Processor.

wavelength index. The wavelength index. The size should be equal to the maximum number of nominal wavelength points in the fit.

Optional dimension Note that this is an optional dimension, it will only be added to the output if the "residual" output configuration flag is set.

size -1 (dynamic) source Processor.

E.6 Coordinate variables

All dimensions have an associated variable. These variables give a meaning to the dimension, spanning the axis of other variables.

scanline

Description: The coordinate variable scanline refers to the along-track dimension of the measurement.

> The scanlines are time-ordered, meaning that "earlier" measurements have a lower index than "later" measurements. This variable merely contains an index to ensure that when indicating a pixel in a file the same index is used. This avoids the off-by-one confusion that

frequently occurred in OMI discussions.

Dimensions: scanline (coordinate variable).

Type: NC INT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	Dimensionless, r	no physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF	standard.
	axis	'Y' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'along-track dimension index' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'This coordinate variable defines the indices along	NC_STRING
		track; index starts at 0' (static)	
around nive	al		

ground pixe

Description:

The coordinate variable ground_pixel refers to the across-track dimension of the measurement. The ground_pixel ordering is from left to right with respect to the flight direction. For the Sentinel 5 precursor orbit this corresponds to west to east during the ascending part of the orbit, i.e. a higher index corresponds to a higher longitude. This variable merely contains an index to ensure that when indicating a pixel in a file the same index is used. This avoids the off-by-one confusion that frequently occurred in OMI discussions.

ground pixel (coordinate variable). Dimensions:

Type: NC INT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
Dimensionless, no	physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CI	= standard.
axis	'X' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'across-track dimension index' (static)	NC_STRING
comment	'This coordinate variable defines the indices across track, from west to east; index starts at 0' (static)	NC_STRING

time

Description:

The variable time (time) is the reference time of the measurements. The reference time is set to YYYY-MM-DDT00:00:00 UTC, midnight UTC before spacecraft midnight, the formal start of the current orbit. The delta_time (scanline) variable indicates the time difference of the observations with the reference time. Thus combining the information of time (time) and delta_time (scanline) yields the measurement time for each scanline as UTC time. The reference time (time) corresponds to the global attribute time_reference which is specified as a UTC time specified as an ISO 8601 [RD50] date.

Dimensions: time (coordinate variable).

Type: NC_INT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'seconds since 2010-01-01 00:00:00' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'time' (static)	NC_STRING
axis	'T' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'reference time for the measurements' (static)	NC_STRING
comment	'The time in this variable corresponds to the time in the time_reference global attribute' (static)	NC_STRING

corner

Description:

An index for the pixel corners. We follow the CF-Metadata conventions [ER1, section 7.1]. The full coordinate system is right-handed, and the order of the pixel corners is counterclockwise, starting in the "lower-left" corner (i.e. the smallest value in both latitude and longitude on the ascending part of the orbit, or equivalently for TROPOMI the lowest value for both the ground pixel and scanline indices). See figure 6 on page 141 for a graphical depiction of the corners.

Dimensions: corner (coordinate variable).

Type:	NC_INT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	Dimensionless, r	no physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF	standard.
	long_name	'pixel corner index' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'This coordinate variable defines the indices for the pixel corners; index starts at 0 (counter-clockwise, starting from south-western corner of the pixel in ascending part of the orbit)' (static)	NC_STRING

E.7 Dimensional variables for optional output

state_vector_	_length		
Description:	Names of the state	e vector elements, as variable length character strings.	•
	Note that this is a output configuration	n <i>optional</i> variable, it will only be added to the output on flag is set.	is the "statistical"
Dimensions:	state_vector_length	th (coordinate variable).	
Type:	NC_STRING.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'names of state vector elements' (static)	NC_STRING
iterations			
Description:	An index for the iterations, starting from 0 (a priori result) up to the maximum number iterations.		
	Note that this is a output configuration	n <i>optional</i> variable, it will only be added to the output on flag is set.	is the "statistical"
Dimensions:	iterations (coordin	ate variable).	
Type:	NC_BYTE.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'iterations in the retrieval' (static)	NC_STRING
wavelength_	index		
Description:		ariable wavelength_index refers to the wavelent. This is merely an index, the actual wavelengths able.	-
	Note that this is a output configuration	on optional variable, it will only be added to the outpoin flag is set.	ut is the "residual"
Dimensions:	wavelength_index	(coordinate variable).	
Type:	NC_INT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'wavelength dimension index' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'This coordinate variable defines the indices for the	NC_STRING

wavelengths; index starts at 0' (static)

E.8 The geolocation fields

The latitude and longitude. Used in all products, placed in the "PRODUCT" group.

latitude			
Description:	ates for the ground ellipsoid.	pixel centers of the ground pixels in the data. Latitude, pixel center and the ground pixel corners are calculat	-
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	ind_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'pixel center latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'degrees_north' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	valid_min	-90.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	valid_max	90.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	bounds	'/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/GEOLOCATIONS/ latitude_bounds' (static)	NC_STRING
		ary coordinates, i.e. the pixel corners. Note that the usen extension of the climate and forecasting metadata co	• .
Iongitude Description:	_	ne pixel centers of the ground pixels in the data. La ground pixel center and the ground pixel corners are	-
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	and pixel.	
Type:	NC FLOAT.	_	
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'pixel center longitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'degrees_east' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'longitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	valid_min	-180.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	valid_max	180.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	bounds	'/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/GEOLOCATIONS/ longitude_bounds' (static)	NC_STRING
		ary coordinates, i.e. the pixel corners. Note that the usen extension of the climate and forecasting metadata co	

NC_STRING

E.9 Common product fields

coordinates

	•		
delta_time			
Description:	time time (time) delta_time (sca as TAI2010 time. with delta_time The UTC time der coverage_start to global attribute t independent meas given the measure	(scanline) variable indicates the time difference we (see page 147). Thus combining the information of tanline) yields the start of the measurement time of (scanline) yields the start of the measurement to (scanline) yields the start of the measurement to the first scanline corresponds to the global. However, the UTC time derived for the last scanline do ime_coverage_end. One scanline measurement is the surements during one coaddition period. The scanline ment time of the first sample in this co-addition. It is tangle in the coaddition period of the last scanline that end.	time (time) and or each scanline ime_reference ime in UTC time. attribute time_res not correspond ne result of adding a measurement is the measurement
	This variable gives	the time offset in ms accuracy.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline.		
Type:	NC_INT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'offset of start time of measurement relative to time_reference' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'milliseconds' (static)	NC_STRING
time_utc			
Description:	The time of observ	ation expressed as ISO 8601 [RD50] date-time string.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline.		
Type:	NC_STRING.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'Time of observation as ISO 8601 date-time string' (static)	NC_STRING
qa_value Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	value will change b	ty descriptor, varying between 0 (no data) and 1 (full assed on observation conditions and retrieval flags. Desprocessing_quality_flags elsewhere in the pround_pixel.	ailed quality flags
		Value	Time
Attributes:	Name units	Value	Type NC_STRING
		'1' (static)	NC FLOAT
	scale_factor	0.01 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	add_offset valid_min_	0 (static) 0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	valid_min_ valid_max_	100 (static)	NC_UBYTE
		'data quality value' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'A continuous quality descriptor, varying between 0	NC_STRING NC_STRING
	comment	(no data) and 1 (full quality data). Recommend to ignore data with qa_value < 0.5' (static)	NO_STRING
			NIO OTDINIC

'longitude latitude' (static)

E.10 Additional geolocation support fields

satellite_latit	ude		
Description:	Latitude of the geo	detic sub satellite point on the WGS84 reference ellips	soid.
Dimensions:	time, scanline.		
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	L1B.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
-	long_name	'sub satellite latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'degrees_north' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'Latitude of the geodetic sub satellite point on the WGS84 reference ellipsoid' (static)	NC_STRING
	valid_min	-90.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
-	valid_max	90.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
satellite_long	jitude		
Description:	Longitude of the ge	eodetic sub satellite point on the WGS84 reference elli	psoid.
Dimensions:	time, scanline.		
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	L1B.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'satellite_longitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'degrees_east' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'Longitude of the geodetic sub satellite point on the WGS84 reference ellipsoid' (static)	NC_STRING
	valid_min	-180.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	valid_min valid_max	-180.0 (static) 180.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
satellite_altit	valid_max	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
satellite_altite	valid_max ude	180.0 (static) satellite with respect to the geodetic sub satellite poi	NC_FLOAT
Description:	valid_max ude The altitude of the	180.0 (static) satellite with respect to the geodetic sub satellite poi	NC_FLOAT
Description: Dimensions:	valid_max ude The altitude of the reference ellipsoid.	180.0 (static) satellite with respect to the geodetic sub satellite poi	NC_FLOAT
Description: Dimensions: Type:	valid_max ude The altitude of the reference ellipsoid. time, scanline.	180.0 (static) satellite with respect to the geodetic sub satellite poi	NC_FLOAT
Description: Dimensions:	valid_max ude The altitude of the reference ellipsoid. time, scanline. NC_FLOAT.	180.0 (static) satellite with respect to the geodetic sub satellite poi	NC_FLOAT
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	valid_max ude The altitude of the reference ellipsoid. time, scanline. NC_FLOAT. L1B.	180.0 (static) satellite with respect to the geodetic sub satellite poi	NC_FLOAT Int on the WGS Type NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	valid_max ude The altitude of the reference ellipsoid. time, scanline. NC_FLOAT. L1B. Name	180.0 (static) satellite with respect to the geodetic sub satellite poi Value 'satellite altitude' (static) 'm' (static)	NC_FLOAT Int on the WGS Type NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	valid_max ude The altitude of the reference ellipsoid. time, scanline. NC_FLOAT. L1B. Name long_name	180.0 (static) satellite with respect to the geodetic sub satellite poi Value 'satellite altitude' (static) 'm' (static) 'The altitude of the satellite with respect to the geodetic sub satellite point on the WGS84 reference	NC_FLOAT nt on the WGS Type
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	valid_max ude The altitude of the reference ellipsoid. time, scanline. NC_FLOAT. L1B. Name long_name units comment	180.0 (static) satellite with respect to the geodetic sub satellite poi Value 'satellite altitude' (static) 'm' (static) 'The altitude of the satellite with respect to the geodetic sub satellite point on the WGS84 reference ellipsoid' (static)	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	valid_max ude The altitude of the reference ellipsoid. time, scanline. NC_FLOAT. L1B. Name long_name units comment	180.0 (static) satellite with respect to the geodetic sub satellite poi Value 'satellite altitude' (static) 'm' (static) 'The altitude of the satellite with respect to the geodetic sub satellite point on the WGS84 reference ellipsoid' (static) 700000.0 (static)	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	valid_max ude The altitude of the reference ellipsoid. time, scanline. NC_FLOAT. L1B. Name long_name units comment valid_min valid_max	180.0 (static) satellite with respect to the geodetic sub satellite poi Value 'satellite altitude' (static) 'm' (static) 'The altitude of the satellite with respect to the geodetic sub satellite point on the WGS84 reference ellipsoid' (static)	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	valid_max ude The altitude of the reference ellipsoid. time, scanline. NC_FLOAT. L1B. Name long_name units comment valid_min valid_max t_phase	Value 'satellite altitude' (static) 'm' (static) 'The altitude of the satellite with respect to the geodetic sub satellite point on the WGS84 reference ellipsoid' (static) 700000.0 (static) 900000.0 (static)	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: satellite_orbi Description:	valid_max ude The altitude of the reference ellipsoid. time, scanline. NC_FLOAT. L1B. Name long_name units comment valid_min valid_max t_phase Relative offset [0.0.	180.0 (static) satellite with respect to the geodetic sub satellite poi Value 'satellite altitude' (static) 'm' (static) 'The altitude of the satellite with respect to the geodetic sub satellite point on the WGS84 reference ellipsoid' (static) 700000.0 (static)	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: satellite_orbi Description: Dimensions:	valid_max ude The altitude of the reference ellipsoid. time, scanline. NC_FLOAT. L1B. Name long_name units comment valid_min valid_max t_phase Relative offset [0.0, time, scanline.	Value 'satellite altitude' (static) 'm' (static) 'The altitude of the satellite with respect to the geodetic sub satellite point on the WGS84 reference ellipsoid' (static) 700000.0 (static) 900000.0 (static)	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: satellite_orbi Description: Dimensions: Type:	valid_max ude The altitude of the reference ellipsoid. time, scanline. NC_FLOAT. L1B. Name long_name units comment valid_min valid_max t_phase Relative offset [0.0] time, scanline. NC_FLOAT.	Value 'satellite altitude' (static) 'm' (static) 'The altitude of the satellite with respect to the geodetic sub satellite point on the WGS84 reference ellipsoid' (static) 700000.0 (static) 900000.0 (static)	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: satellite_orbi Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	valid_max ude The altitude of the reference ellipsoid. time, scanline. NC_FLOAT. L1B. Name long_name units comment valid_min valid_max t_phase Relative offset [0.0] time, scanline. NC_FLOAT. L1B.	Value 'satellite altitude' (static) 'm' (static) 'The altitude of the satellite with respect to the geodetic sub satellite point on the WGS84 reference ellipsoid' (static) 700000.0 (static) 900000.0 (static) ,1.0] of the measurement in the orbit.	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: satellite_orbi Description: Dimensions: Type:	valid_max ude The altitude of the reference ellipsoid. time, scanline. NC_FLOAT. L1B. Name long_name units comment valid_min valid_max t_phase Relative offset [0.0] time, scanline. NC_FLOAT.	Value 'satellite altitude' (static) 'm' (static) 'The altitude of the satellite with respect to the geodetic sub satellite point on the WGS84 reference ellipsoid' (static) 700000.0 (static) 900000.0 (static)	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING

	comment	'Relative offset [0.0,, 1.0] of the measurement in	NC STRING
		the orbit' (static)	_
	valid_min	-0.02 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	valid_max	1.02 (static)	NC_FLOAT
solar_zenith	_angle		
Description:		igle ϑ_0 at the ground pixel location on the reference of from the vertical. ESA definition of day side: $\vartheta_0 < 92^\circ$. Pix	

 ϑ_0^{\max} can be found in the algorithm metadata settings. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT.

Source: L1B.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
long_name	'solar zenith angle' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'solar_zenith_angle' (static)	NC_STRING
units	'degree' (static)	NC_STRING
valid_min	0.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
valid_max	180.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

when $\vartheta_0 \leq \vartheta_0^{\text{max}}$ with $80^\circ \leq \vartheta_0^{\text{max}} \leq 88^\circ$, depending on the algorithm. The actual value for

The latitude and longitude are in a different group. How to specify the related geospatial coordinates in this case is not specified in the climate and forecast metadata conventions [ER1].

'Solar zenith angle at the ground pixel location on NC_STRING the reference ellipsoid. Angle is measured away from the vertical' (static)

solar azimuth angle

Description: The solar azimuth angle at the ground pixel location on the reference ellipsoid. The angle is

measured clockwise from the North (North = 0° , East = 90° , South = 180° , West = 270°).

This is the same definition that is use in both OMI and GOME-2 level 1B files.

See the note on the <code>viewing_azimuth_angle</code> on the calculation of the relative azimuht

angle as used in radiative transfer calculations.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT.

Source: L1B.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
long_name	'solar azimuth angle' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'solar_azimuth_angle' (static)	NC_STRING
units	'degree' (static)	NC_STRING
valid_min	-180.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
valid_max	180.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING

The latitude and longitude are in a different group. How to specify the related geospatial coordinates in this case is not specified in the climate and forecast metadata conventions [ER1].

comment	'Solar azimuth angle at the ground pixel location on NC_STRING	
	the reference ellipsoid. Angle is measured clock-	
	wise from the North (East = 90, South = 180, West	
	= 270)' (static)	

viewing_zenith_angle

Description: Zenith angle of the satellite ϑ at the ground pixel location on the reference ellipsoid. Angle

is measured away from the vertical.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT.

Source: L1B.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
long_name	'viewing zenith angle' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'viewing_zenith_angle' (static)	NC_STRING
units	'degree' (static)	NC_STRING
valid_min	0.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
valid_max	180.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

The latitude and longitude are in a different group. How to specify the related geospatial coordinates in this case is not specified in the climate and forecast metadata conventions [ER1].

comment 'Zenith angle of the satellite at the ground pixel location on the reference ellipsoid. Angle is measured away from the vertical' (static)

viewing_azimuth_angle

Description:

The satellite azimuth angle at the ground pixel location on the reference ellipsoid. The angle is measured clockwise from the North (North = 0° , East = 90° , South = 180° , West = 270°). This is the same definition that is use in both OMI and GOME-2 level 1B files.

To calculate the azimuth difference $\varphi-\varphi_0$ it is not sufficient to just subtract <code>solar_-azimuth_angle</code> from <code>viewing_azimuth_angle</code>. The angle needed for radiative transfer calculations is $(180^{\circ}-(\varphi-\varphi_0))$ mod 360° .

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT.

Source: L1B.

Attributes:

Name Value		Туре
long_name	'viewing azimuth angle' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'viewing_azimuth_angle' (static)	NC_STRING
units	'degree' (static)	NC_STRING
valid_min	-180.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
valid_max	180.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING

The latitude and longitude are in a different group. How to specify the related geospatial coordinates in this case is not specified in the climate and forecast metadata conventions [ER1].

'Satellite azimuth angle at the ground pixel location on the reference ellipsoid. Angle is measured clockwise from the North (East = 90, South = 180, West = 270)' (static)

latitude_bounds

Description:

The latitude of the pixel corners of the ground pixels in the data. Latitude, longitude coordinates for the ground pixel center and the ground pixel corners are calculated at the WGS84 ellipsoid.

The order of the pixel corners follows the CF-metadata conventions [ER1, section 7.1], i.e. the ordering is counter-clockwise when viewed from above. A graphical representation is given in figure 6.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel, corner.

NC STRING

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

longitude_bounds

Description: The longitude of the pixel corners of the ground pixels in the data. Latitude, longitude

coordinates for the ground pixel center and the ground pixel corners are calculated at the

WGS84 ellipsoid.

The order of the pixel corners follows the CF-metadata conventions [ER1, section 7.1], i.e. the ordering is counter-clockwise when viewed from above. A graphical representation is

given in figure 6.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel, corner.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

geolocation flags

Attributes:

Description: Additional flags describing the ground pixel, including the influence of a solar eclipse, the

possibility of sun glint, whether we are in the descending part of the orbit, whether we are on the night side of the orbit, whether the pixel crosses the dateline (useful for plotting), or if

there was some geolocation error.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_UBYTE. Source: Processor.

	1 10003301.		
	Name	Value	Туре
-	_FillValue	255 (static)	NC_UBYTE
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	flag_masks	0, 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 128 (static)	NC_UBYTE
	flag_meanings	'no_error solar_eclipse sun_glint_possible des- cending night geo_boundary_crossing geoloca- tion_error' (static)	NC_STRING
	flag_values	0, 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 128 (static)	NC_UBYTE
	long_name	'ground pixel quality flag' (static)	NC_STRING
	max_val	254 (static)	NC_UBYTE
	min_val	0 (static)	NC_UBYTE

E.11 Number of iterations

units

number_of_iterations

Description: The number of iterations needed to achieve convergence.

'1' (static)

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_INT.
Source: Processor.

 long_name
 'number of iterations' (static)
 NC_STRING

 units
 '1' (static)
 NC_STRING

 coordinates
 '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)
 NC_STRING

E.12 Additional detailed results fields

processing_quality_flags

Description: Processing quality flag. This flag indicates processing errors or reasons for not processing a

particular pixel (collectively 'errors', leading to a fill value in the output) and warnings that occured while processing this pixel (warnings which may affect the quality of the retrieval

result). A detailed description is provided in appendix C.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_UINT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'Processing quality flags' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'Flags indicating conditions that affect quality of the	NC_STRING

retrieval.' (static)

flag meanings

NC STRING

'success radiance missing irradiance missing input spectrum missing reflectance range error ler range error snr range error sza range error vza range error lut range error ozone range error wavelength offset error initialization error memory error assertion error io error numerical_error lut_error ISRF_error convergence_error cloud_filter_convergence_error max_iteration_convergence error aot lower boundary convergence_error other_boundary_convergence_error geolocation_error ch4_noscat_zero_error h2o noscat zero error max optical thickness error aerosol boundary error boundary hit error chi2 error svd error dfs error radiative transfer error optimal_estimation_error profile_error cloud_error model_error number_of_input_data_points_too_low error cloud pressure spread too low error generic_range ercloud too low level error generic_exception input_spectrum_alignment_error abort_error wrong_input_type_error wavelength calibration error coregistration error slant column density error airmass factor error vertical column density error signal to noise ratio error configuration error key error saturation error solar eclipse filter cloud filter altitude consistency filter altitude roughness filter sun glint filter mixed surface type filter snow ice filter aai filter cloud fraction fresco filter aai scene albedo filter small pixel radiance std filter cloud_fraction_viirs_filter cirrus_reflectance_viirs_filter cf_viirs_swir_ifov_filter cf_viirs_swir_ofova_filter cf_viirs_swir_ofovb_filter cf viirs swir ofovc filter cf viirs nir ifov filter cf viirs nir ofova filter cf viirs nir ofovb filter cf viirs nir ofovc filter refl cirrus viirs swir filter refl cirrus viirs nir filter diff refl cirrus viirs filter ch4 noscat ratio filter ch4 noscat ratio std filter h2o_noscat_ratio_filter h2o_noscat_ratio_std_filter diff psurf fresco ecmwf filter psurf fresco stdv filter ocean filter time range filter pixel or scanline index filter geographic region filter input_spectrum_warning wavelength_calibration_warning extrapolation warning sun glint warning south atlantic anomaly warning sun glint correction snow ice warning cloud warning AAI warning pixel level input data missing low cloud fraction warndata range warning altitude_consistency_warning signal_to_noise ratio warning deconvolution warning so2_volcanic_origin_likely_warning so2_volcanic_origin_certain_warning interpolation_warning saturation warning high sza warning cloud retrieval_warning cloud_inhomogeneity_warning' (static)

	flag_masks	255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255,	NC_UINT
	flag_values	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 256, 512, 1024, 2048, 4096, 8192, 16384, 32768, 65536, 131072, 262144, 524288, 1048576, 2097152, 4194304, 8388608, 16777216, 33554432, 67108864, 134217728, 268435456, 536870912 (static)	NC_UINT
		'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the case is not specified in the climate and forecast	
number_of_s	spectral_points_in_r	etrieval	
Description:	The number of poin	ts in the spectrum that were used in the retrieval.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_USHORT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'Number of spectral points used in the retrieval' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
		ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the case is not specified in the climate and forecast	

E.13 Wavelength fit results

wavelength_calibration_polynomial Description: Exponent of the polynomial used in the wavelength fit, {0,...,N}. Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical" output configuration flag is set. Dimensions: wavelength_calibration_polynomial (coordinate variable). Type: NC_INT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'exponent of the fit polynomial' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
wavelength_	calibration_offset		
Description:	Fitted wavelength o	ffset from the wavelength calibration pre-fit in the Lev	el 2 processor.
		$\lambda_{true} = \lambda_{nominal} + \delta \lambda$	(4)
	See [RD51] for deta	ils about the wavelength fit.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'wavelength offset' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'nm' (static)	NC_STRING
	wavelength_fit window_start	0.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	The start wavelengt	h of the wavelength fit window.	
	wavelength_fit window_end	0.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	The end wavelength	of the wavelength fit window.	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
		ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the recase is not specified in the climate and forecast recast in	• ,
	ancillary_vari- ables	'wavelength_calibration_offset_precision' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'True wavelength = nominal wavelength + wavelength offset + wavelength stretch * scaled wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING
wavelength_	calibration_offset_p	recision	
Description:	A posteriori precisio	n of the fitted wavelength offset.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'wavelength offset precision' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'nm' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
		ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the case is not specified in the climate and forecast r	

wavelength_calibration_stretch

Description: Fitted wavelength stretch q from the wavelength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 processor.

$$\lambda_{\text{true}} = \lambda_{\text{nominal}} + \delta \lambda + q \lambda^*$$
 (5)

with λ^* a scaled wavelength to the range [-1,1] over the full fit window. This is an optional fit parameter.

time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Dimensions:

NC_FLOAT. Type:

Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'wavelength stretch' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
		ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast r	• ,
	ancillary_vari- ables	'wavelength_calibration_stretch_precision' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'True wavelength = nominal wavelength + wavelength offset + wavelength stretch * scaled wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING
wavelength_	calibration_stretch_	precision	
Description:	A posteriori precision	on of the fitted wavelength stretch.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	ınd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'wavelength stretch precision' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
		ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast r	
wavelength_	calibration_polynor	nial_coefficients	

Description: Coefficients a_i of the polinomial of the wavelength fit.

$$P_N = \sum_{j=0}^{N} a_j (\lambda^*)^j \tag{6}$$

with λ^* a scaled wavelength to the range [-1,1] over the full fit window.

Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical" output configuration flag is set.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel, wavelength_calibration_polynomial.

Type: NC FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name Value Type NC_STRING 'Polynomial coefficients for the wavelength fit' long_name (static) '1' (static) NC_STRING units '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC STRING coordinates

The latitude and longitude are in a different group. How to specify the related geospatial coordinates in this case is not specified in the climate and forecast metadata conventions [ER1].

ancillary_vari-	'wavelength_calibration_polynomial_coefficients NC_STRING
ables	precision' (static)

wavelength_calibration_polynomial_coefficients_precision

Description: Precision of the coefficients a_j of the polynomial of the wavelength fit.

Type

Attributes:

Name

Value

Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical" output configuration flag is set. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel, wavelength calibration polynomial. Type: NC FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type long name 'Polynomial coefficients for the wavelength fit' NC STRING (static) NC STRING units '1' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) coordinates NC STRING The latitude and longitude are in a different group. How to specify the related geospatial coordinates in this case is not specified in the climate and forecast metadata conventions [ER1]. wavelength_calibration_ring_coefficient Description: Fitted Ring coefficient C_{ring} from the wavelength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 processor. Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical" output configuration flag is set. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel. Type: NC FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type 'wavelength stretch' (static) NC_STRING long_name '1' (static) NC STRING units coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC STRING The latitude and longitude are in a different group. How to specify the related geospatial coordinates in this case is not specified in the climate and forecast metadata conventions [ER1]. ancillary vari-'wavelength calibration ring coefficient preci-NC STRING ables sion' (static) wavelength_calibration_ring_coefficient_precision Description: A posteriori precision of the Ring coefficient in the wavelength calibration pre-fit. Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical" output configuration flag is set. time, scanline, ground_pixel. Dimensions: NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type long_name 'wavelength fit ring coefficient precision' (static) NC STRING units '1' (static) NC STRING coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC STRING The latitude and longitude are in a different group. How to specify the related geospatial coordinates in this case is not specified in the climate and forecast metadata conventions [ER1]. wavelength calibration chi square The χ^2 from the wavelength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 processor. Description: Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel. NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor.

long_name	'wavelength calibration chi square' (static)	NC_STRING
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	gitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast n	• '

wavelength calibration number iterations

Description: The number of iterations used in the wavelength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 processor.

Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical"

output configuration flag is set.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_INT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
long_name	'wavelength calibration iterations' (static)	NC_STRING
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

The latitude and longitude are in a different group. How to specify the related geospatial coordinates in this case is not specified in the climate and forecast metadata conventions [ER1].

wavelength_calibration_time

Description: The time used for the wavelength calibration pre-fit.

Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical"

output configuration flag is set.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
long_name	'wavelength calibration processing time' (static)	NC_STRING
units	's' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING

The latitude and longitude are in a different group. How to specify the related geospatial coordinates in this case is not specified in the climate and forecast metadata conventions [ER1].

wavelength_calibration_irradiance_polynomial

Description: Exponent of the polynomial used in the irradiance wavelength fit, $\{0, \dots, N\}$.

Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical"

output configuration flag is set.

Dimensions: wavelength_calibration_irradiance_polynomial (coordinate variable).

Type: NC_INT.
Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name Value Type

 long_name
 'exponent of the irradiance wavelength fit polynomial' (static)
 NC_STRING

 units
 '1' (static)
 NC_STRING

wavelength_calibration_irradiance_offset

Description:	Fitted wavelength o processor.	ffset from the irradiance wavelength calibration pre	III III IIIC LOVOI 2
	p10003301.	$\lambda_{true} = \lambda_{nominal} + \delta \lambda$	(7
	See [RD51] for deta	ils about the wavelength fit.	
Dimensions:	time, ground_pixel.	,	
Туре:	NC FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
_	long_name	'wavelength offset' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'nm' (static)	NC_STRING
_	wavelength_fit window_start	0.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	The start wavelength	h of the irradiance wavelength fit window.	
_	wavelength_fit window_end	0.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	The end wavelength	of the irradiance wavelength fit window.	
_	ancillary_vari- ables	'wavelength_calibration_offset_precision' (static)	NC_STRING
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	NC CTDING
	comment	'True wavelength = nominal wavelength + wavelength offset + wavelength stretch * scaled wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING
wavelength_c	comment	wavelength offset + wavelength stretch * scaled wavelength' (static)	NO_STRING
wavelength_c	calibration_irradiand	wavelength offset + wavelength stretch * scaled wavelength' (static)	
	calibration_irradiand	wavelength offset + wavelength stretch * scaled wavelength' (static) ce_offset_precision	
Description:	calibration_irradianc	wavelength offset + wavelength stretch * scaled wavelength' (static) ce_offset_precision	
Description: Dimensions:	calibration_irradiand A posteriori precision time, ground_pixel.	wavelength offset + wavelength stretch * scaled wavelength' (static) ce_offset_precision	
Description: Dimensions: Type:	calibration_irradiand A posteriori precisio time, ground_pixel. NC_FLOAT.	wavelength offset + wavelength stretch * scaled wavelength' (static) ce_offset_precision	
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	calibration_irradiand A posteriori precision time, ground_pixel. NC_FLOAT. Processor.	wavelength offset + wavelength stretch * scaled wavelength' (static) ce_offset_precision n of the fitted wavelength offset for the irradiance spe	Type NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Calibration_irradiance A posteriori precision time, ground_pixel. NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name	wavelength offset + wavelength stretch * scaled wavelength' (static) ce_offset_precision n of the fitted wavelength offset for the irradiance spe	octrum. Type
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	A posteriori precision time, ground_pixel. NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name units	wavelength offset + wavelength stretch * scaled wavelength' (static) ce_offset_precision n of the fitted wavelength offset for the irradiance spe Value 'irradiance wavelength offset precision' (static)	Type NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	Calibration_irradiano A posteriori precision time, ground_pixel. NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name units calibration_irradiano	wavelength offset + wavelength stretch * scaled wavelength' (static) ce_offset_precision n of the fitted wavelength offset for the irradiance spe Value 'irradiance wavelength offset precision' (static) 'nm' (static)	Type NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	Calibration_irradiano A posteriori precision time, ground_pixel. NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name units calibration_irradiano	wavelength offset + wavelength stretch * scaled wavelength' (static) ce_offset_precision n of the fitted wavelength offset for the irradiance spe Value 'irradiance wavelength offset precision' (static) 'nm' (static) ce_polynomial_coefficients	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	Calibration_irradiano A posteriori precision time, ground_pixel. NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name units Calibration_irradiano Coefficients a_j of the	wavelength offset + wavelength stretch * scaled wavelength' (static) ce_offset_precision n of the fitted wavelength offset for the irradiance spe Value 'irradiance wavelength offset precision' (static) 'nm' (static) ce_polynomial_coefficients ce polinomial of the irradiance wavelength fit.	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	calibration_irradianonal A posteriori precisional time, ground_pixel. NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name units calibration_irradianonal Coefficients a_j of the with λ^* a scaled was	wavelength offset + wavelength stretch * scaled wavelength' (static) ce_offset_precision n of the fitted wavelength offset for the irradiance special 'irradiance wavelength offset precision' (static) 'nm' (static) ce_polynomial_coefficients e polinomial of the irradiance wavelength fit. $P_N = \sum_{j=0}^N a_j (\lambda^*)^j$ welength to the range $[-1,1]$ over the full fit window. optional variable, it will only be added to the output	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING (8
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	Calibration_irradiano A posteriori precision time, ground_pixel. NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name units Calibration_irradiano Coefficients a_j of the with λ^* a scaled way Note that this is an output configuration	wavelength offset + wavelength stretch * scaled wavelength' (static) ce_offset_precision n of the fitted wavelength offset for the irradiance special 'irradiance wavelength offset precision' (static) 'nm' (static) ce_polynomial_coefficients e polinomial of the irradiance wavelength fit. $P_N = \sum_{j=0}^N a_j (\lambda^*)^j$ welength to the range $[-1,1]$ over the full fit window. optional variable, it will only be added to the output	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING (8
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: wavelength_c Description:	Calibration_irradiano A posteriori precision time, ground_pixel. NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name units Calibration_irradiano Coefficients a_j of the with λ^* a scaled way Note that this is an output configuration	wavelength offset + wavelength stretch * scaled wavelength' (static) ce_offset_precision n of the fitted wavelength offset for the irradiance special value 'irradiance wavelength offset precision' (static) 'nm' (static) ce_polynomial_coefficients ce polinomial of the irradiance wavelength fit. $P_N = \sum_{j=0}^N a_j (\lambda^*)^j$ welength to the range $[-1,1]$ over the full fit window. optional variable, it will only be added to the output flag is set.	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING (8
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: wavelength_c Description: Dimensions:	calibration_irradiance A posteriori precision time, ground_pixel. NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name units calibration_irradiance Coefficients a_j of the with λ^* a scaled way Note that this is an output configuration time, ground_pixel, λ^*	wavelength offset + wavelength stretch * scaled wavelength' (static) ce_offset_precision n of the fitted wavelength offset for the irradiance special value 'irradiance wavelength offset precision' (static) 'nm' (static) ce_polynomial_coefficients ce polinomial of the irradiance wavelength fit. $P_N = \sum_{j=0}^N a_j (\lambda^*)^j$ welength to the range $[-1,1]$ over the full fit window. optional variable, it will only be added to the output flag is set.	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING (8
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: wavelength_c Description: Dimensions: Type:	calibration_irradianonal A posteriori precisional time, ground_pixel. NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name units calibration_irradianonal Coefficients a_j of the with λ^* a scaled way Note that this is an output configuration time, ground_pixel, with NC_FLOAT.	wavelength offset + wavelength stretch * scaled wavelength' (static) ce_offset_precision n of the fitted wavelength offset for the irradiance special value 'irradiance wavelength offset precision' (static) 'nm' (static) ce_polynomial_coefficients ce polinomial of the irradiance wavelength fit. $P_N = \sum_{j=0}^N a_j (\lambda^*)^j$ welength to the range $[-1,1]$ over the full fit window. optional variable, it will only be added to the output flag is set.	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING (8
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: wavelength_c Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	calibration_irradiano A posteriori precision time, ground_pixel. NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name units calibration_irradiano Coefficients a_j of the with λ^* a scaled way Note that this is an output configuration time, ground_pixel, v NC_FLOAT. Processor.	wavelength offset + wavelength stretch * scaled wavelength' (static) ce_offset_precision n of the fitted wavelength offset for the irradiance specific tradiance wavelength offset precision' (static) 'mr' (static) ce_polynomial_coefficients coefficients coeffic	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING (8

Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical"

output configuration flag is set.

Dimensions:	time around nixel	wavelength_calibration_irradiance_polynomial.	
Type:	NC FLOAT.	wavelength_ballon_inadianee_polynomial.	
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'Precision of the polynomial coefficients for the irradiance wavelength fit' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
wavelength_	calibration_irradian	ce_chi_square	
Description:	The χ^2 from the irra	diance wavelength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 pr	ocessor.
Dimensions:	time, ground_pixel.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'wavelength calibration irradiance chi squared' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
wavelength_	calibration_irradian	ce_number_iterations	
		tions used in the wavelength calibration pre-fit in the L	_evei ≥ processor.
Description: Dimensions:	Note that this is an output configuration	optional variable, it will only be added to the output	•
Dimensions:	Note that this is an	optional variable, it will only be added to the output	•
·	Note that this is an output configuration time, ground_pixel.	optional variable, it will only be added to the output	•
Dimensions:	Note that this is an output configuration time, ground_pixel. NC_INT.	optional variable, it will only be added to the output	•
Dimensions: Type: Source:	Note that this is an output configuration time, ground_pixel. NC_INT. Processor.	optional variable, it will only be added to the output a flag is set.	is the "statistical"
Dimensions: Type: Source:	Note that this is an output configuration time, ground_pixel. NC_INT. Processor. Name	optional variable, it will only be added to the output a flag is set. Value	is the "statistical" Type
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	Note that this is an output configuration time, ground_pixel. NC_INT. Processor. Name long_name	optional variable, it will only be added to the output of flag is set. Value 'wavelength calibration irradiance iterations' (static) '1' (static)	Type NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	Note that this is an output configuration time, ground_pixel. NC_INT. Processor. Name Iong_name units calibration_irradian	optional variable, it will only be added to the output of flag is set. Value 'wavelength calibration irradiance iterations' (static) '1' (static)	Type NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	Note that this is an output configuration time, ground_pixel. NC_INT. Processor. Name long_name units calibration_irradian The time used for the	optional variable, it will only be added to the output of flag is set. Value 'wavelength calibration irradiance iterations' (static) '1' (static) ce_time ne wavelength calibration pre-fit. optional variable, it will only be added to the output	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	Note that this is an output configuration time, ground_pixel. NC_INT. Processor. Name long_name units calibration_irradian The time used for the Note that this is an	optional variable, it will only be added to the output of flag is set. Value 'wavelength calibration irradiance iterations' (static) '1' (static) ce_time ne wavelength calibration pre-fit. optional variable, it will only be added to the output	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: wavelength_ Description:	Note that this is an output configuration time, ground_pixel. NC_INT. Processor. Name Iong_name units calibration_irradian The time used for the Note that this is an output configuration.	optional variable, it will only be added to the output of flag is set. Value 'wavelength calibration irradiance iterations' (static) '1' (static) ce_time ne wavelength calibration pre-fit. optional variable, it will only be added to the output	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: wavelength Description: Dimensions:	Note that this is an output configuration time, ground_pixel. NC_INT. Processor. Name long_name units calibration_irradian The time used for the Note that this is an output configuration time, ground_pixel.	optional variable, it will only be added to the output of flag is set. Value 'wavelength calibration irradiance iterations' (static) '1' (static) ce_time ne wavelength calibration pre-fit. optional variable, it will only be added to the output	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: wavelength_ Description: Dimensions: Type:	Note that this is an output configuration time, ground_pixel. NC_INT. Processor. Name Iong_name units calibration_irradian The time used for the Note that this is an output configuration time, ground_pixel. NC_FLOAT.	optional variable, it will only be added to the output of flag is set. Value 'wavelength calibration irradiance iterations' (static) '1' (static) ce_time ne wavelength calibration pre-fit. optional variable, it will only be added to the output	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: wavelength_ Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Note that this is an output configuration time, ground_pixel. NC_INT. Processor. Name Iong_name units calibration_irradian The time used for the Note that this is an output configuration time, ground_pixel. NC_FLOAT. Processor.	value 'wavelength calibration irradiance iterations' (static) '1' (static) ce_time ne wavelength calibration pre-fit. optional variable, it will only be added to the output of flag is set.	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING is the "statistical"

E.14 Optional output for the fluorescence algorithm

These are optional variables to store extra output for the fluorescence algorithm. A flag will have to be set in the configuration to add these fields to the output, they are not part of the nominal output of the processors.

error_covariance_matrix_fluor		
Description:	Each element of this matrix is a covariance between the effect of the estimated measurement noise on one retrieved state parameter and on another state parameter. The diagonal elements are the retrieval noises on each of the state parameters squared. Note that this is an <i>optional</i> variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical" output configuration flog is not	
Description:	noise on one retrieved state parameter and on another state parameter. The diagonal elements are the retrieval noises on each of the state parameters squared.	

Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	und_pixel, state_vector_length_fluor, state_vector_length	ath fluor.
Type:	NC FLOAT.		9
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	' <various>' (static)</various>	NC STRING
	Not of uniform type	and unit. This attribute originates from the CF standa	_
	long_name	'Covariance matrix of retrieval noise estimate' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING
wavelength_	index_fluor		
Description:	measurement. This	riable wavelength_index refers to the wavelength is is merely an index, the actual wavelength for the fluoravelength variable.	
	Note that this is an output configuration	n <i>optional</i> variable, it will only be added to the outpunflag is set.	it is the "residual"
Dimensions:	wavelength_index_	fluor (coordinate variable).	
Type:	NC_INT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'wavelength dimension index for fluorescence' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'This coordinate variable defines the indices for the wavelengths; index starts at 0' (static)	NC_STRING
wavelength_	fluor		
Description:	-	ale for the residuals. Will contain fill values for unuse shorter than the maximum nominal spectrum, for instanc	
	Nicke Alexa Alexa de la con-	n optional variable, it will only be added to the outpu	
	output configuration		it is the "residual'
Dimensions: Type:	output configuration time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT.		it is the "residual"
Type: Source:	output configuration time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT. Processor.	n flag is set. und_pixel, wavelength_index_fluor.	
Type:	output configuration time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name	n flag is set. und_pixel, wavelength_index_fluor. Value	Туре
Type: Source:	output configuration time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units	n flag is set. und_pixel, wavelength_index_fluor. Value 'nm' (static)	Type NC_STRING
Type: Source:	output configuration time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name	n flag is set. und_pixel, wavelength_index_fluor. Value 'nm' (static) 'electromagnetic_wavelength' (static)	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Type: Source:	output configuration time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units	r flag is set. und_pixel, wavelength_index_fluor. Value 'nm' (static) 'electromagnetic_wavelength' (static) 'wavelength' (static)	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Type: Source: Attributes:	output configuration time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name long_name coordinates	n flag is set. und_pixel, wavelength_index_fluor. Value 'nm' (static) 'electromagnetic_wavelength' (static)	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Type: Source:	output configuration time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name long_name coordinates or The radiance y_i , ovalues for unused spectrum, for instal Note that this is an	In flag is set. Fluor.	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING e. Will contain fill
Type: Source: Attributes: radiance_flue Description:	output configuration time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name long_name coordinates or The radiance y_i , o values for unused a spectrum, for instal Note that this is ar output configuration	In flag is set. $Value$ $Valu$	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING e. Will contain fill
Type: Source: Attributes: radiance_flue Description: Dimensions:	output configuration time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name long_name coordinates or The radiance y_i , ovalues for unused spectrum, for instance output configuration time, scanline, ground Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, ground Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, ground Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, ground Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, ground Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, ground Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, ground Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, ground Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, ground Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, ground Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, ground Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, ground Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, ground Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, ground Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, ground Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, ground Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, ground Note that this is an output configuration time.	In flag is set. Fluor.	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING e. Will contain fill naximum nominal
Type: Source: Attributes: radiance_flue Description: Dimensions: Type:	output configuration time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name long_name coordinates or The radiance y_i , ovalues for unused spectrum, for instance values for unused spectrum values for unused spectr	In flag is set. $Value$ $Valu$	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING e. Will contain fill
Type: Source: Attributes: radiance_flue Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	output configuration time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name long_name coordinates or The radiance y_i , ovalues for unused spectrum, for instance values to that this is an output configuration time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor.	In flag is set. Fluor.	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING e. Will contain fill naximum nominal it is the "residual"
Type: Source: Attributes: radiance_flue Description: Dimensions: Type:	output configuration time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name long_name coordinates or The radiance y_i , ovalues for unused spectrum, for instance values for unused spectrum values for unused spectr	In flag is set. $Value$ $Valu$	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING e. Will contain fill naximum nominal

cond_pernm_-percm2_persr

	standard_name	'radiance' (static)	NC_STRING	
	This name is not yet standard.	included in the standard name list. This attribute original	nates from the CF	
	long_name	'radiance' (static)	NC_STRING	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING	
	This provides a connection between the residuals, the geolocation <i>and</i> the wavelengths. This attribute originates from the CF standard.			
	ancillary_vari- ables	'reflectance_precision' (static)	NC_STRING	
	multiplication factor_to convert_to photons_perse- cond_pernm percm2 persr	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT	
	The quantities in Se 5 precursor are giv photons s ⁻¹ cm ⁻² nm the radiance in phot	ntinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. The radicen in $mol s^{-1} m^{-2} nm^{-1} sr^{-1}$. Traditionally the radial $^{-1} sr^{-1}$, This attribute provides the multiplication from $s^{-1} cm^{-2} nm^{-1} sr^{-1}$ from the value in $mol s^{-1} m^{-2}$ nience to users who have tools that work in photons $s^{-1} cm^{-2} m^{-1} sr^{-1}$	nces are given in actor to calculate $\mathrm{nm}^{-1}\mathrm{sr}^{-1}$. This is	
radiance_fluc	or_precision			
Description:	contain fill values for	liance y_i , or $R_{\text{obs}}(\lambda_i)$, with λ_i given in the wavelen runused pixels, i.e. if the actual spectrum is shorter to rinstance due to rounding or flagged pixels.		
	Note that this is an output configuration	optional variable, it will only be added to the output lag is set.	ut is the "residual"	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, groun	nd_pixel, wavelength_index_fluor.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'mol s-1 m-2 nm-1 sr-1' (static)	NC_STRING	
	standard_name	'radiance error' (static)	NC_STRING	
	This name is not yet standard.	included in the standard name list. This attribute original	nates from the CF	
	long_name	'radiance precision' (static)	NC_STRING	
	standard_error multiplier	1.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING	
		nection between the residuals, the geolocation and ates from the CF standard.	the wavelengths.	
	multiplication factor_to convert_to photons_perse-	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT	

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. The radiances for Sentinel 5 precursor are given in $mol \, s^{-1} \, m^{-2} \, nm^{-1} \, sr^{-1}$. Traditionally the radiances are given in photons $s^{-1} \, cm^{-2} \, nm^{-1} \, sr^{-1}$, This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the radiance in photons $s^{-1} \, cm^{-2} \, nm^{-1} \, sr^{-1}$ from the value in $mol \, s^{-1} \, m^{-2} \, nm^{-1} \, sr^{-1}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in photons $s^{-1} \, cm^{-2} \, nm^{-1} \, sr^{-1}$.

model fluor

Description:

The modeled radiance $f(x_i; \mathbf{a})$ or $R_{\mathsf{model}}(\lambda_i)$, with λ_i given in the wavelength variable. Will contain fill values for unused pixels, i.e. if the actual spectrum is shorter than the maximum nominal spectrum, for instance due to rounding or flagged pixels.

Note that this is an *optional* variable, it will only be added to the output is the "residual" output configuration flag is set.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel, wavelength index fluor.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol s-1 m-2 nm-1 sr-1' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'reflectance' (static)	NC_STRING

This name is not yet included in the standard name list. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

long_name	'modeled reflectance' (stat	NC_STRING	
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude wavelength' (static)	/PRODUCT/latitude	NC_STRING
	wavelengin (Stalic)		

This provides a connection between the residuals, the geolocation *and* the wavelengths. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

multiplication - 6.022140857e+19 (static) NC FLOAT

factor_to_convert_to_photons_persecond_pernm_percm2_persr

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. The radiances for Sentinel 5 precursor are given in $mol \, s^{-1} \, m^{-2} \, nm^{-1} \, sr^{-1}$. Traditionally the radiances are given in photons $s^{-1} \, cm^{-2} \, nm^{-1} \, sr^{-1}$, This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the radiance in photons $s^{-1} \, cm^{-2} \, nm^{-1} \, sr^{-1}$ from the value in $mol \, s^{-1} \, m^{-2} \, nm^{-1} \, sr^{-1}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in photons $s^{-1} \, cm^{-2} \, nm^{-1} \, sr^{-1}$.

E.15 Residuals (Optional output)

wavelength

Description:

The wavelength scale for the residuals. Will contain fill values for unused pixels, i.e. if the actual spectrum is shorter than the maximum nominal spectrum, for instance due to rounding or flagged pixels.

Note that this is an *optional* variable, it will only be added to the output is the "residual" output configuration flag is set.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel, wavelength index.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name Value Type

units 'nm' (static) NC_STRING

standard name 'electromagnetic wavelength' (static) NC_STRING

	long_name	'wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
residual			
Description:	The residual of the fit, $y_i - f(x_i; \mathbf{a})$, as 'observation' minus 'model', also known as $R_{\text{obs}}(\lambda_i)$ $R_{\text{model}}(\lambda_i)$, with λ_i given in the wavelength variable. Will contain fill values for unused pixe i.e. if the actual spectrum is shorter than the maximum nominal spectrum, for instance due to rounding or flagged pixels. Note that this is an <i>optional</i> variable, it will only be added to the output is the "residual"		
D	output configuration flag is set.		
Dimensions:	•	ınd_pixel, wavelength_index.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'residual of fit (observation - model)' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING
	This provides a connection between the residuals, the geolocation <i>and</i> the wavelengths. This attribute originates from the CF standard.		
	ancillary_vari- ables	'reflectance_precision reflectance model wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING
reflectance			
Description:	values for unused p spectrum, for instar Note that this is an	or $R_{\mathrm{obs}}(\lambda_i)$, with λ_i given in the wavelength variable pixels, i.e. if the actual spectrum is shorter than the management of the results of the output in the proposed pixels. In optional variable, it will only be added to the output in the proposed pixels.	naximum nomin
D:	output configuration	-	
Dimensions:		ınd_pixel, wavelength_index.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.	Malara	T
Attributes:	Name	Value	Type
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'reflectance' (static)	NC_STRING
	this name is not yet standard.	t included in the standard name list. This attribute origin	
	long_name	'reflectance' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING
	This provides a connection between the residuals, the geolocation <i>and</i> the wavelengths This attribute originates from the CF standard.		
	ancillary_vari- ables	'reflectance_precision residual model wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING
	orecision		
reflectance_			
	contain fill values fo	lectance y_i , or $R_{\text{obs}}(\lambda_i)$, with λ_i given in the wavelend or unused pixels, i.e. if the actual spectrum is shorter the for instance due to rounding or flagged pixels.	
reflectance_i	contain fill values fo nominal spectrum,	or unused pixels, i.e. if the actual spectrum is shorter the for instance due to rounding or flagged pixels. In optional variable, it will only be added to the outpu	nan the maximu

time, scanline, ground_pixel, wavelength_index.

Dimensions:

NC_FLOAT.

Type:

Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'reflectance error' (static)	NC_STRING
	This name is not yet standard.	t included in the standard name list. This attribute origi	nates from the C
	long_name	'reflectance precision' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_error multiplier	1.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING
	-	nnection between the residuals, the geolocation <i>and</i> ates from the CF standard.	the wavelength
	ancillary_vari- ables	'reflectance residual model wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING
model			
Description:	Will contain fill value maximum nominal so Note that this is an	stance $f(x_i; \mathbf{a})$ or $R_{model}(\lambda_i)$, with λ_i given in the wave ues for unused pixels, i.e. if the actual spectrum is spectrum, for instance due to rounding or flagged pixel optional variable, it will only be added to the output	shorter than thels.
	output configuration	•	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel, wavelength_index.	
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard name	'reflectance' (static)	NC STRING
	otaniaara_namo	remoduries (statio)	
	-	t included in the standard name list. This attribute original	_
	This name is not yet	· · · · ·	_
	This name is not yet standard.	t included in the standard name list. This attribute original	nates from the C
	This name is not yet standard. long_name coordinates This provides a cor	'modelled reflectance' (static) 'PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude	NC_STRING NC_STRING
	This name is not yet standard. long_name coordinates This provides a cor	'modelled reflectance' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude wavelength' (static) nection between the residuals, the geolocation and	NC_STRING NC_STRING
start_index_i	This name is not yet standard. long_name coordinates This provides a cor This attribute original ancillary_variables	'modelled reflectance' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude wavelength' (static) nnection between the residuals, the geolocation and ates from the CF standard. 'reflectance_precision residual reflectance	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
	This name is not yet standard. long_name coordinates This provides a cor This attribute original ancillary_variables n_l1b	'modelled reflectance' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude wavelength' (static) nnection between the residuals, the geolocation and ates from the CF standard. 'reflectance_precision residual reflectance wavelength' (static) xel (starting from 0) within the L1B radiance or irradia	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING If the wavelength
	This name is not yet standard. long_name coordinates This provides a cor This attribute origina ancillary_variables n_l1b The first spectral pix is used in the retriev	'modelled reflectance' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude wavelength' (static) nection between the residuals, the geolocation and ates from the CF standard. 'reflectance_precision residual reflectance wavelength' (static) xel (starting from 0) within the L1B radiance or irradia val of this pixel.	NC_STRING NC_STRING The wavelength NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description:	This name is not yet standard. long_name coordinates This provides a cor This attribute original ancillary_variables in_l1b The first spectral pix is used in the retriev Note that this is an	'modelled reflectance' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude wavelength' (static) nnection between the residuals, the geolocation and ates from the CF standard. 'reflectance_precision residual reflectance wavelength' (static) xel (starting from 0) within the L1B radiance or irradia val of this pixel. i optional variable, it will only be added to the output of flag is set.	NC_STRING NC_STRING The wavelength NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions:	This name is not yet standard. long_name coordinates This provides a cor This attribute original ancillary_variables In_I1b The first spectral pix is used in the retriev Note that this is an output configuration	'modelled reflectance' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude wavelength' (static) nnection between the residuals, the geolocation and ates from the CF standard. 'reflectance_precision residual reflectance wavelength' (static) xel (starting from 0) within the L1B radiance or irradia val of this pixel. i optional variable, it will only be added to the output of flag is set.	NC_STRING NC_STRING The wavelength NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type:	This name is not yet standard. long_name coordinates This provides a cor This attribute origina ancillary_variables In_l1b The first spectral pix is used in the retriev Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, grou	'modelled reflectance' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude wavelength' (static) nnection between the residuals, the geolocation and ates from the CF standard. 'reflectance_precision residual reflectance wavelength' (static) xel (starting from 0) within the L1B radiance or irradia val of this pixel. i optional variable, it will only be added to the output of flag is set.	NC_STRING NC_STRING The wavelength NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	This name is not yet standard. long_name coordinates This provides a cor This attribute origina ancillary_variables in_l1b The first spectral pix is used in the retriev Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, groun NC_USHORT.	'modelled reflectance' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude wavelength' (static) nnection between the residuals, the geolocation and ates from the CF standard. 'reflectance_precision residual reflectance wavelength' (static) xel (starting from 0) within the L1B radiance or irradia val of this pixel. i optional variable, it will only be added to the output of flag is set.	NC_STRING NC_STRING The wavelength NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	This name is not yet standard. long_name coordinates This provides a cor This attribute origina ancillary_variables In_l1b The first spectral pix is used in the retriev Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, grou NC_USHORT. Processor.	'modelled reflectance' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude wavelength' (static) nection between the residuals, the geolocation and ates from the CF standard. 'reflectance_precision residual reflectance wavelength' (static) xel (starting from 0) within the L1B radiance or irradia val of this pixel. I optional variable, it will only be added to the output of flag is set. nd_pixel.	NC_STRING NC_STRING The wavelength NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING The wavelength NC_STRING The wavelength NC_STRING
start_index_i Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	This name is not yet standard. Iong_name coordinates This provides a cor This attribute original ancillary_variables In_I1b The first spectral pix is used in the retriev Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, groun NC_USHORT. Processor. Name	'modelled reflectance' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude wavelength' (static) nection between the residuals, the geolocation and ates from the CF standard. 'reflectance_precision residual reflectance wavelength' (static) xel (starting from 0) within the L1B radiance or irradia val of this pixel. a optional variable, it will only be added to the output flag is set. nd_pixel. Value	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING If the wavelength NC_STRING The wavelength NC_STRING The wavelength NC_STRING Type

E.16 Wind field

eastward	l wind

Description: The horizontal component of the wind at 10 meter height in the eastward direction. This is

the 10U parameter from ECMWF (grib variable 165).

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
standard_name	'eastward_wind' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Eastward wind from ECMWF at 10 meter height level' (static)	NC_STRING
units	'm s-1' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ancillary_vari- ables	'northward_wind' (static)	NC_STRING

northward_wind

Description: The horizontal component of the wind at 10 meter height in the northward direction. This is

the 10V parameter from ECMWF (grib variable 166).

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
standard_name	'northward_wind' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Northward wind from ECMWF at 10 meter height level' (static)	NC_STRING
units	'm s-1' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ancillary_vari- ables	'eastward_wind' (static)	NC_STRING

E.17 Additional data support fields

The variables described in section E.16 "Wind field" on page 169 are included in the output at this location.

surface_altitude

Description: The mean of the sub-pixels of the surface altitude within the approximate field of view, based

on the GMTED2010 surface elevation database. The surface altitude is referenced to the Earth Gravitational Model 1996 (EGM96) geoid. The WGS84 ellipsoid is the best fitting ellipsoid to the EGM96 geoid model, but the altitude presented here is the orthometric height

not an ellipsoid height.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT.

Source: surface elevation database.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
long_name	'Surface altitude' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'surface_altitude' (static)	NC_STRING
units	'm' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
source	'http://topotools.cr.usgs.gov/gmted_viewer/' (static)	NC_STRING

	comment	'The mean of the sub-pixels of the surface altitude- within the approximate field of view, based on the GMTED2010 surface elevation database' (static)	NC_STRING
surface altitu	ude_precision	, ,	
Description:	_ -	tion of sub-pixels used in calculating the mean surfac	ce altitude, based
	on the GMTED201 altitude variable	0 surface elevation database. See the description of for details.	of the surface
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	surface elevation da	atabase.	
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'surface altitude precision' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'surface_altitude standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'm' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_error	1.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	multiplier		
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	source	'http://topotools.cr.usgs.gov/gmted_viewer/' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'The standard deviation of sub-pixels used in cal-	NC_STRING
		culating the mean surface altitude, based on the	
		GMTED2010 surface elevation database' (static)	

surface_classification

Description:

This is a combined land/water mask and surface classification data field. For land the "Global Land Cover Characteristics Data Base Version 2.0" is used [ER15], specifically the "USGS Land Use/Land Cover System (Modified Level 2)" classification. Over water the classification from the NASA SDP toolkit [ER14], which is based on [RD46].

The structure of this variable is indicated with the flag_meanings, flag_values and flag_masks, following the CF-metadata convensions. Bits 0 and 1 indicate the land-water mask at two levels, bit 2 gives a rough statistic on the coverage of the pixel, and the remainder of the byte indicates the surface classification in more detail. Note that these values are static and based on the databases indicated above.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_UBYTE.

Source: surface elevation database (including flag attributes).

Surface clevation database (including hag attributes).		
Name	Value	Туре
long_name	'Land-water mask and surface classification based on a static database' (static)	NC_STRING
comment	'Flag indicating land/water and further surface classifications for the ground pixel' (static)	NC_STRING
source	'USGS (https://lta.cr.usgs.gov/GLCC) and NASA SDP toolkit (http://newsroom.gsfc.nasa.gov/ sdptoolkit/toolkit.html)' (static)	NC_STRING
	Name long_name comment	long_name 'Land-water mask and surface classification based on a static database' (static) comment 'Flag indicating land/water and further surface classifications for the ground pixel' (static) source 'USGS (https://lta.cr.usgs.gov/GLCC) and NASA SDP toolkit (http://newsroom.gsfc.nasa.gov/

flag_meanings	'land water some_water coast value_covers_majority_of_pixel water+shallow_ocean water+shallow_inland_water water+ocean_coastline-lake_shoreline water+intermittent_water water+deep_inland_water water+continental_shelf_ocean water+deep_ocean land+urban_and built-up land land+dryland cropland -	NC_STRING
	and_pasture land+irrigated_cropland_and_pasture land+mixed_dryland-irrigated_cropland and_pasture land+cropland-grassland_mosaic land+cropland-woodland_mosaic land+grassland land+shrubland land+mixed_shrubland- grassland land+savanna land+deciduous broadleaf_forest land+deciduous_needleleaf forest land+evergreen_broadleaf_forest land+evergreen_needleleaf_forest land+mixed forest land+herbaceous_wetland land+wooded wetland land+barren_or_sparsely_vegetated land+herbaceous_tundra land+wooded_tundra land+mixed_tundra land+bare_ground_tundra land+snow or ice' (static)	
flag_values	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 17, 25, 33, 41, 49, 57, 8, 16, 24, 32, 40, 48, 56, 64, 72, 80, 88, 96, 104, 112, 120, 128, 136, 144, 152, 160, 168, 176, 184 (static)	NC_UBYTE
flag_masks	3, 3, 3, 4, 249, 249, 249, 249, 249, 249, 249,	NC_UBYTE
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
 antiquiration identif	ior	

instrument_configuration_identifier

Description:

The IcID from the instrument configuration in the Level 1B data product. The TROPOMI instrument has many configurable parameters. For example, the exposure time, co-addition period, gains and (for UVN-DEMs) the binning factors can be varied. As a result, the instrument can be operated in many different modes or configurations. Each combination of instrument settings is referred to as an instrument configuration and is identified by an instrument configuration ID, a number in the range [1,65535]. This instrument configuration ID, or IcID, is primarily used by the instrument, where it identifies an entry in the instrument configuration tables. On ground, the IcID is used to determine the intended purpose of a measurement and is used in the L0 to 1b data processing to determine the processing path.

Dimensions: time, scanline.

Type: NC_INT. Source: L1B.

Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'IcID' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'The Instrument Configuration ID defines the type of measurement and its purpose. The number of instrument configuration IDs will increase over the mission as new types of measurements are created and used' (static)	NC_STRING

instrument configuration version

Description:	For an IcID (see the instrument_configuration_identifier above), it is possible to have multiple versions, identified by the instrument configuration version or IcVersion. The combination of IcID and IcVersion uniquely identifies the set of configuration settings of the instrument. At a given time, only one IcVersion of an IcID can be active within the instrument. The IcVersion allows to have multiple versions of a measurement with the same purpose, but with different settings. As a result of, for example, instrument degradation, it may be required to change the settings for a measurement. In that case, it is not necessary to create a new IcID, instead the same IcID can be using with a new IcVersion.
Dimensions:	time scanline
Lumensions:	lime scanline

Dimensions: time, scanline, Type: NC SHORT.

L1B. Source:

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
long_name	'IcVersion' (static)	NC_STRING
comment	'Version of the instrument_configuration_identifier' (static)	NC_STRING

scaled small pixel variance

The scaled variance of the small pixel values for each ground pixel. Description:

$$\langle R(t,r,c) \rangle = \frac{1}{N_{\text{small pixels}}} \sum_{i=0}^{N_{\text{small pixels}}-1} R(t,r,c,i)$$
 (9)
$$V(t,r,c) = \frac{1}{N_{\text{small pixels}}} \sum_{i=0}^{N_{\text{small pixels}}-1} (R(t,r,c,i) - \langle R(t,r,c) \rangle)^{2}$$
 (10)
$$V_{\text{scaled}}(t,r,c) = \frac{V(t,r,c)}{\langle R(t,r,c) \rangle^{2}}$$
 (11)

$$V(t,r,c) = \frac{1}{N_{\text{small pixels}}} \sum_{i=0}^{N_{\text{small pixels}}-1} (R(t,r,c,i) - \langle R(t,r,c) \rangle)^2$$
 (10)

$$V_{\text{scaled}}(t,r,c) = \frac{V(t,r,c)}{\langle R(t,r,c) \rangle^2}$$
 (11)

with $\langle R(t,r,c)\rangle$ the mean reflectance for small pixels of ground pixel (t,r,c), V(t,r,c) the variance of the small pixels, $V_{\text{scaled}}(t,r,c)$ the scaled small pixel variance, and R(t,r,c,i) with $i = [0, \dots, N_{\mathsf{small \; pixels}} - 1]$ the small pixel reflectance of ground pixel (t, r, c). The reflectance *R* is calculated as $R = (\pi I)/(\mu_0 E_0)$, with *I* the radiance, E_0 the irradiance and $\mu_0 = \cos(\vartheta_0)$, where ϑ_0 is the solar zenith angle.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name Value Type 'scaled small pixel variance' (static) long name NC STRING NC STRING units '1' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC STRING coordinates

The latitude and longitude are in a different group. How to specify the related geospatial coordinates in this case is not specified in the climate and forecast metadata conventions [ER1].

radiation_waveleng	gth	NC_FLOAT
	small pixels' (static)	
comment	'The scaled variance of the reflectances of the	NC_STRING

The approximate wavelength of the small pixel column in nm. Note that due to the spectral smile this wavelength will depend on the ground pixel index.

Snow/Ice flags from NISE or ECMWF

snow_ice_fla	ıg		
Description:	This is a snow/ice classification data field.		
Dimensions:	time, scanline, gro	ound_pixel.	
Type:	NC_UBYTE.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'Snow-ice mask' (static)	NC_STRING
	_FillValue	254 (static)	NC_UBYTE
	comment	'Flag indicating snow/ice at center of ground pixel' (static)	NC_STRING
	source		NC_STRING
	Possible values: N	NSIDC/NISE, ECMWF	

NC STRING

flag meanings

'snow-free land sea ice 1 percent sea ice 2 percent sea ice 3 percent sea ice 4 percent sea_ice_5_percent sea_ice_6_percent sea_ice_-7_percent sea_ice_8_percent sea_ice_9_percent sea ice 10 percent sea ice 11 percent sea ice 12 percent sea ice 13 percent sea ice 14 percent sea_ice_15_percent sea_ice_16_percent sea_ice_17_percent sea_ice_18_percent sea_ice 19 percent sea ice 20 percent sea ice 21 percent sea_ice_22_percent sea_ice_23_percent sea_ice_24_percent sea_ice_25_percent sea_ice_26_percent sea_ice_27_percent sea_ice_28_percent sea ice 29 percent sea ice 30 percent sea ice 31 percent sea ice 32 percent sea ice_33_percent sea_ice_34_percent sea_ice_35_percent sea_ice_36_percent sea_ice_37_percent sea_ice_38_percent sea_ice_39_percent sea_ice_40_percent sea_ice_41_percent sea_ice_42_percent sea_ice_43_percent sea_ice_44_percent sea_ice_45_percent sea_ice_46_percent sea_ice 47 percent sea ice 48 percent sea ice 49 percent sea ice 50 percent sea ice 51 percent sea ice 52 percent sea ice 53 percent sea ice 54 percent sea ice 55 percent sea ice 56 percent sea_ice_57_percent sea_ice_58_percent sea_ice_59_percent sea_ice_60_percent sea_ice 61 percent sea ice 62 percent sea ice 63 percent sea ice 64 percent sea ice 65 percent sea_ice_66_percent sea_ice_67_percent sea_ice_68_percent sea_ice_69_percent sea_ice_70_percent sea_ice_71_percent sea_ice_72_percent sea_ice_73_percent sea_ice_74_percent sea_ice 75 percent sea ice 76 percent sea ice 77 percent sea_ice_78_percent sea_ice_79_percent sea_ice_80_percent sea_ice_81_percent sea_ice 82 percent sea ice 83 percent sea ice 84 percent sea_ice_85_percent sea_ice_86_percent sea_ice_87_percent sea_ice_88_percent sea_ice_89_percent sea_ice_90_percent sea_ice_91_percent sea ice 92 percent sea ice 93 percent sea_ice_94_percent sea_ice_95_percent sea_ice_96_percent sea_ice_97_percent sea_ice_98_percent sea ice 99 percent sea ice 100 percent permanent ice snow mixed pixels at coastlines suspect ice value corners ocean' (static)

flag values

0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 103, 252, 253, 254, 255 (static)

coordinates

'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)

NC_STRING

NC UBYTE

E.19 Quality assurance statistics

Quality assurance statistics are gathered in variables located in this group. These can include histograms of the main parameters and event occurrence statistics. The contents of this group is under discussion. Note that the QA statistics may be stored as scalar variables rather than attributes. The former allow attributes to be attached to them, providing a more meaningful description than just the name.

