

How to Authenticate API Data Using MSAL for Login

Microsoft Graph requires an OAuth 2.0 access token issued by Microsoft's identity platform (Azure AD).

What is Microsoft Graph API

Microsoft Graph is considered an external API of Microsoft. It is a **RESTful API** that provides a unified interface to interact with a wide variety of Microsoft 365 services and data. It acts as the gateway to access Microsoft services like:

- **Outlook (emails, calendar)**
- **OneDrive (files)**
- **SharePoint**
- **Teams (chat, meetings, collaboration)**
- **Excel**
- **Planner**
- **Azure Active Directory (users, groups, and organizational data)**
- **Microsoft 365 usage reports**

Key Features of Microsoft Graph:

1. **Unified Endpoint:**
The base URL <https://graph.microsoft.com> allows you to access multiple services through a single API.
2. **Authentication:**
Microsoft Graph uses OAuth 2.0 for secure authentication and authorization.
3. **SDK Support:**
Available SDKs for different languages like **Python, JavaScript, C#, and Java** make integration easier.
4. **Rich Query Capabilities:**
It supports filters, paging, and batch requests to optimize data retrieval.

Examples of Use Cases:

- Automating email notifications.
- Syncing calendar events.
- Managing user profiles and groups in Azure Active Directory.
- Accessing files stored in OneDrive or SharePoint.
- Creating reports or dashboards based on Microsoft 365 data.

If you get the following `InvalidAuthenticationToken` error, you try to call the Microsoft Graph API with your application's JWT instead of an OAuth access token.

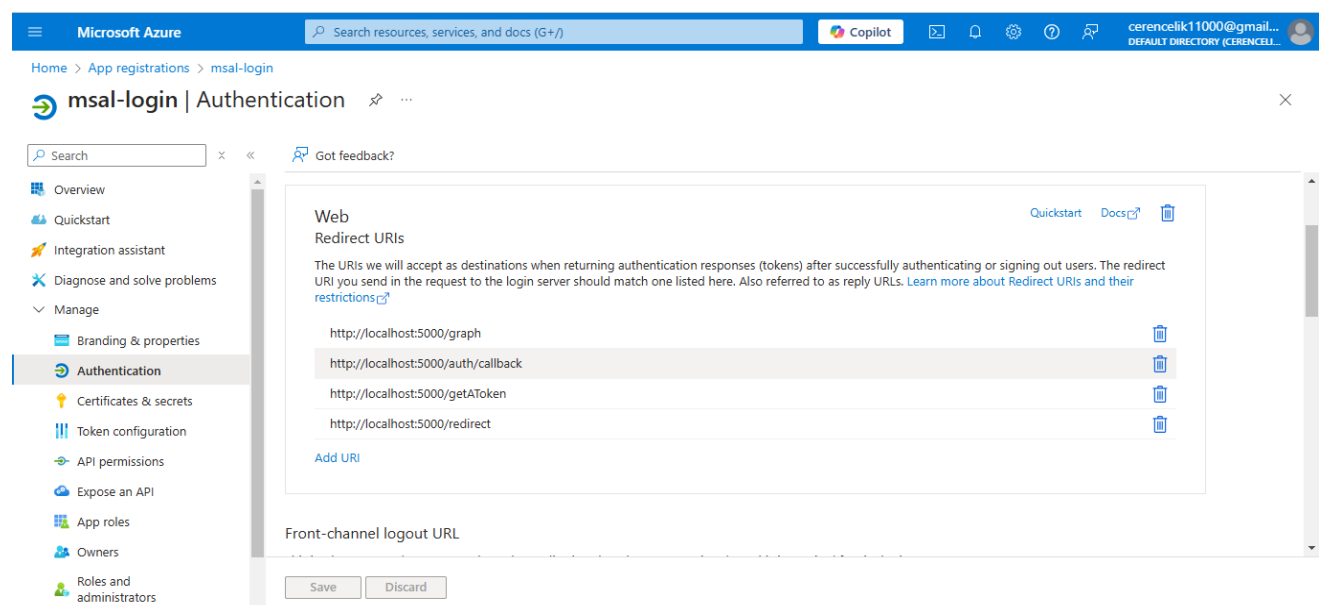
Steps to Obtain an OAuth Access Token

1. Ensure Environment Variables Are Set Correctly

Make sure your `.env` file contains the following variables:

```
flask-server > .env
18 # Microsoft Authentication (MSAL)
19 CLIENT_ID=your_client_id
20 CLIENT_SECRET=your_client_secret
21 TENANT_ID=your_tenant_id
22 AUTHORITY=https://login.microsoftonline.com/common # For multi-tenant apps
23 REDIRECT_URI=http://localhost:5000/auth/callback # Your redirect URI
24
```

