IDENTIFYING KEYWORDS IN LEGAL ARTICLES USING ML TECHNIQUES



Group 01

E/15/077- K.P.W.A.K.K. Dilhani E/15/211- S.A.I.Maduwanthi E/15/279- L.S.W.S.Premathilaka

BACKGROUND

















Legislation

Subsidiary

Agreements

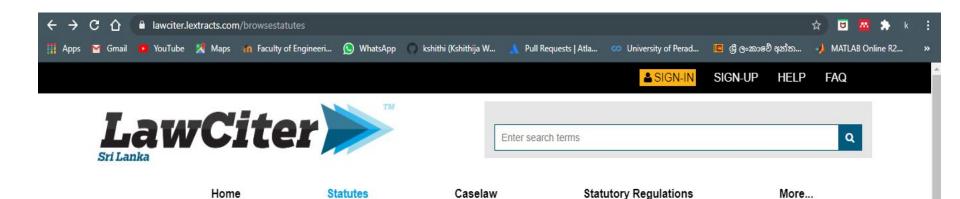
Case Law

Conventions

Articles

Links





Browse Statutes

Browse by Year					Browse by Title					Legislativ	Revised Statutes					
0011	1000	1070	1773	1789	1799	1806	1821	1823	1835	1839	1840	1841	1842	1843	1844	1845
1846	1848	1852	1853	1856	1861	1862	1864	1865	1866	1867	1869	1870	1871	1873	1876	1877
1880	1882	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887	1888	1889	1890	1891	1892	1893	1894	1895	1896	1897
1898	1899	1900	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909	1911	1912	1914	1915	1916
1917	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933
1934	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950
1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967
1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984

PROBLEM

- Large number of Documents
- Need to go through whole document
- Slow
- Prone to mistakes



CURRENT ISSUES

Doesn't give a summarized preview of a document

Can't search phrases



If manual extraction happened.....

10 min for one Document

For **10**, **000** Documents

For a person who works 8 hrs



Need 209 Days to upload the files to the system

SOLUTION

A MACHINE LEARNING

based Model to

IDENTIFY and **EXTRACT**

necessary details...!!!



OBJECTIVES

IDENTIFY

- the names of the previous judgements
- names of the statutes, section numbers
- key legal concepts

from the body of a judgement



EXTRACT



- Set of keywords in a particular document
- Court name
- The date and the year of the judgement
- Judges who are involved in the judgement and their roles
- Lawyers who are involved in the judgement and their roles

TECHNOLOGIES

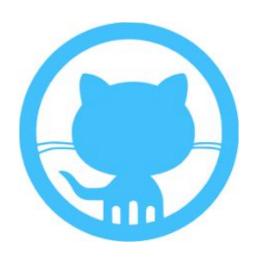
Python



Machine learning



GIT



RELATED WORKS

Supervised learning method

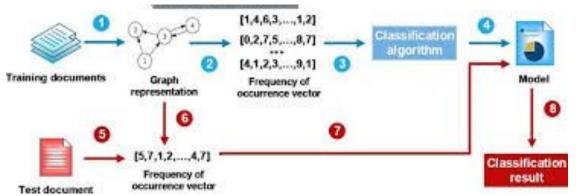
- -Implementation of algorithm by using linguistic knowledge and keyword extraction procedure
- -Improvement of KEA keyphrase extraction algorithm

Unsupervised learning method

- -Design of keyphrase extraction algorithm for a single document using sentence clustering.
- -Focused on keyword extraction based on entropy difference between the intrinsic and extrinsic modes

Graph-based method

- Proposed an algorithm for automatic indexing by co-occurrence graphs constructed from metaphors(key graph)
- Introduced a stochastic graph based method for extracting the most important sentences



Uniqueness of this research!!!!

- No single method to identify different formats in reports
- Difficult to find related works on legal domain
- Variations of citing methods in case laws



METHODOLOGY

There are set of **special words and phrases** surrounding the previous judgment.

The case of Kelner v. Baxter and Others had set down the principle that when a person contracts on behalf of a non-existent company he was personally liable.

In the same case (page 180) reference had ex parte Hartop at 352 where Lord Erskine states mere fact of a person professing to sign a contract of or as an agent for another will not per se previas a contracting party to attach to the former.

In the case of Furnivall v. Coombes a clause to responsibility was included and was held to be

It was not the intention of the Legislature to impose new obligations on the tenant. Even if a dcubt is entertained, the Courts will lean to a construction that an enactment is not intended to impose a serious new obligation, but only to provide new or better means of enforcing an existing obligation (vide Finch v. Bannister); Gaby v. Palmer?; Craies on Statute Law (5th Edn.) p. 111). While the words in a statute should be construed according to the context (Craies ibid p. 150, 160), it is a sound rule of construction to give the same meaning to the same words occurring in different parts of an Act of Parliament (vide Courtauld v. Legh?).

Adopting these canons of construction, this action cannot be maintained. I am of the view that the finding that, at the date the action was filed, the appellant was in arrears of rents for October 1963, Some of those patterns are,

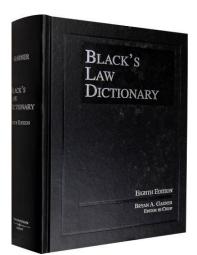
The case of Klener v. Baxter and others vide Finch v. Bannister; Gaby v. Palmer
Vide Courtauld v. Legh
held in Peter vs. James that
the judgement of Peter v. James
in Peter vs. James

• There will be a certain **pattern of words** which will precede and follow, with the name of the **statutes**

• Use **Black's law online legal dictionary** to identify the key concepts in the judgments

 Develop comprehensive lists of word patterns that precede and follow the wanted informations

 Machine learning algorithm should identify and extract the wanted details by looking at these pre-identified preceding and following words



There are some words which are specific to a particular document But

not a previous judgment, statute, legal concept, judge or lawyer name etc.

