Module Interface Specification for OAR

Hunter Ceranic

 $March\ 15,\ 2024$

1 Revision History

Date	Version	Notes
March 8, 2024	1.0	Initial Revision
March 15, 2024	1.1	Changes made according to Dr. Smith's Initial Comments
April 10, 2024	1.2	Updates according to Comments from Primary and Secondary Reviewers

2 Symbols, Abbreviations and Acronyms

See SRS Documentation (Ceranic, 2024) at https://github.com/cer-hunter/OAR-CAS741/blob/main/docs/SRS/SRS.pdf

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3 Introduction

The following document details the Module Interface Specifications for the OAR (Optical Alphabet Recognition) program. This document specifies how each module interfaces with other parts of the program.

Complementary documents include the System Requirement Specifications and Module Guide. The full documentation and implementation can be found at https://github.com/cer-hunter/OAR-CAS741.

4 Notation

The structure of the MIS for modules comes from Hoffman and Strooper (1995), with the addition that template modules have been adapted from Ghezzi et al. (2003). The mathematical notation comes from Chapter 3 of Hoffman and Strooper (1995). For instance, the symbol := is used for a multiple assignment statement and conditional rules follow the form $(c_1 \Rightarrow r_1|c_2 \Rightarrow r_2|...|c_n \Rightarrow r_n)$.

The following table summarizes the primitive data types used by OAR.

Data Type	Notation	Description
character	char	a single symbol or digit
integer	Z	a number without a fractional component in $(-\infty, \infty)$
positive integer	\mathbf{Z}_{+}	a positive integer (Z) in $(0, \infty)$
unsigned 8-bit integer	U	a number without a fractional component in $(0, 255)$
natural number	N	a number without a fractional component in $[1, \infty)$
real	${f R}$	any number in $(-\infty, \infty)$
positive real	${f R}_+$	any real number (R) in $(0, \infty)$
image data	$\mathbf{I}_{x,y}$	data: a one-dimensional array of unsigned 8-bit integers in order from the top-left pixel of the image to the bottom-right pixel. Has a width: \mathbf{Z}_+ width of x and height: \mathbf{Z}_+ height of y .
matrix	$\mathbf{M}_{x,y}$	data: a one-dimensional array of real numbers, with a width: \mathbf{Z}_+ width of x and height: \mathbf{Z}_+ height of y .

The specification of OAR uses some derived data types: sequences, strings, tuples, and booleans. Sequences are lists filled with elements of the same data type. Strings are sequences

of characters. Tuples contain a list of values, potentially of different types. Booleans can be represented in different ways but only have two possible values: true or false. In addition, OAR uses functions, which are defined by the data types of their inputs and outputs. Local functions are described by giving their type signature followed by their specification.

5 Module Decomposition

The following table is taken directly from the Module Guide document for this project.

Level 1	Level 2
Hardware-Hiding Module	
Behaviour-Hiding Module	Application Control Graphics Display Output Calculator Input Data Read Input Classifier OAR Model Data OAR Model Equations OAR Model Training OAR Model Testing
Software Decision Module	Confusion Matrix Input Processing Graphical User Interface

Table 1: Module Hierarchy

6 MIS of Application Control Module

6.1 Module

main

6.2 Uses

• Graphics Display Module Specification (7)

6.3 Syntax

6.3.1 Exported Constants

None.

6.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
main	-	-	=

6.4 Semantics

6.4.1 State Variables

None.

6.4.2 Environment Variables

• Screen (\mathbf{Z}_+ for width and height in pixels)

6.4.3 Assumptions

The GUI Display is running and displayed without issue.