You can add your redirect URI from Azure Portal – App Registrations – Authentication – Web – Redirect URIs



2. Add OAuth Routes to views.py

Create or modify routes to handle login and token retrieval.

```
541 from flask import Blueprint, redirect, url_for, session, request, jsonify
542 from flask import current_app as app
543 import uuid
544
545 @views.route('/login')
546 def login():
547     # Generate the authorization URL
548     auth_url = current_app.config['MSAL_CLIENT'].get_authorization_request_url(
549         scopes=["User.Read"],
550         state=str(uuid.uuid4()),
551         redirect_uri=current_app.config['REDIRECT_URI']
552     )
553     return redirect(auth_url)
554
```

/login Route:

Initiates the login process by redirecting the user to the Microsoft login page with the necessary scopes.

```
126 @views.route('/auth/callback')
127 def handle_auth_callback():
128     """Handle the redirect from Microsoft and acquire an access token."""
129     code = request.args.get('code') # Get the authorization code
130     if not code:
131         flash('No code provided', category='error')
132         return redirect(url_for('views.home'))
133
134     # Exchange the authorization code for an access token
135     token_response = msal_client.acquire_token_by_authorization_code(
136         code,
137         scopes=SCOPE,
138         redirect_uri=REDIRECT_URI # Ensure this matches the .env value
139     )
140     if 'access_token' in token_response:
141         access_token = token_response['access_token']
142         session['access_token'] = access_token
143         session['expires_at'] = time.time() + token_response['expires_in']
144
145         # Fetch user information from Microsoft Graph API
146         graph_api_url = 'https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0/me'
147         headers = {'Authorization': f'Bearer {access_token}'}
148
149         try:
150             response = requests.get(graph_api_url, headers=headers)
151             response.raise_for_status()
152             user_info = response.json()
153
154             # Extract relevant fields
155             user_data = {
156                 "username": user_info.get('displayName', 'Unknown'),
157                 "email": user_info.get('mail', user_info.get('userPrincipalName', 'Unknown'))
158             }
159             session['user_info'] = user_data # Store user data in the session
160             flash('Login successful!', category='success')
161             return redirect(url_for('views.home')) # Redirect to the home page
162
163         except requests.exceptions.RequestException as e:
164             flash(f'Failed to fetch user info: {str(e)}', category='error')
165             return redirect(url_for('views.home'))
166     else:
167         error_message = token_response.get('error_description', 'Unknown error occurred')
168         flash(f'Login failed: {error_message}', category='error')
169         return redirect(url_for('views.home'))
```

/auth/callback Route:

Handles the OAuth callback, exchanges the authorization code for an access token, and stores the token in the session.

```
172 @views.route('/graph')
173 @oauth_required
174 def get_graph_data():
175     access_token = session.get('access_token')
176
177     if not access_token:
178         return jsonify({"error": "No access token, please log in first."}), 401
179
180     import requests
181     graph_api_url = 'https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0/me'
182     headers = {'Authorization': f'Bearer {access_token}'}
183
184     response = requests.get(graph_api_url, headers=headers)
185     return jsonify(response.json())
186
```

/graph Route:

Fetches user data from Microsoft Graph using the access token stored in the session. This setup should help you obtain a valid OAuth access token and use it to call the Microsoft Graph API successfully. After that, it is time to protect necessary routes so

that only authenticated users with a valid OAuth access token can access them. Additionally, we also need to ensure that the protection integrates smoothly with our MSAL-based OAuth authentication.

1. Create the OAuth Authentication Decorator

```
96 def oauth_required(f):
97     @wraps(f)
98     def decorated_function(*args, **kwargs):
99         access_token = session.get('access_token')
100         logging.debug(f"Access Token in Session: {access_token}")
101
102         if 'access_token' not in session or is_token_expired():
103             logging.warning("Access token missing or expired.")
104             flash('You must be logged in to access this page.', category='warning')
105             return redirect(url_for('views.login'))
106
107         logging.debug("Access token is valid. Proceeding with the request.")
108         return f(*args, **kwargs)
109     return decorated_function
```