ALAWATUGODA RATEMAHATMEYA v. KIRIWANTE.

P. C., Nuwara Eliya, 8,926.

Forest Ordinance, No. 10 of 1885, chapter IV.—Prosecution under rules of 3rd February, 1887—Proof in such cases—Validity of judgment—Criminal Procedure Code, s. 372.

In a prosecution for clearing (for chena cultivation) a land at the disposal of the Crown without a permit, in breach of a rule framed under chapter IV. of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1885, it is necessary to prove that the land is not one within a reserved or village forest; that it is at the disposal of the Crown; that it is a chena; that its extent and boundaries are so and so; and that the accused cleared it.

A judgment of a criminal court should specify the offence with which the accused is charged, in terms of section 372 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

THE charge against the accused in this case was that he cleared for chena cultivation a land known as Komarikagalgawahena (situated at Thenpila in Walapane), at the disposal of the Crown, without a permit from the Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent within whose jurisdiction the land was situated, in breach of clause 1 of the rules dated 3rd February, 1887, framed under chapter IV. of Ordinance No. 10 of 1885, and the Police Magistrate, after evidence heard, delivered judgment as follows: "This is Crown land under the Ordinance 12 of 1840." Defendant is convicted and fined two rupees and fifty cents."

On appeal (taken with leave of the Court below), Wendt appeared for accused appellant.

The Supreme Court quashed the conviction and remitted the case for further evidence.

For example, following words have some weighted importance in this legal document

'CHENA CULTIVATION', 'RESERVED FOREST', 'ORDINANCE'

- They can also be considered as keywords!!!
- Use Text-Rank and TF-IDF method to extract them.

Text-Rank method

Based on PageRank

Graph based ranking model

TF-IDF method

- Uses two different matrices term frequency and inverse term frequency
- Can use to **extract** words that are unique to a given article

RESULTS

TF IDF Method

Document Type	Number of Correct Keywords	Number of Wrong Keywords					
NLR	110	143					
Supreme Court	51	39					

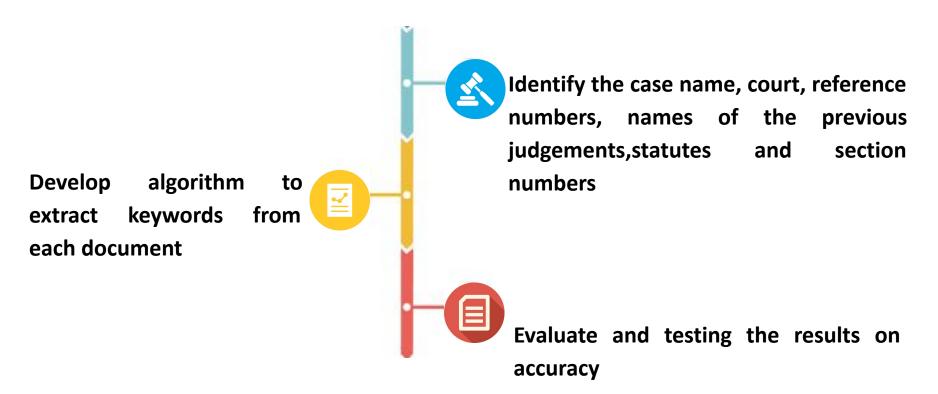
Accuracy for NLR = 0.4347 Accuracy for Supreme Court = 0.5666

Text Rank Method

Document Type	Number of Correct Keywords	Number of Wrong Keywords					
NLR	186	311					
Supreme Court	99	151					

Accuracy for NLR = 0.3742 Accuracy for Supreme Court = 0.396

APPROVED MILESTONES



DIFFICULTIES AND CHALLENGES

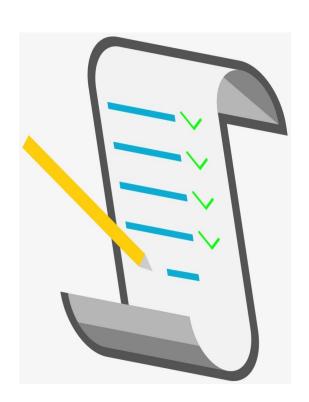
- Different Content arrangement of Case Law files
- No HTML files to work on
- Sometimes scanned PDF files give incorrect data
- Identifying exact judgement date
- Results Evaluation done manually



TIMELINE

		W 1	W 2	W 3	W 4	W 5	W 6	W 7	W 8	W 9	W 10	W 11	W 12	W 13	W 14	W 15
1	Identify the case name,court name,reference numbers, date, judges and their statements.															
2	Develop algorithm to extract keywords from each document															
3	Evaluate and testing the results on accuracy															

CONCLUSION



Considering the results

TF - IDF method is better than TEXT RANK method.

But

TF - IDF also not in ACCEPTABLE Accuracy Level.

DEMONSTRATION....!



THANK YOU...!

Any Questions...?