Name Value	Туре
number_of_groundpixels	NC_INT
Number of ground pixels in the file.	
number_of_processed_pixels	NC_INT
Number of ground pixels where a retrieval was attempted. This is the number the pixels that were rejected based on time or configuration (range and step-sindex).	
number_of_successfully_processed_pixels	NC_INT
Number of ground pixels where a retrieval was successful.	
number_of_rejected_pixels_not_enough_spectrum	NC_INT
Number of pixels where processing was not attempted because after filtering fowere not enough spectral pixels left in either the radiance, irradiance or after	ũ.
number_of_failed_retrievals	NC_INT
Number of pixels where processing failed for whatever reason.	
number_of_ground_pixels_with_warnings	NC_INT
Number of pixels with one or more warnings.	
number_of_radiance_missing_occurrences	NC_INT
Number of ground pixels where processing error "the number of spectral plagging is too small to perform the fitting" occurred, i.e. where the lower quality_flags have the value "1".	•
number_of_irradiance_missing_occurrences	NC_INT
Number of ground pixels where processing error "the number of spectral processing is too small to perform the fitting" occurred, i.e. where the lower quality_flags have the value "2".	
number_of_input_spectrum_missing_occurrences	NC_INT
Number of ground pixels where processing error "the reflectance spectrum do to perform the retrieval. This is different from (ir)radiance_missing in that the aligned" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_	ne missing points may not be

Number of ground pixels where processing error "any of the reflectances is out of bounds (R < 0 or $R > R_{\text{max}}$)" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "4".

number_of_ler_range_error_occurrences

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "lambert-equivalent reflectivity out of range error" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "5".

number_of_snr_range_error_occurrences

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "too low signal to noise to perform retrieval" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "6".

$number_of_sza_range_error_occurrences$

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "solar zenith angle out of range, maximum value from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "7".

number_of_vza_range_error_occurrences

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "viewing zenith angle out of range, maximum value from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "8".

number of lut range error occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "extrapolation in lookup table (airmass factor, cloud radiances)" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "9".

number_of_ozone_range_error_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "ozone column significantly out of range of profile climatology" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "10".

number_of_wavelength_offset_error_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "wavelength offset exceeds maximum from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "11".

number of initialization error occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "an error occurred during the processing of the pixel, no output was generated. The following errors raise this flag: Mismatch between irradiance and radiance wavelengths; The on-ground distance between band 1 and band 2 ground pixels exceeds a threshold set in the configuration. Derived a-priori information does not validate, no processing is possible" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "12".

number_of_memory_error_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "memory allocation or deallocation error" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "13".

number of assertion error occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "error in algorithm detected during assertion" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "14".

number of io error occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "error detected during transfer of data between algorithm and framework" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "15".

number_of_numerical_error_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "general fatal numerical error occurred during inversion" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "16".

number_of_lut_error_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "error in accessing the lookup table" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing quality_flags have the value "17".

number of ISRF error occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "error detected in the input instrument spectral response function input data" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "18".

number of convergence error occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "the main algorithm did not converge" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "19".

number_of_cloud_filter_convergence_error_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "the cloud filter did not converge" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "20".

number_of_max_iteration_convergence_error_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "no convergence because retrieval exceeds maximum number of iterations. Maximum value from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "21".

number_of_aot_lower_boundary_convergence_error_occurrences

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "no convergence because the aerosol optical thickness crosses lower boundary twice in succession" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "22".

number_of_other_boundary_convergence_error_occurrences

NC_INT

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Number of ground pixels where processing error "no convergence because a state vector element crosses boundary twice in succession. Note that a separate failure flag is defined for non-convergence due to crossing of lower AOT boundary" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_-flags have the value "23".

number_of_geolocation_error_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "geolocation out of range" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "24".

number of ch4 noscat zero error occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "the CH₄ column retrieved by the non-scattering CO algorithm from the weak band or strong band is 0" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "25".

number of h2o noscat zero error occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "the H_2O column retrieved by the non-scattering CO algorithm from the weak band or strong band is 0" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "26".

number of max optical thickness error occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "maximum optical thickness exceeded during iterations" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "27".

number of aerosol boundary error occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "boundary hit of aerosol parameters at last iteration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "28".

number_of_boundary_hit_error_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "fatal boundary hit during iterations" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "29".

number_of_chi2_error_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error " χ^2 is not-a-number or larger than 10^{10} " occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "30".

number_of_svd_error_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "singular value decomposition failure" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "31".

number of dfs error occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "degree of freedom is not-a-number" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "32".

number_of_radiative_transfer_error_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "errors occurred during the radiative transfer computations, no processing possible" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "33".

number_of_optimal_estimation_error_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "errors occurred during the optimal estimation, processing has been terminated" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "34".

number of profile error occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "flag that indicates if there were any errors during the computation of the ozone profile" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_-flags have the value "35".

number_of_cloud_error_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "no cloud data" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "36".

number_of_model_error_occurrences

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "forward model failure" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "37".

number of number of input data points too low error occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "not enough input ozone columns to calculate a tropospheric column" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "38".

number_of_cloud_pressure_spread_too_low_error_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "cloud pressure variability to low to estimate a tropospheric column" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "39".

number_of_cloud_too_low_level_error_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "clouds are too low in the atmosphere to assume sufficient shielding" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "40".

number of generic range error occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "generic range error" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "41".

number of generic exception occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "catch all generic error" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "42".

number of input spectrum alignment error occurrences

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "input radiance and irradiance spectra are not aligned correctly" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "43".

number of abort error occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "not processed because processor aborted prematurely (time out or user abort" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "44".

number of wrong input type error occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "wrong input type error, mismatch between expectation and received data" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "45".

number_of_wavelength_calibration_error_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "an error occurred in the wavelength calibration of this pixe" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "46".

number of coregistration error occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "no colocated pixels found in a supporting ban" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "47".

number of slant column density error occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "slant column fit returned error, no values can be compute" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "48".

number_of_airmass_factor_error_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "airmass factor could not be compute" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "49".

number_of_vertical_column_density_error_occurrences

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "vertical column density could not be compute" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "50".

number of signal to noise ratio error occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "the signal to noise ratio for this spectrum is too low for processin" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "51".

number of configuration error occurrences

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "error while parsing the configuratio" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "52".

number of key error occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "key does not exis" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "53".

number of saturation error occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "saturation in input spectru" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "54".

number of solar eclipse filter occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "solar eclipse" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "64".

number of cloud filter occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "the cloud filter triggered causing the pixel to be skipped" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "65".

number_of_altitude_consistency_filter_occurrences

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "too large difference between ECMWF altitude and DEM altitude value" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "66".

number_of_altitude_roughness_filter_occurrences

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "too large standard deviation of altitude in DEM" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "67".

number of sun glint filter occurrences

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "for pixels over water, viewing direction inside sun glint region. Definition of sun glint angle and threshold value from ATBD" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "68".

number of mixed surface type filter occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "pixel contains land and water areas (e.g. coastal pixel)" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "69".

number of snow ice filter occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "pixel contains snow/ice: Snow/ice flag according to dynamic input OR climatological surface albedo at VIS wavelength is larger than 0.5" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "70".

number_of_aai_filter_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "aAl smaller than 2.0" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "71".

number of cloud fraction fresco filter occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "pixel contains clouds: The FRESCO effective cloud fraction is larger than threshold. Threshold value from ATBD" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "72".

number_of_aai_scene_albedo_filter_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "pixel contains clouds: The difference between scene albedo at 380 nm from AAI calculation and the climatological surface albedo exceeds threshold. Threshold value from ATBD. This test filters out clouds" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_-flags have the value "73".

number of small pixel radiance std filter occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "pixel contains clouds: Standard deviation of radiances in small-pixel column exceeds threshold. Threshold value from ATBD" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "74".

number of cloud fraction viirs filter occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "pixel contains clouds: The cloud fraction from VIIRS / NPP exceeds the shold. Threshold value from ATBD" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "75".

number_of_cirrus_reflectance_viirs_filter_occurrences

NC_INT

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Number of ground pixels where input filter "pixel contains clouds: Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS / NPP exceeds threshold. Threshold value from ATBD" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "76".

number_of_cf_viirs_swir_ifov_filter_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels within S5P SWIR ground pixel exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "77".

number_of_cf_viirs_swir_ofova_filter_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels wihtin S5P SWIR OFOVa exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_-flags have the value "78".

number_of_cf_viirs_swir_ofovb_filter_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels wihtin S5P SWIR OFOVb exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_-flags have the value "79".

number of cf viirs swir ofovc filter occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels wihtin S5P SWIR OFOVc exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_-flags have the value "80".

number of cf viirs nir ifov filter occurrences

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels within S5P NIR ground pixel exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "81".

number_of_cf_viirs_nir_ofova_filter_occurrences

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels wintin S5P NIR OFOVa exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "82".

number_of_cf_viirs_nir_ofovb_filter_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels within S5P NIR OFOVb exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_-flags have the value "83".

number_of_cf_viirs_nir_ofovc_filter_occurrences

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels within S5P NIR OFOVc exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_-flags have the value "84".

number_of_refl_cirrus_viirs_swir_filter_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "average VIIRS cirrus reflectance within SWIR ground pixel exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "85".

number_of_refl_cirrus_viirs_nir_filter_occurrences

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "average VIIRS cirrus reflectance within NIR ground pixel exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the $processing_quality_-flags$ have the value "86".

number_of_diff_refl_cirrus_viirs_filter_occurrences

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "difference in VIIRS average cirrus reflectance between SWIR and NIR ground pixel exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "87".

number_of_ch4_noscat_ratio_filter_occurrences

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "the ratio between [CH₄]_{weak} and [CH₄]_{strong} is below or exceeds a priori thresholds from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_-flags have the value "88".

number_of_ch4_noscat_ratio_std_filter_occurrences

NC_INT

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Number of ground pixels where input filter "the standard deviation of [CH₄]_{weak}/[CH₄]_{strong} within the SWIR pixel and the 8 neighbouring pixels exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "89".

number_of_h2o_noscat_ratio_filter_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "the ratio between $[H_2O]_{weak}$ and $[H_2O]_{strong}$ is below or exceeds a priori thresholds from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_-flags have the value "90".

number_of_h2o_noscat_ratio_std_filter_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "the standard deviation of $[H_2O]_{weak}/[H_2O]_{strong}$ within the SWIR pixel and the 8 neigbouring pixels exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "91".

number_of_diff_psurf_fresco_ecmwf_filter_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "difference between the FRESCO apparent surface pressure and the ECMWF surface pressure exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "92".

number of psurf fresco stdv filter occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "the standard deviation of the FRESCO apparent surface pressure in the NIR pixel and the 8 surrounding pixels exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "93".

number of ocean filter occurrences

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "the ground pixel is over ocean (and ocean glint retrievals are not switched on)" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "94"

number_of_time_range_filter_occurrences

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "time is out of the range that is to be processed" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "95".

number_of_pixel_or_scanline_index_filter_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "not processed because pixel index does not match general selection criteria" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "96".

number_of_geographic_region_filter_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "pixel falls outside the specified regions of interest" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "97".

number of input spectrum warning occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "number of good pixels in radiance, irradiance or calculated reflectance below threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where bit 8 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number of wavelength calibration warning occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "offset from wavelength fit is larger than limit set in configuration" occurred, i.e. where bit 9 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_extrapolation_warning_occurrences

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "pressure or temperature outside cross section LUT range, other lookup table extrapolation" occurred, i.e. where bit 10 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number of sun glint warning occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "sun glint posibility warning" occurred, i.e. where bit 11 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_south_atlantic_anomaly_warning_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "tROPOMI is inside the south Atlantic anomaly while taking these measurements" occurred, i.e. where bit 12 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number of sun glint correction occurrences

NC INT

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Number of ground pixels where processing warning "a sun glint correction has been applied" occurred, i.e. where bit 13 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number of snow ice warning occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "snow/ice flag is set, i.e. using scene data from the cloud support product" occurred, i.e. where bit 14 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_cloud_warning_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "cloud filter based on FRESCO apparent surface pressure (VIIRS not available), cloud fraction above threshold or cloud pressure adjusted to force cloud above surface" occurred, i.e. where bit 15 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_aai_warning_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "possible aerosol contamination as indicated by the AAI" occurred, i.e. where bit 16 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number of pixel level input data missing occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "dynamic auxiliary input data (e.g., cloud) is missing for this ground pixel. A fallback option is used" occurred, i.e. where bit 17 in the processing_quality_-flags is set to "1".

number of data range warning occurrences

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "carbon monoxide column tends to negative values; Water column tends to negative values; Heavy water (HDO) column tends to negative values; others" occurred, i.e. where bit 18 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_low_cloud_fraction_warning_occurrences

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "low cloud fraction, therefore no cloud pressure retrieved" occurred, i.e. where bit 19 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_altitude_consistency_warning_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "difference between ECMWF surface elevation and high-resolution surface elevation exceeds threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where bit 20 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_signal_to_noise_ratio_warning_occurrences

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "signal to noise ratio in SWIR and/or NIR band below threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where bit 21 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number of deconvolution warning occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "failed deconvolution irradiance spectrum (not pixel-specific, but row-specific)" occurred, i.e. where bit 22 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_so2_volcanic_origin_likely_warning_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "warning for SO_2 BL product, UTLS products: volcanic origin except for heavily polluted sites" occurred, i.e. where bit 23 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_so2_volcanic_origin_certain_warning_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "warning for SO₂ BL product, UTLS products: volcanic origin certain" occurred, i.e. where bit 24 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number of interpolation warning occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "warning for interpolation on partially missing data. In this case the valid available data is used, potentially leading to a bias" occurred, i.e. where bit 25 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number of saturation warning occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "saturation occurred spectrum, possibly causing biases in the retrieva" occurred, i.e. where bit 26 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_high_sza_warning_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "tBW, AI DLR-L" occurred, i.e. where bit 27 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_cloud_retrieval_w	arning_occurrences	NC_INT
Number of ground pixels where processing_quality_flags	e processing warning "tBW, AI DLR-L" occu s is set to "1".	rred, i.e. where bit 28 in the
number_of_cloud_inhomoger	eity_warning_occurrences	NC_INT
Number of ground pixels where processing_quality_flags	e processing warning "tBW, AI DLR-L" occu s is set to "1".	rred, i.e. where bit 29 in the
global_processing_warn-ings	'None' (static)	NC_STRING
All warning messages, separate	d by newlines, with duplicates removed.	
time_for_algorithm_initializ- ation	-1.0 (static)	NC_DOUBLE
Time in seconds needed for initi	alization.	
time_for_processing	-1.0 (static)	NC_DOUBLE
Time in seconds needed for pro	cessing.	
time_per_pixel	-1.0 (static)	NC_DOUBLE
Time per pixel in seconds neede	ed for processing.	
time_standard_deviation per_pixel	-1.0 (static)	NC_DOUBLE
Standard deviation of the time p	er pixel in seconds needed for processing.	

vertices For the histogram boundaries.

size 2 (fixed)

E.20 Granule metadata

Common granule level metadata.

Attributes in GRANULE_METADATA

Group attributes attached to G	GRANULE_METADATA	
Name	Value	Туре
GranuleStart		NC_STRING
Start of the granule as ISO dat definition of ISO date/time string	te/time string in UTC: <i>YYYY-MM-DDTHH:M</i> ngs is given in [RD50].	IM:SS.mmmmmmZ. The formal
GranuleEnd		NC_STRING
End of the granule as ISO date definition of ISO date/time string	e/time string in UTC: <i>YYYY-MM-DD</i> THH:M ngs is given in [RD50].	M:SS.mmmmmm Z . The formal
InstrumentName	'TROPOMI' (static)	NC_STRING
The name of the instrument, fi	ixed to "TROPOMI".	
MissionName	'Sentinel-5 precursor' (static)	NC_STRING
The name of the mission, fixed	d to "Sentinel-5 precursor".	
MissionShortName	'S5P' (static)	NC_STRING
The short name of the mission	n, fixed to "S5P".	
ProcessLevel	'2' (static)	NC_STRING
This is a level 2 product.		
ProcessingCenter	'%(processingcenter)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Where was the processor run? use is "DLR/Oberpfaffenhofen	The source is the probably the joborder, the ".	most likely value for operational
ProcessingNode		NC_STRING
The name of the machine that processed the data. This may aid in diagnosing failures in the processing.		

ProcessorVersion	'%(version)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
The version number of the jor.minor.bugfix".	processor used to produce the file. This is	s a string formatted as "ma-
ProductFormatVersion	1 (static)	NC_INT
The version of the format of t the files.	he product file. This should be incremented when	nenever a datafield is added to
ProcessingMode		NC_STRING
This attribute indicates the m	ode of the processor.	
Possible values: Near-realtim	ne, Offline, Reprocessing, Test, SyntheticTest	
LongitudeOfDaysideNadirE	EquatorCrossing	NC_FLOAT
The lengitude of the pedir no	int at the day side equator eressing. This give	a a raugh indication where the

The longitude of the nadir-point at the day-side equator crossing. This gives a rough indication where the orbit is located. The value is calculated using an orbit propagator before the observation, so that a consisten value is used for all processing stages.

E.21 ISO metadata

E.21.1 Group "ISO METADATA"

Metadata that is structured following the ISO metadata standards [RD47, RD52], especially part 2. The metadata in this group is structured using the methods from Level 1B, which is described in the Level 1B metadata specification [RD41].

All "object Type" attributes indicate the XML object when generating an ISO 19139 [RD52] compliant XML metadata file.

Note that this group is meant to be treated as a 'black box'. The information is collected here so that it can be extracted into XML side-files for ingestion into data search tools and metadata collections.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA

Group attributes attached to ISO_METADATA		
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:dateStamp	'2015-10-16' (static)	NC_STRING
Date of creation of the metadata	, as ISO 8601 [RD50] string specifying year, month and o	day.
gmd:fileldentifier	'urn:ogc:def:EOP:ESA:SENTINEL.S5P_TROP %(shortname)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Unique identifier for metadata file of the value.	e, see the Level 1B metadata specification [RD41, table 5]	for a discussion
Replace %()s with the "Properties of the metadata group.	oductShortName" value from the Level 2 "/METADA	ATA/GRANULE
gmd:hierarchyLevelName	'EO Product Collection' (static)	NC_STRING
Name of the hierarchy levels for which the metadata is provided.		
gmd:metadataStandardName	'ISO 19115-2 Geographic Information - Metadata Part 2 Extensions for imagery and gridded data' (static)	NC_STRING
Name of the metadata standard.		
gmd:metadataStandardVersion	n 'ISO 19115-2:2009(E), S5P profile' (static)	NC_STRING
Version (profile) of the metadata	standard used.	
objectType	'gmi:MI_Metadata' (static)	NC_STRING
Name of the metadata class [RD	41, table 5].	
	·	

E.21.1.1 Group "gmd:language" in "ISO_METADATA"

Language used for the metadata, fixed to English.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:language

Group attributes attached to gmd:language			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.loc.gov/standards/iso639-2/' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'eng' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:LanguageCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.2 Group "gmd:characterSet" in "ISO METADATA"

The character encoding used for the metadata. This is fixed to UTF-8, but the climate and forecasting conventions, version 1.6 limits this further to 7-bit ASCII (which is a subset of UTF-8).

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:characterSet

Group attributes attached to gmd:characterSet		
Name	Value	Туре
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#MD_CharacterSetCode' (static)	NC_STRING
codeListValue	'utf8' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:MD_CharacterSetCode' (static)	NC_STRING

E.21.1.3 Group "gmd:hierarchyLevel" in "ISO_METADATA"

Scope to wich metadata applies.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:hierarchyLevel

Group attributes attached to gmd:hierarchyLevel		
Name	Value	Туре
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#MD_ScopeCode' (static)	NC_STRING
codeListValue	'series' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:MD_ScopeCode' (static)	NC_STRING

E.21.1.4 Group "gmd:contact" in "ISO_METADATA"

Contact information for the product.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:contact

Group attributes attached to gmd:contact			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:organisationName	'Copernicus Space Component Data Access System, ESA, Services Coordinated Interface' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_ResponsibleParty' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.5 Group "gmd:contactInfo" in "gmd:contact"

The detailed contact information.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:contact/gmd:contactInfo

Group attributes attached to gmd:contactInfo		
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmd:CI_Contact' (static)	NC_STRING

E.21.1.6 Group "gmd:address" in "gmd:contactInfo"

The actual email address.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:contact/gmd:contactInfo/gmd:address

Group attributes attached to gmd:address			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:electronicMailAddress	'EOSupport@copernicus.esa.int' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_Address' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.7 Group "gmd:role" in "gmd:contact"

The role of the adress provided in this group.

Attributes in ISO METADATA/gmd:contact/gmd:role

Group attributes attached to gmd:role		
Name	Value	Туре
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_RoleCode' (static)	NC_STRING
codeListValue	'pointOfContact' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:CI_RoleCode' (static)	NC_STRING

E.21.1.8 Group "gmd:identificationInfo" in "ISO_METADATA"

Identification information contains information to uniquely identify the data. Identification information includes information about the citation for the resource, an abstract, the purpose, credit, the status and points of contact. The MD_Identification entity is mandatory. The MD_Identification entity is specified (subclassed) as MD_DataIdentification because in this case it is used to identify data.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo

Group attributes attached to gmd:identificationInfo		
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:abstract		NC_STRING

Brief narrative summary of the content of the resource. This is product specific.

- **L2_AER_AI (KNMI)** Aerosol index with a spatial resolution of $7 \times 7 \, \text{km}^2$ observed at about 13:30 local solar time from spectra measured by TROPOMI
- **L2_AER_LH (KNMI)** Altitude of elevated aerosol layer for cloud-free observations with a spatial resolution of 7 × 7 km² observed at about 13:30 local solar time from spectra measured by TROPOMI
- **L2_NO2__ (KNMI)** Nitrogen dioxide tropospheric column with a spatial resolution of $7 \times 7 \, \text{km}^2$ observed at about 13:30 local solar time from spectra measured by TROPOMI
- **L2_O3_PR (KNMI)** Ozone profile with a vertical resolution of 6 km and a horizontal resolution of $28 \times 21 \,\text{km}^2$ observed at about 13:30 local solar time from spectra measured by TROPOMI
- **L2_O3_TPR (KNMI)** Tropospheric ozone profile with a vertical resolution of 6 km and a horizontal resolution of $7 \times 7 \, \text{km}^2$ observed at about 13:30 local solar time from spectra measured by TROPOMI
- **L2_CH4__ (SRON)** Dry-air mixing ratio of methane for cloud-free observations with a spatial resolution of $7 \times 7 \, \text{km}^2$ observed at about 13:30 local solar time from spectra measured by TROPOMI
- **L2_CO___(SRON)** Carbon monoxide column with a spatial resolution of $7 \times 7 \, \text{km}^2$ observed at about 13:30 local solar time from spectra measured by TROPOMI
- **L2_FRESCO (KNMI)** Cloud fraction and cloud pressure with a spatial resolution of $3.5 \times 7 \, \text{km}^2$ observed at about 13:30 local solar time from spectra measured by TROPOMI (KNMI cloud support product)

gmd:credit	'%(credit)s' (static)	NC_STRING
Recognition of those who conf	ributed to the resource(s).	
gmd:language	'eng' (static)	NC_STRING
gmd:topicCategory	'climatologyMeteorologyAtmosphere' (static)	NC_STRING
Main theme(s) of the dataset.		
objectType	'gmd:MD_DataIdentification' (static)	NC_STRING
Name of the metadata class [RD41, table 10].		

E.21.1.9 Group "gmd:citation" in "gmd:identificationInfo"

Citation data for the resource.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:citation

Group attributes attached to gmd:citation			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:title		NC_STRING	
Name by which the cited resource is known. This is the same as the global "title" attribute.			
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING	
Name of the metadata class [RD41, table 11].			

E.21.1.10 Group "gmd:date" in "gmd:citation"

Attributes in ISO METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:citation/gmd:date

Group attributes attached to gmd:date			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:date	'%(processor_release_date)s' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_Date' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.11 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

Event used for reference date.

Attributes in ISO METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:citation/gmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#Cl_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'creation' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.12 Group "gmd:identifier" in "gmd:citation"

Unique identifier for metadata file, see the Level 1B metadata specification [RD41, table 5] for a discussion of the value.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:citation/gmd:identifier

Group attributes attach	ned to gmd:identifier	
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:code	'urn:ogc:def:EOP:ESA:SENTINEL.S5P_TROP %(shortname)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Replace "%(shortname DESCRIPTION" metada)s" with the "ProductShortName" value from the Level 2 "/META ata group.	ADATA/GRANULE
objectType	'gmd:MD_Identifier' (static)	NC_STRING

E.21.1.13 Group "gmd:pointOfContact" in "gmd:identificationInfo"

See description of the "gmd:contact" attribute above.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:pointOfContact

Group attributes attached to gmd:pointOfContact			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:organisationName	'Copernicus Space Component Data Access System, ESA, Services Coordinated Interface' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_ResponsibleParty' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.14 Group "gmd:contactInfo" in "gmd:pointOfContact"

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:pointOfContact/gmd:contactInfo

Group attributes attached to gmd:contactInfo			
Name	Value	Туре	
objectType	'gmd:CI_Contact' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.15 Group "gmd:address" in "gmd:contactInfo"

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:pointOfContact/gmd:contactInfo/gmd:address

Group attributes attached to gmd:address			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:electronicMailAddress	'EOSupport@copernicus.esa.int' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_Address' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.16 Group "gmd:role" in "gmd:pointOfContact"

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:pointOfContact/gmd:role

Group attributes attached to gmd:role			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_RoleCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'distributor' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_RoleCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.17 Group "gmd:descriptiveKeywords#1" in "gmd:identificationInfo"

Provides category keywords, their type, and reference source. Within the framework of GEMET the choise of keywords is very limited. More meaningful keywords can be derived from the Climate and Forecast metadada conventions' standard name list, see "gmd:descriptiveKeywords#2" below.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:descriptiveKeywords#1

Group attributes attached to gmd:descriptiveKeywords#1			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:keyword#1	'Atmospheric conditions' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:MD_Keywords' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.18 Group "gmd:type" in "gmd:descriptiveKeywords#1"

Subject matter used to group similar keywords.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:descriptiveKeywords#1/gmd:type

Group attributes attached	d to gmd:type	
Name	Value	Туре
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#MD_KeywordTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING
codeListValue	'theme' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:MD_KeywordTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING

E.21.1.19 Group "gmd:thesaurusName" in "gmd:descriptiveKeywords#1"

Name by which the cited resource is known.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:descriptiveKeywords#1/gmd:thesaurusName

Group attributes attached to gmd:thesaurusName			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:title	'GEMET - INSPIRE themes, version 1.0' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.20 Group "gmd:date" in "gmd:thesaurusName"

Reference date for the cited resource.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:descriptiveKeywords#1/gmd:thesaurusName/gmd:date

Group attributes attached to gmd:date			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:date	'2008-06-01' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_Date' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.21 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

What date is used for the reference date.

$Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd: identificationInfo/gmd: descriptive Keywords \#1/gmd: the saurus Name/gmd: date/gmd: dateType$

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'publication' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.22 Group "gmd:descriptiveKeywords#2" in "gmd:identificationInfo"

Provides category keywords, their type, and reference source. These keywords are taken from the Climate and Forecast metadada conventions' standard name list [ER1]. The keywords listed below identify the most important parameters in the product.

- L2 AER AI (KNMI) ultraviolet aerosol index
- L2__AER_LH (KNMI) height_of_elevated_aerosol_layer
- **L2__NO2___ (KNMI)** troposphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide, stratosphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide, atmosphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide
- L2_O3_PR (KNMI) mole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air
- L2_O3_TPR (KNMI) mole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air
- L2_CH4__ (SRON) atmosphere_mole_fraction_of_methane_in_dry_air
- L2_CO___(SRON) atmosphere_mole_content_of_carbon_monoxide
- **L2__FRESCO (KNMI)** air_pressure_at_cloud_optical_centroid, effective_cloud_area_fraction_assuming_-fixed_cloud_albedo, cloud_albedo_assuming_completely_cloudy_sky, air_pressure_at_cloud_optical_centroid assuming completely cloudy sky

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:descriptiveKeywords#2

Group attributes atta	ched to gmd:descriptiveKeywords#2	
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:keyword#1		NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:MD_Keywords' (static)	NC_STRING

E.21.1.23 Group "gmd:thesaurusName" in "gmd:descriptiveKeywords#2"

Name by which the cited resource is known.

$\begin{tabular}{lll} Attributes & in & ISO_METADATA/gmd: identification Info/gmd: descriptive Keywords \#2/gmd: the saurus Name & ISO_METADATA/gmd: identification Info/gmd: descriptive Keywords \#2/gmd: the saurus Name & ISO_METADATA/gmd: identification Info/gmd: descriptive Keywords \#2/gmd: the saurus Name & ISO_METADATA/gmd: identification Info/gmd: descriptive Keywords \#2/gmd: the saurus Name & ISO_METADATA/gmd: identification Info/gmd: descriptive Keywords \#2/gmd: the saurus Name & ISO_METADATA/gmd: identification Info/gmd: descriptive Keywords \#2/gmd: the saurus Name & ISO_METADATA/gmd: identification Info/gmd: descriptive Keywords \#2/gmd: the saurus Name & ISO_METADATA/gmd: identification Info/gmd: descriptive Keywords \#2/gmd: the saurus Name & ISO_METADATA/gmd: identification Info/gmd: descriptive Keywords \#2/gmd: the saurus Name & ISO_METADATA/gmd: identification Info/gmd: descriptive Keywords \#2/gmd: descriptive Keywords$

Group attributes attached to gmd:thesaurusName			
Name	Value		Туре
gmd:title	'CF Standard Name Table v29' (static)		NC_STRING
xlink:href	'http://cfconventions.org/standard-names.html' namic)	(dy-	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)		NC_STRING

E.21.1.24 Group "gmd:date" in "gmd:thesaurusName"

Reference date for the cited resource.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:descriptiveKeywords#2/gmd:thesaurusName/gmd:date

Group attributes attach	ned to gmd:date	
Name	Value	Type
gmd:date	'2015-07-08' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:CI_Date' (static)	NC_STRING

E.21.1.25 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

What date is used for the reference date.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:descriptiveKeywords#2/gmd:thesaurusName/gmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'publication' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.26 Group "gmd:resourceConstraints" in "gmd:identificationInfo"

Provides information about constraints which apply to the resource.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:resourceConstraints

Group attributes attached to	gmd:resourceConstraints		
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:useLimitation	'no conditions apply' (static)	NC_STRING	
Limitation affecting the fitness for use of the resource or metadata.			
objectType	'gmd:MD_LegalConstraints' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.27 Group "gmd:accessConstraints" in "gmd:resourceConstraints"

Access constraints applied to assure the protection of privacy or intellectual property, and any special restrictions or limitations on obtaining the resource or metadata.

Attributes in gmd:accessConstraints

ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:resourceConstraints/

Group attributes attached to gmd:accessConstraints			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#MD_RestrictionCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'copyright' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:MD_RestrictionCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.28 Group "gmd:spatialRepresentationType" in "gmd:identificationInfo"

Method used to spatially represent geographic information.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:spatialRepresentationType

Group attributes attached to gmd:spatialRepresentationType			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#MD_SpatialRepresentation- TypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'grid' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:MD_SpatialRepresentationTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.29 Group "gmd:spatialResolution" in "gmd:identificationInfo"

Ground sample distance.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:spatialResolution

Group attributes attache	d to gmd:spatialResolution	
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:distance	7.0 (dynamic)	NC_FLOAT
uom	'km' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:MD_Resolution' (static)	NC_STRING

E.21.1.30 Group "gmd:characterSet" in "gmd:identificationInfo"

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:characterSet

Group attributes attached to gmd:characterSet		
Name	Value	Туре
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#MD_CharacterSetCode' (static)	NC_STRING
codeListValue	'utf8' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:MD_CharacterSetCode' (static)	NC_STRING

E.21.1.31 Group "gmd:extent" in "gmd:identificationInfo"

Extent information including the bounding box, bounding polygon, vertical, and temporal extent of the dataset.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:extent

Group attributes at	tached to gmd:extent	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmd:EX_Extent' (static)	NC_STRING

E.21.1.32 Group "gmd:geographicElement" in "gmd:extent"

Geographic position of the granule. This is only an approximate reference so specifying the coordinate reference system is unnecessary. The usual limitations apply: $-180^{\circ} \le \vartheta \le 180^{\circ}$ and $-90^{\circ} \le \delta \le 90^{\circ}$. Note that for full orbits these values provide little information as at lease one pole will be present in the data, ensuring full longitudinal coverage.

Attributes in ISO METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:extent/gmd:geographicElement

Group attributes attached to gm	nd:geographicElement		
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:eastBoundLongitude	180.0 (dynamic)	NC_FLOAT	
gmd:northBoundLatitude	90.0 (dynamic)	NC_FLOAT	
gmd:southBoundLatitude	-90.0 (dynamic)	NC_FLOAT	
gmd:westBoundLongitude	-180.0 (dynamic)	NC_FLOAT	
gmd:extentTypeCode	'true' (static)	NC_STRING	
	Indication of whether the bounding polygon encompasses an area covered by the data or an area where data is not present. The value "true" indicates <i>inclusion</i> .		
objectType	'gmd:EX_GeographicBoundingBox' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.33 Group "gmd:temporalElement" in "gmd:extent"

Attributes in ISO METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:extent/gmd:temporalElement

Group attributes attacl	hed to gmd:temporalElement	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmd:EX_TemporalExtent' (static)	NC_STRING

E.21.1.34 Group "gmd:extent" in "gmd:temporalElement"

Time period covered by the content of the dataset.

Attributes in ISO METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:extent/gmd:temporalElement/gmd:extent

Group attributes attached	d to gmd:extent	
Name	Value	Туре
gml:beginPosition	'2014-11-14T19:58:00' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Time of the start of the g	ranule, expressed as ISO 8601 [RD50] date-time string.	
gml:endPosition	'2014-11-14T20:08:00' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Time of the end of the granule, expressed as ISO 8601 [RD50] date-time string.		
objectType	'gml:TimePeriod' (static)	NC_STRING

E.21.1.35 Group "gmd:dataQualityInfo" in "ISO METADATA"

This group contains a general assessment of the quality of the dataset. In addition, the package contains information about the sources and production processes used in producing a dataset, which is of particular importance for imagery and gridded data.

For the TROPOMI level 2 products the use of the contained class LI_Lineage (group "gmd:lineage", section E.21.1.43 on page 195) is important for describing the sources which are either used or produced (output) in a series of process steps. The sources refer to the various L1b data products used as inputs (and the L0 products used in producing *those* products) and the auxiliary data (static and especially dynamic) when producing the L2 products.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo

Group attributes attac	hed to gmd:dataQualityInfo	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmd:DQ_DataQuality' (static)	NC_STRING

E.21.1.36 Group "gmd:scope" in "gmd:dataQualityInfo"

The specific data to which the data quality information applies.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:scope

Group attributes attac	hed to gmd:scope	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmd:DQ_Scope' (static)	NC_STRING

E.21.1.37 Group "gmd:level" in "gmd:scope"

Hierarchical level of the data specified by the scope.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:scope/gmd:level

Group attributes attached	to gmd:level	
Name	Value	Туре
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#MD_ScopeCode' (static)	NC_STRING
codeListValue	'dataset' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:MD_ScopeCode' (static)	NC_STRING

E.21.1.38 Group "gmd:report" in "gmd:dataQualityInfo"

Value (or set of values) obtained from applying a data quality measure or the outcome of evaluating the obtained value (or set of values) against a specified acceptable conformance quality level.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:report

Group attributes attac	hed to gmd:report	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmd:DQ_DomainConsistency' (static)	NC_STRING

E.21.1.39 Group "gmd:result" in "gmd:report"

Value (or set of values) obtained from applying a data quality measure or the outcome of evaluating the obtained value (or set of values) against a specified acceptable conformance quality level.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:report/gmd:result

Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmd:DQ_ConformanceResult' (static)	NC_STRING
gmd:pass	'true' (static)	NC_STRING
Indication of confomance	e result. The value "true" indicates "pass".	
gmd:explanation	'INSPIRE Data specification for orthoimagery is not yet officially published so conformity has not yet been evaluated' (static)	NC_STRING

E.21.1.40 Group "gmd:specification" in "gmd:result"

Citation of product specification or user requirement against which data is being evaluated.

Attributes in ISO METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:report/gmd:result/gmd:specification

Group attributes attache	d to gmd:specification	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING
gmd:title	'INSPIRE Data Specification on Orthoimagery Guidelines, version 3.0rc3' (static)	- NC_STRING

E.21.1.41 Group "gmd:date" in "gmd:specification"

Reference date for the cited resource.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:report/gmd:result/gmd:specification/gmd:date

Group attributes attach	ned to gmd:date	
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:date	'2013-02-04' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:CI_Date' (static)	NC_STRING

E.21.1.42 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

Meaning of the reference date for the cited resource.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:report/gmd:result/gmd:specification/gmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached	to gmd:dateType	
Name	Value	Туре
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING
codeListValue	'publication' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING

E.21.1.43 Group "gmd:lineage" in "gmd:dataQualityInfo"

Non-quantitative quality information about the lineage of the data specified by the scope.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage

I to gmd:lineage	
Value	Туре
'gmd:LI_Lineage' (static)	NC_STRING
'L2 %(product)s dataset produced by %(processingcenter)s from the S5P/TROPOMI L1B product' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
	'gmd:LI_Lineage' (static) 'L2 %(product)s dataset produced by %(processingcen-

General explanation of the data producer's knowledge about the lineage of a dataset. Insert short description of the actual Level 2 product in this string (at the %(...)s).

E.21.1.44 Group "gmd:processStep" in "gmd:lineage"

Information about an event or transformation in the life of the dataset including details of the algorithm and software used for processing.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep

Group attributes attached to gmd:processStep			
Name	Value	Туре	
objectType	'gmi:LE_ProcessStep' (static)	NC_STRING	
gmd:description	'Processing of L1b to L2 %(product)s data for orbit %(orbit)d using the %(institute)s processor version %(version)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	

Description of the event, including related parameters or tolerances. Insert short description of the actual Level 2 product, the orbit number, the name of the institude responsible for the CFI and the software version in this string (at the respective %(...)s and %(...)d).

E.21.1.45 Group "gmi:output" in "gmd:processStep"

Description of the output.

Attributes in ISO METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:output

Group attributes attached to gmi:output			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:description		NC_STRING	
Short description of the output, a copy of the global 'title' attribute.			
objectType	'gmi:LE_Source' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.46 Group "gmd:sourceCitation" in "gmi:output"

Reference to the actual filename of the output data and production date and time.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:output/gmd:sourceCitation

Group attributes attached to gmd:sourceCitation		
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:title	'%(logical_filename)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Output file name without extension.		
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING

E.21.1.47 Group "gmd:date" in "gmd:sourceCitation"

Production date and time of the output file.

$Attributes \qquad in \qquad ISO_METADATA/gmd: dataQualityInfo/gmd: lineage/gmd: processStep/gmi: output/gmd: sourceCitation/gmd: date$

Group attributes attached to gmd:date			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:date		NC_STRING	
Production date and time of the output file. Note that the definition in the XML schema appears to allow the use of a "CI_DateTime" instead of a "CI_Date".			
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTime' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.48 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

Meaning of the reference date for the cited resource.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:output/gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:date/gmd:dateType

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Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'creation' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.49 Group "gmd:identifier" in "gmd:sourceCitation"

Identification of the output product.

$Attributes \qquad in \qquad ISO_METADATA/gmd: dataQualityInfo/gmd: lineage/gmd: processStep/gmi: output/gmd: sourceCitation/gmd: identifier \\$

Group attributes attached to gmd:identifier			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:code	'%(shortname)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
The product short name, a copy of the 'ProductShortName' attribute in '/METADATA/GRANULE_DESCRIPTION'.			
objectType	'gmd:MD_Identifier' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.50 Group "gmi:processedLevel" in "gmi:output"

Process level of the output file.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:output/gmi:processedLevel

Group attributes attached to gmi:processedLevel		
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:code	'L2' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:MD_Identifier' (static)	NC_STRING

E.21.1.51 Group "gmi:processingInformation" in "gmd:processStep"

Description of the processor in more detail.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInformation

Group attributes attached to gmi:processingInformation		
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmi:LE_Processing' (static)	NC_STRING

E.21.1.52 Group "gmi:identifier" in "gmi:processingInformation"

Identification of the processor.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInformation/gmi:identifier

Group attributes attach	ed to gmi:identifier	
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:code	'%(institute)s L2 %(product)s processor, version %(version)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Descriptive name of the processor, with the $\%()$ s placeholders replaced with the responsible institute's name, product name and software release version.		
objectType	'gmd:MD_Identifier' (static)	NC_STRING

E.21.1.53 Group "gmi:softwareReference" in "gmi:processingInformation"

Reference to document describing processing software.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInformation/gmi:softwareReference

Group attributes attached to gmi:softwareReference			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:title	'L2 %(product)s processor description' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
Title of processor description.			
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.54 Group "gmd:date" in "gmi:softwareReference"

Release date (compile date) of the processor.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInformation/gmi:softwareReference/gmd:date

Group attributes attached to gmd:date			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:date		NC_STRING	
Release date of the	e processor expressed as an ISO 8601 date string [RD50].		
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTime' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.55 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

Confirm that this is the release date of the processor.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInformation/gmi:softwareReference/gmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'creation' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.56 Group "gmi:documentation#1" in "gmi:processingInformation"

Reference to the ATBD of the product.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInformation/gmi:documentation#1

Group attributes attach	ed to gmi:documentation#1			
Name	Value	Туре		
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING		
gmd:title	'%(title_atbd)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING		
The filename of the current release of the ATBD of the current product.				
doi	'%(atbd_doi)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING		
DOI for the algorithm th	neoretical basis document.			

E.21.1.57 Group "gmd:date" in "gmi:documentation#1"

Release date of the ATBD.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInformation/gmi:documentation#1/gmd:date

Group attributes attached to gmd:date			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:date	'%(date_atbd)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
Release date of the ATBD expressed as an ISO 8601 date string [RD50].			
objectType	'gmd:CI_Date' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.58 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

Confirm that this is the date of publication.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInformation/gmi:documentation#1/gmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'publication' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.59 Group "gmi:documentation#2" in "gmi:processingInformation"

Reference to the PUM of the product.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInformation/gmi:documentation#2

Group attributes attached to gmi:documentation#2				
Name	Value	Туре		
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING		
gmd:title	'%(title_pum)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING		
The filename of the current release of the PUM of the current product.				
doi	'%(pum_doi)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING		
DOI for the product user manual.				

E.21.1.60 Group "gmd:date" in "gmi:documentation#2"

Release date of the PUM.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInformation/gmi:documentation#2/gmd:date

Group attributes attached to gmd:date			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:date	'%(date_pum)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
Release date of the PUM expressed as an ISO 8601 date string [RD50].			
objectType	'gmd:CI_Date' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.61 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

Confirm that this is the date of publication.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInformation/gmi:documentation#2/gmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'publication' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.62 Group "gmi:report" in "gmd:processStep"

Short report of what occurred during the process step.

Attributes in ISO METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:report

Group attributes attached to gmi:report			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmi:description	'Sentinel 5-precursor TROPOMI L1b processed to L2 data using the %(institute)s L2 %(product)s processor' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
Textual description of what occurred during the process step. Replace %()s as indicated.			
gmi:fileType	'netCDF-4' (static)	NC_STRING	
Type of file that contains the processing report, in our case the processing report is contained in the main output file.			
gmi:name	'%(logical_filename)s.nc' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmi:LE_ProcessStepReport' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.63 Group "gmd:source#1" in "gmd:processStep"

Information about the source data used in creating the data specified by the scope. Repeat group as needed, incrementing the number of the source (after the # mark).

Attributes in ISO METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmd:source#1

Group attributes attached to gmd:source#1			
Name	Value	Туре	
objectType	'gmi:LE_Source' (static)	NC_STRING	
gmd:description		NC STRING	

Description of the input data, including L1B, L2, dynamic auxiliary input data and semi-static auxiliary input data. Base strings are "TROPOMI L1B %s radiance product", "TROPOMI L1B %s irradiance product", "TROPOMI L2 %s product", "Auxiliary ECMWF %s Meteorological forecast data", "Processor %s configuration file", "Auxiliary %s reference data", "Auxiliary %s algorithm lookup table", "Auxiliary CTM %s model input data", "Auxiliary snow and ice input data" and "Auxiliary NPP/VIIRS cloud screening input data". The %s to be replaced with specific descriptors.

E.21.1.64 Group "gmi:processedLevel" in "gmd:source#1"

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmd:source#1/gmi:processedLevel

Group attributes attached to gmi:processedLevel			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:code	Empty!	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:MD_Identifier' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.65 Group "gmd:sourceCitation" in "gmd:source#1"

Reference to the actual filename of the input data.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmd:source#1/gmd:sourceCitation

Group attributes attached to gmd:sourceCitation			
Name	Value	Туре	
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.66 Group "gmd:date" in "gmd:sourceCitation"

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmd:source#1/gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:date

Group attributes attached to gmd:date			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:date		NC_STRING	
	time of the input file(s) in this group expressed as a tion in the XML schema appears to allow the use	·	
objectType	'gmd:CI_Date' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.67 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

Meaning of the reference date for the cited resource.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmd:source#1/gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'creation' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.68 Group "gmd:title" in "gmd:sourceCitation"

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmd:source#1/gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:title

Group attributes a	attached to gmd:title	
Name	Value	Туре
gco:characterSt	ring	NC_STRING
Textual description Source" object).	on of the input file group (same as the "gmo	:description" attribute in the "gmi:LE

E.21.1.69 Group "gmd:alternateTitle#1" in "gmd:sourceCitation"

All filenames in this group, in case more files of a particular file type are delivered, for instance for meteorological or model input. Repeat group as needed, incrementing the number of the input file (after the # mark).

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmd:source#1/

gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:alternateTitle#1

Group attributes attache	d to gmd:alternateTitle#1	
Name	Value	Туре
gmx:FileName	Empty!	NC_STRING
The basename of the inp	out file.	

E.21.1.70 Group "gmi:acquisitionInformation" in "ISO_METADATA"

Metadata regarding the acquisition of the original data.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmi:acquisitionInformation

Group attributes attached to gmi:acquisitionInformation			
Name	Value	Туре	
objectType	'gmi:MI_AcquisitionInformation' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.71 Group "gmi:platform" in "gmi:acquisitionInformation"

The platform we are on.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmi:acquisitionInformation/gmi:platform

Group attributes attached to gmi:platform			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmi:description	'Sentinel 5 Precursor' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmi:MI_Platform' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.72 Group "gmi:identifier" in "gmi:platform"

Short identifier of the platform.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmi:acquisitionInformation/gmi:platform/gmi:identifier

Group attributes attached to gmi:identifier			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:code	'S5P' (static)	NC_STRING	
gmd:codeSpace	'http://www.esa.int/' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:RS_Identifier' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.21.1.73 Group "gmi:instrument" in "gmi:platform"

The instrument used for the observations.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmi:acquisitionInformation/gmi:platform/gmi:instrument

Group attributes attached to gmi:instrument			
Name	Value	Туре	
objectType	'gmi:MI_Instrument' (static)	NC_STRING	
gmi:type	'UV-VIS-NIR-SWIR imaging spectrometer' (static)	NC_STRING	
Type of the instrument.			

E.21.1.74 Group "gmi:identifier" in "gmi:instrument"

Unique identifier for the instrument.

Attributes in ISO_METADATA/gmi:acquisitionInformation/gmi:platform/gmi:instrument/gmi:identifier

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Group attributes attached to gmi:identifier			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:code	'TROPOMI' (static)	NC_STRING	
The actual identifier.			
gmd:codeSpace	'http://www.esa.int/' (static)	NC_STRING	
Name or identifier of the organization responsible for the namespace.			
objectType	'gmd:RS_Identifier' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.22 EOP metadata

E.22.1 Group "EOP_METADATA"

Based on the OGC 10-025 standard for Observations & Measurements [RD53], an Earth Observation Product (EOP) schema was developed which refines an observation into the feature type earth observation. This schema was then extended with sensor-specific thematic schemas.

Attributes in EOP_METADATA

Group attributes attached to EOP_METADATA			
Name	Value	Туре	
gml:id	'%(logical_filename)s.ID' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
Unique ID for this "atm:EarthObservation" object. Constructed from the logical output filename and the extension "ID" separated by a dot.			
objectType	'atm:EarthObservation' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.22.1.1 Group "om:phenomenonTime" in "EOP_METADATA"

Time coverage of the granule.

Attributes in EOP_METADATA/om:phenomenonTime

Group attributes attached to om:phenomenonTime			
Name	Value	Туре	
gml:beginPosition		NC_STRING	
Start of time coverage of the data in the granule expressed as an ISO 8601 date-time string [RD50].			
gml:endPosition		NC_STRING	
End of time coverage of the data in the granule expressed as an ISO 8601 date-time string [RD50].			
objectType	'gml:TimePeriod' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.22.1.2 Group "om:procedure" in "EOP_METADATA"

Platform, instrument and sensor used for the acquisition and the acquisition parameters.

Attributes in EOP_METADATA/om:procedure

Group attributes attached to om:procedure			
Name	Value	Туре	
gml:id	'%(logical_filename)s.EOE' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
Unique ID for this "eop:EarthObservationEquipment" object. Constructed from the logical output filename and the extension "EOE" separated by a dot.			
objectType	'eop:EarthObservationEquipment' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.22.1.3 Group "eop:platform" in "om:procedure"

Platform name and orbit type.

Attributes in EOP_METADATA/om:procedure/eop:platform

Group attributes attached to eop:platform			
Name	Value	Туре	
eop:shortName	'Sentinel-5p' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'eop:Platform' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.22.1.4 Group "eop:instrument" in "om:procedure"

Instrument descriptor.

Attributes in EOP METADATA/om:procedure/eop:instrument

Group attributes attached to eop:instrument			
Name	Value	Туре	
eop:shortName	'TROPOMI' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'eop:Instrument' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.22.1.5 Group "eop:sensor" in "om:procedure"

Sensor description.

Attributes in EOP_METADATA/om:procedure/eop:sensor

Group attributes attached	to eop:sensor	
Name	Value	Туре
eop:sensorType	'ATMOSPHERIC' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'eop:Sensor' (static)	NC_STRING

E.22.1.6 Group "eop:acquisitionParameters" in "om:procedure"

Additional parameters describing the data acquisition. Only an orbit number is used here.

Attributes in EOP_METADATA/om:procedure/eop:acquisitionParameters

Group attributes attached	to eop:acquisitionParameters	
Name	Value	Туре
eop:orbitNumber	0 (dynamic)	NC_INT
objectType	'eop:Acquisition' (static)	NC_STRING

E.22.1.7 Group "om:observedProperty" in "EOP_METADATA"

An xlink to the observed property definition.

Attributes in EOP METADATA/om:observedProperty

Group attributes attac	hed to om:observedProperty	
Name	Value	Туре
nilReason	'inapplicable' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
This element should u	se the attribute 'nilReason="inapplicable"".	

E.22.1.8 Group "om:featureOfInterest" in "EOP_METADATA"

Attributes in EOP_METADATA/om:featureOfInterest

Group attributes attached	to om:featureOfInterest	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'eop:FootPrint' (static)	NC_STRING
gml:id	'%(logical_filename)s.FP' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Unique ID for this "eop:F" FP" separated by a dot.	ootPrint" object. Constructed from the logical output file	ename and the extension

E.22.1.9 Group "eop:multiExtentOf" in "om:featureOfInterest"

Acquisition footprint coordinates, described by a closed polygon – the last point is equal to the first point, using latitude, longitude pairs. The expected structure is "gml:Polygon/gml:exterior/gml:LinearRing/gml:posList".

Attributes in EOP_METADATA/om:featureOfInterest/eop:multiExtentOf

Group attributes attac	hed to eop:multiExtentOf	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gml:MultiSurface' (static)	NC_STRING

E.22.1.10 Group "gml:surfaceMembers" in "eop:multiExtentOf"

Attributes in EOP_METADATA/om:featureOfInterest/eop:multiExtentOf/gml:surfaceMembers

Group attributes attac	ched to gml:surfaceMembers	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gml:Polygon' (static)	NC_STRING

E.22.1.11 Group "gml:exterior" in "gml:surfaceMembers"

Attributes in EOP_METADATA/om:featureOfInterest/eop:multiExtentOf/gml:surfaceMembers/gml:exterior

Group attributes atta	ched to gml:exterior	
Name	Value	Туре
gml:posList		NC_STRING
(WGS-84) and the c	etry shall be encoded in the EPSG:4326 geograp oordinate pairs shall be ordered as latitude/longitu er-clockwise direction.	·
objectType	'gml:LinearRing' (static)	NC_STRING

E.22.1.12 Group "eop:metaDataProperty" in "EOP METADATA"

This group contains all the metadata relative to the Eath observation product that do not fit inside one of the other groups, i.e. metadata that do not describe the time, the mechanism, the location or the result of the observation.

These metadata are mainly the EarthObservation identifier, the acquisition type and information relative to the downlink and archiving centers.

Attributes in EOP_METADATA/eop:metaDataProperty

Group attributes attac	hed to eop:metaDataProperty	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'eop:EarthObservationMetaData' (static)	NC_STRING

eop:acquisitionType	'NOMINAL' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
	level the appropriateness of the acquisition for "general on, special calibration product or other. Copy from L1b. For	
eop:identifier	'%(logical_filename)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Logical file name.		
eop:doi	'%(product_doi)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Digital Object Identifier identif	ying the product (see http://www.datacite.org for	DOIs for datasets).
eop:parentldentifier	'urn:ogc:def:EOP:ESA:SENTINEL.S5P_TROP %(shortname)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Unique collection identifier for discussion of the value.	metadata file, see the Level 1B metadata specification [F	RD41, table 5] for a
This is a copy of the "gmd:file	Identifier" attribute in the "/METADATA/ISO_METADATA" of	jroup.
eop:productType	'S5P_%(mode)s_%(product)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
'OFFL' or 'RPRO', as per [AD6	ce %(mode)s with the operational mode the processor is]) and %(product)s with the 10 character output file name so R IODD [RD27, section 3.2.2] and the RAL IODD [RD29, ϵ	emantic descriptors
eop:status	'ACQUIRED' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
•	es listed in the standard: 'ARCHIVED', 'ACQUIRED', 'CANG EJECTED', 'QUALITY-DEGRADED'. Copied from L1B.	CELLED', 'FAILED',
eop:productQualityStatus	'NOMINAL' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Indicator that specifies wheth 'NOMINAL'.	her the product quality is degraded or not. Allowed valu	es: 'DEGRADED',
eop:productQualityDegrada	ationTtigT APPLICABLE' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Contains further textual inform	ation concerning the quality degradation. According to the r	netadata standards

Possible values are "MISSING AUXILIARY INPUT" and "NOT APPLICABLE". Note that Level 1B does not set this value, so only problems detectable in the processor are covered.

it shall be provided *only* if "eop:productQualityStatus" value is set to 'DEGRADED'. Because the way we generate out output files, this attribute will always be present, even when "eop:productQualityStatus" value

E.22.1.13 Group "eop:processing" in "eop:metaDataProperty"

Processing information.

Attributes in EOP_METADATA/eop:metaDataProperty/eop:processing

is 'NOMINAL'. In those cases the value shall be set to "NOT APPLICABLE".

Group attributes attached to eo	p:processing	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'eop:ProcessingInformation' (static)	NC_STRING
eop:processingCenter	'%(processingcenter)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
The processing center, taken fr	om the "Processing_Station" key in the joborder.	
eop:processingDate	'YYYY-mm-ddTHH:MM:SSZ' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
The processing date, as an ISC	9 8601 date-time string [RD50].	
eop:processingLevel	'L2' (static)	NC_STRING
These are all Level 2 products.		
eop:processorName	'%(processor_name)s' (static)	NC_STRING
The name of the processor, "tropn112dp.exe" for KNMI and "upas-12" for DLR.		
eop:processorVersion	'%(version)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Version of the processor, as "m	ajor.minor.bugfix".	
eop:nativeProductFormat	'netCDF-4' (static)	NC_STRING

Native	product	format
IVALIVO	pioduot	ioiiiat.

eop:processingMode	'%(mode)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING

Processing mode taken from mission specific code list. For S5P we use the *File Class* identifiers [AD6, section 4.1.2]: 'TEST', 'OGCA', 'GSOV', 'OPER', 'NRTI', 'OFFL', 'RPRO'.

E.23 ESA metadata

E.23.1 Group "ESA_METADATA"

Metadata defined in the ESA file format standard [RD40].

E.23.1.1 Group "earth explorer header" in "ESA METADATA"

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header

Group attributes attac	hed to earth_explorer_header	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'Earth Explorer Header' (static)	NC STRING

E.23.1.2 Group "fixed_header" in "earth_explorer_header"

The fixed header. We do not use a variable header, so only the fixed header is present.

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/fixed_header

Group attributes attach	ed to fixed_header	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'Fixed_Header' (static)	NC_STRING
File_Name	'%(logical_filename)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
The <i>logical</i> file name, i	.e. the file name without extension.	
File_Description		NC_STRING
This is a copy of the glo	obal "title" attribute.	
Notes		NC_STRING
This is a copy of the glo	obal "comment" attribute.	
Mission	'S5P' (static)	NC_STRING
The mission identifier for	or the Sentinel 5-precursor mission is "S5P".	
File_Class	'%(mode)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
The file class of the out section 4.1.2].	tput. Values are taken from the tailoring of the EO file for	mat tailoring for S5P [AD6,
File_Type	'%(shortname)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Following the EO file fo	rmat tailoring for S5P [AD6, sections 4.1.3.1 and 4.1.3.2].
File_Version	0 (dynamic)	NC_INT
	ation is not part of the file name conventions for S5P. If a fite, then it has to be provided by the PDGS via the job of	

E.23.1.3 Group "validity_period" in "fixed_header"

value is ≥ 1 . If not provided the fill value is 0.

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/fixed_header/validity_period

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Group attributes attach	ned to validity_period	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'Validity_Period' (static)	NC_STRING
Validity Start		NC STRING

The value is the string "UTC=" concatenated with the time_coverage_start global attribute. This attribute corresponds to the "Validity_Start" element in the "Validity_Period" XML structure in the header file.

Validity Stop NC STRING

The value is the string "UTC=" concatenated with the time_coverage_end global attribute. This attribute corresponds to the "Validity_Stop" element in the "Validity_Period" XML structure in the header file.

E.23.1.4 Group "source" in "fixed_header"

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/fixed_header/source

Group attributes attached	d to source		
Name	Value	Туре	
objectType	'Source' (static)	NC_STRING	
System	'%(processingcenter)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
Name of the Ground Segment element creating the file. For Level 2 files, this is the PDGS, but for testing a different value may be used. This attribute corresponds to the "System" element in the "Source" XML structure in the header file.			
Creator	'%(processor_name)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
Name of the facility or tool, within the Ground Segment element, creating the file. This attribute corresponds to the "Creator" element in the "Source" XML structure in the header file.			
Creator_Version	'%(version)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
Version number of the too in the "Source" XML structure.	ol that created the file. This attribute corresponds to the "cture in the header file.	Creator_Version" element	
Creation_Date		NC_STRING	
The start date and time of processing, as a string: "UTC=YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss". This attribute corresponds to the "Creator Date" element in the "Source" XML structure in the header file.			

E.23.1.5 Group "variable_header" in "earth_explorer_header"

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header

Group attributes attached to variable_header		
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'Variable_Header' (static)	NC_STRING

E.23.1.6 Group "gmd:lineage" in "variable_header"

Non-quantitative quality information about the lineage of the data specified by the scope.

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage

Group attributes attached	d to gmd:lineage	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmd:LI_Lineage' (static)	NC_STRING
gmd:statement	'L2 %(product)s dataset produced by %(processingcenter)s from the S5P/TROPOMI L1B product' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
General explanation of the	e data producer's knowledge about the lineage of a dataset. Insert	short description

General explanation of the data producer's knowledge about the lineage of a dataset. Insert short description of the actual Level 2 product in this string (at the %(...)s).

E.23.1.7 Group "gmd:processStep" in "gmd:lineage"

Information about an event or transformation in the life of the dataset including details of the algorithm and software used for processing.

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep

Group attributes attached to gmd:processStep		
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmi:LE_ProcessStep' (static)	NC_STRING
gmd:description	'Processing of L1b to L2 %(product)s data for orbit %(orbit)d using the %(institute)s processor version %(version)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING

Description of the event, including related parameters or tolerances. Insert short description of the actual Level 2 product, the orbit number, the name of the institude responsible for the CFI and the software version in this string (at the respective %(...)s and %(...)d).

E.23.1.8 Group "gmi:output" in "gmd:processStep"

Description of the output.

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:output

Group attributes attached to gmi:output			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:description		NC_STRING	
Short description of the output, a copy of the global 'title' attribute.			
objectType	'gmi:LE_Source' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.23.1.9 Group "gmd:sourceCitation" in "gmi:output"

Reference to the actual filename of the output data and production date and time.

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:output/gmd:sourceCitation

Group attributes attach	ned to gmd:sourceCitation	
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:title	'%(logical_filename)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Output file name witho	ut extension.	
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING

E.23.1.10 Group "gmd:date" in "gmd:sourceCitation"

Production date and time of the output file.

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:output/gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:date

Group attributes at	tached to gmd:date	
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:date		NC_STRING
Production date and time of the output file. Note that the definition in the XML schema appears to allow the use of a "CI_DateTime" instead of a "CI_Date".		
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTime' (static)	NC_STRING

E.23.1.11 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

Meaning of the reference date for the cited resource.

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:output/gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'creation' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.23.1.12 Group "gmd:identifier" in "gmd:sourceCitation"

Identification of the output product.

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:output/gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:identifier

Group attributes attac	ched to gmd:identifier		
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:code	'%(shortname)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
The product short name, a copy of the 'ProductShortName' attribute in '/METADATA/GRANULE_DESCRIPTION'.			
objectType	'gmd:MD_Identifier' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.23.1.13 Group "gmi:processedLevel" in "gmi:output"

Process level of the output file.

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:output/gmi:processedLevel

Group attributes attach	ed to gmi:processedLevel	
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:code	'L2' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:MD_Identifier' (static)	NC_STRING

E.23.1.14 Group "gmi:processingInformation" in "gmd:processStep"

Description of the processor in more detail.

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInformation

Group attributes attached to gmi:processingInformation		
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmi:LE_Processing' (static)	NC_STRING

E.23.1.15 Group "gmi:identifier" in "gmi:processingInformation"

Identification of the processor.

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInformation/gmi:identifier

Group attributes attache	ed to gmi:identifier	
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:code	'%(institute)s L2 %(product)s processor, version %(version)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Descriptive name of the processor, with the $\%()$ s placeholders replaced with the responsible institute's name, product name and software release version.		
objectType	'gmd:MD_Identifier' (static)	NC_STRING

E.23.1.16 Group "gmi:softwareReference" in "gmi:processingInformation"

Reference to document describing processing software.

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInformation/gmi:softwareReference

Group attributes attached to gm	ni:softwareReference	
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:title	'L2 %(product)s processor description' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Title of processor description.		
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING

E.23.1.17 Group "gmd:date" in "gmi:softwareReference"

Release date (compile date) of the processor.

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInformation/gmi:softwareReference/gmd:date

Group attributes a	ttached to gmd:date	
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:date		NC_STRING
Release date of th	ne processor expressed as an ISO 8601 date string [RD50].	
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTime' (static)	NC_STRING

E.23.1.18 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

Confirm that this is the release date of the processor.

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInformation/gmi:softwareReference/gmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType		
Name	Value	Туре
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING
codeListValue	'creation' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING

E.23.1.19 Group "gmi:documentation#1" in "gmi:processingInformation"

Reference to the ATBD of the product.

$Attributes\ in\ ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd: lineage/gmd: processStep/gmi: processingInformation/gmi: documentation \#1$

Group attributes at	tached to gmi:documentation#1	
Name	Value	Туре

objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING
gmd:title	'%(title_atbd)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
The filename of the co	urrent release of the ATBD of the current product.	

E.23.1.20 Group "gmd:date" in "gmi:documentation#1"

Release date of the ATBD.

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInformation/gmi:documentation#1/gmd:date

Group attributes attached to gmd:date		
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:date	'%(date_atbd)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Release date of the A	ATBD expressed as an ISO 8601 date string [RD50].	
objectType	'gmd:CI_Date' (static)	NC_STRING

E.23.1.21 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

Confirm that this is the date of publication.

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInformation/gmi:documentation#1/gmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType		
Name	Value	Туре
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING
codeListValue	'publication' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING

E.23.1.22 Group "gmi:documentation#2" in "gmi:processingInformation"

Reference to the PUM of the product.