2. Apply the Decorator to the Routes

```
237 @views.route('/upload', methods=['GET', 'POST'])
238 @oauth_required
239 def upload():
240     """Render the upload page on GET and handle file uploads on POST."""
241     if request.method == 'GET':
242         # Render the upload.html template
243         return render_template('upload.html')
244
245     # POST request: Handle file upload
246     user_info = session.get('user_info', {})
247     username = user_info.get('preferred_username', 'Unknown')
248
249     upload_folder = os.path.join(current_app.config['UPLOAD_FOLDER'], username)
250     os.makedirs(upload_folder, exist_ok=True)
251
252     lida = current_app.config.get('LIDA_MANAGER')
253     if not lida:
254         return jsonify({"error": "LIDA manager is not configured. Please contact support."}), 500
255
256     if 'file' not in request.files:
257         return jsonify({"error": "No file selected. Please choose a file to upload."}), 400
258
259     file = request.files['file']
260     if not file or not allowed_file(file.filename):
261         return jsonify({"error": "Invalid file type. Please upload a valid CSV or Excel file."}), 400
262
```

GET Request to /upload → Renders upload.html.

POST Request to /upload → Handles the file upload and returns a JSON response.

Frontend – upload.html

Terminal output after logging in using MSAL

[illegible]

```
INFO:werkzeug:127.0.0.1 - - [16/Dec/2024 21:22:16] "POST /upload HTTP/1.1" 200 -
DEBUG:root:Access Token in Session: EwCYA8l6BAAUbdBa3x20MJE1kF7gJ4z/VbCPEz0AAawMV/9a57/IUxmbV+yqYVhEmLYREc1LH73b6lN57pk
JlN2R6wyrwkOpkhqxMy1JFgJPe5bRvIsD1umoqNZdCmg4ForBXj2bjoRkHKPIDPqbeL4r630FiUVDtYDX0J/j4bkqpvzKh7E/1yBKloMOo69+jZz7oXtfAB
q7IrmnAQZgAAEKl3myS++q3XVYZgy12Vrg1gAlYSQKfE28z3SacNwa0xyn0pLaShnY3TB0yb5ouo4RQEdbI6YkjiI9A083cI3QJ+A3nEuM5jxsVwWdw7N/1
mDV0Wq7SPF5SEQ3uwh4iv6beF4grATkgFgFq7fKZZ/jLG30uzBAmUPRzWgdv9YthmEmzuWA1iXVMjPQqzGu9wAZgz6UK0wzsiap4YCXb1um08LwzreSwQEY
JBbu1nuVNmjK6dtJEfikvPwU445CMKzPlAilfNB6veFi1Awwd5H4EnIZZ0QXp5Gs30Esqh9XjM3PSgaUZCU9mCQrVoA7kvVr4YjAgzvIzSm8enyWnldnjq
Q9hmMSiq00dMc4z5UExy8q3Ao+nXnvZWwypB7/FJFDmXUXw9ppliVqz6Sn/CEGsHsFWXfrzjmmYkbaxn9nGQeInYOPJu+R/I8RLHsfS36Kt4vFzCenfM/bks
0XqWqtVdmgQrJ5ilLDWkQRknfAI=
DEBUG:root:Access token is valid. Proceeding with the request.
INFO:werkzeug:127.0.0.1 - - [16/Dec/2024 21:22:18] "GET /visualize HTTP/1.1" 200 -
INFO:werkzeug:127.0.0.1 - - [16/Dec/2024 21:22:19] "GET /static/css/navbar.css HTTP/1.1" 304 -
INFO:werkzeug:127.0.0.1 - - [16/Dec/2024 21:22:19] "GET /static/css/app.css HTTP/1.1" 304 -
INFO:werkzeug:127.0.0.1 - - [16/Dec/2024 21:22:19] "GET /static/css/index.css HTTP/1.1" 304 -
INFO:werkzeug:127.0.0.1 - - [16/Dec/2024 21:22:19] "GET /static/css/header.css HTTP/1.1" 304 -
INFO:werkzeug:127.0.0.1 - - [16/Dec/2024 21:22:19] "GET /static/css/footer.css HTTP/1.1" 304 -
INFO:werkzeug:127.0.0.1 - - [16/Dec/2024 21:22:19] "GET /static/css/style.css HTTP/1.1" 304 -
INFO:werkzeug:127.0.0.1 - - [16/Dec/2024 21:22:19] "GET /static/KINECTRICS.svg HTTP/1.1" 304 -
INFO:werkzeug:127.0.0.1 - - [16/Dec/2024 21:22:19] "GET /static/js/navbar.js HTTP/1.1" 304 -
```