6.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

main():

• transition: Initializes the program and the Graphics Display module 7

6.4.5 Local Functions

7 MIS of Graphics Display

7.1 Module

display

7.2 Uses

- Hardware-Hiding Module
- Input Data Read Module (9)
- Output Module (8)
- Graphical User interface (GUI) Module (17)

7.3 Syntax

7.3.1 Exported Constants

• GUI_BOXSIZE: A value (\mathbf{Z}_{+}) describing both width and height (in pixels) used for the image display "box" (currently always a square)

7.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
display	$ ext{inputImage} \qquad (\mathbf{I}_{x,y}), \ ext{resultLabel}$	displayWindow, event handlers	guiException
	(String), resultConf (String)		

7.4 Semantics

7.4.1 State Variables

- input Image: The processed input image and given by the Output Calculator Module 8 as $\mathbf{I}_{x,y}$
- resultLabel: The label output as given by the Output Calculator Module 8 as a string.
- resultConf: The confidence probability output as given by the Output Calculator Module 8 as a string.

7.4.2 Environment Variables

- Keyboard (**Z**₊ for keycodes describing the key pressed)
- Mouse (Boolean for click state and Z₊ for cursor position)
- Screen (\mathbf{Z}_{+} for width and height in pixels)
- \bullet displayWindow (\mathbf{Z}_+ for width and height in pixels) for the application interface
- inputButton (String for a file location) to provide an input image from the file system

7.4.3 Assumptions

- The file system is able to read and provide the image file as specified by the user through an OS file-open dialog. Otherwise if the file is not found, denied access or cancelled, no changes should occur.
- The OS is able to provide basic text or number input user controls with some basic built-in validation, and is able to handle events from Human Interface Devices (HIDs such as mouse, keyboard or touchscreen).

7.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

display():

- transition: Sets up user control event handlers (i.e., mouse clicks or drag, button presses, text input change, ...) as needed for the user input. Calls the Input Data Read Module 9 to accept a base image and Output Calculator Module 8 to classify the input image. The input image and output results are then pushed to the displayWindow.
- exception: guiException when ValueError is raised by the program, or incorrect user input.

7.4.5 Local Functions

None.

8 MIS of Output Calculator Module

8.1 Module

output

8.2 Uses

• Input Classifier Module Specification (10)

8.3 Syntax

8.3.1 Exported Constants

• DEC_FIXED: Used for fixed decimal number length rounding (ex. "5.8923" at fixed length "2" results in "5.89")

8.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
output	baseImage	inputImage $(\mathbf{I}_{x,y}),$ resultLabel	-
	$(\mathbf{M}_{x,y})$	(String), resultConf (String)	

8.4 Semantics

8.4.1 State Variables

• labelData := $\mathbf{M}_{x,y}$ of outputs from classify(inputImage) containing the label string, and confidence in the prediction

8.4.2 Environment Variables

None.

8.4.3 Assumptions

The input image is valid.

8.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

output():

- transition: inputImage := input(baseImage)
- output: resultLabel, resultConf := labelData (String)

8.4.5 Local Functions

None.

9 MIS of Input Data Read Module

9.1 Module

input

9.2 Uses

• Input Processing Module Specification (16)

9.3 Syntax

9.3.1 Exported Constants

None.

9.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
input	$\texttt{baseImage}~(\mathbf{I}_{x,y})$	$\texttt{inputImage}\;(\mathbf{I}_{x,y})$	ValueError

9.4 Semantics

9.4.1 State Variables

- maxSize: A value (\mathbf{Z}_+) describing both width and height (in pixels) for maximum acceptable size of the input image (currently a square).
- minSize: A value (\mathbf{Z}_+) describing both width and height (in pixels) for minimum acceptable size of the input image (currently a square).
- modelSize: The required size of the input image matrix to be used by the classification model $\mathbf{I}_{x,y}$.

9.4.2 Environment Variables

• baseImage: The base input image in the form of a .BMP .JPG or .PNG file.

9.4.3 Assumptions

The input path location for base image is valid, readable and accessible.

9.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

input(inputPath):

- output: inputImage := preprocess(baseImage)
- exception: ValueError if the size of the base image is outside of the range of minSize to maxSize, ValueError if the file type of the baseImage is not supported by the OAR Program (according to R1)

9.4.5 Local Functions

None.