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInformation/gmi:documentation#2

Group attributes attach	ned to gmi:documentation#2	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING
gmd:title	'%(title_pum)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
The filename of the cur	rrent release of the PUM of the current product.	

E.23.1.23 Group "gmd:date" in "gmi:documentation#2"

Release date of the PUM.

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInformation/gmi:documentation#2/gmd:date

Group attributes attached to gmd:date		
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:date	'%(date_pum)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Release date of the PUM expressed as an ISO 8601 date string [RD50].		
objectType	'gmd:CI_Date' (static)	NC_STRING

E.23.1.24 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

Confirm that this is the date of publication.

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInformation/gmi:documentation#2/gmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'publication' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.23.1.25 Group "gmi:report" in "gmd:processStep"

Short report of what occurred during the process step.

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:report

Group attributes attached	to gmi:report		
Name	Value	Туре	
gmi:description	'Sentinel 5-precursor TROPOMI L1b processed to L2 data using the %(institute)s L2 %(product)s processor' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
Textual description of what occurred during the process step. Replace %()s as indicated.			
gmi:fileType	'netCDF-4' (static)	NC_STRING	
Type of file that contains the output file.	ne processing report, in our case the processing report is conta	ained in the main	
gmi:name	'%(logical_filename)s.nc' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmi:LE_ProcessStepReport' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	

E.23.1.26 Group "gmd:source#1" in "gmd:processStep"

Information about the source data used in creating the data specified by the scope. Repeat group as needed, incrementing the number of the source (after the # mark).

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmd:source#1

Group attributes attach	ned to gmd:source#1	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmi:LE_Source' (static)	NC_STRING
gmd:description		NC STRING

Description of the input data, including L1B, L2, dynamic auxiliary input data and semi-static auxiliary input data. Base strings are "TROPOMI L1B %s radiance product", "TROPOMI L1B %s irradiance product", "TROPOMI L2 %s product", "Auxiliary ECMWF %s Meteorological forecast data", "Processor %s configuration file", "Auxiliary %s reference data", "Auxiliary %s algorithm lookup table", "Auxiliary CTM %s model input data", "Auxiliary snow and ice input data" and "Auxiliary NPP/VIIRS cloud screening input data". The %s to be replaced with specific descriptors.

E.23.1.27 Group "gmi:processedLevel" in "gmd:source#1"

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmd:source#1/gmi:processedLevel

Group attributes attached to gmi:processedLevel			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:code	Empty!	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:MD_Identifier' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.23.1.28 Group "gmd:sourceCitation" in "gmd:source#1"

Reference to the actual filename of the input data.

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmd:source#1/gmd:sourceCitation

Group attributes attached to gmd:sourceCitation			
Name	Value	Туре	
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.23.1.29 Group "gmd:date" in "gmd:sourceCitation"

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmd:source#1/gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:date

Group attributes attached to gmd:date				
Name	Value	Туре		
gmd:date		NC_STRING		
	d time of the input file(s) in this group expressed as nition in the XML schema appears to allow the u	· .		
objectType	'gmd:CI_Date' (static)	NC_STRING		

E.23.1.30 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

Meaning of the reference date for the cited resource.

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmd:source#1/gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType				
Name	Value	Туре		
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING		
codeListValue	'creation' (static)	NC_STRING		
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING		

E.23.1.31 Group "gmd:title" in "gmd:sourceCitation"

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmd:source#1/gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:title

Group attributes attached to gmd:title				
Name	Value	Туре		
gco:characterStri	ng	NC_STRING		
Textual description Source" object).	of the input file group (same as the "gmd:de	escription" attribute in the "gmi:LE		

E.23.1.32 Group "gmd:alternateTitle#1" in "gmd:sourceCitation"

All filenames in this group, in case more files of a particular file type are delivered, for instance for meteorological or model input. Repeat group as needed, incrementing the number of the input file (after the # mark).

Attributes in ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/ gmd:source#1/gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:alternateTitle#1

Group attributes attached to gmd:alternateTitle#1			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmx:FileName	Empty!	NC_STRING	
The basename of the inp	ut file.		

E.24 Statistics (Optional output)

state_vector			
Description:		te vector for all iterations of the retrieval. This allows for tt state vector elements should be stored <i>before</i> bound	-
	Note that this is a output configuration	an optional variable, it will only be added to the output on flag is set.	is the "statistical"
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel, iterations, state_vector_length.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	' <various>' (static)</various>	NC_STRING
	Not of uniform typ	e and unit. This attribute originates from the CF standa	rd.
	long_name	'State vector during retrieval' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
convergence	criterium		
Description:	_	onvergence criterium during the iterations.	
Description:	Progress of the co	in optional variable, it will only be added to the output	is the "statistical"
Description: Dimensions:	Progress of the co Note that this is a output configuration	in optional variable, it will only be added to the output	is the "statistical"
Dimensions:	Progress of the co Note that this is a output configuration	an <i>optional</i> variable, it will only be added to the output on flag is set.	is the "statistical"
Dimensions:	Progress of the co Note that this is a output configuration time, scanline, gro	an <i>optional</i> variable, it will only be added to the output on flag is set.	is the "statistical"
Dimensions: Type:	Progress of the co Note that this is a output configuration time, scanline, gro NC_FLOAT.	an <i>optional</i> variable, it will only be added to the output on flag is set.	is the "statistical"
Dimensions: Type: Source:	Progress of the co Note that this is a output configuration time, scanline, gro NC_FLOAT. Processor.	an <i>optional</i> variable, it will only be added to the output on flag is set. bund_pixel, iterations.	
Dimensions: Type: Source:	Progress of the co Note that this is a output configuration time, scanline, gro NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units	on optional variable, it will only be added to the output on flag is set. bund_pixel, iterations. Value	Type NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source:	Progress of the co Note that this is a output configuration time, scanline, gro NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units	un optional variable, it will only be added to the output on flag is set. bund_pixel, iterations. Value '1' (static)	Type NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source:	Progress of the co Note that this is a output configuration time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Dimensionless, no	on optional variable, it will only be added to the output on flag is set. bund_pixel, iterations. Value '1' (static) p physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF	Type NC_STRING standard.
Dimensions: Type: Source:	Progress of the co Note that this is a output configuration time, scanline, gro NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Dimensionless, no long_name coordinates	un optional variable, it will only be added to the output on flag is set. bund_pixel, iterations. Value '1' (static) b physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF 'convergence criterium during retrieval' (static)	Type NC_STRING standard. NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: chi_square_i	Progress of the converse of th	un optional variable, it will only be added to the output on flag is set. bund_pixel, iterations. Value '1' (static) b physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF 'convergence criterium during retrieval' (static)	Type NC_STRING standard. NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: chi_square_i	Progress of the converges of the converg	variable, it will only be added to the output on flag is set. bund_pixel, iterations. Value '1' (static) physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF 'convergence criterium during retrieval' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	Type NC_STRING standard. NC_STRING NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: chi_square_i	Progress of the converse of th	variable, it will only be added to the output on flag is set. bund_pixel, iterations. Value '1' (static) physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF 'convergence criterium during retrieval' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ring the iterations. In optional variable, it will only be added to the output on flag is set.	Type NC_STRING standard. NC_STRING NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: chi_square_i Description:	Progress of the converse of th	un optional variable, it will only be added to the output on flag is set. bund_pixel, iterations. Value '1' (static) physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF 'convergence criterium during retrieval' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ring the iterations. un optional variable, it will only be added to the output	Type NC_STRING standard. NC_STRING NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: chi_square_i Description: Dimensions:	Progress of the converse of th	variable, it will only be added to the output on flag is set. bund_pixel, iterations. Value '1' (static) physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF 'convergence criterium during retrieval' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ring the iterations. In optional variable, it will only be added to the output on flag is set.	Type NC_STRING standard. NC_STRING NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	Progress of the converge Note that this is a coutput configuration time, scanline, grown NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Dimensionless, note that this is a coutput configuration time, scanline, grown with the converge of χ^2 during the continuity of the con	variable, it will only be added to the output on flag is set. bund_pixel, iterations. Value '1' (static) physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF 'convergence criterium during retrieval' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ring the iterations. In optional variable, it will only be added to the output on flag is set.	Type NC_STRING standard. NC_STRING NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: chi_square_i Description: Dimensions: Type:	Progress of the converge Note that this is a coutput configuration time, scanline, grown NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Dimensionless, note that this is a coutput configuration time, scanline, grown NC_FLOAT.	variable, it will only be added to the output on flag is set. bund_pixel, iterations. Value '1' (static) physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF 'convergence criterium during retrieval' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ring the iterations. In optional variable, it will only be added to the output on flag is set.	Type NC_STRING standard. NC_STRING NC_STRING

	Dimensionless, no physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF standard.		
-	long_name 'chi squared during retrieval' (static) NC_STRING		
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

E.25 Status dynamic VIIRS auxiliary data

If the VIIRS dynamic auxiliary data is not available a fallback solution will be used. In this case the Level 2 output file will be flagged using the "Status_NPP_VIIRS" global attribute.

Name	Value	Туре
Status_NPP_V	TIIRS	NC_STRING
The status of NI expected to be	PP-VIIRS input, either "NRTI, ", "Nominal" or "Fall missing.	pack". In NRTI mode, this auxiliary input is
Possible values	: NRTI, Nominal, Fallback	

E.26 Status dynamic TM5 auxiliary data for Carbon monoxide and Methane processing

If the TM5 dynamic auxiliary data is not available a fallback solution will be used. In this case the Level 2 output file will be flagged using the "Status_CTM_CO" or "Status_CTMCH4" global attribute.

Name	Value	Туре
Status_CTM_CC	NC_STRING	
The status of TM		
Possible values: I	Nominal, Fallback	
Status_CTMCH4		NC_STRING
The status of TM		
Possible values: I	Nominal, Fallback	

E.27 Dimensions for optional output for carbon monoxide and methane

high_resolution_wavelength A dimension to store the high-resolution deconvolved irradiance spectrum

Optional dimension Note that this is an *optional* dimension, it will only be added to the output if the "statistical" output configuration flag is set.

size -1 (dynamic)
source Processor.

E.28 Dimensional variables for optional output for carbon monoxide and methane

high_resolut	ion_wavelength			
Description:	Description: Wavelength grid for the high-resolution deconvolved irradiance spectra Note that this is an <i>optional</i> variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical" output configuration flag is set.			
Dimensions:	high_resolution_wavelength (coordinate variable).			
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'nm' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'Wavelength grid for the high-resolution decon- volved irradiance spectra' (static)	NC_STRING	

E.29 Optional output for the CO algorithm

CDI	cai	ıard	ΙΤΔΙ	2111	٦ne
chi	Juc	ıaıc	1101	au	JIIG

Description: Progress of χ^2 during the iterations.

Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical"

output configuration flag is set.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel, iterations.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name Value Type

 units
 '1' (static)
 NC_STRING

 Dimensionless, no physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

 long name
 'chi squared during retrieval' (static)
 NC_STRING

coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING

normalization

Description: During the matrix calculus, the state vector is divided by this array in order to get a vector

with similar values. That reduces the effect of a limited machine precision. Also, because of this vector, the weight factors for Tikhonov regularization make more sense. All state vectors and related values in this output structure are from the scaled state vector, so they are officially unitless. The units of this vector itself is variable and use the units used in the internal representation of the state vector.

Note that this is an *optional* variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical"

output configuration flag is set.

Dimensions: state_vector_length.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name Value Type

units '<various>' (static) NC_STRING

Not of uniform type and unit. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

long_name 'Normalization constants for the state parameters' NC_STRING (static)

error covariance matrix

Description: Each element of this matrix is a covariance between the effect of the estimated measurement

noise on one retrieved state parameter and on another state parameter. The diagonal

elements are the retrieval noises on each of the state parameters squared.

Note that this is an *optional* variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical" output configuration flag is set.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel, state_vector_length, state_vector_length.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name Value Type

units '<various>' (static) NC_STRING

Not of uniform type and unit. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

averaging_kernel_matrix

Description: Each element of this matrix is a derivative of one retrieved state parameter with respect of

the model's response on a change in another state parameter. For an unregularized retrieval,

this matrix would be the identity by definition.

that this is an a	optional variable, it will only be added to the output flag is set.	is the "statistical"	
time, scanline, ground_pixel, state_vector_length, state_vector_length.			
NC_FLOAT.			
essor.			
e	Value	Туре	
;	' <various>' (static)</various>	NC_STRING	
of uniform type a	and unit. This attribute originates from the CF standa	rd.	
_name	'Matrix of the averaging kernel' (static)	NC_STRING	
dinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	
-	values. These singular each correspond to one vector	or of the singular	
	·	is the "statistical"	
scanline, grour	d_pixel, state_vector_length.		
FLOAT.			
essor.			
е	Value	Туре	
}	' <various>' (static)</various>	NC_STRING	
of uniform type a	and unit. This attribute originates from the CF standa	rd.	
_name	'Diagonal terms of Sigma from the singular value decomposition' (static)	NC_STRING	
dinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	
ion: Matrix of the singular vectors. The matrix consists of one singular vector for each of the singular values.			
	·	is the "statistical"	
scanline, grour	d_pixel, state_vector_length, state_vector_length.		
FLOAT.			
essor.			
 e	Value	Туре	
,	' <various>' (static)</various>	NC STRING	
of uniform type a	• • •	_	
	'Matrix V from the singular value decomposition'	NC_STRING	
	(static)	110_01110	
dinates	(static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	
dinates	· · · · ·	_	
	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) i.e. the damping parameter used in Levenberg-Marq	NC_STRING	
ress of lambda, od, during the it	i.e. the damping parameter used in Levenberg-Marq erations. optional variable, it will only be added to the output	NC_STRING uadt optimization	
ress of lambda, od, during the it that this is an out out configuration	i.e. the damping parameter used in Levenberg-Marq erations. optional variable, it will only be added to the output	NC_STRING uadt optimization	
ress of lambda, od, during the it that this is an out out configuration	i.e. the damping parameter used in Levenberg-Marquerations. optional variable, it will only be added to the output flag is set.	NC_STRING uadt optimization	
ress of lambda, od, during the it that this is an out out configuration scanline, grour	i.e. the damping parameter used in Levenberg-Marquerations. optional variable, it will only be added to the output flag is set.	NC_STRING uadt optimization	
ress of lambda, od, during the it that this is an at configuration scanline, grour	i.e. the damping parameter used in Levenberg-Marquerations. optional variable, it will only be added to the output flag is set.	NC_STRING uadt optimization	
ress of lambda, od, during the it that this is an aut configuration scanline, grour FLOAT.	i.e. the damping parameter used in Levenberg-Marquerations. poptional variable, it will only be added to the output flag is set. d_pixel, iterations.	NC_STRING uadt optimization is the "statistical"	
	scanline, ground FLOAT. essor. e figuration of the singular or matrix. that this is an out configuration of scanline, ground FLOAT. essor. e figuration of the singular or matrix. that this is an out configuration of the singular scanline, ground that this is an out configuration of the singular values. that this is an out configuration of scanline, ground FLOAT. essor. e figuration of the singular values. that this is an out configuration of the scanline, ground FLOAT. essor. e figuration of the singular values.	scanline, ground_pixel, state_vector_length, state_vector_length. FLOAT. essor. e	

NC_STRING

	long_name	'Levenberg-Marquadt damping parameter during retrieval' (static)	NC_STRING	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	
deconvolved	high_resolution_ir			
Description:		gh-resolution irradiance spectra, one for each row.		
·		optional variable, it will only be added to the output	is the "statistical"	
Dimensions:	time, ground_pixel,	high_resolution_wavelength.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'mol s-1 m-2 nm-1' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'deconvolved high-resolution irradiance spectra' (static)	NC_STRING	
	multiplication	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT	
	factor_to			
	convert_to			
	photons_perse-			
	cond_pernm			
	percm2_persr			
	The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. The radiances for Sentinel 5 precursor are given in $mol s^{-1} m^{-2} nm^{-1} sr^{-1}$. Traditionally the radiances are given in photons $s^{-1} cm^{-2} nm^{-1} sr^{-1}$, This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the radiance in photons $s^{-1} cm^{-2} nm^{-1} sr^{-1}$ from the value in $mol s^{-1} m^{-2} nm^{-1} sr^{-1}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in photons $s^{-1} cm^{-2} nm^{-1} sr^{-1}$.			
radiance	•	•		
Description:	values for unused p	$R_{obs}(\lambda_i)$, with λ_i given in the wavelength variable pixels, i.e. if the actual spectrum is shorter than the name of the counding or flagged pixels.		
	Note that this is an output configuration	optional variable, it will only be added to the output flag is set.	it is the "residual"	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel, wavelength_index.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'mol s-1 m-2 nm-1 sr-1' (static)	NC_STRING	
	standard_name	'radiance' (static)	NC_STRING	
	This name is not yet standard.	included in the standard name list. This attribute original	nates from the CF	
	long_name	'radiance' (static)	NC_STRING	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING	

This provides a connection between the residuals, the geolocation and the wavelengths.

'reflectance_precision' (static)

This attribute originates from the CF standard.

ancillary_vari-

ables

multiplication_- 6.022140857e+19 (static) NC_FLOAT factor_to_- convert_to_- photons_persecond_pernm_- percm2 persr

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. The radiances for Sentinel 5 precursor are given in $mol s^{-1} m^{-2} nm^{-1} sr^{-1}$. Traditionally the radiances are given in photons $s^{-1} cm^{-2} nm^{-1} sr^{-1}$, This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the radiance in photons $s^{-1} cm^{-2} nm^{-1} sr^{-1}$ from the value in $mol s^{-1} m^{-2} nm^{-1} sr^{-1}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in photons $s^{-1} cm^{-2} nm^{-1} sr^{-1}$.

radiance_precision

Description:

Precision of the radiance y_i , or $R_{\text{obs}}(\lambda_i)$, with λ_i given in the wavelength variable. Will contain fill values for unused pixels, i.e. if the actual spectrum is shorter than the maximum nominal spectrum, for instance due to rounding or flagged pixels.

Note that this is an *optional* variable, it will only be added to the output is the "residual" output configuration flag is set.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel, wavelength_index.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol s-1 m-2 nm-1 sr-1' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'radiance error' (static)	NC_STRING

This name is not yet included in the standard name list. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

long_name	'radiance precision' (static)		NC_STRING
standard_error multiplier	1.0 (static)		NC_FLOAT
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude wavelength' (static)	/PRODUCT/latitude	NC_STRING

This provides a connection between the residuals, the geolocation *and* the wavelengths. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

model

Description:

The modelled radiance $f(x_i; \mathbf{a})$ or $R_{\mathsf{model}}(\lambda_i)$, with λ_i given in the wavelength variable. Will contain fill values for unused pixels, i.e. if the actual spectrum is shorter than the maximum nominal spectrum, for instance due to rounding or flagged pixels.

Note that this is an *optional* variable, it will only be added to the output is the "residual" output configuration flag is set.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel, wavelength_index.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol s-1 m-2 nm-1 sr-1' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'reflectance' (static)	NC_STRING

This name is not yet included in the standard name list. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

long_name	'modelled reflectance' (static)		NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude wavelength' (static)		NC_STRING

This provides a connection between the residuals, the geolocation *and* the wavelengths. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

NC_STRING

Type:

Type:

Type:

units

'1' (static)

Dimensionless, no physical quanity. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

NC FLOAT multiplication -6.022140857e+19 (static) factor to convert to photons persecond pernm percm2 persr The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. The radiances for Sentinel 5 precursor are given in mol s⁻¹ m⁻² nm⁻¹ sr⁻¹. Traditionally the radiances are given in photons s⁻¹ cm⁻² nm⁻¹ sr⁻¹, This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the radiance in photons s^{-1} cm⁻² nm⁻¹ sr⁻¹ from the value in mol s^{-1} m⁻² nm⁻¹ sr⁻¹. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in photons s⁻¹ cm⁻² nm⁻¹ sr⁻¹. wavelength Description: The wavelength scale for the residuals. Will contain fill values for unused pixels, i.e. if the actual spectrum is shorter than the maximum nominal spectrum, for instance due to rounding or flagged pixels. Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "residual" output configuration flag is set. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel, wavelength_index. NC FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type NC STRING units 'nm' (static) standard name 'electromagnetic wavelength' (static) NC STRING NC_STRING long_name 'wavelength' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC STRING coordinates state vector Description: The complete state vector for all iterations of the retrieval. This allows for full tracing of the retrieval. Note that state vector elements should be stored before boundary violations are corrected. Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical" output configuration flag is set. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel, iterations, state vector length. NC FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type '<various>' (static) NC_STRING units Not of uniform type and unit. This attribute originates from the CF standard. long_name 'State vector during retrieval' (static) NC STRING coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC STRING inversions Description: Number of calculated inversions, including rejected steps. Variables with the iterations dimension are defined up until this number plus one. The one extra is the a-priori. Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical" output configuration flag is set. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel. NC INT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type

coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

E.30 Debug output for level 'statistical' for methane

Description: Viewing zenith angle of NIR band.

Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical"

output configuration flag is set.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name Value Type

		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
units	'degrees' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Viewing zenith angle of NIR band' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING

raa_nir

Description: Relative azimuth angle of NIR band defined as 180 - (solar azimuth angle - viewing azimuth

angle)

Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical"

output configuration flag is set.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name Value Type

units	'degrees' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Relative azimuth angle of NIR band' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

chi_square_iterations

Description: Progress of χ^2 during the iterations.

Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical"

output configuration flag is set.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel, iterations.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name Value Type

units '1' (static) NC_STRING Dimensionless, no physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

 long_name
 'chi squared during retrieval' (static)
 NC_STRING

 coordinates
 '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)
 NC_STRING

lambda

Description: Progress of lambda, i.e. the damping parameter used in Levenberg-Marquadt optimization

method, during the iterations.

Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical"

output configuration flag is set.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel, iterations.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name Value Type

	units '1' (static) long_name 'Levenberg-Marquardt damping parameter during retrieval' (static)		NC_STRING
			NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

deconvolved high resolution irradiance

Description: The deconvolved high-resolution irradiance spectra

Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical"

output configuration flag is set.

Dimensions: time, ground pixel, high resolution wavelength.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol s-1 m-2 nm-1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'deconvolved high-resolution irradiance spectra' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication -	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

multiplication_factor_to_convert_to_photons_persecond_pernm_percm2 persr

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. The radiances for Sentinel 5 precursor are given in $mol \, s^{-1} \, m^{-2} \, nm^{-1} \, sr^{-1}$. Traditionally the radiances are given in photons $s^{-1} \, cm^{-2} \, nm^{-1} \, sr^{-1}$, This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the radiance in photons $s^{-1} \, cm^{-2} \, nm^{-1} \, sr^{-1}$ from the value in $mol \, s^{-1} \, m^{-2} \, nm^{-1} \, sr^{-1}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in photons $s^{-1} \, cm^{-2} \, nm^{-1} \, sr^{-1}$.

wavelength

Description: The wavelength scale for the residuals. Will contain fill values for unused pixels, i.e. if the

actual spectrum is shorter than the maximum nominal spectrum, for instance due to rounding or flagged pixels.

Note that this is an *optional* variable, it will only be added to the output is the "residual" output configuration flag is set.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel, wavelength index.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'nm' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'electromagnetic_wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

residual

Description: The residual of the fit, $y_i - f(x_i; \mathbf{a})$, as 'observation' minus 'model', also known as $R_{\text{obs}}(\lambda_i)$ —

 $R_{\text{model}}(\lambda_i)$, with λ_i given in the wavelength variable. Will contain fill values for unused pixels, i.e. if the actual spectrum is shorter than the maximum nominal spectrum, for instance due to rounding or flagged pixels.

Note that this is an *optional* variable, it will only be added to the output is the "residual" output configuration flag is set.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel, wavelength_index.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

sue 11.0.0, 20	019-02-01 - released	1	Page 224 of 3
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'residual of fit (observation - model)' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING
		nnection between the residuals, the geolocation <i>and</i> ates from the CF standard.	the wavelength
	ancillary_vari- ables	'reflectance_precision' (static)	NC_STRING
adiance			
Description:	values for unused page spectrum, for instar	r $R_{\mathrm{obs}}(\lambda_i)$, with λ_i given in the wavelength variable pixels, i.e. if the actual spectrum is shorter than the nace due to rounding or flagged pixels. In optional variable, it will only be added to the output of flag is set.	naximum nomin
imensions:	time, scanline, grou	ınd_pixel, wavelength_index.	
уре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol s-1 m-2 nm-1 sr-1 ' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'reflectance' (static)	NC_STRING
	This name is not ye standard.	t included in the standard name list. This attribute origi	nates from the C
	long_name	'reflectance' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING
		nnection between the residuals, the geolocation <i>and</i> ates from the CF standard.	the wavelength
	multiplication factor_to convert_to photons perse-	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	cond_pernm percm2_persr		
	5 precursor are gir photons s ⁻¹ cm ⁻² nn	entinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. The radiativen in $mol s^{-1} m^{-2} nm^{-1} sr^{-1}$. Traditionally the radiation $n^{-1} sr^{-1}$, This attribute provides the multiplication factors $s^{-1} cm^{-2} nm^{-1} sr^{-1}$ from the value in $mol s^{-1} m^{-2}$	nces are given actor to calculat

the radiance in photons s^{-1} cm⁻² nm⁻¹ sr⁻¹ from the value in mol s^{-1} m⁻² nm⁻¹ sr⁻¹. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in photons s^{-1} cm⁻² nm⁻¹ sr⁻¹.

NC_STRING ancillary_vari-'reflectance_precision' (static) ables

radiance_precision

Description:

Precision of the radiance y_i , or $R_{\text{obs}}(\lambda_i)$, with λ_i given in the wavelength variable. Will contain fill values for unused pixels, i.e. if the actual spectrum is shorter than the maximum nominal spectrum, for instance due to rounding or flagged pixels.

Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "residual" output configuration flag is set.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel, wavelength_index.

NC_FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name Value Туре

units		'mol s-1 m-2 nm-1 sr-1' (stat	ic)	NC_STRING
standar	d_name	'reflectance error' (static)		NC_STRING
This nan standard	-	included in the standard name	e list. This attribute original	nates from the CF
long_na	me	'reflectance precision' (statio)	NC_STRING
standar multipli	d_error er	1.0 (static)		NC_FLOAT
coordin	ates	'/PRODUCT/longitude wavelength' (static)	/PRODUCT/latitude	NC_STRING
	This provides a connection between the residuals, the geolocation <i>and</i> the wavelengths. This attribute originates from the CF standard.			
factor_t convert	_ _to s_perse- ernm	6.022140857e+19 (static)		NC_FLOAT

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. The radiances for Sentinel 5 precursor are given in $mol s^{-1} m^{-2} nm^{-1} sr^{-1}$. Traditionally the radiances are given in photons $s^{-1} cm^{-2} nm^{-1} sr^{-1}$, This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the radiance in photons $s^{-1} cm^{-2} nm^{-1} sr^{-1}$ from the value in $mol s^{-1} m^{-2} nm^{-1} sr^{-1}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in photons $s^{-1} cm^{-2} nm^{-1} sr^{-1}$.

model

Description:

The modeled radiance $f(x_i; \mathbf{a})$ or $R_{\mathsf{model}}(\lambda_i)$, with λ_i given in the wavelength variable. Will contain fill values for unused pixels, i.e. if the actual spectrum is shorter than the maximum nominal spectrum, for instance due to rounding or flagged pixels.

Note that this is an *optional* variable, it will only be added to the output is the "residual" output configuration flag is set.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel, wavelength_index.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol s-1 m-2 nm-1 sr-1' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'reflectance' (static)	NC_STRING

This name is not yet included in the standard name list. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

long_name	'modeled reflectance' (station	c)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude	/PRODUCT/latitude	NC_STRING
	wavelength' (static)		

This provides a connection between the residuals, the geolocation *and* the wavelengths. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

multiplication_- 6.022140857e+19 (static) NC_FLOAT

factor_to_convert_to_photons_persecond_pernm_percm2_persr

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. The radiances for Sentinel 5 precursor are given in $mol \, s^{-1} \, m^{-2} \, nm^{-1} \, sr^{-1}$. Traditionally the radiances are given in photons $s^{-1} \, cm^{-2} \, nm^{-1} \, sr^{-1}$, This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the radiance in photons $s^{-1} \, cm^{-2} \, nm^{-1} \, sr^{-1}$ from the value in $mol \, s^{-1} \, m^{-2} \, nm^{-1} \, sr^{-1}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in photons $s^{-1} \, cm^{-2} \, nm^{-1} \, sr^{-1}$.

state_vector			
Description:	The complete state vector for all iterations of the retrieval. This allows for full tracing of the retrieval. Note that state vector elements should be stored <i>before</i> boundary violations are corrected.		
	Note that this is ar output configuration	n <i>optional</i> variable, it will only be added to the output n flag is set.	is the "statistical"
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel, iterations, state_vector_length.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	' <various>' (static)</various>	NC_STRING
	Not of uniform type and unit. This attribute originates from the CF standard.		
	long_name	'State vector during retrieval' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

These are all product descriptions for the KNMI/SRON S5P level 2 products.

Description of the FRESCO cloud support product

Description of the main output file for the cloud product from the TROPOMI instrument on the Sentinel 5-precursor mission.

Global attributes in FRESCO

The attributes described in section M "Common file-level attributes" on page 367 are included in the output at this location.

The attributes described in section E.2 "Status dynamic ECMWF auxiliary data" on page 145 are included in the output at this location.

The attributes described in section E.3 "Status dynamic NISE auxiliary data" on page 145 are included in the output at this location.

Group attributes attached to FRESCO				
Name	Value	Туре		
title	'TROPOMI/S5P FRESCO Cloud 1-Orbit L2 Swath 7x3.5km' (dynamic)	NC_STRING		
This is a short description of the product. In near-realtime processing the granule is shorter than 1 orbit, and the value of this attribute must be adapted accordingly. The nominal value is "TROPOMI/S5P FRESCO Cloud 1-Orbit L2 Swath 7x3.5km". This attribute originates from the NUG standard.				
product_version	'1.1.0' (dynamic)	NC_STRING		
Included for compatibility with the CCI project, where this item is defined as "the product version of this data file." We will use the file format version for this attribute following several CCI sub-projects. This attribute originates from the CCI standard.				
processing_status	'Nominal' (dynamic)	NC_STRING		

input data. Possible values: Nominal, Degraded

Description the processing status of the granule on a global level, mainly based on the availability of auxiliary

F.1 Group "PRODUCT" in "FRESCO"

This is the main group containing the FRESCO cloud product. At this level the dimensions and the main data fields are defined. Support data can be found in the "SUPPORT DATA" group.

Dimensions in FRESCO/PRODUCT

The dimensions described in section E.4 "Common dimensions" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

The dimensions described in section E.5 "Dimensions for optional output" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

The dimensions described in section E.5 "Dimensions for optional output" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

fluorescence_wavelengths The number of wavelengths at which the fluorescence is given.

size -1 (dynamic) **source** Processor.

albedo_wavelengths The number of nodes in the albedo polynomial.

size -1 (dynamic)
source Processor.

wavelength_index_fluor The wavelength index. The size should be equal to the maximum number of nominal wavelength points in the fit.

Optional dimension Note that this is an *optional* dimension, it will only be added to the output if the "residual" output configuration flag is set.

size -1 (dynamic)
source Processor.

state_vector_length_fluor A dimension to store the state vector for fluorescence. Some retrieval algorithms may already have dimensions that are state-vector related, but most of the time these are split into two parts (i.e. for O₃ profile) or even split into individual components.

Optional dimension Note that this is an *optional* dimension, it will only be added to the output if the "statistical" output configuration flag is set.

size -1 (dynamic)
source Processor.

Variables in FRESCO/PRODUCT

The variables described in section E.6 "Coordinate variables" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.7 "Dimensional variables for optional output" on page 148 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.8 "The geolocation fields" on page 149 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.9 "Common product fields" on page 150 are included in the output at this location.

fluorescence	_wavelengths in FF	RESCO/PRODUCT		
Description:	Wavelengths at wh	Wavelengths at which the fluorescence is given.		
Dimensions:	fluorescence_wave	elengths (coordinate variable).		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'nm' (static)	NC_STRING	
	standard_name	'radiation_wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'the wavelengths at which the fluorescensce is retrieved' (static)	NC_STRING	

albedo wavelengths in FRESCO/PRODUCT

Description: Wavelengths at which the surface albedo for the fluorescence retrieval are performed.

Dimensions: albedo_wavelengths (coordinate variable).

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'nm' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'radiation_wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'the wavelengths at which the surface albedo for the fluorescensce retrieval is retrieved' (static)	NC_STRING

cloud fraction crb in FRESCO/PRODUCT

Description: Effective cloud fraction retrieved from the O₂ A-band.

The effective cloud fraction is the radiometric equivalent cloud fraction of a satellite pixel assuming a fixed cloud albedo, usually 0.8. By definition the effective cloud fraction times the assumed cloud albedo plus the cloud-free surface and atmosphere contributions yields a TOA reflectance that agrees with the observed TOA reflectance.

The effective cloud fraction is not the geometric cloud fraction (with standard_name "cloud_area_fraction") of the true clouds in the pixel, but it represents the radiometric effect of the subpixel clouds.

The effective cloud fraction is an important quantity for the analysis of satellite data with pixels which are much larger than the cloud size, i.e. much larger than $1 \times 1 \, \mathrm{km^2}$. Then subpixel cloudiness is a normal feature. This holds e.g. for satellite spectrometers GOME, SCIAMACHY, GOME-2, OMI and TROPOMI.

The effective cloud fraction not only depends on the geometric cloud fraction and cloud optical thickness of the subpixel clouds, but also on the clear sky surface reflectance. Owing to this latter dependency we find a slight spectral dependence of the effective cloud fraction. Therefore we recommend to use the effective cloud fraction for trace gas correction from a nearby spectral window²⁹ [RD54].

The FRESCO effective cloud fraction is smaller than the geometric cloud fraction, because a high cloud albedo of 0.8 is used in the retrieval. The FRESCO effective cloud fraction has been validated through the surface solar irradiance product.

The effective cloud fraction can be in the range of $[\tilde{0}.0, \tilde{1}.5]$, depending the assumed cloud albedo (typically 0.8) and on viewing and solar geometry.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING

The effective cloud fraction is a dimensionless quantity. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

long_name	<pre>'effective_cloud_area_fraction_assuming_fixed cloud_albedo' (static)</pre>	NC_STRING
coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ancillary_vari-	'cloud_fraction_crb_precision' (static)	NC_STRING

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

cloud_fraction_crb_precision in FRESCO/PRODUCT

Description: Effective cloud fraction precision parameter.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

 Attributes:
 Name
 Value
 Type

 units
 '1' (static)
 NC_STRING

²⁹ This is in addition to possible imperfect spatial matching of ground pixels in different bands.

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The cloud fraction is a dimensionless quantity. This attribute	originates from the NUG, CF
standards	

long_name	<pre>'effective_cloud_area_fraction_assuming_fixed NC_STRING cloud_albedo standard_error' (static)</pre>	
coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

cloud pressure crb in FRESCO/PRODUCT

Description:

The cloud pressure derived from the O₂ A-band using the FRESCO algorithm is a level inside the cloud, near the optical thickness center. That is why it is called the "cloud optical centroid pressure" [RD55]. Usually FRESCO cloud optical centroid pressure is close to the mean pressure of the cloud top and the cloud base. The FRESCO cloud pressure mainly depends on cloud optical thickness and the distribution of the cloud optical thickness inside the cloud. The FRESCO cloud pressure is close to the optical cloud mid-level for both single-layer and multi-layer clouds [RD56].

The retrieved FRESCO cloud pressure is less accurate when the effective cloud fraction is less than about 0.1. In this case, the retrieved cloud pressure can be much too low.

For sunglint contaminated pixels, FRESCO retrieves an effective cloud fraction value representing the brightness of the glint and a cloud pressure which is close to the surface pressure.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	lype
units	'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING

The cloud pressure is given in Pa (on a fixed temperature profile, AFGL mid-latitude summer [RD31]). This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

long_name	<pre>'air_pressure_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static)</pre>	NC_STRING
coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ancillary_vari-	'cloud_pressure_crb_precision' (static)	NC_STRING

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

cloud pressure crb precision in FRESCO/PRODUCT

Description: Cloud pressure error parameter. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name Value Type 'Pa' (static) NC STRING units

> The cloud pressure is given in Pa (on a fixed temperature profile, AFGL mid-latitude summer [RD31]). This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

> long name 'air pressure at cloud optical centroid stand-NC_STRING ard_error' (static)

> coordinates 'longitude latitude' (static) NC_STRING

cloud height crb in FRESCO/PRODUCT

Description: The retrieved cloud height from the FRESCO algorithm is related to the cloud pressure using

> the same atmospheric pressure profile as was used in the radiative transfer simulations to yield the O₂ A-band spectra, i.e. the AFGL mid-latitude summer profile [RD31].

The cloud height is relative to the reference geoid (approximately mean sea level).

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

NC FLOAT. Type:

Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
,	units	'm' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'height_of_cloud_optical_centroid' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	ancillary_vari- ables	'cloud_height_crb_precision' (static)	NC_STRING
	Provide a connect standards.	ion with associated data. This attribute originates fr	om the NUG,
cloud_height	_crb_precision in F	RESCO/PRODUCT	
Description:	Cloud height paran	neter, at the optical centroid level, measured from the	surface.
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	und_pixel.	
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
,	units	'm' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'height_of_cloud_optical_centroid standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
cloud_albedo	_crb in FRESCO/P	RODUCT	
Description:	Cloud albedo para	meter. This is a fixed value for FRESCO.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel.		
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'cloud_albedo' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'cloud albedo' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	ancillary_vari- ables	'cloud_albedo_precision' (static)	NC_STRING
	Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.		
cloud_albedo	_crb_precision in I	FRESCO/PRODUCT	
Description:	Cloud albedo error is set to the '_Fill	parameter. Since the albedo parameter is fixed for FF	RESCO, this val
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou		
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.	_	
Source:	Processor.		
	Name	Value	Туре
Attributes:		'1' (static)	NC_STRING
Attributes:	units		
Attributes:	units standard name		
Attributes:	standard_name long_name	'cloud_albedo standard_error' (static) 'cloud albedo precision' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING

The scene albedo is retrieved from FRESCO by assuming that the geometric cloud fraction is 1. This is also called the snow/ice mode. The scene albedo is adjusted such as to match Description:

the TOA reflectance.

If the satellite pixel is partly cloud covered, the retrieved scene albedo includes the effects from both cloudy and cloud-free parts of the pixel. The scene albedo value is thus a weighted average of cloud albedo and surface albedo.

This parameter is required by the CH₄ processor for cloud filtering.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'cloud_albedo_assuming_completely_cloudy_sky' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ancillary_vari- ables	'scene_albedo_precision' (static)	NC_STRING

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

scene_albedo_precision in FRESCO/PRODUCT

Description: Scene albedo precision when FRESCO is running in snow/ice mode.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'cloud_albedo_assuming_completely_cloudy_sky standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

apparent scene pressure in FRESCO/PRODUCT

Description:

The scene pressure is the retrieved cloud pressure assuming a fully cloud covered pixel (FRESCO snow/ice mode).

The retrieved scene pressure is the radiance-weighted average of the cloud pressure and the surface pressure. In a cloud-free scene, the scene pressure is usually close to surface pressure. In a fully cloudy scene with optically thick clouds, the scene pressure can be very similar to the cloud pressure.

This parameter is required by the CH₄ processor for cloud filtering.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'air_pressure_at_cloud_optical_centroid_assum-ing_completely_cloudy_sky' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ancillary_vari- ables	'apparent_scene_pressure_precision' (static)	NC_STRING

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

apparent_scene_pressure_precision in FRESCO/PRODUCT

Description: Scene pressure precision when FRESCO is running in snow/ice mode. This parameter is

required by the CH₄ processor.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	<pre>'air_pressure_at_cloud_optical_centroid_as- suming_completely_cloudy_sky standard_error' (static)</pre>	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

F.1.1 Group "SUPPORT_DATA" in "PRODUCT"

F.1.1.1 Group "GEOLOCATIONS" in "SUPPORT_DATA"

Variables in FRESCO/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/GEOLOCATIONS

The variables described in section E.10 "Additional geolocation support fields" on page 151 are included in the output at this location.

F.1.1.2 Group "DETAILED_RESULTS" in "SUPPORT_DATA"

Variables in FRESCO/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

The variables described in section E.11 "Number of iterations" on page 154 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.12 "Additional detailed results fields" on page 154 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.13 "Wavelength fit results" on page 157 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.14 "Optional output for the fluorescence algorithm" on page 163 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.15 "Residuals (Optional output)" on page 166 are included in the output at this location.

chi_square in	n FRESCO/PRODUC	T/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS	
Description:	Chi square fit error parameter.		
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'chi squared parameter' (static)	NC_STRING
	This is χ^2 . This attri	bute originates from the CF standard.	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
error_covaria	ance_matrix_elemer	nt in FRESCO/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILE	ED_RESULTS
Description:	Covariance matrix pressure.	element, for the cross correlation between cloud for	raction and cloud
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
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Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'covariance of cloud pressure and cloud fraction' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

fluorescence in FRESCO/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

Description: Fluorescence parameters.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel, fluorescence wavelengths.

Type: NC FLOAT. Processor. Source:

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol s-1 m-2 nm-1 sr-1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'surface_upwelling_shortwave_flux_in_air_due to_fluorescence' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication -	6.022140857e±19 (static)	NC FLOAT

factor_to_convert_to_photons persecond_pernm_percm2_persr

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. The radiances for Sentinel 5 precursor are given in $mol s^{-1} m^{-2} nm^{-1} sr^{-1}$. Traditionally the radiances are given in photons s⁻¹ cm⁻² nm⁻¹ sr⁻¹, This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the radiance in photons s^{-1} cm⁻² nm⁻¹ sr⁻¹ from the value in mol s^{-1} m⁻² nm⁻¹ sr⁻¹. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in photons s^{-1} cm⁻² nm⁻¹ sr⁻¹.

fluorescence precision in FRESCO/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

Description: Precision of the fluorescence retrieval.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel, fluorescence wavelengths.

NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol s-1 m-2 nm-1 sr-1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'surface_upwelling_shortwave_flux_in_air_due to_fluorescence standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication factor_to convert_to	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

photons persecond pernm percm2 persr

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. The radiances for Sentinel 5 precursor are given in mol s⁻¹ m⁻² nm⁻¹ sr⁻¹. Traditionally the radiances are given in photons s^{-1} cm⁻² nm⁻¹ sr⁻¹, This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the radiance in photons s^{-1} cm⁻² nm⁻¹ sr⁻¹ from the value in mol s⁻¹ m⁻² nm⁻¹ sr⁻¹. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in photons s^{-1} cm⁻² nm⁻¹ sr⁻¹.

chi square fluorescence in FRESCO/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

Description: Chi square fit error parameter for the fluorescence retrieval.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

NC FLOAT. Type:

Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'chi squared parameter of fluorescence' (static)	NC_STRING
	This is χ^2 for the fluc	rescence retrieval. This attribute originates from the	CF standard.
=	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
degrees_of_fi	reedom_fluorescenc	e in FRESCO/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAIL	ED_RESULTS
Description:	Degrees of freedom	for signal for fluorescence	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, groun	d pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.	_	
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
-	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
-	long_name	'degrees of freedom for signal of fluorescence'	NC_STRING
	3_	(static)	
-	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
fluorescence	albedo in FRESCO/I	PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS	
Description:	- The surface albedo a	as retrieved in the fluorescence retrieval.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, groun	d_pixel, albedo_wavelengths.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
-	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
_	standard_name	'surface_albedo' (static)	NC STRING
-	long_name	'albedo of the surface' (static)	NC_STRING
-	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING
fluorescence		FRESCO/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_	
Description:		surface albedo as retrieved in the fluorescence retrie	
Dimensions:	•		vai.
	NC_FLOAT.	d_pixel, albedo_wavelengths.	
Type:	_		
Source:	Processor.	Value	T
Attributes:	Name	Value	Type
-	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'surface_albedo standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
	A standard name for standard.	this parameter does not exist. This attribute original	ates from the CF
_	long_name	'albedo precision' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
state_vector_	length_fluorescence	in FRESCO/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILE	D_RESULTS
Description:	Names of the state v	ector elements, as variable length character strings.	
	Note that this is an output configuration	optional variable, it will only be added to the output flag is set.	is the "statistical"
Dimensions:	state_vector_length_	_	
Type:	NC_STRING.	-	
Source:	Processor.		
AIIIIOIIIES	Name	Value	Type
Attributes:	Name units	Value '1' (static)	Type NC_STRING

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	long_name	'names of state vector elements' (static)	NC_STRING
number_of_s DETAILED_R		retrieval_fluorescence in FRESCO/PRODUCT/S	SUPPORT_DATA/
Description:	The number of poin	ts in the spectrum that were used in the fluorescence	retrieval.
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_USHORT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'number of spectral points used in the fluorescence retrieval' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'Flags indicating conditions that affect quality of the retrieval' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
		ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast r	
chi_square_i	iterations in FRESCO	D/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS	6
Description:	Progress of χ^2 during	ng after every iteration of the iterations.	
- · · · · ·	1 Togicss of χ duff		
6		optional variable, it will only be added to the output a flag is set.	is the "statistical"
Dimensions:	Note that this is an	n flag is set.	is the "statistical"
·	Note that this is an output configuration	n flag is set.	is the "statistical"
Dimensions:	Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, grou	n flag is set.	is the "statistical"
Dimensions:	Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT.	n flag is set.	is the "statistical" Type
Dimensions: Type: Source:	Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT. Processor.	n flag is set. nd_pixel, iterations.	
Dimensions: Type: Source:	Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units	n flag is set. nd_pixel, iterations. Value	Type NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source:	Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units	In flag is set. Ind_pixel, iterations. Value '1' (static) physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF 'chi squared during retrieval' (static)	Type NC_STRING standard. NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source:	Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Dimensionless, no p	In flag is set. Ind_pixel, iterations. Value '1' (static) physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF	Type NC_STRING standard.
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Dimensionless, no plong_name coordinates	In flag is set. Ind_pixel, iterations. Value '1' (static) physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF 'chi squared during retrieval' (static)	Type NC_STRING standard. NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Dimensionless, no plong_name coordinates in FRESCO/PRODUCT The complete state	Value '1' (static) physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF 'chi squared during retrieval' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	Type NC_STRING standard. NC_STRING NC_STRING STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Dimensionless, no plong_name coordinates in FRESCO/PRODUCT the complete state the retrieval. Note the are corrected.	Value '1' (static) physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF 'chi squared during retrieval' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS vector after every iteration of the retrieval. This allows hat state vector elements should be stored before bo	Type NC_STRING Standard. NC_STRING NC_STRING Stor full tracing of undary violations
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Dimensionless, no plang_name coordinates in FRESCO/PRODUCT The complete state the retrieval. Note that this is an output configuration	Value '1' (static) physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF 'chi squared during retrieval' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS vector after every iteration of the retrieval. This allows hat state vector elements should be stored before bo	Type NC_STRING standard. NC_STRING NC_STRING of full tracing of undary violations
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: state_vector Description:	Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Dimensionless, no plang_name coordinates in FRESCO/PRODUCT The complete state the retrieval. Note that this is an output configuration	Value '1' (static) physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF 'chi squared during retrieval' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS vector after every iteration of the retrieval. This allows that state vector elements should be stored before bo optional variable, it will only be added to the output of flag is set.	Type NC_STRING Standard. NC_STRING NC_STRING Stor full tracing of undary violations
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: state_vector Description: Dimensions:	Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Dimensionless, no plong_name coordinates in FRESCO/PRODUCT The complete state the retrieval. Note that recorrected. Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, ground interesting the recorrected.	Value '1' (static) physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF 'chi squared during retrieval' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS vector after every iteration of the retrieval. This allows that state vector elements should be stored before bo optional variable, it will only be added to the output of flag is set.	Type NC_STRING Standard. NC_STRING NC_STRING Stor full tracing of undary violations
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: state_vector Description: Dimensions: Type:	Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Dimensionless, no plong_name coordinates in FRESCO/PRODUCT The complete state the retrieval. Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT.	Value '1' (static) physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF 'chi squared during retrieval' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS vector after every iteration of the retrieval. This allows that state vector elements should be stored before bo optional variable, it will only be added to the output of flag is set.	Type NC_STRING Standard. NC_STRING NC_STRING Stor full tracing of undary violations
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: state_vector Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Dimensionless, no plong_name coordinates in FRESCO/PRODUCT The complete state the retrieval. Note that recorrected. Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor.	Value '1' (static) physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF 'chi squared during retrieval' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS vector after every iteration of the retrieval. This allows hat state vector elements should be stored before bo optional variable, it will only be added to the output of flag is set. Ind_pixel, iterations, state_vector_length.	Type NC_STRING Standard. NC_STRING NC_STRING Stor full tracing of undary violations is the "statistical"
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: state_vector Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Dimensionless, no plong_name coordinates in FRESCO/PRODUCT The complete state the retrieval. Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units	Value '1' (static) physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF 'chi squared during retrieval' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS vector after every iteration of the retrieval. This allows hat state vector elements should be stored before bo optional variable, it will only be added to the output of flag is set. Ind_pixel, iterations, state_vector_length. Value	Type NC_STRING standard. NC_STRING NC_STRING stor full tracing of undary violations is the "statistical" Type NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: state_vector Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Dimensionless, no plong_name coordinates in FRESCO/PRODUCT The complete state the retrieval. Note that this is an output configuration time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units	Value '1' (static) physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CF 'chi squared during retrieval' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS vector after every iteration of the retrieval. This allows hat state vector elements should be stored before bo optional variable, it will only be added to the output of flag is set. Ind_pixel, iterations, state_vector_length. Value ' <various>' (static)</various>	Type NC_STRING standard. NC_STRING NC_STRING stor full tracing of undary violations is the "statistical" Type NC_STRING

F.1.1.3 Group "INPUT_DATA" in "SUPPORT_DATA"

The groups described in section E.17 "Additional data support fields" on page 169 are included in the output at this location.

Variables in FRESCO/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA

The variables described in section E.18 "Snow/Ice flags from NISE or ECMWF" on page 172 are included in the output at this location.

surface_albe	do_assumed in FRE	SCO/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA	
Description:	The surface albedo used in the cloud retrieval after correcting for snow or ice at the surface. The retrieval uses the surface albedo at both sides of the oxygen A-band and interpolates linearly between them. Because the wavelength used by FRESCO are at around 758, 760 and 765 nm, we only report the value at 758 nm here.		
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'surface_albedo' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'assumed surface albedo at 758 nm' (static)	NC_STRING
	radiation wavelength	758 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	The wavelength at which the surface albedo is given.		
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
surface_pres	ssure in FRESCO/PF	RODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA	
Description:	•	corrected for the difference between the surface altitude assumed by ECMWF.	le in the DEM and
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	ınd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'surface_air_pressure' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'surface_air_pressure' (static)	NC_STRING
	source		NC_STRING
	Possible values: E0 and scale height of	CMWF, Using DEM and assuming fixed sea-level pres 8.3 km	ssure of 1013 hPa
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
		ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the case is not specified in the climate and forecast in	

F.2 Group "METADATA" in "FRESCO"

This is a group to collect metadata items, such as the items that also appear in the header file and items required by Inspire [ER12]. Most metadata will be stored as attributes. Grouping attributes that belong to a specific standard is done by using sub-groups in the Metadata group. Included in this group are the granule description, algorithm settings and quality assurance parameters. Note that some metadata attributes are required to be attached to the global level by convention, such as the CF-Metadata convention [ER1] and the NetCDF user guide [ER16]. The groups described in section E.21 "ISO metadata" on page 184 are included in the output at this location.

The groups described in section E.22 "EOP metadata" on page 203 are included in the output at this location.

The groups described in section E.23 "ESA metadata" on page 207 are included in the output at this location.

F.2.1 Group "QA_STATISTICS" in "METADATA"

The groups described in section E.19 "Quality assurance statistics" on page 175 are included in the output at this location.

Dimensions in FRESCO/METADATA/QA STATISTICS

cloud_pressure_crb_histogram_axis Histogram axis for the cloud pressure.

size 100 (fixed)

cloud_pressure_crb_pdf_axis Probability density function axis for the cloud pressure.

size 400 (fixed)

apparent_scene_pressure_histogram_axis Histogram axis for the cloud pressure.

size 100 (fixed)

apparent_scene_pressure_pdf_axis Probability density function axis for the cloud pressure.

size 400 (fixed)

cloud_fraction_crb_histogram_axis Histogram axis for the cloud fraction.

size 100 (fixed)

cloud_fraction_crb_pdf_axis Probability density function axis for the cloud fraction.

size 400 (fixed)

fluorescence_histogram_axis Histogram axis for the cloud pressure.

size 100 (fixed)

fluorescence_pdf_axis Probability density function axis for the cloud pressure.

size 400 (fixed)

Variables in FRESCO/METADATA/QA STATISTICS

cloud fractio	n orb histogram a	vie in ERESCO/METADATA/OA STATISTICS		
	n_crb_histogram_axis in FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS Horizontal axis for the histograms of the cloud fraction			
Description:	Horizontal axis for the histograms of the cloud fraction.			
Dimensions:	cloud_fraction_crb_histogram_axis (coordinate variable).			
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'1' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
	Same unit as the ma	ain parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s	tandard.	
	comment	'Histogram of the cloud fraction' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'Histogram of the cloud fraction' (static)	NC_STRING	
	bounds	'cloud_fraction_crb_histogram_bounds' (static)	NC_STRING	
cloud_fractio	tion_crb_pdf_axis in FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS			
Description:	Horizontal axis for the probability distribution functions of the cloud fraction.			
Dimensions:	cloud_fraction_crb_pdf_axis (coordinate variable).			
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'1' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
	Same unit as the ma	ain parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s	tandard.	
	comment	'Probability density function of cloud fraction' (static)	NC_STRING	

NC STRING

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long_name	'Probability density function of cloud fraction' (static)	NC_STRING
bounds	'cloud_fraction_crb_pdf_bounds' (static)	NC_STRING
cloud_fraction_crb_histogram_b	oounds in FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	

Dimensions: cloud fraction crb histogram axis, vertices.

Type: NC FLOAT. Source: Processor.

cloud fraction crb pdf bounds in FRESCO/METADATA/QA STATISTICS

cloud fraction crb pdf axis, vertices. Dimensions:

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

cloud pressure crb histogram axis in FRESCO/METADATA/QA STATISTICS

Description: Horizontal axis for the histograms of the cloud pressure. cloud pressure crb histogram axis (coordinate variable). Dimensions:

Type: NC FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name Value Type

> units 'Pa' (dynamic) NC_STRING

Same unit as the main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF standard. comment 'Histogram of cloud pressure' (static)

NC_STRING NC STRING long name 'Histogram of cloud pressure' (static) bounds NC STRING 'cloud pressure crb histogram bounds' (static)

cloud_pressure_crb_pdf_axis in FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS

Description: Horizontal axis for the probability distribution functions of the cloud pressure.

Dimensions: cloud_pressure_crb_pdf_axis (coordinate variable).

NC_FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (dynamic) NC STRING

Same unit as the main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

comment 'Probability density function of cloud pressure' NC_STRING

(static)

long_name

'Probability density function of cloud pressure' NC_STRING (static)

'cloud pressure crb pdf bounds' (static)

cloud pressure crb histogram bounds in FRESCO/METADATA/QA STATISTICS

Dimensions: cloud_pressure_crb_histogram_axis, vertices.

Type: NC FLOAT. Processor. Source:

bounds

cloud_pressure_crb_pdf_bounds in FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS

Dimensions: cloud pressure crb pdf axis, vertices.

Type: NC FLOAT. Source: Processor.

apparent_scene_pressure_histogram_axis in FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS

Description: Horizontal axis for the histograms of the cloud pressure.

Dimensions: apparent_scene_pressure_histogram_axis (coordinate variable).

NC FLOAT. Type:

Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'Pa' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
	Same unit as the	Same unit as the main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF standard.		
	comment	'Histogram of cloud pressure' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'Histogram of cloud pressure' (static)	NC_STRING	
	bounds	'apparent_scene_pressure_histogram_bounds' (static)	NC_STRING	
apparent_sce	ene_pressure_pdf	_axis in FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS		
Description:	Horizontal axis for	the probability distribution functions of the cloud press	ure.	
Dimensions:	apparent_scene_pressure_pdf_axis (coordinate variable).			
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.	., – – , – ,		
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
•	units	'Pa' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
	Same unit as the	main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s	_	
•	comment	'Probability density function of cloud pressure' (static)	NC_STRING	
,	long_name	'Probability density function of cloud pressure' (static)	NC_STRING	
	bounds	'apparent_scene_pressure_pdf_bounds' (static)	NC_STRING	
apparent_sce	ene_pressure_hist	ogram_bounds in FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATIST	ICS	
Dimensions:	-	pressure_histogram_axis, vertices.		
Type:	NC FLOAT.	_		
Source:	Processor.			
apparent sce	ene pressure pdf	bounds in FRESCO/METADATA/QA STATISTICS		
apparent_sce Dimensions:		_bounds in FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS pressure pdf axis, vertices.		
Dimensions:	apparent_scene_r	_bounds in FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS pressure_pdf_axis, vertices.		
Dimensions: Type: Source:	apparent_scene_r NC_FLOAT. Processor.	pressure_pdf_axis, vertices.		
Dimensions: Type: Source: fluorescence	apparent_scene_r NC_FLOAT. Processor. _histogram_axis in	n FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS		
Dimensions: Type: Source:	apparent_scene_r NC_FLOAT. Processor. _histogram_axis in Horizontal axis for	oressure_pdf_axis, vertices. n FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS the histograms of the fluorescence.		
Dimensions: Type: Source: fluorescence Description: Dimensions:	apparent_scene_r NC_FLOAT. Processor. _histogram_axis in Horizontal axis for fluorescence_histor	n FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS		
Dimensions: Type: Source: fluorescence Description: Dimensions: Type:	apparent_scene_r NC_FLOAT. Processor. _histogram_axis in Horizontal axis for	oressure_pdf_axis, vertices. n FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS the histograms of the fluorescence.		
Dimensions: Type: Source: fluorescence Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	apparent_scene_r NC_FLOAT. Processorhistogram_axis in Horizontal axis for fluorescence_histo NC_FLOAT. Processor.	n FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS the histograms of the fluorescence. ogram_axis (coordinate variable).	Tvpe	
Dimensions: Type: Source: fluorescence Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	apparent_scene_r NC_FLOAT. Processor. _histogram_axis in Horizontal axis for fluorescence_histon NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name	n FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS the histograms of the fluorescence. ogram_axis (coordinate variable). Value	Type NC STRING	
Dimensions: Type: Source: fluorescence Description:	apparent_scene_r NC_FLOAT. Processorhistogram_axis in Horizontal axis for fluorescence_histo NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units	oressure_pdf_axis, vertices. In FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS It the histograms of the fluorescence. In page 1. It is a second or secon	NC_STRING	
Dimensions: Type: Source: fluorescence Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	apparent_scene_r NC_FLOAT. Processorhistogram_axis in Horizontal axis for fluorescence_histo NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Same unit as the in	oressure_pdf_axis, vertices. In FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS It the histograms of the fluorescence. It togram_axis (coordinate variable). Value 'mol s-1 m-2 nm-1 sr-1' (dynamic) main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s	NC_STRING tandard.	
Dimensions: Type: Source: fluorescence Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	apparent_scene_r NC_FLOAT. Processor. histogram_axis in Horizontal axis for fluorescence_histo NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Same unit as the in comment	oressure_pdf_axis, vertices. In FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS In the histograms of the fluorescence. In the histograms of the fluorescence. In the histograms of the fluorescence. In the histogram of the fluorescence. In the histogram of the fluorescence of the histogram of of the hi	NC_STRING tandard.	
Dimensions: Type: Source: fluorescence Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	apparent_scene_r NC_FLOAT. Processor. histogram_axis in Horizontal axis for fluorescence_histo NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Same unit as the r comment long_name	pressure_pdf_axis, vertices. In FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS It the histograms of the fluorescence. In parameter in the fluorescence in the properties of the fluorescence. Walue 'mol s-1 m-2 nm-1 sr-1' (dynamic) main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF service in	NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING NC_STRING	
Dimensions: Type: Source: fluorescence Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	apparent_scene_r NC_FLOAT. Processor. histogram_axis in Horizontal axis for fluorescence_histo NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Same unit as the in comment long_name bounds	pressure_pdf_axis, vertices. In FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS In the histograms of the fluorescence. In parameter and the statistic of the fluorescence. Walue 'mol s-1 m-2 nm-1 sr-1' (dynamic) main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF see 'Histogram of fluorescence' (static) 'Histogram of fluorescence' (static) 'fluorescence_histogram_bounds' (static)	NC_STRING tandard.	
Dimensions: Type: Source: fluorescence Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	apparent_scene_r NC_FLOAT. Processorhistogram_axis in Horizontal axis for fluorescence_histo NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Same unit as the in comment long_name bounds _pdf_axis in FRES	ressure_pdf_axis, vertices. In FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS In the histograms of the fluorescence. In the histograms of the fluorescence. In the histograms of the fluorescence. In the histogram of the fluorescence. In the histogram of the fluorescence or the companies of the	NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING	
Dimensions: Type: Source: fluorescence Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: fluorescence Description:	apparent_scene_r NC_FLOAT. Processorhistogram_axis in Horizontal axis for fluorescence_histo NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Same unit as the in comment long_name bounds _pdf_axis in FRES Horizontal axis for	pressure_pdf_axis, vertices. In FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS It the histograms of the fluorescence. In prescence orgam_axis (coordinate variable). Value 'mol s-1 m-2 nm-1 sr-1' (dynamic) Imain parameter. This attribute originates from the CF so 'Histogram of fluorescence' (static) 'Histogram of fluorescence' (static) 'fluorescence_histogram_bounds' (static) CO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS It the probability distribution functions of the fluorescence	NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING	
Dimensions: Type: Source: fluorescence Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: fluorescence Description: Dimensions:	apparent_scene_r NC_FLOAT. Processor. histogram_axis in Horizontal axis for fluorescence_histo NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Same unit as the in comment long_name bounds pdf_axis in FRES Horizontal axis for fluorescence_pdf_	ressure_pdf_axis, vertices. In FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS In the histograms of the fluorescence. In the histograms of the fluorescence. In the histograms of the fluorescence. In the histogram of the fluorescence. In the histogram of the fluorescence or the companies of the	NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING	
Dimensions: Type: Source: fluorescence Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: fluorescence Description: Dimensions: Type: Type: Description: Type:	apparent_scene_r NC_FLOAT. Processorhistogram_axis in Horizontal axis for fluorescence_histo NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Same unit as the in comment long_name bounds _pdf_axis in FRES Horizontal axis for fluorescence_pdf_ NC_FLOAT.	pressure_pdf_axis, vertices. In FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS It the histograms of the fluorescence. In prescence orgam_axis (coordinate variable). Value 'mol s-1 m-2 nm-1 sr-1' (dynamic) Imain parameter. This attribute originates from the CF so 'Histogram of fluorescence' (static) 'Histogram of fluorescence' (static) 'fluorescence_histogram_bounds' (static) CO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS It the probability distribution functions of the fluorescence	NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING	
Dimensions: Type: Source: fluorescence Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: fluorescence Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Source:	apparent_scene_r NC_FLOAT. Processorhistogram_axis in Horizontal axis for fluorescence_histo NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Same unit as the in comment long_name bounds _pdf_axis in FRES Horizontal axis for fluorescence_pdf_ NC_FLOAT. Processor.	ressure_pdf_axis, vertices. In FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS In the histograms of the fluorescence. In the histograms of the fluorescence. In the histograms of the fluorescence. In the histogram of the fluorescence. In the probability distribution functions of the fluorescence. In the probability distribution functions of the fluorescence. In the probability distribution functions of the fluorescence. In the probability distribution functions of the fluorescence. In the probability distribution functions of the fluorescence. In the probability distribution functions of the fluorescence.	NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING	
Dimensions: Type: Source: fluorescence Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: fluorescence Description: Dimensions: Type: Type: Description: Type:	apparent_scene_r NC_FLOAT. Processorhistogram_axis in Horizontal axis for fluorescence_histo NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Same unit as the in comment long_name bounds _pdf_axis in FRES Horizontal axis for fluorescence_pdf_ NC_FLOAT.	pressure_pdf_axis, vertices. In FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS It the histograms of the fluorescence. In prescence orgam_axis (coordinate variable). Value 'mol s-1 m-2 nm-1 sr-1' (dynamic) Imain parameter. This attribute originates from the CF so 'Histogram of fluorescence' (static) 'Histogram of fluorescence' (static) 'fluorescence_histogram_bounds' (static) CO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS It the probability distribution functions of the fluorescence	NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING	

Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: cloud_fraction Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	number_of_un- derflow_values The number of enco n_crb_histogram in	Value 'Histogram of the cloud pressure in the current granule' (static) 0 (dynamic) ountered values that are larger than the top of the hist 0 (dynamic) ountered values that are smaller than the base of the BESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS and fraction in the current granule.	NC_INT
Type: Source: Attributes: cloud_fraction Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	NC_INT. Processor. Name comment number_of_over- flow_values The number of enco number_of_un- derflow_values The number of enco n_crb_histogram in Histogram of the clo cloud_fraction_crb_ NC_INT. Processor. Name	Value 'Histogram of the cloud pressure in the current granule' (static) 0 (dynamic) buntered values that are larger than the top of the hist 0 (dynamic) buntered values that are smaller than the base of the larger than the larger than the base of the	NC_STRING NC_INT ogram. NC_INT histogram.
Type: Source: Attributes: cloud_fraction Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	NC_INT. Processor. Name comment number_of_over- flow_values The number of enco number_of_un- derflow_values The number of enco n_crb_histogram in Histogram of the clo cloud_fraction_crb_ NC_INT. Processor.	Value 'Histogram of the cloud pressure in the current granule' (static) 0 (dynamic) ountered values that are larger than the top of the hist 0 (dynamic) ountered values that are smaller than the base of the largest than the base of the largest part of the larges	NC_STRING NC_INT ogram. NC_INT histogram.
Type: Source: Attributes: cloud_fraction Description: Dimensions: Type:	NC_INT. Processor. Name comment number_of_over- flow_values The number of enco number_of_un- derflow_values The number of enco n_crb_histogram in Histogram of the clo	Value 'Histogram of the cloud pressure in the current granule' (static) 0 (dynamic) ountered values that are larger than the top of the hist 0 (dynamic) ountered values that are smaller than the base of the BESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS and fraction in the current granule.	NC_STRING NC_INT ogram. NC_INT
Type: Source: Attributes: Cloud_fraction Description: Dimensions:	NC_INT. Processor. Name comment number_of_over- flow_values The number of enco number_of_un- derflow_values The number of enco n_crb_histogram in Histogram of the clo	Value 'Histogram of the cloud pressure in the current granule' (static) 0 (dynamic) ountered values that are larger than the top of the hist 0 (dynamic) ountered values that are smaller than the base of the BESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS and fraction in the current granule.	NC_STRING NC_INT ogram. NC_INT
Type: Source: Attributes: cloud_fraction Description:	NC_INT. Processor. Name comment number_of_over- flow_values The number of enco number_of_un- derflow_values The number of enco on_crb_histogram in Histogram of the clo	Value 'Histogram of the cloud pressure in the current granule' (static) 0 (dynamic) ountered values that are larger than the top of the hist 0 (dynamic) ountered values that are smaller than the base of the BESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS and fraction in the current granule.	NC_STRING NC_INT ogram. NC_INT
Type: Source: Attributes:	NC_INT. Processor. Name comment number_of_over- flow_values The number of enco number_of_un- derflow_values The number of enco n_crb_histogram in	Value 'Histogram of the cloud pressure in the current granule' (static) 0 (dynamic) ountered values that are larger than the top of the histogramic) ountered values that are smaller than the base of the larger than	NC_STRING NC_INT ogram. NC_INT
Type: Source: Attributes:	NC_INT. Processor. Name comment number_of_over- flow_values The number of enco number_of_un- derflow_values The number of enco	Value 'Histogram of the cloud pressure in the current granule' (static) 0 (dynamic) ountered values that are larger than the top of the histogram of the larger values that are smaller than the base of the larger values that the larger values that are smaller values that the larger values that the larger values that the larger values values that the larger values value	NC_STRING NC_INT ogram. NC_INT
Type: Source:	NC_INT. Processor. Name comment number_of_over- flow_values The number of enco number_of_un- derflow_values	Value 'Histogram of the cloud pressure in the current granule' (static) 0 (dynamic) ountered values that are larger than the top of the histogram of the dynamic)	NC_STRING NC_INT ogram. NC_INT
Type: Source:	NC_INT. Processor. Name comment number_of_over- flow_values The number of enco number_of_un-	Value 'Histogram of the cloud pressure in the current granule' (static) 0 (dynamic) ountered values that are larger than the top of the histograms	NC_STRING NC_INT ogram.
Type: Source:	NC_INT. Processor. Name comment number_of_over- flow_values The number of enco	Value 'Histogram of the cloud pressure in the current granule' (static) 0 (dynamic) ountered values that are larger than the top of the histograms	NC_STRING NC_INT ogram.
Type: Source:	NC_INT. Processor. Name comment number_of_over-flow_values	Value 'Histogram of the cloud pressure in the current granule' (static) 0 (dynamic)	NC_STRING NC_INT
Type: Source:	NC_INT. Processor. Name comment	Value 'Histogram of the cloud pressure in the current granule' (static)	NC_STRING
Type: Source:	NC_INT. Processor. Name	Value 'Histogram of the cloud pressure in the current gran-	
Type: Source:	NC_INT. Processor.	Value	
Туре:	NC_INT.	-	
	– –	essure_nistogram_axis.	
Dimensions:	apparent_scene_pre	essure_nistogram_axis.	
Description:		parent scene pressure in the current granule.	
		gram in FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	
		ountered values that are smaller than the base of the l	nistogram.
	derflow_values		-
	number_of_un-	0 (dynamic)	NC_INT
	-	ountered values that are larger than the top of the hist	ogram.
	number_of_over- flow_values	0 (dynamic)	NC_INT
		ule' (static)	
	comment	'Histogram of the cloud pressure in the current gran-	NC_STRING
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
Source:	Processor.		
Type:	NC_INT.		
Dimensions:	cloud_pressure_crb	_histogram_axis.	
Description:	Histogram of the clo	oud pressure in the current granule.	
cloud_pressi	ure_crb_histogram i	n FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	
Source:	Processor.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Dimensions:	fluorescence_pdf_a	xis, vertices.	
fluorescence	_pdf_bounds in FRE	ESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	
Source:	Processor.		
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Dimensions:	fluorescence_histog	gram_axis, vertices.	
Dimonolono	_histogram_bounds	in FRESCO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	
	bounds	'cloud_pressure_crb_pdf_bounds' (static)	NC_STRING
	iong_name	'Probability density function of fluorescence' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name		

The number of encountered values that are larger than the top of the histogram.

number of un-

0 (dynamic)

NC INT

derflow values

The number of encountered values that are smaller than the base of the histogram.

fluorescence histogram in FRESCO/METADATA/QA STATISTICS

Description: Histogram of the cloud fraction in the current granule.

