Bilkent University



Department of Computer Engineering

CS319 - OBJECT-ORIENTED SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

Analysis Report Final

Group 1E: Tank Zone

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1. Introduction

'Tank Zone' is a basic Java-based and single-player game we will develop. 'Tank Zone' will be the improved version of the game 'diep.io' with extra features. We consider that 'diep.io' game is appropriate for applying the concepts of object-oriented programming principles into designing a system because 'diep.io' game includes different tank classes, obstacles such as coloured squares, triangles and pentagons, bullets on moving (See Figure 1). We also aim to have fun while improving our object-oriented programming skills so 'Tank Zone' game is more enjoyable version of 'diep.io' game.

In 'diep.io' game, the player embodies himself/herself as a tank in the middle of the environment of the game. The goal of the player in the game is to demolish enemies which are also tanks and destroy the obstacles around his/her tank.



Figure 1: diep.io game

The goal of 'Tank Zone' game is to attack and defeat enemies which are also tanks and upgrade the features of the tank as in 'diep.io' game. The player embodies himself/herself into tank. The differences of 'Tank Zone' game from 'diep.io' game is explained more detailed in the *overview* part.

'Tank Zone' game is a desktop application game will be controlled by a mouse as in 'diep.io' game to destroy enemies. The movement of the user's tank will be controlled by 4 directional keyboard keys.

2. Overview

'Tank Zone' game is an action and fast-paced game, and player needs to complete challenges by fighting with enemies. As having extra features, 'Tank Zone' provides opportunity/feature such as choosing game modes which are not in 'diep.io' game. By choosing game mode which is explained in section 2.2, gamer will also choose the type of having fun. One of the differences of 'Tank Zone' from 'diep.io' game is that 'Tank Zone' will have sound. We thought that a game with the sound represents more virtual reality compared to a game without sound. We thought that collision during the fight and climates such as rain will have sound.

2.1 Tanks

In 'diep.io' game, features of the tanks and how the tank is affected during the fight are reflected on the game screen during the war (See Figure-2). 'Tank Zone' will also include this feature because if the player is aware of how the tank is affected during the fight, game stream will change.

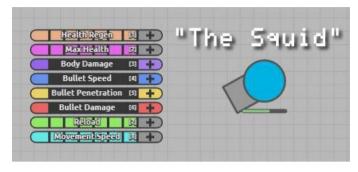


Figure 2: features of the tank and how the tank is affected during the fight

As the player passes level, player will have more efficient tanks in terms of max health, bullet speed, movement speed as in deep.io game (See Figure-3).



Figure 3: types of the tanks in 'diep.io' game

2.2 Game Modes

Game modes consist of capture the flag mode and free for all mode. Before playing the game, the player will have an opportunity to choose the game mode.

2.2.1 Capture The Flag mode

In our game, the player embodies as a tank and has his/her team. The player and his/her team will fight against 2 or more factions/teams. Therefore, 'Tank Zone' is also faction-type game. Compared to Free for All mode, Capture the Flag team mode increases the degree of competition and combat in our game. This game mode will include castles. Having castles in our game is one of

the differences of our game from 'diep.io' game. Castles will represent checkpoint in our game which means that player's tanks will get health pack there.

2.2.2 Free for All mode

Compared to Capture the Flag team mode, in Free for All mode everybody fights with each other and there is no faction/team. The game also has additional powerups specific to this game mode.

2.3 Climate mode

Climate mode provides different environments for users. Climate mode represents not only a decoration of realistic virtual world in 'Tank Zone' game, climate mode is crucial for increasing the degree of difficulty in 'Tank Zone' game. Climate mode includes following features:

- Temperate
- Winter
- Desert

Climate mode is important for levels in our game. As player passes level, climate conditions will affect the fight against enemies more because climate conditions will impact on the movement of the tank. For instance, in the environment with winterweather, tanks in the game will skid.

2.4 Difficulty mode

'Tank Zone' game includes easy, medium and hard difficulty types. For recent years, the choice of difficulty level varies from players to players. Some players like having challenge more so 'Tank Zone' has difficult game mode. Some players prefer to focus on learning game and its strategies, and some players like the feeling of victory in the easiest way and want to reach high score without having hardness. Therefore, 'Tank Zone' game includes easy game mode.

2.5 Power-ups

Power-ups are essential to make the fight between tanks more tough.

