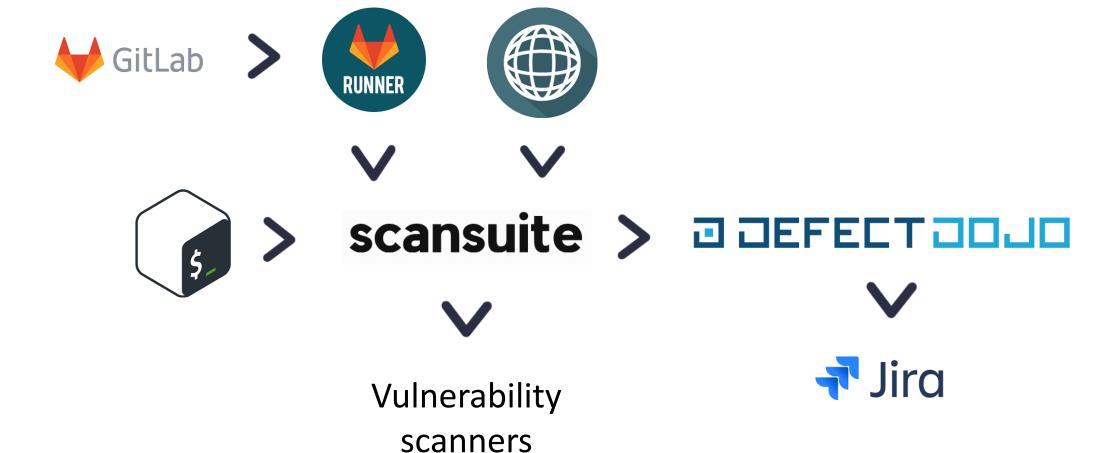


Solution Requirements

- Analyze vulnerabilities in applications (code, dependencies, websites)
- Check the infrastructure configuration against best practices and known vulnerabilities, including Docker / Kubernetes and Infra as Code
- Aggregate issues in one vulnerability management system
- On-prem, no cloud code submissions or findings exposure
- Scale with number of scans required (ad-hoc vs CI/CD)
- Reasonable price, but effective analysis



scansuite

- Vulnerability scanners orchestration software
- Supports ~30 open source and commercial scanners
- CI/CD and stand-alone checks
- Tasks spread via MQ to workers, scales to any number of scans, exports results to Defect Dojo
- Not open sourced, could be used for non-commercial purposes

Static Application Security Testing (SAST):

- Semgrep (+ GitLab edition)
- CodeQL

+ Language specific (FindSecBugs, Sec Code Scan, Bandit etc.)

Software Composition Analysis (SCA):

- Trivy
- OWASP Dependency Check
- Snyk

Mobile Application Security Testing (MAST):

MobSF

Secrets scan

- GitLeaks
- TruffleHog

Dynamic Application Security Testing (DAST):

- ZAP
- PortSwigger Dastardly
- Nuclei
- Nikto by Netsparker
- Arachni
- DirSearch
- + CMS specific (WPScan etc)

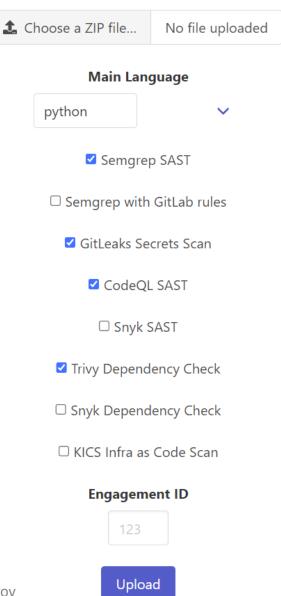
Infrastructure checks

- Local server patch level: OpenScap with OVAL definitions
- Linux CIS/STIG compliance: OpenScap
- Docker / Kubernetes: Trivy, Snyk, Docker-Bench, Kube-Bench
- Infrastructure as Code Scan (IACS): Checkmarx KICS, Aqua Security Trivy
- Remote scans: OpenVAS, nmap, Nuclei, Netattaker