Dimensions: fluorescence histogram axis.

Type: NC INT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name Value Type 'Histogram of the fluorescence in the current gran-NC STRING comment ule' (static) NC INT 0 (dynamic)

number of overflow values

The number of encountered values that are larger than the top of the histogram.

number of underflow values 0 (dynamic)

NC INT

The number of encountered values that are smaller than the base of the histogram.

cloud pressure crb pdf in FRESCO/METADATA/QA STATISTICS

Description: Probability density function of cloud pressure in the current granule. The values are weighted

with $\cos(\delta_{\text{geo}})$ and spread out using the error estimate.

Dimensions: cloud_pressure_crb_pdf_axis.

NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name Value Type comment 'Probability density function of the cloud fraction in NC STRING the current granule' (static) NC_FLOAT geolocation_-0 (static)

sampling_total

The sum of cosine values of latitudes from the pixels that were used in the pdf.

apparent scene pressure pdf in FRESCO/METADATA/QA STATISTICS

Description: Probability density function of apparent scene pressure in the current granule. The values

are weighted with $\cos(\delta_{\mathrm{geo}})$ and spread out using the error estimate.

Dimensions: apparent_scene_pressure_pdf_axis.

Type: NC FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name Value

Type 'Probability density function of the cloud fraction in NC STRING comment the current granule' (static) 0 (static) NC FLOAT geolocation_-

sampling_total

The sum of cosine values of latitudes from the pixels that were used in the pdf.

cloud fraction crb pdf in FRESCO/METADATA/QA STATISTICS

Description: Probability density function of the cloud fraction in the current granule. The values are

weighted with $\cos(\delta_{\text{geo}})$ and spread out using the error estimate.

Dimensions: cloud fraction crb pdf axis.

NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name Value Type

	comment	'Probability density function of the cloud fraction in the current granule' (static)	NC_STRING
	geolocation sampling_total	0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	The sum of cosine	values of latitudes from the pixels that were used in th	e pdf.
fluorescence	_pdf in FRESCO/ME	TADATA/QA_STATISTICS	
Description:		function of the cloud fraction in the current granule g_{geo}) and spread out using the error estimate.	. The values are
Dimensions:	fluorescence_pdf_a	xis.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	comment	'Probability density function of the fluorescence in the current granule' (static)	NC_STRING
	geolocation sampling_total	0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	The sum of cosine	values of latitudes from the pixels that were used in the	e pdf.

F.2.2 Group "ALGORITHM SETTINGS" in "METADATA"

The algorithm settings are attached as attributes to this group. The current settings are listed here, each item in the list is a string attribute.

Configurations in FRESCO/METADATA/ALGORITHM SETTINGS

configuration.version.framework 1.2.0

Allow the framework to verify that the configuration file is up to date.

configuration.version.algorithm 1.3.0

Allow the processor to verify that the configuration file is up to date.

processing.algorithm FRESCO

Define the algorithm that is to be loaded.

input.count 1

Define the number of input files. The IODD defines more input bands, but currently only band 6 is used.

input.1.type L1B RA BD6

Define the input type (band) for the first input (radiance band 6). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.1.irrType L1B IR UVN

Define which irradiance accompanies the first input.

input.1.band 6

Which band is this (for selecting the irradiance and coregistration to output).

input.2.type L1B_RA_BD5

Define the input type (band) for the second input (radiance band 5). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file, currently not used.

input.2.irrType L1B IR UVN

Define which irradiance accompanies the second input.

input.2.band 5

Which band is this (for selecting the irradiance and coregistration to output).

output.count 1

Define the number of output products (should be 1).

output.useFletcher32 true

Boolean to indicate status of Fletcher32 filter (default is on).

output.useCompression true

Boolean to set status of comression (default is on).

output.useShuffleFilter true

Boolean to set status of shuffle filter (default is on).

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output.compressionLevel 3

Integer value to set compression level, default is 3.

output.1.type L2__FRESCO

Output product short name. This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

output.1.config product.FRESCO.xml

Output product specification.

output.1.band 6

Geolocation in output follows this band.

output.histogram.cloud_pressure_crb.range 15000, 105000

Range for the histogram of the cloud pressure in Pa.

output.histogram.apparent scene pressure.range 15000, 105000

Range for the histogram of the apparent scene pressure in Pa.

output.histogram.cloud_fraction_crb.range -0.1, 1.25

Range for the histogram of the cloud fraction.

output.histogram.fluorescence.range 0, 2E-9

Range for the histogram of the fluorescence.

${\color{blue} \textbf{output.histogram.fluorescence_fluorescence_wavelengths}} \enskip 745.0$

Which of the 4 wavelengths should be used for the histogram.

processing.fresco.useOxygenABand True

Flag to switch to the oxygen B-band (FRESCO-B). Default is True to use FRESCO-A.

processing.saturationMaxFraction 0.01

Maximum fraction of the radiance spectrum that is allowed to be flagged as saturated.

processing.snowlceAgeMax 7

Maximum allowed age of NISE information in days. Older points replaced by fallback (ECMWF).

processing.threadStackSize 50000000

Minimum threadStackSize = 50000000 (50 MB). A lower threadStackSize will cause a segmentation fault during the execution.

processing.correct_surface_pressure_for_altitude true

Flag to control the correction of the surface pressure for local orography. Default is true.

processing.groupLer GOME2

Which LER database to use.

processing.vzaMin 0.0

Minimum viewing zenith angle (full swath)

processing.vzaMax 75.0

Maximum viewing zenith angle (full swath)

processing.szaMin 0.0

Minimum solar zenith angle (no limit).

processing.szaMax 88.0

Maximum solar zenith angle.

wavelength_calibration.perform_wavelength_fit yes

Master switch for the wavelength calibration.

wavelength_calibration.polynomial_order 2

The wavelength calibration fit uses a background polynomial. This is the order for this polynomial, 2 for FRESCO and fluorescence retrieval, as the window is short.

wavelength_calibration.include_stretch no

For FRESCO and fluorescence retrieval we do not include a stretch/squeeze parameter as we extrapolate the result.

wavelength_calibration.include_ring no

Ring effect is insignificant in the NIR.

wavelength calibration.initial guess.a0 1.0

Initial guess for the parameters of the polynomial in the wavelength fit. 1, 0.1, 0.01, 0.01, 0.01, ... for a0, a1, a2, a3, ... as appropriate.

wavelength_calibration.initial_guess.a1 0.1

wavelength calibration.initial guess.a2 0.01

wavelength calibration.sigma.a0 1.0

a priori precision of the polynomial coefficients. 1, 0.1, 0.1, 0.1, ... for a0, a1, a2, a3, ... as appropriate.

wavelength calibration.sigma.a1 0.1

wavelength_calibration.initial_guess.shift 0.0

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Initial guess for the wavelength shift.

wavelength calibration.initial guess.ring 0.06

wavelength calibration.initial guess.stretch 0.0

wavelength_calibration.window 738.0, 757.0

The wavelength calibration window. This window excludes the oxygen A band itself.

wavelength calibration.rad.max iterations 12

wavelength calibration.irr.max iterations 20

wavelength calibration.convergence threshold 1.0

Convergence criterium (auto scaled).

processing.signal to noise.test yes

lag pixels when signal to noise ratio is below threshold. Default no testing, unless processing.signal_to_noise.window.range is set.

processing.signal_to_noise.window.range 740.0, 745.0

avelength pixel range for testing signal to noise ratio. Default range is all wavelengths, but only if processing.signal_to_noise.test is set

processing.signal_to_noise.threshold 12

Threshold value for signal to noise ratio, in decibel. Ground-pixel is flagged when majority wavelength pixels has signal to noise below threshold. Default is 12.

processing.radiancePixelsMinError 10

inumum number of valid spectral pixels required for processing ground-pixel. With less pixels a PQF_E_-INPUT_SPECTRUM_MISSING is generated.

processing.radiancePixelsMinWarning 15

ith less valid spectral pixels a PQF_W_INPUT_SPECTRUM_WARNING is generated. The ground-pixel can still be processed.

processing.fresco.cloudAlbedo 0.8

cloud albedo in the retrieval. Code contains default of 0.8.

processing.fresco.cloudAlbedoPrecision 0.0

precision of cloud albedo. For output only.

processing.fresco.scene_height_difference_threshold 400.0

hreshold in meter for difference between surface altitude and scene altitude retrieval for classification as 'cloud free'. The terrain roughness $(2 \cdot \sigma_{-\mathcal{Z}}\mathbf{s})$ will be added to this value.

$processing.fresco.scene_albedo_difference_setting \ 0.2$

Threshold for difference between surface albedo and scene albedo retrieval for classification as 'cloud free'.

processing.fresco.maxlterations 15

maximum number of iterations for FRESCO. Code contains default of 15.

processing.fresco.convergence_threshold 1.01

Convergence threshold (OE).

processing.fresco.minCloudFraction -0.1

Minimum cloud fraction (clip value)

processing.fresco.maxCloudFraction 1.25

Maximum cloud fraction (clip value)

processing.fresco.maxCloudHeight 15000.0

Maximum cloud height in meter (clip value)

processing.fresco.clipMinCloudHeight true

Clip minimum cloud height to surface height

processing.fresco.albedoWavelengths 758.0, 772.0

processing.fresco.radianceFlagMask 0

processing.fluor.isrf channel 1 band 6

Map fluoresence retrieval channel index on to a particular band.

processing.fluor.isrf_integrate False

Boolean flag for using ISRF integration perspective. Default false

processing.fluor.order albedo 1

order of the albedo polynomial.

processing.fluor.order_fluorescence 3

order of the fluorescence polynomial.

processing.fluor.outputwave albedo 740.0, 755.0

wavelengths where the albedo is evaluated and written to output.

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processing.fluor.outputwave_fluorescence 740.0, 745.0, 750.0, 755.0

wavelengths where the fluorescence is evaluated and written to output.

debugoutputlevel 0

Unsure where this is used.

processing.fluor.wavelength_start 735

Start of wavelength range for fluorescence retrieval.

processing.fluor.wavelength end 758

End of wavelength range for fluorescence retrieval.

processing.fluor.wavelength_shift_range 0.05

Maximum considered wavelength shift between radiance and irradiance [nm].

processing.fluor.wavelength shift sampling 0.01

LUT sampling of wavelength shift between radiance and irradiance [nm].

processing.fluor.minimum_pixels 1

Minimum number of living reflectance pixels to perform the retrieval.

processing.fluor.processing.fluor.minimum_pixels_nowarning 2

Minimum number of living reflectance pixels to perform the retrieval without raising a warning.

qa_value.input_spectrum_warning 70.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the number of pixels in the input spectrum is below nominal.

qa value.wavelength calibration warning 70.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the wavelength calibration offset is larger than a configured threshold.

qa_value.extrapolation_warning 70.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when extrapolation was used in the retrieval.

qa value.sun glint warning 90.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the pixel is potentially affected by sun glint.

qa_value.south_atlantic_anomaly_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the instrument was flying through the South Atlantic Anomaly while taking this measurement.

qa_value.sun_glint_correction 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the cloud fraction was corrected for sun glint.

qa_value.snow_ice_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the snow_ice_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.cloud_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the cloud_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.AAI_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the AAI_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.pixel_level_input_data_missing 90.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the pixel_level_input_data_missing flag is raised.

qa_value.data_range_warning 90.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the data_range_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.low_cloud_fraction_warning 75.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the low_cloud_fraction_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.altitude_consistency_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the altitude_consistency_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.signal_to_noise_ratio_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the signal_to_noise_ratio_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.deconvolution_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the deconvolution_warning flag is raised.

qa value.so2 volcanic origin likely warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the so2_volcanic_origin_likely_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.so2_volcanic_origin_certain_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the so2_volcanic_origin_certain_warning flag is raised.

qa value.interpolation warning 90.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the interpolation_warning flag is raised.

F.2.3 Group "GRANULE DESCRIPTION" in "METADATA"

Attributes in FRESCO/METADATA/GRANULE DESCRIPTION

The attributes described in section E.20 "Granule metadata" on page 183 are included in the output at this location.

Group attributes attached to	o GRANULE_DESCRIPTION	
Name	Value	Туре
ProductShortName	'L2FRESCO' (static)	NC_STRING
The short product name. For	or the cloud support product this is fixed to "L2I	FRESCO".

G Description of the nitrogen dioxide product

Description of the output file for the NO₂ product from the TROPOMI instrument on the Sentinel 5-precursor mission.

Global attributes in NO2

The attributes described in section M "Common file-level attributes" on page 367 are included in the output at this location.

The attributes described in section E.2 "Status dynamic ECMWF auxiliary data" on page 145 are included in the output at this location.

The attributes described in section E.3 "Status dynamic NISE auxiliary data" on page 145 are included in the output at this location.

Group attributes att	tached to NO2	
Name	Value	Туре
title	'TROPOMI/S5P NO2 1-Orbit L2 Swath 7x3.5k	km' (dy- NC_STRING

This is a short description of the product.

For the full NO_2 vertical column product the title is "TROPOMI/S5P NO2 1-Orbit L2 Swath 7x3.5km". In near-realtime processing the granule is shorter than 1 orbit, and the title must be adapted accordingly. This attribute originates from the NUG standard.

processing_status NC_STRING

This attribute indicates how the data is produced. The possible values are indicated. For near real time processing forecast profiles produced by TM5 at KNMI will be used. For offline processing the nominal data stream is processed at KNMI where assimilation is used to produce optimal quality data. However, as a backup the forecast NO_2 profile shapes from the NRT data stream can be used. This backup product is of sub-optimal quality, but can be used to meet delivery requirements. This attribute indicates the status of the product.

Note that both the NRT product and the backup product need to be sent to KNMI for processing. The backup product replaces the slant column product that was mentioned in earlier releases of the IODD.

Possible values: NRTI-processing product, OFFL-processing backup product/slant column product, OFFL-processing nominal product

product_version '1.1.0' (dynamic) NC_STRING

Included for compatibility with the CCI project, where this item is defined as "the product version of this data file." We will use the file format version for this attribute following several CCI sub-projects. This attribute originates from the CCI standard.

Status CTMFCT NC STRING

The status of TM5 forecast input, either "Nominal", "Fallback" or "Not applicable". The latter is for nominal offline products.

Possible values: Nominal, Fallback, Not applicable

G.1 Group "PRODUCT" in "NO2"

This is the main group containing the NO₂ vertical column product. At this level the dimensions and the main data fields are defined. Support data can be found in the "SUPPORT DATA" group.

Dimensions in NO2/PRODUCT

The dimensions described in section E.4 "Common dimensions" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

The dimensions described in section E.5 "Dimensions for optional output" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

The dimensions described in section E.5 "Dimensions for optional output" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

polynomial_exponents The number of polynomial coefficients in the DOAS fit: $N_p + 1$, with N_p the degree of the polynomial.

size -1 (dynamic) source Processor.

intensity_offset_polynomial_exponents The number of polynomial coefficients in the background offset correction in the DOAS fit: $N_{\text{off}} + 1$, with N_{off} the degree of the background offset correction polynomial.

size -1 (dynamic)
source Processor.

layer Number of layers, N_I, in the TM5 model for the NO₂ profile and AMF calculations.

size -1 (dynamic)
source Processor.

vertices Dimension to indicate layer boundaries.

of the polynomial.

size 2 (fixed)

Variables in NO2/PRODUCT

The variables described in section E.6 "Coordinate variables" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.7 "Dimensional variables for optional output" on page 148 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.8 "The geolocation fields" on page 149 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.9 "Common product fields" on page 150 are included in the output at this location.

nis location.			
polynomial_e	exponents in NO2/F	PRODUCT	
Description:		riable polynomial_exponents contains the expone fit: $0,1,\ldots,N_p$, with N_p the degree of the polynomial.	nts for the polyno-
Dimensions:	polynomial_expon	ents (coordinate variable).	
Type:	NC_INT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	Dimensionless, no	physical quanity. This attribute originates from the CF	standard.
	long_name	'Polynomial exponents for background polynomial' (static)	NC_STRING
	ancillary_vari- ables	'/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RES- ULTS/polynomial_coefficients' (static)	NC_STRING
intensity_off	set_polynomial_ex	ponents in NO2/PRODUCT	
Description:		riable intensity_offset_polynomial_exponent ensity offset polynomial in the DOAS fit: $0,1,\ldots,N_p$, with	

Dimensions:	intensity_offset_po	olynomial_exponents (coordinate variable).		
Type:	NC_INT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING	
	Dimensionless, no physical quanity. This attribute originates from the CF standard			
	long_name	'Polynomial exponents for intensity offset' (static)	NC_STRING	
	ancillary_vari-	'/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RES-	NC_STRING	
	ables	ULTS/polynomial coefficients' (static)		

Description:

The coordinate variable layer contains the numbers of the atmospheric layers in the TM5 model: N_l . The tm5_tropopause_layer_index is given in terms of this coordinate.

With the tm5_constant_a as a, tm5_constant_b as b and surface_pressure as p_s the pressure at the interfaces between these layers can be calculated using

$$p(t,k,j,i,l) = a(k,l) + b(k,l) * p_s(t,j,i)$$
(12)

The indices in equation 12 have the following meanings: t is time (always 0 in TROPOMI), k is the layer index, starting at the surface, j the scanline (flight direction), i the ground-pixel (across track) and l indicates bottom (l=0, highest pressure) or top (l=1, lowest pressure) of the layer.

Dimensions: layer (coordinate variable).

Type: NC_INT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Type
standard_name	'atmosphere_hybrid_sigma_pressure_coordinate' (static)	NC_STRING
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
Dimensionless, no	physical quanity. This attribute originates from the CF	standard.
long_name	'TM5 atmospheric layer numbers' (static)	NC_STRING
positive	'down' (static)	NC_STRING
Give the ordering standard.	of the layers in the TM5 model. This attribute origin	ates from the CF
axis	'Z' (static)	NC_STRING
formula_terms	'ap: tm5_constant_a b: tm5_constant_b ps: /PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/ surface_pressure' (static)	NC_STRING
comment	'p(t, k, j, i, l) = ap(k, l) + b(k, l)*ps(t, j, i); k from surface to top of atmosphere; l=0 for base of layer, l=1 for top of layer.' (static)	NC_STRING

vertices in NO2/PRODUCT

Description: The coordinate variable vertices is is used to indicate boundaries for vertical layers, it is

short for *number of vertices*.

Dimensions: vertices (coordinate variable).

Type: NC_INT. Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name Value Type
units '1' (static) NC_STRING

Dimensionless, no physical quanity. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

NC_FLOAT

15506 11.0.0, 20	313-02-01 - Teleaseu		raye 249 01 309
	long_name	'TM5 atmospheric layer upper and lower bound indices' (static)	NC_STRING
nitrogendiox	ide_tropospheric_co	olumn in NO2/PRODUCT	
Description:	Tropospheric vertica	al column of NO_2 , $N_V^{trop}(NO_2)$.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'troposphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Tropospheric vertical column of nitrogen dioxide' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	ancillary_vari- ables	'nitrogendioxide_tropospheric_column_precision air_mass_factor_troposphere air_mass_factor total averaging_kernel' (static)	NC_STRING
	Provide a connection standards.	on with associated data. This attribute originates fro	om the NUG, CF

6.02214e+19 (static)

multiplication_factor_to_convert_to_molecules percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol\,m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$ from the value in $mol\,m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$.

nitrogendioxide_tropospheric_column_precision in NO2/PRODUCT

Description: Precision of the tropospheric vertical column of NO₂.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'troposphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Precision of the tropospheric vertical column of nitrogen dioxide' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication factor_to_con- vert to mo-	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol\,m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$ from the value in $mol\,m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$.

nitrogendioxide_tropospheric_column_precision_kernel in NO2/PRODUCT

Description: Precision of the tropospheric vertical column of NO₂ when the averaging kernel is applied.

NC_STRING

NC_STRING

Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'troposphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Precision of the tropospheric vertical column of ni- trogen dioxide when applying the averaging kernel' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	multiplication factor_to_con- vert_to_mo- lecules_percm2	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	The quantities in Se value this means th "molecules cm ⁻² ". The in molecules cm ⁻² for the second	entinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an interact the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an interior attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convex work in $\mathrm{molecules}\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$.	egrated column it
averaging_k	ernel in NO2/PRODU	СТ	
Description:	Averaging kernel A	for in the air mass factor correction, describing the NO2	nrofila cancitivit
·		nn density. This is dimensionless, and the profile is give	
·	of the vertical colum per layer.	nn density. This is dimensionless, and the profile is giv	
Dimensions:	of the vertical colum	nn density. This is dimensionless, and the profile is giv	
Dimensions: Type:	of the vertical colum per layer. time, scanline, grou	nn density. This is dimensionless, and the profile is giv	
Dimensions: Type: Source:	of the vertical colum per layer. time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT.	nn density. This is dimensionless, and the profile is giv	
Dimensions: Type: Source:	of the vertical columper layer. time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT. Processor.	nn density. This is dimensionless, and the profile is given nd_pixel, layer.	ven as subcolum
Dimensions: Type: Source:	of the vertical columper layer. time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name	nn density. This is dimensionless, and the profile is given nd_pixel, layer. Value	ven as subcolum
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	of the vertical columper layer. time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units	nn density. This is dimensionless, and the profile is given nd_pixel, layer. Value '1' (static)	ven as subcolum Type NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source:	of the vertical columper layer. time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name coordinates The latitude and longproduct of latitude a	nn density. This is dimensionless, and the profile is given nd_pixel, layer. Value '1' (static) 'Averaging kernel' (static)	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING OR STRING NC_STRING Ed as a Cartesia se this attribute to
Dimensions: Type: Source:	of the vertical columper layer. time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name coordinates The latitude and longproduct of latitude a	nn density. This is dimensionless, and the profile is given nd_pixel, layer. Value '1' (static) 'Averaging kernel' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) gitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not define and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we us	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING OR STRING NC_STRING Ed as a Cartesia se this attribute to
Dimensions: Type: Source:	of the vertical columper layer. time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name coordinates The latitude and lone product of latitude acconnect the data with ancillary_variables	value '1' (static) 'Averaging kernel' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) gitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not definand longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we us the the geolocation. This attribute originates from the County of the tropopause_layer_index /PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING ed as a Cartesia se this attribute to the company of the compa
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	of the vertical columper layer. time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name coordinates The latitude and lon product of latitude acconnect the data with ancillary_variables Provide a connection	value '1' (static) 'Averaging kernel' (static) 'PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) gitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not definand longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we us the the geolocation. This attribute originates from the Country transport of the transport	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING ed as a Cartesia se this attribute to the company of the compa
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	of the vertical columper layer. time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name coordinates The latitude and lon product of latitude acconnect the data with ancillary_variables Provide a connecting standards. ctor_troposphere in Tropospheric air mass factor over the standards.	Value '1' (static) 'Averaging kernel' (static) 'PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) gitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not definant longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use that the geolocation. This attribute originates from the County that the geolocation and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use that the geolocation. This attribute originates from the County that the geolocation attribute originates from the County that the geolocation attribute originates from the County that the geolocation attribute originates from the associated data. This attribute originates from the associated data. This attribute originates from the surface up to and in the atmospheric layers from the surface up to and in the atmospheric layers from the surface up to and in the atmospheric layers from the surface up to and in the atmospheric layers from the surface up to and in the atmospheric layers from the surface up to and in the atmospheric layers from the surface up to and in the atmospheric layers from the surface up to and in the atmospheric layers from the surface up to and in the atmospheric layers from the surface up to and in the atmospheric layers from the surface up to and in the atmospheric layers from the surface up to and in the atmospheric layers from the surface up to and in the atmospheric layers from the surface up to and in the atmospheric layers from the surface up to and in the atmospheric layers from the surface up to and in the atmospheric layers from the surface up to a surf	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING ed as a Cartesia se this attribute to CF standard. NC_STRING om the NUG, Code de dependent ancluding the layer
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: air_mass_fac Description:	of the vertical columper layer. time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name coordinates The latitude and lon product of latitude acconnect the data with ancillary_variables Provide a connecting standards. ctor_troposphere in Tropospheric air mass factor over the with the tropopaus	value '1' (static) 'Averaging kernel' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) gitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not definant longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use the the geolocation. This attribute originates from the C 'tm5_constant_a tm5_constant_b tm5_tropopause_layer_index /PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/surface_pressure' (static) on with associated data. This attribute originates from NO2/PRODUCT ass factor, Mtrop, computed by integrating the altitude atmospheric layers from the surface up to and in e, i.e. over atmospheric layers layers layers layers.	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING ed as a Cartesia se this attribute to CF standard. NC_STRING om the NUG, Code de dependent ancluding the layer
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: air_mass_fact Description:	of the vertical columper layer. time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name coordinates The latitude and lone product of latitude aconnect the data with ancillary_variables Provide a connection standards. ctor_troposphere in Tropospheric air mass factor over the with the tropopause tropopause_layer.	value '1' (static) 'Averaging kernel' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) gitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not definant longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use the the geolocation. This attribute originates from the C 'tm5_constant_a tm5_constant_b tm5_tropopause_layer_index /PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/surface_pressure' (static) on with associated data. This attribute originates from NO2/PRODUCT ass factor, Mtrop, computed by integrating the altitude atmospheric layers from the surface up to and in e, i.e. over atmospheric layers layers layers layers.	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING ed as a Cartesia se this attribute to CF standard. NC_STRING om the NUG, Code de dependent ancluding the layer
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	of the vertical columper layer. time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name coordinates The latitude and lone product of latitude acconnect the data with ancillary_variables Provide a connecting standards. Stor_troposphere in Tropospheric air mass factor over the with the tropopause tropopause_layed time, scanline, grounding standards.	value '1' (static) 'Averaging kernel' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) gitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not definant longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use the the geolocation. This attribute originates from the C 'tm5_constant_a tm5_constant_b tm5_tropopause_layer_index /PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/surface_pressure' (static) on with associated data. This attribute originates from NO2/PRODUCT ass factor, Mtrop, computed by integrating the altitude atmospheric layers from the surface up to and in e, i.e. over atmospheric layers layers layers layers.	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING ed as a Cartesia se this attribute to CF standard. NC_STRING om the NUG, Code de dependent ancluding the layer
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: air_mass_fac Description: Dimensions: Type:	of the vertical columper layer. time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name coordinates The latitude and lon product of latitude aconnect the data with ancillary_variables Provide a connecting standards. ctor_troposphere in Tropospheric air mass factor over the with the tropopause tropopause_layed time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT.	value '1' (static) 'Averaging kernel' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) gitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not definant longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use the the geolocation. This attribute originates from the C 'tm5_constant_a tm5_constant_b tm5_tropopause_layer_index /PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/surface_pressure' (static) on with associated data. This attribute originates from NO2/PRODUCT ass factor, Mtrop, computed by integrating the altitude atmospheric layers from the surface up to and in e, i.e. over atmospheric layers layers layers layers.	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING ed as a Cartesia se this attribute to CF standard. NC_STRING om the NUG, Code de dependent ancluding the layer

'Tropospheric air mass factor' (static)

'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)

long_name

coordinates

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

ancillary_variables
'tm5_tropopause_layer_index' (static)

NC_STRING

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

air_mass_factor_total in NO2/PRODUCT

Description:

Total air mass factor, M, computed by integrating the altitude dependent air mass factor over the atmospheric layers from the surface to top-of-atmosphere, i.e. over atmospheric layers $l = 1, 2, ..., N_l$, with N_l given by the dimension profile_layers.

The total air mass factor is used to compute the total vertical column no2_total_-vertical from the total slant column nitrogendioxide_slant_column_density.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Total air mass factor' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

tm5 tropopause layer index in NO2/PRODUCT

Description: Index of the highest layer in TM5 which is completely inside the troposphere, in terms of the

layer coordinate. See variable layer on page 248 for details.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC_INT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'TM5 layer index of the highest layer in the tropo- pause' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ancillary_vari- ables	'tm5_constant_a tm5_constant_b /PRODUCT/ SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/surface_pres- sure' (static)	NC_STRING

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

tm5 constant a in NO2/PRODUCT

Description: Hybrid A coefficient at the TM5 pressure levels. See variable layer on page 248 for details.

Dimensions: layer, vertices.

Type: NC_FLOAT.

Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name

Name	Value	Туре
units	'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'TM5 hybrid A coefficient at upper and lower interface levels' (static)	NC_STRING

tm5_constant_b in NO2/PRODUCT

Description: Hybrid B coefficient at the TM5 pressure levels. See variable layer on page 248 for details.

Dimensions:	layer, vertices.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'TM5 hybrid B coefficient at upper and lower interface levels' (static)	NC_STRING

G.1.1 Group "SUPPORT_DATA" in "PRODUCT"

G.1.1.1 Group "GEOLOCATIONS" in "SUPPORT_DATA"

Variables in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/GEOLOCATIONS

The variables described in section E.10 "Additional geolocation support fields" on page 151 are included in the output at this location.

G.1.1.2 Group "DETAILED_RESULTS" in "SUPPORT_DATA"

Variables in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

The variables described in section E.12 "Additional detailed results fields" on page 154 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.11 "Number of iterations" on page 154 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.24 "Statistics (Optional output)" on page 215 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.15 "Residuals (Optional output)" on page 166 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.13 "Wavelength fit results" on page 157 are included in the output at this location.

		I NOO/PROBLICT/CURRORT BATA/RETAIL		
•	nitrogendioxide_stratospheric_column in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS			
Description:	Stratospheric vertical column of NO_2 , $N_V^{\text{strat}}(NO_2)$.			
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel.			
Type:	NC_FLOAT.	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING	
	standard_name	'stratosphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'Stratospheric vertical column of nitrogen dioxide, derived from the TM5-MP vertical profiles' (static)	NC_STRING	
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	
	ancillary_vari- ables	'nitrogendioxide_stratospheric_column_precision air_mass_factor_stratosphere /PRODUCT/air mass_factor_total /PRODUCT/averaging_kernel' (static)	NC_STRING	
	Provide a connecti standards.	on with associated data. This attribute originates fro	om the NUG, CF	

multiplication_- 6.02214e+19 (static) factor_to_convert to mo-

NC_FLOAT

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol\,m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$ from the value in $mol\,m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$.

nitrogendioxide_stratospheric_column_precision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_-RESULTS

Description: Precision of the stratospheric vertical column of NO₂.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

lecules percm2

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'stratosphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Precision of stratospheric vertical column of nitrogen dioxide' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication factor_to_con-	6.02214e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

factor_to_convert_to_molecules_percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$.

nitrogendioxide total column in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

Description: Total vertical column of NO₂, defined by the ratio of the slant column density of NO₂ and the

total air mass factor: $N_V(NO_2) = N_S(NO_2)/M$.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
proposed_stand- ard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Total vertical column of nitrogen dioxide derived from the total slant column and TM5 profile in stra- tosphere and troposphere' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ancillary_vari- ables	'nitrogendioxide_total_column_precision / PRODUCT/averaging_kernel' (static)	NC_STRING

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

multiplication_- 6.02214e+19 (static) factor_to_con-vert_to_mo-lecules percm2

NC FLOAT

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$.

nitrogendioxide_total_column_precision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

Description: Precision of the total vertical column of NO₂ given in the variable no2_total_vertical

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
proposed_stand- ard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Precision of the total vertical column of nitrogen dioxide derived from the total slant column and TM5 profile in stratosphere and troposphere' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication factor_to_con- vert_to_mo-	6.02214e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm^{-2} ". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$.

nitrogendioxide_total_column_precision_kernel in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_-RESULTS

 $\label{eq:column} \textbf{Description:} \quad \text{Precision of the total vertical column of NO_2 given in the variable $\tt no2_total_vertical$,}$

when the averaging kernel is applied.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

lecules percm2

Type: NC_FLOAT.
Source: Processor.

Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
	proposed_stand- ard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Precision of the total vertical column of nitrogen dioxide derived from the total slant column and TM5 profile in stratosphere and troposphere, when the averaging kernel is applied' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	multiplication factor_to_con- vert_to_mo- lecules_percm2	6.02214e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol\,m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm $^{-2}$ ". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$ from the value in $mol\,m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$.

nitrogendioxide_summed_total_column in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

Description: Total vertical column of NO₂, defined by the sum of the vertical tropospheric NO₂ column

and the vertical stratospheric NO₂ column: $N_V^{\text{sum}}(\text{NO}_2) = N_V^{\text{trop}}(\text{NO}_2) + N_V^{\text{strat}}(\text{NO}_2)$.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
proposed_stand- ard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Sum of the tropospheric and stratospheric vertical columns' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ancillary_vari- ables	'nitrogendioxide_summed_total_column_precision' (static)	NC_STRING

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

multiplication_- 6.02214e+19 (static) NC_FLOAT factor_to_convert_to_mo-lecules percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\operatorname{mol} \operatorname{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm^{-2} ". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\operatorname{molecules} \operatorname{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\operatorname{mol} \operatorname{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\operatorname{molecules} \operatorname{cm}^{-2}$.

nitrogendioxide_summed_total_column_precision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_-RESULTS

Description: Precision of the total vertical column of NO₂ given in the variable no2_sum_vertical

 $(N_V^{\text{sum}}(NO_2)).$

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT.
Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Processor.		
Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
proposed_stand- ard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Precision of the sum of the tropospheric and stratospheric vertical columns' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication factor_to_con- vert_to_mo- lecules_percm2	6.02214e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

NC FLOAT

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The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm^{-2} ". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$.

nitrogendioxide_slant_column_density in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

Description: NO_2 slant column density, $N_S(NO_2)$.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'NO2 slant column density' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ancillary_vari- ables	'nitrogendioxide_slant_column_density_precision' (static)	NC_STRING

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

multiplication_factor_to_convert_to_molecules percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm^{-2} ". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users

nitrogendioxide_slant_column_density_precision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_-RESULTS

6.02214e+19 (static)

Description: NO₂ slant column density precision.

who have tools that work in molecules cm^{-2} .

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'NO2 slant column density precision' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication	6.02214e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

factor_to_convert_to_molecules_percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol\,m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$ from the value in $mol\,m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$.

nitrogendioxide_slant_column_density_stripe_amplitude in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

Description: The stripe amplitude is subtracted from the NO₂ slant column density before the vertical

column is computed. The stripe amplitude is determined at the last output time step in the

TM5 system, using a 7-day running mean for data over the Pacific Ocean.

Dimensions:	time, ground_pixel.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Across-track NO2 slant column stripe offset, 7-day mean, determined over the Pacific Ocean' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'The stripe amplitude is subtracted from the NO2 slant column before the vertical columns are computed' (static)	NC_STRING
	multiplication factor_to_con- vert_to_mo- lecules_percm2	6.02214e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	The quantities in Se	ntinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an in	ntegrated column

value this means that the unit is mol m⁻². Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in molecules cm⁻² from the value in mol m⁻². This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in molecules cm⁻².

ozone_slant_column_density in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

 O_3 slant column density as part of the NO_2 slant column fit, $N_S(O_3)$. Description:

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'O3 slant column density' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ancillary_vari-	'ozone_slant_column_density_precision' (static)	NC_STRING

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

NC FLOAT multiplication_-6.02214e+19 (static) factor to convert_to_molecules_percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is mol m⁻². Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is " $molecules\,cm^{-2}$ ". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in molecules cm^{-2} .

multiplication_-2241.15 (static) NC_FLOAT factor to convert to DU

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is mol m⁻². Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "DU" or Dobson Units. This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in DU from the value in mol m⁻². This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in DU.

ozone slant column density precision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS O₃ slant column density precision as part of the NO₂ slant column fit. Description:

Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'O3 slant column density precision' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	multiplication factor_to_con- vert_to_mo- lecules_percm2	6.02214e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\operatorname{mol} \operatorname{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm^{-2} ". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\operatorname{molecules} \operatorname{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\operatorname{mol} \operatorname{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\operatorname{molecules} \operatorname{cm}^{-2}$.

multiplication_- 2241.15 (static) NC_FLOAT factor_to_convert_to_DU

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "DU" or Dobson Units. This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in DU from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in DU.

 ${\bf oxygen_oxygen_dimer_slant_column_density} \ {\tt in} \ {\tt NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RES-ULTS}$

 $\label{eq:controller} \text{Description:} \quad \text{O}_2-\text{O}_2 \text{ slant column density as part of the NO}_2 \text{ slant column fit, } N_{\text{S}}(\text{O}_2-\text{O}_2).$

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol2 m-5' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Slant column density of oxygen collision induced absorption' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	ancillary_vari- ables	'oxygen_oxygen_dimer_slant_column_density precision' (static)	NC_STRING

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

multiplication_factor_to_convert_to_mo
3.62662e+37 (static)

NC_DOUBLE

lecules2_percm5

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For the integrated column value of O_2 – O_2 this means that the unit is $mol^2\,m^{-5}$. Traditionally the unit for O_2 – O_2 column is "molecules $^2\,cm^{-5}$ ". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in molecules $^2\,cm^{-5}$ from the value in $mol^2\,m^{-5}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $molecules^2\,cm^{-5}$.

oxygen_oxygen_dimer_slant_column_density_precision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/ DETAILED_RESULTS

Description: O₂–O₂ slant column density precision as part of the NO₂ slant column fit.

NC_STRING

NC_STRING

NC_STRING

units

long_name

coordinates

Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		_ <u>_</u>
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol2 m-5' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Precision of the slant column density of oxygen collision induced absorption' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	multiplication	3.62662e+37 (static)	NC_DOUBLE
	factor_to_con-		
	vert_to_mo- lecules2_percm5		
	The quantities in Se value of O ₂ –O ₂ this is "molecules ² cm ⁻⁵ " column in molecules users who have tool	entinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For the imeans that the unit is $\mathrm{mol^2m^{-5}}$. Traditionally the unit is . This attribute provides the multiplication factor to $\mathrm{c^2cm^{-5}}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol^2m^{-5}}$. This is provided as as that work in $\mathrm{molecules^2cm^{-5}}$.	for O ₂ –O ₂ column calculate the total a convenience to
water_slant_		IO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESUI	
Description:	H ₂ O vapor slant colu	umn density as derived as part of the NO_2 slant colum	n fit, $N_{S}(H_{2}O_{vap})$.
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
			NIO OTDINIO
	long_name	'Water vapor slant column density' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates ancillary_variables	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING
	coordinates ancillary_variables Provide a connection standards. multiplication_factor_to_convert_to_mo-	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'water_slant_column_density_precision' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING
	coordinates ancillary_variables Provide a connection standards. multiplication factor_to_convert_to_mo- lecules_percm2	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'water_slant_column_density_precision' (static) on with associated data. This attribute originates fro 6.02214e+19 (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING om the NUG, CF NC_FLOAT
	coordinates ancillary_variables Provide a connection standards. multiplication_factor_to_convert_to_molecules_percm2 The quantities in Servalue this means the "molecules cm ⁻² ". The in molecules cm ⁻² for the factor for the facto	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'water_slant_column_density_precision' (static) on with associated data. This attribute originates from	NC_STRING NC_STRING om the NUG, CF NC_FLOAT Integrated column egrated column is e the total column
water_slant_	coordinates ancillary_variables Provide a connection standards. multiplication_factor_to_convert_to_molecules_percm2 The quantities in Servalue this means the "molecules cm ⁻² ". The in molecules cm ⁻² for who have tools that	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'water_slant_column_density_precision' (static) on with associated data. This attribute originates from the static of th	NC_STRING NC_STRING om the NUG, CF NC_FLOAT Integrated column regrated column is e the total column remience to users
water_slant_ Description:	coordinates ancillary_variables Provide a connection standards. multiplication_factor_to_convert_to_molecules_percm2 The quantities in Servalue this means the "molecules cm ⁻² ". The in molecules cm ⁻² from who have tools that column_density_preservables.	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'water_slant_column_density_precision' (static) on with associated data. This attribute originates from the static of th	NC_STRING NC_STRING Om the NUG, CF NC_FLOAT Integrated column regrated column is e the total column renience to users IED_RESULTS
	coordinates ancillary_variables Provide a connection standards. multiplication_factor_to_convert_to_molecules_percm2 The quantities in Servalue this means the "molecules cm ⁻² ". The in molecules cm ⁻² from who have tools that column_density_preservables.	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'water_slant_column_density_precision' (static) on with associated data. This attribute originates from 6.02214e+19 (static) entinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrate the unit is mol m ⁻² . Traditionally the unit for an integrate attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate om the value in mol m ⁻² . This is provided as a convework in molecules cm ⁻² . ecision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAIL numn density precision as derived as part of the NO ₂ seconds.	NC_STRING NC_STRING Om the NUG, CF NC_FLOAT Integrated column regrated column is e the total column renience to users IED_RESULTS
Description:	coordinates ancillary_variables Provide a connection standards. multiplication factor_to_convert_to_molecules_percm2 The quantities in Servalue this means the "molecules cm-2". The in molecules cm-2 from who have tools that column_density_preserved.	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'water_slant_column_density_precision' (static) on with associated data. This attribute originates from 6.02214e+19 (static) entinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrate the unit is mol m ⁻² . Traditionally the unit for an integrate attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate om the value in mol m ⁻² . This is provided as a convework in molecules cm ⁻² . ecision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAIL numn density precision as derived as part of the NO ₂ seconds.	NC_STRING NC_STRING Om the NUG, CF NC_FLOAT Integrated column regrated column is e the total column renience to users IED_RESULTS
Description: Dimensions:	coordinates ancillary_variables Provide a connection standards. multiplication_factor_to_convert_to_molecules_percm2 The quantities in Servalue this means the "molecules cm-2". The in molecules cm-2 from who have tools that column_density_preserved.	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'water_slant_column_density_precision' (static) on with associated data. This attribute originates from 6.02214e+19 (static) entinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an interest the unit is mol m ⁻² . Traditionally the unit for an interest at the unit is mol m ⁻² . This is provided as a convex of the value in mol m ⁻² . This is provided as a convex in molecules cm ⁻² . ecision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAIL umn density precision as derived as part of the NO ₂ sind_pixel.	NC_STRING NC_STRING Om the NUG, CF NC_FLOAT Integrated column regrated column is e the total column renience to users IED_RESULTS
Description: Dimensions: Type:	coordinates ancillary_variables Provide a connection standards. multiplication factor_to_convert_to_molecules_percm2 The quantities in Servalue this means the "molecules cm ⁻² ". The in molecules cm ⁻² from who have tools that column_density_preserved. H ₂ O vapor slant column, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT.	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'water_slant_column_density_precision' (static) on with associated data. This attribute originates from 6.02214e+19 (static) entinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrate the unit is mol m ⁻² . Traditionally the unit for an integrate attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate om the value in mol m ⁻² . This is provided as a convework in molecules cm ⁻² . ecision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAIL numn density precision as derived as part of the NO ₂ seconds.	NC_STRING NC_STRING Om the NUG, CF NC_FLOAT Integrated column regrated column is e the total column renience to users IED_RESULTS

'mol m-2' (static)

'Precision of water vapor slant column density'

'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)

multiplication_-

6.02214e+19 (static)

NC FLOAT

factor_to_convert_to_molecules_percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\operatorname{mol} \operatorname{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm^{-2} ". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\operatorname{molecules} \operatorname{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\operatorname{mol} \operatorname{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\operatorname{molecules} \operatorname{cm}^{-2}$.

water liquid slant column density in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

Description: Liquid H_2O column density as part of the NO_2 slant column fit, $N_S(H_2O_{lia})$.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'm' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Liquid water column' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

${\bf water_liquid_slant_column_density_precision} \ {\bf in} \ NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RES-ULTS$

Description: Liquid H₂O column density precison as part of the NO₂ slant column fit.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'm' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Precision of liquid water column' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

ring coefficient in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

Description: Fit coefficient of the Ring effect, C_{ring} .

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Fit coefficient of the Ring effect' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

ancillary_variables 'ring_coefficient_precision' (static)

NC STRING

ubics

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

ring_coefficient_precision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

Description: Fit coefficient of the Ring effect precision

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Precision of fit coefficient of the Ring effect' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

polynomial coefficients in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

Description: The polynomial coefficients of the DOAS fit. The wavelengths in the polynomial have been

scaled from -1 to +1 over the fit window. The fit window is given in the "ALGORITHM_-

SETTINGS" in the metadata.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel, polynomial exponents.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Polynomial coefficients of the DOAS fit' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

ancillary_vari- 'polynomial_coefficients_precision' (static) NC_STRING **ables**

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

${\bf polynomial_coefficients_precision} \ {\tt in} \ {\tt NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS}$

Description: Precision of the polynomial coefficients of the DOAS fit. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel, polynomial exponents.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Precision of the polynomial coefficients of the DOAS fit' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

intensity offset coefficients in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

Description:	wavelengths in the p	efficients of the background offset correction in the polynomial have been scaled from -1 to $+1$ over the ne "ALGORITHM_SETTINGS" in the metadata.	
Dimensions: Type:	time, scanline, groun	nd_pixel, intensity_offset_polynomial_exponents.	
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC STRING
	long_name	'Polynomial coefficients of the DOAS fit' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	product of latitude a	gitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not define and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use the geolocation. This attribute originates from the Country of the contract of the country	se this attribute to
	ancillary vari-	'polynomial coefficients precision' (static)	NC STRING
	ables	polynomial_coemcients_precision (static)	NO_STRING
	Provide a connection standards.	on with associated data. This attribute originates fr	om the NUG, CF
intensity_off	set_coefficients_pre	cision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAIL	ED_RESULTS
Description:	Precision of the poly	nomial coefficients of the background offset correction	on in DOAS fit.
Dimensions:	time, scanline, groun	nd_pixel, intensity_offset_polynomial_exponents.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Precision of the polynomial coefficients of the DOAS fit' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	product of latitude a	gitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defin nd longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use th the geolocation. This attribute originates from the O	se this attribute to
cloud_fractio	n_crb_nitrogendiox	ide_window in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/	DETAILED_RES-
Description:	fraction at the wave	fraction for the scene. Note that the NO_2 retrieval der length where the air mass factor calculation is done to 0.8, and the cloud pressure taken from the O_2 A-ba	440 nm, with the
Dimensions:	time, scanline, groun	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	proposed_stand- ard_name	'effective_cloud_area_fraction_assuming_fixed cloud_albedo' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Cloud fraction at 440 nm for NO2 retrieval' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	-	gitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defin nd longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we us	
	•	th the geolocation. This attribute originates from the (
	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

assumed -NC FLOAT 0.8 (static) cloud albedo The cloud albedo assumed in the cloud fraction retrieval. 'cloud radiance fraction nitrogendioxide window NC STRING ancillary vari-/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/ ables cloud pressure crb' (static) Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards. cloud radiance fraction nitrogendioxide window in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED -**RESULTS** Description: The cloud radiance fraction for the scene. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel. Type: NC FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value **Type** '1' (static) units NC_STRING NC STRING 'Cloud radiance fraction at 440 nm for NO2 retrieval' long name '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) coordinates NC STRING The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard. NC FLOAT radiation -440.0 (static) wavelength The wavelengths used for the determination of the cloud fraction. assumed -NC FLOAT 0.8 (static) cloud albedo The cloud albedo assumed in the cloud fraction retrieval. 'cloud fraction crb nitrogendioxide window NC STRING ancillary variables /PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/INPUT DATA/ cloud_pressure_crb' (static) Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards. reflectance nitrogendioxide window in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS Description: The continuum reflectance in the NO₂ fit window. This is input for the cloud fraction determination. Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical" output configuration flag is set. time, scanline, ground pixel. Dimensions: NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units '1' (static) NC STRING 'Cloud radiance fraction at 439 nm for NO2 retrieval' NC STRING long_name coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC STRING The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

radiation	440.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
wavelength		

The wavelength at which this reflectance is determined.

chi_square in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

Description: The χ^2 value of the fit.

$$\chi^{2} = \sum_{i=1}^{N_{\lambda}} \left[\frac{R_{\text{meas}}(\lambda_{i}) - R_{\text{mod}}(\lambda_{i})}{\Delta R_{\text{meas}}(\lambda_{i})} \right]^{2}$$
(13)

with $R_{\rm meas}(\lambda)$ the measured reflectance spectrum, $R_{\rm mod}(\lambda)$ the modelled reflectance spectrum, and N_{λ} the number of spectral pixels in the fit window.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Type
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Chi squared of fit' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

Provide a connection with the number of data points in the fit and the degrees of freedom, required to properly interpret the χ^2 values. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

root_mean_square_error_of_fit in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

Description: Root mean square residual of the fit.

$$R_{\text{RMS}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N_{\lambda}} \sum_{i=1}^{N_{\lambda}} \left[R_{\text{meas}}(\lambda_i) - R_{\text{mod}}(\lambda_i) \right]^2}$$
 (14)

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Root mean square residual of the fit' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

 ancillary_vari 'number_of_spectral_points_in_retrieval' (static)
 NC_STRING

 ables

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

degrees_of_freedom in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

Description: Number of degrees of freedom for the DOAS fit. The method used for the fit is an optimal

estimation based routine, for the definition of degrees of freedom see Rodgers [RD57].

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC FLOAT.

	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'Degrees of freedom from slant column fit' (static)	NC_STRING	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	
	ancillary_vari- ables	'number_of_spectral_points_in_retrieval' (static)	NC_STRING	
	Provide a connecti standards.	on with associated data. This attribute originates from	om the NUG, Cl	
air_mass_fac	ctor_stratosphere in	NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESU	JLTS	
Description:	mass factor over the atmosphere, i.e. over	lass factor, $M^{\rm strat}$, computed by integrating the altitude atmospheric layers above the layer with the troper atmospheric layers $l=l_{\rm tp}+1,\ldots,N_l$, with N_l given and $l_{\rm tp}$ given by the variable tm5_tropopause_lay	opause to top-o by the dimension	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	•	_	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.	_		
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'1' (static)	NC STRING	
	long_name	'Stratospheric air mass factor' (static)	NC_STRING	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING	
	The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.			
	product of latitude a connect the data wi	and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use th the geolocation. This attribute originates from the C	se this attribute t CF standard.	
	product of latitude a	and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we us	se this attribute t	
	product of latitude a connect the data wi ancillary_variables	and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use th the geolocation. This attribute originates from the C	se this attribute to CF standard. NC_STRING	
air_mass_fac	product of latitude a connect the data wi ancillary_variables Provide a connectistandards.	and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use the the geolocation. This attribute originates from the C '/PRODUCT/tm5_tropopause_layer_index' (static)	se this attribute to CF standard. NC_STRING	
	product of latitude a connect the data wind ancillary_variables Provide a connection standards. Etor_cloudy in NO2/F Tropospheric air may be integrating the a layers from the cloud connection.	and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use the the geolocation. This attribute originates from the C '/PRODUCT/tm5_tropopause_layer_index' (static) on with associated data. This attribute originates from the Country of the control of the country of	se this attribute to CF standard. NC_STRING om the NUG, Cootprint, computer the atmosphericopause, i.e. over	
Description:	product of latitude a connect the data wind ancillary_variables Provide a connection standards. Etor_cloudy in NO2/F Tropospheric air may be integrating the a layers from the cloud connection.	and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use the the geolocation. This attribute originates from the Conference of the geolocation. This attribute originates from the Conference of the geolocation. This attribute originates from with associated data. This attribute originates from the Approximate of the Section 1. The Grant of the Section of the cloud-covered part of the satellite for the dependent cloud-covered air mass factor over the pressure up to and including the layer with the trop $I = 1, 2, \dots, I_{\rm tp}$, with $I_{\rm tp}$ given in tm5_tropopause_1.	se this attribute to CF standard. NC_STRING om the NUG, Cootprint, computer the atmosphericopause, i.e. over	
Description: Dimensions:	product of latitude a connect the data wind ancillary_variables Provide a connection standards. Etor_cloudy in NO2/F Tropospheric air may by integrating the a layers from the cloud atmospheric layers	and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use the the geolocation. This attribute originates from the Conference of the geolocation. This attribute originates from the Conference of the geolocation. This attribute originates from with associated data. This attribute originates from the Approximate of the Section 1. The Grant of the Section of the cloud-covered part of the satellite for the dependent cloud-covered air mass factor over the pressure up to and including the layer with the trop $I = 1, 2, \dots, I_{\rm tp}$, with $I_{\rm tp}$ given in tm5_tropopause_1.	se this attribute to CF standard. NC_STRING om the NUG, Cootprint, computer the atmosphericopause, i.e. over	
Description: Dimensions: Type:	product of latitude a connect the data wind ancillary_variables Provide a connection standards. Extor_cloudy in NO2/F Tropospheric air may by integrating the allayers from the cloud atmospheric layers time, scanline, ground and standards.	and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use the the geolocation. This attribute originates from the Conference of the geolocation. This attribute originates from the Conference of the geolocation. This attribute originates from with associated data. This attribute originates from the Approximate of the Section 1. The Grant of the Section of the cloud-covered part of the satellite for the dependent cloud-covered air mass factor over the pressure up to and including the layer with the trop $I = 1, 2, \dots, I_{\rm tp}$, with $I_{\rm tp}$ given in tm5_tropopause_1.	se this attribute to CF standard. NC_STRING om the NUG, Cootprint, computer the atmosphericopause, i.e. over	
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	product of latitude a connect the data wind ancillary_variables Provide a connection standards. Etor_cloudy in NO2/F Tropospheric air may by integrating the allayers from the cloud atmospheric layers time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT.	and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use the the geolocation. This attribute originates from the Conference of the geolocation. This attribute originates from the Conference of the geolocation. This attribute originates from with associated data. This attribute originates from the Approximate of the Section 1. The Grant of the Section of the cloud-covered part of the satellite for the dependent cloud-covered air mass factor over the pressure up to and including the layer with the trop $I = 1, 2, \dots, I_{\rm tp}$, with $I_{\rm tp}$ given in tm5_tropopause_1.	se this attribute to CF standard. NC_STRING om the NUG, Cootprint, computer the atmosphericopause, i.e. over	
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	product of latitude a connect the data wind ancillary_variables Provide a connection standards. Extor_cloudy in NO2/Fill Tropospheric air may by integrating the allayers from the cloud atmospheric layers time, scanline, groud NC_FLOAT. Processor.	and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use the the geolocation. This attribute originates from the C '/PRODUCT/tm5_tropopause_layer_index' (static) on with associated data. This attribute originates from the PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS assert for the cloud-covered part of the satellite for all titude dependent cloud-covered air mass factor over add pressure up to and including the layer with the trop $l=1,2,\ldots,l_{\rm tp}$, with $l_{\rm tp}$ given in tm5_tropopause_land_pixel.	se this attribute to CF standard. NC_STRING om the NUG, Cotprint, computer the atmospheriopause, i.e. over ayer_index.	
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	product of latitude a connect the data wi ancillary_variables Provide a connectistandards. Etor_cloudy in NO2/F Tropospheric air maby integrating the a layers from the clouatmospheric layers time, scanline, grouNC_FLOAT. Processor. Name	and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use the the geolocation. This attribute originates from the C '/PRODUCT/tm5_tropopause_layer_index' (static) on with associated data. This attribute originates from the PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS has factor for the cloud-covered part of the satellite for all titude dependent cloud-covered air mass factor over all pressure up to and including the layer with the trop $I=1,2,\ldots,I_{\rm tp}$, with $I_{\rm tp}$ given in tm5_tropopause_12 and_pixel.	se this attribute to CF standard. NC_STRING om the NUG, Cootprint, computer the atmospheriopause, i.e. over ayer_index.	
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	product of latitude a connect the data wi ancillary_variables Provide a connectistandards. Ctor_cloudy in NO2/F Tropospheric air may by integrating the alayers from the clouatmospheric layers time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units	and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use the the geolocation. This attribute originates from the Confidence of the geolocation. This attribute originates from the Confidence of the geolocation. This attribute originates from the Confidence of the confidence or the confidence of the satellite for the cloud-covered part of the satellite for the dependent cloud-covered air mass factor over the dependent cloud-covered air mass factor over the dependent cloud-covered air mass factor over the dependent of the layer with the trop $I=1,2,\ldots,I_{\rm tp}$, with $I_{\rm tp}$ given in tm5_tropopause_12 and_pixel. **Value** Value** '1' (static)** 'Air mass factor for the cloud-covered part of the cloud-covered	se this attribute to CF standard. NC_STRING om the NUG, Cootprint, computer the atmospheric popause, i.e. over ayer_index. Type NC_STRING	
air_mass_face Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	product of latitude a connect the data wi ancillary_variables Provide a connectistandards. ctor_cloudy in NO2/F Tropospheric air may by integrating the alayers from the clouatmospheric layers time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name coordinates The latitude and lon product of latitude a	and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use the the geolocation. This attribute originates from the C '/PRODUCT/tm5_tropopause_layer_index' (static) on with associated data. This attribute originates from the PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS assert for the cloud-covered part of the satellite for all titude dependent cloud-covered air masser factor over all pressure up to and including the layer with the trop $l=1,2,\ldots,l_{\rm tp}$, with $l_{\rm tp}$ given in tm5_tropopause_laind_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'Air masser factor for the cloud-covered part of the scene' (static)	se this attribute to STRING NC_STRING om the NUG, Control of the atmospheric popause, i.e. over a yer_index. Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING ed as a Cartesia se this attribute to the atmospheric popause.	

Description: Tropospheric air mass factor for the cloud-free part of the satellite footprint, computed by

integrating the altitude dependent clear-sky air mass factor over the atmospheric layers from the surface up to and including the layer with the tropopause, i.e. over atmospheric layers

 $l=1,2,\ldots,l_{\mathsf{tp}},$ with l_{tp} given in tm5_tropopause_layer_index.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes: Nai

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Air mass factor for the cloud-free part of the scene' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

ancillary_vari-	'tm5_tropopause_layer_index' (static)	NC_STRING
ables		

nitrogendioxide_ghost_column in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

Description: The ghost column is the NO₂ profile shape from TM5 integrated over the model layers from

the surface to the cloud pressure level. (The ghost column does not have a associated

precision estimate.)

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Ghost column NO2: modelled NO2 column below the cloud top' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ancillary_vari- ables	'/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/ cloud_pressure_crb' (static)	NC_STRING

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

multiplication_factor_to_convert_to_molecules percm2 6.02214e+19 (static) NC_FLOAT

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm^{-2} ". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$.

doas_fit_time in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

Description: Time taken by the DOAS fit.

Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical"

output configuration flag is set.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	's' (static)	NC_STRING

Туре

NC_STRING

NC_STRING

Attributes:

Name

units

standard_name

Value

'1' (static)

'surface_albedo' (static)

long_name	'Time taken by the DOAS fit' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

G.1.1.3 Group "INPUT_DATA" in "SUPPORT_DATA"

The groups described in section E.17 "Additional data support fields" on page 169 are included in the output at this location.

Variables in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA

The variables described in section E.18 "Snow/Ice flags from NISE or ECMWF" on page 172 are included in the output at this location.

the output at th	is location.		
surface pres	sure in NO2/PRODU	JCT/SUPPORT DATA/INPUT DATA	
Description:	Surface pressure.		
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	and pixel.	
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.	_	
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'surface_air_pressure' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Surface pressure' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	product of latitude a	igitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defin and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we us ith the geolocation. This attribute originates from the O	se this attribute to
surface_albe	do_nitrogendioxide	_window in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPU	T_DATA
Description:	Surface albedo in the	ne NO ₂ fit window.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'surface_albedo' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Surface albedo in the NO2 fit window' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	product of latitude a	igitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not define and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use th the geolocation. This attribute originates from the O	se this attribute to
	radiation wavelength	440.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	_	which the surface albedo is determined. The CF-conve criable for this, but this seems more appropriate.	entions propose to
surface_albe	do in NO2/PRODUC	T/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA	
Description:	Surface albedo in the	ne cloud product.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		

long_name	'Surface albedo in the	e cloud product' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude	e /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
product of latitude	and longitude axes. Foll	e TROPOMI swath is not defin owing [ER1, section 5.2] we us a attribute originates from the O	se this attribute to
radiation wavelength	758.0 (static)		NC_FLOAT
wavelengin			

The wavelength at which the surface albedo is determined. The CF-conventions propose to use a coordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate.

cloud_pressure_crb in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/INPUT DATA

Description: Cloud pressure from the cloud product.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name

Name	Value	Туре
units	'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING
proposed_stand-	'air_pressure_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static)	NC_STRING
ard name		

There is no standard name for this parameter. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

source NC_STRING

The short name of the cloud product ingested for producing this granule. Default is 'FRESCO'. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

long_name	'Cloud optical centroid pressure' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

cloud_fraction_crb in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA

Description: The effective cloud fraction from the cloud product.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT.
Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
proposed_stand- ard_name	'effective_cloud_area_fraction_assuming_fixed cloud_albedo' (static)	NC_STRING

There is no standard name for this parameter. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

source

NC_STRING

The short name of the cloud product ingested for producing this granule. Default is 'FRESCO'.