The power-ups are following:

- *Teleport:* Teleports a tank into a random location in the map.
- Blackhole: Acts as a gravitational field that pulls tanks inside, and eventually destroying them.
- Mind-control: In the Capture the Flag mode, changes the closest enemy tank's
- alliance to the friendly faction.
- Time-freezer: Freezes enemy tanks
- Laser: Instead for firing bullets, the player will fire lasers that destroy enemy tanks rapidly.

As stated in the *climate mode* part, climate mode has big impact on fight. Therefore, the player will get power-ups by climate conditions.

2.6 Levelling Up

There will be 15 levels in 'Tank Zone' game which are arranged according to the difficulty order. As the player gets higher levels, tanks in the game will have more speed limit, health pack, and power-ups. Player will encounter unfavourable climate conditions as the level gets more difficult. Therefore, the fight between tanks will be more tough.

3. Requirements

In functional requirements part, we mention what things the system serves to the user and the user tasks that the system needs to support for the gameplay and for the interaction between user and system. In non-functional requirements part, we describe the properties of our system that we aim to reach.

3.1 Functional Requirements

- Player will be able to move the tank in any direction with using 4 arrow keys.
- Player will be able to decide where to take aim at while shooting by using mouse.
- If the player's tank is destroyed or fuel and weapon does not remain for this tank, the system automatically will end the game.
- Player must choose one option for the game (free for all or capture the flag).
- In free for all game, the aim is to destroy all opponents' tanks.
- In capture the flag game, every team has 4 fortresses and the aim is to destroy the opponent team's or teams' (if there is more than 1 opponent team) fortresses while protecting your team's fortresses from damage. If player's team's all 4 fortresses are destroyed after taking too much damage, this player's team loses and the system ends the game.
- Player will be able to give damage to the opponents' tanks or to the opponents' fortresses (only in capture the flag game) if at least 1 weapon remains in player's tank and if his/her shot hits to these tanks or fortresses.
- One factor that determines the amount of damage the player can give to other tanks or fortresses is the type of weapon this player uses that depends on power-ups.
- There are surprise power-ups and traps in the gameplay; the player's tank takes damage if he/she isn't careful about these traps. Also if the player wins a power-up, the system is asking the player whether he/she wants to use this power-up. If the player rejects that power-up, he/she is only be able to use the previous power-up or the first, single, small cannon ball (if the user did not win power-up before.)
- There are also 15 levels in the game; which depend on player's skills. If the player is successful enough, his/her level automatically increases by 1 and he/she will be able to increase his/her health regen or max health or body damage or bullet speed or bullet penetration or bullet damage or reload or movement speed by 1 in this case.
- We, developers choose the paths, power-ups, traps and enemies randomly for each map; so players won't be able to do any arrangement for maps and background colors of this maps for the gameplay.

- There are enough maps for the gameplay and the player will select the climate and choose the difficulty level; in other words, player can take initiative in deciding the probability of encountering with different types of power-ups, traps and enemies in different types of maps.
- Player will be able to pause the game and then decide quiting the game or continuing to the game.
- Player will be able to change the sound settings from SETTINGS in the Main Menu.
- Player will be able to reach to the help document from the Main Menu, if he/she need to understand better about the gameplay; purpose of game, player controls, power-ups, traps, etc...
- Player will be able to see top 50 scores from HIGHSCORES document; which can be reached from the "Main Menu". Also system changes and updates its' HighScores list, if any player takes a score higher than the lowest score in this HighScores list. This will encourage the players to work harder to be in that list.
- Player will be able to see his/her own highest score by reaching "ACHIEVEMENTS" document from the "Main Menu". We want player to see which score he/she achieved in previous games and this will encourage the player to work harder to achieve more.
- Player will be able to find the developers and contact with them by accessing to their informations from CREDITS document that can be reached from the "Main Menu".

3.2 Pseudo-Functional Requirements

- This game will be implemented in Java 8.

3.3 Non-Functional Requirements

Maintability: Since we want our project to be modifiable and we want to be able to make changes quickly and cost-effectively to functionality of our system during this semester, our project should be maintainable for the long-term production of our product. To provide maintainability, we are doing use of standard parts to make components, services, functions and interfaces of our system flexible. Also the methods of the objects do not have more than 300 line of codes for providing maintainability.

Security: Since our system will be complex, it may not theoretically be possible to test every combination of states and inputs for referring to software reliability. Because of that, we will specify how to protect from failure, a strategy for error detection and a strategy for correction. Our aim is that at least %90 of our system failures must be detected within 5 seconds.

