# CS464 Homework1 Report Çerağ Oğuztüzün 21704147

# Q3.1

MATCH: 501 FAIL: 27

ACCURACY: 94.88636363636364

#### Q3.2

3 th 8mer -> pos: 20 - 21 40 th 8mer -> pos: 316 - 317 58 th 8mer -> pos: 460 - 461 77 th 8mer -> pos: 612 - 613 129 th 8mer -> pos: 1028 - 1029 181 th 8mer -> pos: 1444 - 1445 194 th 8mer -> pos: 1548 - 1549 213 th 8mer -> pos: 1700 - 1701 293 th 8mer -> pos: 2340 - 2341 313 th 8mer -> pos: 2500 - 2501 318 th 8mer -> pos: 2540 - 2541 339 th 8mer -> pos: 2708 - 2709 340 th 8mer -> pos: 2716 - 2717 360 th 8mer -> pos: 2876 - 2877 364 th 8mer -> pos: 2908 - 2909 374 th 8mer -> pos: 2988 - 2989 445 th 8mer -> pos: 3556 - 3557 463 th 8mer -> pos: 3700 - 3701 465 th 8mer -> pos: 3716 - 3717 480 th 8mer -> pos: 3836 - 3837

### Q3.3

Most confident 8mer with positive cleavage: APGTSDEN

at index: 360

with confidence: -17.313659730372596

Least confident 8mer with negative cleavage: RKHWYFCM

at index: 409

with confidence: -29.967623100215004

The sequences vary, which shows that the confidence of cleavage for each sequence

varies mostly due to the sequence of the amino acids.

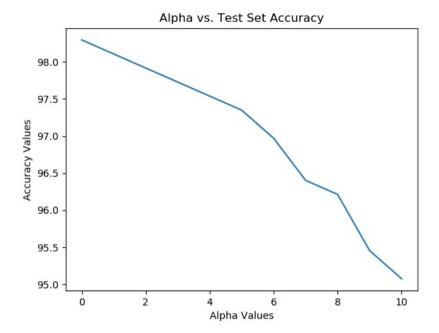


Figure 1: Alpha vs. Test Set Accuracy Plot using whole data set

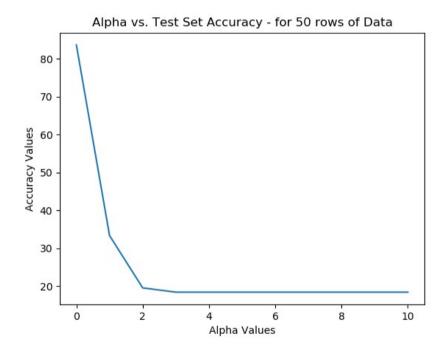


Figure 2: Alpha vs. Test Set Accuracy Plot using first 50 rows of data

When the whole dataset is used MAP estimate decreases accuracy as can be seen from the first plot. However when we only used the first 50 rows of the dataset, we observe a dramatic accuracy decrease observed from the 2nd plot at alpha values between 0 and 1. Additive smoothing improves results by preventing conditional probability to be 0 for some data. When we alter the sample size the prior distribution changes and therefore we see a decrease in performance with respect to alpha values, this case can be seen from the 2nd plot where 50 rows of data were used.

#### Q3.5

k value that yielded the most accuracy: 158

with accuracy: 98.10606060606061

k value that yielded the most accuracy was 158 with accuracy 98.106% which is greater than the accuracy value obtained in part 3.1 which was 94.508%.

## Q3.6



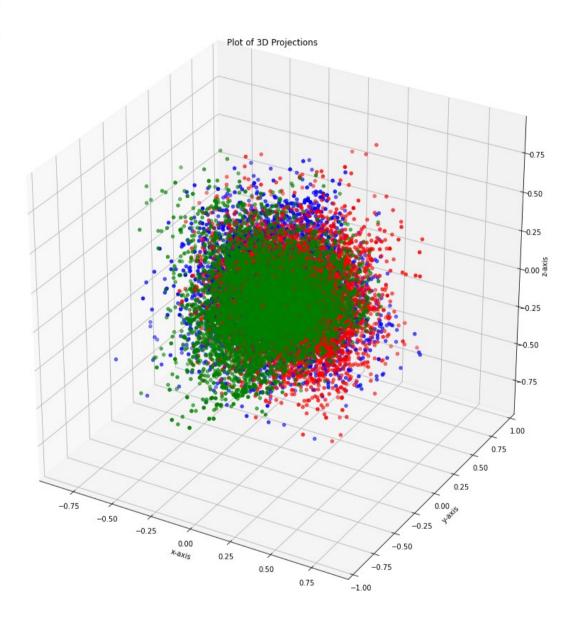


Figure 3: 3D Plot of Projected Data

% of variance covered for whole data is: 0.06980266880746583
% of variance covered for PC1 is: 0.8484916243371633
% of variance covered for PC2 is: 0.6967519983703445
% of variance covered for PC3 is: 0.7181714868140181

Variance coverage for whole set is 6% of variance for original dataset. From the PC data the variances go up to 84%, it can be seen that variance is maximized for all 3 principle components. However, from the 3D Plot of projected data, I conclude that it is not feasible to use PCA regarding that the data is still not easily separable.