This attribute originates from the CF standard.

long_name 'Effective cloud fraction from the cloud product' NC_STRING (static)

(static)

coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

cloud_albedo_crb in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA

Description: Cloud albedo used in the retrieval. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

coordinates

NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor. Attributes: Value Name Type units '1' (static) NC STRING 'cloud albedo' (static) NC STRING standard name NC STRING source The short name of the cloud product ingested for producing this granule. Default is 'FRESCO'. This attribute originates from the CF standard. long name 'Cloud albedo in the cloud product' (static) NC STRING '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) coordinates NC STRING The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard. scene albedo in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/INPUT DATA Description: Scene albedo in the cloud product. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Value Type Name units '1' (static) NC STRING proposed stand-'cloud_albedo_assuming_completely_cloudy_sky' NC STRING ard_name (static) NC STRING SOURCE The short name of the cloud product ingested for producing this granule. Default is 'FRESCO'. This attribute originates from the CF standard. 'Scene albedo in the cloud product' (static) long name NC STRING coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC STRING The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard. radiation -758.0 (static) NC FLOAT wavelength The wavelength at which the surface albedo is determined. The CF-conventions propose to use a coordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate. apparent scene pressure in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/INPUT DATA Scene pressure from the cloud product. Description: Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel. Type: NC FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING 'air pressure at cloud optical centroid assum-NC STRING proposed standard name ing completely cloudy sky' (static) There is no standard name for this parameter. This attribute originates from the CF standard. NC STRING The short name of the cloud product ingested for producing this granule. Default is 'FRESCO'. This attribute originates from the CF standard. long_name 'Scene pressure from the cloud product' (static) NC_STRING

'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)

NC STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

aerosol index 354 388 in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/INPUT DATA

Description: Absorbing aerosol index from the AAI product (AER_AI).

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Absorbing aerosol index from the TROPOMI AAI product' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

G.2 Group "METADATA" in "NO2"

This is a group to collect metadata items, such as the items that also appear in the header file and items required by Inspire [ER12]. Most metadata will be stored as attributes. Grouping attributes that belong to a specific standard is done by using sub-groups in the Metadata group. Included in this group are the granule description, algorithm settings and quality assurance parameters. Note that some metadata attributes are required to be attached to the global level by convention, such as the CF-Metadata convention [ER1] and the NetCDF user guide [ER16]. The groups described in section E.21 "ISO metadata" on page 184 are included in the output at this location.

The groups described in section E.22 "EOP metadata" on page 203 are included in the output at this location

The groups described in section E.23 "ESA metadata" on page 207 are included in the output at this location.

G.2.1 Group "QA STATISTICS" in "METADATA"

The groups described in section E.19 "Quality assurance statistics" on page 175 are included in the output at this location.

Dimensions in NO2/METADATA/QA STATISTICS

nitrogendioxide_tropospheric_column_histogram_axis Histogram axis for the tropospheric NO₂ column.

size 100 (fixed)

nitrogendioxide_tropospheric_column_pdf_axis Probability density function axis for the tropospheric NO₂ column.

size 400 (fixed)

nitrogendioxide_stratospheric_column_histogram_axis Histogram axis for the stratospheric NO2 column.

size 100 (fixed)

nitrogendioxide_stratospheric_column_pdf_axis Probability density function axis for the stratospheric NO₂ column.

size 400 (fixed)

nitrogendioxide_total_column_histogram_axis Histogram axis for the total NO₂ column.

size 100 (fixed)

nitrogendioxide_total_column_pdf_axis Probability density function axis for the total NO₂ column.

size 400 (fixed)

Variables in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS

Description:	Horizontal axis fo	or the histogram of the stratospheric NO_2 vertical column	٦.
Dimensions:	nitrogendioxide_s	stratospheric_column_histogram_axis (coordinate varial	ole).
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol m-2' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
	Same unit as the	main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s	tandard.
	comment	'Histogram of the stratospheric NO2 vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Histogram of the stratospheric NO2 vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING
	bounds	'nitrogendioxide_stratospheric_column_histo- gram_bounds' (static)	NC_STRING
nitrogendiox	ide_stratospheric	_column_pdf_axis in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTIC	S
Description:	Horizontal axis f column.	or the probability distribution function of the stratosph	eric NO ₂ vertic
Dimensions:	nitrogendioxide_s	stratospheric_column_pdf_axis (coordinate variable).	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol m-2' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
	Same unit as the	main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s	tandard.
	comment	'Probability density function of the stratospheric NO2 vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Probability density function of the stratospheric NO2 vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING
	bounds	'aerosol_nitrogendioxide_stratospheric_columnpdf_bounds' (static)	NC_STRING
nitrogendiox	ide_stratospheric	c_column_histogram_bounds in NO2/METADATA/QA_	STATISTICS
Dimensions:	nitrogendioxide_s	stratospheric_column_histogram_axis, vertices.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
nitrogendiox	ide_stratospheric	c_column_pdf_bounds in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATIS	STICS
Dimensions:	nitrogendioxide_s	stratospheric_column_pdf_axis, vertices.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
_		_column_histogram_axis in NO2/METADATA/QA_STA	
Description:		or the histograms of the tropospheric NO_2 vertical column	
Dimensions:		tropospheric_column_histogram_axis (coordinate variab	ole).
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol m-2' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
	Same unit as the	main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s	tandard.

	comment	'Histogram of the tropospheric NO2 vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Histogram of the tropospheric NO2 vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING
	bounds	'nitrogendioxide_tropospheric_column_histo- gram_bounds' (static)	NC_STRING
nitrogendiox	ide_tropospheric_c	olumn_pdf_axis in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTIC	S
Description:	Horizontal axis for column.	the probability distribution functions of the troposph	eric NO ₂ vertical
Dimensions:	nitrogendioxide_tro	pospheric_column_pdf_axis (coordinate variable).	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol m-2' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
	Same unit as the m	ain parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s	tandard.
	comment	'Probability density function of the tropospheric NO2 vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Probability density function of the tropospheric NO2 vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING
	bounds	'nitrogendioxide_tropospheric_column_pdf bounds' (static)	NC_STRING
nitrogendiox	ide_tropospheric_c	olumn_histogram_bounds in NO2/METADATA/QA_	STATISTICS
Dimensions:	nitrogendioxide_tro	pospheric_column_histogram_axis, vertices.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
nitrogendiox	ide_tropospheric_c	olumn_pdf_bounds in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATIS	TICS
Dimensions:	nitrogendioxide_tro	pospheric_column_pdf_axis, vertices.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
nitrogendiox	ide_total_column_h	nistogram_axis in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	
Description:	Horizontal axis for t	he histograms of the total NO ₂ vertical column.	
Dimensions:	nitrogendioxide_tota	al_column_histogram_axis (coordinate variable).	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Type
	units	'mol m-2' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
		nain parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s	
	comment	'Histogram of the total NO2 vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Histogram of the total NO2 vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING
	bounds	<pre>'nitrogendioxide_total_column_histogram bounds' (static)</pre>	NC_STRING
nitrogendiox	ide_total_column_p	odf_axis in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	
Description:	Horizontal axis for t	he probability distribution functions of the total NO_2 ve	ertical column.
Dimensions:	nitrogendioxide_tota	al_column_pdf_axis (coordinate variable).	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol m-2' (dynamic)	NC_STRING

issue 11.0.0, 2019-02-01 - released Page 273 of 389 Same unit as the main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF standard. comment 'Probability density function of the total NO2 vertical NC STRING column' (static) long_name 'Probability density function of the total NO2 vertical NC STRING column' (static) NC STRING bounds 'nitrogendioxide total column pdf bounds' (static) nitrogendioxide total column histogram bounds in NO2/METADATA/QA STATISTICS Dimensions: nitrogendioxide_total_column_histogram_axis, vertices. Type: NC FLOAT.

Source: Processor.

nitrogendioxide_total_column_pdf_bounds in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS

Dimensions: nitrogendioxide total column pdf axis, vertices.

NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor.

nitrogendioxide tropospheric column histogram in NO2/METADATA/QA STATISTICS

Description: Histogram of the tropospheric NO₂ vertical column in the current granule.

Dimensions: nitrogendioxide_tropospheric_column_histogram_axis.

Type: NC INT. Processor. Source:

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
comment	'Histogram of the tropospheric NO2 vertical column	NC_STRING
	in the current granule' (static)	
number_of_over- flow_values	0 (dynamic)	NC_INT
The second second second	and a second control of the form of the control of	

The number of encountered values that are larger than the top of the histogram.

number of underflow values

The number of encountered values that are smaller than the base of the histogram.

nitrogendioxide_stratospheric_column_histogram in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS

Description: Histogram of the stratospheric NO₂ vertical column in the current granule.

0 (dynamic)

Dimensions: nitrogendioxide_stratospheric_column_histogram_axis.

1/-1...

Type: NC_INT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	value	туре
comment	'Histogram of the stratospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule' (static)	NC_STRING
number_of_over-	0 (dynamic)	NC_INT

flow values

number of un-0 (dynamic) derflow values

NC INT

NC INT

The number of encountered values that are smaller than the base of the histogram.

The number of encountered values that are larger than the top of the histogram.

nitrogendioxide_total_column_histogram in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS

Description: Histogram of the total NO₂ vertical column in the current granule.

Dimensions: nitrogendioxide total column histogram axis.

NC INT. Type: Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name Value Type

	comment	'Histogram of the total NO2 vertical column in the current granule' (static)	NC_STRING
	number_of_over- flow_values	0 (dynamic)	NC_INT
	_	ountered values that are larger than the top of the hist	ogram
	number_of_un-	0 (dynamic)	NC_INT
	derflow_values	wintered values that are smaller than the base of the	hiata aya m
nitrogondiov		ountered values that are smaller than the base of the blumn_pdf in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	nistogram.
Description:	Probability density f	unction of tropospheric NO $_2$ vertical column in the cull with $\cos(\delta_{ m geo})$ and spread out using the error estima	-
Dimensions:		pospheric_column_pdf_axis.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	comment	'Probability density function of the tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule' (static)	NC_STRING
	geolocation sampling_total	0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	The sum of cosine v	values of latitudes from the pixels that were used in the	e pdf.
nitrogendiox	ide_stratospheric_c	olumn_pdf in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	
Description:	Probability density function of the stratospheric NO_2 vertical column in the current granule. The values are weighted with $\cos(\delta_{\rm geo})$ and spread out using the error estimate.		
Dimensions:	nitrogendioxide_stratospheric_column_pdf_axis.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	comment	'Probability density function of the stratospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule' (static)	NC_STRING
	geolocation sampling_total	0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	The sum of cosine v	values of latitudes from the pixels that were used in the	e pdf.
nitrogendiox	ide_total_column_p	df in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	
Description:		unction of tropospheric NO $_2$ vertical column in the cull with $\cos(\delta_{ m geo})$ and spread out using the error estima	•
Dimensions:	nitrogendioxide_tota	al_column_pdf_axis.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	comment	'Probability density function of the total NO2 vertical	NC_STRING
	Comment	column in the current granule' (static)	_
	geolocation sampling_total		NC_FLOAT

G.2.2 Group "ALGORITHM_SETTINGS" in "METADATA"

The algorithm settings are attached as attributes to this group. The current settings are listed here, each item in the list is a string attribute.

Configurations in NO2/METADATA/ALGORITHM_SETTINGS

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configuration.version.framework 1.2.0

Allow the framework to verify that the configuration file is up to date.

configuration.version.algorithm 1.3.0

Allow the processor to verify that the configuration file is up to date.

processing.algorithm NO2___

Define the algorithm that is to be loaded.

input.count 5

Define the number of input files.

input.1.type L1B RA BD4

Define the input type (band) for the first input (radiance band 4). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.1.irrType L1B IR UVN

Define which irradiance accompanies the first input.

input.1.band 4

Which band is this (for selecting the irradiance and coregistration to output).

input.2.type L2__FRESCO

Define the input type for the second input (FRESCO clouds, L2 product). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.2.band 6

On which band is this (for coregistration to output).

input.2.required false

FRESCO is not required, just one of the two cloud products. O22CLD is not required, just one of the three cloud products.

input.3.type L2 AER AI

efine the input type for the third input (AER_AI, L2 product). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.3.band 3

On which band is this (for coregistration to output).

input.4.type L2__CLOUD_

Define the input type for the second input (DLR clouds, L2 product). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.4.band 3

On which band is this (for coregistration to output).

input.4.required false

DLR clouds is not required, just one of the two cloud products.

input.5.type L2__O22CLD

Define the input type for the second input (O22CLD clouds, L2 product). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.5.band 4

On which band is this (for coregistration to output).

input.5.required false

output.count 1

Define the number of output products (should be 1).

output.useFletcher32 true

Boolean to indicate status of Fletcher32 filter (default is on).

output.useCompression true

Boolean to set status of comression (default is on).

output.useShuffleFilter true

Boolean to set status of shuffle filter (default is on).

output.compressionLevel 3

Integer value to set compression level, default is 3.

output.1.type L2__NO2__

Output product short name. This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

output.1.config product.NO2___.xml

Output product specification.

output.1.band 4

Geolocation in output follows this band.

output.1.level 0

Output level, 0 = nominal.

processing.vzaMin 0.0

processing.vzaMax 75.0

Maximum viewing zenith angle (full swath)

processing.szaMin 0.0

processing.szaMax 88.0

Maximum solar zenith angle.

processing.saturationMaxFraction 0.01

Maximum fraction of the radiance spectrum that is allowed to be flagged as saturated.

processing.correct_surface_pressure_for_altitude true

Flag to control the correction of the surface pressure for local orography. Default is true.

processing.NO2 scd limit -20.0e-6

NO₂ slant column values smaller than this limit will be treated as an error.

processing.reflectance_noise_floor 2500.0

This is the maximum signal to noise ratio allowed on the reflectance. The noise will be adjusted upwards when this is exceeded.

processing.use_error_in_l1b false

Use both noise an error when calculating the error on the reflectance. Default is to use the noise only.

NO2DOAS.species NO2, O3, O2O2, H2O_vapor, H2O_liquid

omma separated list of trace gases to be included in the DOAS fit. Use names as they appear in the REF XS NO2 file.

NO2DOAS.NO2.output.name nitrogendioxide

Name of the NO₂ trace gas as it appears in the output file.

NO2DOAS.O3.output.name ozone

Name of the O₃ trace gas as it appears in the output file.

NO2DOAS.O2O2.output.name oxygen oxygen dimer

Name of the O_2 – O_2 trace gas as it appears in the output file.

NO2DOAS.H2O_vapor.output.name water

Name of the water vapour absorber as it appears in the output file.

NO2DOAS.H2O liquid.output.name water liquid

Name of the liquid water absorber as it appears in the output file.

NO2DOAS.include_ring true

Include the ring spectrum in the fit.

NO2DOAS.include_offset false

Include an intensity offset term in the DOAS fit.

NO2DOAS.wavelength_start 405.0

Begin of the DOAS fit window.

NO2DOAS.wavelength end 465.0

End of the DOAS fit window.

NO2DOAS.max_iterations 20

Maximum number of iterations for the DOAS fit

NO2DOAS.convergence_threshold 0.99

Convergence threshold criterion.

NO2DOAS.scale precision with chisq true

Scale the reported precision with the reduced χ^2 . Default is false.

NO2DOAS.polynomial order 5

Order of the background polynomial.

NO2DOAS.background_offset.polynomial_order 1

When fitting an intensity offset: the order for that polynomial

NO2DOAS.intensity offset scalefactor 1.0

When fitting an intensity offset: the scale factor.

processing.radianceFractionMinError 0.4

Minimum fraction of the spectrum that must be valid when fitting.

processing.radianceFractionMinWarning 0.8

Minimum fraction of the spectrum that must be valid before generating a warning.

NO2DOAS.initial_guess.a0 1.0

Initial guess for the first polynomial coefficient.

NO2DOAS.initial_guess.a1 0.125

Initial guess for the second polynomial coefficient (etc.).

NO2DOAS.initial guess.a2 0.015625

NO2DOAS.initial guess.a3 0.015625

NO2DOAS.initial guess.a4 0.015625

NO2DOAS.initial guess.a5 0.015625

NO2DOAS.initial guess.c0 1.0

Initial guess for the first polynomial coefficient of the intensity offset (when included in the fit).

NO2DOAS.initial guess.c1 0.125

Initial guess for the second polynomial coefficient of the intensity offset (etc.).

NO2DOAS.initial_guess.c2 0.015625

NO2DOAS.initial guess.c3 0.015625

NO2DOAS.initial guess.NO2 1.2e-5

Initial guess for the NO₂ slant column.

NO2DOAS.initial guess.O3 3.6e-1

Initial guess for the O₃ slant column.

NO2DOAS.initial_guess.O2O2 8.0e+5

Initial guess for the O_2 – O_2 slant column.

NO2DOAS.initial_guess.H2O_vapor 1.5e+3

Initial guess for the water vapour slant column.

NO2DOAS.initial guess.H2O liquid 0.0

Initial guess for the liquid water column.

NO2DOAS.initial guess.ring 0.06

Initial guess for the Ring coefficient.

NO2DOAS.sigma.a0 1.0

A priori error of the first polynomial coefficient. A priori error of the second polynomial coefficient (etc.).

NO2DOAS.sigma.a1 0.125

NO2DOAS.sigma.a2 0.015625

NO2DOAS.sigma.a3 0.015625

NO2DOAS.sigma.a4 0.015625

NO2DOAS.sigma.a5 0.015625

NO2DOAS.sigma.c0 1.0

A priori error of the first polynomial coefficient of the intensity offset. A priori error of the second polynomial coefficient of the intensity offset (etc.).

NO2DOAS.sigma.c1 0.125

NO2DOAS.sigma.c2 0.015625

NO2DOAS.sigma.c3 0.015625

NO2DOAS.sigma.NO2 1.0e-2

A priori error on the NO₂ slant column. Should be wide enough to capture all cases.

NO2DOAS.sigma.O3 5.0e0

A priori error on the O₃ slant column. Should be wide enough to capture all cases.

NO2DOAS.sigma.O2O2 2.0e+6

A priori error on the O_2 – O_2 slant column. Should be wide enough to capture all cases.

NO2DOAS.sigma.H2O_vapor 1.0e+4

A priori error on the water vapour slant column. Should be wide enough to capture all cases.

NO2DOAS.sigma.H2O_liquid 20.0

A priori error on the liquid water column. Should be wide enough to capture all cases.

NO2DOAS.sigma.ring 0.2

A priori error on the Ring coefficient

processing.irradFluxVarName irradiance flux cf

ame of the variable containing the irradiance spectrum in the REF SOLAR file.

processing.radRingFluxVarName radiance_ring_flux_cf

ame of the variable containing the radiance Ring spectrum in the REF_SOLAR_ file.

NO2DOAS.reference_cross_sections_key REF_XS_NO2

Key in the job order file that points to the file containing the reference spectra.

NO2DOAS.NO2.reference temperature -1.0

NO2DOAS.O3.reference temperature -1.0

wavelength calibration.perform wavelength fit yes

Master switch for the wavelength calibration.

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wavelength calibration.polynomial order 2

The wavelength calibration fit uses a background polynomial. This is the order for this polynomial, 2 for

wavelength calibration.include stretch no

For aerosol layer height we do not include a stretch/squeeze parameter as we extrapolate the result.

wavelength calibration.include ring yes

Ring effect is significant in the VIS.

wavelength calibration.irr.include ring no

wavelength calibration.initial guess.a0 1.0

Initial guess for the parameters of the polynomial in the wavelength fit. 1, 0.1, 0.01, 0.01, ... for a0, a1, a2, a3, ... as appropriate.

wavelength calibration.initial guess.a1 0.1

wavelength_calibration.initial_guess.a2 0.01

wavelength calibration.sigma.a0 1.0

a priori precision of the polynomial coefficients. 1, 0.1, 0.1, 0.1, ... for a0, a1, a2, a3, ... as appropriate.

wavelength calibration.sigma.a1 0.1

wavelength_calibration.sigma.a2 0.01

wavelength_calibration.sigma.shift 0.07

a priori precision of the wavelength shift. Set to the spectral sampling for band 4 divided by 3.

wavelength calibration.sigma.ring 0.06

a priori precision of the Ring coefficient.

wavelength calibration.sigma.stretch 0.07

a priori precision of the strech parameter. Due to scaling equal to pixel size scaling at end of window.

wavelength calibration.initial guess.shift 0.0

Initial guess for the wavelength shift.

wavelength_calibration.initial_guess.ring 0.06

Initial guess for the Ring coefficient.

wavelength calibration.initial guess.stretch 0.0

Initial guess for the wavelength stretch.

wavelength calibration.window 405.0, 465.0

The wavelength calibration window (i.e. the whole fit window, this is different from OMI).

wavelength calibration.max iterations 12

The maximum number of iterations for the wavelength fit.

wavelength calibration.convergence threshold 1.0

Convergence criterium (auto scaled).

processing.fitWindowExtent 3

the width of spectra retrieved outside the fit window.

processing.cloud wavelength 440.0

avelength at which the cloud fraction calculation is done in band 4. (Should be equal to the value in the 'wavelength' variable in the "LUT_NO2CLD" file).

processing.cloud_wavelength_delta 1.0

verage over band this wide around the "processing.cloud" wavelength" parameter.

processing.reflectance from model true

Use the model from the DOAS fit to obtain the continuum reflectance for cloud fraction determination processing.groupDem DEM RADIUS 05000

Which DEM to use.

processing.groupLer OMI

Which LER database to use.

output.histogram.nitrogendioxide tropospheric column.range 1.66054e-06,0.00166054

Range for the histogram of the tropspheric NO₂ column.

output.histogram.nitrogendioxide_tropospheric_column.logarithmic true

The scale of the scale of the histogram is logarithmic.

output.histogram.nitrogendioxide stratospheric column.range 0,0.000166054

Range for the histogram of the stratospheric NO₂ column.

output.histogram.nitrogendioxide stratospheric column.logarithmic false

The scale of the scale of the histogram is linear.

output.histogram.nitrogendioxide total column.range 1.66054e-06,0.00166054

Range for the histogram of the total NO₂ column.

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output.histogram.nitrogendioxide_total_column.logarithmic true

The scale of the scale of the histogram is logarithmic.

qa_value.input_spectrum_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the number of pixels in the input spectrum is below nominal.

qa_value.wavelength_calibration_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the wavelength calibration offset is larger than a configured threshold.

qa value.extrapolation warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when extrapolation was used in the retrieval.

qa value.sun glint warning 93.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the pixel is potentially affected by sun glint.

qa_value.south_atlantic_anomaly_warning 95.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the instrument was flying through the South Atlantic Anomaly while taking this measurement.

qa_value.sun_glint_correction 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the cloud fraction was corrected for sun glint.

qa_value.snow_ice_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the snow_ice_warning flag is raised.

qa value.cloud warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the cloud warning flag is raised.

qa value.AAI warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the AAI warning flag is raised.

qa value.pixel level input data missing 90.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the pixel level input data missing flag is raised.

qa value.data range warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the data range warning flag is raised.

qa value.low cloud fraction warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the low_cloud_fraction_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.altitude_consistency_warning 100.0

he qa value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the altitude consistency warning flag is raised.

qa_value.signal_to_noise_ratio_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the signal_to_noise_ratio_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.deconvolution_warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the deconvolution warning flag is raised.

qa_value.so2_volcanic_origin_likely_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the so2_volcanic_origin_likely_warning flag is raised

qa_value.so2_volcanic_origin_certain_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the so2_volcanic_origin_certain_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.interpolation_warning 90.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the interpolation warning flag is raised.

qa value.sza max 1 threshold 81.2

First limit on θ in the QA value calculation

qa value.sza max 1 modification percent 30.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the solar zenith angle is between the first and second threshold.

qa value.sza max 2 threshold 84.5

Second limit on θ in the QA value calculation

qa_value.sza_max_2_modification_percent 10.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the solar zenith angle larger than the second threshold.

qa_value.amf_trop_geo_ratio_threshold 0.1

Threshold on the ratio between the tropospheric and geometric airmass factors.

ga value.amf trop geo ratio modification percent 45.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the ratio between the tropospheric and geometric airmass factors is larger than the threshold.

qa_value.no2_scd_precision_threshold 33.0e-6

Maximum allowed precision of the NO₂ slant column before reducing the QA value.

qa value.no2 scd precision modification percent 15.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the precision of the NO₂ slant column exceeds the threshold.

qa_value.snow_ice_max_threshold 1

Maximum snow-ice value before pixel is treated as snow or ice contaminated.

qa value.snow ice max modification percent 73.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the pixel is treated as snow or ice contaminated.

qa_value.surface_albedo_threshold 0.3

The maximum surface albedo in the NO₂ fitting window before the QA value is reduced.

qa value.surface albedo modification percent 20.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when maximum surface albedo in the NO₂ fitting window is exceeded.

ga value.cloud radiance fraction threshold 0.5

qa_value.cloud_radiance_fraction_modification_percent 74.0

qa_value.minimum_scene_pressure_threshold 30000.0

qa_value.minimum_scene_pressure_modification_percent 25.0

qa value.maximum aerosol index threshold 1.0e10

qa value.maximum aerosol index modification percent 40.0

G.2.3 Group "GRANULE_DESCRIPTION" in "METADATA"

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/GRANULE_DESCRIPTION

The attributes described in section E.20 "Granule metadata" on page 183 are included in the output at this location.

Group attributes attached to GRANULE_DESCRIPTION			
Name	Value	Туре	
ProductShortName	'L2NO2' (static)	NC_STRING	
The short product name. F	or the NO ₂ vertical column product the sho	ort name is fixed to "L2NO2".	

H Description of the O₃ full profile product

Description of the main output file for the Full Ozone Profile product from the TROPOMI instrument on the Sentinel 5-precursor mission.

Global attributes in O3__PR

The attributes described in section M "Common file-level attributes" on page 367 are included in the output at this location.

The attributes described in section E.2 "Status dynamic ECMWF auxiliary data" on page 145 are included in the output at this location.

The attributes described in section E.3 "Status dynamic NISE auxiliary data" on page 145 are included in the output at this location.

Group attributes attached to O3	_PR	
Name	Value	Туре
title	'TROPOMI/S5P Full Ozone Profile 1-Orbit L2 Swath 21x28km' (dynamic)	NC_STRING

This is a short description of the product. This title is dynamic because in near-realtime processing the granule is shorter than one orbit. The nominal value is "TROPOMI/S5P Full Ozone Profile 1-Orbit L2 Swath 21x28km". This attribute originates from the NUG standard.

product version '1.1.0' (dynamic)

NC STRING

Included for compatibility with the CCI project, where this item is defined as "the product version of this data file." We will use the file format version for this attribute following several CCI sub-projects. This attribute originates from the CCI standard.

processing_status

'Nominal' (dynamic)

NC_STRING

Description the processing status of the granule on a global level, mainly based on the availability of auxiliary input data.

Possible values: Nominal, Degraded

H.1 Group "PRODUCT" in "O3__PR"

This is the main group containing the Full Ozone Profile product. At this level the dimensions are defined, the actual data can be found one level deeper.

Dimensions in O3 PR/PRODUCT

The dimensions described in section E.4 "Common dimensions" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

The dimensions described in section E.5 "Dimensions for optional output" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

dimension_surface_albedo The number of nodes in the surface albedo polynomial.

size -1 (dynamic)

source Processor.

dimension_straylight The number of nodes in the straylight polynomial.

size -1 (dynamic)

source Processor.

dimension_apriori_other Number of other state vector elements.

size -1 (dynamic)

source Processor.

subcolumns The number of subcolumns on which a column value is given.

size -1 (dynamic)

source Processor.

level The number of levels (interfaces) on which the retrieval is done.

size -1 (dynamic)

source Processor.

vertices For the subcolumn boundaries.

size 2 (fixed)

Variables in O3 PR/PRODUCT

The variables described in section E.6 "Coordinate variables" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.7 "Dimensional variables for optional output" on page 148 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.8 "The geolocation fields" on page 149 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.9 "Common product fields" on page 150 are included in the output at this location.

dimension_s	urface_albedo in O3	3PR/PRODUCT			
Description:	The wavelengths at	The wavelengths at which the surface albedo nodes are located.			
Dimensions:	dimension_surface_	_albedo (coordinate variable).			
Type:	NC_FLOAT.				
Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
	units	'nm' (static)	NC_STRING		
	standard_name	'radiation_wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING		
	long_name	'Wavelengths at which the surface albedo is fitted' (static)	NC_STRING		
dimension s	traylight in O3PR				
Description:		which the straylight polynomial nodes are located.			
Dimensions:	-	nt (coordinate variable).			
Type:	NC FLOAT.	it (oostamate variable).			
Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
Attributes.	units	'nm' (static)	NC STRING		
	standard name	'radiation_wavelength' (static)	NC STRING		
	long_name	'Wavelengths at which the straylight polynomial is	NC STRING		
		fitted' (static)			
_	priori_other in O3	_			
Description:		ents stored in the "other a priori" vector.			
Dimensions:		other (coordinate variable).			
Type:	NC_STRING.				
Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
	long_name	'Names of the other state vector elements.' (static)	NC_STRING		
subcolumns	in O3PR/PRODUC	CT			
Description:		r $0-6$, $6-12$, $12-18$ and above $18\mathrm{km}$ are grouped ir the indices of the sub-columns.	n a single variable.		
Dimensions:	subcolumns (coordi	inate variable).			
Type:	NC_INT.				
Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
	units	'm' (static)	NC_STRING		
	long_name	'height of the sub columns' (static)	NC_STRING		
	bounds	'subcolumns_bounds' (static)	NC_STRING		
level in O3	PR/PRODUCT				
Description:	Vertical levels. The pressure of the levels is given in the "pressure" variable, described on page 294. This value merely holds an enumeration of the levels.				
Dimensions:	level (coordinate va	•			
Type:	NC_INT.				
Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
Allibules.	axis	'Z' (static)	NC STRING		
subsolumns	bounds in O3 PR		NO_OTRING		
-	_bounds in O3PR/ Sub column bounda				
Description: Dimensions:	subcolumns, vertice				
I)imanaiana.					

Type: NC_INT.
Source: Processor.

ozone_profile in O3__PR/PRODUCT

Description: The O₃ profile given as volume mixing ratios on the levels. Note that the order of the

dimensions is not conform CF. This is intentional, as the 'unit' of each retrieval is a profile,

not a sequence of levels.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel, level.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1e-6' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'mole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'longitude latitude SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/ pressure' (static)	NC_STRING
ancillary_vari- ables	'ozone_profile_precision SUPPORT_DATA/ DETAILED_RESULTS/covariance_matrix_er- ror_O3 SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS/ averaging_kernel' (static)	NC_STRING

ozone_profile_precision in O3__PR/PRODUCT

Description: The precision of the ozone profile given as volume mixing ratios on the levels. Note that the

order of the dimensions is not conform CF. This is intentional, as the 'unit' of each retrieval

is a profile, not a sequence of levels.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel, level.

Type: NC_FLOAT.
Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1e-6' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	<pre>'mole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air standard_error' (static)</pre>	NC_STRING
coordinates	'longitude latitude SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/ pressure' (static)	NC_STRING

ozone_concentration_at_surface in O3__PR/PRODUCT

Description: Extra level for the O₃ profile at the surface.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1e-6' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'mole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ancillary_vari- ables	'ozone_at_surface_precision SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/surface_pressure' (static)	NC_STRING

ozone concentration at surface precision in O3 PR/PRODUCT

Description: Precision of the extra level for the O_3 profile at the surface.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

 Attributes:
 Name
 Value
 Type

 units
 '1e-6' (static)
 NC STRING

	standard_name	'mole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ozone_conce	entration_at_cloud_l	height in O3PR/PRODUCT	
Description:	Extra level for the O	03 profile at the level of the cloud.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd pixel.	
Туре:	NC FLOAT.	_	
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
-	units	'1e-6' (static)	NC STRING
	standard name	'mole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air' (static)	NC STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING
	ancillary_vari-	'ozone_at_cloud_precision SUPPORT_DATA/	NC STRING
	ables	INPUT_DATA/cloud_pressure_crb' (static)	_
ozone_conce	entration_at_cloud_l	height_precision in O3PR/PRODUCT	
Description:	Precision of the ext	ra level for the O ₃ profile at the cloud.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
•	units	'1e-6' (static)	NC_STRING
•	standard_name	'mole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air standard_error'	NC_STRING
	coordinates	(static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ozone conce		ause in O3_PR/PRODUCT	110_01110
Description:		θ_3 profile at the tropopause.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.	nu_pixei.	
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
Allibules.	units	'1e-6' (static)	NC STRING
			NC_STRING
	standard_name coordinates	'mole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING
		'ozone at tropopause precision SUPPORT -	NC_STRING
	ancillary_vari- ables	DATA/INPUT_DATA/pressure_at_tropopause' (static)	NO_STRING
ozone conce	entration at tropopa	ause_precision in O3PR/PRODUCT	
Description:		ra level for the O_3 profile at the tropopause.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou		
Туре:	NC FLOAT.	→	
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1e-6' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'mole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air standard_error'	NC_STRING
	otanaana_namo		
		(static)	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ozone_total_		'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PRODUCT	NC_STRING

Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_ozone' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	ancillary_vari- ables	'ozone_total_column_precision' (static)	NC_STRING
	multiplication factor_to_con- vert_to_DU	2241.15 (static)	NC_FLOAT

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is mol m⁻². Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "DU" or Dobson Units. This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in DU from the value in $mol \, m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in DU.

multiplication_-6.022140857e+19 (static) NC_FLOAT factor to convert to molecules percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is mol m⁻². Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $molecules \, cm^{-2}$ from the value in $mol \, m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in molecules cm⁻².

ozone total column precision in O3 PR/PRODUCT

Description: Precision of the retrieved total column.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor.

Δ	tt,	rih	ute	c.
$\overline{}$	ш	IL	ulc	Э.

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_ozone standard error' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication factor_to_con-	2241.15 (static)	NC_FLOAT

vert to DU

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is mol m⁻². Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "DU" or Dobson Units. This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in DU from the value in $mol m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in DU.

multiplication	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT
factor_to_con-		
vert_to_mo-		
lecules_percm2		

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm^{-2} ". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$.

ozone_tropospheric_column in O3__PR/PRODUCT

Description: Integrated tropospheric O₃ profile. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'troposphere_mole_content_of_ozone' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ancillary_vari- ables	'ozone_tropospheric_column_precision' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication -	2241.15 (static)	NC FLOAT

factor_to_convert to DU

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "DU" or Dobson Units. This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in DU from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in DU.

multiplication_- 6.022140857e+19 (static) NC_FLOAT factor_to_convert_to_mo-lecules_percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm^{-2} ". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$.

ozone_tropospheric_column_precision in O3__PR/PRODUCT

Description: Precision of the integrated tropospheric O₃ profile.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT.
Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'troposphere_mole_content_of_ozone standard error' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication factor_to_con-	2241.15 (static)	NC_FLOAT

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "DU" or Dobson Units. This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in DU from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in DU.

multiplication_- 6.022140857e+19 (static) factor to con-

NC_FLOAT

vert_to_molecules_percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol\,m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$ from the value in $mol\,m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$.

ozone profile subcolumns in O3 PR/PRODUCT

Description: The sub columns for 0-6, 6-12, 12-18 and above $18 \, \text{km}$ are grouped in this variable.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel, subcolumns.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	<pre>'mole_content_of_ozone_in_atmosphere_layer' (static)</pre>	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ancillary_vari- ables	'ozone_profile_subcolumns_precision' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication factor_to_con-	2241.15 (static)	NC_FLOAT

factor_to_convert_to_DU

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "DU" or Dobson Units. This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in DU from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in DU.

multiplication_- 6.02214085 factor_to_con-

6.022140857e+19 (static)

NC_FLOAT

vert_to_molecules_percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol\,m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$ from the value in $mol\,m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$.

ozone profile subcolumns precision in O3 PR/PRODUCT

Description: The precision of the columns for 0-6, 6-12, 12-18 and above $18 \, \text{km}$ are grouped in this

variable.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel, subcolumns.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	<pre>'mole_content_of_ozone_in_atmosphere_layer standard_error' (static)</pre>	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication factor_to_con- vert to DU	2241.15 (static)	NC_FLOAT

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol\,m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "DU" or Dobson Units. This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in DU from the value in $mol\,m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in DU.

multiplication_- 6.022140857e+19 (static) NC_FLOAT

factor_to_convert_to_molecules_percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol\,m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $mol\,m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $mol\,m^{-2}$.

H.1.1 Group "SUPPORT_DATA" in "PRODUCT"

H.1.1.1 Group "GEOLOCATIONS" in "SUPPORT DATA"

Variables in O3 PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/GEOLOCATIONS

The variables described in section E.10 "Additional geolocation support fields" on page 151 are included in the output at this location.

H.1.1.2 Group "DETAILED_RESULTS" in "SUPPORT_DATA"

Variables in O3_PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

The variables described in section E.12 "Additional detailed results fields" on page 154 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.11 "Number of iterations" on page 154 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.24 "Statistics (Optional output)" on page 215 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.15 "Residuals (Optional output)" on page 166 are included in the output at this location.

	I : 00 BB/BB0B	LICT/CLIDDODT DATA/DETAILED DECLITO		
_	surface_albedo in O3PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS			
Description:	The retrieved wavelength-dependent surface albedo.			
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grour	time, scanline, ground_pixel, dimension_surface_albedo.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING	
	standard_name	'surface_albedo' (static)	NC_STRING	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	
	ancillary_vari-	'surface_albedo_precision' (static)	NC_STRING	
	ables			
surface_albedo_precision in O3PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS				
Description:	Precision of the retrieved wavelength-dependent surface albedo.			
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel, dimension_surface_albedo.			

Type:	NC FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard name	'surface_albedo standard_error' (static)	NC STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING
cloud fractio		RODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS	
Description:		ength-dependent effective cloud fraction.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, groun	•	
Туре:	NC FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC STRING
	proposed_stand- ard_name	'effective_cloud_area_fraction_assuming_fixed cloud_albedo' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'effective wavelength-dependent cloud fraction' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	ancillary_vari- ables	'cloud_fraction_crb_precision' (static)	NC_STRING
cloud fractio	on crb precision in (D3PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RI	ESULTS
Description:	•	retrieved wavelength-dependent effective cloud fract	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd pixel.	
Type:	NC FLOAT.	_	
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	proposed_stand- ard_name	<pre>'effective_cloud_area_fraction_assuming_fixed cloud_albedo standard_error' (static)</pre>	NC_STRING
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'precision of the effective wavelength-dependent cloud fraction' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
straylight co	efficients in O3 PF	R/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS	
Description:		e straylight correction polynomial.	
Dimensions:	·	nd_pixel, dimension_straylight.	
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'fit parameters of the straylight correction polynomial' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	ancillary_vari- ables	'straylight_coefficients_precision' (static)	NC_STRING
		in O3PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED	_RESULTS
straylight co			_
straylight_co Description: Dimensions: Type:	Precision of the fit p	arameters of the straylight correction polynomial. nd_pixel, dimension_straylight.	

Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'precision of the fit parameters of the straylight cor- rection polynomial' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ozone_profile	e_error_covariance	_matrix in O3PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DET/	AILED_RESUL
Description:	The O ₃ error covar	iance matrix.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	und_pixel, level, level.	
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1e-12' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'error covariance matrix for the ozone profile' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING
		3 ,	_
error_covaria Description:	ance_matrix_other in Error covariance n	in O3_PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_f natrix for the other fit parameters (surface albedo, c ts). The order of the parameters is given in the dimens	RESULTS loud fraction a
Description: Dimensions:	Error covariance n straylight coefficien other variable. time, scanline, grou	n O3PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_f natrix for the other fit parameters (surface albedo, c	RESULTS loud fraction a
Description: Dimensions: Type:	Error covariance n straylight coefficien other variable. time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT.	n O3PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_f natrix for the other fit parameters (surface albedo, cts). The order of the parameters is given in the dimens	RESULTS loud fraction a
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Error covariance in Straylight coefficien other variable. time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT. Processor.	n O3PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_f natrix for the other fit parameters (surface albedo, c ts). The order of the parameters is given in the dimens und_pixel, dimension_apriori_other, dimension_apriori	RESULTS loud fraction asion_apriori
Description: Dimensions: Type:	Error covariance n straylight coefficien other variable. time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT. Processor.	n O3PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_f natrix for the other fit parameters (surface albedo, cts). The order of the parameters is given in the dimensund_pixel, dimension_apriori_other, dimension_apriori_	RESULTS loud fraction asion_apriori _other. Type
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Error covariance in Straylight coefficien other variable. time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT. Processor.	n O3PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_f natrix for the other fit parameters (surface albedo, c ts). The order of the parameters is given in the dimens und_pixel, dimension_apriori_other, dimension_apriori	RESULTS loud fraction asion_apriori
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Error covariance in straylight coefficien other variable. time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units	n O3PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_for natrix for the other fit parameters (surface albedo, cots). The order of the parameters is given in the dimension_pixel, dimension_apriori_other, dimension_apriori_other, dimension_apriori_other (static) Value 'various' (static) 'error covariance matrix for other fit parameters'	RESULTS loud fraction assion_aprioris _other. Type NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	Error covariance in straylight coefficien other variable. time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name coordinates	n O3PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_for natrix for the other fit parameters (surface albedo, cots). The order of the parameters is given in the dimension_pixel, dimension_apriori_other, dimension_apriori_other, dimension_apriori_other (static)	RESULTS loud fraction a sion_apriori _other. Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	Error covariance in straylight coefficien other variable. time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name coordinates ernel in O3_PR/PR	n O3PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_for natrix for the other fit parameters (surface albedo, cots). The order of the parameters is given in the dimension_apriori_other, dimension_apriori_other, dimension_apriori_other, dimension_apriori_other (static) *Value* *various* (static) *error covariance matrix for other fit parameters* (static) */PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude* (static)	RESULTS loud fraction a sion_apriori _other. Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	Error covariance in straylight coefficien other variable. time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name coordinates ernel in O3PR/PR/	n O3PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_for natrix for the other fit parameters (surface albedo, cots). The order of the parameters is given in the dimension_pixel, dimension_apriori_other, dimension_apriori_other, dimension_apriori_other (static) 'various' (static) 'error covariance matrix for other fit parameters' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS	RESULTS loud fraction asion_apriori _other. Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: averaging_ke	Error covariance in straylight coefficien other variable. time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name coordinates ernel in O3PR/PR/	n O3PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_for natrix for the other fit parameters (surface albedo, cots). The order of the parameters is given in the dimension_pixel, dimension_apriori_other, dimensi	RESULTS loud fraction a sion_apriori _other. Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: averaging_ke Description: Dimensions:	Error covariance in straylight coefficien other variable. time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name coordinates ernel in O3PR/PRotes time, scanline, ground in the averaging kerror time, scanline, ground in the scanl	n O3PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_for natrix for the other fit parameters (surface albedo, cots). The order of the parameters is given in the dimension_pixel, dimension_apriori_other, dimensi	RESULTS loud fraction a sion_apriori _other. Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: averaging_ke Description: Dimensions: Type:	Error covariance in straylight coefficien other variable. time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name coordinates ernel in O3PR/PRotime, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT.	n O3PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_for natrix for the other fit parameters (surface albedo, cots). The order of the parameters is given in the dimension_pixel, dimension_apriori_other, dimensi	RESULTS loud fraction a sion_apriori _other. Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: averaging_ke Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Error covariance in straylight coefficien other variable. time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name coordinates ernel in O3PR/PRotes The averaging kerrotime, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor.	n O3PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_for natrix for the other fit parameters (surface albedo, cots). The order of the parameters is given in the dimension_pixel, dimension_apriori_other, dimensi	RESULTS loud fraction assion_aprioris _other. Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: averaging_ke Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Error covariance in straylight coefficien other variable. time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name coordinates ernel in O3_PR/PRotesternel in O3_PR/	n O3PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_finatrix for the other fit parameters (surface albedo, cits). The order of the parameters is given in the dimension_pixel, dimension_apriori_other, dimension	RESULTS loud fraction assion_aprioris _other. Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING

Description: The root mean square deviation of observation and model:

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{N}\sum_{i=1}^{N}(y_i - f(\lambda_i; \mathbf{a}))^2}$$
(15)

with N the number of spectral points in the retrieval, y_i the observation at index i and $f(\lambda_i; \mathbf{a})$ the model at wavelength λ_i for index i and state vector \mathbf{a} .

The parameter N can be found in the $number_of_spectral_points_in_retrieval$ variable.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT.

Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'root-mean-square deviation of model and meas- urement' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	ancillary_vari- ables	'number_of_spectral_points_in_retrieval' (static)	NC_STRING
degrees_of_	freedom in O3PR/	PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS	
Description:	total degrees of free	edom for signal	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'total degrees of freedom for signal' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
degrees_of_	freedom_ozone in O	3PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RE	SULTS
Description:	degrees of freedom	for the ozone profile	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'degrees of freedom for the ozone profile' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
cost_functio		JCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS	
Description:	cost function in the	retrieval	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'cost function in the retrieval' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

H.1.1.3 Group "INPUT_DATA" in "SUPPORT_DATA"

The groups described in section E.17 "Additional data support fields" on page 169 are included in the output at this location.

Variables in O3_PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA

The variables described in section E.18 "Snow/Ice flags from NISE or ECMWF" on page 172 are included in the output at this location.

ozone_profile_apriori in O3PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA			
Description:	A priori O ₃ profile, input for the retrieval.		
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel, level.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		

Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1e-6' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'mole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude pressure' (static)	NC_STRING
surface_albe	do_apriori in O3F	PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA	
Description:	•	albedo is set to the climatological value at 335 nm from abase [RD58]. Values at shorter wavelengths are influence be of use.	•
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	ınd_pixel, dimension_surface_albedo.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Source: Attributes:	Processor. Name	Value	Туре
		Value '1' (static)	Type NC_STRING
	Name		
	Name units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	Name units standard_name	'1' (static) 'surface_albedo' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING

Description: a priori effective cloud fraction from FRESCO.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT.
Source: Processor.

	units	'1' (
Attributes:	Name	Valu
Source:	Processor.	

Ivairie	value	туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
proposed_stand- ard_name	<pre>'effective_cloud_area_fraction_assuming_fixed cloud_albedo' (static)</pre>	NC_STRING
long_name	'a priori effective wavelength-dependent cloud fraction' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

ozone_profile_apriori_precision in O3__PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA

Description: Precision of the a priori O₃ profile, $\sigma_a(i) = \sqrt{\mathbf{S}_a(i,i)}$.

The a priori error covariance matrix for the O_3 profile $\mathbf{S}_a(i,j)$ is constructed from climatological information for the diagonal elements $\sigma_a(i)$ and a correctation length l for the off-diagonal elements:

$$\mathbf{S}_{a}(i,j) = \exp\left(-\frac{|z_{i} - z_{j}|}{l}\right) \sigma_{a}(i) \sigma_{a}(j)$$
(16)

For other fit parameters the a priori error covariance matrix is zero when $i \neq j$.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel, level.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1e-6' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'precision of a priori ozone profile' (static)	NC_STRING
	correlation	-1 (static)	NC_FLOAT

The correlation length $\it l$ in meter for constructing the off-diagonal elements of the error covariance matrix.

Description These are the diagonal elements of the a priori covariance matrix of the other elements. Dimensions These are the diagonal elements of the a priori covariance matrix of the other elements. Dimensions These are the diagonal elements of the a priori covariance matrix of the other elements. Type NC_FLOAT. Type Ty		coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude pressure' (static)	NC_STRING
Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel, dimension_apriori_other. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'various' (static) NC_STRING long_name 'diagonal elements of a priori error covariance mair rix of the other fit parameters' (static) NC_STRING surface_pressure 'PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING surface_pressure OR_FLOAT Surface pressure Type: NC_FLOAT. Type Minits 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING ncc_straine Pa' (static) NC_STRING sandard_name 'surface_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING long_name 'surface_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING source NC_STRING NC_STRING possible values: ECMWF, Using DEM and assuming fixed sea-level pressure of 1013 nPa and scale height of 8.3 km NC_STRING Dimensions: Itime, scanline, ground_pixel. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name	apriori_error	_covariance_matrix	other in O3PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INP	JT_DATA
Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Processor. Mame Value Type units various' (static) NC_STRING long_name 'diagonal elements of a priori error covariance matrix of the other fit parameters' (static) NC_STRING surface_pressure in O3_PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA Description: Surface pressure. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING standard_name 'surface_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING source NC_STRING NC_STRING Possible values: ECMWF, Using DEM and assuming fixed sea-level pressure of 1013 hPa and scale height of 8.3 km NC_STRING coordinates 'PRPODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING possible values: ECMWF, Using DEM and assuming fixed sea-level pressure of 1013 hPa and scale height of 8.3 km NC_STRING coordinates 'PRPODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING prescription: Itme	Description:	These are the diago	onal elements of the a priori covariance matrix of the o	other elements.
Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units various' (static) NC_STRING long_name 'diagonal elements of a priori error covariance marrix of the other fit parameters' (static) NC_STRING coordinates '/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA Surface pressure: Dimensions: Surface pressure. Type: NC_FLOAT: Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING sandard_name 'surface_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING sand scale height of 8.3 km NC_STRING coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING possible values: ECMWF, Using DEM and assuming fixed sea-level pressure of 1013 hPa and scale height of 8.3 km NC_STRING cloud_pressure. NC_ECTIONS NC_STRING Dimensions: Inine, scanline, ground_pixel. NC_STRING Type: NC_FLOAT. NC_STRING proposed_stand_aru_name 'cloud_optical_centroid_pressure' (s	Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel, dimension_apriori_other.	
Attributes: Name Value Type units Various' (static) NC_STRING long_name 'diagonal elements of a priori error covariance matrix of the other fit parameters' (static) Coordinates 'PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING	Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
	Source:	Processor.		
	Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
Fix of the other fit parameters' (static)		units	'various' (static)	NC_STRING
Surface pressure in O3_PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA Description: Surface pressure. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING sandard_name 'surface_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING source NC_STRING Possible values: ECMWF, Using DEM and assuming fixed sea-level pressure of 1013 hPa and scale height of 8.3 km NC_STRING cloud_pressure_crb in O3_PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA NC_STRING Description: Cloud pressure. Immensions: Type: NC_FLOAT. NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. NC_STRING Attributes: NC_FLOAT. NC_STRING Source: Processor. NC_STRING Attributes: NC_FLOAT. NC_STRING proposed_standard_name 'air_pressure_at_cloud_optical_centroid_pressure' (static) NC_STRING proposed_standard_name 'loud_optical_centroid_pressure' (static) NC_STRING		long_name	·	NC_STRING
Description: Surface pressure. Immensions:		coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING standard_name 'surface_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING source NC_STRING Possible values: ECMWF, Using DEM and assuming fixed sea-level pressure of 1013 hPa and scale height of 8.3 km 'PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING cloud_pressure_crb in O3_PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA Cloud pressure. **** PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA Description: NC_FLOAT. *** Value Type Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING proposed_stand-ard_name 'air_pressure_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static) NC_STRING pressure_at_trbopopause in O3_PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA NC_STRING pressure_at_trbopopause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature profile following the WMO definition. Proposed_stand-ard_name *** Value Type processor. Value Type *** Value	surface_pres	ssure in O3PR/PR0	DDUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA	
Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING standard_name 'surface_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING fong_name 'surface_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING source NC_STRING Possible values: ECMWF, Using DEM and assuming fixed sea-level pressure of 1013 hPa and scale height of 8.3 km NC_STRING cloud_pressure_crb in O3_PR/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING Description: Cloud pressure. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Processor. Attributes: Pra' (static) NC_STRING proposed_stand_ard_name 'air_pressure_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static) NC_STRING pressure_at_tropopause in O3_PR/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING pressure_at_tropopause in O3_PR/PRODUCT/sUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA Description: Pressure at the tropopause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature profile following the WMO definiti	Description:	Surface pressure.		
Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING standard_name 'surface_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING source NC_STRING possible values: ECMWF, Using DEM and assuming fixed sea-level pressure of 1013 hPa and scale height of 8.3 km coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING Description: Cloud pressure: croordinates 'PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type pressure_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static) NC_STRING PR/PRODUCT/supgitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING pressure_at_cloud_optical_centroid_resture' (static) NC_STRING PR/PRODUCT/supgitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING Pressure at	Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING standard_name 'surface_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING long_name 'surface_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING source NC_STRING possible values: ECMWF, Using DEM and assuming fixed sea-level pressure of 1013 hPa and scale height of 8.3 km NC_STRING coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING Description: Cloud pressure. NC_STRING Dimensions: NC_FLOAT. NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. NC_STRING Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING proposed_standard_name 'air_pressure_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static) NC_STRING pressure_at_tropopause in O3_PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA NC_STRING pressure_at the tropopause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature profile following the WMO definition. NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. NC_FLOAT. Source: NC_FLOAT. Name Value	Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
wilts	Source:	Processor.		
	Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
Iong_name			· · · · · ·	
Source Possible values: ECMWF, Using DEM and assuming fixed sea-level pressure of 1013 hPa and scale height of 8.3 km roordinates rPRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) roordinates rPRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA		standard_name		
Possible values: ECMWF, Using DEM and assuming fixed sea-level pressure of 1013 hPa and scale height of 8.3 km coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING cloud_pressure_crb in O3_PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA Description: Cloud pressure. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel. Attributes: Amme Value Type India name 'cloud_optical_centroid' (static) NC_STRING proposed_standard_name 'cloud_optical_centroid' (static) NC_STRING pressure_at_tropopause in O3_PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA Description: Pressure at the tropopause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature profile following the WMO definition. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel. Attributes: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: NC_FLOAT. Amme Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING propause_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING standard_name 'tropopause_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING itropopause_air_pressure from temperature profile' NC_STRING		long_name	'surface_air_pressure' (static)	
and scale height of 8.3 km coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING cloud_pressure_crb in O3_PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA Description: Cloud pressure. time, scanline, ground_pixel. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING proposed_stand-ard_name long_name 'cloud_optical_centroid_pressure' (static) NC_STRING ard_name ressure_at_tropopause in O3_PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA Description: Pressure at the tropopause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature profile following the WMO definition. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING Type standard_name 'tropopause_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING standard_name 'tropopause_air_pressure from temperature profile' NC_STRING (static) NC_STRING		source		NC_STRING
cloud_pressure_crb in O3_PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA Description: Cloud pressure. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING proposed_standard_name 'cloud_optical_centroid_pressure' (static) NC_STRING pressure_at_tropopause in O3_PR/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING pressure_at_tropopause in O3_PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA NC_STRING Description: Pressure at the tropopause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature profile following the WMO definition. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING standard_name 'tropopause_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING long_name 'tropopause_air_pressure from temperature profile' NC_STRING				
Description: Cloud pressure. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING proposed_stand- ard_name 'cloud_optical_centroid' (static) NC_STRING rocodinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING pressure_at tropopause in O3_PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA Description: Pressure at the tropopause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature profile following the WMO definition. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING standard_name 'tropopause_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING it in the interpolation of			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	NC_STRING
Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel. Type: NC_FLOAT. Type Source: Processor. Type Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING proposed_standard_name 'cloud_optical_centroid_ressure' (static) NC_STRING coordinates 'PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING pressure_at tropopause in O3_PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA Description: Pressure at the tropopause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature profile following the WMO definition. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type Attributes: Name Value Type Attributes: Name Value Type Attributes: Name Value	—-		RODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA	
Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING proposed_stand- ard_name long_name 'cloud_optical_centroid_pressure' (static) NC_STRING coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING pressure_at_tropopause in O3_PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA Description: Pressure at the tropopause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature profile following the WMO definition. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING standard_name 'tropopause_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING long_name 'tropopause_air_pressure from temperature profile' NC_STRING long_name 'tropopause_air_pressure from temperature profile' NC_STRING static) NC_STRING	•	·		
Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING proposed_stand-ard_name 'air_pressure_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static) NC_STRING coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING pressure_at_tropopause in O3_PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA Description: Pressure at the tropopause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature profile following the WMO definition. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING standard_name 'tropopause_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING long_name 'tropopause_air_pressure from temperature profile' (static) NC_STRING		-	nd_pixel.	
Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING proposed_stand- ard_name 'cloud_optical_centroid' (static) NC_STRING coordinates 'PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING pressure_at_tropopause in O3_PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA Description: Pressure at the tropopause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature profile following the WMO definition. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING standard_name 'tropopause_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING long_name 'tropopause_air_pressure from temperature profile' NC_STRING (static) NC_STRING		_		
Imits 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING proposed_stand-ard_name 'air_pressure_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static) NC_STRING long_name 'cloud_optical_centroid_pressure' (static) NC_STRING coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING pressure_at_tropopause in O3_PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA Description: Pressure at the tropopause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature profile following the WMO definition. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING Iong_name 'tropopause_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING (static) NC_STRING				
proposed_stand-ard_name long_name 'cloud_optical_centroid' (static) NC_STRING coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING pressure_at_tropopause in O3_PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA Description: Pressure at the tropopause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature profile following the WMO definition. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING standard_name 'tropopause_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING long_name (static) NC_STRING (static)	Attributes:			
ard_name long_name 'cloud_optical_centroid_pressure' (static) NC_STRING			,	
coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING pressure_at_tropopause in O3_PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA Description: Pressure at the tropopause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature profile following the WMO definition. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Inits 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING standard_name 'tropopause_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING Iong_name 'tropopause_air_pressure from temperature profile' (static) NC_STRING		· · · —	,	
pressure_at_tropopause in O3_PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA Description: Pressure at the tropopause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature profile following the WMO definition. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING standard_name 'tropopause_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING long_name 'tropopause_air_pressure from temperature profile' (static) NC_STRING				
Description: Pressure at the tropopause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature profile following the WMO definition. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING standard_name 'tropopause_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING long_name 'tropopause_air_pressure from temperature profile' NC_STRING (static)			<u> </u>	NC_STRING
the WMO definition. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING standard_name 'tropopause_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING long_name (static) NC_STRING (static)	-			
Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING standard_name 'tropopause_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING long_name 'tropopause_air_pressure from temperature profile' NC_STRING (static)	Description:			re profile following
Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING standard_name 'tropopause_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING long_name 'tropopause_air_pressure from temperature profile' NC_STRING (static)	Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Attributes: Name Value Type units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING standard_name 'tropopause_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING long_name 'tropopause_air_pressure from temperature profile' (static)	Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
units 'Pa' (static) NC_STRING standard_name 'tropopause_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING long_name 'tropopause_air_pressure from temperature profile' (static) NC_STRING	Source:			
standard_name 'tropopause_air_pressure' (static) NC_STRING long_name 'tropopause_air_pressure from temperature profile' (static) NC_STRING	Attributes:		Value	
long_name 'tropopause_air_pressure from temperature profile' NC_STRING (static)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
(static)		standard_name	'tropopause_air_pressure' (static)	
coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING		long_name	– –	NC_STRING
		coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

'		SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA			
Description:	and the tropopause	or each ground pixel. Note that the pressure at the surfa altitude are given in the surface_pressure, cloud _tropopause variables respectively.			
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel, level.			
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.				
Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
	long_name	'pressure' (static)	NC_STRING		
	units	'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING		
	standard_name	'air_pressure' (static)	NC_STRING		
	positive	'down' (static)	NC_STRING		
surface_temp	perature in O3PR/	PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA			
Description:	Temperature at the	surface			
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.			
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.				
Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
	units	'K' (static)	NC_STRING		
	proposed_stand- ard_name	'air_temperature_at_150cm' (static)	NC_STRING		
	long_name	'temperature at the surface' (static)	NC_STRING		
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING		
	source		NC_STRING		
	Possible values: ECMWF, TOMS climatology				
	ancillary_vari-	'surface_pressure' (static)	NC_STRING		
	ables				
emperature_	_at_cloud_height in	O3PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA			
Description:	Temperature at the	cloud altitude.			
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	ind_pixel.			
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.				
Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
	units	'K' (static)	NC_STRING		
	proposed_stand- ard_name	<pre>'air_temperature_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static)</pre>	NC_STRING		
	long_name	'temperature at the level of clouds' (static)	NC_STRING		
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING		
	source		NC_STRING		
	Possible values: ECMWF, TOMS climatology				
	ancillary_vari- ables	'cloud_pressure_crb' (static)	NC_STRING		
emperature_	at_tropopause in O	3PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA			
Description:	Temperature at the	tropopause.			
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.			
Гуре:	NC_FLOAT.				
	_				
Source:	Processor.				

_ 	units	'K' (static)	NC STRING
_			_
	standard_name	'tropopause_air_temperature' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'temperature at the tropopause' (static)	NC_STRING
_	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	source	ANALE TO ACCUMENT	NC_STRING
		MWF, TOMS climatology	NO OTRINO
	ancillary_vari- ables	'pressure_at_tropopause' (static)	NC_STRING
mperature in	n O3PR/PRODUC	T/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA	
		es that belong to the ozone profiles. Note that e cloud pressure and the tropopause altitude a	
		ture, temperature_at_cloud_height and tem	perature_at
	tropopause variab	•	
	time, scanline, groun	nd_pixel, level.	
•	NC_FLOAT.		
	Processor.		
_	Name .	Value	Туре
	long_name	'temperature' (static)	NC_STRING
_	units	'K' (static)	NC_STRING
_	standard_name	'air_temperature' (static)	NC_STRING
	source		NC_STRING
		MWF, TOMS climatology	
	ancillary_vari- ables	'surface_temperature temperature_at_cloud height temperature_at_tropopause' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude pressure' (static)	NC_STRING
t itude in O3_	PR/PRODUCT/SU	PPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA	
escription:	Distance of the level	s above the geoid.	
mensions:	time, scanline, grour	nd_pixel, level.	
pe:	NC_FLOAT.		
ource:	Processor.		
tributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'altitude' (static)	NC_STRING
_	standard_name	'altitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'm' (static)	NC_STRING
rosol_index	_354_388 in O3P	R/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA	
escription:	Aerosol index (at wa	velengths 354/388, i.e. the OMI pair) from the ${\tt AER_A}$	⊥ level 2 product.
mensions:	time, scanline, groun	nd_pixel.	
pe:	NC_FLOAT.		
ource:	Processor.		
tributes:	Name	Value	Туре
_	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
_	comment	'Aerosol index from 388 and 354 nm, taken from AER_AI product' (static)	NC_STRING
	proposed_stand- ard_name	'ultraviolet_aerosol_index' (static)	NC_STRING
_		'Aerosol index from 388 and 354 nm' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	riordor madx nom dod and do rinn (diano)	
escription: mensions: pe: purce: tributes: erosol_index escription: mensions: pe: purce: tributes:	Distance of the level time, scanline, grour NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name standard_name units (_354_388 in O3_Pl Aerosol index (at wa time, scanline, grour NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units comment proposed_stand-	PPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA s above the geoid. nd_pixel, level. Value 'altitude' (static) 'm' (static) R/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA velengths 354/388, i.e. the OMI pair) from the AER_A nd_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'Aerosol index from 388 and 354 nm, taken from AER_AI product' (static) 'ultraviolet_aerosol_index' (static)	NC_ST NC_ST I level 2 Type NC_ST NC_ST NC_ST

The wavelengths	The wavelengths used for the determination of the aerosol index.		
coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	
ancillary_vari- ables	'aerosol_index_354_388_precision' (static)	NC_STRING	

H.2 Group "METADATA" in "O3__PR"

This is a group to collect metadata items, such as the items that also appear in the header file and items required by Inspire [ER12]. Most metadata will be stored as attributes. Grouping attributes that belong to a specific standard is done by using sub-groups in the Metadata group. Included in this group are the granule description, algorithm settings and quality assurance parameters. Note that some metadata attributes are required to be attached to the global level by convention, such as the CF-Metadata convention [ER1] and the NetCDF user guide [ER16]. The groups described in section E.21 "ISO metadata" on page 184 are included in the output at this location.

The groups described in section E.22 "EOP metadata" on page 203 are included in the output at this location.

The groups described in section E.23 "ESA metadata" on page 207 are included in the output at this location.

H.2.1 Group "QA STATISTICS" in "METADATA"

The groups described in section E.19 "Quality assurance statistics" on page 175 are included in the output at this location.

Dimensions in O3_PR/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS

ozone_total_column_histogram_axis Histogram axis.

size 100 (fixed)

ozone_total_column_pdf_axis Probability density function axis.

size 400 (fixed)

Variables in O3_PR/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS

arene tetel	a aluman hiata ayana	evic in CO DD/METADATA/OA CTATICTICC		
	_column_histogram_axis in O3PR/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS			
Description:	Horizontal axis for the histogram of the O ₃ total vertical column.			
Dimensions:	ozone_total_column	_histogram_axis (coordinate variable).		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'mol m-2' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
	Same unit as the ma	ain parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s	tandard.	
	comment	'Histogram axis of ozone total vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'Histogram of the ozone total vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING	
	bounds	'ozone_total_column_histogram_bounds' (static)	NC_STRING	
ozone_total_column_pdf_axis in O3PR/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS				
Description:	Horizontal axis for the probability distribution functions of the O ₃ total vertical column.			
Dimensions:	ozone_total_column_pdf_axis (coordinate variable).			
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			

Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol m-2' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
	Same unit as the m	ain parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s	tandard.
	comment	'Probability density function of ozone total vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Probability density function of ozone total vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING
	bounds	'ozone_total_column_pdf_bounds' (static)	NC_STRING
	_column_histogram_	bounds in O3PR/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	
Dimensions:	ozone_total_columr	n_histogram_axis, vertices.	
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
	_column_pdf_bound	s in O3PR/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	
Dimensions:	ozone_total_columr	n_pdf_axis, vertices.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
ozone_total_	column_histogram	n O3PR/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	
Description:	Histogram of the O ₃	total vertical column.	
Dimensions:	ozone_total_columr	n_histogram_axis.	
Туре:	NC_INT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	comment	'Histogram of the Ozone total vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING
	number_of_over- flow_values	0 (dynamic)	NC_INT
	The number of enco	ountered values that are larger than the top of the his	togram.
	number_of_un- derflow_values	0 (dynamic)	NC_INT
	The number of enco	ountered values that are smaller than the base of the	histogram.
ozone_total_	column_pdf in O3_	PR/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	
Description:	Probability density of	distribution functions of the O ₃ total vertical column.	
Dimensions:	ozone_total_columr	n_pdf_axis.	
	NC_FLOAT.		
Type:	_		
Type: Source:	Processor.		
	Name	Value	Туре
Source:		Value 0 (static)	<i>Type</i> NC_FLOAT

H.2.2 Group "ALGORITHM_SETTINGS" in "METADATA"

The algorithm settings are attached as attributes to this group. The current settings are listed here, each item in the list is a string attribute.

Configurations in O3_PR/METADATA/ALGORITHM_SETTINGS

debug.level 0

Debug level (0 minimum, 2 maximum)

configuration.version.framework 1.2.0

Allow the framework to verify that the configuration file is up to date.