Usability: Our aim is that at least 80% of the customers must rate their satisfaction of the system at least 6 out of 10 on a scale 1 to 10. To make the game delightful and unputdownable for the user, we are putting some good and bad surprises in front of the user. Although these surprises like different type of power-ups, traps and enemies are a bit confusing; the main purpose of the game is easy to understand. Therefore the average training time of the user to get used to the game does not take more than 10 gameplays.

Portability: The implementation that is specific to operating system should not be more than %10 of all the implementation to provide portability.

Performance: Response time to user should not exceed 0.6 second, but it should be at least 0.3 second for not to make user feel that the system is reacting instantaneously to his/her command.

4. System Models

In this part of the report, detailed description of the 'Tank Zone' game is defined. System models part consists of 4 subsections which are use case model, dynamic model, object and class model, and user interface & navigational paths & screen mockups. In the use case model section, use cases for the main actions of 'Tank Zone' game are designed. In dynamic model, actions of 'Tank Zone' game that are between player and game are designated. In the object and class model section, object and class model of 'Tank Zone' game are designed. In the user interface section, game screens are designed. In the navigational path part, main flow of 'Tank Zone' game is described. In screen mockups part, game screens that are seen when the users play the game are shown.

4.1 Use Case Model

Below is the use case diagram that describes the main flow of the game.

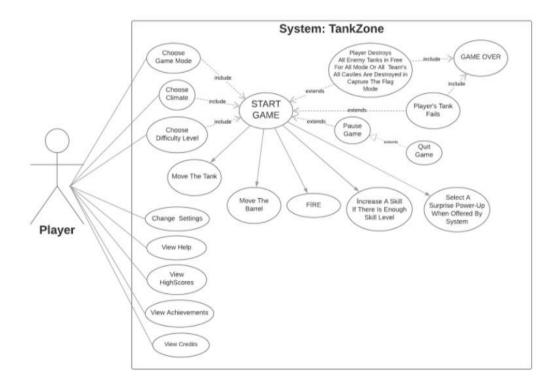


Figure 4: The use case model of TankZone

4.1.1 Play Game

Use Case Name: Play Game

Participating Actors:Player

Entry conditions: Player has already opened the game and is on "Main Menu" of the game.

Exit conditions:

- Player and his/her team clears off opponent team or teams' fortresses or the opponent team clears off player's team fortresses ONLY if player is in capture the flag game mode OR
- Player clears off(destroys) all his/her opponents' tanks ONLY if player is in free for all game mode OR
- Player's tank fails(is destroyed or no remaining fuel, etc...) (FOR BOTH MODES)
- Player pauses the game and then exit game.

Main Flow of Events:

- 1.Player presses "START" button to start the game.
- 2. The system asks player to choose 1 of the 2 options(free for all or capture the flag).
- 3. Player chooses 1 of these 2 options.
- 4. System asks player to choose the climate(continental, dry, tropical, dessert, polar).
- 5. Player chooses 1 climate for gameplay.
- 6. System asks player to choose the difficulty level(easy, medium, hard).
- 7. Player chooses 1 difficulty level.
- 8. The system constructs the game and the game starts.
- 9. Player moves the barrel to take aim at enemy tank and fires.
- 10. The shot hits and destroys the enemy tank and system increases player's skill level by 1.
- 11. Player increases one of his/her skills like bullet penetration by 1 due to increased skill level.
- 12. System offers 3 different surprise power-ups to player.
- 13. Player chooses 1 of these surprise power-ups OR player continues to game without these 3 power-ups.
- 14. Player plays until all enemies (other tanks) are destroyed if game is free for all or player plays until the opponent team's or teams' fortresses are destroyed if game is capture the flag.
- 15. If player achieves a score higher than the lowest score in the HIGHSCORES list; which contains top 50 scores, system updates HIGHSCORES list accordingly.
- 16. If player achieves a score higher than his/her previous highest score, the highest score in the ACHIEVEMENTS list will be updated by the system accordingly.

Alternative Flow of Events:

Part 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 is same as main flow of events.

- 9. Player can't complete the game; because player's tank fails (is destroyed or there is no remaining fuel and weapon) OR player's team's fortresses are destroyed by enemy team or teams.
- 10. System displays "GAME OVER".
- 11. If player has achieved a score higher than the lowest score in the HIGHSCORES list; which contains top 50 scores, system updates HIGHSCORES list accordingly.
- 12. If player has achieved a score higher than his/her previous highest score, the highest score in the ACHIEVEMENTS list will be updated by the system accordingly.

The Other Alternative Event Flow:

Part 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 is same as main flow of events.