10 MIS of Input Classifier Module

10.1 Module

classify

10.2 Uses

- OAR Model Data Module Specification (11)
- OAR Model Equations Module Specification (12)

10.3 Syntax

10.3.1 Exported Constants

LABELS:= (A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z)

10.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
classify	$ ext{inputImage} \qquad (\mathbf{I}_{x,y}),$	resultLabel	
	oarModel $(\mathbf{M}_{x,y})$	(String),	
		${\tt confPercent}\ ({\bf R}_+)$	

10.4 Semantics

10.4.1 State Variables

- weight: the weight portion of the oarModel input as $M_{x,y}$ for each label.
- bias: the bias portion of the oarModel input as R for each label.
- predictionMatrix: $\mathbf{M}_{x,y}$, where each entry is the output of predict(inputImage, weight, bias), corresponding to each label
- bestPrediction: $max(predictionMatrix) \le 1$

10.4.2 Environment Variables

10.4.3 Assumptions

The input image is valid.

10.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

classify(inputImage):

• output: confPercent := bestPrediction, resultLabel:= the letter in the list of LABELS corresponding to the index of bestPrediction in the predictionMatrix

10.4.5 Local Functions

None.

11 MIS of OAR Model Data Module

11.1 Module

model

11.2 Uses

• OAR Model Testing Module Specification (14)

11.3 Syntax

11.3.1 Exported Constants

None.

11.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
model	-	-	-

11.4 Semantics

11.4.1 State Variables

- oarModel: Data structure designed to store the matrix of weights and biases associated with the trained OAR classification model as a tuple of $\mathbf{M}_{x,y}$ and \mathbf{R} .
- performance: Data structure designed to store the matrix of performance values associated with each label of the trained OAR classification model as a $\mathbf{M}_{x,y}$.

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11.4.4	EHVITOH	шепь	variabies	•

None.

11.4.3 Assumptions

None.

11.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

model():

• transition: This module is a simple tuple $(\mathbf{M}_{x,y})$ and \mathbf{R} data structure for storing the OAR classification model weights and biases and corresponding performance matrix.

11.4.5 Local Functions

None.

12 MIS of OAR Model Equations Module

12.1 Module

oarUtils

12.2 Uses

None.

12.3 Syntax

12.3.1 Exported Constants

12.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
sigmoid	extstyle ext	${ t sigOut}\ ({f R})$	
logLossFunc	${\sf trueVal}\ ({f R}),{\sf predVal}\ ({f R})$	${ t logLoss}\;({f R})$	ValueError
predict	$ ext{inputImage}~(\mathbf{I}_{x,y}),$ weight	${ t predVal}\;({f R})$	ValueError
	$(\mathbf{M}_{x,y}),$ bias (\mathbf{R})		
${ t gradient W}$	$\mathtt{inputImage}\ (\mathbf{I}_{x,y}),\ \mathtt{trueVal}$	${ t gradW} \; ({f R})$	ValueError
	$(\mathbf{R}), \qquad \mathtt{weight} \qquad (\mathbf{M}_{x,y}),$		
	bias (\mathbf{R}) , regParam (\mathbf{R}) ,		
	$\mathtt{trainSize}\;(\mathbf{Z}_+)$		
${ t gradient B}$	$\mathtt{inputImage}\ (\mathbf{I}_{x,y}),\ \mathtt{trueVal}$	$ exttt{gradB}\left(\mathbf{R} ight)$	-
	$(\mathbf{R}),$ weight $(\mathbf{M}_{x,y}),$ bias		
	(\mathbf{R})		

12.4 Semantics

12.4.1 State Variables

None.

12.4.2 Environment Variables

None.

12.4.3 Assumptions

The input image is valid.