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configuration.version.algorithm 1.2.0

Allow the processor to verify that the configuration file is up to date.

processing.algorithm O3__PR

Define the algorithm that is to be loaded.

processing.pixelStep 1

Step size in across track dimension (for speed).

processing.scanlineStep 4

Step size in flight direction (for speed).

input.count 5

Define the number of input files.

input.1.type L1B RA BD1

Define the input type (band) for the first input (radiance band 1). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.1.irrType L1B IR UVN

Define which irradiance accompanies the first input.

input.1.band 1

Which band is this (for selecting the irradiance and coregistration to output).

input.2.type L1B RA BD2

Define the input type (band) for the second input (radiance band 2). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.2.irrType L1B_IR UVN

Define which irradiance accompanies the second input.

input.2.band 2

Which band is this (for selecting the irradiance and coregistration to output).

input.3.type L2 FRESCO

Define the input type for the third input (FRESCO clouds, L2 product). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.3.band 6

On which band is this (for coregistration to output).

input.3.required false

FRESCO is not required, just one of the two cloud products.

input.4.type L2__AER_AI

efine the input type for the fourth input (AER_AI clouds, L2 product). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.4.band 3

On which band is this (for coregistration to output).

input.5.type L2__CLOUD_

Define the input type for the second input (DLR clouds, L2 product). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.5.band 3

On which band is this (for coregistration to output).

input.5.required false

DLR clouds is not required, just one of the two cloud products.

output.count 1

Define the number of output products (should be 1).

output.useFletcher32 true

Boolean to indicate status of Fletcher32 filter (default is on).

output.useCompression true

Boolean to set status of comression (default is on).

output.useShuffleFilter true

Boolean to set status of shuffle filter (default is on).

output.compressionLevel 3

Integer value to set compression level, default is 3.

output.1.type L2 O3 PR

Output product short name. This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

output.1.band 1

Geolocation in output follows this band.

output.1.config product.O3__PR.xml

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Output product specification.

input.coadd.count 3

Co-addition factor in the flight direction

processing.vzaMin 0.0

Minimum viewing zenith angle.

processing.vzaMax 70.0

Maximum viewing zenith angle (limit angles to 70°)

processing.szaMin 0.0

Minimum solar zenith angle.

processing.szaMax 85.0

Maximum solar zenith angle.

processing.nprogress 1000

Determines after how many processed pixels a progress message is written to the log

processing.band.count 2

Number of spectral bands for processing

processing.band.1.begin 270.0

Begin of spectral band 1

processing.band.1.end 300.0

End of spectral band 1

processing.band.1.step 1

Stepsize for band 1

processing.band.1.input 1

Data read from input 1

processing.band.2.begin 300.0

Begin of spectral band 2

processing.band.2.end 320.0

End of spectral band 2

processing.band.2.step 1

Stepsize for band 2

processing.band.2.input 2

Data read from input 2

processing.signal_to_noise.test yes

lag pixels when signal to noise ratio is below threshold. Default no testing, unless processing.signal_to_noise.window.range is set.

$\textbf{processing.signal_to_noise.window.range} \ \ 310.0, \ 315.0$

avelength pixel range for testing signal to noise ratio. Default range is all wavelengts, but only if processing.signal_to_noise.test is set

processing.signal to noise.threshold 12

Threshold value for signal to noise ratio, in decibel. Ground-pixel is flagged when majority wavelength pixels has signal to noise below threshold. Default is 12.

processing.radianceFractionMinError 0.80

inumum fraction of valid spectral pixels required in band 2 for processing ground-pixel. With less pixels a PQF E INPUT SPECTRUM MISSING is generated.

processing.radianceFractionMinWarning 0.98

ith less valid spectral pixels in band 2 a PQF_W_INPUT_SPECTRUM_WARNING is generated. The ground-pixel can still be processed.

processing.band1.surfaceAlbedoWav 335.0

Use the surface albedo from the LER lookup table at this wavelength for band 1 (as a priori value).

processing.band2.surfaceAlbedoWav 335.0

Use the surface albedo from the LER lookup table at this wavelength for band 2 (as a priori value).

processing.level.count 21

processing.sub_column.count 4

number of sub-columns (dimension)

processing.apriori_other.count 2

number of other a priori elements (dimension)

processing.stray_light.count 2

number of stray light polynomial elements (dimension)

processing.cloud_fractions.count 1

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number of cloud fractions (dimension)

output.histogram.ozone total column.range 0.06, 0.26

Range for the histogram of the total O₃ column

processing.groupDem DEM RADIUS 15000

Which DEM to use.

processing.groupLer OMI

Which LER database to use.

qa_value.input_spectrum_warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the number of pixels in the input spectrum is below nominal.

ga value.wavelength calibration warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the wavelength calibration offset is larger than a configured threshold.

ga value.extrapolation warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when extrapolation was used in the retrieval.

ga value.sun glint warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the pixel is potentially affected by sun glint.

qa_value.south_atlantic_anomaly_warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the instrument was flying through the South Atlantic Anomaly while taking this measurement.

ga value.sun glint correction 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the cloud fraction was corrected for sun glint.

qa value.snow ice warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the snow ice warning flag is raised.

qa value.cloud warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the cloud warning flag is raised.

qa_value.AAl_warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the AAI warning flag is raised.

qa value.pixel level input data missing 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the pixel level input data missing flag is raised.

ga value.data range warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the data range warning flag is raised.

ga value.low cloud fraction warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the low cloud fraction warning flag is raised.

qa value.altitude consistency warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the altitude_consistency_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.signal_to_noise_ratio_warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the signal to noise ratio warning flag is raised.

ga value.deconvolution warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the deconvolution_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.so2_volcanic_origin_likely_warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the so2 volcanic origin likely warning flag is raised.

qa value.so2 volcanic origin certain warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the so2 volcanic origin certain warning flag is

qa value.interpolation warning 90.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the interpolation warning flag is raised.

H.2.3 Group "GRANULE DESCRIPTION" in "METADATA"

Attributes in O3 PR/METADATA/GRANULE DESCRIPTION

The attributes described in section E.20 "Granule metadata" on page 183 are included in the output at this location.

Group attributes attached to GRANULE_DESCRIPTION			
Name	Value	Туре	
ProductShortName	'L2_O3_PR' (static)	NC_STRING	
The short product name. For	or the full O ₃ profile product this is fixed to "L2O3_	_PR".	

I Description of the O₃ tropospheric profile product

Description of the main output file for the Tropospheric Ozone Profile product from the TROPOMI instrument on the Sentinel 5-precursor mission.

Global attributes in O3_TPR

The attributes described in section M "Common file-level attributes" on page 367 are included in the output at this location.

The attributes described in section E.2 "Status dynamic ECMWF auxiliary data" on page 145 are included in the output at this location.

The attributes described in section E.3 "Status dynamic NISE auxiliary data" on page 145 are included in the output at this location.

Group attributes atta	iched to O3_TPR	
Name	Value	Туре
title	'TROPOMI/S5P Tropospheric Ozone Profile 1-Orbit L2 Swath 7x3.5km' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
This is a showly does	vintion of the product. This title is dispense because in pear realtime	

This is a short description of the product. This title is dynamic because in near-realtime processing the granule is shorter than one orbit. The nominal value is "TROPOMI/S5P Tropospheric Ozone Profile 1-Orbit L2 Swath 7x3.5km". This attribute originates from the NUG standard.

STRING
ì

Included for compatibility with the CCI project, where this item is defined as "the product version of this data file." We will use the file format version for this attribute following several CCI sub-projects. This attribute originates from the CCI standard.

processing_status	'Nominal' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
-------------------	---------------------	-----------

Description the processing status of the granule on a global level, mainly based on the availability of auxiliary input data.

Possible values: Nominal, Degraded

I.1 Group "PRODUCT" in "O3_TPR"

This is the main group containing the Tropospheric Ozone Profile product. At this level the dimensions are defined, the actual data can be found one level deeper.

Dimensions in O3 TPR/PRODUCT

The dimensions described in section E.4 "Common dimensions" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

The dimensions described in section E.5 "Dimensions for optional output" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

dimension_surface_albedo The number of nodes in the surface albedo polynomial.

size -1 (dynamic)
source Processor.

dimension straylight The number of nodes in the straylight polynomial.

size -1 (dynamic)
source Processor.

dimension_apriori_other Number of other state vector elements.

size -1 (dynamic)
source Processor.

level The number of levels (interfaces) on which the retrieval is done.

size -1 (dynamic)
source Processor.

Variables in O3_TPR/PRODUCT

The variables described in section E.6 "Coordinate variables" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.7 "Dimensional variables for optional output" on page 148 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.8 "The geolocation fields" on page 149 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.9 "Common product fields" on page 150 are included in the output at this location.

nis location.				
dimension_s	urface_albedo in O3	3_TPR/PRODUCT		
Description:	The wavelengths at which the surface albedo nodes are located.			
Dimensions:	dimension_surface_	_albedo (coordinate variable).		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'nm' (static)	NC_STRING	
	standard_name	'radiation_wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'Wavelengths at which the surface albedo is fitted' (static)	NC_STRING	
dimension_s	traylight in O3_TPR/	/PRODUCT		
Description:	The wavelengths at	which the straylight polynomial nodes are located.		
Dimensions:	dimension_strayligh	nt (coordinate variable).		
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'nm' (static)	NC_STRING	
	standard_name	'radiation_wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'Wavelengths at which the straylight polynomial is fitted' (static)	NC_STRING	
dimension_a	priori_other in O3_T	PR/PRODUCT		
Description:	Names of the eleme	ents stored in the "other a priori" vector.		
Dimensions:	dimension_apriori_d	other (coordinate variable).		
Туре:	NC_STRING.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
•	long_name	'Names of the other state vector elements.' (static)	NC STRING	
	iong_name	Names of the other state vector elements. (static)	110_0111111	
level in O3_Ti	PR/PRODUCT	realities of the other state vector elements. (static)	110_01111110	
level in O3_TI Description:	PR/PRODUCT Vertical levels. The p	pressure of the levels is given in the "pressure" variate merely holds an enumeration of the levels.	_	
_	PR/PRODUCT Vertical levels. The p	pressure of the levels is given in the "pressure" variage merely holds an enumeration of the levels.	_	
Description:	PR/PRODUCT Vertical levels. The p page 294. This valu	pressure of the levels is given in the "pressure" variage merely holds an enumeration of the levels.	_	
Description: Dimensions:	PR/PRODUCT Vertical levels. The page 294. This valuelevel (coordinate value)	pressure of the levels is given in the "pressure" variage merely holds an enumeration of the levels.	_	

NC STRING 'Z' (static) axis ozone profile in O3 TPR/PRODUCT The O₃ profile given as volume mixing ratios on the levels. Note that the order of the Description: dimensions is not conform CF. This is intentional, as the 'unit' of each retrieval is a profile, not a sequence of levels. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel, level. NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units '1e-6' (static) NC STRING standard_name 'mole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air' (static) NC_STRING 'longitude latitude SUPPORT DATA/INPUT DATA/ coordinates NC STRING pressure' (static) ancillary vari-'ozone profile precision SUPPORT DATA/ NC STRING ables DETAILED RESULTS/covariance matrix error_O3 SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS/ averaging_kernel' (static) ozone_profile_precision in O3_TPR/PRODUCT Description: The precision of the ozone profile given as volume mixing ratios on the levels. Note that the order of the dimensions is not conform CF. This is intentional, as the 'unit' of each retrieval is a profile, not a sequence of levels. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel, level. NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor. Attributes: Value Name Type units NC STRING '1e-6' (static) standard_name 'mole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air standard_error' NC STRING coordinates 'longitude latitude SUPPORT DATA/INPUT DATA/ NC STRING pressure' (static) ozone_concentration_at_surface in O3_TPR/PRODUCT Description: Extra level for the O₃ profile at the surface. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel. NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units '1e-6' (static) NC STRING NC STRING standard_name 'mole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) coordinates NC_STRING 'ozone concentration at surface precision SUPancillary vari-NC STRING PORT DATA/INPUT DATA/surface pressure' ables (static) ozone_concentration_at_surface_precision in O3_TPR/PRODUCT Description: Precision of the extra level for the O₃ profile at the surface. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel. Type: NC FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units '1e-6' (static) NC STRING

	standard_name	<pre>'mole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air standard_error' (static)</pre>	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ozone_conce	entration_at_cloud_h	neight in O3_TPR/PRODUCT	
Description:	Extra level for the O	3 profile at the level of the cloud.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Type
	units	'1e-6' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'mole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	ancillary_vari- ables	'ozone_concentration_at_cloud_height_precision SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/cloud_pressure crb' (static)	NC_STRING
ozone_conce	entration_at_cloud_h	neight_precision in O3_TPR/PRODUCT	
Description:		a level for the O_3 profile at the cloud.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, groui	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
•	units	'1e-6' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'mole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ozone_conce	entration_at_tropopa	use in O3_TPR/PRODUCT	
Description:	Extra level for the O	g profile at the tropopause.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, groui	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1e-6' (static)	NC_STRING
		, ,	
	standard_name	'mole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name coordinates	<pre>'mole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)</pre>	NC_STRING NC_STRING
	_	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'ozone_concentration_at_tropopause_precision SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/pressure_at_tro-	
ozone conce	coordinates ancillary_vari- ables	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'ozone_concentration_at_tropopause_precision SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/pressure_at_tro- popause' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates ancillary_vari- ables entration_at_tropopa	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'ozone_concentration_at_tropopause_precision SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/pressure_at_tro- popause' (static) nuse_precision in O3_TPR/PRODUCT	NC_STRING
Description:	coordinates ancillary_variables entration_at_tropopa Precision of the extr	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'ozone_concentration_at_tropopause_precision SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/pressure_at_tro- popause' (static) nuse_precision in O3_TPR/PRODUCT a level for the O ₃ profile at the tropopause.	NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions:	coordinates ancillary_variables entration_at_tropopa Precision of the extratime, scanline, ground	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'ozone_concentration_at_tropopause_precision SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/pressure_at_tro- popause' (static) nuse_precision in O3_TPR/PRODUCT a level for the O ₃ profile at the tropopause.	NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type:	coordinates ancillary_variables entration_at_tropopa Precision of the extratime, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT.	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'ozone_concentration_at_tropopause_precision SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/pressure_at_tro- popause' (static) nuse_precision in O3_TPR/PRODUCT a level for the O ₃ profile at the tropopause.	NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	coordinates ancillary_variables entration_at_tropopa Precision of the extratime, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor.	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'ozone_concentration_at_tropopause_precision SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/pressure_at_tro- popause' (static) nuse_precision in O3_TPR/PRODUCT a level for the O ₃ profile at the tropopause. nd_pixel.	NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type:	coordinates ancillary_variables entration_at_tropopa Precision of the extratime, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'ozone_concentration_at_tropopause_precision SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/pressure_at_tro- popause' (static) ause_precision in O3_TPR/PRODUCT a level for the O ₃ profile at the tropopause. nd_pixel. Value	NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	coordinates ancillary_variables entration_at_tropopa Precision of the extratime, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'ozone_concentration_at_tropopause_precision SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/pressure_at_tro- popause' (static) nuse_precision in O3_TPR/PRODUCT a level for the O3 profile at the tropopause. nd_pixel. Value '1e-6' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING Type NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	coordinates ancillary_variables entration_at_tropopa Precision of the extratime, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'ozone_concentration_at_tropopause_precision SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/pressure_at_tro- popause' (static) **use_precision* in O3_TPR/PRODUCT a level for the O3 profile at the tropopause. **nd_pixel.** Value '1e-6' (static) 'mole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air_standard_error'	NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	coordinates ancillary_variables entration_at_tropopa Precision of the extratime, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'ozone_concentration_at_tropopause_precision SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/pressure_at_tro- popause' (static) nuse_precision in O3_TPR/PRODUCT a level for the O3 profile at the tropopause. nd_pixel. Value '1e-6' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING Type NC_STRING

NC FLOAT

The retrieved total column. Description: Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_ozone' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ancillary_vari- ables	'ozone_total_column_precision' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication factor_to_con-	2241.15 (static)	NC_FLOAT

vert to DU

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "DU" or Dobson Units. This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in DU from the value in mol m⁻². This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in DU.

6.022140857e+19 (static)

multiplication factor_to_convert_to_molecules percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in molecules cm⁻² from the value in mol m⁻². This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in molecules cm^{-2} .

ozone_total_column_precision in O3_TPR/PRODUCT

Description: Precision of the retrieved total column.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_ozone standard error' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication	2241.15 (static)	NC_FLOAT

vert_to_DU

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is mol m⁻². Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "DU" or Dobson Units. This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in DU from the value in $mol m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in DU.

6.022140857e+19 (static) NC_FLOAT multiplication_factor_to_convert_to_molecules_percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is mol m⁻². Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in molecules cm⁻² from the value in mol m⁻². This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in molecules cm^{-2} .

ozone_tropospheric_column in O3 TPR/PRODUCT

Description: Integrated tropospheric O₃ profile. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'troposphere_mole_content_of_ozone' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ancillary_vari- ables	'ozone_tropospheric_column_precision' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication -	2241.15 (static)	NC FLOAT

factor to convert to DU

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is mol m⁻². Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "DU" or Dobson Units. This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in DU from the value in $mol m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in DU.

6.022140857e+19 (static) NC FLOAT multiplication factor to convert to molecules_percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is mol m⁻². Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm $^{-2}$ ". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in molecules cm $^{-2}$ from the value in mol m $^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in molecules cm^{-2} .

ozone_tropospheric_column_precision in O3_TPR/PRODUCT

Description: Precision of the integrated tropospheric O₃ profile.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'troposphere_mole_content_of_ozone standard error' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication factor_to_con-	2241.15 (static)	NC_FLOAT

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "DU" or Dobson Units. This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in DU from the value in mol m⁻². This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in DU.

multiplication_- 6.022140857e+19 (static)

NC_FLOAT

factor_to_convert_to_molecules_percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol\,m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$ from the value in $mol\,m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$.

I.1.1 Group "SUPPORT_DATA" in "PRODUCT"

I.1.1.1 Group "GEOLOCATIONS" in "SUPPORT_DATA"

Variables in O3_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/GEOLOCATIONS

The variables described in section E.10 "Additional geolocation support fields" on page 151 are included in the output at this location.

I.1.1.2 Group "DETAILED RESULTS" in "SUPPORT DATA"

Variables in O3_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

The variables described in section E.12 "Additional detailed results fields" on page 154 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.11 "Number of iterations" on page 154 are included in the output at this location.

surface_albe	do in O3_TPR/PROI	DUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS	
Description:	The retrieved wavel	ength-dependent surface albedo.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel, dimension_surface_albedo.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'surface_albedo' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	ancillary_vari-	'surface_albedo_precision' (static)	NC_STRING
	ables		
surface_albe	do_precision in O3_	_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESU	JLTS
Description:	Precision of the retr	rieved wavelength-dependent surface albedo.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel, dimension_surface_albedo.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'surface_albedo standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
cloud_fractio	on_crb in O3_TPR/PI	RODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS	
Description:	The retrieved wavelength-dependent effective cloud fraction.		

Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd pixel.	
Type:	NC FLOAT.	_	
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	proposed_stand- ard_name	'effective_cloud_area_fraction_assuming_fixed cloud_albedo' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'effective wavelength-dependent cloud fraction' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	ancillary_vari- ables	'cloud_fraction_crb_precision' (static)	NC_STRING
cloud_fractio	on_crb_precision in	O3_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_R	ESULTS
Description:	The precision of the	retrieved wavelength-dependent effective cloud fract	ion.
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Гуре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	proposed_stand- ard_name	<pre>'effective_cloud_area_fraction_assuming_fixed cloud_albedo standard_error' (static)</pre>	NC_STRING
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'precision of the effective wavelength-dependent cloud fraction' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
straylight_co	efficients in O3_TPF	R/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS	6
Description:	Fit parameters of th	e straylight correction polynomial.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel, dimension_straylight.	
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'fit parameters of the straylight correction polynomial' (static)	NC_STRING
		(/DDODLIOT/lese estande /DDODLIOT/lestande / /estatio)	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	ancillary_vari- ables	'straylight_coefficients_precision' (static)	NC_STRING
	ancillary_vari- ables efficients_precision	'straylight_coefficients_precision' (static)	NC_STRING
Description:	ancillary_vari- ables efficients_precision Precision of the fit p	'straylight_coefficients_precision' (static) in O3_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED carameters of the straylight correction polynomial.	NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions:	ancillary_vari- ables refficients_precision Precision of the fit p time, scanline, grou	'straylight_coefficients_precision' (static)	NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type:	ancillary_variables refficients_precision Precision of the fit p time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT.	'straylight_coefficients_precision' (static) in O3_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED carameters of the straylight correction polynomial.	NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	ancillary_variables efficients_precision Precision of the fit p time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT. Processor.	'straylight_coefficients_precision' (static) in O3_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED parameters of the straylight correction polynomial. ind_pixel, dimension_straylight.	NC_STRING)_RESULTS
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	ancillary_variables refficients_precision Precision of the fit p time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT.	'straylight_coefficients_precision' (static) in O3_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED carameters of the straylight correction polynomial. Ind_pixel, dimension_straylight. Value	NC_STRING)_RESULTS Type
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	ancillary_variables efficients_precision Precision of the fit p time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT. Processor.	'straylight_coefficients_precision' (static) in O3_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED parameters of the straylight correction polynomial. Ind_pixel, dimension_straylight. Value '1' (static)	NC_STRING D_RESULTS Type NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	ancillary_variables refficients_precision Precision of the fit p time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name	'straylight_coefficients_precision' (static) in O3_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED carameters of the straylight correction polynomial. Ind_pixel, dimension_straylight. Value	NC_STRING D_RESULTS Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
straylight_co Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	ancillary_variables refficients_precision Precision of the fit p time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units	'straylight_coefficients_precision' (static) in O3_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED parameters of the straylight correction polynomial. Ind_pixel, dimension_straylight. Value '1' (static) 'precision of the fit parameters of the straylight cor-	NC_STRING D_RESULTS Type NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	ancillary_variables refficients_precision Precision of the fit p time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name coordinates	'straylight_coefficients_precision' (static) in O3_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED parameters of the straylight correction polynomial. Ind_pixel, dimension_straylight. Value '1' (static) 'precision of the fit parameters of the straylight correction polynomial' (static)	NC_STRING Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING

variable.

NC_FLOAT.

Processor.

long_name

coordinates

ancillary_vari-

Name

units

ables

time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Value

'1' (static)

urement' (static)

'root-mean-square deviation of model and meas-

'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)

'number_of_spectral_points_in_retrieval' (static)

Dimensions:

Attributes:

Type: Source:

Туре

NC_STRING

NC_STRING

NC_STRING

NC_STRING

Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel, level, level.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1e-12' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'error covariance matrix for the ozone profile' (static)	NC_STRING
•	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
error_covaria	nce_matrix_other in	O3_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_	RESULTS
Description:		atrix for the other fit parameters (surface albedo, cs). The order of the parameters is given in the dimens	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, groun	nd_pixel, dimension_apriori_other, dimension_apriori	_other.
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'various' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'error covariance matrix for other fit parameters' (static)	NC_STRING
•	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
averaging_ke	ernel in O3_TPR/PRC	DDUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS	
Description:	The averaging kerne	el for the O ₃ tropospheric profile	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, groun	nd_pixel, level, level.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'averaging kernel' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
root_mean_s	quare_error_of_fit ir	n O3_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_	RESULTS
Description:	The root mean squa	re deviation of observation and model:	
		$\sqrt{\frac{1}{N}\sum_{i=1}^{N}(y_i - f(\lambda_i; \mathbf{a}))^2}$	(17)
		f spectral points in the retrieval, y_i the observation at in ngth λ_i for index i and state vector \mathbf{a} .	ndex i and $f(\lambda_i; \mathbf{a})$
		an be found in the number_of_spectral_points	_in_retrieval

degrees_of_f	degrees_of_freedom in O3_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS			
Description:	total degrees of freedom for signal			
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
•	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'total degrees of freedom for signal' (static)	NC_STRING	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	
degrees_of_f	reedom_ozone in O	3_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RE	SULTS	
Description:	degrees of freedom for the ozone profile			
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel.			
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
•	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'degrees of freedom for the ozone profile' (static)	NC_STRING	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	
cost_function	n in O3_TPR/PRODU	CT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS		
Description:	cost function in the	retrieval		
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
•	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING	
•	long_name	'cost function in the retrieval' (static)	NC_STRING	
•	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	

I.1.1.3 Group "INPUT_DATA" in "SUPPORT_DATA"

The groups described in section E.17 "Additional data support fields" on page 169 are included in the output at this location.

Variables in O3 TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/INPUT DATA

The variables described in section E.18 "Snow/Ice flags from NISE or ECMWF" on page 172 are included in the output at this location.

ozone_profile_apriori in O3_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA				
Description:	A priori O ₃ profile, input for the retrieval.			
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	ınd_pixel, level.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'1e-6' (static)	NC_STRING	
	standard_name	'mole_fraction_of_ozone_in_air' (static)	NC_STRING	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude pres-	NC_STRING	
sure' (static)				
surface_albedo_apriori in O3_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA				

Description:	The a priori surface albedo is set to the climatological value at 335 nm from the Kleipool et al.
	surface albedo database [RD58]. Values at shorter wavelengths are influenced too strongly

by O_3 absorption to be of use.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel, dimension_surface_albedo.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
-------------	------	-------	------

		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'surface_albedo' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'a priori surface albedo' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING

cloud fraction apriori in O3 TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/INPUT DATA

Description: a priori effective cloud fraction from FRESCO.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
-------------	------	-------	------

units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
proposed_stand- ard_name	<pre>'effective_cloud_area_fraction_assuming_fixed cloud_albedo' (static)</pre>	NC_STRING
long_name	'a priori effective wavelength-dependent cloud fraction' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODITICT/longitude /PRODITICT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING

ozone_profile_apriori_precision in O3_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA

Description: Precision of the a priori O₃ profile, $\sigma_a(i) = \sqrt{S_a(i,i)}$.

The a priori error covariance matrix for the O_3 profile $S_a(i,j)$ is constructed from climatological information for the diagonal elements $\sigma_a(i)$ and a correctation length l for the off-diagonal elements:

$$\mathbf{S}_{a}(i,j) = \exp\left(-\frac{|z_{i} - z_{j}|}{l}\right) \sigma_{a}(i) \sigma_{a}(j)$$
(18)

For other fit parameters the a priori error covariance matrix is zero when $i \neq j$.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel, level.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

	!4	(d = C! /=t=t!=)	NO CTO
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре

units	'1e-6' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'precision of a priori ozone profile' (static)	NC_STRING
correlation	-1 (static)	NC_FLOAT

The correlation length l in meter for constructing the off-diagonal elements of the error covariance matrix.

coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude pres- NC_STRING sure' (static)

apriori_error_covariance_matrix_other in O3_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA

Description: These are just the diagonal elements of the a priori covariance matrix of the other elements.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel, dimension_apriori_other.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Source:

Processor.

Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'various' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'diagonal elements of a priori error covariance mat-	NC_STRING
		rix of the other fit parameters' (static)	NO OTRINO
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	_	DDUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA	
Description:	Surface pressure.		
Dimensions:	time, scanline, groun	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'surface_air_pressure' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'surface_air_pressure' (static)	NC_STRING
	source		NC_STRING
	Possible values: EC and scale height of a	MWF, Using DEM and assuming fixed sea-level pres 8.3 km	sure of 1013 hPa
·	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
cloud_pressu	ure_crb in O3_TPR/P	RODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA	
Description:	Cloud pressure.		
Dimensions:	time, scanline, groun	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING
	proposed_stand-	'air_pressure_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static)	NC_STRING
	proposed_stand- ard_name		_
		'cloud_optical_centroid_pressure' (static)	NC_STRING
	ard_name		_
pressure_at_	ard_name long_name coordinates	'cloud_optical_centroid_pressure' (static)	NC_STRING
pressure_at_ Description:	ard_name long_name coordinates tropopause in O3_T	'cloud_optical_centroid_pressure' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA opause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature	NC_STRING NC_STRING
	ard_name long_name coordinates tropopause in O3_T Pressure at the tropo	'cloud_optical_centroid_pressure' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA opause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature	NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description:	ard_name long_name coordinates tropopause in O3_T Pressure at the tropo the WMO definition.	'cloud_optical_centroid_pressure' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA opause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature	NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions:	ard_name long_name coordinates tropopause in O3_T Pressure at the tropo the WMO definition. time, scanline, groun	'cloud_optical_centroid_pressure' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA opause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature	NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type:	ard_name long_name coordinates tropopause in O3_T Pressure at the tropo the WMO definition. time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT.	'cloud_optical_centroid_pressure' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA opause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature	NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	ard_name long_name coordinates tropopause in O3_T Pressure at the tropo the WMO definition. time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor.	'cloud_optical_centroid_pressure' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA opause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature and_pixel.	NC_STRING NC_STRING re profile following
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	ard_name long_name coordinates tropopause in O3_T Pressure at the tropo the WMO definition. time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name	'cloud_optical_centroid_pressure' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA opause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperatuland_pixel. Value	NC_STRING NC_STRING re profile following
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	ard_name long_name coordinates tropopause in O3_T Pressure at the tropo the WMO definition. time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units	'cloud_optical_centroid_pressure' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA opause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature and_pixel. Value 'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING re profile following Type NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	ard_name long_name coordinates tropopause in O3_T Pressure at the tropo the WMO definition. time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name	'cloud_optical_centroid_pressure' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA opause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature nd_pixel. Value 'Pa' (static) 'tropopause_air_pressure' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING re profile following Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	ard_name long_name coordinates tropopause in O3_T Pressure at the tropo the WMO definition. time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name	'cloud_optical_centroid_pressure' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA opause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature and_pixel. Value 'Pa' (static) 'tropopause_air_pressure' (static) 'tropopause_air_pressure from temperature profile'	NC_STRING NC_STRING re profile following Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	ard_name long_name coordinates tropopause in O3_T Pressure at the tropo the WMO definition. time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name long_name coordinates	'cloud_optical_centroid_pressure' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA pause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature nd_pixel. Value 'Pa' (static) 'tropopause_air_pressure' (static) 'tropopause_air_pressure from temperature profile' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING re profile following Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	ard_name long_name coordinates tropopause in O3_T Pressure at the tropo the WMO definition. time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name long_name coordinates 03_TPR/PRODUCT/S The pressure grid for and the tropopause are	'cloud_optical_centroid_pressure' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA opause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature and_pixel. Value 'Pa' (static) 'tropopause_air_pressure' (static) 'tropopause_air_pressure from temperature profile' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) UPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA reach ground pixel. Note that the pressure at the surface in the surface_pressure, cloud.	NC_STRING NC_STRING re profile following Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: pressure in C Description:	ard_name long_name coordinates tropopause in O3_T Pressure at the tropo the WMO definition. time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name long_name coordinates 03_TPR/PRODUCT/S The pressure grid for and the tropopause a and pressure_at_	'cloud_optical_centroid_pressure' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA opause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature and_pixel. Value 'Pa' (static) 'tropopause_air_pressure' (static) 'tropopause_air_pressure from temperature profile' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) UPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA reach ground pixel. Note that the pressure at the surface altitude are given in the surface_pressure, cloud_tropopause variables respectively.	NC_STRING NC_STRING re profile following Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	ard_name long_name coordinates tropopause in O3_T Pressure at the tropo the WMO definition. time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name long_name coordinates 03_TPR/PRODUCT/S The pressure grid for and the tropopause are	'cloud_optical_centroid_pressure' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA opause, calculated from the lapse rate in the temperature and_pixel. Value 'Pa' (static) 'tropopause_air_pressure' (static) 'tropopause_air_pressure from temperature profile' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) UPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA reach ground pixel. Note that the pressure at the surface altitude are given in the surface_pressure, cloud_tropopause variables respectively.	NC_STRING NC_STRING re profile following Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING

Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
-	long_name	'pressure' (static)	NC_STRING
_	units	'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING
_	standard_name	'air_pressure' (static)	NC_STRING
	positive	'down' (static)	NC_STRING
	_	PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA	
Description:	Temperature at the		
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
_	units	'K' (static)	NC_STRING
	proposed_stand- ard_name	'air_temperature_at_150cm' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'temperature at the surface' (static)	NC_STRING
_	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
-	source		NC_STRING
	Possible values: EC	MWF, TOMS climatology	
_	ancillary_vari-	'surface_pressure' (static)	NC_STRING
	ables		
temperature_a	at_cloud_height in (D3_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA	
Description:	Temperature at the	cloud altitude.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, groun	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
_	units	'K' (static)	NC_STRING
-	units proposed_stand- ard_name	'K' (static) 'air_temperature_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING
-	proposed_stand-	'air_temperature_at_cloud_optical_centroid'	
- - -	proposed_stand- ard_name	'air_temperature_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static)	NC_STRING
- - -	proposed_stand- ard_name long_name	'air_temperature_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static) 'temperature at the level of clouds' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING
- - -	proposed_stand- ard_name long_name coordinates source	'air_temperature_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static) 'temperature at the level of clouds' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
- - -	proposed_stand- ard_name long_name coordinates source	'air_temperature_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static) 'temperature at the level of clouds' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
- - - emperature_	proposed_stand- ard_name long_name coordinates source Possible values: EC ancillary_vari- ables	'air_temperature_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static) 'temperature at the level of clouds' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) MWF, TOMS climatology	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
-	proposed_stand- ard_name long_name coordinates source Possible values: EC ancillary_vari- ables	'air_temperature_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static) 'temperature at the level of clouds' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) MWF, TOMS climatology 'cloud_pressure_crb' (static) B_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description:	proposed_stand- ard_name long_name coordinates source Possible values: EC ancillary_vari- ables at_tropopause in O3	'air_temperature_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static) 'temperature at the level of clouds' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) MWF, TOMS climatology 'cloud_pressure_crb' (static) B_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA tropopause.	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
temperature_a Description: Dimensions: Type:	proposed_stand- ard_name long_name coordinates source Possible values: EC ancillary_vari- ables at_tropopause in O3 Temperature at the	'air_temperature_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static) 'temperature at the level of clouds' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) MWF, TOMS climatology 'cloud_pressure_crb' (static) B_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA tropopause.	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type:	proposed_stand- ard_name long_name coordinates source Possible values: EC ancillary_vari- ables at_tropopause in O3 Temperature at the statement of the stateme	'air_temperature_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static) 'temperature at the level of clouds' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) MWF, TOMS climatology 'cloud_pressure_crb' (static) B_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA tropopause.	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	proposed_stand-ard_name long_name coordinates source Possible values: EC ancillary_vari- ables at_tropopause in O3 Temperature at the time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT.	'air_temperature_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static) 'temperature at the level of clouds' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) MWF, TOMS climatology 'cloud_pressure_crb' (static) B_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA tropopause.	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions:	proposed_stand-ard_name long_name coordinates source Possible values: EC ancillary_vari- ables at_tropopause in O3 Temperature at the time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name	'air_temperature_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static) 'temperature at the level of clouds' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) MWF, TOMS climatology 'cloud_pressure_crb' (static) B_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA tropopause. nd_pixel. Value	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	proposed_stand- ard_name long_name coordinates source Possible values: EC ancillary_vari- ables at_tropopause in O3 Temperature at the time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units	'air_temperature_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static) 'temperature at the level of clouds' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) MWF, TOMS climatology 'cloud_pressure_crb' (static) B_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA tropopause. nd_pixel. Value 'K' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING Type NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	proposed_stand- ard_name long_name coordinates source Possible values: EC ancillary_vari- ables at_tropopause in O3 Temperature at the time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name	'air_temperature_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static) 'temperature at the level of clouds' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) MWF, TOMS climatology 'cloud_pressure_crb' (static) B_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA tropopause. nd_pixel. Value 'K' (static) 'tropopause_air_temperature' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	proposed_stand- ard_name long_name coordinates source Possible values: EC ancillary_vari- ables at_tropopause in OC Temperature at the time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name long_name	'air_temperature_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static) 'temperature at the level of clouds' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) MWF, TOMS climatology 'cloud_pressure_crb' (static) B_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA tropopause. nd_pixel. Value 'K' (static) 'tropopause_air_temperature' (static) 'temperature at the tropopause' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	proposed_stand- ard_name long_name coordinates source Possible values: EC ancillary_vari- ables at_tropopause in O3 Temperature at the time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name	'air_temperature_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static) 'temperature at the level of clouds' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) MWF, TOMS climatology 'cloud_pressure_crb' (static) B_TPR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA tropopause. nd_pixel. Value 'K' (static) 'tropopause_air_temperature' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING Type NC_STRING NC_STRING

	ancillary_vari- ables	'pressure_at_tropopause' (static)	NC_STRING
temperature	in O3 TPR/PRODUC	CT/SUPPORT DATA/INPUT DATA	
Description:	at the surface, th	les that belong to the ozone profiles. Note that ne cloud pressure and the tropopause altitude a	are given in the
		ature, temperature_at_cloud_height and tem	nperature_at_
D: :	tropopause varia		
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	und_pixel, level.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name .	Value	Туре
	long_name	'temperature' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'K' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'air_temperature' (static)	NC_STRING
	source		NC_STRING
		CMWF, TOMS climatology	
	ancillary_vari- ables	'surface_temperature temperature_at_cloud height temperature_at_tropopause' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude pressure' (static)	NC_STRING
altitude in O3	_TPR/PRODUCT/SI	UPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA	
Description:	Distance of the leve	els above the geoid.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	und_pixel, level.	
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'altitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'altitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'm' (static)	NC_STRING
aerosol_inde	x_354_388 in O3_TI	PR/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA	
Description:	Aerosol index (at w	avelengths 354/388, i.e. the OMI pair) from the AER_A	⊥ level 2 product
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	und_pixel.	
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'Aerosol index from 388 and 354 nm, taken from AER_AI product' (static)	NC_STRING
	proposed_stand- ard_name	'ultraviolet_aerosol_index' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Aerosol index from 388 and 354 nm' (static)	NC_STRING
	radiation wavelength	354.0, 388.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	The wavelengths us	sed for the determination of the aerosol index.	
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

I.2 Group "METADATA" in "O3_TPR"

This is a group to collect metadata items, such as the items that also appear in the header file and items required by Inspire [ER12]. Most metadata will be stored as attributes. Grouping attributes that belong to a specific standard is done by using sub-groups in the Metadata group. Included in this group are the granule description, algorithm settings and quality assurance parameters. Note that some metadata attributes are required to be attached to the global level by convention, such as the CF-Metadata convention [ER1] and the NetCDF user guide [ER16]. The groups described in section E.21 "ISO metadata" on page 184 are included in the output at this location.

The groups described in section E.22 "EOP metadata" on page 203 are included in the output at this location.

The groups described in section E.23 "ESA metadata" on page 207 are included in the output at this location.

I.2.1 Group "QA STATISTICS" in "METADATA"

The groups described in section E.19 "Quality assurance statistics" on page 175 are included in the output at this location.

Dimensions in O3 TPR/METADATA/QA STATISTICS

O3_tropospheric_column_histogram_axis Histogram axis.

size 100 (fixed)

O3 tropospheric column pdf axis Probability density function axis.

size 400 (fixed)

Variables in O3 TPR/METADATA/QA STATISTICS

ozone_tropo:	spheric_column_his	stogram_axis in O3_TPR/METADATA/QA_STATISTIC	CS		
Description:	Horizontal axis for the histogram of the O_3 tropospheric vertical column.				
Dimensions:	O3_tropospheric_co	olumn_histogram_axis.			
Type:	NC_FLOAT.				
Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
	units	'mol m-2' (dynamic)	NC_STRING		
	Same unit as the m	ain parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s	tandard.		
	comment	'Histogram axis of ozone tropospheric vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING		
	long_name	'Histogram of the ozone tropospheric vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING		
	bounds	'O3_tropospheric_column_histogram_bounds' (static)	NC_STRING		
ozone_tropo	spheric_column_pd	f_axis in O3_TPR/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS			
Description:	Horizontal axis for t	he probability distribution functions of the O_3 total ver	tical column.		
Dimensions:	O3_tropospheric_co	olumn_pdf_axis.			
Type:	NC_FLOAT.				
Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
	units	'mol m-2' (dynamic)	NC_STRING		
	Same unit as the m	ain parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s	tandard.		
	comment	'Probability density function of ozone total vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING		
	long_name	'Probability density function of ozone total vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING		

'O3 total column pdf bounds' (static) NC STRING bounds ozone_tropospheric_column_histogram_bounds in O3_TPR/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS Dimensions: O3_tropospheric_column_histogram_axis, vertices. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. ozone_tropospheric_column_pdf_bounds in O3_TPR/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS O3 tropospheric column pdf axis, vertices. Dimensions: NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor. ozone tropospheric column histogram in O3 TPR/METADATA/QA STATISTICS Description: Histogram of the troposperic O₃ vertical column. Dimensions: O3_tropospheric_column_histogram_axis. Type: NC INT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type 'Histogram of the troposperic Ozone' (static) NC STRING comment number of over-0 (dynamic) NC INT flow values The number of encountered values that are larger than the top of the histogram. number of un-0 (dynamic) NC INT derflow values The number of encountered values that are smaller than the base of the histogram. ozone_tropospheric_column_pdf in O3_TPR/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS Description: Probability density distribution functions of the O₃ troposperic vertical column. Dimensions: O3_tropospheric_column_pdf_axis. NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type geolocation_-0 (static) NC FLOAT sampling_total

I.2.2 Group "ALGORITHM SETTINGS" in "METADATA"

The algorithm settings are attached as attributes to this group. The current settings are listed here, each item in the list is a string attribute.

The sum of cosine values of latitudes from the pixels that were used in the pdf.

Configurations in O3 TPR/METADATA/ALGORITHM SETTINGS

configuration.version.framework 1.2.0

Allow the framework to verify that the configuration file is up to date.

configuration.version.algorithm 1.2.0

Allow the processor to verify that the configuration file is up to date.

processing.algorithm O3_TPR

Define the algorithm that is to be loaded.

input.count 4

efine the number of input files (note that the last file 'L2_O3_PR' is currently not ingested).

input.1.type L1B RA BD2

Define the input type (band) for the first input (radiance band 1). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.1.irrType L1B_IR_UVN

Define which irradiance accompanies the first input.

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input.1.band 2

Which band is this (for selecting the irradiance and coregistration to output).

input.2.type L2__FRESCO

Define the input type for the second input (FRESCO clouds, L2 product). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.2.band 6

On which band is this (for coregistration to output).

input.2.required false

FRESCO is not required, just one of the two cloud products.

input.3.type L2 AER AI

efine the input type for the third input (AER_AI clouds, L2 product). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.3.band 3

On which band is this (for coregistration to output).

input.4.type L2__CLOUD_

Define the input type for the second input (DLR clouds, L2 product). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.4.band 3

On which band is this (for coregistration to output).

input.4.required false

DLR clouds is not required, just one of the two cloud products.

input.5.type L2 O3 PR

Define the input type (band) for the fourth input (Full O_3 profile, L2 product). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.5.band 1

On which band is this (for coregistration to output, coaddition TBD).

output.count 1

Define the number of output products (should be 1).

output.useFletcher32 true

Boolean to indicate status of Fletcher32 filter (default is on).

output.useCompression true

Boolean to set status of comression (default is on).

output.useShuffleFilter true

Boolean to set status of shuffle filter (default is on).

output.compressionLevel 3

Integer value to set compression level, default is 3.

output.1.type L2__O3_TPR

Output product short name. This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

output.1.band 2

Geolocation in output follows this band.

output.1.config product.O3_TPR.xml

Output product specification.

output.1.level 0

Write 'nominal' output.

processing.vzaMin 0.0

processing.vzaMax 70.0

Maximum viewing zenith angle (limit to 70°)

processing.szaMin 0.0

processing.szaMax 85.0

Maximum solar zenith angle.

processing.nprogress 10000

Determines after how many processed pixels a progress message is written to the log

processing.band.count 1

Number of spectral bands for processing

processing.band.1.begin 300.0

Begin of spectral band 1

processing.band.1.end 320.0

End of spectral band 1

processing.band.1.step 1

Stepsize for band 1

processing.band.1.input 1

Data read from input 1

processing.pixelStep 1

Step size in across track dimension (for speed).

processing.scanlineStep 15

Step size in flight direction (for speed).

processing.band1.surfaceAlbedoWav 335.0

Use the surface albedo from the LER lookup table at this wavelength for band 1 (as a priori value).

processing.level.count 5

number of levels (dimension)

processing.sub_column.count 4

number of sub-columns (dimension)

processing.apriori other.count 1

number of other a priori elements (dimension)

processing.stray_light.count 1

number of stray light polynomial elements (dimension)

processing.cloud fractions.count 1

number of cloud fractions (dimension)

output.histogram.ozone tropospheric column.range 0.0, 0.05

Range for the histogram of the tropospheric O₃ column

processing.groupDem DEM RADIUS 05000

Which DEM to use.

processing.groupLer OMI

Which LER database to use.

qa value.input spectrum warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the number of pixels in the input spectrum is below

qa value.wavelength calibration warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the wavelength calibration offset is larger than a configured threshold.

ga value.extrapolation warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when extrapolation was used in the retrieval.

ga value.sun glint warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the pixel is potentially affected by sun glint.

qa_value.south_atlantic_anomaly_warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the instrument was flying through the South Atlantic Anomaly while taking this measurement.

qa_value.sun_glint_correction 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the cloud fraction was corrected for sun glint.

ga value.snow ice warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the snow ice warning flag is raised.

qa value.cloud warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the cloud warning flag is raised.

qa value.AAI warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the AAI warning flag is raised.

qa value.pixel level input data missing 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the pixel level input data missing flag is raised.

qa value.data range warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the data_range_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.low_cloud_fraction_warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the low cloud fraction warning flag is raised.

qa value.altitude consistency warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the altitude consistency warning flag is raised.

ga value.signal to noise ratio warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the signal to noise ratio warning flag is raised. qa_value.deconvolution_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the deconvolution_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.so2_volcanic_origin_likely_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the so2_volcanic_origin_likely_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.so2_volcanic_origin_certain_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the so2_volcanic_origin_certain_warning flag is raised.

I.2.3 Group "GRANULE DESCRIPTION" in "METADATA"

Attributes in O3 TPR/METADATA/GRANULE DESCRIPTION

The attributes described in section E.20 "Granule metadata" on page 183 are included in the output at this location.

Group attributes attached t	o GRANULE_DESCRIPTION	
Name	Value	Туре
ProductShortName	'L2O3_TPR' (static)	NC_STRING
The short product name. F	or the tropospheric O ₃ profile product this is fi	ixed to "L2O3_TPR".

J Description of the aerosol index product

Description of the main output file for the aerosol index product from the TROPOMI instrument on the Sentinel 5-precursor mission.

Global attributes in AER_AI

The attributes described in section M "Common file-level attributes" on page 367 are included in the output at this location.

The attributes described in section E.2 "Status dynamic ECMWF auxiliary data" on page 145 are included in the output at this location.

Group attributes at	tached to AER_AI				
Name	Value				Туре
title	'TROPOMI/S5P Aero	sol Index	1-Orbit L	2 Swath	NC_STRING

This is a short description of the product. In near-realtime processing the granule is shorter than 1 orbit, and this attribute must be adapted accordingly. The nominal title is "TROPOMI/S5P Aerosol Index 1-Orbit L2 Swath 7x3.5km". This attribute originates from the NUG standard.

product version	'1.1.0' (dynamic)	NC STRING

Included for compatibility with the CCI project, where this item is defined as "the product version of this data file." We will use the file format version for this attribute following several CCI sub-projects. This attribute originates from the CCI standard.

processing status	'Nominal' (dynamic)	NC STRING
processing status	Nominal (ovnamic)	INC STRING

Description the processing status of the granule on a global level, mainly based on the availability of auxiliary input data.

Possible values: Nominal, Degraded

J.1 Group "PRODUCT" in "AER AI"

This is the main group containing the aerosol index product. At this level the dimensions and the main data fields are defined. Support data can be found in the "SUPPORT DATA" group.

Dimensions in AER AI/PRODUCT

The dimensions described in section E.4 "Common dimensions" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

The dimensions described in section E.5 "Dimensions for optional output" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

Variables in AER AI/PRODUCT

The variables described in section E.6 "Coordinate variables" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.8 "The geolocation fields" on page 149 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.9 "Common product fields" on page 150 are included in the output at this location.

aerosoi_iriue	x_354_388 in AER_A	AI/PRODUCT		
Description:	The main output of the Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at wavelengths 354/388, i.e. the OMI pair).			
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING	
	proposed_stand- ard_name	'ultraviolet_aerosol_index' (static)	NC_STRING	
	comment	'Aerosol index from 388 and 354 nm' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'Aerosol index from 388 and 354 nm' (static)	NC_STRING	
	radiation wavelength	354.0, 388.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT	
	The wavelengths us	sed for the determination of the aerosol index.		
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	
	ancillary_vari- ables	'aerosol_index_354_388_precision' (static)	NC_STRING	
	040 000 : 455 4	WEDGELIGT		
aerosoi_inde	x_340_380 in AER_A	AI/PRODUCT		
Description:		the Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at waveleng	ths 340/380, i.e. the	
-	The main output of	the Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at waveleng	ths 340/380, i.e. the	
Description:	The main output of TOMS pair).	the Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at waveleng	ths 340/380, i.e. the	
Description: Dimensions:	The main output of TOMS pair). time, scanline, ground	the Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at waveleng	ths 340/380, i.e. the	
Description: Dimensions: Type:	The main output of TOMS pair). time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT.	the Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at waveleng	ths 340/380, i.e. the	
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The main output of TOMS pair). time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor.	the Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at waveleng		
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The main output of TOMS pair). time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor.	the Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at waveleng nd_pixel. Value	Туре	
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The main output of TOMS pair). time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units proposed_stand-	the Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at waveleng nd_pixel. Value '1' (static)	<i>Type</i> NC_STRING	
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The main output of TOMS pair). time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units proposed_standard_name	the Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at waveleng nd_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'ultraviolet_aerosol_index' (static)	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING	
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The main output of TOMS pair). time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units proposed_standard_name comment	the Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at waveleng nd_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'ultraviolet_aerosol_index' (static) 'Aerosol index from 380 and 340 nm' (static)	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING	
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The main output of TOMS pair). time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units proposed_stand-ard_name comment long_name radiation wavelength	the Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at waveleng nd_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'ultraviolet_aerosol_index' (static) 'Aerosol index from 380 and 340 nm' (static) 'Aerosol index from 380 and 340 nm' (static) 340.0, 380.0 (static)	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING	
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The main output of TOMS pair). time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units proposed_stand-ard_name comment long_name radiation wavelength The wavelengths us	the Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at waveleng nd_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'ultraviolet_aerosol_index' (static) 'Aerosol index from 380 and 340 nm' (static) 'Aerosol index from 380 and 340 nm' (static) 340.0, 380.0 (static) sed for the determination of the aerosol index.	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_FLOAT	
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The main output of TOMS pair). time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units proposed_stand-ard_name comment long_name radiation wavelength	the Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at waveleng nd_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'ultraviolet_aerosol_index' (static) 'Aerosol index from 380 and 340 nm' (static) 'Aerosol index from 380 and 340 nm' (static) 340.0, 380.0 (static)	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING	
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The main output of TOMS pair). time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units proposed_stand-ard_name comment long_name radiation wavelength The wavelengths us	the Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at waveleng nd_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'ultraviolet_aerosol_index' (static) 'Aerosol index from 380 and 340 nm' (static) 'Aerosol index from 380 and 340 nm' (static) 340.0, 380.0 (static) sed for the determination of the aerosol index.	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING	
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	The main output of TOMS pair). time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units proposed_standard_name comment long_name radiation wavelength The wavelengths us coordinates ancillary_variables	the Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at waveleng and_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'ultraviolet_aerosol_index' (static) 'Aerosol index from 380 and 340 nm' (static) 'Aerosol index from 380 and 340 nm' (static) 340.0, 380.0 (static) sed for the determination of the aerosol index. 'longitude latitude' (static)	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_FLOAT NC_STRING	

Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd nivel	
Type:	NC FLOAT.	na_pixei.	
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	proposed_stand- ard_name	'ultraviolet_aerosol_index standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
•	comment	'Precision of aerosol index from 388 and 354 nm' (static)	NC_STRING
•	long_name	'Precision of aerosol index from 388 and 354 nm' (static)	NC_STRING
	radiation wavelength	354.0, 388.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	The wavelengths us	ed for the determination of the aerosol index.	
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
corpool indo	. 040 000	: AED AUDDODUOT	
aerosoi_inue	x_340_380_precisio	n in AER_AI/PRODUCT	
Description:		n in AER_AI/PRODUCT e Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at wavelengths	340/380, i.e. the
_	The precision of the	e Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at wavelengths	340/380, i.e. the
Description:	The precision of the TOMS pair).	e Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at wavelengths	340/380, i.e. the
Description: Dimensions:	The precision of the TOMS pair). time, scanline, ground	e Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at wavelengths	340/380, i.e. the
Description: Dimensions: Type:	The precision of the TOMS pair). time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT.	e Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at wavelengths	340/380, i.e. the
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The precision of the TOMS pair). time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor.	e Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at wavelengths nd_pixel.	·
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The precision of the TOMS pair). time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor.	e Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at wavelengths nd_pixel. Value	Туре
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The precision of the TOMS pair). time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units proposed_stand-	e Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at wavelengths nd_pixel. Value '1' (static)	Type NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The precision of the TOMS pair). time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units proposed_standard_name	e Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at wavelengths nd_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'ultraviolet_aerosol_index standard_error' (static) 'Precision of aerosol index from 380 and 340 nm'	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The precision of the TOMS pair). time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units proposed_stand- ard_name comment	e Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at wavelengths nd_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'ultraviolet_aerosol_index standard_error' (static) 'Precision of aerosol index from 380 and 340 nm' (static) 'Precision of aerosol index from 380 and 340 nm'	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The precision of the TOMS pair). time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units proposed_standard_name comment long_name radiation wavelength	e Aerosol Index retrieval algorithm (at wavelengths nd_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'ultraviolet_aerosol_index standard_error' (static) 'Precision of aerosol index from 380 and 340 nm' (static) 'Precision of aerosol index from 380 and 340 nm' (static)	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING

J.1.1 Group "SUPPORT_DATA" in "PRODUCT"

J.1.1.1 Group "GEOLOCATIONS" in "SUPPORT_DATA"

Variables in AER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/GEOLOCATIONS

The variables described in section E.10 "Additional geolocation support fields" on page 151 are included in the output at this location.

J.1.1.2 Group "DETAILED_RESULTS" in "SUPPORT_DATA"

Variables in AER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

The variables described in section E.12 "Additional detailed results fields" on page 154 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.13 "Wavelength fit results" on page 157 are included in the output at this location.

_	_	DDUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS	
Description:	Scene albedo at 388	3 nm (calculated from top of atmosphere reflectance)	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grour	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Scene albedo at 388 nm calculated from the top of atmosphere reflectance. For a cloud- and aerosol- free scene this is equivalent to the surface albedo' (static)	NC_STRING
	radiation wavelength	388.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	_	hich the surface albedo was determined. The CF-con variable for this, but this seems more appropriate.	ventions propose
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
		gitude are in a different group. How to specify the recase is not specified in the climate and forecast n	• .
	ancillary vari-	'scene albedo 388 precision' (static)	NC_STRING
	ables	scene_albedo_500_precision (static)	NO_OTTING
scene_albed	ables	ER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RE	-
Description:	ables o_388_precision in A Precision of the sce and the precision of	NER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RE ne albedo at 388 nm (calculated from top of atmosp the reflectance).	SULTS
Description: Dimensions:	ables o_388_precision in A Precision of the sce and the precision of time, scanline, grour	NER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RE ne albedo at 388 nm (calculated from top of atmosp the reflectance).	SULTS
Description: Dimensions: Type:	ables o_388_precision in A Precision of the sce and the precision of time, scanline, grour NC_FLOAT.	NER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RE ne albedo at 388 nm (calculated from top of atmosp the reflectance).	SULTS
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	ables o_388_precision in A Precision of the sce and the precision of time, scanline, grour NC_FLOAT. Processor.	NER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RE one albedo at 388 nm (calculated from top of atmosp the reflectance). ad_pixel.	SULTS ohere reflectance
Description: Dimensions: Type:	ables o_388_precision in A Precision of the sce and the precision of time, scanline, grour NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name	NER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RE ne albedo at 388 nm (calculated from top of atmosp the reflectance). Ind_pixel. Value	SULTS phere reflectance
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	ables o_388_precision in A Precision of the sce and the precision of time, scanline, grour NC_FLOAT. Processor.	NER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RE one albedo at 388 nm (calculated from top of atmosp the reflectance). ad_pixel.	SULTS ohere reflectance
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	ables o_388_precision in A Precision of the sce and the precision of time, scanline, grour NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units	NER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RE one albedo at 388 nm (calculated from top of atmost the reflectance). Ind_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'Precision of the scene albedo at 388 nm calculated from the top of atmosphere reflectance and its precision. For a cloud- and aerosol-free scene	SULTS ohere reflectance Type NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	ables o_388_precision in A Precision of the sce and the precision of time, scanline, grour NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name radiation wavelength The wavelengthat will	NER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RE ne albedo at 388 nm (calculated from top of atmosp the reflectance). Ind_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'Precision of the scene albedo at 388 nm calculated from the top of atmosphere reflectance and its precision. For a cloud- and aerosol-free scene this is equivalent to the surface albedo' (static)	SULTS phere reflectance Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	ables o_388_precision in A Precision of the sce and the precision of time, scanline, grour NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name radiation wavelength The wavelengthat will	AER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RE one albedo at 388 nm (calculated from top of atmost the reflectance). Ind_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'Precision of the scene albedo at 388 nm calculated from the top of atmosphere reflectance and its precision. For a cloud- and aerosol-free scene this is equivalent to the surface albedo' (static) 388.0 (static) This is a surface albedo was determined. The CF-contains and the surface albedo was determined.	SULTS phere reflectance Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	ables o_388_precision in A Precision of the sce and the precision of time, scanline, grour NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name radiation wavelength The wavelengthat wito use a coordinates The latitude and lone	AER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RE ne albedo at 388 nm (calculated from top of atmost the reflectance). Ind_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'Precision of the scene albedo at 388 nm calculated from the top of atmosphere reflectance and its precision. For a cloud- and aerosol-free scene this is equivalent to the surface albedo' (static) 388.0 (static) high the surface albedo was determined. The CF-convariable for this, but this seems more appropriate.	SULTS phere reflectance Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_FLOAT ventions propose NC_STRING elated geospatia
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	ables o_388_precision in A Precision of the sce and the precision of time, scanline, grour NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name radiation wavelength The wavelengthat will to use a coordinate will coordinates The latitude and lon coordinates in this of tions [ER1].	Value '1' (static) 'Precision of the scene albedo at 388 nm calculated from the top of atmosphere reflectance and its precision. For a cloud- and aerosol-free scene this is equivalent to the surface albedo' (static) 388.0 (static) high the surface albedo was determined. The CF-convariable for this, but this seems more appropriate. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) agitude are in a different group. How to specify the results and service and the surface albedo' (static) agitude are in a different group. How to specify the results are supported to the surface albedo' (static) agitude are in a different group. How to specify the results are supported to the surface albedo' (static) agitude are in a different group.	SULTS phere reflectance Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_FLOAT ventions propose NC_STRING elated geospatia netadata conven
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	ables o_388_precision in A Precision of the sce and the precision of time, scanline, grour NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name radiation wavelength The wavelengthat wi to use a coordinate vi coordinates The latitude and lon coordinates in this vi tions [ER1]. measured_354 in AER	Value '1' (static) 'Precision of the scene albedo at 388 nm calculated from the top of atmosphere reflectance and its precision. For a cloud- and aerosol-free scene this is equivalent to the surface albedo' (static) 388.0 (static) hich the surface albedo was determined. The CF-convariable for this, but this seems more appropriate. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) agitude are in a different group. How to specify the recase is not specified in the climate and forecast in	SULTS phere reflectance Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_FLOAT ventions propose NC_STRING elated geospatia netadata conven
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	ables o_388_precision in A Precision of the sce and the precision of time, scanline, grour NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name radiation wavelength The wavelengthat wi to use a coordinate vi coordinates The latitude and lon coordinates in this vi tions [ER1]. measured_354 in AER	AER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RE ne albedo at 388 nm (calculated from top of atmosp the reflectance). Ind_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'Precision of the scene albedo at 388 nm calculated from the top of atmosphere reflectance and its precision. For a cloud- and aerosol-free scene this is equivalent to the surface albedo' (static) 388.0 (static) Thich the surface albedo was determined. The CF-convariable for this, but this seems more appropriate. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) agitude are in a different group. How to specify the recase is not specified in the climate and forecast in the climate and forecast in the reflectance at 354 nm.	SULTS phere reflectance Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_FLOAT ventions propose NC_STRING elated geospatia netadata conven
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: reflectance_i Description:	ables o_388_precision in A Precision of the sce and the precision of time, scanline, grour NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name radiation wavelength The wavelengthat wito use a coordinate vito use a coordinate vitons [ER1]. measured_354 in AEF The top of atmosphere	AER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RE ne albedo at 388 nm (calculated from top of atmosp the reflectance). Ind_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'Precision of the scene albedo at 388 nm calculated from the top of atmosphere reflectance and its precision. For a cloud- and aerosol-free scene this is equivalent to the surface albedo' (static) 388.0 (static) Thich the surface albedo was determined. The CF-convariable for this, but this seems more appropriate. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) agitude are in a different group. How to specify the recase is not specified in the climate and forecast in the climate and forecast in the reflectance at 354 nm.	SULTS phere reflectance Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_FLOAT ventions propose NC_STRING elated geospatia netadata conven
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: reflectance_I Description: Dimensions: Type:	ables o_388_precision in A Precision of the sce and the precision of time, scanline, grour NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name radiation wavelength The wavelengthat wi to use a coordinate vi coordinates The latitude and lon coordinates in this citions [ER1]. measured_354 in AEF The top of atmospher time, scanline, grour	AER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RE ne albedo at 388 nm (calculated from top of atmosp the reflectance). Ind_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'Precision of the scene albedo at 388 nm calculated from the top of atmosphere reflectance and its precision. For a cloud- and aerosol-free scene this is equivalent to the surface albedo' (static) 388.0 (static) Thich the surface albedo was determined. The CF-convariable for this, but this seems more appropriate. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) agitude are in a different group. How to specify the recase is not specified in the climate and forecast in the climate and forecast in the reflectance at 354 nm.	SULTS phere reflectance Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_FLOAT ventions propose NC_STRING elated geospatia netadata conven
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: reflectance_I Description: Dimensions:	ables o_388_precision in A Precision of the sce and the precision of time, scanline, grour NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name radiation wavelength The wavelengthat wito use a coordinates The latitude and lon coordinates in this citions [ER1]. measured_354 in AER The top of atmosphetime, scanline, grour NC_FLOAT.	AER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RE ne albedo at 388 nm (calculated from top of atmosp the reflectance). Ind_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'Precision of the scene albedo at 388 nm calculated from the top of atmosphere reflectance and its precision. For a cloud- and aerosol-free scene this is equivalent to the surface albedo' (static) 388.0 (static) Thich the surface albedo was determined. The CF-convariable for this, but this seems more appropriate. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) agitude are in a different group. How to specify the recase is not specified in the climate and forecast in the climate and forecast in the reflectance at 354 nm.	SULTS phere reflectance Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_FLOAT ventions propose NC_STRING elated geospatianetadata conven

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NC_STRING

	standard_name	'toa_bidirectional_reflectance' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Top of atmosphere reflectance at 354 nm' (static)	NC_STRING
	radiation	354.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	wavelength		
		used for the determination of the aerosol index. The pordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate the control of the control	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates in this tions [ER1].	ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast r	
	ancillary_vari- ables	'reflectance_measured_354_precision' (static)	NC_STRING
reflectance_r	neasured_354_pred	cision in AER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETA	ILED_RESULTS
Description:	The precision of the	e top of atmosphere reflectance at 354 nm.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'toa_bidirectional_reflectance standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Precision of the top of atmosphere reflectance at 354 nm' (static)	NC_STRING
	radiation wavelength	354.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	_	used for the determination of the aerosol index. The pordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate the control of the control	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING
		ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast r	• •
reflectance_r	neasured_388 in AE	R_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESI	JLTS
Description:	The top of atmosph	ere reflectance at 388 nm.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'toa_bidirectional_reflectance' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Top of atmosphere reflectance at 388 nm' (static)	NC_STRING
	radiation wavelength	388.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	_	used for the determination of the aerosol index. The pordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate the control of the control	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
		ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast r	elated geospati

'reflectance_measured_388_precision' (static)

ancillary_vari-

ables

reflectance_r	neasured_388_prec	ision in AER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETA	ILED_RESULTS
Description:	The precision of the top of atmosphere reflectance at 388 nm.		
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'toa_bidirectional_reflectance standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Precision of the top of atmosphere reflectance at 388 nm' (static)	NC_STRING
	radiation	388.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	wavelength		
	The wavelengths used for the determination of the aerosol index. The CF-convention propose to use a coordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate.		
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates in this tions [ER1].	ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast r	netadata conver
_	calculated_354 in AE	R_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RES	ULTS
Description:	The calculated top of atmosphere reflectance at 354 nm.		
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel.		
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'toa_bidirectional_reflectance' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Calculated top of atmosphere reflectance at 354 nm' (static)	NC_STRING
	radiation	354.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	wavelength		
	The wavelengths used for the determination of the aerosol index. The CF-convention propose to use a coordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate.		
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	The latitude and longitude are in a different group. How to specify the related geospatia coordinates in this case is not specified in the climate and forecast metadata convertions [ER1].		
	ancillary_vari- ables	'reflectance_calculated_354_precision' (static)	NC_STRING
reflectance_c	calculated_354_pred	cision in AER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETA	ILED_RESULTS
Description:	The precision of the calculated top of atmosphere reflectance at 354 nm.		
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'toa_bidirectional_reflectance standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Precision of the calculated top of atmosphere re- flectance at 354 nm' (static)	NC_STRING

354.0 (static) NC FLOAT radiation wavelength The wavelengths used for the determination of the aerosol index. The CF-conventions propose to use a coordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) coordinates NC STRING The latitude and longitude are in a different group. How to specify the related geospatial coordinates in this case is not specified in the climate and forecast metadata conventions [ER1]. scene_albedo_380 in AER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS Scene albedo at 380 nm (calculated from top of atmosphere refelctance). Description: Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel. Type: NC FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type '1' (static) units NC STRING 'Scene albedo at 380 nm calculated from the top of NC STRING long name atmosphere reflectance. For a cloud- and aerosolfree scene this is equivalent to the surface albedo' (static) radiation -380.0 (static) NC FLOAT wavelength The wavelengths used for the determination of the aerosol index. The CF-conventions propose to use a coordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate. coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) The latitude and longitude are in a different group. How to specify the related geospatial coordinates in this case is not specified in the climate and forecast metadata conventions [ER1]. ancillary vari-'scene albedo 380 precision' (static) NC STRING ables scene albedo 380 precision in AER AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS Precision of the scene albedo at 380 nm (calculated from top of atmosphere reflectance Description: and the precision of the reflectance). Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel. Type: NC FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type '1' (static) NC_STRING units 'Precision of the scene albedo at 380 nm calcu-NC_STRING long_name lated from the top of atmosphere reflectance and its precision. For a cloud- and aerosol-free scene this is equivalent to the surface albedo' (static) NC FLOAT radiation_-380.0 (static) wavelength The wavelengths used for the determination of the aerosol index. The CF-conventions propose to use a coordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) coordinates The latitude and longitude are in a different group. How to specify the related geospatial

reflectance_measured_340 in AER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

coordinates in this case is not specified in the climate and forecast metadata conven-

Description: The top of atmosphere reflectance at 340 nm.

tions [ER1].

Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	and pixel.		
Type:	NC FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'1' (static)	NC STRING	
	standard_name	'toa_bidirectional_reflectance' (static)	NC STRING	
	long_name	'Top of atmosphere reflectance at 340 nm' (static)	NC STRING	
	radiation -	340.0 (static)	NC FLOAT	
	wavelength	(_	
	The wavelengths used for the determination of the aerosol index. The CF-conventions propose to use a coordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate.			
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	
		ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast r		
	ancillary_vari- ables	'reflectance_measured_340_precision' (static)	NC_STRING	
reflectance_r	measured_340_pred	cision in AER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETA	ILED_RESULTS	
Description:	The precision of the	e top of atmosphere reflectance at 340 nm.		
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.		
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING	
	standard_name	'toa_bidirectional_reflectance standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'Precision of the top of atmosphere reflectance at 340 nm' (static)	NC_STRING	
	radiation wavelength	340.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT	
	The wavelengths used for the determination of the aerosol index. The CF-conventions propose to use a coordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate.			
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	
		ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast r	• ,	
reflectance_r	neasured_380 in AE	R_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESI	ULTS	
Description:	The top of atmosph	ere reflectance at 380 nm.		
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.		
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING	
	standard_name	'toa_bidirectional_reflectance' (static)	NC_STRING	
	lana nama	'Top of atmosphere reflectance at 380 nm' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	top of atmosphere reflectance at 300 mm (static)	NO_STITLING	

The wavelengths used for the determination of the aerosol index. The CF-conventions

propose to use a coordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate.

issue 11.0.0, 2019-02-01 - released Page 327 of 389 coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC STRING The latitude and longitude are in a different group. How to specify the related geospatial coordinates in this case is not specified in the climate and forecast metadata conventions [ER1]. ancillary_vari-NC STRING 'reflectance_measured_380_precision' (static) ables reflectance measured 380 precision in AER AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS The precision of the top of atmosphere reflectance at 380 nm. Description: Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel. Type: NC FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Туре '1' (static) NC STRING units standard name 'toa bidirectional reflectance standard error' NC STRING (static) long_name 'Precision of the top of atmosphere reflectance at NC_STRING 380 nm' (static) radiation -380.0 (static) NC FLOAT wavelength The wavelengths used for the determination of the aerosol index. The CF-conventions propose to use a coordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) coordinates NC STRING The latitude and longitude are in a different group. How to specify the related geospatial coordinates in this case is not specified in the climate and forecast metadata conventions [ER1]. reflectance calculated 340 in AER AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS The calculated top of atmosphere reflectance at 340 nm. Description:

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:	Name	Value	Type
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'toa_bidirectional_reflectance' (static)	NC_STRING
		(0	. C.40 NIC CEDINIC

NC_STRING long_name 'Calculated top of atmosphere reflectance at 340 nm' (static) NC FLOAT radiation -340.0 (static) wavelength

The wavelengths used for the determination of the aerosol index. The CF-conventions propose to use a coordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate.

'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) coordinates NC STRING The latitude and longitude are in a different group. How to specify the related geospatial

coordinates in this case is not specified in the climate and forecast metadata conventions [ER1].

ancillary vari-'reflectance_calculated_340_precision' (static) NC STRING ables

reflectance calculated 340 precision in AER AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

Description: Precision of the calculated top of atmosphere reflectance at 340 nm.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC FLOAT.

Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING		
	standard_name	'toa_bidirectional_reflectance standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING		
	long_name	'Precision of the calculated top of atmosphere re- flectance at 340 nm' (static)	NC_STRING		
	radiation wavelength	340.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT		
	The wavelengths used for the determination of the aerosol index. The CF-conventions propose to use a coordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate.				
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING		
		ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the recase is not specified in the climate and forecast recase is not specified in the climate and forecast recase is not specified in the climate and forecast recase.	• .		
index_in_sp	ectrum_340 in AER_	AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULT	S		
Description:	Index of the nixel w	ithin the level 1B spectrum for the 340 nm band			

Description: Index of the pixel within the level 1B spectrum for the 340 nm band.

Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "residual"

output configuration flag is set.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_SHORT. Source: Processor.

Source: Processor.
Attributes: Name

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Index of the pixel within the level 1B spectrum for the 340 nm' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
The letitude and ler	acitude are in a different group. How to apocify the r	olated appendial

The latitude and longitude are in a different group. How to specify the related geospatial coordinates in this case is not specified in the climate and forecast metadata conventions [ER1].

index in spectrum 354 in AER AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

Description: Index of the pixel within the level 1B spectrum for the 354 nm band.

Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "residual"

output configuration flag is set.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_SHORT. Source: Processor.

Attributes: N

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Index of the pixel within the level 1B spectrum for the 354 nm' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

The latitude and longitude are in a different group. How to specify the related geospatial coordinates in this case is not specified in the climate and forecast metadata conventions [ER1].

index_in_spectrum_380 in AER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

Description: Index of the pixel within the level 1B spectrum for the 380 nm band.

Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "residual"

output configuration flag is set.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type:	NC_SHORT.				
Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING		
	long_name	'Index of the pixel within the level 1B spectrum for the 380 nm' (static)	NC_STRING		
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING		
		ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast r			
index_in_spe	ectrum_388 in AER_	AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULT	S		
Description:	Index of the pixel wi	thin the level 1B spectrum for the 388 nm band.			
	Note that this is an output configuration	optional variable, it will only be added to the output flag is set.	it is the "residual"		
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	time, scanline, ground_pixel.			
Type:	NC_SHORT.				
Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING		
	long_name	'Index of the pixel within the level 1B spectrum for the 388 nm' (static)	NC_STRING		
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING		
		ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast r	• .		

J.1.1.3 Group "INPUT_DATA" in "SUPPORT_DATA"

The groups described in section E.17 "Additional data support fields" on page 169 are included in the output at this location.

Variables in AER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA

ozone_total_	ozone_total_column in AER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA				
Description:	Total O ₃ column from ECMWF model data.				
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel.				
Type:	NC_FLOAT.				
Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING		
	standard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_ozone' (static)	NC_STRING		
	long_name	'total column amount of ozone from ECMWF model data' (static)	NC_STRING		
	source		NC_STRING		
	Possible values: EC	MWF, Multi-sensor reanalysis (climatology)			
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING		
		ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast r	• .		

multiplication_- 2241.15 (static) NC_FLOAT factor_to_convert_to_DU

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "DU" or Dobson Units. This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in DU from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in DU.

multiplication_- 6.022140857e+19 (static) NC_FLOAT factor_to_convert_to_mo-lecules_percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol\,m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$ from the value in $mol\,m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$.

surface_pressure in AER_AI/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA

Description: Surface pressure, corrected for the difference between the surface altitude in the DEM and

the surface altitude assumed by ECMWF.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'surface_air_pressure' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'surface_air_pressure' (static)	NC_STRING
source		NC STRING

Possible values: ECMWF, Using DEM and assuming fixed sea-level pressure of 1013 hPa and scale height of 8.3 km

coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING

The latitude and longitude are in a different group. How to specify the related geospatial coordinates in this case is not specified in the climate and forecast metadata conventions [ER1].

J.2 Group "METADATA" in "AER_AI"

This is a group to collect metadata items, such as the items that also appear in the header file and items required by Inspire [ER12]. Most metadata will be stored as attributes. Grouping attributes that belong to a specific standard is done by using sub-groups in the Metadata group. Included in this group are the granule description, algorithm settings and quality assurance parameters. Note that some metadata attributes are required to be attached to the global level by convention, such as the CF-Metadata convention [ER1] and the NetCDF user guide [ER16]. The groups described in section E.21 "ISO metadata" on page 184 are included in the output at this location.

The groups described in section E.22 "EOP metadata" on page 203 are included in the output at this location.

The groups described in section E.23 "ESA metadata" on page 207 are included in the output at this location.

J.2.1 Group "QA STATISTICS" in "METADATA"

The groups described in section E.19 "Quality assurance statistics" on page 175 are included in the output at this location.

Dimensions in AER_AI/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS

aerosol_index_354_388_histogram_axis Histogram axis.

size 100 (fixed)

aerosol_index_354_388_pdf_axis Probability density function axis.

size 400 (fixed)

aerosol_index_340_380_histogram_axis Histogram axis.

size 100 (fixed)

aerosol_index_340_380_pdf_axis Probability density function axis.

size 400 (fixed)

Description:

Variables in AER_AI/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS

Description:	Horizontal axis for	or the histograms of the aerosol indices.	
Dimensions:	aerosol_index_354_388_histogram_axis (coordinate variable).		
Type:	NC FLOAT.	,	
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
	Same unit as the	e main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s	tandard.
	comment	'Histogram axis of the aerosol index' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Histogram axis of the aerosol index' (static)	NC_STRING
	bounds	'aerosol_index_354_388_histogram_bounds' (static)	NC_STRING
aerosol_inde	x_354_388_pdf_a	axis in AER_AI/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	
Description:	Horizontal axis for	or the probability distribution functions of aerosol index.	
Dimensions:	aerosol_index_3	54_388_pdf_axis (coordinate variable).	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Source: Attributes:	Processor. Name	Value	Туре
		Value '1' (dynamic)	Type NC_STRING
	Name units		NC_STRING
	Name units	'1' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
	Name units Same unit as the	'1' (dynamic) e main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s 'Probability density function of the aerosol index'	NC_STRING tandard.
	Name units Same unit as the comment	'1' (dynamic) e main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s 'Probability density function of the aerosol index' (static) 'Probability density function of the aerosol index'	NC_STRING tandard.
Attributes:	Name units Same unit as the comment long_name bounds	'1' (dynamic) e main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s 'Probability density function of the aerosol index' (static) 'Probability density function of the aerosol index' (static)	NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Attributes:	Name units Same unit as the comment long_name bounds ex_354_388_histo	'1' (dynamic) e main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s 'Probability density function of the aerosol index' (static) 'Probability density function of the aerosol index' (static) 'aerosol_index_pdf_bounds' (static)	NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Attributes: aerosol_inde Dimensions:	Name units Same unit as the comment long_name bounds ex_354_388_histo	'1' (dynamic) e main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s 'Probability density function of the aerosol index' (static) 'Probability density function of the aerosol index' (static) 'aerosol_index_pdf_bounds' (static) gram_bounds in AER_AI/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Attributes: aerosol_inde Dimensions: Type:	Name units Same unit as the comment long_name bounds ex_354_388_histo aerosol_index_3	'1' (dynamic) e main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s 'Probability density function of the aerosol index' (static) 'Probability density function of the aerosol index' (static) 'aerosol_index_pdf_bounds' (static) gram_bounds in AER_AI/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Attributes: aerosol_inde Dimensions: Type: Source:	Name units Same unit as the comment long_name bounds ex_354_388_histo aerosol_index_3 NC_FLOAT. Processor.	'1' (dynamic) e main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s 'Probability density function of the aerosol index' (static) 'Probability density function of the aerosol index' (static) 'aerosol_index_pdf_bounds' (static) gram_bounds in AER_AI/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
aerosol_inde Dimensions: Type: Source: aerosol_inde	Name units Same unit as the comment long_name bounds ex_354_388_histo aerosol_index_3 NC_FLOAT. Processor. ex_354_388_pdf_te	'1' (dynamic) main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s 'Probability density function of the aerosol index' (static) 'Probability density function of the aerosol index' (static) 'aerosol_index_pdf_bounds' (static) gram_bounds in AER_AI/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS 54_388_histogram_axis, vertices.	NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
aerosol_inde Dimensions: Type: Source:	Name units Same unit as the comment long_name bounds ex_354_388_histo aerosol_index_3 NC_FLOAT. Processor. ex_354_388_pdf_te	'1' (dynamic) main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s 'Probability density function of the aerosol index' (static) 'Probability density function of the aerosol index' (static) 'aerosol_index_pdf_bounds' (static) gram_bounds in AER_AI/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS 54_388_histogram_axis, vertices.	NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING

Horizontal axis for the histograms of the aerosol indices.

aerosol index 340 380 histogram axis (coordinate variable). Dimensions: Type: NC FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type '1' (dynamic) NC STRING units Same unit as the main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF standard. comment 'Histogram axis of the aerosol index' (static) NC STRING long name 'Histogram axis of the aerosol index' (static) NC STRING bounds 'aerosol index 340 380 histogram bounds' NC STRING (static) aerosol index 340 380 pdf axis in AER AI/METADATA/QA STATISTICS Horizontal axis for the probability distribution functions of aerosol index. Description: Dimensions: aerosol_index_340_380_pdf_axis (coordinate variable). NC FLOAT. Type: Processor. Source: Attributes: Name Value Type units '1' (dynamic) NC STRING Same unit as the main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF standard. comment 'Probability density function of the aerosol index' NC_STRING (static) long name 'Probability density function of the aerosol index' NC STRING (static) bounds 'aerosol_index_pdf_bounds' (static) NC STRING aerosol_index_340_380_histogram_bounds in AER_AI/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS aerosol index 340 380 histogram axis, vertices. Dimensions: Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. aerosol index 340 380 pdf bounds in AER AI/METADATA/QA STATISTICS Dimensions: aerosol_index_340_380_pdf_axis, vertices. NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor. aerosol index 354 388 histogram in AER AI/METADATA/QA STATISTICS Histogram of the aerosol index from the 354/388 nm wavelength pair in the current granule. Description: Dimensions: aerosol index 340 380 histogram axis. Type: NC INT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type NC STRING comment 'Histogram of the aerosol index of the 354/388 nm pair in the current granule' (static) number of over-0 (dynamic) NC INT flow values The number of encountered values that are larger than the top of the histogram. number of un-0 (dynamic) NC INT derflow values The number of encountered values that are smaller than the base of the histogram. aerosol index 340 380 histogram in AER AI/METADATA/QA STATISTICS Description: Histogram of the aerosol index from the 340/380 nm wavelength pair in the current granule. Dimensions: aerosol index 340 380 histogram axis.

Туре:	NC_INT.				
Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
	comment	'Histogram of the aerosol index of the 340/380 nm pair in the current granule' (static)	NC_STRING		
	number_of_over- flow_values	0 (dynamic)	NC_INT		
	The number of encountered values that are larger than the top of the histogram.				
	number_of_un- derflow_values	0 (dynamic)	NC_INT		
	The number of enco	ountered values that are smaller than the base of the	histogram.		
aerosol_inde	x_354_388_pdf in Al	ER_AI/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS			
Description:		function of the aerosol index from the 354/388 nm with the values are weighted with $\cos(\delta_{ m geo})$ and spread c	• •		
Dimensions:	aerosol_index_340_	_380_pdf_axis.			
Type:	NC_FLOAT.				
Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
	comment	'Probability density function of the aerosol index of the 354/388 nm pair in the current granule' (static)	NC_STRING		
	geolocation sampling_total	0 (static)	NC_FLOAT		
	The sum of cosine v	values of latitudes from the pixels that were used in the	ie pdf.		
aerosol_inde	x_340_380_pdf in Al	ER_AI/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS			
Description:		function of the aerosol index from the 340/380 nm where The values are weighted with $\cos(\delta_{\rm geo})$ and spread continuous			
Dimensions:	aerosol_index_340_	380_pdf_axis.			
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.	. —			
Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
	comment	'Probability density function of the aerosol index of the 340/380 nm pair in the current granule' (static)	NC_STRING		
	geolocation	0 (static)	NC_FLOAT		
	sampling_total				

J.2.2 Group "ALGORITHM_SETTINGS" in "METADATA"

The algorithm settings are attached as attributes to this group. The current settings are listed here, each item in the list is a string attribute.

Configurations in AER_AI/METADATA/ALGORITHM_SETTINGS

configuration.version.framework 1.2.0

Allow the framework to verify that the configuration file is up to date.

configuration.version.algorithm 1.2.0

Allow the processor to verify that the configuration file is up to date.

processing.algorithm AER_AI

Define the algorithm that is to be loaded.

input.count 1

Define the number of input files.

input.1.type L1B RA BD3

Define the input type (band) for the first input.

input.1.irrType L1B IR UVN

Define which irradiance accompanies the first input.

input.1.band 3

Which band is this (for selecting the irradiance and coregistration to output).

output.count 1

Define the number of output products

output.useFletcher32 true

Boolean to indicate status of Fletcher32 filter (default is on).

output.useCompression true

Boolean to set status of comression (default is on).

output.useShuffleFilter true

Boolean to set status of shuffle filter (default is on).

output.compressionLevel 3

Integer value to set compression level, default is 3.

output.1.type L2__AER_AI

Output product short name.

output.1.config product.AER Al.xml

Output product specification.

output.1.band 3

Geolocation in output follows this band.

algo.n pair 2

The number of aerosol index pairs.

algo.algorithm variant 1

Several algorithm variants are included in the code, this keys selects the variant that is used. Number 1 is nominal (and recommended). Here a wavelength band is used and a triangular weighting is used.

algo.pair 1.id TOMS pair

Identifier for the first aerosol index pair.

algo.pair 1.wavelength 1 340

Shortest wavelength of the first aerosol index pair, in nm.

algo.pair 1.wavelength 2 380

Longest wavelength of the first aerosol index pair, in nm.

algo.pair_1.delta_wavelength 2.0

The width of the wavelength band for selecting pixels for index pair number 1. Not used in algorithm variant 1.

algo.pair 1.number spectral pixels 7

The number of spectral pixels used for calculating the reflectance for index pair number 1.

algo.pair_1.min_wavelength 1

The minimum number of spectral pixels before we declare a complete failure for index pair number 1.

algo.pair_2.id OMI_pair

Identifier for the second aerosol index pair.

algo.pair 2.wavelength 1 354

Shortest wavelength of the second aerosol index pair, in nm.

algo.pair 2.wavelength 2 388

Longest wavelength of the second aerosol index pair, in nm.

algo.pair_2.delta_wavelength 2.0

The width of the wavelength band for selecting pixels for index pair number 2, not used in algorithm variant 1.

algo.pair_2.number_spectral_pixels 7

The number of spectral pixels used for calculating the reflectance for index pair number 2.

algo.pair_2.min_wavelength 1

The minimum number of spectral pixels before we declare a complete failure for index pair number 2.

processing.vzaMin 0.0

The minimum viewing zenith angle.

processing.vzaMax 78.0

The maximum viewing zenith angle.

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processing.szaMin 0.0

The minimum solar zenith angle.

processing.szaMax 88.0

The maximum solar zenith angle.

processing.groupDem DEM_RADIUS_05000

Which DEM to use.

processing.correct surface pressure for altitude true

Flag to control the correction of the surface pressure for local orography. Default is true.

processing.ignore_pixel_flags False

When set to 'True', the pixel quality flags are ignored. When set to 'False', only pixels where none of the flags are set will be used in processing.

processing.exclude flags 4294967295

output.histogram.aerosol_index_340_380.start -6

Start value for the histogram of the aerosol index from the TOMS pair.

output.histogram.aerosol_index_340_380.end 14

End value for the histogram of the aerosol index from the TOMS pair.

output.histogram.aerosol_index_354_388.start -6

Start value for the histogram of the aerosol index from the OMI pair.

output.histogram.aerosol_index_354_388.end 14

End value for the histogram of the aerosol index from the OMI pair.

processing.signal to noise.test yes

lag pixels when signal to noise ratio is below threshold. Default no testing, unless processing.signal_to_noise.window.range is set.

processing.signal to noise.window.range 350.0, 355.0

avelength pixel range for testing signal to noise ratio. Default range is all wavelengts, but only if processing signal to noise test is set

processing.signal_to_noise.threshold 12

Threshold value for signal to noise ratio, in decibel. Ground-pixel is flagged when majority wavelength pixels has signal to noise below threshold. Default is 12.

processing.radiancePixelsMinError 2

inumum number of valid spectral pixels required for processing ground-pixel. With less pixels a PQF_E_-INPUT_SPECTRUM_MISSING is generated.

processing.radiancePixelsMinWarning 7

ith less valid spectral pixels a PQF_W_INPUT_SPECTRUM_WARNING is generated. The ground-pixel can still be processed.

wavelength_calibration.perform_wavelength_fit yes

Master switch for the wavelength calibration.

wavelength_calibration.window 338.0, 390.0

The wavelength calibration window. This must contain all wavelengths in the algorithm, i.e. 340 - 388, with a margin.

wavelength_calibration.rad.polynomial_order 3

wavelength_calibration.irr.polynomial_order 2

wavelength calibration.include stretch no

For aerosol index we do not include a stretch/squeeze parameter.

wavelength_calibration.rad.include_ring yes

wavelength calibration.irr.include ring no

wavelength calibration.initial guess.a0 1.0

Initial guess for the parameters of the polynomial in the wavelength fit. 1, 0.1, 0.01, 0.01, \dots for a0, a1, a2, a3, \dots as appropriate.

wavelength calibration.initial guess.a1 0.1

wavelength_calibration.initial_guess.a2 0.01

wavelength_calibration.initial_guess.shift 0.0

Initial guess for the wavelength shift.

wavelength_calibration.initial_guess.ring 0.06

Initial guess for the Ring coefficient.

wavelength_calibration.initial_guess.stretch 0.0

Initial guess for the strech parameter.

wavelength calibration.sigma.a0 1.0

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a priori precision of the polynomial coefficients. 1, 0.1, 0.1, 0.1, ... for a0, a1, a2, a3, ... as appropriate.

wavelength calibration.sigma.a1 0.1

wavelength calibration.sigma.shift 0.07

a priori precision of the wavelength shift. Set to the spectral sampling for band 3 divided by 3.

wavelength calibration.sigma.ring 0.06

a priori precision of the Ring coefficient.

wavelength calibration.sigma.stretch 0.07

a priori precision of the strech parameter. Due to scaling equal to pixel size scaling at end of window.

wavelength calibration.max iterations 12

The maximum number of iterations for hte wavelength fit.

wavelength calibration.irr.max iterations 20

wavelength calibration.convergence threshold 1.0

Convergence criterium (auto scaled).

qa_value.input_spectrum_warning 70.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the number of pixels in the input spectrum is below nominal.

qa_value.wavelength_calibration_warning 90.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the wavelength calibration offset is larger than a configured threshold.

qa value.extrapolation warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when extrapolation was used in the retrieval.

qa value.sun glint warning 70.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the pixel is potentially affected by sun glint.

qa value.south atlantic anomaly warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the instrument was flying through the South Atlantic Anomaly while taking this measurement.

qa value.sun glint correction 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the cloud fraction was corrected for sun glint.

qa_value.snow_ice_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the snow_ice_warning flag is raised.

qa value.cloud warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the cloud_warning flag is raised.

qa value.AAI warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the AAI_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.pixel_level_input_data_missing 80.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the pixel_level_input_data_missing flag is raised.

qa_value.data_range_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the data_range_warning flag is raised.

ga value.low cloud fraction warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the low_cloud_fraction_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.altitude_consistency_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the altitude_consistency_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.signal_to_noise_ratio_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the signal_to_noise_ratio_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.deconvolution_warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the deconvolution warning flag is raised.

qa value.so2 volcanic origin likely warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the so2_volcanic_origin_likely_warning flag is raised

qa value.so2 volcanic origin certain warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the so2_volcanic_origin_certain_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.interpolation_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the interpolation_warning flag is raised.

J.2.3 Group "GRANULE DESCRIPTION" in "METADATA"

Attributes in AER AI/METADATA/GRANULE DESCRIPTION

The attributes described in section E.20 "Granule metadata" on page 183 are included in the output at this location.

Group attributes attached to	o GRANULE_DESCRIPTION	
Name	Value	Туре
ProductShortName	'L2AER_AI' (static)	NC_STRING
The short product name. For	or the aerosol index product this is fixed to "L2A	AER_AI".

K Description of the aerosol layer height product

Description of the main output file for the aerosol layer height product from the TROPOMI instrument on the Sentinel 5-precursor mission.

Global attributes in AER_LH

The attributes described in section M "Common file-level attributes" on page 367 are included in the output at this location.

The attributes described in section E.2 "Status dynamic ECMWF auxiliary data" on page 145 are included in the output at this location.

The attributes described in section E.3 "Status dynamic NISE auxiliary data" on page 145 are included in the output at this location.

The attributes described in section E.25 "Status dynamic VIIRS auxiliary data" on page 216 are included in the output at this location.

Group attributes att	ached to AER_LH	
Name	Value	Туре
title	'TROPOMI/S5P Aerosol Layer Height 1-Orbit L2 Swath	NC_STRING

This is a short description of the product. In near-realtime processing the granule is shorter than 1 orbit, and the title must be adapted accordingly. The nominal title is "TROPOMI/S5P Aerosol Layer Height 1-Orbit L2 Swath 7x3.5km". This attribute originates from the NUG standard.

product_version	'1.1.0' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
-----------------	-------------------	-----------

Included for compatibility with the CCI project, where this item is defined as "the product version of this data file." We will use the file format version for this attribute following several CCI sub-projects. This attribute originates from the CCI standard.

processing_status 'Nominal' (dynamic) NC_STRING

Description the processing status of the granule on a global level, mainly based on the availability of auxiliary input data.

Possible values: Nominal, Degraded

K.1 Group "PRODUCT" in "AER LH"

This is the main group containing the aerosol layer height product. At this level the dimensions and the main data fields are defined. Support data can be found in the "SUPPORT DATA" group.

Dimensions in AER LH/PRODUCT

The dimensions described in section E.4 "Common dimensions" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

The dimensions described in section E.5 "Dimensions for optional output" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

The dimensions described in section E.5 "Dimensions for optional output" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

albedo Number of surface albedo inputs.

NC FLOAT

size -1 (dynamic) source Processor.

state vector length Number of state vector elements. 2 + wvl_node_sa + wvl_node_fluorescence {aerosol_mid_pressure, aerosol_tau, surface_albedo[wvl_node_sa], fluorescence_emission[wvl_node_fluorescence]}.

size 2 (dynamic) source Processor.

Variables in AER LH/PRODUCT

The variables described in section E.6 "Coordinate variables" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.7 "Dimensional variables for optional output" on page 148 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.8 "The geolocation fields" on page 149 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.9 "Common product fields" on page 150 are included in the output at this location.

state_vector_	length in AER_LH/PRODUCT
Description:	Names of the state vector elemer

nts, as variable length character strings.

Dimensions: state_vector_length (coordinate variable).

NC STRING. Type: Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name Value Type units '1' (static) NC STRING NC STRING long name 'names of state vector elements' (static)

aerosol_mid_pressure in AER_LH/PRODUCT

Mid pressure of an aerosol layer with an assumed pressure thickness of (currently) 50 hPa Description:

and a constant aerosol volume extinction coefficient and single scattering albedo. Mid

pressure is equal to top pressure plus bottom pressure divided by two.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Value Name Type NC STRING units 'Pa' (static) NC STRING long name 'air pressure at center of aerosol layer' (static) coordinates 'longitude latitude' (static) NC STRING

assumed_layer_pressure_thickness Pa

5000.0 (static)

Assumed thickness of the aerosol layer in the retrieval. This is a fixed but configurable parameter.

aerosol mid pressure ext in AER LH/PRODUCT

Description: Mid pressure of an aerosol layer with an assumed pressure thickness of (currently) 50 hPa

and a constant aerosol volume extinction coefficient and single scattering albedo. Mid

pressure is equal to top pressure plus bottom pressure divided by two.

Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical"

output configuration flag is set.

time, scanline, ground pixel, albedo. Dimensions:

NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor.

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Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'air_pressure_at_center_of_aerosol_layer' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	assumed_layer pressure_thick- ness_Pa	5000.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	Assumed thickness parameter.	of the aerosol layer in the retrieval. This is a fixed	but configurable
aerosol_mid_	_height in AER_LH/P	RODUCT	
Description:		hid pressure $(p_{ m mid})$ is converted into an aerosol layer e temperature profile, i.e. the temperature profile use elative to the geoid.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'm' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Height at center of aerosol layer relative to geoid' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates height ext in AER I	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	The value is given re	optional variable, it will only be added to the output	
Dimensions: Type:	time, scanline, groun	nd_pixel, albedo.	
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'm' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Height at center of aerosol layer relative to geoid' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
aerosol_mid	_pressure_precision	in AER_LH/PRODUCT	
Description:	A measure for the prosteriori) distribution	recision of $p_{ m mid}$ is the standard deviation (sigma) of the on.	e fit parameter's (a
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'air_pressure_at_center_of_aerosol_layer stand- ard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
aerosol_mid_ Description:	·	_ext in AER_LH/PRODUCT recision of $p_{\rm mid}$ is the standard deviation (sigma) of the on.	e fit parameter's (a

	Note that this is an output configuration	optional variable, it will only be added to the output flag is set.	is the "statistical"	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel, albedo.			
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'air_pressure_at_center_of_aerosol_layer stand- ard_error' (static)	NC_STRING	
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	
aerosol_mid	_height_precision in	AER_LH/PRODUCT		
Description:		precision is the standard deviation (sigma) of the on, converted from mid pressure to mid altitude using		
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'm' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'height_at_center_of_aerosol_layer standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING	
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	
aerosol_mid_	_height_precision_e	xt in AER_LH/PRODUCT		
Description:	posteriori) distribution temperature profile.	precision is the standard deviation (sigma) of the on, converted from mid pressure to mid altitude usin optional variable, it will only be added to the output floatic set.	ng an appropriate	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou			
Type:	NC FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'm' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'height_at_center_of_aerosol_layer standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING	
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	

K.1.1 Group "SUPPORT_DATA" in "PRODUCT"

K.1.1.1 Group "GEOLOCATIONS" in "SUPPORT_DATA"

Variables in AER LH/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/GEOLOCATIONS

The variables described in section E.10 "Additional geolocation support fields" on page 151 are included in the output at this location.

K.1.1.2 Group "DETAILED_RESULTS" in "SUPPORT_DATA"

Variables in AER LH/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

The variables described in section E.12 "Additional detailed results fields" on page 154 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.11 "Number of iterations" on page 154 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.24 "Statistics (Optional output)" on page 215 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.15 "Residuals (Optional output)" on page 166 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.13 "Wavelength fit results" on page 157 are included in the output at this location.

aerosol optical thickness in AER LH/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS Description: Aerosol optical thickness τ of the assumed aerosol layer. The optical thickness holds for 760 nm. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel. NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units '1' (static) NC STRING proposed stand-'vertical_atmosphere_optical_thickness_due_to_-NC STRING ard_name ambient_aerosol_particles' (static) long name 'aerosol optical thickness' (static) NC STRING NC STRING coordinates 'longitude latitude' (static) aerosol optical thickness ext in AER LH/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS Aerosol optical thickness τ of the assumed aerosol layer. The optical thickness holds for Description: 760 nm. Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical" output configuration flag is set. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel, albedo. Type: NC FLOAT. Processor. Source:

Attributes:

	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	proposed_stand- ard_name	'vertical_atmosphere_optical_thickness_due_to ambient_aerosol_particles' (static)	NC_STRING
-	long_name	'aerosol_optical_thickness' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

surface albedo in AER LH/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

Surface albedo at two wavelength nodes. Polynomial interpolation is used to determine the Description:

surface albedo at other wavelengths. The current version of the ALH algorithm does not fit

the surface albedo but keeps it fixed in retrieval at climatological values.

time, scanline, ground pixel. Dimensions:

NC_FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor.

Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'surface_albedo' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

surface_albedo_ext in AER_LH/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

Surface albedo at two wavelength nodes. Polynomial interpolation is used to determine the Description: surface albedo at other wavelengths. The current version of the ALH algorithm does not fit the surface albedo but keeps it fixed in retrieval at climatological values. Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical" output configuration flag is set. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel, albedo. Type: NC FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Value Name Type units '1' (static) NC STRING standard name 'surface albedo' (static) NC STRING coordinates 'longitude latitude' (static) NC STRING covariance matrix in AER LH/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS Description: The matrix is by definition symmetric, a VLEN data-type might be in order. Note that each element has a different unit, so no units attribute. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel, state vector length, state vector length. NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type 'Covariance matrix of the retrieved parameters. The NC STRING comment names of the state vector elements can be found in the state vector length variable. Note that each element has another unit, so no explicit unit has been defined for this variable.' (static) 'Covariance matrix' (static) NC STRING long name aerosol optical thickness precision in AER LH/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS A measure for the precision of τ is the standard deviation (sigma) of the fit parameter's (a Description: posteriori) distribution. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel. Type: NC FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Value Name Type units '1' (static) NC STRING 'aerosol optical thickness standard error' (static) NC STRING long name coordinates 'longitude latitude' (static) NC STRING aerosol optical thickness precision ext in AER LH/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RES-**ULTS** A measure for the precision of au is the standard deviation (sigma) of the fit parameter's (a Description: posteriori) distribution. Note that this is an optional variable, it will only be added to the output is the "statistical" output configuration flag is set. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel, albedo. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name Value Type

units '1' (static) NC_STRING

long_name 'aerosol_optical_thickness standard_error' (static) NC_STRING

coordinates 'longitude latitude' (static) NC_STRING

root mean square error of fit in AER_LH/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

NC_STRING

Description:	Root mean squar	re error		
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel.			
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long name	'root_mean_square_error' (static)	NC STRING	
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC STRING	
root mean s	square error of f	it_ext in AER_LH/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETA	AILED RESULTS	
Description:	Root mean squar		_	
·	•	an optional variable, it will only be added to the outp	out is the "statistica	
	output configurat	ion flag is set.		
Dimensions:	time, scanline, gr	ound_pixel, albedo.		
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'root_mean_square_error' (static)	NC_STRING	
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	
chi square ir	AER LH/PRODU	ICT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS		
Description:	_ Chi squared			
Dimensions:	time, scanline, gr	ound pixel.		
Type:	NC FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
Attributoo.	units	'1' (static)	NC STRING	
	long_name	'chi squared' (static)	NC STRING	
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC STRING	
chi sauara 4		ODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS	110_01111110	
Description:	Chi squared	ODOO 1/001 1 OTT _DATA/DETAILED_TEOOLTO		
Description.	•	an <i>optional</i> variable, it will only be added to the outp	out is the "statistica	
Dimensions:		ound_pixel, albedo.		
Type:	NC FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
Attributes.	units	'1' (static)	NC STRING	
	long name	'chi_squared' (static)	NC_STRING	
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
• – –	_	.H/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULT	5	
Description:	Degrees of freed			
Dimensions:	time, scanline, gr	ouria_pixei.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
Allibules.				
Allibules.	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING	

'degrees_of_freedom' (static)

long_name

coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
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K.1.1.3 Group "INPUT_DATA" in "SUPPORT_DATA"

The groups described in section E.17 "Additional data support fields" on page 169 are included in the output at this location.

Variables in AER_LH/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA

The variables described in section E.18 "Snow/Ice flags from NISE or ECMWF" on page 172 are included in the output at this location.

_		_LH/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	AER_AI.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'Aerosol index from 388 and 354 nm' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Aerosol index from 388 and 354 nm' (static)	NC_STRING
	radiation wavelength	354.0, 388.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	The wavelengths i	used for the determination of the aerosol index.	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
cloud_fractio	n in AER_LH/PROI	DUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, gro	und_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	FRESCO.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'Cloud fraction from the cloud product, normally FRESCO' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Cloud fraction from the cloud product' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
viirs_cloud_r	mask in AER_LH/PI	RODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, gro	und_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	NP_BD6.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'Cloud mask from the VIIRS instrument on the Suomi NPP satellite' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Cloud mask from the VIIRS instrument on the Suomi NPP satellite' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
viirs_cirrus_	reflectance in AER	_LH/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, gro	und_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	NP_BD6.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING

	comment	'Cirrus reflectance from the VIIRS instrument on the Suomi NPP satellite' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Cirrus reflectance from the VIIRS instrument on the Suomi NPP satellite' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
diff_albedo_	380 in AER_LH/PRO	DUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	und_pixel.	
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'Difference between scene and surface albedo at 380 nm' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Difference between scene and surface albedo at 380 nm' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
small_pixel_	precision in AER_LI	H/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	und_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'Standard deviation of small pixel radiance' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Standard deviation of small pixel radiance' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
surface_pres	ssure in AER_LH/PR	ODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA	
Description:	Surface pressure.		
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	und_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'surface_air_pressure' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'surface_air_pressure' (static)	NC_STRING
	source		NC_STRING
	Possible values: E0 and scale height of	CMWF, Using DEM and assuming fixed sea-level pres 8.3 km	ssure of 1013 h
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
		engitude are in a different group. How to specify the rescase is not specified in the climate and forecast rescaled in the climate and the climate and forecast rescaled in the climate and forecast rescaled in the climate and the climate	

K.2 Group "METADATA" in "AER_LH"

This is a group to collect metadata items, such as the items that also appear in the header file and items required by Inspire [ER12]. Most metadata will be stored as attributes. Grouping attributes that belong to a specific standard is done by using sub-groups in the Metadata group. Included in this group are the granule description, algorithm settings and quality assurance parameters. Note that some metadata attributes are required to be attached to the global level by convention, such as the CF-Metadata convention [ER1] and the NetCDF user guide [ER16]. The groups described in section E.21 "ISO metadata" on page 184 are included in

the output at this location.

The groups described in section E.22 "EOP metadata" on page 203 are included in the output at this location.

The groups described in section E.23 "ESA metadata" on page 207 are included in the output at this location.

K.2.1 Group "QA_STATISTICS" in "METADATA"

The groups described in section E.19 "Quality assurance statistics" on page 175 are included in the output at this location.

Dimensions in AER_LH/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS

aerosol_mid_height_histogram_axis Histogram axis.

size 100 (fixed)

aerosol_mid_height_pdf_axis Probability density function axis.

size 400 (fixed)

aerosol_mid_pressure_histogram_axis Histogram axis.

size 100 (fixed)

aerosol_mid_pressure_pdf_axis Probability density function axis.

size 400 (fixed)

Variables in AER LH/METADATA/QA STATISTICS

	aerosol_mid_pressure_histogram_axis in AER_LH/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS				
Description:	Horizontal axis for the histograms of the aerosol mid pressure.				
Dimensions:	aerosol_mid_pressu	ure_histogram_axis (coordinate variable).			
Type:	NC_FLOAT.				
Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
	units	'Pa' (dynamic)	NC_STRING		
	Same unit as the ma	ain parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s	tandard.		
	comment	'Histogram of aerosol mid altitude' (static)	NC_STRING		
	long_name	'Histogram of aerosol mid altitude' (static)	NC_STRING		
	bounds	'aerosol_mid_pressure_histogram_bounds' (static)	NC_STRING		
aerosol_mid_	aerosol_mid_pressure_pdf_axis in AER_LH/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS				
Description:	Horizontal axis for the probability distribution functions of the aerosol mid pressure.				
Dimensions:	aerosol_mid_pressu	ure_pdf_axis (coordinate variable).			
Type:	NC_FLOAT.				
Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
	units	'Pa' (dynamic)	NC_STRING		
	Same unit as the main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF standard.				
	comment	'Probability density function of aerosol mid altitude'	NC_STRING		
		(static)			
	long_name	'Probability density function of aerosol mid altitude' (static)	NC_STRING		
	bounds	'aerosol_mid_pressure_pdf_bounds' (static)	NC_STRING		

aerosol mid pressure histogram bounds in AER LH/METADATA/QA STATISTICS Dimensions: aerosol mid pressure histogram axis, vertices. NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor. aerosol mid pressure pdf bounds in AER LH/METADATA/QA STATISTICS Dimensions: aerosol_mid_pressure_pdf_axis, vertices. NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor. aerosol mid height histogram axis in AER LH/METADATA/QA STATISTICS Description: Horizontal axis for the histograms of the aerosol mid altitude. Dimensions: aerosol_mid_height_histogram_axis (coordinate variable). NC_FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units NC STRING 'm' (dynamic) Same unit as the main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF standard. comment 'Histogram of aerosol mid altitude' (static) NC STRING long_name 'Histogram of aerosol mid altitude' (static) NC_STRING bounds 'aerosol_mid_height_histogram_bounds' (static) NC STRING aerosol mid height pdf axis in AER LH/METADATA/QA STATISTICS Description: Horizontal axis for the probability distribution functions of the aerosol mid altitude. Dimensions: aerosol_mid_height_pdf_axis (coordinate variable). Type: NC FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units NC STRING 'm' (dynamic) Same unit as the main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF standard. 'Probability density function of aerosol mid altitude' comment NC STRING (static) NC STRING long name 'Probability density function of aerosol mid altitude' (static) 'aerosol_mid_height_pdf_bounds' (static) NC_STRING bounds aerosol mid height histogram bounds in AER LH/METADATA/QA STATISTICS Dimensions: aerosol mid height histogram axis, vertices. Type: NC FLOAT. Source: Processor. aerosol mid height pdf bounds in AER LH/METADATA/QA STATISTICS Dimensions: aerosol_mid_height_pdf_axis, vertices. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. aerosol mid height histogram in AER LH/METADATA/QA STATISTICS Description: Histogram of the aerosol mid altitude in the current granule. Dimensions: aerosol mid height histogram axis. Type: NC INT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type NC STRING 'Histogram of the aerosol mid altitude in the current comment granule' (static)

	number_of_over- flow_values	0 (dynamic)	NC_INT
	The number of enco	ountered values that are larger than the top of the his	togram.
	number_of_un- derflow values	0 (dynamic)	NC_INT
	-	ountered values that are smaller than the base of the	histogram.
aerosol mid		n in AER_LH/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	
Description:		rosol mid pressure in the current granule.	
Dimensions:	aerosol mid pressu		
Type:	NC INT.	_ v _	
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	comment	'Histogram of the aerosol mid pressure in the current granule' (static)	NC_STRING
	number_of_over- flow_values	0 (dynamic)	NC_INT
	The number of enco	ountered values that are larger than the top of the his	togram.
	number_of_un- derflow_values	0 (dynamic)	NC_INT
	The number of enco	ountered values that are smaller than the base of the	histogram.
aerosol_mid_	height_pdf in AER_	LH/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	
Description:		unction of the aerosol mid altitude in the current granu $_{ m geo})$ and spread out using the error estimate.	le. The values a
Dimensions:	aerosol_mid_height	_pdf_axis.	
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	comment	'Probability density function of the aerosol mid altitude in the current granule' (static)	NC_STRING
	geolocation sampling_total	0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	The sum of cosine v	values of latitudes from the pixels that were used in the	ie pdf.
aerosol_mid_	_pressure_pdf in AE	R_LH/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	
Description:		unction of the aerosol mid pressure in the current graphs $\cos(\delta_{ ext{geo}})$ and spread out using the error estimate.	anule. The value
Dimensions:	aerosol_mid_pressu		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.	iie_pui_axis.	
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
, tti ibutos.	comment	'Probability density function of the aerosol mid pres-	NC STRING
	Comment	sure in the current granule' (static)	110_01111111111111111111111111111111111
	geolocation	0 (static)	NC FLOAT
	sampling_total	o (Statio)	110_1 20/11

K.2.2 Group "ALGORITHM_SETTINGS" in "METADATA"

The algorithm settings are attached as attributes to this group. The current settings are listed here, each item in the list is a string attribute.

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Configurations in AER_LH/METADATA/ALGORITHM_SETTINGS

processing.algorithm AER_LH

Define the algorithm that is to be loaded.

configuration.version.framework 1.2.0

Allow the framework to verify that the configuration file is up to date.

configuration.version.algorithm 2.0.0

Allow the processor to verify that the configuration file is up to date.

processing.szaMax 75.0

Maximum solar zenith angle (degrees).

processing.filterSunGlint false

Filter pixels with possible sun glint

processing.filterMixedSurface false

Filter pixels that contain both land and water

processing.sgaLimit 18.0

For pixels over water, sun glint angle must be larger than this angle (degrees).

processing.aerosolIndexWarning 1.0

Low aerosol index warning threshold

processing.aerosolIndexMin 0.0

Low aerosol index filter threshold

processing.surfaceAltitudePrecisionWarning 300.0

High standard deviation of altitude warning threshold.

processing.surfaceAltitudePrecisionMax 1000.0

High standard deviation of altitude filter threshold

processing.cloudFractionWarning 0.6

High cloud fraction warning threshold

processing.cloudFractionMax 0.6

High cloud fraction filter threshold

processing.cloudFractionNPPWarning 1.1

High NPP/VIIRS cloud fraction warning threshold

processing.cloudFractionNPPMax 1.1

High NPP/VIIRS cloud fraction filter threshold

processing.avgCirrusReflWarning 0.01

High cirrus reflectance warning threshold

processing.avgCirrusReflMax 0.4

High cirrus reflectance filter threshold

processing.albedo380diffWarning 0.2

 $\textbf{processing.albedo380diffMax} \quad 0.4$

processing.albedoRelMin 0.0

processing.smallPixelStdDevMax 1.0e-07

Standard deviation of the small pixels should be smaller than this limit, to filter out inhomogeneous scenes.

processing.loadSavedModel false

load the NN model from the tensorflow SavedModel

processing.modelDirectory v0_20181026

relative location of the tensorflow SavedModel

processing.saveModelAsNetcdf false

ave the model as netCDF to the location specified by the LUT ALH NN key

processing.applyDynamicScaling false

apply dynamic scaling

processing.dynamicScalingThreshold 15.0

dynamic scaling threshold

processing.albedoFactorsWater 0.7, 0.85, 1.0, 1.15, 1.3

albedo factors above water (only relevant if output.1.level == 1)

processing.albedoFactorsLand -0.5, -0.25, 0.0, 0.25, 0.5

albedo factors above land (only relevant if output.1.level == 1)

processing.deadline.handling information

When deadline time is passed write message with this log level

input.count 5

Define the number of input files.

input.1.type L1B RA BD6

Define the input type (band) for the second input (radiance band 6). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.1.irrType L1B_IR_UVN

Define which irradiance accompanies the second input.

input.1.band 6

Which band is this (for selecting the irradiance and coregistration to output).

input.2.type L2__FRESCO

Define the input type for the fourth input (FRESCO clouds, L2 product). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.2.band 6

On which band is this (for coregistration to output).

input.2.required false

input.3.type L2__AER_AI

Define the input type for the fifth input (aerosol index, L2 product). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.3.band 3

On which band is this (for coregistration to output).

input.4.type L2 NP BD6

Define the input type for the sixth input (NPP/VIIRS clouds on band 6, L2 product, optional). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.4.band 6

On which band is this (for coregistration to output).

input.4.required false

Input is required

input.5.type L2__CLOUD_

Define the input type for the second input (DLR clouds, L2 product). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.5.band 3

On which band is this (for coregistration to output).

input.5.required false

DLR clouds is not required, just one of the two cloud products.

output.count 1

Define the number of output products (should be 1).

output.useFletcher32 true

Boolean to indicate status of Fletcher32 filter (default is on).

output.useCompression true

Boolean to set status of comression (default is on).

output.useShuffleFilter true

Boolean to set status of shuffle filter (default is on).

output.compressionLevel 3

Integer value to set compression level, default is 3.

output.1.type L2__AER_LH

Output product short name. This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

output.1.config product.AER_LH.xml

Output product specification.

output.1.band 6

Geolocation in output follows this band.

output.1.level 0

Output level: 0 = nominal; 1 = extended

processing.nprogress 50000

Determines after how many processed pixels a progress message is written to the log

processing.nPasses 1

number of passes; this algorithm can work in both 1 and 2 passes.

output.histogram.aerosol mid pressure.range 1050.0, 150.0

Range for the histogram of the aerosol layer height mid pressure.

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output.histogram.aerosol mid height.range 0, 10000

Range for the histogram of the aerosol layer height mid altitude.

processing.fitWindowBegin 758.0

Start of fit window for aerosol layer height

processing.fitWindowEnd 770.0

End of fit window for aerosol layer height

processing.surfaceAlbedoWav 758.0, 770.0

Use this wavelength from the (GOME2 based) surface albedo database

processing.groupDem DEM RADIUS 05000

Which DEM to use.

processing.groupLer GOME2

Which LER database to use.

processing.band.count 1

Number of spectrum bands for processing

processing.band.1.begin 738.0

Begin of spectral band to be read from L1b data

processing.band.1.end 780.0

End of spectral band to be read from L1b data

processing.band.1.step 1

Step of spectral pixels

processing.band.1.input 1

Corresponding input number

processing.timeFinalize 60.0

Time needed to finalize and close the output file.

processing.signal to noise.test yes

lag pixels when signal to noise ratio is below threshold. Default no testing, unless processing.signal_to_noise.window.range is set.

processing.signal_to_noise.window.range 740.0, 745.0

avelength pixel range for testing signal to noise ratio. Default range is all wavelengts, but only if processing.signal_to_noise.test is set

processing.signal to noise.threshold 12

Threshold value for signal to noise ratio, in decibel. Ground-pixel is flagged when majority wavelength pixels has signal to noise below threshold. Default is 12.

processing.radianceFractionMinError 0.90

inumum fraction of valid spectral pixels required in band 2 for processing ground-pixel. With less pixels a PQF_E_INPUT_SPECTRUM_MISSING is generated.

processing.radianceFractionMinWarning 0.98

ith less valid spectral pixels in band 2 a PQF_W_INPUT_SPECTRUM_WARNING is generated. The ground-pixel can still be processed.

wavelength_calibration.perform_wavelength_fit yes

Master switch for the wavelength calibration.

wavelength_calibration.polynomial_order 2

The wavelength calibration fit uses a background polynomial. This is the order for this polynomial, 2 for aerosol layer heigh, as the window is short.

wavelength_calibration.include_stretch no

For aerosol layer height we do not include a stretch/squeeze parameter as we extrapolate the result.

wavelength calibration.include ring no

Ring effect is insignificant in the NIR.

wavelength calibration.initial guess.a0 1.0

Initial guess for the parameters of the polynomial in the wavelength fit. 1, 0.1, 0.01, 0.01, ... for a0, a1, a2, a3, ... as appropriate.

wavelength_calibration.initial_guess.a1 0.1

wavelength_calibration.initial_guess.a2 0.01

wavelength_calibration.sigma.a0 1.0

a priori precision of the polynomial coefficients. 1, 0.1, 0.1, 0.1, ... for a0, a1, a2, a3, ... as appropriate.

wavelength calibration.sigma.a1 0.1

wavelength calibration.sigma.shift 0.045

a priori precision of the wavelength shift. Set to the spectral sampling for band 6 divided by 3.

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wavelength_calibration.initial_guess.shift 0.0

Initial guess for the wavelength shift.

wavelength_calibration.window 738.0, 757.0

The wavelength calibration window. This window excludes the oxygen A band itself.

wavelength calibration.max iterations 8

The maximum number of iterations for hte wavelength fit.

wavelength calibration.convergence threshold 1.0

Convergence criterium (auto scaled).

qa value.input spectrum warning 50.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the number of pixels in the input spectrum is below nominal.

qa value.wavelength calibration warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the wavelength calibration offset is larger than a configured threshold.

qa_value.extrapolation_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when extrapolation was used in the retrieval.

qa_value.sun_glint_warning 50.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the pixel is potentially affected by sun glint.

qa_value.south_atlantic_anomaly_warning 50.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the instrument was flying through the South Atlantic Anomaly while taking this measurement.

qa_value.sun_glint_correction 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the cloud fraction was corrected for sun glint.

qa value.snow ice warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the snow ice warning flag is raised.

qa value.cloud warning 50.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the cloud warning flag is raised.

qa_value.aai_warning 50.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the aai warning flag is raised.

qa_value.pixel_level_input_data_missing 50.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the pixel level input data missing flag is raised.

ga value.data range warning 50.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the data range warning flag is raised.

qa_value.low_cloud_fraction_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the low_cloud_fraction_warning flag is raised.

${\tt qa_value.altitude_consistency_warning} \ \ 100.0$

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the altitude_consistency_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.signal_to_noise_ratio_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the signal_to_noise_ratio_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.deconvolution_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the deconvolution_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.so2_volcanic_origin_likely_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the so2_volcanic_origin_likely_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.so2_volcanic_origin_certain_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the so2_volcanic_origin_certain_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.interpolation_warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the interpolation warning flag is raised.

qa value.sza threshold 60.0, 75.0

ower and upper limits of the solar zenith angle where the qa_value is modified from 1 to 'qa_value.sza_modification_percent'.

qa_value.sza_modification_percent 80.0

a value multiplication factor (in percent) for values where $\vartheta = 0 > \vartheta = 0$, max.

ga value.vza threshold 60.0, 75.0

ower and upper limits of the viewing zenith angle where the qa_value is modified from 1 to 'qa_value.vza_modification_percent'.

ga value.vza modification percent 80.0

a_value multiplication factor (in percent) for values where $\vartheta > \vartheta$ _max.

K.2.3 Group "GRANULE DESCRIPTION" in "METADATA"

Attributes in AER LH/METADATA/GRANULE DESCRIPTION

The attributes described in section E.20 "Granule metadata" on page 183 are included in the output at this location.

Group attributes attached to GRANULE_DESCRIPTION			
Name	Value	Туре	
ProductShortName	'L2AER_LH' (static)	NC_STRING	
The short product name. For the aerosol layer height product this is fixed to "L2AER_LH".			

L Description of the CO product

Description of the main output file for the CO Column product from the TROPOMI instrument on the Sentinel 5-precursor mission.

Global attributes in CO

The attributes described in section M "Common file-level attributes" on page 367 are included in the output at this location.

The attributes described in section E.2 "Status dynamic ECMWF auxiliary data" on page 145 are included in the output at this location.

The attributes described in section E.26 "Status dynamic TM5 auxiliary data for Carbon monoxide and Methane processing" on page 216 are included in the output at this location.

Group attributes attached to CO			
Name	Value	Туре	
title	'TROPOMI/S5P CO Column 1-Orbit L2 Swath 7x7km' (dvnamic)	NC_STRING	

This is a short description of the product. In near-realtime processing the granule is shorter than 1 orbit, and the attribute must be adapted accordingly. The nominal value is "TROPOMI/S5P CO Column 1-Orbit L2 Swath 7x7km". This attribute originates from the NUG standard.

product version	'1.1.0' (dynamic)	NC STRING
-----------------	-------------------	-----------

Included for compatibility with the CCI project, where this item is defined as "the product version of this data file." We will use the file format version for this attribute following several CCI sub-projects. This attribute originates from the CCI standard.

processing status	'Nominal' (dynamic)	NC STRING
-------------------	---------------------	-----------

Description the processing status of the granule on a global level, mainly based on the availability of auxiliary input data.

Possible values: Nominal, Degraded

L.1 Group "PRODUCT" in "CO____"

This is the main group containing the CO product. At this level the dimensions and the main data fields are defined. Support data can be found in the "SUPPORT DATA" group.

Dimensions in CO____/PRODUCT

The dimensions described in section E.4 "Common dimensions" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

The dimensions described in section E.5 "Dimensions for optional output" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

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The dimensions described in section E.27 "Dimensions for optional output for carbon monoxide and methane" on page 216 are included in the output at this location.

layer The number of layers on which the retrieval is done.

size -1 (dynamic) source Processor.

Variables in CO /PRODUCT

The variables described in section E.6 "Coordinate variables" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.7 "Dimensional variables for optional output" on page 148 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.28 "Dimensional variables for optional output for carbon monoxide and methane" on page 216 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.9 "Common product fields" on page 150 are included in the output at

The variables described in section E.8 "The geolocation fields" on page 149 are included in the output at this location.

layer in CO_	/PRODUCT				
Description:	The fixed height grid on which the radiative transfer calculations are done.				
	•	defined as the (geometric) height above the topogra	•		
	differs from the scattering heights defined in other products, which use the geoid as the reference surface. The reason for this difference is that the CO retrieval is performed on a				
	fixed height grid relative to the surface.				
Dimensions:	layer (coordinate va				
Type:	NC_FLOAT.	,			
Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
	units	'm' (static)	NC_STRING		
	standard_name	'height' (static)	NC_STRING		
	long_name	'Height above topographic surface' (static)	NC_STRING		
	axis	'Z' (static)	NC_STRING		
carbonmono	xide_total_column	in CO/PRODUCT			
Description:	n: Vertically integrated CO column density				
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	und_pixel.			
Type:	NC_FLOAT.				
Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING		
	standard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_carbon_monox-ide' (static)	NC_STRING		
	long_name	'Vertically integrated CO column' (static)	NC_STRING		
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING		
	The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian				
	product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.				
	ancillary_vari-	'carbonmonoxide_total_column_precision' (static)	NC_STRING		
	ables				
	Provide a connecti	on with associated data, in this case the precision of	f the column. Thi		

attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

NC_FLOAT

multiplication_- 6.022140857e+19 (static) NC_FLOAT factor_to_convert_to_mo-lecules_percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol\,m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$ from the value in $mol\,m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$.

carbonmonoxide total column precision in CO /PRODUCT

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	units 'mol m-2' (static)	
standard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_carbon_monoxide standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Standard error of the vertically integrated CO column' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

6.022140857e+19 (static)

multiplication_factor_to_convert_to_molecules percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm^{-2} ". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$.

L.1.1 Group "SUPPORT DATA" in "PRODUCT"

L.1.1.1 Group "GEOLOCATIONS" in "SUPPORT_DATA"

Variables in CO /PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/GEOLOCATIONS

The variables described in section E.10 "Additional geolocation support fields" on page 151 are included in the output at this location.

L.1.1.2 Group "DETAILED_RESULTS" in "SUPPORT_DATA"

Variables in CO /PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

The variables described in section E.12 "Additional detailed results fields" on page 154 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.29 "Optional output for the CO algorithm" on page 217 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.11 "Number of iterations" on page 154 are included in the output at this location.

pressure_levels in CO/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS				
Description: Pressure of the layer interfaces of the vertical grid. The pressures indicate the pressure at				
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	the <i>bottom</i> of each layer. The topmost layer extends to the top of atmosphere.			
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel, layer.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	positive	'down' (static)	NC_STRING	
	units	'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING	
	standard_name	'air_pressure' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'Pressure at bottom of layer' (static)	NC_STRING	
water_total_c		RODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS		
Description:	Water vapour colum			
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.	W.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Type	
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING	
	standard_name	<pre>'atmosphere_mole_content_of_water_vapor' (static)</pre>	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'Vertically integrated H2O column' (static)	NC_STRING	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	
	ancillary_vari- ables	'water_total_column_precision' (static)	NC_STRING	
	multiplication factor_to_con-	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT	
	vert_to_mo- lecules_percm2			
	The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm ⁻² ". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $molecules cm^{-2}$ from the value in $mol m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $molecules cm^{-2}$.			
water_total_c	column_precision in	CO/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_F	RESULTS	
Description:		ieved water vapour column.		
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING	
	standard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_water_vapor stand- ard_error' (static)	NC_STRING	
	A standard name is currently unavailable for the error on the vertically integrated H ₂ O vapour column density. A suitable name for inclusion in the standard name list is "atmosphere_mole_content_of_water_vapor standard_error", with canonical unit mol m ⁻² . This attribute originates from the CF standard.			
	long_name	'Precision of vertically integrated H2O column' (static)	NC_STRING	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	

multiplication_- 6.022140857e+19 (static)

NC_FLOAT

factor_to_convert_to_molecules_percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol\,m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$ from the value in $mol\,m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$.

semiheavy water total column in CO /PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

Description: Deuterated water vapour column.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Type
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
proposed_stand-	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_water_vapor_con-	NC_STRING
ard_name	taining_2H' (static)	

A standard name is currently unavailable for the vertically integrated deuterated H₂O vapour column density. A suitable name for inclusion in the standard name list is "atmosphere_-mole_content_of_water_vapor_containing_2H", with canonical unit mol m⁻². This naming scheme is proposed as part of CMIP6 by PMIP to the Climate and Forecast Metadata conventions group. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

long_name	'Vertically integrated HDO column' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ancillary_vari- ables	'semiheavy_water_total_column_precision' (static)	NC_STRING

multiplication_factor_to_con-

_• 6.022140857e+19 (static)

NC FLOAT

vert_to_molecules_percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol\,m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $mol\,m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $mol\,m^{-2}$.

semiheavy_water_total_column_precision in CO____/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

Description: Precision of the retrieved deuterated water vapour column.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
proposed_stand-	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_water_vapor_con-	NC_STRING
ard_name	taining_2H standard_error' (static)	

A standard name is currently unavailable for the error of the vertically integrated deuterated H_2O vapour column density. A suitable name for inclusion in the standard name list is "atmosphere_mole_content_of_deuterated_water_vapor standard_error", with canonical unit mol m $^{-2}$. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

long_name	'Precision of the vertically integrated HDO column' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication factor_to_con- vert_to_mo- lecules_percm2	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT
The surroutities in Co	ation I France was a file and allow in Clausite. For an i	

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol\,m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$ from the value in $mol\,m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$.

scattering_optical_thickness_SWIR in CO____/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

Description: Scattering optical depth in the SWIR channel.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Scattering optical depth at 2330 nm wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

height scattering layer in CO /PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

Description: Retrieved height of the scattering layer.

Note that height is defined as the (geometric) height above the topographic surface. This differs from the scattering heights defined in other products, which use the geoid as the reference surface. The reason for this difference is that the CO retrieval is performed on a fixed height grid relative to the surface.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'm' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Scattering layer height above the topographic surface' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

surface_albedo_2325 in CO____/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

Description: Surface albedo at 2325 nm. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'surface_albedo' (static)	NC_STRING
radiation wavelength	2325.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
The wavelength at which the surface albedo is retrieved.		
long_name	'Surface albedo at 2325 nm' (static)	NC_STRING

	long_name	'Surface albedo at 2325 nm' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
surface_albe	do_2335 in CO	/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS	

Description:	Surface albedo at 2	225 nm	
Description:			
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	iriu_pixei.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'surface_albedo' (static)	NC_STRING
	radiation wavelength	2335.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	The wavelength at	which the surface albedo is retrieved.	
	long_name	'Surface albedo at 2335 nm' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
wavelength_	calibration_offset in	CO/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_F	RESULTS
Description:	•	measurement. To obtain the wavelengths used in the ds to be added to the wavelengths that are found in Le	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'nm' (static)	NC STRING
	long_name	'Spectral offset' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING
Description:	The χ^2 value for the	e fit. $\chi^2 = \sum_{i=1}^N \left[\frac{y_i - f(x_i; \mathbf{a})}{\sigma_i} \right]^2,$	(19
		$\mathcal{X} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \begin{bmatrix} - & \sigma_i \end{bmatrix}$,	(13
with $f(x_i; \mathbf{a})$ the modeled result, y_i the α and N the number of observations in t		deled result, y_i the observation, σ_i the stated precision of observations in the spectrum.	of the observatio
Dimensions: Type:	time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT.	nd_pixel.	
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	N/ /	
Attiributes.		Value	Type
		Value '1' (static)	Type NC STRING
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	units long_name	'1' (static) 'chi squared of fit residuals' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING
	units long_name coordinates	'1' (static) 'chi squared of fit residuals' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
_	units long_name coordinates freedom in CO/	'1' (static) 'chi squared of fit residuals' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS	NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description:	units long_name coordinates freedom in CO/ Degrees of freedom	'1' (static) 'chi squared of fit residuals' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS in for signal for CO	NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions:	units long_name coordinates freedom in CO/ Degrees of freedom time, scanline, grou	'1' (static) 'chi squared of fit residuals' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS in for signal for CO	NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type:	units long_name coordinates freedom in CO/ Degrees of freedom time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT.	'1' (static) 'chi squared of fit residuals' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS in for signal for CO	NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	units long_name coordinates freedom in CO/ Degrees of freedom time, scanline, grou	'1' (static) 'chi squared of fit residuals' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS of for signal for CO and_pixel.	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	units long_name coordinates freedom in CO/ Degrees of freedom time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT.	'1' (static) 'chi squared of fit residuals' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS in for signal for CO	NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	units long_name coordinates freedom in CO/ Degrees of freedom time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT. Processor.	'1' (static) 'chi squared of fit residuals' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS in for signal for CO ind_pixel. Value '1' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	units long_name coordinates freedom in CO/ Degrees of freedom time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name	'1' (static) 'chi squared of fit residuals' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS in for signal for CO ind_pixel. Value	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING Type
degrees_of_t Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	units long_name coordinates freedom in CO/ Degrees of freedom time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units	'1' (static) 'chi squared of fit residuals' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS in for signal for CO ind_pixel. Value '1' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING Type NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	units long_name coordinates freedom in CO/ Degrees of freedom time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name	'1' (static) 'chi squared of fit residuals' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS in for signal for CO ind_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'degrees of freedom for signal' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	units long_name coordinates freedom in CO/ Degrees of freedom time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name coordinates	'1' (static) 'chi squared of fit residuals' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS of for signal for CO ond_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'degrees of freedom for signal' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) /PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESU	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	units long_name coordinates freedom in CO/ Degrees of freedom time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units long_name coordinates raging_kernel in CO	'1' (static) 'chi squared of fit residuals' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS of for signal for CO and_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'degrees of freedom for signal' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) _/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESU r the CO column.	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING

Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'm' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'CO column averaging kernel' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.		
methane_total_column_prefit in CO/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS			

Description: Total CH₄ column from the pre-fit. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_methane' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Vertically integrated CH4 column from pre-fit' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	multiplication factor_to_con- vert to mo-	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

vert_to_molecules_percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol\,m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $mol\,m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $mol\,m^{-2}$.

methane_weak_twoband_total_column in CO____/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

Description: Total CH₄ column from the the weak band of the two-band retrieval.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_methane' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Vertically integrated CH4 column from weak band' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication factor_to_con- vert_to_mo-	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

vert_to_molecules_percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol\,m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$ from the value in $mol\,m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$.

methane_strong_twoband_total_column in CO____/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RES-

ULTS

Description: Total CH₄ column from the the strong band.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_methane' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Vertically integrated CH4 column from strong band' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

factor_to_convert_to_molecules_percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm^{-2} ". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$.

water_weak_twoband_total_column in CO____/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

Description: Total water column from the the weak band of the two-band retrieval.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_water_vapor' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Vertically integrated H2O column from weak band' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication factor_to_con-	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

factor_to_convert_to_molecules_percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol\,m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$ from the value in $mol\,m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$.

water_strong_twoband_total_column in CO____/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

Description: Total water column from the the strong band.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

 Attributes:
 Name
 Value
 Type

 units
 'mol m-2' (static)
 NC_STRING

standard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_water_vapor' (static)	NC_STRING
	is currently unavailable for the $\rm H_2O$ vapour total	
suitable name for ir	nclusion in the standard name list is "atmosphere	_mole_content
· .	-2 This state -2	fuere the OF

of_water_vapor", with canonical unit mol m⁻². This attribute originates from the CF standard.

long_name	'Vertically integrated H2O column from strong band' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication factor_to_con- vert_to_mo- lecules percm2	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is mol m⁻². Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm $^{-2}$ ". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in molecules cm $^{-2}$ from the value in mol m $^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in molecules cm^{-2} .