- 9. Player pauses the game.
- 10. System asks whether the player wants to quit game.
- 11. Player approves it and goes to "Main Menu".
- 12. If player has achieved a score higher than the lowest score in the HIGHSCORES list; which contains top 50 scores, system updates HIGHSCORES list accordingly.
- 13. If player has achieved a score higher than his/her previous highest score, the highest score in the ACHIEVEMENTS list will be updated by the system accordingly.

4.1.2 Change Sound Settings

Use Case Name: Change Settings

Participating Actors: Player

Entry conditions: Player is on "Main Menu" of the game.

Exit conditions: Player returns to main menu again.

Main Flow of Events:

- 1.Player selects "SETTINGS" from the "Main Menu".
- 2. System shows sound settings to the player.
- 3. Player adjusts the settings according to his/her comfort.
- 4. System saves and updates corresponding changes for future gameplays.
- 5. Player returns to "Main Menu".

Alternative Flow of Events:

- 1.Player selects "SETTINGS" from the "Main Menu".
- 2. System shows the sound settings to the player.

3. Player chooses using "Default Settings" instead of adjusting them.

4. System saves and updates its' own adjusted settings; which are adjusted for the first run for future

gameplays.

5. Player returns to "Main Menu".

4.1.3 View Help

Use Case Name: View Help

Participating Actors: Player

Entry conditions: Player is on "Main Menu" of the game.

Exit conditions: Player presses "BACK" button to return to main menuagain.

Main Flow of Events:

1.Player selects "HELP" from the "Main Menu".

2. System displays a document explaining purpose of game, player controls, power-ups, traps and

thegameplay screen showing the amount of remaining power-ups, other weapons, fuel.

3. Player reads that document to understand the gameplay and returns to "Main Menu".

4.1.4 View HighScores

Use Case Name: View HighScores

Participating Actors: Player

Entry conditions: Player is on "Main Menu" of the game.

Exit conditions: Player presses "BACK" button to return to main menu again.

Main Flow of Events:

1. Player selects "HIGHSCORES" from the "Main Menu".

2. System displays top 50 scores and corresponding player names from all world.

3. After seeing top 50 scores, player returns to "Main Menu".

4.1.5 View Achievements

Use Case Name: View Achievements

Participating Actors: Player

Entry conditions: Player is on "Main Menu" of the game.

Exit conditions: Player presses "BACK" button to return to main menuagain.

Main Flow of Events:

- 1.Player selects "ACHIEVEMENTS" from the "Main Menu".
- 2. System displays 1 player name; whose account is being used at that time and his/her highest score in the game.
- 3. After seeing his/her highest score, player returns to "Main Menu".

4.1.6 View Credits

Use Case Name: View Credits

Participating Actors: Player

Entry conditions: Player is on "Main Menu" of the game.

Exit conditions: Player presses "BACK" button to return to main menuagain.

Main Flow of Events:

- 1.Player selects "CREDITS" from the "Main Menu".
- 2. System displays names and contact informations (Facebook, Twitter, Gmail or WhatsApp) of the developers of the game.
- 3. After seeing these informations, player returns to "Main Menu".

4.2 Dynamic Model

In this section of report, interactions between 'Tank Zone' game objects are shown. This section consists of 2 subsections which are sequence diagrams and activity diagram.

4.2.1 Sequence Diagrams

This section shows object of 'Tank Zone' game arranged sequence. In this section, starting a game scenario and upgrade management scenario are included to reflect the sequence of messages exchanged between the objects of 'Tank Zone' game.

4.2.1.1 Starting a game

Scenario: Player Mert starts the game and is welcomed with the MainMenu screen. The menu asks Mert's preference for nickname, game mode, climate and faction. After that Mert clicks "Start Game" button. This causes the game to generate a random procedural map from scratch using a Pseudo Random Number Generator to obtain seed. Using this, Map creates game objects such as Player, Enemy, Obstacle, Powerup and Castle. These objects are placed into the game engine and then the game engine starts running the game loop.