12.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

sigmoid(sigIn):

• output: $sigOut := \frac{1}{1 + e^{-sigIn}}$

logLossFunc(trueVal, predVal):

- output: $logLoss := trueVal \cdot log(predVal) + (1 trueVal) \cdot log(1 predVal)$
- exception: ValueError if predVal or 1- predVal is negative predict(inputImage, weight, bias):
 - $\bullet \ \mathrm{output:} \ \mathrm{sigIn:=weight^T} \cdot \mathrm{inputImage} + \mathtt{bias}, \ \mathrm{predVal} := \mathtt{sigmoid}(\mathrm{sigIn})$
- exception: ValueError if inputImage and weight are matrices of the same size gradientW(inputImage, trueVal, weight, bias, regParam, trainSize):

- transition: predVal := predict(inputImage, weight, bias)
- $\bullet \ \text{output: gradW:= inputImage} \cdot (\texttt{trueVal} \texttt{predVal}) \tfrac{\texttt{regParam}}{\texttt{trainSize}} \cdot \texttt{weight}^2$
- exception: ValueError if trainSize is 0

gradientB(inputImage, trueVal, weight, bias):

- transition: predVal := predict(inputImage, weight, bias)
- output: gradB:= trueVal predVal

12.4.5 Local Functions

None.

13 MIS of OAR Model Training Module

13.1 Module

train

13.2 Uses

• OAR Model Equations Module Specification (12)

13.3 Syntax

13.3.1 Exported Constants

- REG_PARAM: The regularization parameter used during model training as \mathbf{R}_{+} .
- ALPHA: The learning rate parameter used during model training as \mathbf{R}_{+} .

13.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
train	trainData	weightBiasMatrix	_
	$(\mathbf{M}_{x,y}),$ trainLabels	(tuple of $\mathbf{M}_{x,y}$ and \mathbf{R})	
	$(\mathbf{M}_{x,y}),$		
	${\tt weightBiasMatrix}$		
	(tuple of $\mathbf{M}_{x,y}$ and		
	${f R}), { t trainSize} ({f Z}_+)$		

13.4 Semantics

13.4.1 State Variables

- ullet weight: the weight portion of the weightBiasMatrix input as $\mathbf{M}_{x,y}$ for each label.
- bias: the bias portion of the weightBiasMatrix input as R for each label.
- gradW:= gradientW(trainData, trainLabels, REG_PARAM, trainSize)
- gradB:= gradientB(trainData, trainLabels, weight, bias)

13.4.2 Environment Variables

None.

13.4.3 Assumptions

None.

13.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

train(trainData, trainLabels, weightBiasMatrix, trainSize):

- transition: weight:= weight + ALPHA·gradW, bias:= bias + ALPHA·gradB
- output: weightBiasMatrix:= (weight,bias)

13.4.5 Local Functions

None.

14 MIS of OAR Model Testing Module

14.1 Module

test

14.2 Uses

- OAR Model Data Module Specification (12)
- OAR Model Equations Module Specification (12)
- OAR Model Training Module Specification (13)
- Metrics Module Specification (15)

14.3 Syntax

14.3.1 Exported Constants

- EPOCHS: The the number of times the model training regression algorithm is ran as \mathbf{Z}_{+} .
- LABELS:= (A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z)
- TRAIN_SIZE: The size of the training data used during model training as \mathbf{Z}_{+} .
- TEST_SIZE: The size of the testing data used during model training as \mathbf{Z}_{+} .

14.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
test	-	oarModel (tuple	_
		of $\mathbf{M}_{x,y}$ and \mathbf{R}),	
		performance (tuple	
		of $\mathbf{M}_{x,y}$ and $\mathbf{I}_{x,y}$)	

14.4 Semantics

14.4.1 State Variables

- dataSize: The size of the input image matrix used during model training as $I_{x,y}$.
- dataSet: The set of pre-processed images and their associated labels that will be used for training the classification model as a tuple of $\mathbf{I}_{x,y}$ and \mathbf{Z}_{+} .
- ullet weight: the weight portion of the weightBiasMatrix input as $\mathbf{M}_{x,y}$ for each label.
- bias: the bias portion of the weightBiasMatrix input as R for each label.
- predictionData: matrix which tracks the number predictions made for each test image as $\mathbf{M}_{x,y}$.