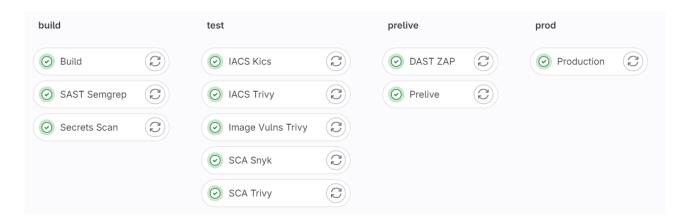
Scanning via GUI / cli

```
scanbot@scansuite:~$ sudo ./scansuite oscap_ubuntu 3 22
----- ScanSuite v2.0 ----
-- Author: Sergey Egorov --
Title
        Package "prelink" Must not be Installed
Rule
        xccdf_org.ssgproject.content_rule_package_prelink_removed
Result
        pass
Title
        Install AIDE
Rule
        xccdf_org.ssgproject.content_rule_package_aide_installed
Result
        fail
Title
        Build and Test AIDE Database
Rule
        xccdf_org.ssgproject.content_rule_aide_build_database
Result
       fail
```

Upload the source code

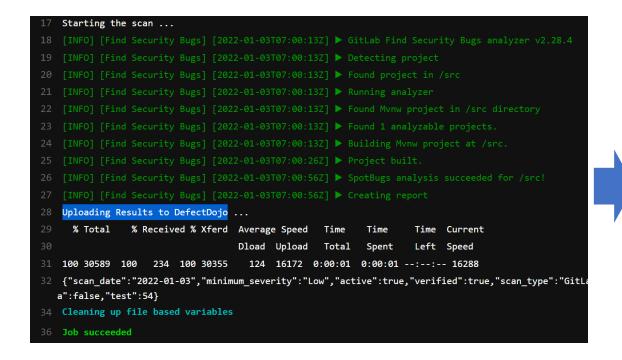


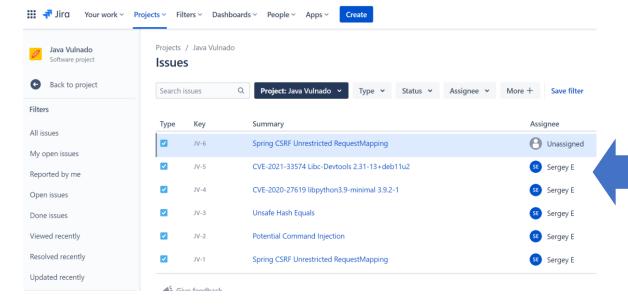
CI/CD pipeline integration

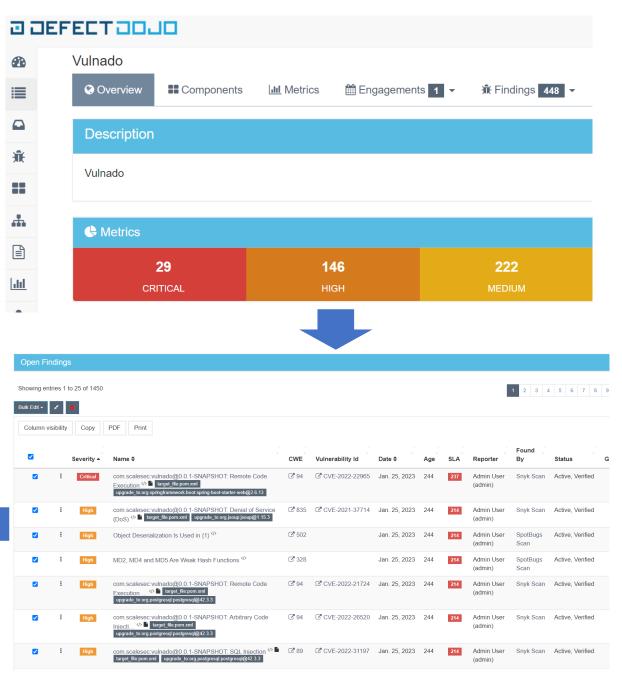


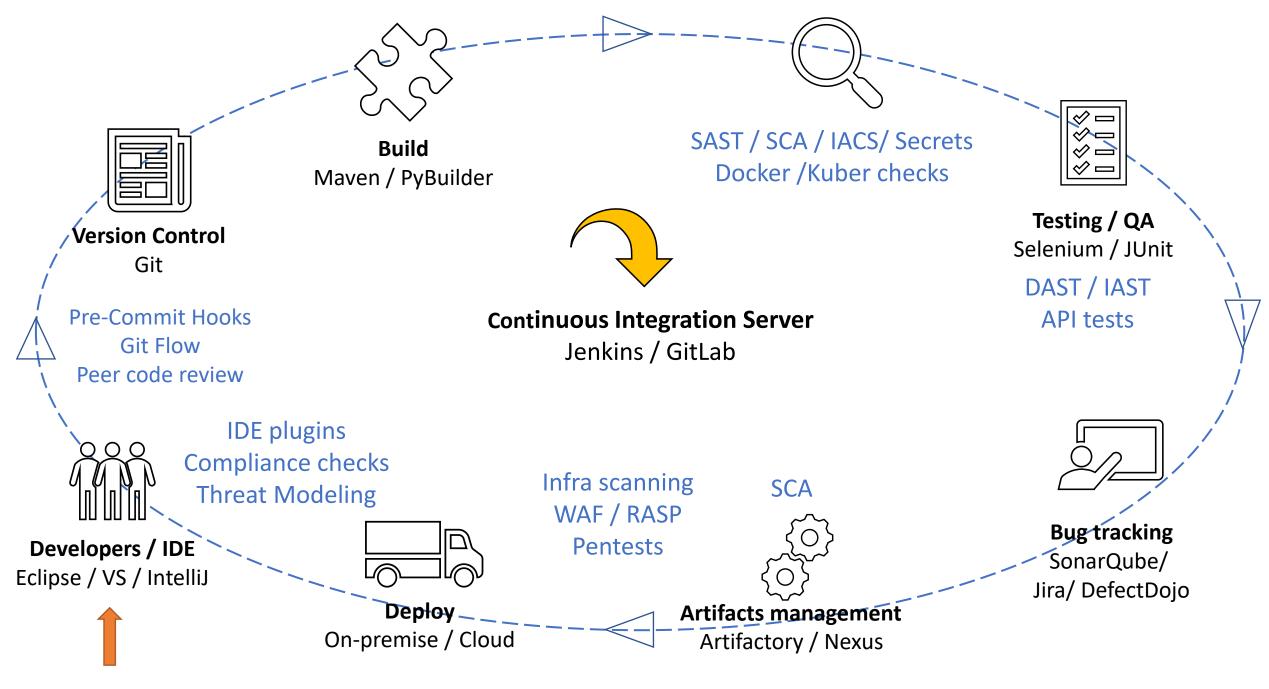
Static Analysis	Initialize	Deploy	Scan with ZAP	Declarative: Post Actions
11s	1s	11min 23s	2min 8s	72ms
11s	1s	11min 23s	2min 8s	72ms

```
SAST Semgrep:
 stage: build
  image:
  script:
   ~/scansuite semgrep $ENG
Secrets Scan:
  script:
   - ~/scansuite secrets $ENG
Dep Check OWASP:
 stage: build
  script:
   - ~/scansuite dep_owasp $ENG
Dep Check Trivy:
  script:
    - ~/scansuite dep_trivy $ENG
Image Vulns Trivy:
 stage: build
  script:
   - cd && ./scansuite image_trivy $ENG $IMAGE
IACS Trivy:
  script:
   - ~/scansuite iacs_trivy $ENG
IACS Kics:
  stage: test
 script:
    - ~/scansuite iacs_kics $ENG
```









This is just a beginning ...

- Tools are just one piece of DevSecOps puzzle, will not help without clearly set vulnerability / risk management processes, requirements and metrics.
- Good vulnerability management system is the key for successful tracking and remediation.
- Scanners / rules need to be maintained and optimized, prefer flexible solutions to black boxes, write own rules.
- Scanners are not good for identifying business logic vulnerabilities.
- Requires AppSec skills and knowledge, do not expect IT to self manage this.

The Labs

- No prior knowledge is required, just follow the DevSecOps-with-OpenSource-workbook.pdf
- Download link: http://bit.ly/3RqD6Tl
- 2 VMWare VMs
 - ScanSuite + Scanners + DefectDojo + GitLab Worker
 - GitLab
- 2 vulnerable code repos
- For DAST target your GitLab host
- upgrade-scansuite.sh for Lab 4

Sergey Egorov STR295ER