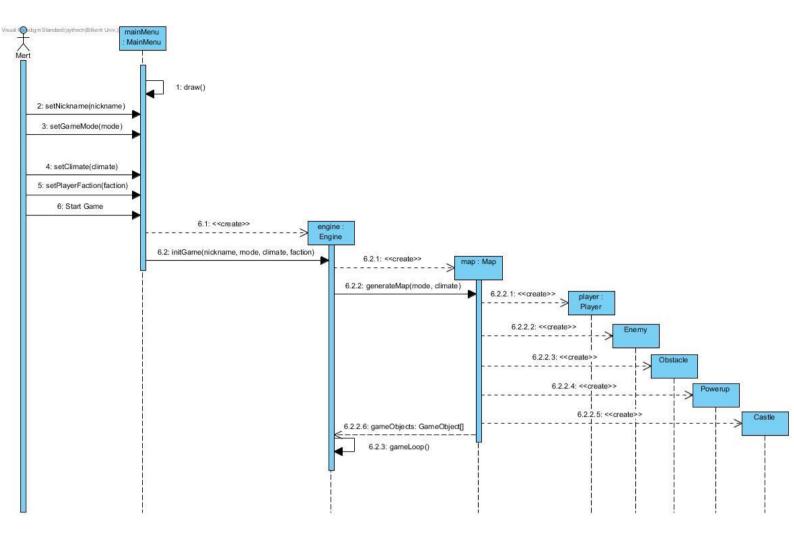


Figure 5: Starting Tank Zone

4.2.1.2 Upgrade Management

Scenario: Player Mert wants to check if he has enough points for an upgrade for his tank. For this purpose Mert clicks the Upgrade button, this triggers PowerupManager to get current upgrades and available points from the Player object. Using these information the player is shown which upgrades are available. Mert clicks "Quantum Accelerator" upgrade which increases velocity by certain amount. The PowerupManager checks if he has enough points to buy this item. After it's confirmed that Mert indeed has enough points, said upgrade is installed to the Player which will cause the Player to have additional velocity.

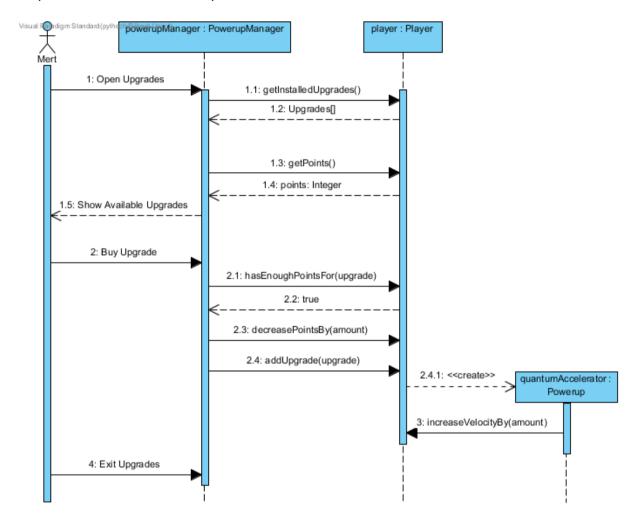
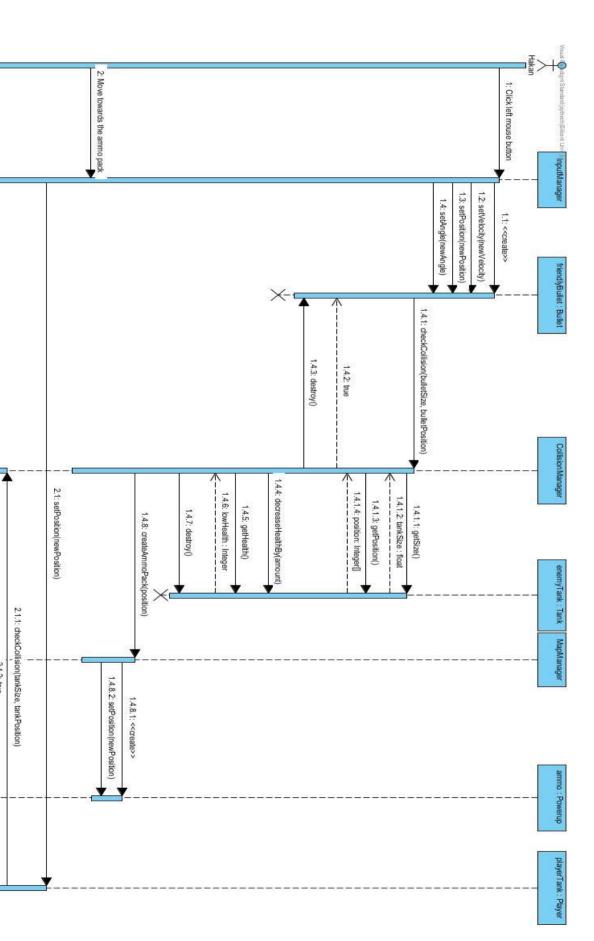


Figure 6: Upgrade management

4.2.1.3 Destroying an Enemy Tank

Scenario: Player Hakan decides to shoot a bullet while playing the game. InputManager detects this and creates a new Bullet object. The bullet object hits the enemy tank and causes it to be destroyed. This is detected by CollisionManager and the bullet object is destroyed as well. After the tank is destroyed, it drops an ammo pack that increases ammo when collected by a certain amount. Figure 7 that describes this scenario is available in the following page.