L.1.1.3 Group "INPUT_DATA" in "SUPPORT_DATA"

The groups described in section E.17 "Additional data support fields" on page 169 are included in the output at this location.

Variables in CO /PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/INPUT DATA

surface_pres	surface_pressure in CO/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA				
Description:	Surface pressure from	om ECMWF model data.			
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.			
Type:	NC_FLOAT.				
Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
	units	'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING		
	standard_name	'surface_air_pressure' (static)	NC_STRING		
	long_name	'surface_air_pressure' (static)	NC_STRING		
	source		NC_STRING		
	Possible values: EC and scale height of	MWF, Using DEM and assuming fixed sea-level pres 8.3 km	ssure of 1013 hPa		
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING		
		ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the case is not specified in the climate and forecast	• .		

L.2 Group "METADATA" in "CO____

This is a group to collect metadata items, such as the items that also appear in the header file and items required by Inspire [ER12]. Most metadata will be stored as attributes. Grouping attributes that belong to a specific standard is done by using sub-groups in the Metadata group. Included in this group are the granule description, algorithm settings and quality assurance parameters. Note that some metadata attributes are required to be attached to the global level by convention, such as the CF-Metadata convention [ER1] and the NetCDF user guide [ER16]. The groups described in section E.21 "ISO metadata" on page 184 are included in the output at this location.

The groups described in section E.22 "EOP metadata" on page 203 are included in the output at this

location.

The groups described in section E.23 "ESA metadata" on page 207 are included in the output at this location.

L.2.1 Group "QA_STATISTICS" in "METADATA"

The groups described in section E.19 "Quality assurance statistics" on page 175 are included in the output at this location.

Dimensions in CO____/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS

CO_total_vertical_column_histogram_axis Histogram axis.

size 100 (fixed)

CO_total_vertical_column_pdf_axis Probability density function axis.

size 400 (fixed)

Variables in CO____/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS

carbonmono	xide total column his	stogram_axis in CO/METADATA/QA_STATIST	HCS
Description:		histograms of the CO total vertical column.	
Dimensions:	CO_total_vertical_column_histogram_axis.		
Type:	NC FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:		Value	Туре
	units '1	1' (dynamic)	NC STRING
		n parameter. This attribute originates from the CF st	_
		Histogram axis of CO total vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name 'h	Histogram of the CO total vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING
		CO_total_vertical_column_histogram_bounds' static)	NC_STRING
carbonmono	xide_total_column_pdf	f_axis in CO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	
Description:			
Description.	Horizontal axis for the	probability distribution functions of the CO total ver	tical column.
•	Horizontal axis for the CO_total_vertical_colu	•	tical column.
Dimensions:	· ·	•	tical column.
Dimensions: Type:	CO_total_vertical_colu	•	tical column.
Dimensions: Type: Source:	CO_total_vertical_colu NC_FLOAT. Processor.	•	tical column. Type
Dimensions: Type: Source:	CO_total_vertical_colu NC_FLOAT. Processor.	umn_pdf_axis.	
Dimensions: Type: Source:	CO_total_vertical_colu NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name v units 'r	umn_pdf_axis. Value	Type NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source:	CO_total_vertical_colu NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name v units 'r Same unit as the main comment 'F	wan_pdf_axis. Value mol m-2' (dynamic)	Type NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type:	CO_total_vertical_colu NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name v units 'r Same unit as the main comment 'F column comment 'F	walue mol m-2' (dynamic) n parameter. This attribute originates from the CF steps of the control of the contro	<i>Type</i> NC_STRING tandard.
Dimensions: Type: Source:	CO_total_vertical_colu NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name v units 'r Same unit as the main comment 'F column comment 'F column comment 'F column comment 'F	walue mol m-2' (dynamic) n parameter. This attribute originates from the CF st Probability density function of CO total vertical column' (static) Probability density function of CO total vertical	Type NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	CO_total_vertical_colu NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name	walue mol m-2' (dynamic) n parameter. This attribute originates from the CF st Probability density function of CO total vertical column' (static) Probability density function of CO total vertical column' (static)	Type NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	CO_total_vertical_colu NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name	walue mol m-2' (dynamic) n parameter. This attribute originates from the CF st Probability density function of CO total vertical column' (static) Probability density function of CO total vertical column' (static) CO_total_vertical_column_pdf_bounds' (static)	Type NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: carbonmono Dimensions:	CO_total_vertical_colu NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name	walue mol m-2' (dynamic) n parameter. This attribute originates from the CF st Probability density function of CO total vertical column' (static) Probability density function of CO total vertical column' (static) CO_total_vertical_column_pdf_bounds' (static) stogram_bounds in CO/METADATA/QA_STA	Type NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: carbonmono Dimensions: Type:	CO_total_vertical_colu NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name	walue mol m-2' (dynamic) n parameter. This attribute originates from the CF st Probability density function of CO total vertical column' (static) Probability density function of CO total vertical column' (static) CO_total_vertical_column_pdf_bounds' (static) stogram_bounds in CO/METADATA/QA_STA	Type NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: carbonmono Dimensions: Type: Source:	CO_total_vertical_colu NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units 'r Same unit as the main comment 'F column comment 'F column c	walue mol m-2' (dynamic) n parameter. This attribute originates from the CF st Probability density function of CO total vertical column' (static) Probability density function of CO total vertical column' (static) CO_total_vertical_column_pdf_bounds' (static) stogram_bounds in CO/METADATA/QA_STA- umn_histogram_axis, vertices.	Type NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING TISTICS
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: carbonmono Dimensions: Type: Source:	CO_total_vertical_colu NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Same unit as the main comment for long_name bounds xide_total_column_his CO_total_vertical_colu NC_FLOAT. Processor. xide_total_column_pdf	walue mol m-2' (dynamic) n parameter. This attribute originates from the CF st Probability density function of CO total vertical column' (static) Probability density function of CO total vertical column' (static) CO_total_vertical_column_pdf_bounds' (static) stogram_bounds in CO/METADATA/QA_STA- umn_histogram_axis, vertices.	Type NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING TISTICS
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: carbonmono Dimensions: Type: Source: carbonmono	CO_total_vertical_colu NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Same unit as the main comment for long_name bounds xide_total_column_his CO_total_vertical_colu NC_FLOAT. Processor. xide_total_column_pdf	walue mol m-2' (dynamic) n parameter. This attribute originates from the CF st Probability density function of CO total vertical column' (static) Probability density function of CO total vertical column' (static) CO_total_vertical_column_pdf_bounds' (static) ctogram_bounds in CO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS ctf_bounds in CO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	Type NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING TISTICS

carbonmono	xide_total_column_	histogram in CO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	
Description:	Histogram of the CC	O column in the current granule.	
Dimensions:	CO_total_vertical_c	column_histogram_axis.	
Type:	NC_INT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	comment	'Histogram of the CO column in the current granule' (static)	NC_STRING
	number_of_over- flow_values	0 (dynamic)	NC_INT
	The number of enco	ountered values that are larger than the top of the his	togram.
	number_of_un- derflow_values	0 (dynamic)	NC_INT
	The number of enco	ountered values that are smaller than the base of the	histogram.
carbonmono	xide_total_column_	pdf in CO/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	
Description:		unction of the CO column in the current granule. The var spread out using the error estimate.	llues are weighted
Dimensions:	CO_total_vertical_c	column_pdf_axis.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	comment	'Probability density function of the CO column in the current granule' (static)	NC_STRING
	geolocation sampling_total	0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	The sum of cosine v	values of latitudes from the pixels that were used in th	ne ndf

L.2.2 Group "ALGORITHM_SETTINGS" in "METADATA"

The algorithm settings are attached as attributes to this group. The current settings are listed here, each item in the list is a string attribute.

Configurations in CO____/METADATA/ALGORITHM_SETTINGS

configuration.version.framework 1.2.0

Allow the framework to verify that the configuration file is up to date.

configuration.version.algorithm 1.2.0

Allow the processor to verify that the configuration file is up to date.

processing.algorithm CO

Define the algorithm that is to be loaded.

processing.writelog 2

Write log in FORTRAN code.

processing.threadStackSize 1000000000

Minimum threadStackSize = 10000000 (10 MB). A lower threadStackSize will cause a segmentation fault during the execution.

input.count 2

Define the number of input files.

input.1.type L1B_RA_BD7

Define the input type (band) for the first input (radiance band 7). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.1.irrType L1B IR SIR

Define which irradiance accompanies the first input.

input.1.band 7

Which band is this (for selecting the irradiance and coregistration to output).

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input.2.type L1B_RA_BD8

Define the input type (band) for the second input (radiance band 8). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.2.irrType L1B IR SIR

Define which irradiance accompanies the second input.

input.2.band 8

Which band is this (for selecting the irradiance and coregistration to output).

output.count 1

Define the number of output products (should be 1).

output.useFletcher32 true

Boolean to indicate status of Fletcher32 filter (default is on).

output.useCompression true

Boolean to set status of comression (default is on).

output.useShuffleFilter true

Boolean to set status of shuffle filter (default is on).

output.compressionLevel 3

Integer value to set compression level, default is 3.

output.1.type L2 CO

Output product short name. This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

output.1.band 7

Geolocation in output follows this band.

output.1.config product.CO .xml

Output product specification.

output.histogram.carbonmonoxide total column.range 0.03, 0.05

Range for the histogram of the CO column.

processing.vzaMin 0.0

processing.vzaMax 75.0

Maximum viewing zenith angle (full swath)

processing.szaMin 0.0

processing.szaMax 85.0

Maximum solar zenith angle.

processing.groupDem DEM RADIUS 05000

Which DEM to use.

processing.correct_surface_pressure_for_altitude false

Flag to control the correction of the surface pressure for local orography. Default is true, set to false because SRON code does not expect us to modify this value.

qa_value.cloud_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the cloud_warning flag is raised.

qa value.data range warning 0.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the data_range_warning flag is raised.

qa value.deconvolution warning 0.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the deconvolution_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.extrapolation_warning 0.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when extrapolation was used in the retrieval.

qa_value.input_spectrum_warning 0.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the number of pixels in the input spectrum is below nominal.

qa_value.wavelength_calibration_warning 0.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the wavelength calibration offset is larger than a configured threshold.

qa_value.sun_glint_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the pixel is potentially affected by sun glint.

qa_value.south_atlantic_anomaly_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the instrument was flying through the South Atlantic Anomaly while taking this measurement.

qa value.sun glint correction 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the cloud fraction was corrected for sun glint.

qa_value.snow_ice_warning 100.0

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he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the snow ice warning flag is raised.

ga value.AAI warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the AAI warning flag is raised.

qa value.pixel level input data missing 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the pixel_level_input_data_missing flag is raised.

qa value.low cloud fraction warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the low cloud fraction warning flag is raised.

qa value.altitude consistency warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the altitude_consistency_warning flag is raised.

ga value.signal to noise ratio warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the signal to noise ratio warning flag is raised.

qa value.so2 volcanic origin likely warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the so2_volcanic_origin_likely_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.so2_volcanic_origin_certain_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the so2_volcanic_origin_certain_warning flag is raised.

qa value.interpolation warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the interpolation_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.saturation_warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the saturation warning is raised.

qa value.sza threshold 80.0

pper limit for the solar zenith angle. Higher solar zenith angles will be assigned 'qa_value.sza_modification percent'.

qa value.sza modification percent 0.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when solar zenith angle is larger than the upper limit in 'qa value.sza threshold'.

qa_value.bad_rows 0, 1

List of bad rows.

qa_value.bad_rows_modification_percent 0.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for bad rows.

ga value.scattering optical thickness swir limit 0.5

Upper limit to the aerosol optical thickness derived from the SWIR before the "uncivilized cloudy" scenario kicks in.

ga value.cloud height cloud free upper limit 500.0

pper limit for the cloud height to classify a scene as cloud free, in combination with 'qa_value.scattering_-optical thickness swir limit'.

ga value.cloud height civilized cloudy upper limit 5000.0

pper limit for the cloud height to classify a scene as 'civilized cloudy', in combination with 'qa_-value.scattering_optical_thickness_swir_limit'.

qa_value.cloud_free_modification_percent 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for cloud free scenes.

qa_value.civilized_cloudy_modification_percent 70.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for civilized cloudy scenes.

qa_value.uncivilized_cloudy_modification_percent 40.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for uncivilized cloudy scenes.

L.2.3 Group "GRANULE_DESCRIPTION" in "METADATA"

Attributes in CO /METADATA/GRANULE DESCRIPTION

The attributes described in section E.20 "Granule metadata" on page 183 are included in the output at this location.

Group attributes attached	Group attributes attached to GRANULE_DESCRIPTION				
Name	Name Value Type				
ProductShortName	'L2CO' (static)	NC_STRING			

The short product name. For the CO product this is fixed to "L2__CO____".

M Description of the CH₄ product

Description of the main output file for the CH₄ product from the TROPOMI instrument on the Sentinel 5-precursor mission.

Global attributes in CH4

The attributes described in section M "Common file-level attributes" on page 367 are included in the output at this location.

The attributes described in section E.2 "Status dynamic ECMWF auxiliary data" on page 145 are included in the output at this location.

The attributes described in section E.26 "Status dynamic TM5 auxiliary data for Carbon monoxide and Methane processing" on page 216 are included in the output at this location.

The attributes described in section E.25 "Status dynamic VIIRS auxiliary data" on page 216 are included in the output at this location.

Group attributes attached to Ch	- 14	
Name	Value	Туре
title	'TROPOMI/S5P Methane 1-Orbit L2 Swath 7x7km' (static)	NC_STRING
•	e product. Methane is only produced in offline processing s 1 orbit. This attribute originates from the NUG standard.	, not in near real
product_version	'1.2.0' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
	ne CCI project, where this item is defined as "the product version for this attribute following several CCI sub-projected.	
processing_status	'Nominal' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Description the processing statuinput data.	is of the granule on a global level, mainly based on the avail	ability of auxiliary
Possible values: Nominal, Degr	raded	

M.1 Group "PRODUCT" in "CH4___"

This is the main group containing the CH₄ product. At this level the dimensions and the main data fields are defined. Support data can be found in the "SUPPORT_DATA" group.

Dimensions in CH4 /PRODUCT

The dimensions described in section E.4 "Common dimensions" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

The dimensions described in section E.5 "Dimensions for optional output" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

The dimensions described in section E.27 "Dimensions for optional output for carbon monoxide and methane" on page 216 are included in the output at this location.

layer The number of layers on which the retrieval is done.

size -1 (dynamic)
source Processor.

level The number of levels (layer interfaces) on which the retrieval is done. The number of levels is one larger than the number of layers.

size -1 (dynamic)
source Processor.

Variables in CH4___/PRODUCT

Dimensions:

Type:

time, scanline, ground_pixel.

NC_FLOAT.

The variables described in section E.6 "Coordinate variables" on page 146 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.7 "Dimensional variables for optional output" on page 148 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.28 "Dimensional variables for optional output for carbon monoxide and methane" on page 216 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.9 "Common product fields" on page 150 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.8 "The geolocation fields" on page 149 are included in the output at this location.

layer in CH4_	/PRODUCT		
Description:	Index to count the r	number of layers.	
Dimensions:	layer (coordinate va	ariable).	
Type:	NC_INT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	axis	'Z' (static)	NC_STRING
	positive	'down' (static)	NC_STRING
level in CH4_	/PRODUCT		
Description:	Index to count the r	number of levels.	
Dimensions:	level (coordinate va	riable).	
Туре:	NC_INT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	axis	'Z' (static)	NC_STRING
	positive	'down' (static)	NC_STRING
Description:		- averaged dry-air mole fraction of atmospheric meth	nane, in literature
Description:	Retrieved column- referred to as "XCH	– averaged dry-air mole fraction of atmospheric meth ${\sf I_4}".$	nane, in literatur
Description: Dimensions:	Retrieved column- referred to as "XCH time, scanline, grou	– averaged dry-air mole fraction of atmospheric meth ${\sf I_4}".$	ane, in literatur
Description: Dimensions: Type:	Retrieved column- referred to as "XCH time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT.	– averaged dry-air mole fraction of atmospheric meth ${\sf I_4}".$	nane, in literatur
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Retrieved column-referred to as "XCH time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor.	averaged dry-air mole fraction of atmospheric meth l ₄ ". ınd_pixel.	
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Retrieved column-referred to as "XCH time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name	averaged dry-air mole fraction of atmospheric methols. Ind_pixel. Value	Туре
Description: Dimensions:	Retrieved column-referred to as "XCH time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor.	averaged dry-air mole fraction of atmospheric meth l ₄ ". ınd_pixel.	
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Retrieved column-referred to as "XCH time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units	averaged dry-air mole fraction of atmospheric methold." Ind_pixel. Value '1e-9' (static) 'dry_atmosphere_mole_fraction_of_methane'	Type NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Retrieved column-referred to as "XCH time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name	averaged dry-air mole fraction of atmospheric methold. Ind_pixel. Value '1e-9' (static) 'dry_atmosphere_mole_fraction_of_methane' (static) 'column averaged dry air mixing ratio of methane'	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Retrieved column-referred to as "XCH time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name long_name	averaged dry-air mole fraction of atmospheric methold. Ind_pixel. Value '1e-9' (static) 'dry_atmosphere_mole_fraction_of_methane' (static) 'column averaged dry air mixing ratio of methane' (static)	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Retrieved column- referred to as "XCH time, scanline, grou NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name long_name coordinates ancillary_vari- ables Provide a connection XCH4, the column	averaged dry-air mole fraction of atmospheric methological description of atmospheric	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING re the precision of
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	Retrieved column- referred to as "XCH time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name long_name coordinates ancillary_variables Provide a connection XCH4, the column This attribute origin	averaged dry-air mole fraction of atmospheric methological. Value '1e-9' (static) 'dry_atmosphere_mole_fraction_of_methane' (static) 'column averaged dry air mixing ratio of methane' (static) 'longitude latitude' (static) 'methane_mixing_ratio_precision column_averaging_kernel chi_square degreess_of_freedom' (static) on with associated data. For the XCH4 retrieval these a averaging kernel, the χ^2 of the fit and the degrees of	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING re the precision of

Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1e-9' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'dry_atmosphere_mole_fraction_of_methane standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'precision of the column averaged dry air mixing ratio of methane' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
methane_mix	king_ratio_bias_cor	rected in CH4/PRODUCT	
Description:	Bias corrected colu	mn-averaged dry-air mole fraction of CH ₄ .	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1e-9' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'dry_atmosphere_mole_fraction_of_methane' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'bias corrected column-averaged dry-air mole fraction of methane' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	ancillary_vari- ables	'methane_mixing_ratio_precision column_averaging_kernel chi_square degrees_of_freedom' (static)	NC_STRING
	XCH ₄ , the column a	on with associated data. For the XCH_4 retrieval these a averaging kernel, the chi squared of the fit and the degree originates from the NUG, CF standards.	
	comment	'This value will be filled with data after the commissioning phase, this is known to be empty for now' (static)	NC_STRING

M.1.1 Group "SUPPORT_DATA" in "PRODUCT"

M.1.1.1 Group "GEOLOCATIONS" in "SUPPORT_DATA"

Variables in CH4___/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/GEOLOCATIONS

The variables described in section E.10 "Additional geolocation support fields" on page 151 are included in the output at this location.

M.1.1.2 Group "DETAILED_RESULTS" in "SUPPORT_DATA"

Variables in CH4___/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

The variables described in section E.12 "Additional detailed results fields" on page 154 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.30 "Debug output for level 'statistical' for methane" on page 222 are included in the output at this location.

The variables described in section E.11 "Number of iterations" on page 154 are included in the output at this location.

number of spectral points in retrieval NIR in CH4 /PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED -**RESULTS** Description: The number of points in the spectrum that were used in the retrieval from the NIR spectrum (band 6). time, scanline, ground_pixel. Dimensions: NC USHORT. Type: Processor. Source: Attributes: Name Value Type NC STRING long name 'number of spectral points used in the retrieval.' comment 'Flags indicating conditions that affect quality of the NC STRING retrieval.' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC STRING coordinates column averaging kernel in CH4 /PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS Description: Column averaging kernel for CH₄. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel, layer. NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type '1' (static) NC STRING units NC STRING long_name 'Column averaging kernel for the methane retrieval' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) coordinates NC STRING carbonmonoxide total column in CH4 /PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS The vertical column of CO as a by-product of CH₄ retrieval. This is not the official CO column Description: product. time, scanline, ground_pixel. Dimensions: NC_FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'mol m-2' (static) NC STRING standard name 'atmosphere mole content of carbon monox-NC STRING ide' (static) 'CO total vertical column' (static) NC STRING long_name 'This is a by-product of the methane retrieval, this NC STRING comment is not the official carbon monoxide product.' (static) coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC STRING multiplication -6.022140857e+19 (static) NC FLOAT factor to convert to molecules percm2 The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in molecules cm⁻² from the value in mol m⁻². This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in molecules cm⁻².

carbonmonoxide_total_column_precision in CH4___/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RES-ULTS

Description: Precision of the vertical column of CO as a by-product of CH_4 retrieval. This is not the official

CO column product.

Sue 11.0.0, 20	019-02-01 - Teleasec		rage 3/1013
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	ınd_pixel.	
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_carbon_monoxide standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'CO total vertical column precision' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'This is a by-product of the methane retrieval, this is not the official carbon monoxide product.' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	multiplication	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	factor_to_con-		
	vert_to_mo- lecules percm2		
	in molecules cm ⁻² f	his attribute provides the multiplication factor to calcula rom the value in $mol m^{-2}$. This is provided as a constant in molecules cm ⁻² .	
water total		PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS	
Description: Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	of H ₂ O as a by-product of CH ₄ retrieval.	
Type:	NC FLOAT.	піц_ріхеі.	
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
Allibules.	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC STRING
	standard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_water_vapor' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'H2O total vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	multiplication	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

factor_to_con-

vert_to_molecules_percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is mol m⁻². Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is

"molecules cm^{-2} ". This attrib	oute provides the multiplica	tion factor to calcul	ate the total column
in molecules cm ⁻² from the	value in $mol m^{-2}$. This is	provided as a co	nvenience to users
who have tools that work in	$molecules cm^{-2}$.		
water total column precision in CH4	/PRODUCT/SUPPORT	DATA/DETAILED	RESULTS

Precision of the vertical column of H_2O as a by-product of CH_4 retrieval. Description:

time, scanline, ground_pixel. Dimensions:

NC_FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_water_vapor stand- ard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'H2O total vertical column precision' (static)	NC_STRING

coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication factor_to_con- vert_to_mo- lecules_percm2	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol \, m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column

	in molecules cm ⁻² from the value in $mol m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in molecules cm ⁻² .		
aerosol size in CH4 /PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS			
Description:	The aerosol size pa	rameter in the CH ₄ retrieval.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'aerosol size parameter of the power law size distri- bution' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
aerosol_size	_precision in CH4	_/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULT	<u> </u>
Description:	Precision of the aer	osol size parameter in the CH ₄ retrieval.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Type
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'precision of the aerosol size parameter of the power law size distribution' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
aerosol_num	ber_column in CH4_	/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESUL	.TS
Description:	The column number	r density of aerosol particles from the CH ₄ retrieval.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'm-2' (static)	NC_STRING
			NIO OTDINIO

Type:	NC_FLOAT.
Source:	Processor.

Name	Value	Туре
units	'm-2' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'atmosphere_number_content_of_aerosol particles' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'aerosol total vertical number column' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

aerosol_number_column_precision in CH4___/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

Precision of the aerosol column number density in the CH₄ retrieval. Description:

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'm-2' (static)	NC_STRING

Туре

,			
	standard_name	'atmosphere_number_content_of_aerosol particles standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
		e from the standard name table for the precision of the lates from the CF standard.	e aerosol amoun
	long_name	'precision of aerosol total vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
aerosol_mid_	_altitude in CH4	PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS	
Description:	The aerosol altitude (geometric) height	de parameter in the CH_4 retrieval. Note that altitude above the geoid.	is defined as the
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	und_pixel.	
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'm' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'central altitude of aerosol altitude distribution. This	NC_STRING
		is the geometric height above the geoid.' (static)	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
aerosol_mid_	_altitude_precision	in CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_	RESULTS
Description:	Precision of the ae	rosol altitude parameter in the CH ₄ retrieval.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	und_pixel.	
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'm' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'precision of central altitude of aerosol altitude distribution.' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
surface_albe	do_SWIR in CH4	_/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS	}
Description:	Retrieved surface a	albedo in the SWIR band.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	und_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'surface_albedo' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'surface albedo in the SWIR channel' (static)	NC_STRING
	radiation	2345.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	wavelength		
	•	used for the determination of the aerosol index. The coordinate variable for this, but this seems more approximation in nm.	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
surface albe	do_SWIR precision	n in CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED	
Description:		rieved surface albedo in the SWIR band.	_
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou		
Туре:	NC FLOAT.	_	
Source:	Processor.		

Value

Attributes:

Name

long_name

	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
•	standard_name	'surface_albedo standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
•	long_name	'precision of the surface albedo in the SWIR chan- nel' (static)	NC_STRING
	radiation wavelength	2345.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	The wavelengths u	ised for the determination of the aerosol index. The coordinate variable for this, but this seems more approin nm.	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
surface_albe	do_NIR in CH4/F	PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS	
Description:	Retrieved surface a	lbedo in the NIR band.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
•	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
•	standard_name	'surface_albedo' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'surface albedo in the NIR channel' (static)	NC_STRING
	radiation wavelength	758.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	-	sed for the determination of the aerosol index. The	
	-	pordinate variable for this, but this seems more appr	
surface_albe	propose to use a cowavelength is given coordinates	pordinate variable for this, but this seems more appring in nm.	opriate here. Th
_	propose to use a co- wavelength is given coordinates do_NIR_precision in	oordinate variable for this, but this seems more appring in nm. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	opriate here. Th
Description:	propose to use a co- wavelength is given coordinates do_NIR_precision in	poordinate variable for this, but this seems more approin nm. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_Fireved surface albedo in the NIR band.	opriate here. Th
surface_albed Description: Dimensions: Type:	propose to use a co- wavelength is given coordinates do_NIR_precision in Precision of the retr	poordinate variable for this, but this seems more approin nm. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_Fireved surface albedo in the NIR band.	opriate here. Th
Description: Dimensions:	propose to use a co- wavelength is given coordinates do_NIR_precision in Precision of the retr time, scanline, grou	poordinate variable for this, but this seems more approin nm. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_Fireved surface albedo in the NIR band.	opriate here. Th
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	propose to use a co- wavelength is given coordinates do_NIR_precision in Precision of the retr time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT.	poordinate variable for this, but this seems more approin nm. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_Fireved surface albedo in the NIR band.	opriate here. Th
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	propose to use a communication wavelength is given coordinates do_NIR_precision in Precision of the retrestime, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor.	pordinate variable for this, but this seems more approin nm. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_For ieved surface albedo in the NIR band. Ind_pixel. Value	opriate here. Th
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	propose to use a communication wavelength is given coordinates do_NIR_precision in Precision of the retrestime, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units	pordinate variable for this, but this seems more approin nm. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_Foreved surface albedo in the NIR band. Ind_pixel. Value '1' (static)	opriate here. The NC_STRING RESULTS
Description: Dimensions: Type:	propose to use a communication wavelength is given coordinates do_NIR_precision in Precision of the retrestime, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name	poordinate variable for this, but this seems more approin nm. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_Foreved surface albedo in the NIR band. Ind_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'surface_albedo standard_error' (static) 'precision of the surface albedo in the NIR channel'	NC_STRING RESULTS Type NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	propose to use a command wavelength is given coordinates do_NIR_precision in Precision of the retrestime, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name long_name radiation	coordinate variable for this, but this seems more approin nm. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_Foreved surface albedo in the NIR band. Ind_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'surface_albedo standard_error' (static)	Opriate here. The NC_STRING RESULTS Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	propose to use a command wavelength is given coordinates do_NIR_precision in Precision of the retrestion, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name long_name radiation wavelength The wavelengths units	coordinate variable for this, but this seems more approin nm. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) n CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_Foreved surface albedo in the NIR band. Ind_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'surface_albedo standard_error' (static) 'precision of the surface albedo in the NIR channel' (static) 758.0 (static) Issed for the determination of the aerosol index. The poordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate in the coordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate in the coordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate in the coordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate variable for this in the coordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate variable for this in the coordinate variable for the coordinate variable for this in the coordinate variable for the coordinat	Type NC_STRING RESULTS Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING CFLOAT CF-convention
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	propose to use a command wavelength is given coordinates do_NIR_precision in Precision of the retrestion, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name long_name radiation wavelength The wavelengths upropose to use a command coordinate or command coordinate.	coordinate variable for this, but this seems more approin nm. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) n CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_Foreved surface albedo in the NIR band. Ind_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'surface_albedo standard_error' (static) 'precision of the surface albedo in the NIR channel' (static) 758.0 (static) Issed for the determination of the aerosol index. The poordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate in the coordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate in the coordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate in the coordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate variable for this in the coordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate variable for this in the coordinate variable for the coordinate variable for this in the coordinate variable for the coordinat	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING CFLOAT CF-convention
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	propose to use a command wavelength is given coordinates do_NIR_precision in Precision of the retrestion of the retrestion, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name long_name radiation wavelength The wavelengths upropose to use a command wavelength is given coordinates	coordinate variable for this, but this seems more approin nm. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_Foreved surface albedo in the NIR band. Ind_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'surface_albedo standard_error' (static) 'precision of the surface albedo in the NIR channel' (static) 758.0 (static) Issed for the determination of the aerosol index. The poordinate variable for this, but this seems more approin nm.	Type NC_STRING RESULTS Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_FLOAT CF-convention opriate here. The
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	propose to use a command wavelength is given coordinates do_NIR_precision in Precision of the retrestime, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name long_name radiation wavelength The wavelengths upropose to use a command wavelength is given coordinates cal_thickness_SWIF	ordinate variable for this, but this seems more approin nm. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) n CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_Frieved surface albedo in the NIR band. nd_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'surface_albedo standard_error' (static) 'precision of the surface albedo in the NIR channel' (static) 758.0 (static) seed for the determination of the aerosol index. The pordinate variable for this, but this seems more approin nm. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	Type NC_STRING RESULTS Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_FLOAT CF-convention opriate here. The
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	propose to use a command wavelength is given coordinates do_NIR_precision in Precision of the retrestime, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name long_name radiation wavelength The wavelengths upropose to use a command wavelength is given coordinates cal_thickness_SWIF	coordinate variable for this, but this seems more approin nm. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_Fileved surface albedo in the NIR band. nd_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'surface_albedo standard_error' (static) 'precision of the surface albedo in the NIR channel' (static) 758.0 (static) seed for the determination of the aerosol index. The pordinate variable for this, but this seems more approin nm. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) R in CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED ptical thicknesss in the SWIR band.	Type NC_STRING RESULTS Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_FLOAT CF-convention opriate here. Ti
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: aerosol_option	propose to use a command wavelength is given coordinates do_NIR_precision in Precision of the retrestime, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name long_name radiation wavelength The wavelengths upropose to use a command wavelength is given coordinates cal_thickness_SWIF Retrieved aerosological	coordinate variable for this, but this seems more approin nm. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_Fileved surface albedo in the NIR band. nd_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'surface_albedo standard_error' (static) 'precision of the surface albedo in the NIR channel' (static) 758.0 (static) seed for the determination of the aerosol index. The pordinate variable for this, but this seems more approin nm. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) R in CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED ptical thicknesss in the SWIR band.	Type NC_STRING RESULTS Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_FLOAT CF-convention opriate here. Ti
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: aerosol_option: Description: Dimensions: Type:	propose to use a command wavelength is given coordinates do_NIR_precision in Precision of the retrestion, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name long_name radiation wavelength The wavelengths upropose to use a command wavelength is given coordinates cal_thickness_SWIF Retrieved aerosol of time, scanline, ground	coordinate variable for this, but this seems more approin nm. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_Fileved surface albedo in the NIR band. nd_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'surface_albedo standard_error' (static) 'precision of the surface albedo in the NIR channel' (static) 758.0 (static) seed for the determination of the aerosol index. The pordinate variable for this, but this seems more approin nm. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) R in CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED ptical thicknesss in the SWIR band.	Type NC_STRING RESULTS Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_FLOAT CF-convention opriate here. Ti
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: aerosol_optio Description: Dimensions:	propose to use a cowavelength is given coordinates do_NIR_precision in Precision of the retrestime, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units standard_name long_name radiation wavelength The wavelengths upropose to use a cowavelength is given coordinates cal_thickness_SWIF Retrieved aerosol of time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT.	coordinate variable for this, but this seems more approin nm. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_Fileved surface albedo in the NIR band. nd_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'surface_albedo standard_error' (static) 'precision of the surface albedo in the NIR channel' (static) 758.0 (static) seed for the determination of the aerosol index. The pordinate variable for this, but this seems more approin nm. '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) R in CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED ptical thicknesss in the SWIR band.	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_FLOAT CF-convention opriate here. The

'aerosol optical thickness in SWIR channel' (static) NC_STRING

	radiation -	2345.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	wavelength		
	_	sed for the determination of the aerosol index. The pordinate variable for this, but this seems more appr in nm.	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
aerosol_option	cal_thickness_NIR in	n CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_I	RESULTS
Description:	Retrieved aerosol o	ptical thicknesss in the near infrared band.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'aerosol optical thickness in NIR band' (static)	NC_STRING
	radiation wavelength	758.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	•	sed for the determination of the aerosol index. The pordinate variable for this, but this seems more apprin nm.	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
wavelength_	calibration_offset_S	WIR in CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAI	LED_RESULTS
Description:	•	measurement in the SWIR band. To obtain the wavelenthis variable needs to be added to the wavelengths	-
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'nm' (static)	
		····· (Como)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Spectral shift in the SWIR band, add value to L1B to obtain best fit result' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING
	coordinates	'Spectral shift in the SWIR band, add value to L1B	
wavelength_	coordinates	'Spectral shift in the SWIR band, add value to L1B to obtain best fit result' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING
wavelength_ Description:	coordinates calibration_offset_N Spectral shift of the	'Spectral shift in the SWIR band, add value to L1B to obtain best fit result' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING ED_RESULTS ngths used in the
-	coordinates calibration_offset_N Spectral shift of the retrieval the value in	'Spectral shift in the SWIR band, add value to L1B to obtain best fit result' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'IR in CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILE measurement in the NIR band. To obtain the wavelen this variable needs to be added to the wavelengths	NC_STRING NC_STRING ED_RESULTS ngths used in the
Description:	coordinates calibration_offset_N Spectral shift of the retrieval the value in Level 1B.	'Spectral shift in the SWIR band, add value to L1B to obtain best fit result' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'IR in CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILE measurement in the NIR band. To obtain the wavelen this variable needs to be added to the wavelengths	NC_STRING NC_STRING ED_RESULTS ngths used in the
Description: Dimensions:	coordinates calibration_offset_N Spectral shift of the retrieval the value in Level 1B. time, scanline, ground	'Spectral shift in the SWIR band, add value to L1B to obtain best fit result' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'IR in CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILE measurement in the NIR band. To obtain the wavelen this variable needs to be added to the wavelengths	NC_STRING NC_STRING ED_RESULTS ngths used in the
Description: Dimensions: Type:	coordinates calibration_offset_N Spectral shift of the retrieval the value in Level 1B. time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT.	'Spectral shift in the SWIR band, add value to L1B to obtain best fit result' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'IR in CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILE measurement in the NIR band. To obtain the wavelen this variable needs to be added to the wavelengths	NC_STRING NC_STRING ED_RESULTS ngths used in the
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	coordinates calibration_offset_N Spectral shift of the retrieval the value in Level 1B. time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor.	'Spectral shift in the SWIR band, add value to L1B to obtain best fit result' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'IR in CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILE measurement in the NIR band. To obtain the wavelen this variable needs to be added to the wavelengths and_pixel.	NC_STRING NC_STRING ED_RESULTS ngths used in the that are found in
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	coordinates calibration_offset_N Spectral shift of the retrieval the value in Level 1B. time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name	'Spectral shift in the SWIR band, add value to L1B to obtain best fit result' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) IIR in CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILE measurement in the NIR band. To obtain the wavelen this variable needs to be added to the wavelengths and_pixel. Value	NC_STRING NC_STRING ED_RESULTS ngths used in the sthat are found in
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	coordinates calibration_offset_N Spectral shift of the retrieval the value in Level 1B. time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units	'Spectral shift in the SWIR band, add value to L1B to obtain best fit result' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 'IR in CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILE measurement in the NIR band. To obtain the wavelen this variable needs to be added to the wavelengths and_pixel. Value 'nm' (static) 'Spectral shift in the NIR band, add value to L1B to	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING ED_RESULTS ngths used in the sthat are found in Type NC_STRING

Description:	The χ^2 value for the	ne fit.	
		$\chi^2 = \sum_{i=1}^N \left[\frac{y_i - f(x_i; \mathbf{a})}{\sigma_i} \right]^2,$	(20)
		odeled result, y_i the observation, σ_i the stated precision of observations in the spectrum.	of the observation
Dimensions:	time, scanline, gro	·	
Type:	NC FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'chi squared of fit in both SWIR and NIR band'	NC_STRING
		(static)	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
chi_square_9		RODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS	
Description:		IR channel (bands 7 and 8).	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, gro	und_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'chi squared of fit in SWIR band' (static)	NC_STRING
	radiation wavelength	2345.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	•	used for the determination of the aerosol index. The	
		coordinate variable for this, but this seems more approp	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
chi_square_l		DUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS	
Description:	χ^2 for just the NIR	•	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, gro	und_pixei.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		_
Attributes:	Name	Value	Type
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'chi squared of fit in NIR band' (static)	NC_STRING
	radiation wavelength	758.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	The wavelengths	used for the determination of the aerosol index. The coordinate variable for this, but this seems more approp	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING
degrees of t		/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS	
Description:		edom for the signal.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, gro	-	
Type:	NC FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'degrees of freedom for signal' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
		in a contraction of the contraction (Statio)	

/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS degrees of freedom methane in CH4 Description: The degrees of freedom for the signal for the CH₄ retrieval (SWIR channel). Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel. NC FLOAT. Type: Processor. Source: Attributes: Value Name Type '1' (static) NC STRING units NC STRING 'degrees of freedom for \Methane profile' (static) long name '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) coordinates NC STRING degrees_of_freedom_aerosol in CH4___/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS Description: The degrees of freedom for the signal for the aerosol parameter retrieval (NIR channel). Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Value Name Type units '1' (static) NC STRING long name 'degrees of freedom for aerosol parameters' (static) NC STRING coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC STRING /PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS fluorescence in CH4_ The retrieved chlorophyll fluorescence emission. Description: Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel. Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type units 'mol s-1 m-2 nm-1 sr-1' (static) NC_STRING 'fluorescence emission' (static) NC STRING long name '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC STRING coordinates multiplication -6.022140857e+19 (static) NC FLOAT factor to convert to photons persecond pernm percm2 persr The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. The radiances for Sentinel 5 precursor are given in mol s⁻¹ m⁻² nm⁻¹ sr⁻¹. Traditionally the radiances are given in photons s⁻¹ cm⁻² nm⁻¹ sr⁻¹, This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the radiance in photons s^{-1} cm⁻² nm⁻¹ sr⁻¹ from the value in mol s⁻¹ m⁻² nm⁻¹ sr⁻¹. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in photons s⁻¹ cm⁻² nm⁻¹ sr⁻¹.

M.1.1.3 Group "INPUT DATA" in "SUPPORT DATA"

The groups described in section E.17 "Additional data support fields" on page 169 are included in the output at this location.

Variables in CH4___/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA

methane_pro	ofile_apriori in CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA
Description:	CH4 a priori vertical profile. Interpolated in space and time to SWIR ground pixel and time. Values are integrated sub-columns.
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel, layer.
Type:	NC_FLOAT.

Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'mole_content_of_methane_in_atmosphere_layer' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'mole content of methane in atmosphere layer' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	multiplication factor_to_con- vert_to_mo- lecules_percm2	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	value this means th	entinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an inat the unit is $mol m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integral $mol m^{-2}$.	egrated column is

value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm^{-2} ". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$.

altitude_levels in CH4___/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA

Description: Altitude of layer interfaces of retrieval grid. Note that altitude is defined as the (geometric)

height above the geoid. The altitude levels depend on the pressure profile, and can therefore

not be parametrized.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel, level.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Source:	Processor.
Attributes:	Name

Name	Value	Туре
units	'm' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'altitude' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'height above the geoid' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

dry_air_subcolumns in CH4___/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA

Description: Dry air subcolumn per layer.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel, layer.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
	proposed_stand-	'mole_content_of_dry_air_in_atmosphere_layer'	NC_STRING

A standard name is currently unavailable for the amount of dry air in each layer. A suitable name for inclusion in the standard name list is "mole_content_of_dry_air_in_atmosphere_layer", with canonical unit mol m⁻². This attribute originates from the CF standard.

long_name	'dry air subcolumns' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication factor_to_con- vert_to_mo- lecules_percm2	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol\,m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm $^{-2}$ ". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$ from the value in $mol\,m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$.

surface pressure in CH4 /PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/INPUT DATA

Description: Pressure at surface elevation of S5P SWIR pixel. An equidistant pressure grid is used,

this variable specifies the interfaces. The pressure grid is equidistant between the surface pressure and a fixed top pressure. This variable may be removed as the surface pressure is

available, and the top of atmosphere pressure can be specified easily.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes: Nam

Name	value	iype
units	'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'surface_air_pressure' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'surface air pressure' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

pressure_interval in CH4___/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA

1/-1...

Description: Pressure difference between retrieval levels. The pressure grid is equidistant between the

surface pressure and a fixed top pressure. Thus, the equidistant pressure grid is defined by

the surface_pressure and pressure_interval variables.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name Value Type

 units
 'Pa' (static)
 NC_STRING

 long_name
 'pressure difference between levels in the retrieval' (static)
 NC_STRING

 coordinates
 '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)
 NC_STRING

cloud_fraction_VIIRS_SWIR_IFOV in CH4___/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA

Description: Cloud fraction from VIIRS data in the SWIR channel for the instantaneous field of view

(bands 7 and 8).

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: RAL-clouds.

Attributes: Name Value Type

 units
 '1' (static)
 NC_STRING

 long_name
 'Cloud fraction from VIIRS data in the SWIR channel for the instantaneous field of view' (static)
 NC_STRING

 coordinates
 '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)
 NC_STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER1, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

cloud fraction VIIRS SWIR OFOVa in CH4 /PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/INPUT DATA

Description: Cloud fraction from VIIRS data in the SWIR channel (bands 7 and 8) for the 10 % upscaled

field of view.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC FLOAT.

		Туре
	,	NC_STRING
long_name	'Cloud fraction from VIIRS data in the SWIR chan- nel for the 10% upscaled field of view' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
_VIIRS_SWIR_OFC	Vb in CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_	_Data
Cloud fraction from \ field of view.	/IIRS data in the SWIR channel (bands 7 and 8) for the	ne 50 % upscaled
time, scanline, grour	nd_pixel.	
NC_FLOAT.		
RAL-clouds.		
Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Cloud fraction from VIIRS data in the SWIR chan- nel for the 50% upscaled field of view' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
_VIIRS_SWIR_OFC	Vc in CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_	_DATA
Cloud fraction from Vield of view.	IIRS data in the SWIR channel (bands 7 and 8) for th	e 100 % upscaled
time, scanline, grour	nd_pixel.	
NC_FLOAT.		
RAL-clouds.		
Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Cloud fraction from VIIRS data in the SWIR channel for the 100% upscaled field of view' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
_VIIRS_NIR_IFOV i	n CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DAT	Ā
Cloud fraction from \ 6).	/IIRS data in the NIR channel for the instantaneous f	ield of view (band
time, scanline, grour	nd_pixel.	
NC_FLOAT.		
RAL-clouds.		
Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Cloud fraction from VIIRS data in the NIR channel	NC_STRING
	, , , , ,	
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
_VIIRS_NIR_OFOV	a in CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_D	ATA
Cloud fraction from 'view.	VIIRS data in the NIR channel (band 6) for the 10 %	upscaled field of
time, scanline, grour	nd_pixel.	
NC_FLOAT.		
RAL-clouds.		
Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Cloud fraction from VIIRS data in the SWIR chan-	NC_STRING
	VIIRS_SWIR_OFO Cloud fraction from \ field of view. time, scanline, groun \(\text{NC_FLOAT.} \) RAL-clouds. \(\text{Name} \) units \(\text{long_name} \) \(\text{cloud fraction from \(\text{vime} \) time, scanline, groun \(\text{NC_FLOAT.} \) \(\text{RAL-clouds.} \) \(\text{Name} \) \(\text{units} \) \(\text{long_name} \) \(\text{clouds.} \) \(\text{Name} \) \(\text{units} \) \(\text{long_name} \) \(\text{cloud fraction from \(\text{vime} \) \(\text{cloud fraction from \(\text{vime} \) \(\text{clouds.} \) \(\text{Name} \) \(\text{units} \) \(\text{long_name} \) \(\text{clouds.} \) \(\text{Name} \) \(\text{units} \) \(\text{long_name} \) \(\text{cloud fraction from \(\text{view.} \) \(cloud fraction from \(Name Value units '1' (static) long_name 'Cloud fraction from VIIRS data in the SWIR channel for the 10% upscaled field of view' (static) DOOORDINATES '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) _VIIRS_SWIR_OFOVb in CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_Cloud fraction from VIIRS data in the SWIR channel (bands 7 and 8) for the static of view. (static) _VIIRS_SWIR_OFOVb in CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/IN

	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
cloud_fractio	n_VIIRS_NIR_OFO\	/b in CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_D	ATA
Description:	Cloud fraction from view.	VIIRS data in the NIR channel (band 6) for the 50 %	upscaled field o
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	RAL-clouds.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Cloud fraction from VIIRS data in the SWIR chan- nel for the 50% upscaled field of view' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
cloud_fractio	n_VIIRS_NIR_OFO\	/c in CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_D	ATA
Description:	Cloud fraction from view.	VIIRS data in the NIR channel (band 6) for the 100 %	upscaled field o
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	RAL-clouds.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Cloud fraction from VIIRS data in the SWIR chan- nel for the 100% upscaled field of view' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
reflectance_c	cirrus_VIIRS_SWIR	n CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA	A
_		n CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA om VIIRS for the SWIR field of view.	A
Description:		rom VIIRS for the SWIR field of view.	A
Description: Dimensions:	Cirrus reflectance fi	rom VIIRS for the SWIR field of view.	A
Description: Dimensions:	Cirrus reflectance fi	rom VIIRS for the SWIR field of view.	A
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Cirrus reflectance for time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT.	rom VIIRS for the SWIR field of view.	A Type
Description: Dimensions: Type:	Cirrus reflectance for time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. RAL-clouds.	rom VIIRS for the SWIR field of view. nd_pixel.	
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Cirrus reflectance for time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. RAL-clouds. Name	rom VIIRS for the SWIR field of view. nd_pixel. Value	Туре
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Cirrus reflectance fitime, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. RAL-clouds. Name units	rom VIIRS for the SWIR field of view. nd_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS for the SWIR ground	Type NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	Cirrus reflectance from time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. RAL-clouds. Name units long_name coordinates	rom VIIRS for the SWIR field of view. nd_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS for the SWIR ground pixel' (static)	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	Cirrus reflectance fitime, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. RAL-clouds. Name units long_name coordinates cirrus_VIIRS_NIR in	rom VIIRS for the SWIR field of view. nd_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS for the SWIR ground pixel' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: reflectance_c Description:	Cirrus reflectance fitime, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. RAL-clouds. Name units long_name coordinates cirrus_VIIRS_NIR in	value '1' (static) 'Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS for the SWIR ground pixel' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA rom VIIRS for the NIR field of view.	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	Cirrus reflectance from time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. RAL-clouds. Name units long_name coordinates cirrus_VIIRS_NIR in Cirrus reflectance from time time.	value '1' (static) 'Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS for the SWIR ground pixel' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA rom VIIRS for the NIR field of view.	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: reflectance_c Description: Dimensions: Type:	Cirrus reflectance from time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. RAL-clouds. Name units long_name coordinates cirrus_VIIRS_NIR in Cirrus reflectance from time, scanline, ground in time, ground in time, scanline, ground in time, scanl	value '1' (static) 'Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS for the SWIR ground pixel' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA rom VIIRS for the NIR field of view.	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: reflectance_c Description: Dimensions:	Cirrus reflectance from time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. RAL-clouds. Name units long_name coordinates cirrus_VIIRS_NIR in Cirrus reflectance from time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT.	value '1' (static) 'Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS for the SWIR ground pixel' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA rom VIIRS for the NIR field of view.	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: reflectance_c Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Cirrus reflectance from time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. RAL-clouds. Name units long_name coordinates cirrus_VIIRS_NIR in Cirrus reflectance from time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. RAL-clouds.	Value '1' (static) 'Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS for the SWIR ground pixel' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA from VIIRS for the NIR field of view. nd_pixel.	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: reflectance_c Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Cirrus reflectance fitime, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. RAL-clouds. Name units long_name coordinates cirrus_VIIRS_NIR in Cirrus reflectance fit time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. RAL-clouds. Name	Value '1' (static) 'Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS for the SWIR ground pixel' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA from VIIRS for the NIR field of view. Ind_pixel. Value	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: reflectance_c Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Cirrus reflectance from time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. RAL-clouds. Name units long_name coordinates cirrus_VIIRS_NIR in Cirrus reflectance from time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. RAL-clouds. Name units	Value '1' (static) 'Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS for the SWIR ground pixel' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA from VIIRS for the NIR field of view. nd_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS for the NIR ground	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING Type NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: reflectance_c Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	Cirrus reflectance fitime, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. RAL-clouds. Name units long_name coordinates cirrus_VIIRS_NIR in Cirrus reflectance fit time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. RAL-clouds. Name units long_name	Value '1' (static) 'Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS for the SWIR ground pixel' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA from VIIRS for the NIR field of view. nd_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS for the NIR ground pixel' (static) 'CHAULE (Static) 'CIRCUST REFLECTANCE FRODUCT/latitude' (static)	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: reflectance_c Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	Cirrus reflectance from time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. RAL-clouds. Name units long_name coordinates cirrus_VIIRS_NIR in Cirrus reflectance from time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. RAL-clouds. Name units long_name coordinates ene_pressure in CHamber of the coordinates ene_pressure in CHamber of the coordinates ene_pressure in CHamber of the coordinates	Value '1' (static) 'Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS for the SWIR ground pixel' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA from VIIRS for the NIR field of view. nd_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS for the NIR ground pixel' (static) 'CHAULE (Static) 'CIRCUST REFLECTANCE FRODUCT/latitude' (static)	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: reflectance_c Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	Cirrus reflectance from time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. RAL-clouds. Name units long_name coordinates cirrus_VIIRS_NIR in Cirrus reflectance from time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. RAL-clouds. Name units long_name coordinates ene_pressure in CHamber of the coordinates ene_pressure in CHamber of the coordinates ene_pressure in CHamber of the coordinates	Value '1' (static) 'Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS for the SWIR ground pixel' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA rom VIIRS for the NIR field of view. nd_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS for the NIR ground pixel' (static) 'Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS for the NIR ground pixel' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA en FRESCO is running in snow/ice mode.	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: reflectance_c Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	Cirrus reflectance from time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. RAL-clouds. Name units long_name coordinates cirrus_VIIRS_NIR in Cirrus reflectance from time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. RAL-clouds. Name units long_name coordinates ene_pressure in CHarace from time.	Value '1' (static) 'Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS for the SWIR ground pixel' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA rom VIIRS for the NIR field of view. nd_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS for the NIR ground pixel' (static) 'Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS for the NIR ground pixel' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) 4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA en FRESCO is running in snow/ice mode.	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING Type NC_STRING NC_STRING

10000 11.0.0, 2	010 02 01 10104000	•	1 ago 002 01 000
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Apparent scene pressure from oxygen A-band depth' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
apparent_sc	ene_pressure_stand	dard_deviation in CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_D	ATA/INPUT_DATA
Description:	Standard deviation consideration, and	of the apparent_scene_pressure for 9 ground pixelits 8 neighbours.	els, the pixel under
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	ınd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Standard deviation of the apparent scene pressure from oxygen A-band depth over 9 ground pixels' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
methane_we	ak_twoband_total_d	column in CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INP	UT_DATA
Description:	Total CH ₄ column fr the CO offline prod	om the the weak band of the two-band retrieval. The vuct.	alue is taken from
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	ınd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	CO offline product.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре

oo oniino produot.		
Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_methane' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Vertically integrated CH4 column from weak band' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication factor_to_con-	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

vert_to_molecules_percm2

coordinates

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol\,m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$ from the value in $mol\,m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $molecules\,cm^{-2}$.

'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)

NC_STRING

who have tools that work in molecules cm ⁻² .				
methane_strong_twoband_total_column in CH4/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA				
Description:	Total CH ₄ column from the the strong band of the two-band non-scattering retrieval. The value is taken from the CO offline product.			
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel.			
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	CO offline product.			
Attributes:	Name Value Type			
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING	
	standard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_methane' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'Vertically integrated CH4 column from strong band' (static)	NC_STRING	

multiplication_- 6.022140857e+19 (static) factor to con-

NC FLOAT

Type

tactor_to_convert_to_molecules_percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol\,m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $mol\,m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $mol\,m^{-2}$.

methane_ratio_weak_strong_standard_deviation in CH4___/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_-DATA

Description: Standard deviation of the ratio of CH₄ column from weak and strong band for 9 ground

pixels, the pixel under consideration, and its 8 neigbours.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: processor.

Source: processor.

Attributes: Name Value

		<i>7</i> 1
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Standard deviation of ratio of the methane column from weak and strong band over 9 ground pixels' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

water_weak_twoband_total_column in CH4___/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA

Description: Total water column from the the weak band of the two-band non-scattering retrieval. The

value is taken from the CO offline product.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT.
Source: CO offline product.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_water_vapor' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Vertically integrated H2O column from weak band' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication factor_to_con-	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

factor_to_convert_to_molecules percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm^{-2} ". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$.

water_strong_twoband_total_column in CH4___/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT DATA

Description: Total water column from the the strong band of the two-band non-scattering retrieval. The

value is taken from the CO offline product.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT.
Source: CO offline product.

Attributes: Name Value Type

units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_water_vapor' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Vertically integrated H2O column from strong band' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication factor_to_con- vert_to_mo- lecules_percm2	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol\,m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $mol\,m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $mol\,m^{-2}$.

water_ratio_weak_strong_standard_deviation in CH4___/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA

Description: Standard deviation of the ratio of H_2O column from weak and strong band for 9 ground

pixels, the pixel under consideration, and its 8 neigbours.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Standard deviation of ratio of the water vapor column from weak and strong band over 9 ground pixels' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

fluorescence apriori in CH4 /PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/INPUT DATA

Description: The a priori chlorophyll fluorescence emission. The value is taken from the FRESCO product.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name Value Type

units 'mol s-1 m-2 nm-1 sr-1' (static) NC_STRING

long name 'a priori fluorescence emission' (static) NC_STRING

coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING multiplication - 6.022140857e+19 (static) NC_FLOAT

factor_to_convert_to_photons_persecond_pernm_percm2_persr

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. The radiances for Sentinel 5 precursor are given in $mol \, s^{-1} \, m^{-2} \, nm^{-1} \, sr^{-1}$. Traditionally the radiances are given in photons $s^{-1} \, cm^{-2} \, nm^{-1} \, sr^{-1}$, This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the radiance in photons $s^{-1} \, cm^{-2} \, nm^{-1} \, sr^{-1}$ from the value in $mol \, s^{-1} \, m^{-2} \, nm^{-1} \, sr^{-1}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in photons $s^{-1} \, cm^{-2} \, nm^{-1} \, sr^{-1}$.

M.2 Group "METADATA" in "CH4___"

This is a group to collect metadata items, such as the items that also appear in the header file and items required by Inspire [ER12]. Most metadata will be stored as attributes. Grouping attributes that belong to a specific standard is done by using sub-groups in the Metadata group. Included in this group are the granule description, algorithm settings and quality assurance parameters. Note that some metadata attributes are required to be attached to the global level by convention, such as the CF-Metadata convention [ER1] and the NetCDF user guide [ER16]. The groups described in section E.21 "ISO metadata" on page 184 are included in the output at this location.

The groups described in section E.22 "EOP metadata" on page 203 are included in the output at this location.

The groups described in section E.23 "ESA metadata" on page 207 are included in the output at this location.

M.2.1 Group "QA STATISTICS" in "METADATA"

The groups described in section E.19 "Quality assurance statistics" on page 175 are included in the output at this location.

Dimensions in CH4 /METADATA/QA STATISTICS

XCH4_histogram_axis Histogram axis.

size 100 (fixed)

XCH4_pdf_axis Probability density function axis.

size 400 (fixed)

Variables in CH4 /METADATA/QA STATISTICS

methane_mixing_ratio_histogram_axis in CH4/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS				
Description:	Horizontal axis for the histograms of the CH ₄ mixing ratio.			
Dimensions:	XCH4_histogram_axis.			
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'1' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
	Same unit as the main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF standard.			
	comment	'Histogram axis of methane mixing ratio' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'Histogram of the methane mixing ratio' (static)	NC_STRING	
	bounds	'XCH4_histogram_bounds' (static)	NC_STRING	
methane_mixing_ratio_pdf_axis in CH4/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS				
Description:	Horizontal axis for the probability distribution functions of the CH ₄ dry air mixing ratio.			
Dimensions:	XCH4_pdf_axis.			
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'1' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
	Same unit as the main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF standard.			
	comment	'Probability density function of methane dry air mixing ratio' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'Probability density function of methane dry air mixing ratio' (static)	NC_STRING	
	bounds	'XCH4_pdf_bounds' (static)	NC_STRING	

methane mixing ratio histogram bounds in CH4 /METADATA/QA STATISTICS Dimensions: XCH4 histogram axis, vertices. NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor. methane mixing ratio pdf bounds in CH4 /METADATA/QA STATISTICS XCH4_pdf_axis, vertices. Dimensions: NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor. methane mixing ratio histogram in CH4 /METADATA/QA STATISTICS Description: Histogram of the CH₄ dry air mixing ratio. Dimensions: XCH4 histogram axis. Type: NC_INT. Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Type NC STRING comment 'Histogram of the Methane dry air mixing ratio' (static) number_of_over-0 (dynamic) NC INT flow values The number of encountered values that are larger than the top of the histogram. 0 (dynamic) number_of_un-NC INT derflow values The number of encountered values that are smaller than the base of the histogram. methane_mixing_ratio_pdf in CH4___/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS Description: Probability density function of the CH₄ dry air mixing ratio. Dimensions: XCH4 pdf axis. NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor. Attributes: Name Value Tvpe comment 'Probability density function of the Methane dry air NC STRING mixing ratio' (static) geolocation_-0 (static) NC_FLOAT sampling_total The sum of cosine values of latitudes from the pixels that were used in the pdf.

M.2.2 Group "ALGORITHM SETTINGS" in "METADATA"

The algorithm settings are attached as attributes to this group. The current settings are listed here, each item in the list is a string attribute.

Configurations in CH4___/METADATA/ALGORITHM_SETTINGS

configuration.version.framework 1.2.0

Allow the framework to verify that the configuration file is up to date.

configuration.version.algorithm 1.2.0

Allow the processor to verify that the configuration file is up to date.

processing.algorithm CH4___

Define the algorithm that is to be loaded.

processing.threadStackSize 50000000

Minimum threadStackSize = 10000000 (10 MB). A lower threadStackSize will cause a segmentation fault during the execution.

processing.sgaLimit 30.0

For pixels over water, this is the limit of the scattering angle where sun glint may be present.

processing.vzaMin 0.0

processing.vzaMax 180.0

Maximum viewing zenith angle. Note: no filtering by framework.

processing.szaMin 0.0 processing.szaMax 180.0

Maximum solar zenith angle. Note: no filtering by framework.

processing.cirrusReflectanceIndex 0

Unknown.

coregistration.fraction.minimum 0.0

Setting minimum co-registration factor for target pixel coverage

processing.radiancePixelsMinError 0

Minimum flagged radiance pixels

processing.radianceFractionMinError 0

Minimum fraction of flagged radiance

input.count 7

Define the number of input files.

input.1.type L1B_RA_BD7

Define the input type (band) for the first input (radiance band 7). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.1.irrType L1B IR SIR

Define which irradiance accompanies the first input.

input.1.band 7

Which band is this (for selecting the irradiance and coregistration to output).

input.2.type L1B RA BD8

Define the input type (band) for the second input (radiance band 8). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.2.irrType L1B_IR_SIR

Define which irradiance accompanies the second input.

input.2.band 8

Which band is this (for selecting the irradiance and coregistration to output).

input.3.type L1B RA BD6

Define the input type (band) for the third input (radiance band 6). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.3.irrType L1B_IR_UVN

Define which irradiance accompanies the third input.

input.3.band 6

Which band is this (for selecting the irradiance and coregistration to output).

input.4.type L2 CO

Define the input type for the fourth input (CO, L2 product). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.4.band 7

On which band is this (for coregistration to output).

input.5.type L2 FRESCO

Define the input type for the fifth input (FRESCO clouds, L2 product). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.5.band 6

On which band is this (for coregistration to output).

input.6.type L2 NP BD6

Define the input type for the sixth input (NPP/VIIRS clouds on band 6, L2 product). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.6.band 6

On which band is this (for coregistration to output).

input.6.required false

input.7.type L2 NP BD7

Define the input type for the seventh input (NPP/VIIRS clouds on band 7 and 8, L2 product). This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

input.7.band 7

On which band is this (for coregistration to output).

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input.7.required false

output.count 1

Define the number of output products (should be 1).

output.useFletcher32 true

Boolean to indicate status of Fletcher32 filter (default is on).

output.useCompression true

Boolean to set status of comression (default is on).

output.useShuffleFilter true

Boolean to set status of shuffle filter (default is on).

output.compressionLevel 3

Integer value to set compression level, default is 3.

output.1.type L2 CH4

Output product short name. This key is needed to read from the JobOrder input file.

output.1.band 7

Geolocation in output follows this band.

output.1.config product.CH4___.xml

Output product specification.

output.histogram.methane_mixing_ratio.range 1200, 2000

Range for the histogram of XCH4.

input.coadd.count 1

processing.groupDem DEM RADIUS 05000

Which DEM to use.

processing.correct_surface_pressure_for_altitude false

Flag to control the correction of the surface pressure for local orography. Default is true. Set to false because correction is done in SRON code.

qa value.input spectrum warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the number of pixels in the input spectrum is below nominal.

qa_value.wavelength_calibration_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the wavelength calibration offset is larger than a configured threshold.

ga value.extrapolation warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when extrapolation was used in the retrieval.

qa_value.sun_glint_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the pixel is potentially affected by sun glint.

qa_value.south_atlantic_anomaly_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the instrument was flying through the South Atlantic Anomaly while taking this measurement.

qa_value.sun_glint_correction 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the cloud fraction was corrected for sun glint.

qa_value.snow_ice_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the snow_ice_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.cloud_warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the cloud warning flag is raised.

qa_value.AAI_warning 100.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the AAI warning flag is raised.

qa value.pixel level input data missing 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the pixel_level_input_data_missing flag is raised.

qa value.data range warning 40.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the data range warning flag is raised.

qa_value.low_cloud_fraction_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the low_cloud_fraction_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.altitude_consistency_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the altitude_consistency_warning flag is raised.

ga value.signal to noise ratio warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the signal_to_noise_ratio_warning flag is raised. **qa value.deconvolution warning** 80.0

he ga value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the deconvolution warning flag is raised.

qa_value.so2_volcanic_origin_likely_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the so2_volcanic_origin_likely_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.so2_volcanic_origin_certain_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the so2_volcanic_origin_certain_warning flag is raised.

qa_value.interpolation_warning 100.0

he qa_value multiplication factor (in percent) for when the interpolation_warning flag is raised.

M.2.3 Group "GRANULE_DESCRIPTION" in "METADATA"

Attributes in CH4___/METADATA/GRANULE_DESCRIPTION

The attributes described in section E.20 "Granule metadata" on page 183 are included in the output at this location.

Group attributes attached	to GRANULE_DESCRIPTION	
Name	Value	Туре
ProductShortName	'L2CH4' (static)	NC_STRING
The short product name.	For the CH ₄ product this is fixed to "L2_CH4".	