14.4.2 Environment Variables

None.

14.4.3 Assumptions

14.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

test():

- transition: weightBiasMatrix:= $\mathbf{M}_{x,y}$ of randomized values from 0 to 1, train(trainData, trainLabels, weightBiasMatrix, trainSize)
- output: oarModel:= weightBiasMatrix, performance:= confMatrix(predictionData, trainLabels), loss(trainLoss).

14.4.5 Local Functions

- splitDataSet(dataSet):
 - output: Takes the dataSet as an input and splits it into distinct parts for training and testing the classification model. The following values are output:
 - * trainData:= The part of the dataSet used to train the model as $\mathbf{M}_{x,y}$.
 - * trainLabels:= The part of the dataSet corresponding to the true labels of the trainData as $\mathbf{M}_{x,y}$.
 - * testData:= The part of the dataSet used to test the model as $\mathbf{M}_{x,y}$.
 - * testLabels:= The part of the dataSet corresponding to the true labels of the testData as $\mathbf{M}_{x,y}$.

15 MIS of Metrics Module

15.1 Module

metrics

15.2 Uses

None.

15.3 Syntax

15.3.1 Exported Constants

15.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
confMatrix	predictionData	confusionMatrix	_
	$(\mathbf{M}_{x,y}),$ trainLabels	$(\mathbf{I}_{x,y}),$ matrixData	
	$(\mathbf{M}_{x,y})$	$(\mathbf{M}_{x,y})$	
loss	$\verb trainLoss (\mathbf{M}_{x,y})$	$\texttt{lossGraph}\ (\mathbf{I}_{x,y})$	-

15.4 Semantics

15.4.1 State Variables

None.

15.4.2 Environment Variables

None.

15.4.3 Assumptions

None.

15.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

confMatrix(predictionData, trainLabels):

• output: confusionMatrix:= $(\mathbf{M}_{x,y})$ of the form $(\sum \text{predictionData} == \text{True } \& \text{ trainLabels} == \text{True}, \sum \text{predictionData} == \text{True } \& \text{ trainLabels} == \text{False}, \sum \text{predictionData} == \text{False } \& \text{ trainLabels} == \text{False})$ and it's graphical representation as $\mathbf{I}_{x,y}$.

loss(trainLoss):

• output: lossGraph:= trainLoss as a graphical representation over some number of epochs.

15.4.5 Local Functions

None.

16 MIS of Input Processing Module

16.1 Module

preprocess

16.2 Uses

None.

16.3 Syntax

16.3.1 Exported Constants

None.

16.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
preprocess	baseImage $(\mathbf{I}_{x,y})$	$\verb"inputImage" (\mathbf{I}_{x,y})$	-

16.4 Semantics

16.4.1 State Variables

None.

16.4.2 Environment Variables

None.

16.4.3 Assumptions

The format and parameters of the base image was already verified to be within the requirements.

16.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

preprocess(baseImage):

• output: Performs transformations on the baseImage using functions provided by the sci-kit learn library, such that the resulting inputImage as $I_{x,y}$, is normalized to be able to be used by the classification model.

16.4.5 Local Functions

None.

17 MIS of Graphical User Interface

17.1 Module

gui

17.2 Uses

None.

17.3 Syntax

17.3.1 Exported Constants

None.

17.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
gui	None	None	-

17.4 Semantics

17.4.1 State Variables

None.

17.4.2 Environment Variables

- \bullet Keyboard (\mathbf{Z}_{+} for key codes describing the key pressed)
- \bullet Mouse (Boolean for click state and \mathbf{Z}_+ for cursor position)
- Screen (\mathbf{Z}_+ for width and height in pixels)
- Button (String for a file location) to provide an input image from the file system

17.4.3 Assumptions

None.

17.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

gui():

• transition: Provides methods from the TK inter Library to build and deploy a GUI to Graphics Display Module 7

17.4.5 Local Functions

References

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