4.2.2 Activity Diagram

In this section, gameflow is designated as an activity diagram.

An activity diagrams that describes the main gameplay is the following:

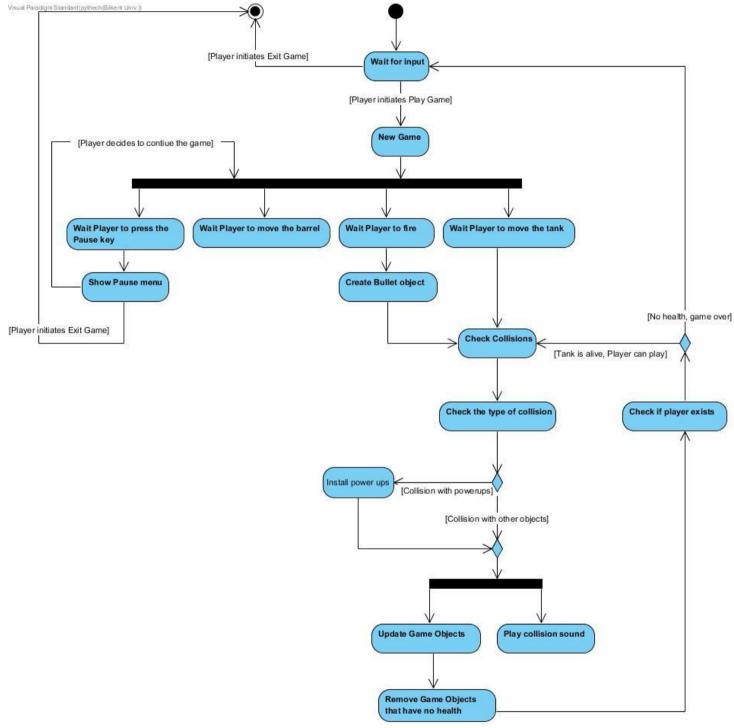


Figure 8: Gameplay diagram

4.3 Object and Class Model

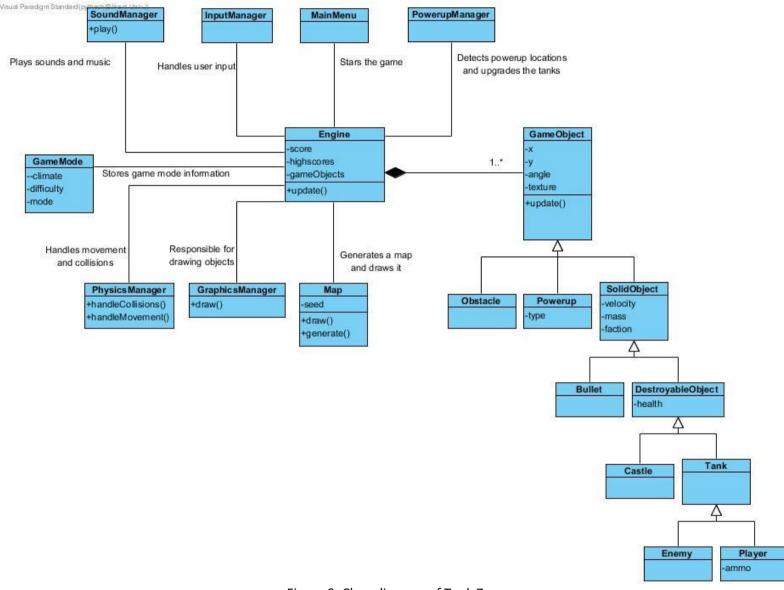


Figure 9: Class diagram of Tank Zone

Above is the class diagram of Tank Zone. Classes are explained as follows:

- **Engine** class is central to our business logic. It organizes the game by making use of manager classes, by itself it doesn't do much.
- **GraphicsManager** draws each **GameObject** according to their properties. Note that **Map** is excluded here.
- Map generates a procedural map with a given seed. This will create the GameObjects in the game and insert them to the Engine. This class is also responsible for drawing the background tiles etc.
- SoundManager plays sounds and music.

- InputManager handles user input to make Player object is movable etc.
- **PowerupManager** handles issues related to the power up management like checking if the player is eligible for an upgrade etc.
- **PhysicsManager** handles cases where two **SolidObject**s collide and dictates the physical rules of the game such as movement.
- **GameObject** is a basic game object that has properties shared with all kinds of entities in the game.
- **SolidObject** is a game object which interacts with the physics of the game, these objects can collide with each other and move.
- **DestroyableObject** is a game object which has the health property added to **SolidObject**s.
- **GameMode** is for storing game mode related information like climate, difficulty and whether the game is Capture the Flag mode or Free for All mode.

4.4 User Interface and Navigational Paths and Screen Mockups

In this section, game screens when the player plays the game as the detailed description of 'Tank Zone' game are shown.

4.4.1 Navigational Path

Navigational path is a guide for reflecting use cases of 'Tank Zone' game.

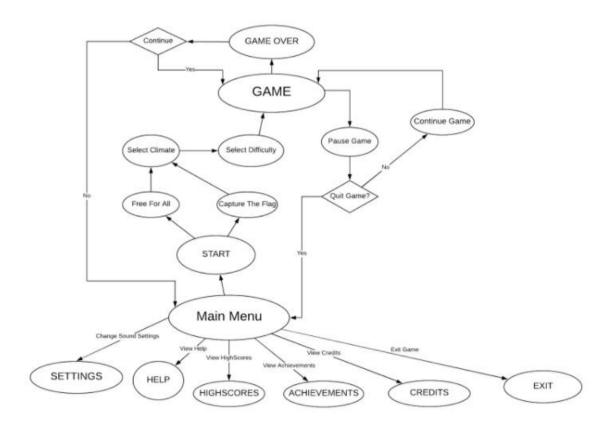


Figure 10: Navigational path for Tank Zone

4.4.2 Screen Mockups

In this section, game screens of 'Tank Zone' game are shown.

4.4.2.1 Main Menu

This is the screen the player will encounter the first time game opens. It shows 7 options: New Game, Settings, High Scores, Achievements, Help, Credits and Exit.

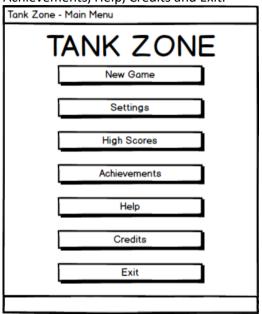


Figure 11: Main menu mockup

4.4.2.2 Game Selection

After clicking New Game button, the user will configure settings for the new match. These are: Game Mode, Faction (only if CTF mode is selected), Climate and Difficulty.

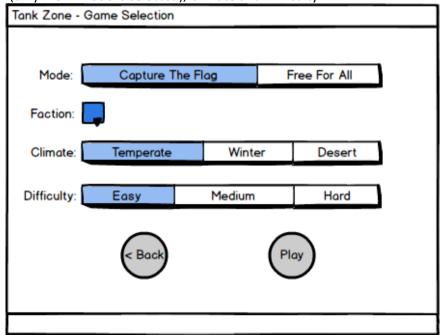


Figure 12: Game selection mockup

4.4.2.3 Gameplay

Below illustrates how main game screen will look. In this example the game mode is Capture the Flag and the player Mert chooses blue faction. The tanks can fire cannons multiple times in a row. The player can move the tank barrel independently of the tank body. Player health, ammo and score are shown on the bottom-left of the screen. Player receives health and ammo packs when he/she gets to the checkpoint.

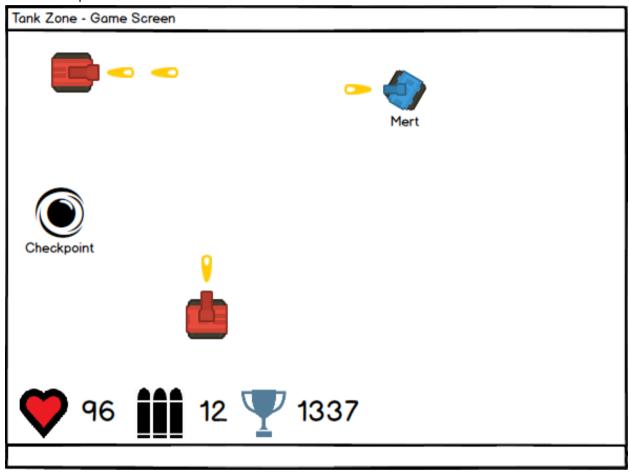


Figure 13: Game screen mockup*

After clicking on Help button on the main menu, the player will encounter help manual below. Help screen has also BACK button on the top left corner to allow the player to go to the previous menu.

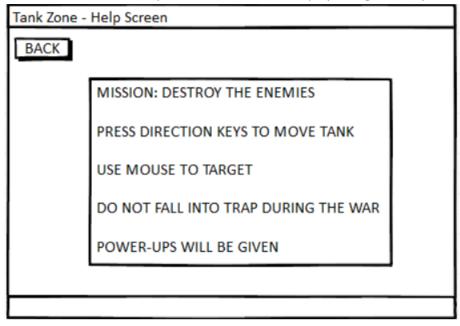


Figure 14: Help screen mockup

4.4.2.5 Credits

Clicking on the Credits button on main menu will take the player the figure below. The credits screen displays the list of the contributors of '*Tank Zone*' game. Credits screen has also BACK button on the top left corner to allow the player to go to the previous menu.

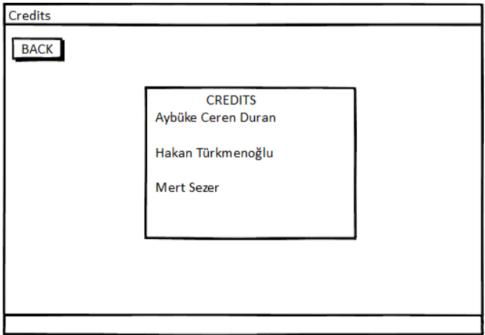


Figure 15: Credits screen mockup

4.4.2.6 Pause

The pause menu will be shown when the player presses ESC key on the keyboard. Clicking on YES button will take the player to the main menu screen. Clicking on NO button will take the player to the game screen.

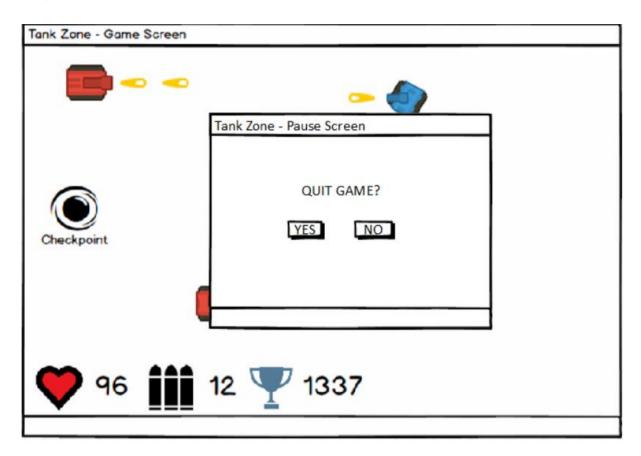


Figure 16: Pause screen mockup

4.4.2.7 Settings

Clicking on the Settings button on main menu will take the player the figure below. Thesettings screen displays change sound option of 'Tank Zone' game. Settings screen has also BACK button on the top left corner to allow the player to go to the previous menu. By pressing ON or OFF button the user will decide to play our game with or without sound.

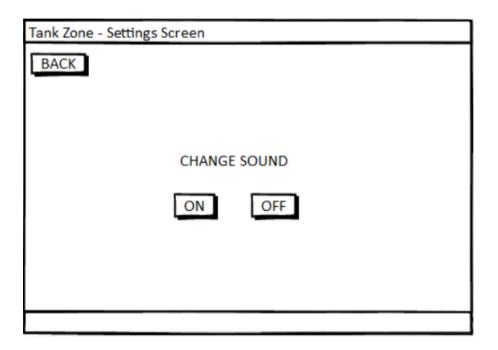


Figure 17: Settings screen mockup

5. Conclusion

The analysis report is prepared for implementing our project. This report includes 4 main subtitles

which are introduction, overview, requirements and system models.

Description of the 'Tank Zone' game is explained in the introduction and overview part.

Requirements part consists of 2 sections which are functional requirements and non-functional

requirements. In both parts, requirements of 'Tank Zone' game are addressed.

System model part consists of 4 parts:

-Use case model

-Dynamic model

-Object and class model

-User interface

Our dynamic model includes sequence diagrams and activity diagrams. We tried to show possible

actions that will construct the crucial parts of our game and interactions between player and the

system by sequence diagrams. Our activity diagram reflects our game play basically. In our class

diagram class model of 'Tank Zone' game is shown. In the user interface part, we designed game

screens that are seen when the player plays the game.

To sum up, we tried to write an efficient analysis report so that it guides us in design and

implementation process. We want to avoid problems in the future so we gave importance on

analysis report.

6. References

Diep.io game: http://diep.io/

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